File no. 44.976 Record no. 20.739

Partial Minutes of Shareholders' Meeting

REPUBLIC OF ITALY

In the year two thousand and nineteen, on Monday the sixth of May (6 May 2019)

in Milan (MI), at via S. Maria Fulcorina no. 2,

I, Angelo Busani, Notary Public in Milan, a member of the Board of Notaries for the District of Milan,

hereby certify that the following person is present before me:

Mr. ENRICO COTTA RAMUSINO, born in Sant'Alessio con Vialone (PV) on 22 May 1959, domiciled for the purposes of office at the Company's offices,;

whose identity I, the undersigned public notary, am certain of, acting in his capacity as Chairman of the Board of Directors of

"FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A.",

a bank registered with the Italian Register of Banks, and a member of the UniCredit Banking Group (Register of Banking Groups, no. 02008.1), with registered office in Milan (MI), at piazza Durante no. 11, with fully paid-up share capital of € 200,941,488, Tax Code and Milan, Monza - Brianza and Lodi Companies Register no. 01392970404 - VAT no.12962340159 (Economic Administrative Index no. MI-1598155), subject to the administration and coordination of "UniCredit S.p.A." (hereinafter also the "Company", the "Bank" or "FinecoBank");

who, having instructed me to

(as required by regulations) present the reporting of the Company's Shareholders' Meeting held on 10 April 2019 consisting of two separate minutes (a "first" set of minutes, covering the opening of the Meeting and the discussion of the Extraordinary Part of the Agenda, and the corresponding voting; and a "second" set of minutes covering the opening of the Meeting and the discussion of the ordinary Part of the Agenda and the corresponding voting);

asks me

given that the "first" minutes were drafted in the form of a deed registered by me on 16 April 2019, file no. 44890/20703, registered in Milan on 18 April 2019 under no. 13512 1T series, to read the "second" minutes, that is, those minutes concerning the opening of the Meeting, the discussion of the Extraordinary Part of the Agenda, and the corresponding voting.

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In agreeing to the request made of me, I hereby certify that the aforesaid part of the Shareholders' Meeting proceeded as attested by the minutes recorded by me, public notary, both during the course of the Shareholders' Meeting itself, and after it had been brought to a close; I, the undersigned public notary, shall thus read out the minutes to the appearing party, said minutes being as follows:

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In the year two thousand and nineteen, on Wednesday the tenth of April

(10 April 2019)

in Milan (MI), at piazza Durante no. 11,

at 10:05 (five minutes past ten in the morning)

upon request from the Chairman of the governing body of the company:

"FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A.",

a bank registered with the Italian Register of Banks, and a member of the UniCredit Banking Group (Register of Banking Groups, no. 02008.1), with registered office in Milan (MI), at piazza Durante no. 11, with fully paid-up share capital of € 200,941,488, Tax Code and Milan, Monza - Brianza and Lodi Companies Register no. 01392970404 - VAT no.12962340159

(Economic Administrative Index no. MI-1598155), a company subject to the administration and coordination of "UniCredit S.p.A.";

I, the undersigned Angelo BUSANI, public notary in Milan, a member of the Board of Notaries for the District of Milan, attend, drafting of the minutes, the Ordinary and Extraordinary sessions of the Shareholders' Meeting (which shall be referred to hereinafter simply as the "Shareholders' Meeting") of the aforementioned Company, called to meet, in this place, on this date and at this hour, in order to discuss, and decide in regard to, the following

Agenda:

Ordinary Part

- 1. Approval of the annual financial statements of FinecoBank S.p.A. at 31 December 2018 and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- 2. Allocation of FinecoBank S.p.A.'s profits for the year 2018
- 3. 2019 Compensation Policy.
- 4. Severance Payments Policy.
- 5. 2019 Bonus Plan for "Key Personnel.
- 6. 2019 Bonus Plan for Personal financial Advisors classified as "Key Personnel".
- 7. Authorisation for the purchase and disposal of own shares to service the 2019 bonus plan for Personal financial Advisors classified as "Key Personnel". Related and consequential resolutions.

Extraordinary Part:

- 1. Authority granted to the Board of Directors, pursuant to Article 2443 of the Italian Civil Code, to approve a free capital increase on one or more occasions and for a maximum period of five years starting from the date of the shareholders' resolution, pursuant to Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code for a maximum amount of \in 95,021.85 (to be allocated in full to share capital), through the issue of a maximum of 287,945 new Fineco ordinary shares with a nominal value of \in 0.33 each, of the same type as those in circulation and with regular dividend entitlement, to be granted to the 2019 Key Personnel of FinecoBank in implementation of the 2019 Bonus Plan; consequent amendments to the Articles of Association.
- 2. Authority to the Board Of Directors under Article 2443 of the Italian Civil Code, granting the right to authorise, in 2024, a free increase of share capital (Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code) of up to \in 30,731.91 corresponding to a maximum of 93,127 ordinary FinecoBank shares, each with a nominal value of \in 0.33, of the same type as those in circulation, with regular dividends, to be allocated to the 2018 Key Personnel of FinecoBank, in execution of the 2018 Bonus Plan; consequent amendments to the Articles of Association.
- 4. Authority to the Board Of Directors under Article 2443 of the Italian Civil Code, granting the right to authorise, in 2020, a free increase of share capital (Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code) of up to \in 139,517.07 corresponding to a maximum of 422,779 ordinary FinecoBank

The following is present:

ENRICO COTTA RAMUSINO, born in Sant'Alessio con Vialone (PV), Italy on May 22, 1959, domiciled for the purpose at the registered office of the Company (hereinafter identified as the "Chairman"), Chairman of the Board of Directors of the aforementioned Company;

the appearing party, whose identity I, the undersigned public notary, am certain of, warmly welcomes all those in attendance and, pursuant to Article 10 of the Articles of Association, declares that he will be chairing the Ordinary and Extraordinary parts of the Shareholders' Meeting, and then declares the meeting open.

The Chair informs and acknowledges that:

- the Shareholders' Meeting has been called to discuss and decide on the aforementioned items on the Agenda;
- the Chair then informs the meeting that in accordance with current laws and regulations and also Article 7 of the Articles of Association, the Agenda of the Meeting was published on 8 March 2019 on the website of FinecoBank, at the company's General Management offices, on the website of "Borsa Italiana S.p.A.", and on the authorised storage system managed by "Spafid Connect S.p.A."; and that a copy of the Agenda had also been included in the press file provided to the attendees; an extract of the notice of the Shareholders" Meeting was published on 9 March 2019 in the daily newspapers "Il Sole 24 ore" and "Milano Finanza"; notice of the meeting was also sent to the market on 8 March 2019 in the form of a specific press release;
- the documents relating to the various items on the Agenda complies with the disclosure requirements imposed by the applicable regulations, and have been published ahead of the date of the meeting. They shall therefore not be read out.

The Chair asks the undersigned Notary Public Angelo Busani, who is present in the room, to act as Secretary and to draft the minutes for the ordinary and extraordinary parts of the Meeting in the form of a public deed.

The Chair points out that if required, there is a simultaneous translation facility for the Italian and English languages; and that anyone who wishes to speak shall do so from the station positioned to the right of the Chair's table.

He informs those present that:

- in addition to himself, the Chairman, the following members of the Board of Directors are present: Francesco Saita (Deputy Chairman), Alessandro Foti (CEO and Director General), Patrizia Albano (Director), Elena Biffi (Director), Gianmarco Montanari (Director), Maurizio Santacroce (Director);
- the following members of the Board of Statutory Auditors are present: Elena Spagnol (Chairwoman), Barbara Aloisi (Statutory Auditor), Marziano Viozzi (Statutory Auditor);
- while the following members of the Board of Directors have justified their absence: Mrs. Manuela D'Onofrio and Mrs. Maria Chiara Malaguti;
- also present are the managers from General Management and other personnel of the Bank appointed in regard to Meeting operations under Article 2 of the Meeting Regulations (said Article 2 also makes provision for the presence of experts, financial analysts and accredited journalists, who are to gather in a separate room connected to the meeting room via a close-circuit TV and audio system);
- Mr. Paolo Gibello Ribatto is also present in his capacity as representative of the firm of auditors Deloitte & Touche S.p.A., which has been appointed to audit the Companies financial

statements;

- pursuant to, and for the purposes of, Article 3 paragraph 2 of the Meeting Regulations, the proceedings of the Meeting are video-audio recorded.

The Chair informs the meeting that the subscribed, paid-up share capital to date, as per the record date of 1 April 2019, amounts to \in 200,941,488.00 (two hundred million, nine hundred and forty-one thousand, four hundred and eighty-eight Euro), represented by 608,913,600 (six hundred and eight million, nine hundred and thirteen thousand, four hundred and eighty-eight) ordinary shares, each with a nominal value of \in 0.33 (thirty-three cents).

The Chair also informs the meeting that the powers of proxy meet the requirements of Article 2372 of the Italian Civil Code and of Section 135-novies of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998 (the Consolidated Finance Act).

The Chair also informs the meeting that 760 (seven hundred and sixty) Shareholders are present (either in person or by proxy) representing 495,655,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-five thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) ordinary shares, equal to 81.399995 (eighty-one point three nine nine nine five) per cent of the 608,913,600 (six hundred and eight million, nine hundred and thirteen thousand, six hundred) shares constituting the Company's fully subscribed and paid-up share capital.

The Chair specifies that four people holding voting rights have granted the power of proxy to "Computershare S.p.A.", a company designated by FinecoBank pursuant to Section 135-undecies of the Consolidated Finance Act, to act as their delegated representative.

He thus declares that the meeting is deemed duly convened and fit to decide on the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, at a single call, pursuant to the provisions of law and to the Articles of Association.

The Chair declares that according to the Shareholders' Register, and as resulting from the checks on the eligibility to vote, and the checks required by law, approximately 16,828 (sixteen thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight) shareholders were listed in the Shareholders' Register; and according to the information in the Company's possession, the following shareholders held more than 3 percent of the share capital, as of the record date, represented by voting shares; these are:

- "UniCredit S.p.A.", which directly holds 215,066,403 (two hundred and fifteen million, sixty-six thousand, four hundred and three) ordinary shares, representing 35.32 (thirty-five point three two) per cent of share capital, and indirectly holds, through "UniCredit Bank AG", 219,550 (two hundred and nineteen thousand, five hundred and fifty) ordinary shares, representing 0.036 per cent of share capital;
- "BlackRock Inc." which indirectly holds, through thirteen subsidiary asset management companies, a total of 41,397,958 (forty-one million, three hundred and ninety-seven thousand, nine hundred and fifty-eight) ordinary shares representing 6.799 (six point seven nine nine) per cent of share capital.
- Capital Research and Management Company, which directly holds 30,738,447 (thirty million, seven hundred and thirty-eight thousand, four hundred and forty-seven) ordinary shares representing 5.048 (five point zero four eight) per cent of share capital.

The Chair points out that under Article 8 of the Meeting Regulations, those present who wish to speak may put their names down for such purpose at the Secretary's desk; and that when they are called upon to speak, they should come up to the specific speaker's position, thus avoiding taking the floor from where they are seated.

The Chair, in accordance with Article 17 of the Meeting Regulations, informs the meeting that voting shall take place on the basis of an electronic vote-recording system, using the radiovoter which each attendee has been given together with the corresponding instructions. The Chair recommends that at each vote, after having received an invitation to such effect,

each attendee shall vote by pressing the corresponding button on the radiovoter device and shall confirm this vote by pressing the "ok" button.

The Chair points out that if the device fails to work as described, or if they require any assistance, the attendees may request the intervention of the personnel present in the meeting room; the proxies and representatives of trust companies who require differentiated votes for each resolution should declare this fact to the Notary, and cast their votes from the assisted voting stations; the electronic attendance and vote counting system produces the following documents, which shall be attached to the minutes of the Shareholders' Meeting: the list of Shareholders present and of those represented, which shall also include the names of those persons intervening subsequently and those who leave the meeting room, together with separate lists for differentiated votes.

The chair informs the Meeting that the Corporate Governance and Share Ownership Report, pursuant to Section 123-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act, for the financial year 2018, has been made available to the public in the manner, and within the deadlines, required by law; the same report has also been included in the press file included in the folder received by each attendee as he/she enters the meeting room.

The Chair declares that the discussion will now move on to the Ordinary Part of the Meeting.

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In regard to the first and second item of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda (1. Approval of the annual financial statements of FinecoBank S.p.A. at 31 December 2018 and presentation of the consolidated financial statements; 2. Allocation of FinecoBank S.p.A.'s profits for the year 2018) to be dealt with together (the attendees not being contrary to such a proposal), without prejudice to the fact that separate voting shall be conducted in any case on the proposed resolutions submitted for each of the aforesaid items on the Agenda.

The Chair thus invites the CEO and Director General to briefly illustrate said arguments, using slides and without any detailed reading of the draft financial statements and related reports, in that such documents have already been made available to the public in the manner and by the deadlines established by law. He also points out that together with the operating results, due information has been provided of the Independent Auditors' activities.

The CEO and Director General, Alessandro Foti, then takes the floor and, after greeting the attendees, states as follows: "The Bank's results in 2018 once again confirm its success based on a strategy of sustainable growth and on a healthy *business model* capable of producing sound results at each stage of the market process. The year 2018 ended with a net profit of € 241.2 million, up from the previous year's figure of € 214.1 million. Net of the non-recurring items, net profits rose by 11.8% year-on-year, which is the best result in Fineco's history notwithstanding the € 9.6 million relating to the systemic contribution to the Interbank Deposit Protection Fund. In 2018 revenues continued their sustainable growth, reaching € 628.3 million, net of extraordinary items, up by 7.1% on the previous year. Operating costs were under control, at € 244.1 million (up by 4.7% year-on-year) despite the continued growth in volumes and customers. This confirms the Bank's operational leverage and the scalability of its platform. The cost/income ratio, net of non-recurring items, fell to 39% in 2018, down one percentage point on 2017".

The CEO and Director-General declares that the Company's Board of Directors thus proposes "the distribution of a dividend per share of 30.3 cents, up 6.3% year-on-year". Going into greater detail, he states that "the interest margin rose by 5.2% in 2018, sustained mainly by the strong growth in deposits and the expansion of loans to customers". In this regard, he points out that "the Bank's clear commitment to maintaining a high quality loans portfolio thanks to its strategy of offering mortgages, personal loans and secured loans exclusively to

its own customers, who are very loyal and well known to the Bank." He continues by adding that "fees grew strongly year-on-year, up 11.2%: more specifically, management fees rose by 12.5% compared to the previous year, sustained by the gradual shift of assets towards "Guided products & services" and by the new company "Fineco Asset Management", which has been fully operational since July 2018". "Overall" there was great satisfaction with the "annual performance of brokerage, despite the fact that market volatility during the course of the year was limited compared with the levels recorded in previous years. The soundness of this business was also confirmed by the considerable increase in the Bank's market share, which at the end of 2018 stood at 24.7% of the volumes brokered in the equity market (all of 5.1 percentage points higher than the figure recorded by Assosim for December 2017)". "Cost dynamics" have been "characterised, as always, by a strong focus on efficiency, despite the continued expansion of business. Personnel costs net of non-recurrent items stood at € 85 million in 2018, up from the previous year as a result of the increase in the number of employees related to the development of the business, of the costs relating to Fineco Asset Management (not present in 2017), and due to the long-term incentive plan. Other administrative costs amounted to € 148.7 million, representing an excellent result considering the rise in the number of customers and the expansion of assets, thus confirming the considerable scalability of the Bank's platform. Trade receivables rose by 47% year-on-year, accompanied by a constant focus on the quality of credit. The Bank aims to build and maintain a low-risk portfolio that remains of a high quality over time. Thanks to a deeply ingrained IT culture, the Bank is capable of taking full advantage of its knowledge of customers who frequently use the Bank's platform, and this implies that the risk cost of trade receivables is kept under control (in December 2018 it stood at 24 percentage points), which is far lower than that of the rest of the system". "Fineco confirms its strong equity position, with a transitional Common Equity Tier 1 ratio of 21.16% and a full loaded Common Equity Tier 1 of 21.11%. The transitional total capital ratio stands at 29.58% including the additional Tier 1 issued at the start of 2018. Fineco's capital ratios benefited from implementation of the look through approach, resulting in an additional benefit of 259 base points to the Core Tier 1 ratio in 2018. Therefore, it is proposed that a dividend of 30.3 cents be paid, which is 6.3% higher year-on-year. As far as business performance is concerned, the historical series of total financial assets is extremely sound and is sustained by a healthy increase in net deposits: net deposits of € 29.2 billion over a period of 6 years have resulted in total financial assets of € 69.3 billion at the end of 2018, thus confirming Fineco's potential to consolidate its own position and to take advantage of the structural trends present in Italy, that is, the increasing demand for consultancy services and the rise in digitalisation". "The Bank confirms its own strategy of sound, sustainable growth based on the quality and sustainability of deposits, in line with those measures aimed at increasing the network's productivity. At December 2018, total financial assets amounted to € 69.3 billion (up 3.2% year-on-year), 48% of which was represented by managed assets. Compared to the end of 2014, managed assets increased by € 9.6 billion, and through leverage on the cyborg-advisory approach, growth was concentrated in "Guided products and services" (up € 13.9 billion in 4 years), with an incidence on managed assets of 67% at December 2018, up 4 percentage points on 2017. Despite the complex market situation, the Bank generated record deposits of € 6.2 billion in 2018 (up 4.4% yearon-year), of a high quality and obtained without having recourse to short-term commercial policies. The mix of deposits is in line with the more complex context compared with the previous year: managed deposits amounted to € 2.3 billion, administered deposits amounted to € 1.8 billion, while direct deposits amounted to € 2.1 billion. From the beginning of the year, deposits in "Guided products and services" reached € 2.8 billion, thus confirming the effectiveness of an approach aimed at improving the quality and productivity of the network.

Deposits gathered through the network of financial consultants focusing on directing customers towards value-added services, by means of a long-term financial planning approach, amounted to \in 5.5 billion. Organic deposits were the principal driver of growth once again. In 2018, of net deposits of \in 6.2 billion, 85% were generated organically through the network, or directly by the Bank, while the remaining 15% were generated by recruitments made over the last 24 months. The Bank is convinced that this growth strategy is more sustainable in the long term also from the point of view of future costs insofar as it puts it into a better position "to deal with the existing pressure on margins and with potential future challenges".

With regard to item 2 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, concerning the allocation of profits for 2018, the CEO and Director-General reports that "in 2018, the Company made an individual net profit of \in 227,992,325.69"; therefore, "it is hereby proposed that net profit be allocated as follows: \in 33,607.46, that is, 0.015% of annual profit (as one-fifth of share capital has been reached), be allocated to the statutory reserve; \in 43,387,897.43 be allocated to the extraordinary reserve; \in 184,500,820.80 be allocated to shareholders, which is equal to a dividend of \in 0.303 for each of the 608,903,600 ordinary shares of a nominal value of \in 0.33 constituting the Company's share capital, including the 509,205 shares relating to the capital increase decided by the Board of Directors on 5 February 2019". He then illustrates the following time line: "coupon presentation on 23 April 2019, record date on 24 April 2019, dividend payment on 25 April 2019".

The CEO and Director-General then reads out the following proposals for resolutions to be passed concerning items 1 and 2 on the Agenda:

- as regards item 1 on the Agenda, the Shareholders are invited to approve FinecoBank's financial statements as presented by the Board of Directors, both taken as a whole and with regard to the individual entries; the financial statements consist of the balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in net equity, the financial report and the notes to the accounts, and are accompanied by the consolidated management report; Furthermore, the financial statements file contains the Certification of the Financial Statements pursuant to Article 81-ter of CONSOB Regulation no. 11971 of 14 May 1999 and subsequent amendments and integrations, the Report drafted by the Board of Statutory Auditors pursuant to Article 2429, paragraph 2, of the Italian Civil Code, and to Section 153 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58/1998, and the Report drafted by the Independent Auditors pursuant to Section 14 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 39/2010 and to Article 10 of EU Regulation 537/2014;
- as regards item 2 on the Agenda, the Shareholders are invited to approve the decision to increase the statutory reserve by € 33,607.46 (0.015% of annual profits), having reached one-fifth of share capital; an increase in the extraordinary reserve, of € 43,387,897.43; the distribution of € 184,500,820.80, to the Shareholders, equal to a dividend of €0.303 for each of the 608,913,600 ordinary shares with nominal value of €0.33 comprising the share capital, including 509,205 shares relating to the capital increase approved by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2019 (with the specification that any dividends not distributed will be reclassified and posted to the extraordinary reserve, against any own shares that the Bank holds at the record date).

The CEO and Director-General then proceeds to provide due information regarding the formalities to be complied with as required by CONSOB in its communication no. 96003558 of 18 April 1996: "The Shareholders' Meeting on 16 April 2013 approved the motion presented by the Board of Statutory Auditors to awards the mandate for the legal auditing of accounts for the period 2013-2021 to Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.. The mandate includes an audit of the proper keeping of the accounts and reporting accurate reporting of management events, a

limited audit of the half yearly financial statements and the checks required for the signing of tax declarations, with fees based on the hourly tariffs stipulated at the time the mandate is awarded, which are subject to updates in accordance with the Istat index. Given that since the financial year 2017 the Bank has presented the consolidated financial statements, the appointment also includes the audit of said statements and the limited audit of the half-yearly consolidated financial statements. The annual cost for the year 2018, net of out-of-pocket expenses, Consob's supervisory fee, and VAT, amounts to a total of € 211,495, corresponding to 3,125 working hours, of which € 157,757 for the annual financial statements, including accounting checks conducted during the course of the year, amounting to 2,320 hours of work; € 6,072 for the consolidated financial statements, representing 95 hours of work; € 41,362 for the abbreviated six-monthly financial statements, representing 620 hours of work; € 6,304 for the signing of tax returns, representing 90 hours of work. Finally, the meeting is informed that the Independent Auditors have requested the adjustment of the amount due for the auditing of the annual financial statements and for the limited audit of the abbreviated sixmonthly financial statements, of FinecoBank, for the tax years 2018-2021, amounting to € 33,000 for 2018, and €15,000 for each year in the period 2019-2021. This request is the result of the coming into force, on 1 January 2018, of the new accounting standard IFRS 9. The additional amount has been quantified as € 18,000 (lump sum adjustment for the year 2018 only) for the auditing of the financial disclosure prepared in regard to the initial adoption of the IFRS 9 accounting standard on 1 January 2018, that is, the so-called First Time Adoption; as € 11,500 for the auditing of the annual financial statements; and as € 3,500 for the limited audit of the abbreviated six-monthly financial statements".

The Chair takes the floor once again, and asks Paolo Gibello Ribatto, partner of the firm of Independent Auditors "Deloitte & Touche", to read out the report drawn up by said Auditors in accordance with the requirements of law.

Paolo Gibello Ribatto takes the floor; given that the Independent Auditors' report is very detailed, and has been disclosed to the public in accordance with the law, he asks that he may read out only the two paragraphs dealing with the judgement of the financial statements and of the management report.

The Chair agrees (there being nobody who opposes this) to the reading out of the two paragraphs in question only.

Paolo Gibello Ribatto takes the floor once again, and states as follows: "We have audited the annual accounts of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. for the year ended as at 31 December 2018, comprising the balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in shareholders' equity, the cash flow statement for the year as at that date, and the notes to the accounts. In our opinion, the financial statements provide a true and accurate picture of the financial situation and the assets and liabilities of FinecoBank as at 31 December 2018, and of the profit/loss and cash flow situation for the year ending on the same date, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union, as well as with the provisions issued to implement Section 9 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 38/2005 and Section 43 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 136/2015. Our audit report also contains an opinion on the other provisions of law and regulations. The directors of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. are responsible for preparing the management report and the corporate governance and ownership report for the Bank, as at 31 December 2018, for checking that they conform to the corresponding financial statements and to the provisions of law. We followed the procedures indicated in audit principle 720B in order to express an opinion on the consistency of the management report, and of certain specific items of information contained in the corporate governance and ownership report, indicated in Section 123-bis, paragraph 4, of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58/1998, with the

annual financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. as at 31 December 2018, and on the compliance of such with the provisions of law, and in order to issue a statement in regard to any significant errors discovered. In our opinion, the management report, and some of the specific information in the aforementioned corporate governance and ownership report, conform to the financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. as at 31 December 2018, and meet the legal requirements. With regard to the declaration made pursuant to Section 14, paragraph 2, letter e), of Italian Legislative Decree no. 39/2010, on the basis of the knowledge and the understanding of the company and of the corporate context, acquired during the course of the corresponding audit operations, we have nothing to report".

The Chair takes the floor again, and invites the Chairwoman of the Board of Statutory Auditors, Elena Spagnol, to give account of the contents and conclusions of the Board of Statutory Auditors' report, refraining from (there being no objections in this regard) reading out the report in full.

The Chairwoman of the Board of Statutory Auditors takes the floor, and states the following: "concluding remarks: Based on its supervisory activities, the Board did not find any irregularities, omissions and/or anomalies nor did it discover any transactions that did not comply with sound administration principles, which were not authorised or implemented in compliance with the law and the by-laws, nor any that were not in the interests of FinecoBank, were against the resolutions taken by the Shareholders' Meeting, were manifestly imprudent or risky, such as to compromise the integrity of the share capital. The Board of Statutory Auditors does not consider it necessary to submit any proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting pursuant to Section 153, paragraph 2, of the Consolidated Finance Act. Therefore, noting the results of the financial statements and the content of the Management Report that accompanies it, the content of the attestation of the individual and consolidated financial statements, signed by the Chief Executive Officer and Director-General, and by the appointed Manager, and considering the contents of the Reports drawn up by the Independent Auditors, the Board of Statutory Auditors does not find, insofar as it is concerned, any reasons impeding the approval of the financial statements at 31 December 2018, and the proposed allocation of profits for the year formulated by the Board of Directors".

The Chair takes the floor once again, and opens the discussion of items 1 and 2 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda.

Leopoldo Ghibaudi asks to take the floor, and expresses his "complete trust" in the Bank's operations and his "complete agreement" with the proposed resolution. He states that various working recommendations he had made in the past have been implemented by the Bank. He reiterates the request, already made in the past, to "see foreign dividends with the foreign gross amount, which then becomes the Italian gross amount". He asks that the accounts of transactions in foreign currency also show the exchanges rates between currencies, so as to permit the control of figures; that the time given for bank transfers in Italy, and for acceptance of fund trading orders, be extended by one hour; and that fewer English words be used at the Help Desk. Referring to certain of his transactions, he states that he found operations to be unsatisfactory: for example, in the case of the sale of a fund credited late, or that of an exchange of shares issued by an American company following a spin-off, or that of a bank transfer transaction that was misdirected. He proposes that financial consultants and promoters be freed from back office duties, and that their tax consultancy be made the most of. He proposes that the Bank grant loans in foreign currency, and that it enables customers to benefit from reimbursement in regard to foreign dividends. Finally, he announces in advance his vote in favour of those resolutions proposed for approval.

Demetrio Rodinò requests to take the floor, and he asks what the key to Fineco's success is; what new opportunities are arising as a result of technological progress; what effect

digitalisation is having on the quality of employees' work; if it is possible to take stock one year after the introduction of Mifid II; if the initial results of the Asset Management Company incorporated under Irish law are satisfactory, and what this company's added value is in the context of FinecoBank's plans; what the current mood of the markets is; what FinecoBank's strategies for 2019 are to be.

Mrs. Germana Loizzi asks to take the floor, and having complemented the Company on its performance, and having personally congratulated Mr. Foti, she asks what the keys have been to the Bank's success, whether its achievement in terms of the Core Tier 1 ratio is considered satisfactory, and in this regard, what the prospects are for 2019. She also asks what the most dynamic items were, in terms of revenues, in 2018, what is forecast for 2019, how the provision of loans to customers is going in 2019, and what is forecast for 2019 in terms of the new generation of advanced consultancy services recently launched by the Bank.

The Chair takes the floor once again, and after saying that Mr. Ghibaudi's speeches "are always a mine of information", he makes three general observations in this regard, that is: Mr. Ghibaudi is a satisfied customer of the Bank; he said nothing about items 1 and 2 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda; and that his recommendations (all concerning highly specific questions, which are better suited to a discussion with the Bank's technical units than to a discussion during a shareholders' meeting) are not so much directed towards the resolution of shortcomings or inadequacies, but simply to a process of constant improvement, which the Bank implements daily.

The CEO and Director-General takes the floor, and in response to the observations made by Mr. Demetrio Rodinò, states that the Bank's key to success "is much simpler and more trivial than it may seem, in that ours is a company that has always taken methodical common sense as its fundamental principle"; "the company has been built around three fundamental principles": "the first is operating efficiency" since "being efficient from an operating viewpoint basically means doing things better than others, while spending a lot less"; Fineco's is "a unique model within the system " because "basically the company itself manages all of the key technological platforms; more than 20% of our employees work in the information technology sector; therefore, as well as being a bank, this is a technological company, and this fact gives us incredible flexibility"; "the second key to success is innovation", "not strictly of the technological type", but also seen as the "capacity to look" ahead, "in that the company, when it perceives structural changes in the market, has always moved early, without waiting for the changes to have their effects before reacting: the most striking example of this was in 2008, at the time of the merger between Fineco and Xelion Bank, when we introduced the idea of digital platforms that communicate with the financial consultants; at the time this was considered heretical, whereas now it has been accepted as the benchmark; everyone is moving in that direction, but it's clear that having taken that step ten years ago makes all the difference"; "the third point has always been that of an approach characterised by considerable transparency, orderliness and respect for customers. Over the years, the company has always refrained from making easy profits by taking advantage of the greater information it possesses compared to that available to its customers; customers clearly possess less knowledge of financial matters than we do, and thus it would in fact be very easy to take advantage of this information mismatch in order to make an easy profit; however, this would mean putting the future sustainability of the business at risk; we are not a charitable concern, and so this is not a decision of a purely moral nature, but it is, first and foremost, a business decision, since if the business is more sustainable and lasting, then the cash flows it generates will be longer lasting, more stable and less risky"; "the value of an enterprise is not established purely by the level of profits it makes today, but by the fact that these profits can be repeated and are sustainable over the course of time; and the more these profits are

repeated over time, are sustainable and are of a low-risk nature, then the lower will be the rate at which these cash flows are discounted back"; "the key to our success" is also represented by our employees and our financial consultants, incredible people who have wed this type of approach and who clearly contribute each day to the practical implementation of these ideas". As regards Mifid II, he says that "the system shall send the first reports to customers by the summer; Mifid II is part of a broader context in which pressure is being brought on the industry's margins, which is something that is already happening. This pressure on margins is guided by lower expected returns than those of past years, and this reflects the fact that Italian customers are realising that money management is a serious matter, and thus they care more about it and ask for advice; however, these customers are also more aware of the cost aspects. Thus Mifid II will contribute towards establishing transparency in relations with customers. In the case of virtuous companies capable of interpreting all of this in the right way, this is good news, since having a market characterised by greater transparency in relations with customers will help customers gain confidence in the Bank's operations. And at the end of the day, this will be a considerable benefit for both the customer and the Bank. Therefore, Mifid II is a change that our company is handling in the correct manner, by responding to the pressure on margins with the constant improvement in the quality of the services offered, with a commitment to increasing operating efficiency, spending less and increasing productivity. At a time when there is pressure on margins, successful companies may increase profitability by constantly improving the quality of their services, increasing operating efficiency and productivity. Fineco Asset Management's contribution should be seen within the context of increased operating efficiency: Ireland was not a random choice, as it is a country that has probably become the main global hub for asset management: this means that it is a country where companies can work much better and spend a lot less than in other countries. This is precisely what Fineco Asset Management is doing, that is, it is constructing our solutions within a context that permits an unequalled level of operating efficiency to be reached; our colleagues' excellent work since last year, is making a significant contribution to the Company's performance. 2019 is going to be a challenging year, although past years have hardly been easy either. Probably, the "normal years" were those of some time ago; today, we have returned to the "new normality", in the sense that over the past years we have experienced a situation of low volatility, with markets rising in a very regular manner. Now, on the other hand, we have entered a phase of greater discontinuity: however, this is rather good news, since if the world was not complicated, then our services would not be required; therefore, welcome to the uncertainty that lends our work its value. 2019 is going to be a challenging year, in that despite the very low market rates, there is much scepticism and concern, and a limited global economic slowdown is forecast (in so much as the global economy, rather than growing by 3.5% a year, will probably grow by between 3.2% and 3.3%, which is still, however, a pretty acceptable rate of growth). All of this is creating a situation of greater uncertainty, which clearly requires considerable effort in terms of the planning of solutions offered to customers; and above all, this is the time when a company like ours, whose key service is that of financial consultancy, is capable of taking advantage of this model based on a combination of considerable technological quality and the capacity to interact with the requirements of our customers and financial consultants".

In response to the observations made by Germanna Loizzi, the CEO and Director-General asserts that "we are clearly satisfied with having a sound, well-capitalised Bank, although our aim is not to become the company with the highest level of capital in the market; our aim is to continue to be a company characterised by a level of capitalisation, and by robust capital indices, well above the industry's average, because the more solid and less risky a company is seen as being, the more it is appreciated. A great number of customers choose us because of

the excellence of our services and the soundness of the Bank, meaning that Fineco is seen as a very sound, safe bank. Therefore, as far as regards our capital ratio, we can say thanks to our business model, which is a business model based on low capital intensity, we shall continue to have extremely sound capital ratios, without our being obsessed with the idea of continuing to increase those ratios. Nevertheless, our primary aim is to create the greatest possible value for our shareholders. We are achieving this aim by maximising profits, in keeping with the principle of the sustainability of our business operations, all of this while bearing clearly in mind what we like to call our golden triangle, that is, the balancing of the interests and requirements of our three stakeholders, namely: (i) our shareholders, who provide us with the capital we need in order to operate, and who must be adequately remunerated for this; (ii) those whop work for the company (employees and consultants), who are entitled to work in a company that permits them to achieve their economic objectives within a sustainable, long-term context; (iii) our customers, who must be provided with those services and solutions that they expect to receive. We expect our revenues to continue growing, and costs to be kept under control, also during the course of 2019. As regards our lending business (which has grown by more than 44%), it is clear that we cannot expect to see the same rates of growth as in the past, because those rates were due partly to the fact that we had only just started operating; The company's lending business will continue to grow, although we think it important to point out that we have no intention to agree to any compromise between the quality of our lending portfolio and the volumes of business generated. Should we realise that the market is moving towards a quality of credit that we don't like, we would not hesitate to sacrifice lending volumes; therefore, we would be pleased to see increased business volumes provided that they come with a risk cost that is clearly under control, and which in any case remains below the average within the system".

The Chair takes the floor once again,and noting that no-one else asks to speak, declares the discussion closed and puts the proposed resolution regarding point 1 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda concerning the 2018 financial statements, to the vote.

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero three two three) per cent of share capital;
- votes in favour: 494,746,123 (four hundred and ninety-four million, seven hundred and forty-six thousand, one hundred and twenty-three), equal to 99.816100 (ninety-nine point eight one six one) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and equal to 81.250628 (eighty-one point two five zero six two eight) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 505,500 (five hundred and five thousand, five hundred), equal to 0.101986 (zero point one zero one nine eight six) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.083017 (zero point zero eight three zero one seven) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: 405,302 (four hundred and five thousand, three hundred and two), equal to 0.081771 (zero point eight one seven seven one) per cent of shares eligible to vote and to 0.066561 (zero point zero six six five six one) per cent of share capital;
- shares not participating in the vote: 713 (seven hundred and thirteen), equal to 0.000144 (zero point zero zero zero one four four) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.000117

(zero point zero zero one one seven) per cent of share capital.

The Chair thus declares that the proposed resolution regarding the 2018 financial statements has been passed by a majority.

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The Chair arranges for a vote to be held on the proposed allocation of FinecoBank's profits for 2018, amounting to € 227,922,325.69 (two hundred and twenty-seven million, nine hundred and twenty-two thousand, three hundred and twenty-five euro and sixty-nine cents), that is: € 33,607.46 (thirty-three thousand, six hundred and seven euro and forty-six cents), equal to 0.015 (zero point zero one five) per cent of profits for the year, to the statutory reserve (one-fifth of share capital having already been reached); € 43,387,897.43 (forty-three million, three hundred and eighty-seven thousand, eight hundred and ninety-seven euro and forty-three cents) to the extraordinary reserve; € 0.303 (zero point three zero three), equal to a total of € 184,500,820.80 (one hundred and eight-four million, five hundred thousand, eight hundred and twenty euro and eighty cents), as a dividend for each one of the 608,913,600 (six hundred and eight million, nine hundred and thirteen thousand, six hundred) ordinary shares each of a nominal value of 0.33 (thirty-three cents), constituting share capital at the date of the Shareholders' Meeting (thus inclusive of the 509,205 (five hundred and nine thousand, two hundred and five) shares relating to the capital increase approved by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2019).

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero three two three) per cent of share capital;
- votes in favour: 495,152,138 (four hundred and ninety-five million, one hundred and fifty-two thousand, one hundred and thirty-eight), equal to 99.898014 (ninety-nine point eight nine eight zero one four) per cent of the shares eligible to vote and equal to 81.317306 (eighty-one point three one seven three zero six) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 505,500 (five hundred and five thousand, five hundred), equal to 0.101986 (zero point one zero one nine eight six) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.083017 (zero point zero eight three zero one seven) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital:
- shares not participating in the vote: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital;

The Chair thus declares that the proposal for the allocation of the profits for the year 2018 2018 has been approved by a majority.

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The Chair declares that the remaining items from the Ordinary Part of the Agenda be discussed jointly (given their close interconnection), subject to separate voting on such items (3. 2019 Remuneration Policy. 4. Severance Payments Policy. 5. 2019 Bonus Plan for "Key Personnel". 6. 2019 Bonus Plan for Personal financial Advisors classified as "Key Personnel". 7. Authorisation for the purchase and disposal of own shares to service the 2019 Bonus Plan for Personal financial Advisors classified as "Key

Personnel". Related and consequent resolutions).

The Chair informs the meeting that with regard to the authorisation for the purchase and disposal of own shares to service the 2019 Bonus Plan for Personal financial Advisors classified as Key Personnel, the procedure followed at the European Central Bank for the issue of the corresponding authorisation was successful, and said authorisation was issued on 26 March 2019.

The Chair invites the CEO and Director-General to briefly illustrate the most important aspects of the proposals, given that the folders containing the corresponding reports by the Directors, the Severance Payments Policy, and the 2019 Remuneration Policy, are available to all attendees, and have also been made available to the public in the manner and by the deadlines established by law.

The Chair points out that the Remuneration Policy includes the document containing information on the 2019 Bonus Plan and on the Bonus Plan for financial advisors, classified as Key Personnel, subject to the approval of this Shareholders' Meeting, together with the Remuneration Report.

Demetrio Rodinò asks to take the floor, whereupon he asks, given the prior disclosure of the relevant documents, that the meeting moves on to the reading of the motions, without such being illustrated.

Noting that no-one objects to the request submitted by Demetrio Rodinò, the Chair asks the CEO and Director-General to read out the motions.

The CEO and Director-General takes the floor and proceeds to read out the following motions: a) in regard to item 3 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda:

- " 1. to approve also pursuant to Section 123-ter of the Consolidated Finance Act FinecoBank's "2019 Remuneration Policy, the wording of which is set out in the document forming an integral part of the Board of directors' Report, in order to establish the principles and standards that FinecoBank applies when determining, implementing and monitoring remuneration policy and plans concerning the members of the Board of Directors, the company's employees and those financial advisors qualified to sell door-to-door;
- 2. to grant the CEO and Director-General the broadest possible powers with which to make any additions or amendments to the aforesaid 2019 Remuneration Policy that may be requested by the appointed Supervisory Authorities, or that may be required in view of changes to the legislative and/or regulatory framework in question, or in the event that in the light of amendments made to the Group Policy by UniCredit's Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the year 2018, the 2019 Remuneration Policy of FinecoBank is no longer in keeping with the Group's Remuneration Policy";
- b) in regard to item 4 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda:
- "1. to approve renewal of FinecoBank's "Severance Payments Policy", the wording of which is set out in the document forming an integral part of the Board of Directors' Report, in order to establish the general principles, limits, criteria and means of payment of the compensation to be agreed in the event of early severance and of early termination of office;
- 2. to grant the CEO and Director-General the broadest possible powers with which to make any additions, amendments or deletions to/from the aforesaid Policy that may be requested by the appointed Supervisory Authorities, or that may be required in view of changes to the legislative and/or regulatory framework in question, or in the event that in the light of amendments made to the Group's Severance Payments Policy by UniCredit's Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the year 2018, the 2019 Severance Policy of FinecoBank is no longer in keeping with the Group's Policy";
- c) in regard to item 5 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda:
- "1. to adopt the 2019 Bonus Plan, which envisages the granting of a bonus, in cash and/or

FinecoBank gratuitous ordinary shares, by April 2025, to selected beneficiaries identified as FinecoBank key personnel, subject to the terms and conditions set out in the Board of Directors' Report;

- 2. to grant the CEO and Director-General the broadest possible powers with which to implement the present resolution and the documents constituting an integral part hereof, and to make any additions or amendments required in order to implement the decisions of the present Shareholders' Meeting (provided they do not alter the essence of the resolution)"; d) in regard to item 6 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda:
- "1. to adopt the 2019 Bonus Plan for Financial Advisors identified as "Key Personnel", which provides for the assignment of a bonus, in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares, by July 2023, subject to the terms and conditions set out in the Board of Directors' Report;
- 2. to grant the CEO and Director-General the broadest possible powers with which to implement the present resolution and the documents constituting an integral part hereof, and to make any additions or amendments required in order to implement the decisions of the present Shareholders' Meeting (provided they do not alter the essence of the resolution)"; e) in regard to item 7 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda:
- "in view of the provisions of Articles 2357 and 2357-ter of the Italian Civil Code, of Section 132 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Article 114-bis of Consob regulation no. 11971/99:
- 1. to authorise the purchase and disposition of a maximum of 179,534 treasury shares, with a nominal value of € 0.33 each, to service the 2019 PFA System, in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in the Board of Directors' Report, on the condition that the buybacks of own shares can be made subject to receiving the necessary authorization from the Supervisory Authority, pursuant to Articles 77-78 of EU Regulation 575/2013 (CRR) of June 26, 2013;
- 2. to grant the Board of Directors, and on its behalf, the CEO and Director-General, all necessary powers required to implement this resolution and for the purposes of market disclosure, in accordance with applicable law".

The Chair takes the floor once again, and declares the discussion open in regard to items 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda.

Leopoldo Ghidaudi asks to take the floor, whereby he announces in that he shall vote in favour of the proposed motions and suggests that in the future, the Company ought to consider approving a free share capital increase in favour of the shareholders, so as to avoid the little watering of stock that arises with a free share capital increase in favour of bonus plans.

The Chair takes the floor once again, and noting that no-one else asks to speak, declares the discussion of items 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda closed and proposes that the meeting proceed to vote.

The Chair puts to the vote, first of all, the motion relating to item 3 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, concerning the proposal to approve the 2019 Remuneration Policy also pursuant to Section 123-ter of the Consolidated Finance Act.

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero

three two three) per cent of share capital;

- votes in favour: 481,485,078 (four hundred and eighty-one million, four hundred and eighty-five thousand and seventy-eight), equal to 97.140655 (ninety-seven point one four zero six five five) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 79.072807 (seventy-nine point zero seven two eight zero seven) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 14,172,187 (fourteen million, one hundred and seventy-two thousand, one hundred and eighty-seven), equal to 2.859269 (two point eight five nine two six nine) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 2.327455 (two point three two seven four five five) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: 373 (three hundred and seventy-three), equal to 0.000075 (zero point zero zero zero zero seven five) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.000061 (zero point zero zero zero zero six one) per cent of share capital;
- shares not participating in the vote: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital;

The Chair thus declares that the proposed resolution regarding the 2019 Remuneration Policy, also pursuant to Section 123-ter of the Consolidated Finance Act, has been passed by a majority.

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The Chair proposes that the motion on item 4 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, concerning approval of the Severance Payments Policy, be voted on.

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero three two three) per cent of share capital;
- votes in favour: 468,898,196 (four hundred and sixty-eight million, eight hundred and ninety-eight thousand, one hundred and ninety-six), equal to 94.601225 (ninety-four point six zero one two two five) per cent of the shares eligible to vote, and equal to 77.005703 (seventy-seven point zero zero five seven zero three) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 25,026,141 (twenty-five million, twenty-six thousand, one hundred and forty-one), equal to 5.049078 (five point zero four nine zero seven eight) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 4.109966 (four point one zero nine nine six six) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: 1,733,301 (one million, seven hundred and thirty-three thousand, three hundred and one), equal to 0.349697 (zero point three four nine six nine seven) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.284655 (zero point two eight four six five five) per cent of share capital;
- shares not participating in the vote: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital;

The Chair thus declares that the proposed motion regarding the Severance Payments Policy, has been passed by a majority.

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The Chair proposes that the motion on item 5 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, concerning approval of the 2019 Bonus Plan for Key Personnel, be voted on.

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero three two three) per cent of share capital;
- votes in favour: 485,834,051 (four hundred and eight-five million, eight hundred and thirty-four thousand, and fifty-one), equal to 98.018070 (ninety-eight point zero one eight zero seven) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 79.787026 (seventy-nine point seven eight seven zero two six) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 9,822,434 (nine million, eight hundred and twenty-two thousand, four hundred and thirty-four), equal to 1.981697 (one point nine eight one six nine seven) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 1.613108 (one point six one three one zero eight) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: 1,153, equal to 0.000233 per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.000189 per cent of share capital;
- shares not participating in the vote: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital;

The Chair thus declares that the motion to approve the 2019 Bonus Plan for "Key Personnel" was approved by a majority.

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The Chair proposes that the motion on item 6 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, concerning the approval of the 2019 Bonus Plan for Personal financial Advisorsclassified as Key Personnel, be voted on.

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero three two three) per cent of share capital;
- votes in favour: 486,339,561 (four hundred and eighty-six million, three hundred and thirty-nine thousand, five hundred and sixty-one), equal to 98.120058 (ninety-eight point one two zero zero five eight) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 79.870044 (seventy-nine point eight seven zero zero four four) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 9,317,307 (nine million, three hundred and seventeen thousand, three hundred and seven), equal to 1.879787 (one point eight seven nine seven eight seven) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 1.530153 (one point five three zero one five three) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: 770 (seven hundred and seventy), equal to 0.000155 (zero point zero zero one five five) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.000126 (zero point zero zero one two six) per cent of share capital;

- shares not participating in the vote: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital;

The Chair thus declares that the proposed motion regarding the 2019 Bonus Plan for Personal financial Advisors classified as Key Personnel, has been passed by a majority.

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The Chair proposes that the motion on item 7 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda, concerning the authorisation of the purchase and disposal of own shares to service the 2019 Bonus Plan for financial advisors identified as "Key Personnel", be voted on.

The Chair asks those attendees who have left the room to come back in, and asks (without receiving any response) if there are any reasons for the exclusion of the right to vote or any limitations pursuant to Sections 120, 121 and 122 of the Consolidated Finance Act, and of Sections 19, 20, 24 and 25 of the Consolidated Banking Act.

Thus voting is announced and is held, upon completion of which the following result is announced:

- people taking part in the vote 761 (seven hundred and sixty-one) with voting rights relating to 495,657,638 (four hundred and ninety-five million, six hundred and fifty-seven thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight) shares, equal to 81.400323 (eighty-one point four zero zero three two three) per cent of share capital;
- votes in favour: 492,518,752 (four hundred and ninety-two million, five hundred and eighteen thousand, seven hundred and fifty-two), equal to 99.366723 (ninety-nine point three six six seven two three) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 80.884834 (eighty point eight four eight three four) per cent of share capital;
- votes against: 3,137,733 (three million, one hundred and thirty-seven thousand, seven hundred and thirty-three), equal to 0.633044 (zero point six three three zero four four) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.515300 (zero point five one five three) per cent of share capital;
- abstentions: 1,153 (one thousand one hundred and fifty-three), equal to 0.000233 (zero point zero zero zero two three three) per cent of shares eligible to vote, and to 0.000189 (zero point zero zero zero one eight nine) per cent of share capital;
- shares not participating in the vote: zero, equal to zero per cent of the shares eligible to vote and to zero per cent of share capital;

The Chair thus declares that the motion concerning the authorisation of the purchase and disposal of own shares to service the 2019 Bonus Plan for financial advisors identified as "Key Personnel", has been approved by a majority.

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The Chair thus declares the discussion of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda to be completed and with the time being 12:05 hours - five minutes past twelve - moves on to the Extraordinary Part of the Agenda [...]

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[The minutes of the extraordinary Part are not included and have been provided in a separate document]

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There being no other matters to decide on, and no one having asked to address the Meeting, the Chair thanks the attendees and declares the Meeting closed at 12:30 (twelve thirty).

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The following documents were annexed to these Minutes (which were not read out by express dispensation by the appearing party):

- Appendix "A", a list of attendees at the time the Meeting was opened;
- Appendix "B", the 2018 financial statements, attached reports, and the Corporate

Governance report;

- Appendix "C", the reports on items 1 to 7 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "D", the document containing the 2019 Remuneration Policy and appendices;
- Appendix "E", the document containing the "Severance Payments Policy";
- Appendix "F", the result of the vote on item 1 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "G", the result of the vote on item 2 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "H", the result of the vote on item 3 of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "I", the result of the vote on item 4. of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "J", the result of the vote on item 5. of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "K", the result of the vote on item 6. of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "L", the result of the vote on item 7. of the Ordinary Part of the Agenda;
- Appendix "M", the authorisation from the European Central Bank received on 26 March 2019.

 As requested,

I, the undersigned Notary Public, received these minutes written by electronic means by a trusted person, and in part by myself, I read them to the person appearing before, who, at my request, approved and signed them, together with me, the Notary, at around seven twenty PM; This deed comprises ten written folios with thirty-six sides and up to this point of the thirty-seventh page.

Signed Enrico Cotta Ramusino Signed Angelo Busani

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

SITUATION AT THE OPENING

I hereby declare that there are currently voting rights holders on their own behalf or by proxy:

 N° 760 corresponding to n° 495,655,638 ordinary shares equal to 81.399995 % of the n. 608,913,600 shares of the share capital fully subscribed an paid-in.

List of owners ordinary shares taking part in the meeting held on April 10, 2019 in single call.

The proxies have been given in compliance with the provisions set forth in Article 2372 of the Italian Civil Code.

PRESENT	Γ IN/PER	The proxies have been given in compliance with the provisions set forth in Article 2372 of the Italian Civil Code.	SHAR	RES
On own behalf	Proxy		On own behalf	Proxy
1	0	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	0
1	0	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	0
0	1	CAGLIA MARIA	0	215,066,403
1	0	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	0
1	Ö	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	0
0	416	CLERICI CAMILLA		
	0		6 000	141,141,476
1		DE TOMASI PAOLA	6,000	127 (02 220
0	326	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	137,602,339
1	0	FOGLI MAURIZIO	769	0
0	4	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART.135	0	1,726,930
_		UNDECIES TUF,		
1	0	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	0
1	0	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	0
1	0	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	0
1	0	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	0
1	0	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	0
1	0	TIMUS ANDREEA	5	0
1	0	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	0
13	747	Opening Meeting	118,490	495,537,148
		TOTAL	: 495,65	5 638
		Entered/Exited later:	, 4,0,00.	3,030
1	0	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	0
14				
14	747	Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statement as at December 31, 2018	120,490	495,537,148
		TOTAL	: 495,65	7,638
		Entered/Exited later:		
14	747	Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.	120,490	495,537,148
		TOTAL	: 495,65	7.638
			, 4,5,05	7,050
		To a Ministration		
		Entered/Exited later:		
14	747	2019 Compensation Policy	120,490	495,537,148
		TOTAL	: 495,65	7,638
		Entered/Exited later:		
14	747	Termination Payments Policy	120 490	495,537,148
17	, 4,	Termination 1 ayments 1 oney	120,470	475,557,140
		TOTAL	405.65	5 (20
		TOTAL	: 495,65	7,638
		Entered/Exited later:		
14	747	2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff	120,490	495,537,148
		TOTAL	: 495,65	7,638
		Entered/Exited later:		
14	747	2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"	120 490	495,537,148
	, . ,	2017 Incentive of stem for Tersonal Transcal Parvisors Administration	120,150	1,0,007,110
		TOTAL	405.65	5 (20
		TOTAL	: 495,65	1,038
		Entered/Exited later:		
14	747	Authorisation of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive Syst	em 120,490	495,537,148
		TOTAL	: 495,65	7,638
		Entered/Exited later:		
-1	0	AMADEI STEFANO	-2,000	0
13	747	Delegation of the power to the Board of Directors to approve a free capital increase to implement the		495,537,148
		2019 Incentive System	-,	, , -
		v		
		TOTAL	: 495,65	5 638
_		IOTAL	, +93,03	2,020

Ordinary/Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting

Pag.

2

List of owners ordinary shares taking part in the meeting held on April 10, 2019 in single call.

The proxies have been given in compliance with the provisions set forth in Article 2372 of the Italian Civil Code.

PRESENT IN/PER		The proxies have been given in compitance with the provisions set forth in Article 23/2 of the Italian Cr	SHARES		ES
On own behalf	Proxy			On own behalf	Proxy
13	747	Entered/Exited later: Delegation of the power to the Board of Directors to approve a free capital increase to complete the implementation on the 2018 Incentive System	;	118,490	495,537,148
			TOTAL:	495,.65	5,638
13	747	Entered/Exited later: Delegation of the power to the Board of Directors to approve a free capital increase to complete the implementation of the 2014 Incentive System	•	118,490	495,537,148
			TOTAL:	495,655	5,638
13	747	Entered/Exited later: Delegation of the power to the Board of Directors to approve a free capital increase to complete the implementation of the 2014-2017 Multy Year Plan Top Management	;	118,490	495,537,148
			TOTAL:	495,655	5,638

1	Proxy givers of	CAGLIA MARIA	Badge n° 6254
			Shares
	UNICREDIT S.P.A	L .	215,066,403

215,066,403

	215,066,403
Proxy givers of CLERICI CAMILLA	Badge n° 694
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	Shares 4,500,000 480,000
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION	135,751 70,716
PLAN RICHIEDENTE: UBS CH AG FM CLIENT ASSETS/UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII RICHIEDENTE: CBNY SA GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY/GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	123,224 8,535,765
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN S/A LEGAL AND GENERAL/LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479
AGENTE:NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO RICHIEDENTE:CBLDN-SPD PGGM (DMAE2TR)/STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	161,245 373,275
RICHIEDENTE: CBLUX SA THREADNEEDLE (LUX)/THREADNEEDLE (LUX)	1,432,414
AGENTE:NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST AGENTE:NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDE. F NONLEND	45,328
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS	37,833
AGENTE:NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN AGENTE:NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS	369,111 416,265
RUST	410,203
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND	26,728
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY	60,671
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	41,051 63,829
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	4,261
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL SERVICES LTD/UNIVEST	9,866 100
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL SERVICES LTD/ONIVEST AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	69,119 418,556
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL DPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MERCER QIF CCF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST	919,578 405,302
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GL DPPORT PTF	,
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR	98,478 769,893
TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	,
AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/UBS ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	117,004 1,705,145
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733

* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES VII PLC AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW	625,686 1,807
SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	44400
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ANIMA FUNDS PLC AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DB X-TRACKERS	114,985 368,937
ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN SA CIP-DEP-TIF-EUR SML COMP FND/THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326
RICHIEDENTE: UBS CH AG FM CLIENT ASSETS/CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES	15,606
GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II RICHIEDENTE:CBNY SA NORGES BANK/NORGES BANK	95,217
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800
CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	30,407
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/BLUE SKY GROUP AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	100,000 388,300
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION	665,609
SCHEME	14054
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	14,274 5,796
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS	381,095
FUND	,
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC, INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC, - GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND	208,513
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BANK OF KOREA	175,900 153,715
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT	605,765
SYSTEM AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP	6,023
INDEX ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD FISE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH	13,703
AMERICA INDEX ETF	,
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS	1,123 69,371
FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED	10,104
INTRNL EQUITY FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP	45,653
DIVIDEND FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP	115,478
EQUITY FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND)	2,081
PLC	,
BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	139,170 84,262
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL	249,390
STOCK ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE	827
COMPANY	52 .
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~	151	()F	PKUX	Z GIVERS	. ~

LIST OF TROAT GIVERS	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE	166,595
BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416
AGENTE: STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY	9,961
BALANCED INT FUND	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK	347,373
EQUITY TRACKER FUND	5 / 50 F
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD	56,707 72,671
EX - UK EQT IND FD	72,071
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FISE DEV	134,143
EUROPE EX-UK EQ INDEX F	- , -
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST	15,170
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS	28,446
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CALVERT RESP INX SRS, INC,-CLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U,S, RSP INX FD	2,736
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS, SOC ANON DE	536,261
CAPITAL VARIABLE	330,201
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA	1,110
EQT IND POOLED FUND	1 105 (00
BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND RICHIEDENTE: UBS AG-ZURICH SA OMNIBUS NON RESIDENT/UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND)	1,107,600 83,980
AG.	03,900
RICHIEDENTE: UBS (LUXEMBOURG) SA/UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561
CIPAV ALOIS	69,622
SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455
SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930
CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000
ASSURDIX CPR SILVER AGE	44,516 2,079,075
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/THE HEALTH FOUNDATION	25,840
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	426,629 119,912
(CANADA)	119,912
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE	122,205
INVESTMENT TRUST	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT	115,510
OPPORTUNITIES FUND	7.1.20.1
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF	54,394
CALIFORNIA AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K)	269,031
PLAN	209,031
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP	53,000
VALUE TRUST	•
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND	27,000
DU ADENID EUNID	
DIVIDEND FUND	04.040
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	199,550 113,558
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260 300,518
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260 300,518
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260 300,518 222,120 1,198,085
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE) AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260 300,518 222,120
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE) AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260 300,518 222,120 1,198,085 127,177
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS KIEGER FUND I AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE) AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX	199,550 113,558 45,279 639,019 19,599 268,260 300,518 222,120 1,198,085

in single call	
* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/E,SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR F	25,442 20,498
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND RICHIEDENTE: MORGAN ST & CO, INTL PLC SA IPB/AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO	1,487 20,977
TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST ANTHONY K, KESMAN TRUSTEE	77,215 685
MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830
THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215
MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC, OVE RS EAS SERIES MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC.	760,510
MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC RICHIEDENTE:MORGAN STANLEY AND CO, LLC/AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	221,640 8,177
RICHIEDENTE: CBHK-CTL AS TST OF BPF-BWEIF-C/CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN S/A LEGAL AND GENERAL/LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN-CIL DEP SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD-XESC/SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095
RICHIEDENTE:CITIBANK N,A, LONDON STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT CO GLOBAL/STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221
LYXOR EURO STOXX 300 EDMOND DE POTUSCIUL D'EURODE MIDCAR	35,146 142,000
EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	142,000 83,492
THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001
ONTARIO PENSION BOARD ,	216,750
EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820
IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	409,668 21,821
LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE EUROPE ETF	3,280
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL	12,735 10,759
LIBERTY INT OPPORTUN ETF	
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF	195
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/GAM STAR FUND P.L.C,	121,981 4,296,530
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND	90,977
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/GTAA PANTHER FUND L,P	2,713
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	1,422
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910 18,536
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,349 18,166
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	16,969 34,098
ACCULATE STATE STREET DAMEAND TROST COMEANY AND TROSCOCIONE INVESTIMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITIFOOL	37,070

FinecoBank S.p.A.

Ordinary/Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting in single call * LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *

* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS,LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED	15,947 6,388
RISK ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	2,468 25,603
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	1,316 9,129
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/IBM 401K PLUS PLAN AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	86,186
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET	49,356 5,252
ALLOCATION FUND LLC AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL SERVICES LTD/VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST	368,110
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	191,724
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50 AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/AMG FUNDS PLC	13,187 110,700
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968
AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904
AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L,P,	19,268
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL	143,592 53,187
DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	55,167
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PIMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF	955
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON	8,483 9,932
MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF INDEXIO	37,382
RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193
MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160
MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ETF	1,638 1,796
CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300
CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600
EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342
CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054
RICHIEDENTE:DZ PRIVATBANK S,A,/UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA JAMES W DERRICK	83,150 10,950
MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410
BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210
MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	4,135
PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6 FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES	13,315 470
RICHIEDENTE: JP MORGAN SECURITIES LTD/MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES	30,078
LIMITED DICTUREDENTE, ID MODE AN SECURITIES I TRACAN NUMERIC AT TERMATIVE RISK DREMIA FOLUTY SIZE	1 170 000
RICHIEDENTE: JP MORGAN SECURITIES LTD/MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE ROPS EURO P	1,178,900 104,561
ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000
ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154
LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940
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* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
CONTI GESTION	58,500
EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100
NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000
AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332
GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166
GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000
GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522
SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402
BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000
MONDIAL VALOR	1,628
VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000
OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000
LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349
TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800
LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567
AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514
EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560
EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280
SEDEC FINANCE	9,399
AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007
AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767
PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596
LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000
EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900
RICHIEDENTE: UBS AG-LONDON BRANCH SA AG LDN CLIENT IPB CLIENT AC/CONNOR CLARK & LUNN	500
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	
RICHIEDENTE: UBS (LUXEMBOURG) SA/UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534
RICHIEDENTE: CBNY SA M1PA31 NAB ACF MLCI WMP EQ 31/MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628
RICHIEDENTE: GOLDMAN SACHS SEGREGATION A/C/ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O	35,943
ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	,-
RICHIEDENTE: GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED/MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN	664
GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	
RICHIEDENTE: GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED/MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O	49
MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN-AEGON CUS BV RE MM EQ SM CP F/AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891
RICHIEDENTE: MORGAN STANLEY AND CO, LLC/AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE	16,854
SERVICES LIMITED	,
RICHIEDENTE: MORGAN STANLEY AND CO, LLC/AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922
RICHIEDENTE: CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS SA PRIME FINANCE CLIENT SAFEKEEPING/ATLAS	52,640
OUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	,
RICHIEDENTE: MORGAN STANLEY AND CO, LLC/BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS	7,025
CORPORATE LIMITED	7,020
RICHIEDENTE: MORGAN STANLEY AND CO, LLC/BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP	1,923
C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,520
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN S/A STANDARD LIFE EUROP TRUST/CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE	1,791,744
CITIBANK INT.PLC	1,//1,/11
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN S/A IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE CO/IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144
RICHIEDENTE: CBNY SA JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS/JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	395,504
FUND	373,304
RICHIEDENTE: CBNY SA JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS/JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST	67,802
INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	07,002
RICHIEDENTE:CBNY-LEGAL & GEN COLL INV TRST/LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT	8,597
TRUST	0,577
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN SA MTDL SLIC II EURO ETHICAL EQ FD UL/SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600
RICHIEDENTE: CBLDN-STANDARD LIFE INTER DAC/STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490
RICHIEDENTE: CBLUX SA THREADNEEDLE (LUX)/THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER	3,685,963
COMPANIES	3,003,203
RICHIEDENTE: CBLUX SA THREADNEEDLE (LUX)/THREADNEEDLE (LUX)- TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER	2,424,170
COMPANIES	2,424,170
RICHIEDENTE: CBNY S/A TRANSAMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY/TRANSAMERICA AIM	59,402
INTERNATIONAL GROW	39,402
	320
DANIEL P COWAN MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050
SUSAN M, SNYDER	315
WILLIAM J, BLEIL	515 155
ALFRED F, KRAUSE MICHAEL HOTARY	155 220
	1,610
LISA FRIEDLANDER ALEDED AND KATHDYNE VDALISE	
ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE MARTIN J, FARRELL	125 1,475
GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,475
GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	1,110,004 441,441
GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298
GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL KEACH GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS	138,740
OKAMPLOK I EAK OLODAL STALWAKTS	130,/40
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* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC	2,328
RWC FUNDS	179,029
RICHIEDENTE:CASATI MAURO ELIDO/AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793
ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL	15,540
BLACKROCK EUROFUND	243,856
METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000
UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456
COLISEE IFC LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	164,400 46,396
MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300
LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168
MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280
AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII: FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68 187,364
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD,AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EOFD	187,304
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/CAREFIRST, INC, RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN	30,000
EAFE PLUS EQUITY TRUST AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U,K, INDEX ETF	7,203
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	4,241
PORTFOLIO	7,271
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	401,687
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INVESCO V,I, INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED	19,330
COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN	
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	46,112
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST	61,213
INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUN D AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND	12,262
GROWTH FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING	2,491
QP COMMON TRUST FUND	ŕ
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT S,A, FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961

* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE	80,000
DYNAMIC	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE	25,660
BALANCE	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE	95,975
EQUITY	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN	49,392
EQUITY	0==04
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE	97,652
MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	40.050
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS	10,969
1994 PENSION SCHEME	22.454
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS	33,251
LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL SERVICES LTD/STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET	2,719
BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG	425.505
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN	45,732
MASTER TR	===
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752 5.051
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS	217,100
FUND AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED	222 945
INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND	223,845
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	15,316
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH	5,169
PORTFOLIO	3,109
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH	2,542
PORTFOLIO	2,542
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD	18,758
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST	79,500
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS	81,100
TR	01,100
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912
AGENTE: NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY/LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/MERCER QIF CCF	48,544
AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958
AGENTE: STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT	377,175
SYSTEM	•
Number of proxies represented by badge: 416	141,141,476
Proxy givers of ESPOSITO MARCO	Badge n° 6125

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Proxy givers of ESPOSITO MARCO	Badge n° 6125
	Shares
AGENTE: SCHRODERS ITALY SIM/ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050
INVESCO FUNDS	36,187
BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HA-LU/WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/MI-FONDS 392	368,900
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	104,321
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060
AGENTE:BANK LOMBAR OD & C/LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386
SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484
ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799
THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719

BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST UNISYS MASTER TRUST	24,336 38,021
CF DV ACWI EX-U,S, IMI FUND AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	2,133 16,717
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP HELIUM AGENTE:BP2S-FRANKFURT/ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	160,000 73,600
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VGV POOLFONDS METZLER VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	342,000 768,166
VANGUARD FISE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/VANGUARD FUNDS PLC MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	203,567 92,780
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/MERIFIN CAPITAL B, V, AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	44,600 831,083
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	28,704 53,302
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	14,010 700,000
AGENTE:BQUE FEDERATIVE-STR/FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR AGENTE:HSBC BANK PLC/REASSURE LIMITED	120,000 106,860
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO ALABAMA TRUST FUND	1 118,205
COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	56,588 528,371
TIMESQUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR NORDEA 1 SICAV	179,414 669,864
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	52,148 107,107
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	232,394 44,410
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HA-LU/ING DIRECT	35,202
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206 516,112
T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV AGENTE:BP2S LUXEMBOURG/BNP PARIBAS A FUND	170,221 36,427
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/AFER ACTION PME AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	778,661 1,720,372
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	453,128 46,511
AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/PARVEST	2,947,903
AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/BNP PARIBAS L1 AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	37,114 1,401,828
AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	103,258 393,186
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	166,784 4,575,580
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	16,243 466,929
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HA-LU/NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	164,157 103,000
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP SCANDIUM	62,500
AGENTE:BP2S-FRANKFURT/ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 AGENTE:BP2S-FRANKFURT/ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	9,043 64,768
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	14,865 2,502,438
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	22,272 46,015
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM	505,500
AGENTE: NOMURA BK SA LUXEMB/NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	3,196 8,300
CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,365 53,878
SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026
55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	240,915 93,495
WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	198,188 3,206
PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	25,356 1,728
AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000

* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *

LIST OF I ROAT GIVERS	
WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310
	379
IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FISE EURO ETF	
DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527
BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695
EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712
VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983
HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600
BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484
BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740
ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433
1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888
PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071
BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810
BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	,
	1,888,403
BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660
VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626
	,
INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228
BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577
SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288
PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116
JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089
	,
AGENTE:JP MORGAN BANK LUXEM/NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674
AGENTE: JP MORGAN BANK LUXEM/NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740
STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874
ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER	54,891
BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322
NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632
POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62
	900
AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	
MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930
NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971
	,
AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000
BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634
MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637
	,
SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233
BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443
BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	
	70,196
BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517
BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771
	, ,
BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EQFD	5,629,560
DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199
MSV JP MORGAN	48,163
	,
MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335
BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579
KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000
KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460
AGENTE: BNPPSS MADRID BRANCH/AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000
	,
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488
AGENTE: HONGKONG/SHANGHAI BK/HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT	3,732
	3,134
SCHEME	
AGENTE: BP2S-FRANKFURT/DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686
AGENTE:BP2S-FRANKFURT/ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056
AGENTE:BP2S-FRANKFURT/ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014
AGENTE: BP2S-FRANKFURT/ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622
	,
AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884
AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847
AGENTE: BP2S LUXEMBOURG/BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127
	,
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446
	,
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/COMPT EUROPE	80,000
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/SAKKARAH 7	8,716
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634
	,
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/JEFFREY LLC	77,313
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962
AGENTE JE MONGAN CHASE DANN/IN TERNATIONAL GROW ITH AND INCOME FUND	3,342,902

in single call	
* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED AGENTE:JP MORGAN BANK LUXEM/STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	84,019 110,632
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL	56,654
CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N,A, INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	40,873 169,970
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL	43,411
INDEX FUND	
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX	1,313
PORTFOLIO AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S -LDN/JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES	42,487
FUND	12,107
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	261,288 92,160
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/C,R, HTDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2 AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	7,584
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL	34,987
OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL	7,552
INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	1,332
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	146,456 6,121,446
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION EMPLOYEES	8,546
FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592
GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	55,000 82,400
LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	82,400 11,483
ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300
1171 APG DME CCL	276,400
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058
BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964
INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	267,206 232,194
INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480
INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316
INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204
INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158 460,692
INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS AGENTE:STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089
INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EQUITY POOL	4,231
GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502
GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000
AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EQ ALTER TRAD	1,500 7,956
PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311
CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000
IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217
VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND LAWDENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	1,262
LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	320,242 61,656
THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692
BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051
COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737
ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918
AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	1,816,100 795,858
DELICITIES HIT INTIBERITE DIVINIE	175,050

* LIST OF PROXY GIVERS *

LIST OF I ROAT GIVERS	
OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000
VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033
FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000
AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194
AGENTE: THE BANK OF NOVA SCO/CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700
AGENTE: THE BANK OF NOVA SCO/CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500
	,
AGENTE: CREDIT SUISSE SECURI/CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200
AGENTE: THE BANK OF NOVA SCO/CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175
AGENTE: THE BANK OF NOVA SCO/CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	,
	29,373
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998
AGENTE: BROWN BROTHERS HARR/THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815
	,
AGENTE:BROWN BROTHERS HARR/CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S -LDN/JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699
	,
AGENTE:BP2S SINGAPORE/INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300
	,
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031
	,
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508
	,
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243
AGENTE:PICTET & CIE(EUROPE)/PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES	3,402
	3,402
INDEX FUND	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA	1,320
	1,520
TREATY	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN	4,800
	-,
TRACKER FUND	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264
	,
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS	191,899
INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	
	205.562
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK	305,563
FUNDS II	
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899
	,
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/AXA BELGIUM S A	312
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538
	,
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455
	,
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877
AGENTE:RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480
AGENTE: NDC IN VEGTON SEN VICE/EIVIF INE PENSION EQUIT I PUND	10,400

* I ICT	OΕ	PROVV	GIVERS *
LIST	UГ	rkuai	GIVERS "

ZIDI OI INOIII OI ZIND	
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325
AGENTE: SCHRODERS ITALY SIM/ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661
AGENTE:JP MORGAN BANK LUXEM/INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180
AGENTE:JP MORGAN BANK LUXEM/INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781
AGENTE: RBC INVESTOR SERVICE/STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463
AGENTE: HSBC BANK PLC/AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000
AGENTE: HSBC TRINKAUS AND BU/METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814
AGENTE:CS AG DUBLIN BRANCH/GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	4
AGENTE: BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345
AGENTE:BNP PARIBAS 2S-PARIS/FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280
JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994
AGENTE: JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531
ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421
AGENTE:BROWN BROTHERS HARR/JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032
AGENTE:JP MORGAN CHASE BANK/BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818
HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452
Number of proxies represented by badge: 326	137,602,339
Proxy givers of FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART,135 UNDECIES TUF)	Badge n° 6644
	Shares
GENERALI AMBITION	280,000
GENERALI INVESTMENTS SICAV	1,298,419
GENERALI SMART FUNDS SICAV	91,052
GENERALI ITALIA SPA	57,459
Number of proxies represented by badge: 4	1,726,930

4

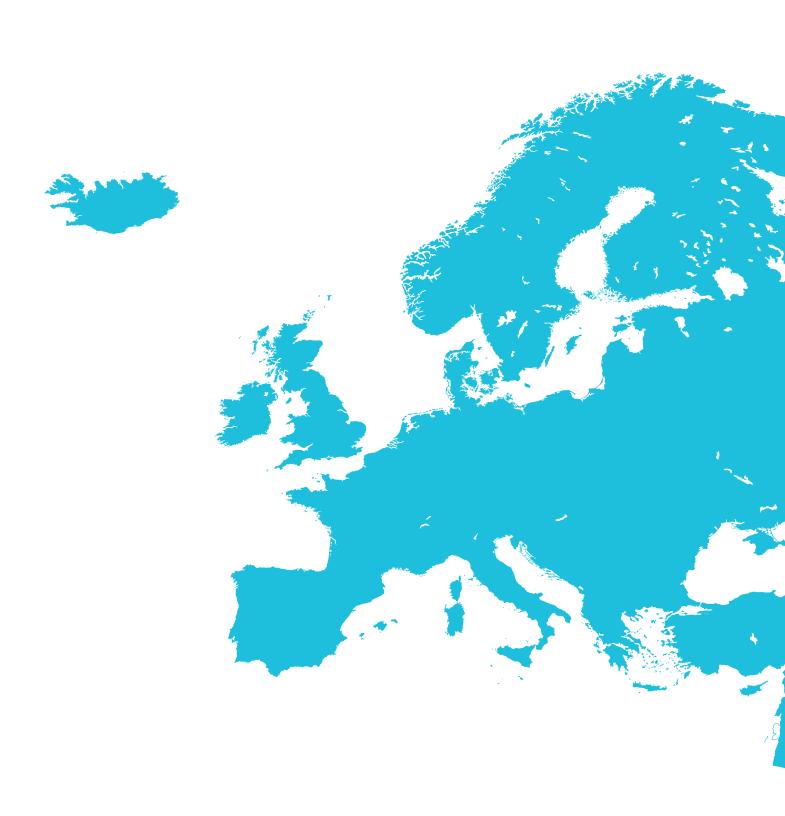


2018 REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.









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Board of Directors, Board of Statutory Auditors and External Auditors

Board of Directors

Enrico Cotta Ramusino Chairman

Francesco Saita Vice Chairman

Alessandro Foti **Chief Executive Officer** and General Manager

Elena Biffi **Directors**

Gianmarco Montanari Manuela D'Onofrio Maria Chiara Malaguti Maurizio Santacroce Patrizia Albano

Board of Statutory Auditors

Alternate Auditors

External Auditors

Elena Spagnol Chairman

Barbara Aloisi **Standing Auditors**

Marziano Viozzi

Federica Bonato Gianfranco Consorti

Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.

Lorena Pelliciari Nominated Official in charge of

drawing up Company Accounts

Registered office

Piazza Durante 11, 20131 Milan, Italy

"FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A."

in abbreviated form "FinecoBank S.p.A.", or "Banca Fineco S.p.A." or "Fineco Banca S.p.A."

Company controlled by UniCredit S.p.A., Gruppo Bancario UniCredit, Register of Banking Groups no. 2008.1, Member of the National Guarantee Fund and National Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund, Italian Banking Association Code 03015,

Tax Code and Milan Companies Register no. 01392970404 - R.E.A. (Economic and Administrative Index) no. 1598155, VAT No. 12962340159

On April 11, 2018, the Shareholders' Meeting, together with the approval of the Annual Report and Accounts 2017, has integrated the Board of Statutory Auditors by the confirmation of Elena Spagnol as Standing Auditor and Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors, replacing Stefano Fiorini, and appointing Gianfranco Consorti as Alternate Auditor.



Introduction to the Annual Reports and Accounts

In implementation of Legislative Decree no. 38 of February 28, 2005, these Financial Reports and Accounts comprise the Consolidated Financial Report and Accounts and the Financial Report and Accounts of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. (hereinafter FinecoBank or Fineco or the Bank), which have been prepared in accordance with the IAS/IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), including the SIC and IFRIC interpretation documents, as endorsed by the European Commission until December 31, 2018, pursuant to EU Regulation 1606/2002 of July 19, 2002 and applicable to financial reports for the periods starting on January 1, 2018.

In its Circular 262 of December 22, 2005 as amended, the Bank of Italy laid down the formats for the financial statements and explanatory notes to the accounts of banks and regulated financial companies that are parents of banking groups, which have been used by the Bank to prepare the Consolidated Report and Accounts and the Separate Report and Accounts.

As it belongs to the UniCredit Banking Group, FinecoBank is required to present consolidated financial statements, as required by law, as it controls Fineco Asset Management DAC and is an issuer of financial instruments traded on a public market.

The Consolidated Report and Accounts includes:

- the **Consolidated Financial Statements** comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Income Statement, the Statement of Consolidated Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Consolidated Shareholders' Equity, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, presented with a comparison to the corresponding financial statements of 2017;
- the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts;

and is accompanied by:

- the Consolidated Report on Operations, which includes the condensed accounts, the main results of the various business areas, and comments on the results for the year;
- the Certification of the Consolidated Report and Accounts pursuant to Article 81-ter of Consob Regulation no. 11971 of May 14, 1999 and subsequent amendments.

Any lack of correspondence between the figures shown in the Consolidated Report on Operations and the Consolidated Financial Statements is solely due to roundings.

The Financial Report and Accounts includes:

- the Financial Statements comprise the Balance Sheet, the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement
 of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, the Cash Flow Statement, presented with a comparison to the corresponding financial statements of
 2017;
- the Notes to the Accounts;

it is accompanied by the Certification of the Annual Financial Statements pursuant to Article 81-ter of Consob Regulation no. 11971 of May 14, 1999 and subsequent amendments.

For the Report on Operations pertaining to the separate financial statements of FinecoBank S.p.A., please refer to the Consolidated Report on Operations in which, in a specific section, the reclassified financial statements are shown, the main results of the various business areas of the Bank and the comments on the results of the financial year.

The annual report also includes:

- the Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors
- the Reports of the External Auditors.

The Bank applied the provision provided for in paragraph 7.2.15 of IFRS 9 and paragraphs E1 and E2 of IFRS 1 "First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", according to which - without prejudice to the retrospective application of the new measurement rules and representation required by the standard - there is no obligation to restate the figures of previous years (comparative values) in the FTA financial statements. Without prejudice to the disclosure regarding the reconciliation between data in the last approved financial statements and in the opening balances of the first financial statements drawn up according to the new standard, based on the provisions provided for in the 5th update of Circular 262 of December 22, 2005 "Banking financial statements: schedules and rules compilation", and the related methodology set forth in section 5. "Other matters - Transition to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments" of these notes to the consolidated accounts and in section 4 "Other matters - Transition to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments" of these notes to the accounts, the above statements were therefore supplemented, where different, with the accounting items of the 2017 financial statements in order to show the corresponding values determined according to IAS 39. The tables included in the notes to the consolidated accounts and notes to the accounts have also been integrated with the tables as provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262, presenting the relative values determined according to IAS 39, where it was not possible to report comparative data with respect to the previous year due to the 5th update above mentioned.

In the Financial Statements shown in the Consolidated Report on operations, the balance-sheet data as at December 31, 2017 and the income statement data for the year 2017 have been restated, with unchanged totals, according to the reclassified financial statement format adopted by the Bank that incorporates the changes introduced by the 5th update of Circular 262. Please note that, for a better exposure, in the "Consolidated"

Introduction to the Annual reports and accounts

balance sheet - Quarterly data" scheme, the situation as at January 01, 2018 has been presented following the application of the First Time Adoption of IFRS 9.

In particular, the main reclassifications, wherein amounts are provided analytically in the tables enclosed with this report, involve:

Balance Sheet

- the inclusion in "Loans to banks" of "Financial assets at amortised cost: a) Loans and receivables with banks" net of debt securities reclassified in "Other financial assets",
- the inclusion in "Loans to customers" of "Financial assets at amortised cost: b) Loans and receivables with customers" net of debt securities reclassified in "Other financial assets":
- the aggregation as "Other financial assets" of "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value", of "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" and of "Equity investments", with inclusion of debt securities from "Loans to banks and customers - Item 40 a) and b)":
- grouping under "Hedging instruments", both assets and liabilities, of "Hedging derivatives" and "Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged
- the inclusion of "Provision for employee severance pay", "Provisions for risks and charges" and "Other liabilities" under "Other liabilities".

Income Statement

- the inclusion in "Net trading, hedging and fair value income" of the "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading", "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting", "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss", "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of a) financial assets at ammortised cost - debt securities (not impaired)" and "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income";
- the inclusion in the "Net other operating expenses/income" of "Other operating income/expenses", excluding "Recovery of expenses" which is classified under its own item, and of the costs for "Write-downs on leasehold improvements" classified among "Other administrative expenses";
- the inclusion of the Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGS) in item "Other charges and provision";
- the inclusion in "Net income from investments" of "Write-downs and write-backs on: a) financial assets at amortised cost with regard to debt securities", "Write-downs and write-backs on: b) financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income - with regard to debt securities" and "Gains (losses) on disposal of investments";
- the inclusion in "Net write-downs on loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments" of the "Write-downs and write-backs on: a) financial assets at amortised cost - net of debt securities" and "Write-downs and write-backs on: financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - net of debt securities" and of "Net provisions for risks and charge a) commitments and financial guarantees given".

For additional information, reference is made to "Reconciliation of condensed consolidated accounts to mandatory reporting schedule" of the Annexes.



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Summary data

FinecoBank is the direct, multi-channel bank of the UniCredit Group. It has one of the largest networks of personal financial advisors in Italy and is the leader in Italy for equity trades. The Bank offers an integrated business model combining direct banking and financial advice. With a single account including a full range of banking, credit, trading and investment services, which are also available through applications for smartphone and tablet.

FinecoBank is listed on the Milan Stock Market and has been on Borsa Italiana's FTSE Mib index since April 1st, 2016. On March 20th, 2017, the stock became part of the STOXX Europe 600 Index.

FinecoBank is on the Standard Ethics Italian Banks Index© and the Standard Ethics Italian Index (comprising the largest 40 companies listed on the Borsa Italiana FTSE-MIB), one of the leading performance indexes and a benchmark for environmental, social and governance concerns. In June 2018, Standard Ethics confirmed the Bank's rating, EE, considered a full "investment grade" by who are increasingly attracted to sustainable businesses and companies with a lower reputational risk profile and strong prospects for long-term growth.

In order to further increase the Bank's competitive capacity by expanding the range of services offered, an Irish Asset Management Company, Fineco Asset Management DAC1 (hereinafter, Fineco AM), fully owned by the Bank, was incorporated on October 26th, 2017, after the approval of the project by the Board of Directors of UniCredit S.p.A. on August 2nd, 2017 and after the Board of Directors' meeting of FinecoBank held on September 19th, 2017, which also approved the amount of share capital to be allocated to the new company. The aim is to offer its customers a range of UCITS with a strategy focused on the definition of strategic asset allocation and selection of the best international managers, and therefore, diversify and improve the offer of asset management products and further increase the competitiveness of the Bank through a vertically integrated

On May 17th, 2018 Fineco AM obtained the authorization to perform asset management activities by the Central Bank of Ireland. On June 1st, 2018 Fineco AM has obtained the authorization by Luxembourg authority Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier to replace Amundi Luxembourg S.A. in the management of the pre-existing mutual funds under Luxembourg law labelled "Core Series". Starting from July 2nd, 2018, Fineco AM is fully operational.

At the end of 2018, total financial assets (direct and indirect) from customers amounted to €69,333 million, up 3.2% on €67,185 million at the end of 2017.

Net sales at the end of the year came to €6,222 million increased compared to 2017 (+4.4% y/y), despite the more complex market situation: assets under management came to €2,263 million, assets under custody came to €1,830 million and direct deposits came to €2,128 million. Sales of "Guided Products & Services" came to €2,766 million, their percentage on total AUM at the end of the year rose to 67%, compared to 63%² as at 31 December 2017.

Net sales through the network of Personal Financial Advisors totalled €5,453 million, up 0.9% compared to 2017. Total financial assets (direct and indirect) as at December 31, 2018 amounted to €59.910 million (+3.5% y/y).

The TFA related to Private Banking clients, i.e. with assets above €500,000, totalled €25,830 million, equals to 37% of total TFA of the Bank.

In 2018, €248 million in personal loans and €411 million in mortgages were granted, and €945 million in current account overdrafts was arranged, with an increase in exposures in current account of €377 million; this has resulted an overall 46.4%³ aggregate increase in loans to customers compared to December 31, 2017. Credit quality remains high, with a cost of risk at 24 bp, driven by the principle of offering credit exclusively to existing customers, making use of specialist tools to analyse the bank's vast information base. The cost of risk is structurally contained and fell further thanks also to the effect of new loans, which are mainly secured and low-risk. The ratio between impaired loans and total loans to ordinary customers was 0.11% (0.16% as at December 31, 2017).

The total number of customers as at 31st December 2018 was 1,277,787, up 6% compared to the previous year. Customers continue to reward Fineco's transparent approach, high quality and comprehensive range of financial services as represented through the "one-stop solution" concept.

The net profit for the year amounted to €241.2 million, with an increase of 12.7% on the previous year. The cost/income ratio moved from 39.74% as at December 31, 2017 to 39.3% as at December 31, 2018, confirming the operating efficiency of the Bank and the spread of the company culture on controlling costs. The 2018 results reflect the Bank's sustainability and the strength of its business model, capable of generating profits in all market conditions. The net profit of the year net of the non-recurring items booked in 2018⁴ should be equal to to €244.4 million, up 11.8% compared to the 2017 net profit5 net of the non-recurring items.

On 4 May 2018 the company changed its name from "Fineco Asset Management Limited" to "Fineco Asset Management DAC".

² Starting from the financial year 2018, data on assets under administration and direct sales included in the Advice and Plus advisory services were reclassified as part of assets under management to better represent the advisory nature of the Advice and Plus services. For comparative purposes the data for 2017 have been restated on a pro forma basis

³ Loans receivable with ordinary customers include solely to loans granted to customers (current account overdrafts, credit cards, personal loans, mortgages and unsecured loans)

⁴ Change in fair value of the exposure in equity securities versus the Voluntary Scheme established by the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits for an amount of -€3 million (-€2 million net of the tax effect), severance paid in for an amount of -€1.6 million (-€1.1 million net of the tax effect) and integration costs for an amount of €0.1 million (-€0.1 million) net of the tax effect).

⁵ Losses from write-offs and value adjustments made to the exposure in equity securities against the Voluntary Scheme established by Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits, for an amount of -€12.9 million (-8.6 million net of tax effect); release of integration costs estimated in the previous year, for an amount of + €0.4 million net of the tax effect); positive change in current taxes referring to the application of the participation exemption on the capital gain realized in 2016 from the sale of the investment in VISA Europe Ltd, for an amount of +€3.9 million.

Consolidated Report on Operations

The Bank's offering is split into three integrated areas of activity: (i) banking, including current account and deposit services, payment services, and issuing debit, credit and prepaid cards, mortgages and personal loans; (ii) brokerage, providing order execution services on behalf of customers, with direct access to major global equity markets and the ability to trade CFDs (on currencies, indices, shares, bonds and commodities), futures, options, bonds, ETFs and certificates; (iii) investing, including placement and distribution services of more than 6,000 products, including mutual funds and SICAV sub-funds managed by 78 leading Italian and international investment firms, including the subsidiary Fineco AM, insurance and pension products, as well as investment advisory services through a network of 2,578 personal financial advisors.

Summary data (CONTINUED)

Key figures of the consolidated financial statements (CONTINUED)

Condensed Accounts

Consolidated balance sheet

(Amounts in € thousand) AMOUNTS AS AT CHANGES 12.31.2018 12.31.2017 AMOUNTS ASSETS Cash and cash balances (607)-99.0% Financial assets held for trading 6,876 (1,951)-22.1% 8,827 Loans and receivables with banks 3,058,882 3,039,207 19,675 0.6% Loans and receivables with customers 2,955,074 2,129,219 825,855 38.8% Financial investments 18,231,182 16,715,041 1,516,141 9.1% (1,861)-18.5% Hedging instruments 8,187 10,048 9.4% Property, plant and equipment 16,632 15,205 1,427 89,602 Goodwill 89,602 796 10.1% Other intangible assets 8,705 7,909 -27.4% 6,714 9,249 (2,535)Tax assets Other assets 350,770 315,415 35,355 11.2% Total assets 24,732,630 22,340,335 10.7% 2,392,295

	AMOUNTS	ITS AS AT CHAI		ANGES
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNTS	%
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001	83,773	9.0%
Deposits from customers	22,273,188	20,205,036	2,068,152	10.2%
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221	11,936	(9,715)	-81.4%
Hedging instruments	7,941	(397)	8,338	n.c.
Tax liabilities	12,390	10,234	2,156	21.1%
Other liabilities	451,435	455,699	(4,264)	-0.9%
Shareholders' equity	975,681	731,826	243,855	33.3%
- capital and reserves	744,256	526,046	218,210	41.5%
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)	(1,454)	17.4%
- net profit	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,732,630	22,340,335	2,392,295	10.7%

Consolidated balance sheet - Quarterly data

			AMOUNTS A	S AT	•	
ASSETS	12.31.2018	09.30.2018	06.30.2018	03.31.2018	01.01.2018	12.31.2017
Cash and cash balances	6	532	1,733	745	613	613
Financial assets held for trading	6,876	12,253	10,871	10,368	8,827	8,827
Loans and receivables with banks	3,058,882	3,397,576	3,224,477	3,487,848	3,036,333	3,039,207
Loans and receivables with customers	2,955,074	2,735,885	2,632,749	2,318,096	2,128,528	2,129,219
Financial investments	18,231,182	17,665,380	17,188,339	17,095,494	16,724,188	16,715,041
Hedging instruments	8,187	313	2,667	356	119	10,048
Property, plant and equipment	16,632	14,545	15,036	14,839	15,205	15,205
Goodwill	89,602	89,602	89,602	89,602	89,602	89,602
Other intangible assets	8,705	7,898	7,827	7,584	7,909	7,909
Tax assets	6,714	17,758	10,914	6,428	8,639	9,249
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	-	-	91	-	-	-
Other assets	350,770	240,922	241,054	203,695	315,415	315,415
Total assets	24,732,630	24,182,664	23,425,360	23,235,055	22,335,378	22,340,335

			AMOUNTS A	S AT	•	•
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	09.30.2018	06.30.2018	03.31.2018	01.01.2018	12.31.2017
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	999,543	907,794	960,046	926,001	926,001
Deposits from customers	22,273,188	21,827,286	21,196,653	20,916,380	20,205,036	20,205,036
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221	5,512	4,568	4,892	11,936	11,936
Hedging instruments	7,941	(285)	2,374	(460)	(397)	(397)
Tax liabilities	12,390	48,674	22,038	36,307	7,718	10,234
Other liabilities	451,435	397,621	417,933	325,843	456,150	455,699
Shareholders' equity	975,681	904,313	874,000	992,047	728,934	731,826
- capital and reserves	744,256	746,340	763,818	937,076	521,178	526,046
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(19,760)	(14,997)	(3,994)	(6,364)	(8,340)
- net profit	241,219	177,733	125,179	58,965	214,120	214,120
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,732,630	24,182,664	23,425,360	23,235,055	22,335,378	22,340,335

Summary data (CONTINUED)

Key figures of the consolidated financial statements (CONTINUED)

Consolidated Income Statement

				Amounts in € thousand)
_	YEA		CHAN	
	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Net interest	278,659	264,781	13,878	5.2%
Dividends and other income from equity investments	42	29	13	44.8%
Net fee and commission income	300,443	270,083	30,360	11.2%
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	44,239	48,219	(3,980)	-8.3%
Net other expenses/income	1,913	3,760	(1,847)	-49.1%
OPERATING INCOME	625,296	586,872	38,424	6.5%
Staff expenses	(86,606)	(79,294)	(7,312)	9.2%
Other administrative expenses	(245,501)	(236,945)	(8,556)	3.6%
Recovery of expenses	96,767	93,367	3,400	3.6%
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(10,424)	(10,369)	(55)	0.5%
Operating costs	(245,764)	(233,241)	(12,523)	5.4%
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	379,532	353,631	25,901	7.3%
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guarantees and				
commitments	(4,384)	(5,351)	967	-18.1%
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	375,148	348,280	26,868	7.7%
Other charges and provisions	(21,380)	(19,025)	(2,355)	12.4%
Integration costs	(121)	408	(529)	-129.7%
Net income from investments	1,105	(13,399)	14,504	n.c.
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	354,752	316,264	38,488	12.2%
Income tax for the year	(113,533)	(102,144)	(11,389)	11.1%
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%
NET PROFIT (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE GROUP	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%

Consolidated Income Statement - Quarterly data

(Amounts in € thousand)

	2018			
	4 TH QUARTER	3 RD QUARTER	2 ND QUARTER	1 ST QUARTER
Net interest	71,073	69,940	68,742	68,904
Dividends and other income from equity investments	12	10	13	7
Net fee and commission income	81,785	72,680	74,516	71,462
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	5,900	10,721	13,080	14,538
Net other expenses/income	1,680	(350)	96	487
OPERATING INCOME	160,450	153,001	156,447	155,398
Staff expenses	(21,905)	(23,202)	(20,966)	(20,533)
Other administrative expenses	(59,323)	(59,247)	(61,464)	(65,467)
Recovery of expenses	22,982	25,162	23,922	24,701
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(3,132)	(2,456)	(2,497)	(2,339)
Operating costs	(61,378)	(59,743)	(61,005)	(63,638)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	99,072	93,258	95,442	91,760
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments	(2,333)	(895)	155	(1,311)
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	96,739	92,363	95,597	90,449
Other charges and provisions	(1,782)	(15,899)	(1,925)	(1,774)
Integration costs	(115)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Net income from investments	(3,150)	(903)	5,157	1
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	91,692	75,559	98,827	88,674
Income tax for the period	(28,206)	(23,005)	(32,613)	(29,709)
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	63,486	52,554	66,214	58,965
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	63,486	52,554	66,214	58,965
NET PROFIT (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE GROUP	63,486	52,554	66,214	58,965

	2017			
	4 TH QUARTER	3 RD QUARTER	2 ND QUARTER	1 ST QUARTER
Net interest	70,069	67,415	64,334	62,963
Dividends and other income from equity investments	11	6	6	6
Net fee and commission income	70,696	69,680	65,026	64,681
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	11,100	11,127	12,282	13,710
Net other expenses/income	3,930	63	(764)	531
OPERATING INCOME	155,806	148,291	140,884	141,891
Staff expenses	(20,601)	(19,769)	(19,708)	(19,216)
Other administrative expenses	(60,031)	(53,021)	(61,451)	(62,442)
Recovery of expenses	24,987	21,888	23,215	23,277
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(2,908)	(2,628)	(2,503)	(2,330)
Operating costs	(58,553)	(53,530)	(60,447)	(60,711)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	97,253	94,761	80,437	81,180
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments	(2,124)	(1,577)	(1,053)	(597)
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	95,129	93,184	79,384	80,583
Other charges and provisions	5,154	(21,029)	(773)	(2,377)
Integration costs	428	(7)	1	(14)
Net income from investments	(11,598)	(1,448)	(361)	8
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	89,113	70,700	78,251	78,200
Income tax for the period	(26,031)	(23,929)	(25,678)	(26,506)
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	63,082	46,771	52,573	51,694
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	63,082	46,771	52,573	51,694
NET PROFIT (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE GROUP	63,082	46,771	52,573	51,694

Summary data (CONTINUED)

Key figures of the consolidated financial statements (CONTINUED)

Main balance sheet figures

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNTS	%
Loans receivable with ordinary customers (1)	2,632,270	1,798,520	833,750	46.4%
Total assets	24,732,630	22,340,335	2,392,295	10.7%
Direct deposits (2)	22,068,931	19,940,715	2,128,216	10.7%
Assets under administration (3)	47,263,709	47,243,837	19,872	0.0%
Total customers sales (directa and indirect)	69,332,640	67,184,552	2,148,088	3.2%
Shareholders' equity	975,681	731,826	243,855	33.3%

⁽¹⁾ Loans receivables with ordinary customers refer solely to loans granted to customers (current account overdrafts, credit cards, personal loans, mortgages and unsecured loans).

Operating Structure

	DATA AS AT		
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	
No. Employees	1,170	1,119	
No. Personal financial advisors	2,578	2,607	
No. Financial shops (1)	390	375	

⁽¹⁾ Number of operating financial shops: financial shops managed by the Bank and financial shops managed by personal financial advisors (Fineco Centers).

Profitability, productivity and efficiency ratios⁶

 $(\text{Amounts in} \in \text{thousand})$

	DATA #	AS AT
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Net interest/Operating income	44.56%	45.12%
Income from brokerage and other income/Operating income	55.43%	54.88%
Income from brokerage and other income/Operating costs	141.03%	138.08%
Cost/income ratio	39.30%	39.74%
Operating costs/TFA	0.36%	0.37%
Cost of risk	24 bp	45 bp
CoR (incentive system)	24 bp	40 bp
ROE	35.61%	39.47%
Return on assets	0.98%	0.96%
EVA (calculated on economic capital)	194,309	193,269
EVA (calculated on accounting capital)	167,840	165,295
RARORAC (calculated on economic capital)	33.50%	54.58%
RARORAC (calculated on accounting capital)	18.52%	24.21%
ROAC (calculated on economic capital)	41.59%	60.52%
ROAC (calculated on accounting capital)	26.62%	31.39%
Total sales to customers/Average employees	60,579	60,938
Total customer sales/(Average employees average PFAs)	18,553	18,060

⁽²⁾ Direct deposits include overdrawn current accounts and the Cash Park deposit account (with regard to 2017 the item included Supersave repos as well).

(3) Assets under administration consist of products placed online or through FinecoBank personal financial advisors.

⁶ Please note that the ratios shown in the table and relating to the year 2017 have been recalculated considering the effect of the application of IFRS9.

Consolidated Report on Operations

Key

Income from brokerage and other income: Net fee and commission income, Net trading, hedging and fair value income and Net other expenses/income.

Cost/income ratio: Operating Costs divided by Operating Income.

Operating costs/TFA: ratio of operating costs to Total Financial Assets. The TFA used for the ratio is the average for the year, calculated as the average between the period-end balance and the balance as at the previous

Cost of risk: is the ratio of Net write-downs of loans with customers and provisions for guarantees and commitments with customers to loans to customers (average of single quarters' averages). The scope only includes loans to ordinary customers. The methods of calculation for this indicator have been changed as of FY2018 and the relevant indicators at December 31, 2017 have been restated for comparative purposes.

CoR (incentive system): is the ratio of Net write-downs of Loans and receivables with customers to Loans and receivables with customers (average of the balance at year end and the balance at December 31 of the previous year). The scope of the exposures excludes positions deriving from bonds and advances to personal financial advisors.

ROE: ratio between the net profit and the average book shareholders' equity (excluding dividends and any donations expected to be distributed and the revaluation reserves) for the period (average between the amount of the end of period and the amount of the shareholders' equity as at December 31 of previous year).

Return on assets: ratio of net profit after tax to total assets.

EVA (Economic Value Added): shows the firm's ability to create value; calculated as the difference between net operating profit and the figurative cost of the allocated capital; the latter was calculated using either the greater of the regulatory capital and the economic capital absorbed either using the book value of shareholders' equity (average of single end quarters).

RARORAC (Risk adjusted Return on Risk adjusted Capital): the ratio between EVA (using either the greater of the regulatory capital absorbed and the economic capital or using the book value of shareholders' equity) and Allocated/Absorbed Capital and expresses, in percentage, the capacity to create value for unit of risk taken.

ROAC (Return on Allocated Capital): the ratio of net operating profit and allocated capital. Allocated capital means the greater of internally calculated capital based on shared UniCredit Group models (Economic Capital) and regulatory capital or using the book value of shareholders' equity.

Balance Sheet indicators7

	DATA	AS AT
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Loans receivable with ordinary customers/Total assets	10.64%	8.05%
Loans and receivables with banks/Total assets	12.37%	13.60%
Financial assets/Total assets	73.71%	74.82%
Direct sales/Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	89.23%	89.26%
Shareholders' equity (including profit)/Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	3.94%	3.28%
Ordinary customer loans/Direct deposits	11.93%	9.02%

	DATA AS AT		
CREDIT QUALITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	
Non-performing loans/Loans receivable with ordinary customers	0.11%	0.16%	
Bad loans/Loans receivable with ordinary customers	0.06%	0.10%	
Coverage (1) - Bad loans	91.65%	91.70%	
Coverage ⁽¹⁾ - Unlikely to pay	76.80%	76.53%	
Coverage (1) - Impaired past-due exposures	64.60%	53.69%	
Coverage 17 - Total Non-performing loans	88.23%	88.27%	

⁽¹⁾ Calculated as the ratio between the amount of impairment losses and gross exposure

Own funds and capital ratios

FinecoBank is not required to prepare the disclosure relating to own funds and regulatory ratios on consolidated basis as it is part of the UniCredit banking group, so please refer to the section on the results of the parent FinecoBank and the associated information on individual own funds and regulatory ratios as set out in this Consolidated Report on Operations.

⁷ Please note that the ratios shown in the table and relating to the year 2017 have been recalculated considering the effect of the application of IFRS9.

Summary data (CONTINUED)

Key figures of the consolidated financial statements (CONTINUED)

Market share

Trading on Italian Stock Market (Assosim)	_ 12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Third party volumes traded on MTA	24.75%	19.65%
Classification of third party volumes traded on MTA	1°	1°
Personal financial advisors (Assoreti)	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Stock volumes	11.66%	11.16%
Stock Classification	3°	3°
Personal financial advisors (Assoreti)	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Net Sales volumes	18.18%	13.79%
Net Sales Classification	2°	3°
Total Deposits (Bank of Italy)	09.30.2018	12.31.2017
Market share - Total Financial Assets	1.64%	1.61%
Market share - Direct Deposits	1.31%	1.32%
Market share - Assets under Administration	1.89%	1.81%

Figures related to Total Deposits (Bank of Italy) refer to September 30, 2018 as they are the latest figures available.

With regard to the Bank of Italy market share, it should be specified that in 2018 the method for collecting direct deposits was modified, based on indications from the ECB, to include bank drafts, repos (liability side) and other payables. Therefore, even the 2017 data have been recalculated

Business performance

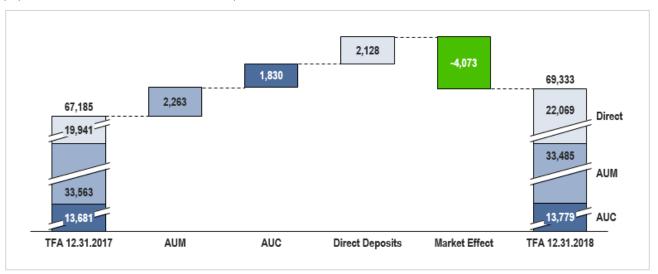
Performance of total financial assets

Direct deposits showed growth of 10.7% compared to the end of the previous year, to reach €22,069 million and confirming the high level of appreciation of the quality of the services offered by the Bank among customers. Indeed, the majority of direct deposits were "transactional", supporting customers' overall operations. The increase in this component of sales confirms the high and increasing degree of customer loyalty, which in turn contributes to improving the stability of direct sales.

Assets under administration (Assets under Management-AUM plus Assets under Custody-AUC) came to €47,264 million, in line with data recorded as at December 31, 2017. The negative market effect recorded in 2018, amounting to €4,073 million (of which -€2,341 million relating to AUM and -€1,732 million relating to AUC), has substantially zeroed the positive effect of the sales generated during the year, equal to €2,263 million relating to Assets under Management-AUM and €1,830 relating to Assets under Custody-AUC.

Total financial assets (direct and indirect) thus reached €69,333 million, up 3.2% compared to the end of December 2017, thanks to a total net sales of €6,222 million recorded in 2018. The quality of sales was also confirmed, which shows a percentage impact of "Guided products & services" on TFA of 32.3%, in line with the end of 2017, and on Assets under Management of 66.8%, an improvement compared to 63.2% recorded at the end of 2017, thanks to the continuous refinement of the offer, with an intense activity on the advisory services and insurance/social security products.

It is note worthing that starting from 2018, data on direct sales and Assets under Custody-AUC included in the Advice and Plus advisory services were reclassified as part of assets under management to better represent the advisory nature of the Advice and Plus services. For comparative purposes the data for 2017 have been restated on a pro forma basis.



AUC = Assets under custody
AUM = Assets under management
TFA = Total Financial Assets

Respectively, the Bank's products and/or services developed by investing in UCITs selected from among those distributed for each asset class taking into account customers' different risk profiles and offered to the Bank's customers under the guided open architecture model. At the date of this report, the guided products category included the "Core Series" umbrella fund of funds, "Core Funds", the Individual Savings Plans ("Piani Individuali di Risparmio" or "PIR") and the "Core Unit", "Advice Unit", "Core Multiramo" and "Advice Top Valor" and "Old Mutual" unit-linked policies, while the "Fineco Advice", "Fineco Stars" and "Fineco Plus" advanced advisory services (for investment) fall under the guided service category.

The table below shows the figures for the balance of direct and indirect deposits of the Bank's customers, including both those linked to a personal financial advisor and those operating exclusively through the online channel.

Total financial assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS	S AS AT	AMOUNT	S AS AT	CHAN	GES
	12.31.2018	COMP %	12.31.2017	COMP %	ABSOLUTE	%
Current accounts and demand deposits	22,065,889	31.8%	19,931,182	29.7%	2,134,707	10.7%
Time deposits and reverse repos	3,042	0.0%	9,533	0.0%	(6,491)	-68.1%
DIRECT DEPOSITS	22,068,931	31.8%	19,940,715	29.7%	2,128,216	10.7%
Segregated accounts	1,095	0.0%	6,729	0.0%	(5,634)	-83.7%
UCITS and other investment funds	24,853,033	35.8%	26,998,628	40.2%	(2,145,595)	-7.9%
Insurance products	7,618,203	11.0%	6,074,833	9.0%	1,543,370	25.4%
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	1,012,355	1.5%	482,573	0.7%	529,782	109.8%
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT BALANCE	33,484,686	48.3%	33,562,763	50.0%	(78,077)	-0.2%
Government securities, bonds and stocks	13,779,023	19.9%	13,681,074	20.4%	97,949	0.7%
ASSETS UNDER CUSTODY	13,779,023	19.9%	13,681,074	20.4%	97,949	0.7%
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	69,332,640	100.0%	67,184,552	100.0%	2,148,088	3.2%
of which Guided products & services	22,369,583	32.3%	21,227,005	31.6%	1,142,578	5.4%

The table below shows the figures for direct and indirect deposits solely for the personal financial advisors network' customers. Total financial assets, amounting to €59,910 million, increased by 3.5% compared to December 31, 2017, thanks to net sales of €5,453 million, partially absorbed from a negative market effect.

Total financial assets - Personal Financial Advisors Network

_	AMOUNTS	S AS AT	AMOUNTS	AS AT	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	COMP %	12.31.2017	COMP %	ABSOLUTE	%
Current accounts and demand deposits	16,564,769	27.6%	14,674,039	25.3%	1,890,730	12.9%
Time deposits and reverse repos	2,793	0.0%	8,424	0.0%	(5,631)	-66.8%
DIRECT DEPOSITS	16,567,562	27.7%	14,682,463	25.4%	1,885,099	12.8%
Segregated accounts	1,095	0.0%	6,729	0.0%	(5,634)	-83.7%
UCITS and other investment funds	24,476,015	40.9%	26,565,970	45.9%	(2,089,955)	-7.9%
Insurance products	7,545,142	12.6%	5,992,040	10.4%	1,553,102	25.9%
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	1,012,329	1.7%	482,571	0.8%	529,758	109.8%
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT BALANCE	33,034,581	55.1%	33,047,310	57.1%	(12,729)	0.0%
Government securities, bonds and stocks	10,307,435	17.2%	10,157,116	17.5%	150,319	1.5%
ASSETS UNDER CUSTODY	10,307,435	17.2%	10,157,116	17.5%	150,319	1.5%
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS - PERSONAL FINANCIAL						
ADVISORS NETWORK	59,909,578	100.0%	57,886,889	100.0%	2,022,689	3.5%
of which Guided products & services	22,342,564	37.3%	21,197,073	36.6%	1,145,491	5.4%

Business performance (Continued)

The table below shows the figures for direct and indirect deposits for 2018 compared with the same period of the previous year, for both customers linked to a personal financial advisor and online-only customers.

Net sales came to € 6,222 million, increased by 4.4% compared to the amount relating to the year ended at December 31, 2017.

Net sales

					(Amou	ints in € thousand)	
	YEAR 2018	COMP %	YEAR 2017	COMP % -	CHANG	HANGES	
_	1 LAN 2010	COWIF /6	1LAN 2017	COWIF 70	ABSOLUTE	%	
Current accounts and demand deposits	2,134,707	34.3%	1,655,516	27.8%	479,191	28.9%	
Time deposits and reverse repos	(6,539)	-0.1%	(193,479)	-3.2%	186,940	-96.6%	
DIRECT SALES	2,128,168	34.2%	1,462,037	24.5%	666,131	45.6%	
Segregated accounts	(5,598)	-0.1%	(3,758)	-0.1%	(1,840)	49.0%	
Investment funds and other funds	(140,273)	-2.3%	2,299,626	38.6%	(2,439,899)	n.c.	
Insurance products	1,828,637	29.4%	1,646,832	27.6%	181,805	11.0%	
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	580,170	9.3%	82,882	1.4%	497,288	600.0%	
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT	2,262,936	36.4%	4,025,582	67.6%	(1,762,646)	-43.8%	
Government securities, bonds and stocks	1,830,410	29.4%	470,508	7.9%	1,359,902	289.0%	
ASSETS UNDER ADMINISTRATION	1,830,410	29.4%	470,508	7.9%	1,359,902	289.0%	
NET SALES	6,221,514	100.0%	5,958,127	100.0%	263,387	4.4%	
of which Guided products & services	2,765,823	44.5%	4,559,314	76.5%	(1,793,491)	-39.3%	

The table below shows the figures for direct indirect deposits solely for the personal financial advisors network' customers for 2018 compared to the previous year.

Net sales - Personal Financial Advisors Network

					() 1111001110	iii c aioacaila)
	YEAR 2018	COMP %	YEAR 2017	COMP %	CHANGES	
_	1 EAR 2010	CONIP 76	1EAR 2017	COWIP %	ABSOLUTE	%
Current accounts and demand deposits	1,890,730	34.7%	1,252,370	23.2%	638,360	51.0%
Time deposits and reverse repos	(5,718)	-0.1%	(132,586)	-2.5%	126,868	-95.7%
DIRECT SALES	1,885,012	34.6%	1,119,784	20.7%	765,228	68.3%
Segregated accounts	(5,598)	-0.1%	(3,758)	-0.1%	(1,840)	49.0%
Investment funds and other funds	(132,127)	-2.4%	2,271,437	42.0%	(2,403,564)	n.c.
Insurance products	1,830,387	33.6%	1,651,876	30.6%	178,511	10.8%
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	580,298	10.6%	82,910	1.5%	497,388	599.9%
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT	2,272,960	41.7%	4,002,465	74.1%	(1,729,505)	-43.2%
Government securities, bonds and stocks	1,295,366	23.8%	282,136	5.2%	1,013,230	359.1%
ASSETS UNDER ADMINISTRATION	1,295,366	23.8%	282,136	5.2%	1,013,230	359.1%
NET SALES	5,453,338	100.0%	5,404,385	100.0%	48,953	0.9%
of which Guided products & services	2.771.228	50.8%	4.560.961	84.4%	(1.789.733)	-39.2%

Performance of main income statement aggregates

Operating income came to €625.3 million, up 6.5% compared to €586.9 million for the year 2017.

Net interest and Net fee and commission income contributed to the increase in the operating income as they rose, respectively, by 5.2%, 11.2%, while **Net trading, hedging and fair value income** decreased by 8.3%.

The increase in Net interest of €13.9 million compared to the previous year was due to the increase in transactional liquidity and the higher penetration of lending activity. In this regard it should be noted that the structure of the investments carried out by the Bank contributed to maintaining a significant level of interest income, with the average gross rate on interest-earning assets standing at 1.30% (1.35% as at December 31, 2017).

Net fee and commission income increased €30.4 million compared to the previous year, mainly thanks to higher net fee and commission income for for securities trading and order collection (+€3 million), the placement and management of managed asset products (+€123.8 million), collection and payment services (+€2.9 million), other services (+€2.2 million), mainly relating to the annual fee on credit cards.

Net trading, hedging and fair value income was mainly generated by gains realised from the internalisation of securities and CFD derivatives, financial instruments used for operational hedging of CFDs and the exchange differences on assets and liabilities denominated in currency, decreased by 3.6 million compared to the previous year. Trading profit also incorporates gains and losses from the financial instruments recognised in "Other assets mandatorily at fair value", including, as described above, the class "C" preferred shares of Visa INC and the exposure in equity securities versus the Voluntary Scheme established by the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits, whose fair-value measurement resulted in a gain of €1.6 million and in a loss of €3 million, respectively, in 2018. The item also includes the profits recognised in relation to the sale of government securities recorded in the "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" for an amount of €1.7 million.

Operating costs remain under control, highlighting an increased by €12.5 million compared to the previous year (+€7.3 million for staff expenses, of which €2.2 million from Fineco AM, and +€5.2 million for "Other administrative expenses net of Recovery of expenses", of which €1.5 million from Fineco AM). The 5.4% increase in operating costs (+3.8% net of Fineco AM), in fact, is limited compared to the expansion of assets, customers and structure, confirming the strong operational leverage of the Bank and the widespread corporate culture in cost governance theme, certified by a cost/income ratio of 39.3% (39.74% at 31 December 2017).

Net write-downs of loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments amounted to -€4.4 million on. It should be noted that accounting standard IFRS 9, with application as of January 1st, 2018, introduced a new impairment accounting model for credit exposures and resulted in an extension of the Bank's scope of recognition (for additional information see Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts), so comparison with 2017 is not significant. As at December 31, 2018 the item included adjustments, mainly related to retail commercial loans, higher compared to 2017 as consequence of the significant increase in performing exposures (non-performing loans, on the other hand, remained essentially unchanged compared to the previous year), and on the other hand, benefitted from write backs on transaction mainly with the Parent Company, following the reduction in the exposures and in the improvement in their risk profile.

Other charges and provisions amounted to €21.4 million, up 12.4% compared to 2017, mainly due to greater charges for the annual, ordinary and additional contribution to Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGS) and to the annual contribution to the Solidarity Fund, paid to the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund ("IDGF") for a total amount of €14.3 million compared to €10.6 million paid in 2017, partially offset by lower provisions for risks and charges for legal disputes and claims. Note that the annual contribution paid to Deposit Guarantee Schemes in 2017 moreover benefited from the adjustments of the contributions paid for 2015 and 2016 for a total amount of €1.3 million.

The **Net income from investments** stood at €1.1 million. The accounting standard IFRS 9 introduced significant changes in the classification and measurement of financial instruments, so comparison with the previous year is not significant (for additional information see Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts). The item includes write offs on new sovereign States, Supranational and government bonds purchased during 2018 and, on the other hand, the write backs on exposures to debt securities issued by the Parent Company Unicredit S.p.A. in relation to the reduction in the exposures and in the improvement in their risk profile.

Profit before tax from continuing operations amounted to €354.8 million, up 12.2% compared to previous year. Excluding the non-recurring items 20189 mentioned before, the Profit before tax from continuing operations should be €359.5 million, up 9.4% compared to 2017¹0 net of nonrecurring items.

The Net profit for the year amounted to €241.2million, showing an increase of 12.7% compared to €214.1 million of the previous year. Excluding the non-recurring items 2018 mentioned before, the Net profit for the year should be €244.4 million, up 11.8% compared to 2017 net of nonrecurring items.

⁹ Change in fair value of the exposure in equity securities versus the Voluntary Scheme established by the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits for an amount of -€3 million (-€2 million net of the tax effect), severance paid in for an amount of -€1.6 million (-€1.1 million net of the tax effect) and integration costs for an amount of €0.1 million (-€0.1 million) net of the tax effect).

¹⁰ Losses from write-offs and value adjustments made to the exposure in equity securities against the Voluntary Scheme established by Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits, for an amount of -€12.9 million (-8.6 million net of tax effect); release of integration costs estimated in the previous year, for an amount of + €0.4 million net of the tax effect); positive change in current taxes referring to the application of the participation exemption on the capital gain realized in 2016 from the sale of the investment in VISA Europe Ltd, for an amount of +€3.9 million.

Business performance (Continued)

Performance of main balance sheet aggregates

Loans and receivables with banks came to €3,058.9 million, substantially in line with the amount as at December 31, 2017 (+0.6%). The exposures mainly consisted of the cash on deposit in reciprocal current accounts and time deposits with the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A..

Loans and receivables with customers came to €2,955.1 million, up 38.8% compared to December 31, 2017, thanks to the increase in lending. During the year, €248 million in personal loans and €411 million in mortgages were granted and €945 million in current account overdrafts was arranged, with an increase in exposures in current account of €377 million; this has resulted an overall 46.4% (€2,632.3 million) aggregate increase in loans to customers compared to December 31, 2017 (€1,798.5 million). Impaired loans net of impairment losses totalled €2.8 million (€2.9 million as at December 31, 2017), with a coverage ratio of 88.23%; the ratio between impaired loans and loans to customers was 0.11% (0.16% as at December 31, 2017).

Financial investments came to €18,231.2 million, up 9.1% compared to December 31, 2017. The carrying amount of the debt securities issued by the Parent Company amount to €9,115.8 million, down compared to €10,838.9 million as at December 31, 2017. It is noted that during 2018 the Parent Company repaid bonds at maturity with a nominal value of €1,680 million and \$ 50 million; the Bank purchased government, Supranational and government agency bonds.

Deposits from banks totaled €1,009.8 million, showing a slight increase in debts recorded at 31 December 2017 (+9%). Debts mainly include the amount of repos traded with UniCredit S.p.A. and securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money made with other banks.

Deposits from customers came to €22,273.2 million, up 10.2% compared to December 31, 2017, due to the growth in direct deposits.

Shareholders' equity amounted to €975.7 million, up 33.3% compared to December 31, 2017. The increase is mainly due to the issue on January 31, 2018 of an Additional Tier 1 Perp bond (5.5 years) for an amount of €200 million, fully subscribed by the Parent Company, to the part of net profit 2017 allocated to reserves, as resolved by the Shareholders' Meeting held on 11 April 2018, for an amount of €40.9 million, to the increase in net profit 2018 compared to December 31, 2017 (+€27.1 million), partially offset by the purchases, made during 2018, of treasury shares in relation to the "2017 PFA incentive system" for Financial Advisors identified as "Key personnel" and in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN" in favour of selected Financial Advisors

Communications and external relations

In 2018 the "Human Capital" campaign was confirmed and supported through the communications network; since 2017, the campaign has put people at the heart of the Bank's strategic communications project and their ability to manage the technology and innovation that FinecoBank offers to its customers and to the network of personal financial advisors. Within the Bank's offering, the increasingly central role of the advisor and financial advisory services are an integral part of communications, summed up in the claim: "Always Investing In The Most Advanced Technology We Know: People."

"The bank that simplifies banking" was confirmed at the heart of the unique positioning that Fineco continues to communicate and develops also in 2018.

The first half of 2018 represented for the Bank the period of maximum media exposure thanks to the planning of an important advertising flight in February using all means of communication (TV, radio, financial press, digital media and posters), plus two additional flights, in April and May, using TV only designed to support brand awareness over time.

Four TV flights dedicated to the trading segment were also planned during the year, which also involved the digital medium with acquisition objectives.

The national press coverage to support the Private Banking segment with the campaign "You write private banking, you read Fineco" continued this year too, alongside another press initiative at the local level. This extension to the local press reflects the need to increase visibility and protect our local positioning thereby giving greater support to our managerial structures.

Numerous activities and events were organised for private and other customers across Italy, thanks also to partnerships with prestigious brands, as well as experience exclusive events.

The 2018 edition of the Fineco Golf Club, took place between May and October, is becoming an increasingly strategic activity and a tool for the retention and acquisition of new high-end customers and is an important event that has gained wide recognition in the golf arena.

Activities regarding Fineco UK have been strengthened since the beginning of the year. A multichannel communication campaign was launched and courses and education webinars were planned to introduce the Bank's offers and trading platforms to prospects and customers. In February 2018 FinecoBank took part in the London Forex Show where, among others, it was awarded the Best Forex Provider of the Year award. In November 2018 the new multi-subject communication campaign "The multicurrency Bank" was launched using TV, financial press and digital media.

Incentive plans

The Board of Directors' meeting of FinecoBank held on January 10, 2018 - in consideration of the favourable opinion of the Remuneration Committee which met on January 9, 2018 - approved the following incentive systems subsequently approved by the Shareholders' Meeting of April 11, 2018:

- 2018 Incentive System for Employees categorised as "Key Personnel";
- Long-Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020 for employees;
- 2018 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors identified as "Key Personnel";
- Long-Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020 for Personal Financial Advisors identified as "Key Personnel";
- Long-Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020 for selected Personal Financial Advisors non identified Staff.

On February 6, 2018, in view of the positive outcome of the verification of the minimum entry conditions (at Bank level and Group level, where applicable) and the individual conditions (compliance of conduct and continued employment) and the favourable opinion provided by the Remuneration Committee in its meeting of February 5, 2018, the Board of Directors approved:

- for the 2014 and 2015 Incentive Systems (Bonus Pool)":
 - the execution of the plans;
 - the allocation of the second share tranche of the 2014 plan, awarded in 2015, corresponding to 112,440 free ordinary shares, in line with the maximum amount approved by the Board of Directors on May 15, 2014;
 - the allocation of the first share tranche of the 2015 plan, awarded in 2016, corresponding to 84.117 free ordinary shares, in line with the maximum amount approved by the Board of Directors on January 22, 2015.
 - o a free capital increase, for a total amount of €64,863.81 corresponding to a total of 196,557 FinecoBank ordinary shares with a nominal value of €0.33 each (with the same characteristics as those in circulation and with regular dividend entitlement), impartial exercise of the authority granted to the Board of Directors by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of June 5, 2014 and of April 23 2015, in accordance with Article 2443 of the Italian Civil Code. The dilution effect resulting from the above free capital increase has been quantified as 0.03% of the fully diluted capital.
- for the "2014-2017 Top Management Multi-Year Plan":
 - the execution of the plan;
 - o the allocation of n. 494,493 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second share tranche of the plan, awarded in 2015, in line with the maximum amount approved by the Board of Directors on February 9, 2015;
 - o a free capital increase, for a total amount of €163,182.69 corresponding to a total of 494,493 FinecoBank ordinary shares with a nominal value of €0.33 each (with the same characteristics as those in circulation and with regular dividend entitlement), in partial exercise of the authority granted to the Board of Directors by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of June 5, 2014, in accordance with Article 2443 of the Italian Civil Code. The dilution effect resulting from the above free capital increase has been quantified as 0.08% of the fully diluted capital;
 - o changes to the rules as regards entry conditions.
- for the stock granting "2015-2017 Plan PFA":
 - the allocation to selected personal financial advisors of a number of ordinary shares to be given free, corresponding to a total amount of € 19.968,999.99;
 - the allocation of the first tranche in shares, equal to a third of the total amount;
 - the purchase of treasury shares in consideration of the authorization obtained by the Supervisory Authority, pursuant to art. 77-78
 EU Reg. No. 575/2013 of 26 June 2013 (CRR), consistently with the Shareholders' resolution.
- for the "2017 PFA Incentive System" plan:
 - the proposal for determination of the 2017 Bonus Pool for the Personal Financial Advisors;
 - the proposals for the determination of the 2017 and deferments previous years' bonus for personal financial advisors categorised as "Identified Staff";
 - o the allocation of n. 27,644 FinecoBank shares, to be granted free of charge to the above-mentioned personal financial advisors in accordance with the provisions of the Rules;
 - the purchase of Treasury shares, in view of having obtained the authorisation from the Supervisory Authority, pursuant to Articles 77-78 EU 575/2013 of June 26, 2013 (CRR), in accordance with the shareholder meeting resolutions.
- for the "2017 Incentive System (Bonus Pool)" plan:
 - o the FinecoBank "2017 Bonus Pool";
 - o the proposals for the determination of the 2017 bonus for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and other Managers with Strategic Responsibilities and other Identified Staff;
 - the allocation of n. 142,290 FinecoBank ordinary shares, to be given free of charge to the above-mentioned Personnel in accordance with the provisions of the Rules.
- with reference to the "2016 Incentive System":
 - the execution of the plan;
 - o the allocation of the second tranche in cash of the plan awarded in 2017.
- for the "2016 PFA Incentive System" plan:

Business performance (CONTINUED)

- the execution of the plan;
- the allocation of the second tranche in cash of the plan, to be granted to the above-mentioned personal financial advisors "identified Staff", in accordance with the provisions of the Rules.
- with reference to the "2015 PFA Incentive System":
 - o the execution of the plan;
 - the allocation of the first tranche of the plan, equal to n. 27,103 FinecoBank phantom shares, to be granted to the above-mentioned personal financial advisors "identified Staff", in accordance with the provisions of the Rules.

The Board of Directors' meeting of FinecoBank held on May 8, 2018 - in consideration of the favourable opinion of the Remuneration Committee which met on May 4, 2018 - approved the promise of assigning maximum n. 905.066 FinecoBank ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the "Long-Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020 for employees" identified by the Bank.

FinecoBank shares

Share information

In an year characterized by financial markets turmoil following the increasing geopolitical tensions and the political uncertainties in Italy, FinecoBank shares stood out from the Italian equities landscape recording a strong relative performance compared to FTSE MIB index and to Euro STOXX Banks index: since the beginning of the year FTSE MIB index and l'Euro STOXX Banks index were down respectively by 16% and 33%, while FinecoBank shares increased by 3%.

As at December 31st, 2018, the share price was €8.78, up from the closing price at year-end 2017 of €8.54, and with an average value in 2018 of €9.82. In addition, during 2018 the share price reached its all-time high at €11.89.

The company's market capitalisation amounted to €5,341 million as at December 31st, 2018.

	YEAR 2014	YEAR 2015	YEAR 2016	YEAR 2017	YEAR 2018
Official price of ordinary shares (€)					
- maximum	4.750	7.805	7.400	8.735	11.890
- minimum	3.808	4.438	4.622	5.345	7.956
- average	4.173	6.479	5.980	6.914	9.823
- period-end	4.668	7.625	5.330	8.535	8.778
Number of shares (million)					
- outstanding at period end	606.3	606.5	606.8	607.7	608.4

Results achieved in the main areas of activity

The following pages contain the main indicators and results of the main business segments: Banking, Brokerage and Investing. Further to these it has to be added the asset management activities carried out by the subsidiary Fineco AM, fully operational starting from 2 July 2018.

Given the Bank's specific business model that provides for a high level of integration among its different activities, these main business segments are interdependent. Indeed, the Bank offers its services (banking and investment services) through a network of personal financial advisors and online and mobile channels that operate in a coordinated and integrated manner.

All the activities were carried out with the aim of obtaining economic results from the "industrial" management of the businesses, to minimise their financial risk. The Bank's financial management approach is to manage risks with a view to protecting the industrial returns on the various businesses while not assuming risk positions on its own account.

Banking

Banking and Payment cards

With regard to Banking and Payment cards, the Bank is constantly committed to offering its customers new services or improving existing services, with a strong focus on digitization and innovation. In this context, during the 2018, the following main updates have been registered

- The SCT Instant service (SEPA Instant Credit Transfer) has been launched so to allow the cash transfer between accounts in the SEPA
 Area within 10 seconds. The service is running 24/7 and it is aimed at encouraging the usage of cash transfer making the service faster
 and more reliable;
- the Vocal Recognition Service has been activated over the whole customer base; this service allows clients to access customer care
 services by pronouncing a simple sentence (Vocal Password). This new identification method is based on vocal biometric technologies
 allowing to identify the peculiarity of a specific voice and use them to create a unique voice print that the client can use as a password
 when calling customer care so to have a frictionless and secure customer experience;
- the processes for management and update of MIFID questionaires have been improved;
- the Multicurrency service contract has been modified so to allow clients to use additional currencies: JPY, CAD and TRY;
- the account opening processes has been improved by allowing to sign the "Adesione al servizio firma grafometrica" form through biometric signature;
- launch of Apple Pay, the new digital payment service that is free of charge and allows to pay in store, in-app and online, both on
 MasterCard and VISA schemes, without having the physical credit card in the wallet but just using an eligible Apple device. Together with
 the launch of Apple Pay service, Fineco also started a promotion targeted to the clients that are currently not holding a credit card; the
 initiative is aimed at promoting the subscription of Fineco credit cards and offers the chance to reset the first year annual fee by spending
 on Apple Pay;
- the Visa Infinite product has been improved with the introduction of the Standard offer, added to the existing Premium offer, so to better match the Private segment needs;
- the strengthen of the services targeted to the UK market aimed at offering to UK residents the access to Fineco banking and credit services though multichannel platforms dedicated to the UK market and the usage of web advertising and member-gets-member initiatives targeted to UK residents.

With regard to the Regulatory matters, we would like to highlight the following:

- the European Directive 2015/2366 (also known as Directive PSD2) has come into force, with purposes to create a common payment system within the European Union that will promote and push integration, competitiveness and increasing in the meantime the security level;
- the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) has come into force on the 25th of May 2018, with aims at guaranteeing equal standards for individual's personal data treatment within the European Union. The adoption of this new regulation confirms the Fineco's constant commitment in providing its client the maximum level of protection and transparency when threating their personal data.

There was an increase in the number of current accounts opened with the Bank, the effect of which is mainly recorded in the balance of direct deposits, which rose from 19,941 million euros at December 31, 2017 to 22,069 million euros at December 31, 2018.

(Amounts in € thousand)

							(,
	YEAR 2	018 YEAR 2017		017	CHANGES			
CREDIT PRODUCTS		CARRYING		CARRYING	SPENDING	}	CARRYING AM	OUNT
	SPENDING	AMOUNT	SPENDING	AMOUNT	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Revolving credit cards	51,194	43,201	50,989	41,890	205	0.4%	1,311	3.1%
Credit cards full payment of								
balance	2,851,868	277,241	2,586,400	246,535	265,468	10.3%	30,706	12.5%
Total	2,903,062	320,442	2,637,389	288,425	265,673	10.1%	32,017	11.1%

Mortgages, credit facilities and personal loans

For what regards Lending, FinecoBank continued to improve its personal loans and digital lending offer, with the following initiatives:

- improvement of the consolidation loan offer allowing clients to consolidate its loans and get up to €30,000 to be repaid in 72 instalments; this product can be requested online with a completely paper-less procedure and the digital signature;
- introduction of the possibility to request, also through the app, a personal loan with instant evaluation, the service that allowing to receive a feedback and disbursement in real time, operating 24/7, thanks to an internal rating system that evaluates in advance credit reliability and income capacity of the requestor.

Furthermore, the mortgage offer has been improved through the introduction:

- In March 2018, of a new product "Mutuo Rifinanziamento" allowing to obtain up to €500.000, at a fixed or variable rate, to be repaid in up to 20 years; this product allows the requestor to transfer its own mortgage in FinecoBank and obtain, at the same time, further money to be used to finance new project or investments with no purpose obligation.
- In December 2018, of the new product "Mutuo Remix" that it's a market disruption and offers clients a double advantage:
 - customize the mortgage interest rate, at the moment of the loan request, by balancing the weights to be attributed to the fixed and variable spread components (customized interest rate);
 - reduce, after the mortgage has been granted, the weight attributed when requesting the loan: the client can reduce the variable component and increase, as a consequence, the fixed one up to the 100%. With this option, the customer actually has the ability to turn his rate into fixed over time, going to stabilize his installment (Remix option).

Lastly, FinecoBank continued to improve the operational of Credit Lombard, adding new instruments given as collateral coming from non-collateral dossiers (new feature "Additional Credit Lombard") and trasfering all pledged securities versus another dossier without any impact on credit line (new feature " Migrazione Credit Lombard").

The planning and management of marketing campaigns activity also continued in 2018. This activity combines creative, promotional, logistics and monitoring activities aimed at improving the positioning of the brand and the Fineco offer, through web advertising and / or word of mouth initiatives (member gets member) addressed to the already customers.

The table below highlights an increase in "Personal loans and unsecured loans" and "current account credit facilities" compared to the same period of the previous year, partially offset by a reduction in mortgages.

(Amounts in € thousand)

YEAR 2018		3	YEAR 2017	CHANGES				
CREDIT PRODUCTS		CARRYING		CARRYING	DISBURSEN	MENTS	CARRYING A	MOUNT
	DISBURSEMENTS	AMOUNT	DISBURSEMENTS	AMOUNT	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Personal loans and unsecured								
loans	247,995	433,647	230,195	350,320	17,800	7.7%	83,327	23.8%
Current account credit facilities*	945,053	1,018,700	831,351	641,554	113,702	13.7%	377,146	58.8%
Mortgages	411,064	856,870	521,475	516,251	(110,411)	-21.2%	340,619	66.0%
Total	1,604,112	2,309,217	1,583,021	1,508,125	21,091	1.3%	801,092	53.1%

^{*} With regard to Current account credit facilities the column Disbursements shows the amounts granted.

Furthermore note that the amount at year-end of loans with a security collateral totaled to €924 million (€899 million related to "Credit Lombard", €18 million related to credit facilities secured by pledged and €7 million related to credit facilities with mandate for sale), equals to 98% of total amount of credit lines granted.

Results achieved in the main areas of activity (CONTINUED)

Brokerage

2018 shows positive results in the brokerage, thanks to an integrated platform and a complete offer of services and tools to operate on markets, associated with a diversified business model and a strategy focused on the long-term sustainability of growth of the Bank. The results have been achieved in a very complex market phase that Fineco has faced with a strengthening of its operating efficiency and in productivity, focusing on quality, transparency and innovation.

The achievement of legal requirements of Mifid 2 and ESMA have featured significantly the online brokerage industry, especially in a context of low volatility. The 2018 has been a year of turning point for online trading. However, the Bank has consolidated its leadership in the Italian brokerage market, considering traded amount and number of operations, with market shares of 24.75% and 22.38% respectively, as confirmed by Assosim's

During 2018, the offer has been further expanded with the introduction of new services and functionalities:

- new graphics design of the ETF Center, with intraday chart for the most quoted titles, list of titles most present in the ETF's portfolios replays of customers and chart of the most traded titles and more viewed by customers for a complete view and the updated ways on
- expansion of the CFD offer range, in particular with:
 - Super CFD, which is characterized by a higher size and a reduced spread compared to the respective CFDs already offered;
 - CFD operations with underlying commodities, also allowing overnight negotiation;
 - o CFDs on the volatility of European shares, an absolute innovation in Italy;
 - New CFD operations with underlying shares listed on German, French and Italian markets, available on the website, app and Powerdesk:
- new tools on the PowerDesk platform, to improve its usability, such as, for example, best & worst dynamic, basket order multi panel, duplication of the watch list of the instruments, possibility to select one of its current accounts on which to operate and, for the technical analysis, the introduction of the Heiken Ashi candles and the Ichimoku indicator;
- Daily Options, with underlying assets such as CFDs on indices, on "Currency Pair", or on commodity future, whose trading, in euros and without commissions, allows to exploit the daily volatility of the underlying, with "Quotes" and "Profit & Loss" provided in push mode;
- Super intraday margination, available on website, app and PowerDesk, which allows to trade, on the actions of the main Italian and foreign companies, with a leverage effect higher than that offered with intraday margination, without any additional commission;
- creation of an operation package dedicated to the Professional client. An online tool allows customers, who have the characteristics, to request in a simple and direct classification to "Professional user on request". This type of customer can access all Fineco tools with professional conditions (operation on a wide range of OTC bonds, with access to new emissions on the primary market, and trading on the KID-free instruments) and manage more broadly the leverage (up to 100x on CfD Logos, reduced margins on CFD and CFD FX compared to retail customers) and risk, all without additional costs on the operation;
- options on the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE);
- new Futures Commission range: up to 1 euro/lot on IDEM and Eurex and 2 USD on CME.

The following table shows the number of orders on financial instruments recorded during the 2018 of the same period of the previous year.

		_	CHAN	GES
	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2017	ABSOLUTE	%
Orders - Equity Italia (including internalised orders)	7,232,629	7,348,739	(116,110)	-1.6%
Orders - Equity USA (including internalised orders)	1,245,012	933,401	311,611	33.4%
Orders - Equity other markets (including internalised orders)	515,151	531,582	(16,431)	-3.1%
Total Equity orders	8,992,792	8,813,722	179,070	2.0%
Orders - Bonds	488,314	498,338	(10,024)	-2.0%
Orders - Derivatives	3,346,848	2,834,055	512,793	18.1%
Orders - Forex	712,753	875,734	(162,981)	-18.6%
Orders - CFDs	2,719,951	3,641,412	(921,461)	-25.3%
Orders - Funds	2,476,182	2,423,506	52,676	2.2%
Orders- Repo	-	2,863	(2,863)	-100.0%
TOTAL ORDERS	18,736,840	19,089,630	(352,790)	-1.8%

It is worth nothing the increase of in orders on US equities, which increased by 33.4%, and the good performance reported by the orders on derivatives, which increased by 18.1 %. The orders on CFDs decreased by 25.3% and the orders on Forex decreased by 18.6%.

The table below shows the volume of trades carried out as direct counterparty in orders placed by customers, resulting from the internalization of orders received on shares, CFDs and Logos, recorded in the 2018 compared to the previous year.

(Amounts in € thousand)

			CHAN	GES
	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2017	ABSOLUTE	%
Equity (internationalization)	67,620,264	52,665,758	14,954,506	28.4%
Forex	43,345,841	52,211,278	(8,865,437)	-17.0%
CFD and Logos	74,818,404	48,093,537	26,724,867	55.6%
Total "internalized" volumes	185,784,509	152,970,573	32,813,936	21.45%

Investing

The Bank uses a guided open architecture business model to offer customers an extremely wide range of asset management products - comprising collective asset management products, such as units of UCITS and SICAV shares - from carefully selected Italian and international investment firms, pension and insurance products as well as investment advisory services.

With regard to asset management products, during 2018, the range of these products was further enhanced with the addition to the platform of over 410 new ISINs and 3 new Investment Firms available to customers.

It is worth noting the entry into the platform of Fineco Asset Management DAC' funds, company wholly owned by FinecoBank. Initially, starting from July 2018, the company obtained the necessary authorisations from Luxembourg's Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier to replace Amundi Luxembourg S.A. in the management of the "Core Series" investment funds. In a second moment, starting from September 2018, Fineco AM launched the new range of funds under delegation, using partnerships with the best international managers. Fineco AM's structure will take full advantage of the opportunities offered by Fineco's open architecture and will allow the Bank to more closely cater to its customers' needs, to more efficiently select products and to achieve greater profits through its vertically integrated business model.

With regard to pension products, at the end of March 2018, the range was expanded with the launch of Core Pension, an open-end pension fund of Amundi SGR for long-term investments exclusively accessible to the FinecoBank network. It is a container where clients' savings needs for retirement can be combined according to their work cycle and sustainable risk profile and which offers the opportunity to benefit from the tax advantages typical of supplementary pension instruments. The product is characterized by high flexibility in the composition of the portfolio, by offering four alternative investment segments with increasing equity and a guaranteed line in which to invest. During 2018 Core Pension inflows around €60 milion, with over 5,000 acceptances.

About the insurance advisory services, in March the range of the products was extended through the new version of "Multi line" with 5 combinations of the GEFIN Separate Account and Internal Insurance Funds (AIF) denominated Core Multiramo Extra (net inflows from the beginning of the year of approximately €90 million). In April the new Core Multiramo Target was launched which uses the Aviva's GEFIN Separate Account as the main initial investment and then gradually transfers assets to an Equity Internal Insurance Fund (AIF) according to the "Target" program defined upon subscription (net inflows from the beginning of the year of approximately €740 million). Lastly, in December, with the aim to meet the increasing customization needs of Fineco Private Bankers and the network of consultants with high standing customers, but also in order to accommodate assets deriving from requests for transfers of private customers with positions on other placers, the Luxembourg Lombard Private Client Insurance Unit-linked policy was launched, with a minimum investment of €500 thousand.

As part of the "Insurance Brokerage" business, a collaboration was launched with the broker First Advisory, through which we launched, in March, the new temporary "High Protection" life insurance policy of Eurovita dedicated to Private customers.

As regards consulting services, 2018 was characterized by the launch of "Plus", the exclusive service dedicated to the FinecoBank network: a consulting contract through which the Consultant can offer its customers highly diversified and freely customizable portfolios.

The main feature offered by "Plus" is the global consulting service offered that spans asset management (funds and SICAVs) as well as asset administration products and ETPs (ETFs, ETCs, ETNs) and insurance investment products.

"Plus" offers analytical and professional reporting, including through an APP, to analyse performance, monitor the actual risk/ return ratio, the diversification level, the quality of the instruments, with periodic portfolio checks. With just one "click", you can send the contract, the diagnosis and, where applicable, transfer the products in the ordinary securities account, in line with FinecoBank's typical approach.

In 2018 the Bank also improved the reporting of the advisory service Fineco Advice, enriching it with the withholding taxes applied to Funds/Sicav sales and dividends, in order to display also for performance gross of taxation. Furthermore, the indication of the income taxes on each instrument has been added. Improvements have been made to the Advice platform available to the network, simplifying its use and use by personal financial advisors.

Results achieved in the main areas of activity (CONTINUED)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGE	
	12.31.2018	COMP %	12.31.2017	COMP %	ABSOLUTE	%
UCITS and other investment funds	24,853,033	74.2%	26,998,628	80.4%	(2,145,595)	-7.9%
Insurance products	7,618,203	22.8%	6,074,833	18.1%	1,543,370	25.4%
Segregated accounts	1,095	0.0%	6,729	0.0%	(5,634)	-83.7%
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	1,012,355	3.0%	482,573	1.4%	529,782	109.8%
Total assets under management	33,484,686	100.0%	33,562,763	100.0%	(78,077)	-0.2%

The network of personal financial advisors

With regard to the network of personal financial advisors, 2018 was characterized by the entry into force of MiFID II and by the return of volatility in financial markets.

The introduction of MiFID II legislation did not entail significant changes in FinecoBank's network business, which has always based its consultancy model on transparency towards the customer and that was able to take advantage of a technological infrastructure that has allowed to support personal financial advisors in the magement activity of formalities related to the introduction of new regulations. These distinctive elements allowed personal financial advisors to dedicate themselves with a greater intensity to customer assistance activity, with the main aim of strengthening and consolidating the relationship with the client, while at the same time increasing the concepts of transparency legislation itself.

Despite the complex market phase, characterized by ther return of volatility, the network of personal financial advisors has confirmed its ability to act as a privileged interlocutor in the financial planning of customers. The total net sales recorded as at December 31, 2018 amounted to €5,453 million, of which Assets under management of €2,273 million. The sales from Advisory services amounted to €2,771 million. 85,214 were the current accounts opened through the network of personal financial advisors.

With regard to the Private segment, it is noted that the total net sales amounted to approximately €2.133 million and the overall assets as at December 31, 2018 amounted to approximately €23,438 million, equal to 39% of the network's total assets; the number of private customers is 26,555 as of 31 December 2018, equal to 2% of total customers.

The growth recorded, as also noted in the past, was mainly produced by the existing network, with no special contributions made by tactical commercial and recruitment campaigns, thanks also to the continuous refinement of the offer continues, with an intense activity on advisory services and insurance / social security products characterized by a planning approach to objectives and constant monitoring and risk control. The proximity to our customers is also explained through events organized throughout the country, with the aim of providing information on the relevant financial issues. Since the beginning of the year, capillary no 1,112 events that saw the participation of over 42,000 customers and prospects.

With regard to the quality of sales, it is note worthing that existing network has seen a growth in the average per capita portfolio of 4.7% yoy which over the 12 months, with an increase in the managed assets of 3.5% yoy and of well 5.4% yoy on Guided Products, compared to the end of 2017.

Simultaneously, the input on recruitment selectivity has been strategically strengthened, with the main objective of increasing the average quality of the network as well. The Bank more closely focused on the targets of interest, all of which should share:

- customer-centric view of the business;
- operations focused on advice and transparency;
- tendency to operate in a dynamic and modern environment, characterized by high technological content.

During 2018, 70 new personal financial advisors were recruited from the network, the traditional banks and private banking sectors. As part of the "youth programme" designed to introduce young graduates in the financial profession, 51 new advisors were recruited.

At December 31, 2018, the network consisted of 2,578 personal financial advisors distributed in the territory with 390 financial shops (Fineco Center), managed directly by the Bank or by the personal financial advisors themselves. There is also continued investment in the commercial structures used by personal financial advisors, which contribute to raising the image and giving more and more coverage to the presence of the Bank in the Italian territory.

Net sales - Personal Financial Advisors Network

The table below shows the breakdown of sales attributable to the Personal Financial Advisors network as at December 31, 2018 compared to previous year.

			(Amounts in € thousand)			
					CHANGES	
	YEAR 2018	COMP %	YEAR 2017	COMP %	ABSOLUTE	%
Current accounts and demand deposits	1,890,730	34.7%	1,252,370	23.2%	638,360	51.0%
Time deposits and reverse repos	(5,718)	-0.1%	(132,586)	-2.5%	126,868	-95.7%
DIRECT SALES	1,885,012	34.6%	1,119,784	20.7%	765,228	68.3%
Segregated accounts	(5,598)	-0.1%	(3,758)	-0.1%	(1,840)	49.0%
Investment funds and other funds	(132,127)	-2.4%	2,271,437	42.0%	(2,403,564)	n.c.
Insurance products	1,830,387	33.6%	1,651,876	30.6%	178,511	10.8%
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	580,298	10.6%	82,910	1.5%	497,388	599.9%
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT	2,272,960	41.7%	4,002,465	74.1%	(1,729,505)	-43.2%
Government securities, bonds and stocks	1,295,366	23.8%	282,136	5.2%	1,013,230	359.1%
ASSETS UNDER ADMINISTRATION	1,295,366	23.8%	282,136	5.2%	1,013,230	359.1%
NET SALES	5,453,338	100.0%	5,404,385	100.0%	48,953	0.9%
of which Guided products & services	2,771,228	50.8%	4,560,961	84.4%	(1,789,733)	-39.2%

The network of personal financial advisors (CONTINUED)

Total financial assets - Personal Financial Advisors Network

The table below shows the breakdown of sales attributable to the PFA network as at December 31, 2018. Total financial assets, amounting to €59,910 million, increased by 3.5% compared to December 31, 2017, thanks to the positive contribution of direct sales generated during the year, equal to €5,453 million, despite the negative market effect recorded in 2018, which substantially reduced the growth in assets under management and assets under custody.

_	AMOUNTS AS AT		AMOUNTS AS	AT	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	COMP %	12.31.2017	COMP %	ABSOLUTE	%
Current accounts and demand deposits	16,564,769	27.6%	14,674,039	25.3%	1,890,730	12.9%
Time deposits and reverse repos	2,793	0.0%	8,424	0.0%	(5,631)	-66.8%
DIRECT DEPOSITS	16,567,562	27.7%	14,682,463	25.4%	1,885,099	12.8%
Segregated accounts	1,095	0.0%	6,729	0.0%	(5,634)	-83.7%
UCITS and other investment funds	24,476,015	40.9%	26,565,970	45.9%	(2,089,955)	-7.9%
Insurance products	7,545,142	12.6%	5,992,040	10.4%	1,553,102	25.9%
Asset under custody and Direct deposits under advisory	1,012,329	1.7%	482,571	0.8%	529,758	109.8%
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT	33,034,581	55.1%	33,047,310	57.1%	(12,729)	0.0%
Government securities, bonds and stocks	10,307,435	17.2%	10,157,116	17.5%	150,319	1.5%
ASSETS UNDER CUSTODY	10,307,435	17.2%	10,157,116	17.5%	150,319	1.5%
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS - PERSONAL FINANCIAL						
ADVISORS NETWORK	59,909,578	100.0%	57,886,889	100.0%	2,022,689	3.5%
of which Guided products & services	22,342,564	37.3%	21.197.073	36.6%	1.145.491	5.4%

Human resources

The parent: FinecoBank S.p.A.

As at December 2018, the Bank's employees are 1,154 up compared to 1,120 as at December 31, 2017. The breakdown was as follows:

HUMAN RESOURCES	31 DECEMBER 2018	31 DECEMBER .2017
FinecoBank employees	1,157	1,119
Group employees seconded to FinecoBank (+)	-	4
FinecoBank employees seconded to the Group (-)	(3)	(3)
Total human resources	1,154	1,120

During 2018, activities continued, with particular attention to the gender topics, to strengthen and optimise the areas dedicated to business development, organisational support and risk control and management. This led to the hiring of 127 workers, of which:

- 7 from other Group Companies;
- 120 from the market.

Out of the 120 new recruits from the market, the majority were employed in the Customer Relationship Management area, confirming the strong and ongoing focus on young graduates. Customer Relationship Management forms the starting point of a pathway of professional development that can lead to different roles in the Company.

In continuity with the past years, we put our effort in attracting new talents, with particular focus on Millennials, also thanks to education initiatives aimed at raising the middle management awareness on the correct understanding and management of the new generation behavioural matters.

2018 showed a significant use of internal job rotation that involved 29 resources enabling, on one hand, to cover the vacant positions within the Company, and on the other hand, to guarantee the continuous staff professional development.

During the year, a total of 89 employees left the bank, including:

- 32 resignations;
- 29 transfers to Group Companies:
- 28 for other reasons.

The Bank's employees can be broken down as follows:

	MEN		WO	MEN	TOTAL	
CATEGORY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Executives	22	23	4	4	26	27
Managers	256	239	103	98	359	337
Professional Areas	380	368	392	387	772	755
Total	658	630	499	489	1,157	1.119

As at December 31, 2018, part-time staff in the Bank amounted to 89, accounting for 8% of employees, with women employees representing around 43% of the workforce. The average length of service was 9 years and the average age was around 40.

Employee training

In 2018, employees training was focused both on the acquisition and consolidation of specific skills required by the company needs, and on the updating of individual knowledge, with specific focus on mandatory, technical and linguistic training.

A breakdown of training hours by training area is presented below:

TRAINING AREA	HOURS OF TRAINING
Mandatory	8,414
Technical	14,183
Foreign Language	9,918
Conduct – Management	429
Total	32,944

Human resources (CONTINUED)

Mandatory training

FinecoBank is committed to spreading and enhancing the Risk and Compliance Culture, allowing our business to be sustainable and profitable.

In particular, during 2018, the relevance of the Compliance Culture was further underlined, considering its importance in promoting fundamental values such as transparency and respect, that represent the basis of FinecoBank business.

For this reason, FinecoBank paid significant attention to mandatory training. All employees had the opportunity to attend the courses both using the Group e-learning platform (My Learning), and through training classrooms dedicated to specific subjects (e.g Anti Money Laundering, Financial Sanctions, Volcker Rule). In addition to this, attendance percentages were periodically monitored in order to ensure mandatory subjects learning within the Company, protecting it against operational, legal and reputational risks.

Technical training

During the last year, specific training sessions were organized (internally or involving external providers) in order to develop technical skills necessary to improve not only the productivity, but also employees' specialisation levels.

In 2018 all the employees had the chance to attend, on a voluntary basis, the "Risk Cross Functions" course, an online training concerning Bank risks, accessible through the Group My Learning platform.

A Group e-learning catalogue (MyCampus) has been extended to all the employees, increasing the e-learning offer on different topics.

In order to ensure high standards of service quality and customer care, training courses were organised within the Customer Care unit for a total of 11,566 hours. Training was especially focused on technical skills and behavioural learning.

Considering the success of the "Leadership Training Program" experienced by the CRM Team Leaders in 2017, in 2018 other Bank's functions were involved in this training path dedicated to managers, consisting of classroom lessons, coaching and on-the-job training. The aim of this initiative was to strengthen their managerial skills and manage their role in a coherent and effective manner.

The Business Continuity training plan was carried on with the support of ad hoc training tracked in specific registers.

Foreign language training

Considering the importance of linguistic training, the Bank provided employees with a free access platform for English learning by educational tools such as video, role-playing and virtual classrooms. In 2018, around 450 employees subscribed and regularly used it.

Moreover, in the year, around 240 employees attended classroom or telephone English courses, according to their specific needs and their managers considerations.

The subsidiary: Fineco Asset Management Designated Activity Company (Dac)

As at December 31, 2018, the Company's employees are 13 of whom 4 women and 9 men and the average age is around 35.

The hirings from the market of the 2018 are due to the company's staff constitution and the selected resources are dedicated to business, staff and control functions.

Technology infrastructure

There are essentially six elements to the Bank's information system:

- Banking application software;
- On-line Trading system (dedicated applications for the real-time sale/purchase of securities and financial instruments on the main European and American markets);
- A management system for the operations room and for institutional investors, and access to the information/order sections of Italian/foreign markets:
- A management system for investment services such as Funds, SICAVs and Bank Insurance;
- A credit and debit card management system, with the issue of cards for VISA and MasterCard circuits:
- A personal financial advisors network management system, enabling advisors to work with all the Bank's products through a single portal.

As for Fineco AM, the company uses a third-party platform for the management of investment services.

In 2018, the ICT structure carried out its usual activities for technological renewal, consolidation and development of the Information System in order to provide new and more versatile added value services to customers.

Specifically, from an architectural perspective, work continued on optimising infrastructure and applications, as well as the continuous improvement and fine-tuning of application security architecture.

The main project activities completed include:

- offer of the new financial advice service Plus and of the new product Private Insurance;
- offer of new trading products: CFD with underlying Commodities, Daily Options, CBOE Options, Lending super Intraday and new CFD with underlying shares listed on German, French and Italian markets;
- availability of professional trading platform PowerDesk to customers on the English market;
- introduction of Instant Payment;
- enrichment of mortgages offers with new assumption "Refinancing" and the new product "Mutuo Fineco Remix";
- activation of the voice authentication system for retail customers;
- offer of the new mobile payment platform Apple Pay;
- enrichment of the mobile apps with new services: Plus, Logos Day, Extracash Instant Approval, Instant payment.

The regulatory activities include:

- implementation required to be compliant with the new GDPR UE Regulation;
- adherence to the dematerialized checks (CIT) management system;
- implementations required to be compliant with the IDD directive for insurance product placement;
- implementations of the information systems required to be compliant with the financial reporting and regulatory obligations deriving from the entry into force of new accounting standards and/or new provisions from the Supervisory Authorities.

Internal control system

The internal control system is a fundamental part of the overall governance system of banks; it ensures that operations are carried out in line with the Bank strategies and policies and based on principles of sound and prudent management.

Circular no. 285 of December 17, 2013 as amended defines the principles and guidelines to which the internal control system of banks must conform. The circular defines the general principles of organisation, identifies the role and responsibilities of governing bodies, and sets out the characteristics and roles of corporate control functions.

The internal control system must provide protective measures that cover all types of business risk. The primary responsibility for these tasks lies with the bank's bodies, each in accordance with its specific duties. The structure of tasks and lines of responsibility of corporate functions and bodies must be clearly specified.

Banks must apply the provisions according to the proportionality principle, i.e. taking into account the operating scale and organisational complexity, the nature of the activities carried out, and the type of services provided.

As part of the supervisory review and evaluation process, the European Central bank or the Bank of Italy verify the internal control system in terms of completeness, suitability, functionality (in terms of efficiency and effectiveness) and reliability of banks.

In accordance with the provisions laid down by the Supervisory Authority, the Bank's internal control system consists of a set of rules, functions, organisational structures, resources, processes and procedures aimed at ensuring the achievement of the following objectives, in compliance with the principles of sound and prudent management:

- verifying the implementation of the Bank's strategies and policies;
- containing risk within the limits set out in the Bank Risk Appetite Framework "RAF";
- preventing the Bank's involvement, even if unintentional, in unlawful activities (with specific reference to money laundering, usury and the financing of terrorism);
- protecting the value of assets and preventing losses;
- ensuring the effectiveness and efficiency of corporate processes;
- ensuring the security and reliability of the Bank information and ICT procedures;
- ensuring compliance of transactions with the law and supervisory regulations, as well as internal policies, procedures and regulations issued by FinecoBank and the Parent Company as well.

In terms of the methods applied, the Bank's internal control system is based on four types of controls:

- level one controls ("line controls"): these are controls for individual activities and are carried out according to specific operational procedures based on a specific internal regulation. Monitoring and continuously updating these processes is entrusted to "process supervisors" who are charged with devising controls able to ensure the proper performance of daily activities by the staff concerned, as well as the observance of any delegated powers. The processes subject to control relate to units that have contact with customers, as well as completely internal Bank units:
- level two controls: these are controls related to daily operations connected with the process to measure quantifiable risks and are carried out by units other than operating units, on an ongoing basis. The Risk Management function controls market, credit and operational risks, as regards compliance with limits assigned to operating functions and the consistency of operations of individual production areas with established risk/return objectives; the Compliance unit is responsible for controls on non-compliance risks; for regulatory areas which already have types of control performed by the Bank's specialised structures, monitoring of compliance risk is assigned to these structures based on the "Indirect Coverage" operating model, also adopted by the Parent Company;
- level three controls: these controls are typical of internal auditing, based on analysis of information obtained from databases or company reports, as well as on-site controls. The purpose of these controls is to check the functioning of the overall internal control system and information communication technology system (ICT audit) and identify any anomalous trends, or infringements of procedures or regulations. These controls are assigned to the Internal Audit function, which operates at central level, at UniCredit S.p.A., based on a specific service agreement;
- institutional supervisory controls: these refer to controls by the Bank's bodies, including in particular the Board of Statutory Auditors and the Supervisory Body pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 8 June 2001.

Considering the functions and units involved, the Internal Control System is based on:

control bodies and functions including, according to their respective responsibilities, the Board of Directors, the Risk and Related Parties Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Appointments and and Sustainability Committee the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager¹¹, the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Supervisory Body set up pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/01 and the corporate control functions (Risk Management, Compliance¹², Internal Audit) as well as other company functions with specific internal control duties¹³;

¹¹ Also appointed as "Director responsible for the internal control and risk management system" in accordance with principle 7.P.3 of the Corporate Governance Code of listed companies.

12 This function includes the Anti Money Laundering and Anti Terrorism Service, responsible for managing the correct application of regulations on anti-money laundering and combating the financing of terrorism. The Compliance Officer is also appointed Head of the Anti-Money Laundering Function.

13 The legislative framework and the codes of conduct assign control tasks to specific functions - other than corporate control functions - whose work should be seen as being a functional part of the Internal Control System.

For the Bank in particular, these include the Local Control System for legislation concerning related-party transactions carried out with associated persons in a conflict of interest situation (under the responsibility of the

Internal control system

- procedures for the coordination of entities involved in the internal control and risk management system, which provide for:
 - cooperation and coordination among control functions, through specific information flows that are formalised in internal regulations and through managerial committees dedicated to control issues;
 - application of the Group coordination model defined as part of the management and coordination activity carried out by the Parent Company;
 - definition of information flows both between corporate bodies and control functions within the Bank, and with the Parent Company, in order for the latter to be able to properly carry out its management and coordination activities.

Finally, it should be noted that, under Article 49, paragraph 1, of the Regulation (EU) No. 468/2014 of the European Central Bank (ECB/2014/17) (the SSM - Single Supervisory Mechanism - Framework Regulation), the ECB publishes, as of September 4, 2014, a periodically updated list, containing the names of supervised entities and groups that fall under the direct supervision of the ECB ("significant supervised entities" and "significant supervised groups", as defined in Article 2, points 16) and 22) of the SSM Framework Regulation), indicating the specific reason for direct supervision for each of them, and, if classified as significant based on size, the total value of the assets of the entity or group supervised. The Bank, as a "credit institution established in a participating Member State" belonging to the UniCredit group (classified as a "significant supervised group"), is included in the list of "significant supervised entities".

As regards the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC, which has formally set up at the end of 2017 but not and has started its business from July 2018, the organizational structure establishes that the Compliance and Risk Management activities have performed by internal functions within the company, while Internal Audit will be outsourced to a specific UniCredit S.p.A. structure.

Main risks and uncertainties

For more details of the risks and uncertainties faced by the Bank in the current market situation, see Part E - Information on risks and hedging policies of the Notes to the consolidated accounts.

Corporate Secretariat Unit of the Legal & Corporate Affairs Department), the Nominated Official in charge of drawing up company accounts pursuant to Article 154-bis of the Consolidated Finance Act (identified as the Bank's CFO), the Occupational Health and Safety Officer; the Human Resources function, the Head of Business Continuity & Crisis Management, and the Head of Outsourcing Management (Costs Manager Assistant). All corporate functions, other than corporate control functions, also participate in the Internal Control System by carrying out the level-one controls included in the business processes within their responsibility

Organisational structure

The organisational structure of the Bank is consistent with the Group Organisation Guidelines issued by the Parent Company.

The Guidelines set out organisational principles and rules designed to ensure their uniform application across all Group Legal Entities, through:

- clear organisational principles and criteria;
- specific organisational documents;
- suitable processes for organisational changes.

During the first half of 2018 several changes were made to the organisational structure. In particular, as part of the *Global Business Department*, Legal & Corporate Affairs Department and of the Chief Risk Officer (CRO) Department some activities were redistributed and the affected units reorganised accordingly, with the aim of improving their efficiency and, where possible, reducing the number of hierarchical reports to the departments.

On 1 March 2018, the Bank's Board of Directors appointed the Data Protection Officer, in compliance with article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of their personal data (GDPR).

During the second half of 2018, the responsibilities and activities of the *Investment Services and Private Banking Department* were redistributed between the GBS (Global Banking Services) Department and Network PFA Department, which has been renamed Network PFA Department & Private Banking. Consequently, the *Investment Services and Private Banking Department* has been canceled. Furthermore, with regard to the *ICT Department*, a reorganization of this Department was carried out, identifying a single point of governance and supervision for the ICT and IT security processes.

Organisational Model

The Bank's current organisational model is based on a functional model, which favours economies of scale and facilitates the development of vertical skills and knowledge within each area. The model guarantees the necessary decision-making mechanisms, whilst maintaining the "horizontal link" between the various functions. Although the current arrangement applies the concept of "functional specialisation", a project-based approach is maintained for every phase of definition and release of products and services.

The horizontal links are guaranteed by the work of specific committees that monitor business lines and the progress of the most important projects, also to guarantee the necessary synergies of distribution channels.

In general, the model sets out structured organisational rankings on four levels (Department, Unit, Team and Technical Units) based on their size and the organisational complexity of overseen operations.

The following organisational units report to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager: Network PFA Department & Private Banking, Global Business Department, CFO (Chief Financial Officer) Department, CRO (Chief Risk Officer) Department, Network Controls, Monitoring And Services Department, Legal & Corporate Affairs Department, GBS (Global Banking Services) Department, Human Resources Unit, Compliance Unit, and the Identity & Communication Team.

The organisational model identifies three main functional lines, which govern:

- the sales network (Network PFA & Private Banking Department);
- Trading, Banking and Credit products and the investment services (Global Business Department);
- operational functioning (GBS Department).

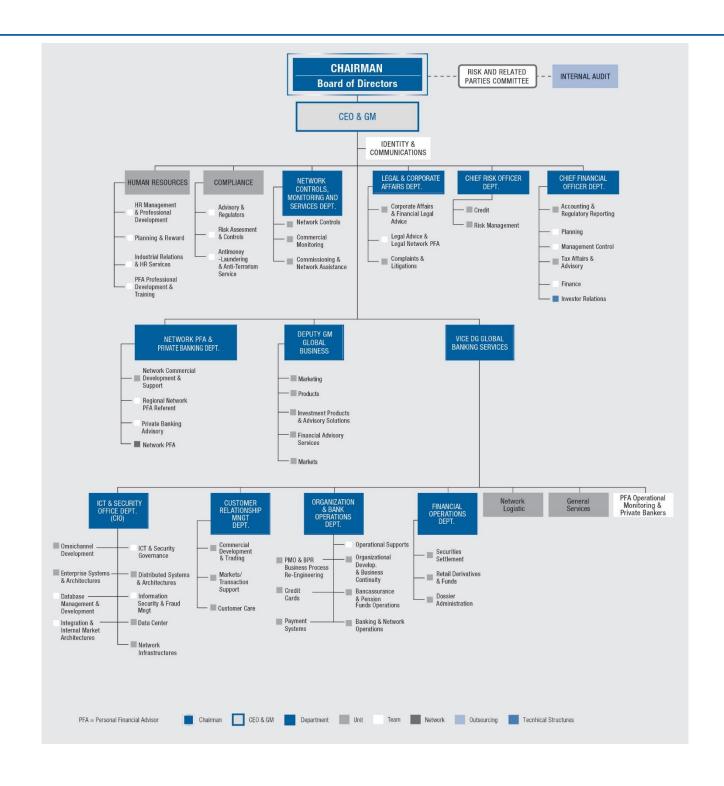
In summary:

- The PFA Network & private Banking Department is responsible for overseeing the management and development of the personal financial advisors network;
- the Global Business Department is responsible for overseeing the development of Trading, Banking, Credit and Investing products and the financial advisory services provided to the Bank' customers;
- The GBS (Global Banking Services) Department coordinates the organisational units in charge of monitoring the organisational/operating processes and the ICT and logistics systems needed to ensure the effective and efficient operation of business support systems. The following organisational units report to the GBS Department: ICT & Security Office Department (CIO), CRM Customer Relationship Management Department, Organisation & Bank Operations Department, Financial Operations Department, Network Services Unit, General Services Unit, and the PFA Operational Monitoring & Private Bankers team.

The synergies between the distribution channels and the monitoring of decision-making processes that cut across the Departments are ensured by a Management Committee.

As regards audit activities, the Bank, in line with the instructions of the Parent Company, has adopted an outsourcing model based on a specific service agreement signed with UniCredit S.p.A.. Under the model, the Risk and Related Parties Committee (a committee established within the Board of Directors) is responsible for liaising with the Bank and the outsourcer, in addition to supporting the Board of Directors – with information, advisory, recommendation and investigation functions – using a risk-oriented approach to identify the guidelines for the entire internal control system and the assessment of its effectiveness and efficiency.

Organisational structure (CONTINUED)



Business Continuity Plan (BCP)

As required by the applicable regulations, the Bank has adopted a model that comprises organisational units dedicated to managing Business Continuity and Crises, both in normal operating conditions and in emergency situations.

The Bank's Business Continuity and Crisis Management framework includes the management plan for emergency events and the business continuity plan. These plans are an integral part of the disaster recovery plan (which establishes the measures for the restoration of applications and information technology systems affected by disasters) and of the cyber attack plan (which sets out the strategies - for systemic processes - for handling large scale computer attacks).

These Plans describe the crisis management procedures and are updated and checked regularly to ensure their effectiveness and adequacy.

Main balance sheet aggregates

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT	S AS AT	CHAN	GES
ASSETS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Cash and cash balances	6	613	(607)	-99.0%
Financial assets held for trading	6,876	8,827	(1,951)	-22.1%
Loans and receivables with banks	3,058,882	3,039,207	19,675	0.6%
Loans and receivables with customers	2,955,074	2,129,219	825,855	38.8%
Financial investments	18,231,182	16,715,041	1,516,141	9.1%
Hedging instruments	8,187	10,048	(1,861)	-18.5%
Property, plant and equipment	16,632	15,205	1,427	9.4%
Goodwill	89,602	89,602	-	-
Other intangible assets	8,705	7,909	796	10.1%
Tax assets	6,714	9,249	(2,535)	-27.4%
Other assets	350,770	315,415	35,355	11.2%
Total assets	24,732,630	22,340,335	2,392,295	10.7%

	AMOUNTS A	AS AT	CHANGES		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%	
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001	83,773	9.0%	
Deposits from customers	22,273,188	20,205,036	2,068,152	10.2%	
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221	11,936	(9,715)	-81.4%	
Hedging instruments	7,941	(397)	8,338	n.c.	
Tax liabilities	12,390	10,234	2,156	21.1%	
Other liabilities	451,435	455,699	(4,264)	-0.9%	
Shareholders' equity	975,681	731,826	243,855	33.3%	
- capital and reserves	744,256	526,046	218,210	41.5%	
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)	(1,454)	17.4%	
- net profit	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%	
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,732,630	22,340,335	2,392,295	10.7%	

Main balance sheet aggregates (CONTINUED)

Financial assets held for trading

Financial assets held for trading totaled €6.9 million and include financial instruments that meets the definition of held for trading, in particular:

- bonds, equities and UCIT units, amounting to €2.1 million, held in the Bank's portfolio as a result of trading activity or used for the
 operational hedging of CFD positions on shares open with customers and intended to be traded in the short term;
- the positive valuation of spot contracts for securities in the held for trading portfolio and currencies to be settled in time frames
 established by market practices ("regular way") for €1.3 million, which correspond to negative valuations booked under "Financial
 liabilities held for trading";
- the positive valuation of CFDs (indices, shares, interest rates, commodities and forex), traded in counterpart of the customers, and futures, used for the related management coverage, for €3.5 million.

CFDs are "Over the counter" derivative contracts that require the payment of a spread generated by the difference between the opening and closing price of the financial instrument. The bank in operational terms hedges the imbalance of customer positions by underwriting futures or the purchase/sale of equity securities on the same underlyings or through forex transactions with institutional.

Loans and receivables with banks

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%	
Current accounts and demand deposits	1,922,041	1,993,139	(71,098)	-3.6%	
Time deposits	1,127,298	1,028,152	99,146	9.6%	
Other loans:	9,543	17,916	(8,373)	-46.7%	
1 Reverse repos	416	54	362	n.c.	
2 Others	9,127	17,862	(8,735)	-48.9%	
Total	3,058,882	3,039,207	19,675	0.6%	

Loans and receivables with banks for "Current accounts and demand deposits" mainly consist of accounts held with UniCredit S.p.A., with a book value of €1,887.3 million (€1,958.6 million as at December 31, 2017), and to a lesser extent, of current accounts held with other banks not belonging to the UniCredit group, among these the current accounts opened for securities transactions, for the management of the liquidity of the UK customers and for the management of the liquidity of Fineco AM.

"Time deposits" consist of the deposit held by the Bank with UniCredit S.p.A., include deposit for compulsory reserves, which stood at €1,119.3 million (€1,028.2 million as at December 31, 2017) and the time deposit held by Fineco AM with UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc of €8.0 million.

The item "Other loans: Others" consists of €5.3 million for the amount of the initial and variance margins and collateral deposits placed with credit institutions for derivative transactions and repos (€14.6 million as at December 31, 2017) and €3.8 million for current receivables associated with the provision of financial services (€3.2 million as at December 31, 2017).

Loans and receivables with customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

				Amounts in E mousand)
	AMOUNT	AMOUNTS AS AT		
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Current accounts	1,018,700	641,554	377,146	58.8%
Reverse repos	148,797	202,701	(53,904)	-26.6%
Mortgages	856,870	516,251	340,619	66.0%
Credit cards and personal loans	750,141	633,048	117,093	18.5%
Other loans	180,566	135,665	44,901	33.1%
Total	2,955,074	2,129,219	825,855	38.8%

Loans and receivables with customers, amounting to €2,955.1 million, up 38.8% compared to the amount as at December 31, 2018 and can be broken down as follows:

- credit facilities in current accounts of €1,018.7 million, up 58.8%, of which loans with a security collateral (in particular "Credit Lombard") totaled to €970 million;
- €148.8 million in reverse repos, made by:

- "Multiday leverage" with retail customers and stock lending transactions with transactions institutional customers, securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money readily available to the lender and which are basically the equivalent of repos on securities;
- repos on securities executed on MTS market subject to accounting offsetting, as set out in IAS 32.
- €856.9 million in mortgages, upr 66%;
- €750.1 million in credit cards and personal loans, up 18.5%
- €180.6 million in other loans, mainly made by collateral deposits and initial and variation margins with clearing houses for derivative contract transactions, for an amount of €85 million, and current receivables associated with the provision of financial services, for an amount of €88.9 million.

The portfolio of loan receivables with ordinary customers amounts to €2,632.3 million and mainly consists of receivables for personal loans, mortgages, current accounts and credit card revolving and use; overall, loans receivable with ordinary customers increased of 46.4% thanks to the disbursement in 2018 of a further €248 million in personal loan and €411 million in mortgages plus new credit facilities in current accounts for an amount of €945 million, with an increase in exposures in current accounts of €377.2 million.

(Amounts in € thousand)

LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH CUSTOMERS —	AMOUNTS	S AS AT	CHANGES	
(MANAGEMENT RECLASSIFICATION)	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Current accounts	1,016,930	639,726	377,204	59.0%
Credit card use	320,379	288,382	31,997	11.1%
Mortgages	856,856	516,237	340,619	66.0%
Personal loans	428,979	343,867	85,112	24.8%
Other loans	6,460	7,641	(1,181)	-15.5%
Performing loans	2,629,604	1,795,853	833,751	46.4%
Current accounts	1,770	1,828	(58)	-3.2%
Mortgages	14	14	-	0.0%
Credit card use	63	43	20	46.5%
Personal loans	720	756	(36)	-4.8%
Other loans	99	26	73	280.8%
Impaired loans	2,666	2,667	(1)	0.0%
Loans receivable with ordinary customers	2,632,270	1,798,520	833,750	46.4%
Reverse repos	148,768	202,620	(53,852)	-26.6%
Reverse repos - impaired	29	81	(52)	n.c.
Collateral deposits and initial and variation margins	84,963	42,609	42,354	99.4%
Current receivables not related provision of financial services	88,922	85,284	3,638	4.3%
Current receivables associated with the provision of financial services - impaired	122	105	17	16.2%
Current receivables and other receivables	322,804	330,699	(7,895)	-2.4%
Loans and receivables with customers	2,955,074	2,129,219	825,855	38.8%

Impaired assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GROSS AMOUNT		IMPAIRMENT	PROVISION	NET AMOUNT		COVERAGE RATIO	
	AMOUNT	S AS AT	AMOUNTS AS AT		AMOUNTS AS AT		DATA AS AT	
CATEGORY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Bad exposures	19,714	20,848	(18,067)	(19,118)	1,647	1,730	91.65%	91.70%
Unlikely to pay	2,659	2,109	(2,042)	(1,614)	617	495	76.80%	76.53%
Past-due loans	1,562	1,356	(1,009)	(728)	553	628	64.60%	53.69%
Total	23,935	24,313	(21,118)	(21,460)	2,817	2,853	88.23%	88.27%

The amount of non-performing loans net of impairment losses was €2.8 million, €1.6 million of which in bad exposure, €0.6 million in unlikely to pay exposures and €0.6 million in past-due loans. The impaired assets are the 0.11% of loan receivables with ordinary customers and mostly relate to current account overdrafts and personal loans.

Main balance sheet aggregates (CONTINUED)

Financial investments

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss c) other financial assets				
mandatorily at fair value	13,342	539,854	(526,512)	-97.5%
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	961,773	1,042,471	(80,698)	-7.7%
Financial assets at amortised cost	17,256,067	15,132,716	2,123,351	14.0%
- financial assets at amortised cost with banks - debt securities	9,382,112	10,406,251	(1,024,139)	-9.8%
- financial assets at amortised cost with customers - debt securities	7,873,955	4,726,465	3,147,490	66.6%
Total	18,231,182	16,715,041	1,516,141	9.1%

"Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" primarily consist of the Visa INC class "C" preferred shares, for an amount of €6.1 million, which saw a positive change in *fair value* in 2018 of €1.6 million and the residual equity exposure to the Voluntary Scheme set up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF), amounting to €7.2 million (of which €6.7 million related to the Carige transaction and €0.5 million related to Carimi, Carismi and CariCesena transaction), with a negative impact booked in the 2018 income statement of €3 million. For further details on the exposure to the Voluntary Scheme refer to Part A - Accounting Policies – Section 5 – Other matters of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

The item as at December 31, 2017 included two debt instruments issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, with a total nominal amount of €532.6 million. Their contractual profiles did not pass the SPPI Test and they were thus included in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value". Please note that the debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. amounted to €150.1 million has been repaid on 2 January 2018, while the debt instrument amounted to €382.5 million, measured at fair value at the transiction to IFRS 9, has been restructured on 2 January 2018, with consequent derecognition of the old financial instrument and recognition of the new financial instrument in "financial assets at amortized cost" item (item 40. of the assets of the IFRS 9 Financial Statements). For further details refer to Part A - Accounting Policies – Section 5 – Other matters of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

"Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income" consist of securities issued by sovereign states and residually of equity interests in companies in which the Bank does not exercise control or significant influence for €5 thousand for which, upon first application of IFRS 9, the "FVTOCI" option was exercised.¹⁴. The following table shows the debt securities issued by sovereign states:

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT	S AS AT	CHANGES	3
COUNTERPARTY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNTS	%
Italy	816,900	725,220	91,680	12.6%
Spain	-	242,451	(242,451)	-100.0%
France	35,471	10,124	25,347	250.4%
USA	67,585	64,671	2,914	4.5%
Ireland	41,812	-	41,812	-
Total	961,768	1,042,466	(80,698)	-7.7%

The debt securities recorded in "Financial assets at amortized cost" issued by banks refer to bonds issued by:

- UniCredit S.p.A. for a total amount of €9,115.8 million (€10,306.3 million as at December 31, 2017);
- Istituto de Credito Oficial (ICO) for an amount of €114.5 million (€99.9 million as at December 31, 2017);
- EIB (European Investment Bank) for an amount of €101.3 million;
- Kreditanstalt f
 ür Wiederaufbau (KfW) for an amount of €50.5 million.

¹⁴ With regard to non-trading equity instruments, IFRS 9 provides for the possibility of measuring them at the fair value recognised through other comprehensive income (so-called FVTOCI – fair value through Other Comprehensive Income).

The debt securities recorded in "Financial assets at amortized cost" issued by customers exclusively refer to bonds consist of securities issued by sovereign states and supranational agencies. The breakdown by counterparty of securities issued by customers is shown below:

(Amounts in € thousand)

			k	ante in e triododina)
	AMOUNT	AMOUNTS AS AT		
COUNTERPARTY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNTS	%
Italy	3,150,186	2,557,575	592,611	23.2%
Spain	3,411,725	2,120,318	1,291,407	60.9%
Germany	127,432	-	127,432	-
Poland	79,660	48,572	31,088	64.0%
France	255,743	-	255,743	-
Austria	208,562	-	208,562	-
Ireland	171,703	-	171,703	-
Belgium	181,983	-	181,983	-
EFSF (European Financial Stability Facility)	160,493	-	160,493	-
ESM (European Stability Mechanism)	126,468	-	126,468	-
Total	7,873,955	4,726,465	3,147,490	66.6%

Hedging instruments

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT	AMOUNTS AS AT		S
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Asset hedging derivatives - positive valuations	-	400	(400)	-100.0%
Liability hedging derivatives - positive valuations	3,314	58	3,256	n.c.
Adjustment to the value of assets under macro-hedge	4,873	9,590	(4,717)	-49.2%
Total assets	8,187	10,048	(1,861)	-18.5%
of which:				
Positive valuations	2,575	499	2,076	416.0%
Accrued interest	739	(41)	780	n.c.
Adjustments to the value of hedged assets	4,873	9,590	(4,717)	-49.2%
Total assets	8,187	10,048	(1,861)	-18.5%
Asset hedging derivatives - negative valuations	5,341	249	5,092	2045.0%
Liability hedging derivatives - negative valuations	-	3,126	(3,126)	-100.0%
Adjustment to the value of assets under macro-hedge	2,600	(3,772)	6,372	n.c.
Total liabilities	7,941	(397)	8,338	-2100.3%
of which:				
Negative valuations	4,703	3,959	744	18.8%
Accrued interest	638	(584)	1,222	n.c.
Adjustments to the value of hedged liabilities	2,600	(3,772)	6,372	n.c.
Total liabilities	7,941	(397)	8,338	-2100.3%

(Amounts in € thousand)

			(,
SUMMARY OF HEDGING DERIVATIVE VALUATIONS 31.12.2018	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	DIFFERENCE
Valuation of hedging derivatives for assets and liabilities	2,575	4,703	(2,128)
Change in fair value of hedged assets/liabilities	4,873	2,600	2,273
Total	7,448	7,303	145

As at December 31, 2018 the hedged assets consisted of mortgages with customers shown in "Financial assets at amortised cost", while the hedged liabilities consisted of direct deposits with customers shown in "Financial liabilities at amortised cost".

Positive and negative valuations of hedging derivatives related solely to derivative contracts that the Bank has entered into to hedge against interest rate risk inherent in the above-mentioned assets and liabilities, whose income statement effect, net of €0.1 million of accrued interest income included in the net interest margin, was a positive amount of €0.1 million.

Main balance sheet aggregates (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment

Tangible assets are made by **properties**, **electronic equipment**, **office furniture and fittings**, **plant and machinery**. Investments in electronic equipment were made to guarantee the ongoing update of the hardware used by all the Bank's departments. Investments in office furniture and fittings and in plant and machinery are intended for use in company offices and in financial stores.

(Amounts in € thousand)

		INVESTMENTS	OTHER CHANGES AND SALES	AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	BALANCE 12.31.2017	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2018	BALANCE 12.31.2018
Properties	2,304	2	(109)	(109)	2,088
Electronic equipment	9,798	4,968	(145)	(3,677)	10,944
Office furniture and fittings	1,480	1,472	(1)	(1,115)	1,836
Plant and machinery	1,623	704	-	(563)	1,764
Total	15,205	7,146	(255)	(5,464)	16,632

Goodwill

The **Goodwill** recognised in the financial statements and amounting to of €89.6 million derives from transactions carried out in the years from 2001 to 2008, involving acquisitions and mergers by absorption of business units and businesses engaged in trading operations or the distribution of financial, banking and insurance products through the personal financial advisors (Fineco On Line Sim S.p.A., Trading and Banking business unit of Banca della Rete, personal financial advisors business unit of the former FinecoGroup S.p.A., and UniCredit Xelion Banca S.p.A.).

These activities have been fully integrated with the Bank's ordinary operations. As a result, it is no longer possible to isolate the contribution of each company/business division from the Bank's overall income; this means that to establish the reasonableness of the value of goodwill recognised in the financial statements it is necessary to take account of the Bank's comprehensive income. The cash generating unit (CGU) is therefore the Bank as a whole, including the contribution from the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC, through a vertically integrated business model.

In fact, in view of the specific business model adopted by the Bank, which envisages a high level of integration between personal financial advisors and the trading and banking platform, the allocation of costs/revenues to the macro areas of activity is not considered relevant or meaningful; the personal financial advisors network is an integral part of the overall offer, along with banking, brokerage and investing services.

Impairment testing on goodwill, performed on December 31, 2018, did not identify any impairment. For all other information on the impairment test, see Part B - Balance Sheet Information in the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets mainly include purchases and the implementation of information technology procedures with useful lives of several years, required in order to manage the development and ongoing provision by the Bank of new and more versatile high-added-value services for customers, as well as infrastructure and application optimisations, enhancements to architecture for application security, and the developments needed to meet the new regulatory and financial reporting requirements.

(Amounts in € thousand)

			OTHER CHANGES AND	AMORTISATION AND	
		INVESTMENTS	SALES	IMPAIRMENT	
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	BALANCE 12.31.2017	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2018	YEAR 2018	BALANCE 12.31.2018
Software	7,081	5,588	-	(4,650)	8,019
Other intangible assets	828	167	-	(309)	686
Total	7,909	5,755		(4,959)	8,705

Tax Assets and Other Assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS	S AS AT	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Tax assets				
Current assets	467	1,765	(1,298)	-73.5%
Deferred tax assets	28,977	32,927	(3,950)	-12.0%
Deferred tax assets pursuant to Law 214/2011	4,033	3,828	205	5.4%
Total before IAS 12 offsetting	33,477	38,520	(5,043)	-13.1%
Offsetting with deferred tax liabilities - IAS 12	(26,763)	(29,271)	2,508	-8.6%
Total Tax assets	6,714	9,249	(2,535)	-27.4%
Other assets				
Items in processing	29	99	(70)	-70.7%
Items awaiting settlement	4,597	4,498	99	2.2%
Definitive items not recognised under other items	30,356	20,632	9,724	47.1%
Current receivables not related with the provision of financial services	2,170	4,721	(2,551)	-54.0%
Tax items other than those included in the item "Tax assets"	269,189	249,443	19,746	7.9%
Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised in related financial assets or liabilities	4,303	2,153	2,150	99.9%
Trade receivables according to IFRS15	8,489	4,985	3,504	70.3%
Accrued income and prepaid expenses other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised in related financial assets or liabilities	24,588	21,972	2,616	11.9%
Improvement and incremental expenses incurred on leasehold assets	6,928	6,774	154	2.3%
Other items	121	138	(17)	-12.3%
Total other assets	350,770	315,415	35,355	11.2%

It is also noted that "Deferred tax assets" are shown in the Balance Sheet net of the relevant "Deferred tax liabilities", where the requirements set out in IAS 12 are met.

The reduction in Tax assets, after IAS 12 offsetting, is mainly due to the reduction in "Deferred tax assets" at the moment of First Time Application of the standard IFRS 9. For further details please refer to Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A - Accounting policies.

For the item Other assets, there was an increase of €19.7 million in the "Tax items other than those recorded under the Tax Assets", due to higher advance taxes paid for the substitute tax on other income and for stamp duties; there was an increase of €9.7 million in "Definitive items not recognised under other items" mainly due to the regulation on credit card transaction circuits. The "Other assets" of Fineco AM amount to €0.2 million.

Deposits from banks

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Deposits from central banks	-	-	-	-
Deposits from banks				
Current accounts and demand deposits	52,563	42,756	9,807	22.9%
Loans	933,352	868,651	64,701	7.4%
- Repos	933,352	868,651	64,701	7.4%
Other liabilities	23,859	14,594	9,265	63.5%
Total	1,009,774	926,001	83,773	9.0%

Deposits from banks mainly includes repos amounting to €1,009.8 million up to 9% compared to December 31, 2017.

The item "Current accounts and demand deposits" consisted of reciprocal current accounts and loans with UniCredit S.p.A., amounting to €18.3 million (€6.1 million as at December 31, 2017), of current accounts held with other banks not belonging to the UniCredit group opened for securities transactions, amounting to €1 million, as well as current accounts opened by customer banks worth €33.3 million (€36.7 million as at December 31, 2017).

"Repos" are represented by repos and securities lending transactions with credit institutions, securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money readily available to the lender and which are basically the equivalent of repos on securities. The item included €751.8 million in transactions effected with UniCredit S.p.A. (€764.4 million as at December 31, 2017) and €35.7 million of securities lending transactions guaranteed by cash carried out with UniCredit Bank AG Munich (€40.3 million as at December 31, 2017).

The item "Other liabilities" mainly includes margin variations received for trading in derivatives and reverse repos, of which €22.6 million received by the Parent Company (€13.3 million as at December 31,2017).

Main balance sheet aggregates (CONTINUED)

Deposits from customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%	
Current accounts and demand deposits	22,046,700	19,935,285	2,111,415	10.6%	
Time deposits	3,106	9,631	(6,525)	-67.7%	
Loans	116,299	146,410	(30,111)	-20.6%	
- Repos	116,299	146,410	(30,111)	-20.6%	
Other liabilities	107,083	113,710	(6,627)	-5.8%	
Deposits from customers	22,273,188	20,205,036	2,068,152	10.2%	

Deposits from customers totalled €22,273.2 million, up 10.2% compared to December 31, 2017 and mainly consisting of current accounts wih customers, increased by €2,111.4 million (+10.6%).

"Repos" consist of:

- "Short selling" with retail customers and stock lending transactions with transactions institutional customers, securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money readily available to the lender and which are basically the equivalent of repos on securities;
- repos on securities executed on MTS market subject to accounting offsetting as set out in IAS 32.

The item "Other liabilities" comprises current payables related to the provision of financial services, totalling €34 million (€39 million as at December 31, 2017), initial and variance margins for derivative and financial instrument transactions, which came to €38.9 million (€44.9 million as at December 31, 2017) and other liabilities for rechargeable credit cards and bankers' drafts, amounting to €34.2 million (€29.8 million at December 31, 2017).

Financial liabilities held for trading

Financial liabilities held for trading totaled €2.2 million and include financial instruments that meets the definition of held for trading, in particular:

- technical overdrafts, amounting to €0.3 million, used for the operational hedging of CFD positions on shares open with customers and intended to be traded in the short term;
- the negative valuation of spot contracts for securities in the held for trading portfolio and currencies to be settled in time frames established by market practices ("regular way") for €1.2 million, which correspond to negative valuations booked under "Financial liabilities held for trading";
- the negative valuation of CFDs (indices, shares, interest rates, commodities and forex), traded in counterpart of the customers, and futures, used for the related management coverage, for €0.7 million.

CFDs are "Over the counter" derivative contracts that require the payment of a spread generated by the difference between the opening and closing price of the financial instrument. The bank in operational terms hedges the imbalance of customer positions by underwriting futures or the purchase/sale of equity securities on the same underlyings or through forex transactions with institutional.

Tax liabilities and Other liabilities

(Amounts in €thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS A	T	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Tax liabilities				
Current liabilities	12,390	10,234	2,156	21.1%
Deferred tax liabilities	26,763	29,271	(2,508)	-8.6%
Total before IAS 12 offsetting	39,153	39,505	(352)	-0.9%
Offset against deferred tax liabilities - IAS 12	(26,763)	(29,271)	2,508	-8.6%
Total Tax liabilities	12,390	10,234	2,156	21.1%
Other liabilities				
Deferred income related to contracts with customers other than those				
capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities	2,800	1,717	1,083	63.1%
Items in processing	561	481	80	16.6%
Items awaiting settlement	94,642	91,869	2,773	3.0%
Definitive items not recognised under other items	31,589	42,724	(11,135)	-26.1%
Payment authorisations	21,716	19,068	2,648	13.9%
Payables for share-based payments or shares of the Parent Company				
UniCredit	338	938	(600)	-64.0%
Payables to employees and other personnel	13,018	11,378	1,640	14.4%
Payables to Directors and Statutory auditors	163	148	15	10.1%
Current payables not related with the provision of financial services	24,181	23,690	491	2.1%
Tax items other than those included in the item "Tax liabilities"	116,031	116,515	(484)	-0.4%
Social security contributions payable	6,415	6,845	(430)	-6.3%
Illiquid items for portfolio transactions	22,123	18,097	4,026	22.2%
Other items	3,492	4,817	(1,325)	-27.5%
Provisions for employee severance pay	4,561	4,998	(437)	-8.7%
Provisions for risks and charges	109,805	112,414	(2,609)	-2.3%
Total Other liabilities	451,435	455,699	(4,264)	-0.9%

It is also noted that, when the requirements of IAS 12 are met, the "Deferred tax liabilities" are offset against "Deferred tax assets" in the balance sheet.

With regard to the Other liabilities there was a decrease of €11.1 million in "Definitive items not recognised under other items", mainly due to the decrease in transactions in securities and dividends to be settled.

The "Other liabilities" of Fineco AM, equal to €1.6 million, were mainly recognised in "Payables to employees and other personnel" and in "Current payables not related with the provision of financial services".

The Provision for risks and charges consists of:

- Provisions for credit risk relating to commitments and financial guarantees issued that fall within the scope of application of impairment rules in accordance with IFRS 9, as described in the specific section "18 - Other information - Impairment" of the Accounting policies of Notes to the Consolidated Accounts to which reference is made for additional details, for an amount of €49 thousand;
- Provisions for risks and charges Other provisions which include allowances for a total of €109.8 million, for which, given a liability of uncertain amount and expiry date, a current obligation was identified as a result of a past event and the amount arising from fulfilment of said obligation could be estimated reliably. The disbursements, with estimated maturity exceeding 18 months, were discounted to present value using a rate equal to the time value of money. The item includes, in addition, the Supplementary customer indemnity provision, whose charge, connected to the outstanding obligations at the end of the period, was assessed in accordance with IAS 19 using the support of an independent external actuary.

Main balance sheet aggregates (CONTINUED)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	
	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	AMOUNT	%
Provision for risks and charges for commitments and financial				
guarantees given	49	-	49	-
Legal and fiscal disputes	32,290	34,987	(2,697)	-7.7%
- Pending cases	23,830	25,525	(1,695)	-6.6%
- Complaints	4,575	5,531	(956)	-17.3%
- Tax disputes	3,885	3,931	(46)	-1.2%
Staff expenses	4,809	5,690	(881)	-15.5%
Other	72,657	71,737	920	1.3%
- Supplementary customer indemnity provision	64,139	64,983	(844)	-1.3%
- Provision for contractual payments and payments under non-competition				
agreements	2,266	2,311	(45)	-1.9%
- Other provision	6,252	4,443	1,809	40.7%
Provision for risks and charges - Other provision	109,756	112,414	(2,658)	-2.4%
Total provision for risks and charges	109,805	112,414	(2,609)	-2.3%

The item "Staff expenses" as at December 31, 2018, solely includes, the provisions made for the variable remuneration to be paid to employees in subsequent years, which have an uncertain due date and/or amount.

Shareholders' equity

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS A	AS AT	CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Share capital	200,773	200,545	228	0.1%
Share premium reserve	1,934	1,934	-	-
Reserves	355,509	323,932	31,577	9.7%
- Legal reserve	40,155	40,109	46	0.1%
- Extraordinary reserve	272,454	251,367	21,087	8.4%
- Treasury shares reserve	13,960	365	13,595	n.c.
- Other reserves	28,940	32,091	(3,151)	-9.8%
(Treasury shares)	(13,960)	(365)	(13,595)	n.c.
Revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)	(1,454)	17.4%
Equity instruments	200,000	-	200,000	-
Net profit (Loss) for the year	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%
Total	975,681	731,826	243,855	33.3%

As at December 31, 2018, the Bank's share capital came to €200.8 million, divided into 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each. Share premium reserve amounts to €1.9 million.

The reserves consisted of the:

- Legal reserve, amounting to €40.2 million;
- Extraordinary reserve, amounting to €272.5 million;
- Reserve for treasury shares held, amounting to €14 million;
- Reserve related to equity-settled plans, amounting to €34 million;
- Negative reserve recognized following the application of IFRS 9, of €-4.9 million.

The Shareholders' equity includes the loss carried forward, of €0.2 million, refers to the result at 31 December 2017 of Fineco AM which closed its first financial year on 31 December 2018.

Shareholders' equity also includes the Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 notes issue (5.5 years, Non-Cumulative Temporary Write-Down Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Notes) issued on 31 January 2018. The issue of the financial instrument was authorized by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on 23 January 2018. The financial instrument is a perpetual private placement 15, issued for a total of €200 million and entirely subscribed by UniCredit S.p.A. The coupon for the first 5.5 years has been fixed at 4.82%. The decision to carry out an intra-group issuance has many advantages: effective cost savings relating, for example, to the underwriting syndicate, and shorter issue times so as not to miss the right

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¹⁵ Unrated and unlisted

moment, maximising the benefits of the transaction. In view of the particularly favourable market conditions and spread levels, the Bank decided to issue an Additional Tier 1 in order to improve the diversification of its investment portfolio.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the financial instrument as well as the coupons paid (amounting to €5.9 million) were accounted for as a reduction in reserves from profits (Extraordinary Reserve) for a total amount, net of related taxes, of €6 million.

On February 6, 2018, in view of the favourable opinion provided by the Remuneration Committee in its meeting of February 5, 2018, the Board of Directors of FinecoBank approved execution of the following incentive/loyalty systems:

- 2014-2017 Top Management Multi-Year Plan for employees. In particular, we approved the allotment of 494,493 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second tranche of the Plan, assigned in 2015, and consequently a bonus issue for a total amount of €163,182.69 with immediate effect:
- 2014 and 2015 incentive systems for employees. In particular, we approved the allotment of a total of 196,557 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second equity tranche of the 2014 Incentive System and of the first tranche of the 2015 Incentive System, and consequently a bonus issue for a total amount of €64,863.81 with effect from 30 March 2018.

In view of the above capital increases, the reserves from allocation of profit from previous years were reduced accordingly.

The Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank held on April 11, 2018 approved the allocation of profit for the year 2017, amounting to €214.3 million, as follows:

- €0.05 million to the Legal Reserve, corresponding to 0.02% of the profit for the year, having reached the limit of a fifth of the share
- €40.8 million to the Extraordinary Reserve;
- €173.4 million to shareholders, corresponding to a dividend of €0.285 for each of the 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 euro.

The amount pertaining to the dividends not distributed to treasury shares held by the Bank at the record date was diverted to the Extraordinary Reserve, equal to €0.03 million.

The "Reserve related to equity-settled plans" was increased by around €8.4 million, due to the recognition during the year of the income statement and balance sheet effects of the payment plans based on FinecoBank ordinary shares during the vesting period for the instruments, and was used of about €6.5million, following the allotment to personal financial advisors of the of the first tranche of the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN" corresponding to 658.624 of FinecoBank' free ordinary shares.

As at December 31, 2018, the Bank held 1,401,288 treasury shares, corresponding to 0.23% of the share capital, for an amount of € 14 million. During 2018 n. 27,644 shares were purchased in relation to the "2017 PFA Incentive System" for personal financial advisors identified as "Key personnel" and n. 1,971,871 shares were purchased in relation to the "2015--2017 PFA PLAN" for selected personal financial advisors, in accordance with what was authorised by the FinecoBank Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting on April 11, 2017. During the year, 658,624 FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio were assigned to personal financial advisors in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN".

The Bank and its subsidiary do not hold shares of its Parent Company, Unicredit S.p.A., even through other companies or third parties.

The Revaluation reserves consisted of:

- €-3.4 million from the net negative reserve for debt securities issued by central governments recognized in the "Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income", which recorded a decreased by €4.9 million in 2018, of which €4.4 million relating to the negative change in fair value and -€2.4 million relating to the reclassification of gains through profit or loss and €1.9 million relating to the adjustments made to the starting balances as effect of the transition to the IFRS 9. For further details please refer to Part A - Accounting policies - Section 5 - Other aspects of the Notes to the consolidated accounts;
- -€6.4 million from the IAS19 Negative reserve, which recorde a positive change of €3.4 million in 2018 as a result of the recognition of actuarial gains mainly attributable to the Supplementary customer indemnity provision.

Main balance sheet aggregates (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation between Shareholders' equity and net profit/(loss) for the year of FinecoBank and corresponding consolidated figures.

		OF WHICH: NET PROFIT
DESCRIPTION	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(LOSS) AS AT 12.31.2018
FinecoBank balances as at December 31, 2018	962,548	227,922
Effect of consolidation of Fineco AM	21,831	21,297
Dividends from Fineco AM cashed in the period	(8,000)	(8,000)
Shareholders' equity and profit attributable to minorities	-	-
Balances attributable to the Group as at December 31, 2018	975,681	241,219

Shareholders

As at December 31, 2018, the fully subscribed and paid up share capital totalled €200,773,450.35, divided into 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a nominal value of €0.33.

As at December 31, 2018, the major shareholders were:

MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS	% OWNED
UniCredit S.p.A.	35.385%
BlackRock Inc.	6.884%

Income Statement Figures

Condensed Income Statement

(Amounts in € thousand)

	YEAR		CHANGES	3
	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Net interest	278,659	264,781	13,878	5.2%
Dividends and other income from equity investments	42	29	13	44.8%
Net fee and commission	300,443	270,083	30,360	11.2%
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	44,239	48,219	(3,980)	-8.3%
Net other expenses/income	1,913	3,760	(1,847)	-49.1%
OPERATING INCOME	625,296	586,872	38,424	6.5%
Staff expenses	(86,606)	(79,294)	(7,312)	9.2%
Other administrative expenses	(245,501)	(236,945)	(8,556)	3.6%
Recovery of expenses	96,767	93,367	3,400	3.6%
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(10,424)	(10,369)	(55)	0.5%
Operating costs	(245,764)	(233,241)	(12,523)	5.4%
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	379,532	353,631	25,901	7.3%
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guarantees and				
commitments	(4,384)	(5,351)	967	-18.1%
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	375,148	348,280	26,868	7.7%
Other charges and provisions	(21,380)	(19,025)	(2,355)	12.4%
Integration costs	(121)	408	(529)	-129.7%
Net income from investments	1,105	(13,399)	14,504	n.c.
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	354,752	316,264	38,488	12.2%
Income tax for the year	(113,533)	(102,144)	(11,389)	11.1%
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%
NET PROFIT (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE GROUP	241,219	214,120	27,099	12.7%

Net interest

Net interest for 2018 amounted to €278.7 million, up by 5.2% on the same period of the previous year, due to the increase in "transactional" deposits and the greater penetration of lending activity. In this regard it should be noted that the structure of the investments carried out by the Bank contributed to maintaining a significant level of interest income, with the average lending rate for the investment of all deposits at 1.30% (1.35% as at December 31, 2017).

(Amounts in € thousand)

			(AIIIC	ounts in € thousand)
	YEA	AR	CHANGES	3
INTEREST INCOME	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Financial Assets held for trading	-	1	(1)	-100.0%
Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income	4,534	8,505	(3,971)	-46.7%
Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	2	1,233	(1,231)	-99.8%
Financial assets at amortised cost - Debt securities issued by banks	158,908	184,796	(25,888)	-14.0%
Financial assets at amortised cost - Debt securities issued by customers	59,980	23,066	36,914	160.0%
Financial assets at amortised cost - Loans and receivables with banks	11,669	4,236	7,433	175.5%
Financial assets at amortised cost - Loans and receivables with customers	55,772	41,541	14,231	34.3%
Hedging derivatives	(1,947)	8,215	(10,162)	-123.7%
Other assets	77	77	-	0.0%
Financial liabilities	4,133	3,997	136	3.4%
Total interest income	293,128	275,667	17,461	6.3%

	YEAR		CHANGES	sunto iii e triododria)
INTEREST EXPENSES	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Financial liabilities at amortised cost - Deposits from banks	(396)	(612)	216	-35.3%
Financial liabilities at amortised cost - Deposits from customers	(10,919)	(8,549)	(2,370)	27.7%
Financial assets	(3,154)	(1,725)	(1,429)	82.8%
Total interest expenses	(14,469)	(10,886)	(3,583)	32.9%
Net interest	278,659	264,781	13,878	5.2%

Interest income on Financial assets measured at amortized cost - Debt securities issued by banks mainly refer to interest accrued on bonds issued by UniCredit S.p.A.. The decrease is mainly attributable to the reduction in volumes due to the repayment of securities that have reached maturity.

Interest income on Financial assets measured at amortized cost - Debt securities issued by customers exclusively refer to interest accrued on government and supranational institution securities. The increase is attributable to the growth in volumes due to purchases made in 2018.

The following table provides a breakdown of interest income associated with banks and customers recorded in "Financial assets at amortised cost":

(Amounts in € thousand)

	YEAR		CHANGE	S
BREAKDOWN OF INTEREST INCOME	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Interest income on loans and receivables with banks	11,669	4,236	7,433	175.5%
- current accounts	11,060	4,107	6,953	169.3%
- reverse repos	12	1	11	1100.0%
- time deposits	546	103	443	n.c.
- other loans	51	25	26	104.0%
Interest income on loans and receivables with customers	55,772	41,541	14,231	34.3%
- current accounts	10,738	7,704	3,034	39.4%
- reverse repos	11,602	9,624	1,978	20.6%
- mortgages	11,028	3,720	7,308	n.c.
- credit cards	4,838	4,695	143	3.0%
- personal loans	17,448	15,639	1,809	11.6%
- other loans	118	159	(41)	-25.8%

Interest income on loans and receivables with banks amounted to €11.7 million, up €4.2 million compared to December 31, 2017. The increase was mainly attributable to higher interest on current account in dollars due to the trend in market interest rates.

Interest income on loans and receivables with customers amounted to €55.8 million, showing an increase of 34.3% compared to the same period of the previous year thanks to higher interest on mortgages, personal loans and usage of current account due to the continuous development of the lending activity mentioned above. Also the interest income related to reverse repos up 20.6%, thanks to "Multiday leverage" transactions, due to the increase in volumes and interest rate (change in spread, introduction of floor at 0% and increase in Libor USD rate of dollar transactions).

The following table provides a breakdown of interest expenses related to banks and customers recorded in "Financial liabilities at amortised cost":

(Amounts in € thousand)

	YEAR		CHANGE	S
BREAKDOWN OF INTERST EXPENSES	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Interest expenses on deposits from banks	(396)	(612)	216	-35.3%
- current accounts	(366)	(590)	224	-38.0%
- other loans	(30)	(22)	(8)	36.4%
Interest expenses on deposits from customers	(10,919)	(8,549)	(2,370)	27.7%
- current accounts	(10,888)	(8,343)	(2,545)	30.5%
- time deposits	(31)	(137)	106	-77.4%
- reverse repos	-	(69)	69	-100.0%

Interest expenses on deposits from banks amounted to €0.4 million, down 35.3% compared to the previous year, thanks to lower interest expenses paid on current account.

Interest expenses on deposits from customers came to €10.9 million, up €2.4 million compared to the previous year, mainly due to higher interest on current accounts in dollars attributable to the growth of the USD Libor rate used to remunerate this current accounts, partially offset by lower interest expense paid to customers as a result of marketing campaigns.

Income Statement Figures (CONTINUED)

Income from brokerage and other income

			(Am	ounts in € thousand)
	YE.	AR	CHANGES	3
	2018	2017	AMOUNTS	%
Net interest	278,659	264,781	13,878	5.2%
Dividends and other income from equity investments	42	29	13	44.8%
Net fee and commission income	300,443	270,083	30,360	11.2%
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	44,239	48,219	(3,980)	-8.3%
Net other expenses/income	1,913	3,760	(1,847)	-49.1%
Operating income	625,296	586,872	38,424	6.5%

Net fee and commission income

(Amounts in € thousand)

	YE.	YEAR		GES
MANAGEMENT RECLASSIFICATION	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Management, brokerage and consulting services:	297,627	275,237	22,390	8.1%
securities trading and order collection	78,759	75,737	3,022	4.0%
custody and administration of securities	(4,036)	(3,613)	(423)	11.7%
3. placement and management of managed asset products	168,197	155,339	12,858	8.3%
investment advisory services	55,443	48,190	7,253	15.1%
5. distribution of other products	(736)	(416)	(320)	76.9%
Collection and payment services	10,013	7,087	2,926	41.3%
Holding and management of current/deposit accounts	(572)	(463)	(109)	23.5%
Other fee expenses personal financial advisers	(21,652)	(25,340)	3,688	-14.6%
Securities lending	3,181	3,915	(734)	-18.7%
Other services	11,846	9,647	2,199	22.8%
Total net fee and commission income	300,443	270,083	30,360	11.2%

Net fee and commission income amounted to €300.4 million, increasing by 11.2% compared to the previous year mainly due to:

- higher commissions for securities trading and order collection, for an amount of €3 million;
- higher commissions for the placement and management of managed asset products, for a total amount of €20.1 million, thanks to
 constant redevelopment of the assets, with consequent increasing in Guided products & services. It is worth noting that the contribution
 of Fineco AM, gross of fees and commissions retroceded to FinecoBank, amounted to € 66.4 million;
- higher commissions for collection and payment services for an amount of €2.9 million, mainly related to transactions with debit cards and Visa Debit and to the introduction of the fee on withdrawals of less than €100;
- higher commissions for other services for an amount of €2.2 million, relating in particular to the progressive introduction of the annual fee on credit cards;
- lower fee and commission expenses paid to personal financial advisors for an amount of €3.7 million, due, in particular, to lower commercial incentives.

The commissions for securities lending include the income component relating to the service provided (received) for the provision of the security both for transactions with guarantee consisting of cash and for transactions with guarantee consisting of other securities. In order to assess the transaction as a whole, the income component recognised within the net interest margin must also be taken into account.

Net trading, hedging and fair value income was mainly generated by gains realised from the internalisation of securities and CFDs, financial instruments used for operational hedging of CFDs and the exchange differences on assets and liabilities denominated in currency, which show a decrease by €3.6 million with that one recorded in 2017. Trading profit also incorporates gains and losses from the financial instruments recognised in "Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value", including, as described above, the class "C" preferred shares of Visa INC and the exposure in equity securities versus the Voluntary Scheme established by the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits, whose fair-value measurement resulted in a gain of €1.6 million and in a loss of €3 million, respectively, in 2018. In the item the profits recognised in relation to the sale of government securities recorded in the "Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income" for an amount of €1.7 million.

Net other expenses/income showed income of €1.9 million, down €1.8 million compared to the previous year. In this regard, it should be noted that during the previous year, profits of €4 million were recorded deriving from the sale of UniCredit bonds.

Operating costs

(Amounts in € thousand)

			<u></u>	
	YEAR		CHANGE	S
BREAKDOWN OF OPERATING COSTS	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Staff expenses	(86,606)	(79,294)	(7,312)	9.2%
Other administrative expenses	(245,501)	(236,945)	(8,556)	3.6%
Recovery of expenses	96,767	93,367	3,400	3.6%
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(10,424)	(10,369)	(55)	0.5%
Total operating costs	(245,764)	(233,241)	(12,523)	5.4%

Staff expenses amounted to €86.6 million, of which €2.2 million relating to staff expenses of Fineco AM, increasing by 9.2% compared to the previous year thanks to continuous growth of the operating structure. In fact, the number of employees rose from 1,119 on December 31, 2017 to 1,170 units as of December 31, 2018. In addition, it should be noted that the increase included severance paid in 2018.

			(///	nounts in E thousand,
_	YEA	R	CHANGE	S
STAFF EXPENSES	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
1) Employees	(85,461)	(77,872)	(7,589)	9.7%
- wages and salaries	(56,636)	(52,734)	(3,902)	7.4%
- social security contributions	(14,569)	(13,927)	(642)	4.6%
- provision for employee severance pay	(2,182)	(912)	(1,270)	139.3%
- allocation to employee severance pay provision	(114)	(98)	(16)	16.3%
- payment to supplementary external pension funds:				
a) defined contribution	(3,450)	(3,082)	(368)	11.9%
- costs related to share-based payments*	(4,267)	(2,739)	(1,528)	55.8%
- other employee benefits	(4,243)	(4,380)	137	-3.1%
2) Directors and statutory auditors	(1,321)	(1,291)	(30)	2.3%
3) Recovery of expenses for employees seconded to other				
companies	245	232	13	5.6%
4) Recovery of expenses for employees seconded to the company	(69)	(363)	294	-81.0%
Total staff expenses	(86,606)	(79,294)	(7,312)	9.2%

^{*} Note that item "costs related to share-based payments" includes the costs incurred by the Bank for payments involving financial instruments issued by FinecoBank and financial instruments issued by UniCredit S.p.A.

			(Amo	ounts in € thousand
	YEA		CHANGES	
OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND RECOVERY OF EXPENSES	2018	2017	AMOUNT	9
1) INDIRECT TAXES AND DUTIES	(101,171)	(98,543)	(2,628)	2.7%
2) MISCELLANEOUS COSTS AND EXPENSES				
A) Advertising expenses - Marketing and communication	(16,746)	(16,041)	(705)	4.4%
Mass media communications	(11,264)	(11,420)	156	-1.4%
Marketing and promotions	(5,130)	(4,488)	(642)	14.3%
Sponsorships	(22)	(95)	73	-76.8%
Conventions and internal communications	(330)	(38)	(292)	768.4%
B) Expenses related to credit risk	(1,399)	(1,586)	187	-11.8%
Credit recovery expenses	(377)	(457)	80	-17.5%
Commercial information and company searches	(1,022)	(1,129)	107	-9.5%
C) Expenses related to personnel	(28,291)	(26,167)	(2,124)	8.1%
Personnel training	(473)	(479)	6	-1.3%
Car rental and other staff expenses	(80)	(84)	4	-4.8%
Personal financial adviser expenses	(26,885)	(25,003)	(1,882)	7.5%
Travel expenses	(744)	(534)	(210)	39.3%
Premises rentals for personnel	(109)	(67)	(42)	62.7%
D) ICT expenses	(34,694)	(32,079)	(2,615)	8.2%
Lease of ICT equipment and software	(2,360)	(2,467)	107	-4.3%
Software expenses: lease and maintenance	(8,848)	(8,092)	(756)	9.3%
ICT communication systems	(6,658)	(5,723)	(935)	16.3%
ICT services: external personnel/outsourced services	(6,812)	(6,723)	(89)	1.3%
Financial information providers	(10,016)	(9,074)	(942)	10.4%
E) Consultancies and professional services	(3,950)	(4,247)	297	-7.0%
Consultancy on ordinary activities	(3,114)	(2,665)	(449)	16.8%
Consultancy for one-off regulatory compliance projects	(61)	(86)	25	-29.1%
Consultancy for strategy, business development and				
organisational optimisation	(238)	(385)	147	-38.2%
Legal expenses	(198)	(61)	(137)	224.6%
Legal disputes	(339)	(1,050)	711	-67.7%
F) Real estate expenses	(19,093)	(19,373)	280	-1.4%
Real estate services	(705)	(720)	15	-2.1%
Repair and maintenance of furniture, machinery, and equipment	(213)	(200)	(13)	6.5%
Maintenance of premises	(1,009)	(1,379)	370	-26.8%
Premises rentals	(14,594)	(14,387)	(207)	1.4%
Cleaning of premises	(522)	(509)	(13)	2.6%
Utilities	(2,050)	(2,178)	128	-5.9%
G) Other functioning costs	(37,856)	(36,036)	(1,820)	5.1%
Surveillance and security services	(404)	(347)	(57)	16.4%
Postage and transport of documents	(3,587)	(3,396)	(191)	5.6%
Administrative and logistic services	(19,737)	(18,772)	(965)	5.1%
Insurance	(3,940)	(3,923)	(17)	0.4%
Printing and stationery	(594)	(511)	(83)	16.29
Association dues and fees	(9,118)	(8,695)	(423)	4.9%
Other administrative expenses	(476)	(392)	(84)	21.49
H) Adjustments of leasehold improvements	(2,301)	(2,873)	572	-19.9%
I) Recovery of costs	96,767	93,367	3,400	3.6%
Recovery of ancillary expenses	155	334	(179)	-53.6%
Recovery of taxes	96,612	93,033	3,579	3.8%
Total other administrative expenses and recovery of expenses	(148,734)	(143,578)	(5,156)	3.6%

Other administrative expenses net of Recovery of expenses came to €148.7 million, of which €1.6 million relating to Fineco AM, up €5.2 million compared to the previous year, which is in any case contained compared with the growth of the Bank's activities, assets, customers and structure.

The increase recorded is mainly due to the following items:

- "Advertising expenses Marketing and communication", for €0.7 million;
- "Expenses related to personnel", mainly referred to "Personal financial advisors expenses" for €1.9 million which were mainly attributable to higher costs for incentive plans and recruiting for personal financial advisors, partially offset by lower expenses for training events;
- "ICT expenses", in particular referred to higher "Software expenses: lease and maintenance" for an amount of €0.8 million, "ICT communication systems" for an amount of €0.9 million and "Financial information providers" for an amount of €0.9 million;
- "Consultancies and professional services", mainly referred to "Consultancy on ordinary activities" for an amount of €0.4 million, including the recruiting costs recorded by Fineco AM for an amount of €0.25 million, offset by lower expenses for "Legal disputes" for an amount of €0.7 million;

"Other functioning costs" mainly referred to "Administrative and logistic services" for an amount of €1 million and "Association dues and fees" for an amount of €0.4 million.

With reference to "Indirect and income taxes" and the related "Tax recoveries" for an amount of €1 million, thanks to lower taxes paid by the Bank relating to the Tobin Tax for transactions carried out on behalf of third parties, and referred to "Adjustments of leasehold improvements" for an amount of €0.6 million.

Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets were substantially in line with the previous year.

Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations

(Amounts in € thousand)

	YEAR		CHANGES	
	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Operating profit (loss)	379,532	353,631	25,901	7.3%
Net impairment losses on loans and provision				
for guarantees and commitments	(4,384)	(5,351)	967	-18.1%
Net operating pofit (loss)	375,148	348,280	26,868	7.7%
Other charges and provisions	(21,380)	(19,025)	(2,355)	12.4%
Integration costs	(121)	408	(529)	-129.7%
Net income from investments	1,105	(13,399)	14,504	n.c.
Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations	354,752	316,264	38,488	12.2%

Net write-downs of loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments amounted to -€4.4 million on. It should be noted that accounting standard IFRS 9, with application as of January 1st, 2018, introduced a new impairment accounting model for credit exposures and resulted in an extension of the Bank's scope of recognition (for additional information see Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts), so comparison with 2017 is not significant. As at December 31, 2018 the item included additional adjustments compared to 2017, mainly related to retail commercial loans, driven by the significant increase in performing exposures (non-performing loans remained essentially unchanged compared to the previous year), and on the other hand, benefitted from write backs on credit exposures mainly with the Parent Company, in relation to the reduction in the exposures and in the improvement in their risk profile.

Other charges and provisions amounted to €21.4 million, up 12.4% compared to 2017, mainly due to greater charges for the annual, ordinary and additional contribution to Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGS) and to the annual contribution to the Solidarity Fund, paid to the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund ("IDGF") for an amount of €14.3 million compared to €10.6 million of 2017, offset by lower provisions for risks and charges for legal disputes. Note that the annual contribution paid to Deposit Guarantee Schemes in 2017 benefited from the adjustments of the contributions for 2015 and 2016 for a total amount of €1.3 million.

Integration costs mainly refer to the provisions made to the Fund departures pursuant to the trade union agreement of 1 February 2018 (so-called "Piano Giovani") for the adhesion to the Solidarity Fund of new employees.

The **Net income from investments** stood at €1.1 million. The accounting standard IFRS 9 introduced significant changes, so comparison with the previous year is not significant (for additional information see Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts). The item mainly includes write offs on new sovereign States, Supranational and government agency bonds purchased during 2018 and, on the other hand, the write backs on exposures to debt securities issued by the Parent Company Unicredit S.p.A. in relation to the reduction in the exposures and in the improvement in their risk profile.

Profit before tax from continuing operations amounted to €354.8 million, up 12.2% compared to previous year. This result was achieved thanks to the growth in Net interest (+€13.9 million), Net fee and commission income (+€30.4 million) and Net income from investments (+€14.5 million), partially offset by lower revenues from Net trading, hedging and fair value income (-€4 million), higher Operating costs (-€12.5 million) and higher Other charges and provisions (-€2.4 million). Excluding the non-recurring items 2018 mentioned before, the Profit before tax from continuing operations should be €359.5 million, up 9.4% compared to the profit of 2017 net of non-recurring items.

Income tax for the year

(Amounts in € thousand)

	YEA	AR	CHANGE	S
BREAKDOWN OF INCOME TAX FOR THE YEAR	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%
Current IRES income tax charges	(89,684)	(82,939)	(6,745)	8.1%
Current IRAP corporate tax charges	(19,637)	(18,889)	(748)	4.0%
Adjustment to current tax of prior years	-	3,924	(3,924)	-100.0%
Total current tax	(109,321)	(97,904)	(11,417)	11.7%
Change in deferred tax assets	(1,142)	(3,098)	1,956	-63.1%
Change in deferred tax liabilities	(2,624)	(696)	(1,928)	277.0%
Total deferred tax liabilities	(3,766)	(3,794)	28	-0.7%
Gain from substitute tax exemption	(446)	(446)	-	-
Income tax for the year	(113,533)	(102,144)	(11,389)	11.1%

Current income taxes were calculated according to the legal provisions introduced by Legislative Decree no. 38 of February 28, 2005, which incorporated the IAS/IFRS Accounting Standards into Italian legislation, of Decree no. 48 of April 1, 2009 which introduced provisions for the implementation and coordination of tax requirements for IAS Adopter parties and subsequent provisions. In particular, in 2018 the decrees, issued by the Italian Ministry of the Economy and Finance on 10 January 2018 and on 3 August 2018, of coordination between international accounting standards and business income, and the subsequent amendment introduced by the law were implemented 145/2018 on the deductibility of adjustments to customer loans, recognized at the time of application of IFRS9, to be carried out on a straight line basis over 10 tax periods.

Current taxes were determined applying an IRES income tax rate of 27.5% (24% ordinary rate and 3.5% additional rate for banks) and an IRAP tax rate of 5.57% in Italy.

As regards Fineco AM, current income taxes were calculated at a rate of 12.5%, according to the currently applicable tax regime.

Law no. 2/2009 introduced the option, through the payment of a substitute tax, to recalculate the tax deductible amounts of goodwill. In sharing with the Parent Company, in 2008 the Bank realigned the goodwill recognised following the merger of UniCredit Xelion Sim into UniCredit Xelion Banca S.p.A.. The redeemed goodwill may be amortised off the books for an amount not exceeding one ninth for 2010 and one tenth from 2011 onwards. In 2008, the tax benefit expected from the future deductibility of off-the-book amortisation, corresponding to €4 million, was recognised in the accounts. A tenth of this amount will be recognised through profit or loss for each year of the tax deduction of tax-related amortisation of goodwill.

Net profit/(loss) for the year and Net profit/(loss) attributable to the group

The Net profit for the year – which is the same as the net profit attributable to the group as Fineco AM is 100% controlled by the Bank – amounted to €241.2 million, an increase of 12.7% on the previous year. Excluding the non-recurring items 2018 mentioned before, the Net profit for the year should be €244.4 million, up 11.8% compared to the net profit of 2017 net of non-recurring items.

Results of the parent and the subsidiary

The parent: FinecoBank S.p.A.

The key figures, reclassified balance sheet and income statement are shown below in comparison with 2017 together with a statement on the results achieved by FinecoBank S.p.A. on individual basis.

Key figures

Operating Structure

	DATA AS AT		
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	
No. Employees	1,154	1,119	
No. Personal financial advisors	2,578	2,607	
No. Financial shops ⁽¹⁾	390	375	

⁽¹⁾ Number of operating financial shops: financial shops managed by the Bank and financial shops managed by personal financial advisors (Fineco Centers).

Main balance sheet figures¹⁶

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT	AMOUNTS AS AT		CHANGES	
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%	
Loans receivable with ordinary customers (1)	2,632,287	1,798,520	833,767	46.4%	
Total assets	24,713,574	22,340,391	2,373,183	10.6%	
Direct deposits (2)	22,068,931	19,940,715	2,128,216	10.7%	
Assets under administration (3)	47,263,709	47,243,837	19,872	0.0%	
Total customer sales (direct and indirect)	69,332,640	67,184,552	2,148,088	3.2%	
Shareholders' equity	962,548	731,990	230,558	31.5%	

⁽¹⁾ Loans refer solely to loans granted to customers (current account overdrafts, credit cards, personal loans, mortgages and unsecured loans);

Balance Sheet indicators

	DATA AS AT		
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	
Loans receivable with ordinary customers/Total assets	10.65%	8.05%	
Loans and receivables with banks/Total assets	12.32%	13.60%	
Financial assets/Total assets	73.78%	74.82%	
Direct sales/Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	89.30%	89.26%	
Shareholders' equity (including profit)/Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	3.89%	3.28%	
Ordinary customer loans/Direct deposits	11.93%	9.02%	

	DATA AS AT		
CREDIT QUALITY	31.12.2018	31.12.2017	
Impaired loans/Loans receivable with ordinary customers	0.11%	0.16%	
Non-performing loans/Loans receivable with ordinary customers	0.06%	0.10%	
Coverage (1) - Non-performing loans	91.65%	91.70%	
Coverage (1) - Unlikely to pay	76.80%	76.53%	
Coverage (1) - Impaired past-due exposures	64.60%	53.69%	
Coverage (1) - Total impaired loans	88.23%	88.27%	

Calculated as the ratio between the amount of impairment losses and gross exposure.

⁽²⁾ Direct deposits include overdrawn current accounts and the Cash Park deposit account;

⁽³⁾ Assets under administration consist of products placed online or through the sales networks of FinecoBank.

¹⁶ Please note that the ratios shown in the table and relating to the year 2017 have been recalculated considering the effect of the application of IFRS9.

Own funds and capital ratios

	DATA AS AT		
	31.12.2018	31.12.2017	
Total own funds (€ thousand)	702,713	484,960	
Total risk-weighted assets (€ thousand)	2,376,033	2,335,013	
Ratio - Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	21.16%	20.77%	
Ratio - Tier 1 Capital	29.58%	20.77%	
Ratio - Total Own Funds	29.58%	20.77%	

	DATA AS AT		
	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	
Tier 1 Capital (€ thousand)	702,713	484,960	
Exposure for leverage (€ thousand)	12,655,188	8,555,862	
Transitional leverage ratio	5.55%	5.67%	

Own funds and capital ratios were determined applying the current Supervisory Regulations, in line with Basel III standards, including transitional adjustments. The figures shown include the portion of profit for 2018 that will not be distributed and which will be allocated to increase the value of reserves, for an amount of €43.4 million, assuming the conditions set forth in art. 26, paragraph 2, of the EU Regulation 575/2013 (CRR) have been satisfied.

The leverage ratio was calculated in accordance with EU Delegated Regulation 2015/62 of October 10, 2014. As required by Circular No. 285 of the Bank of Italy, Part Two, Chapter 12, Section III Exercise of national discretion, exposures to the UniCredit group companies based in Italy and weighted at 0% pursuant to Article 113, par. 6 of the CRR have not been included in the calculation of total exposure, in accordance with Article 429 (7) of the CRR amended by the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/62.

It is worth mentioning that, within the decision of the Governing Council of the European Central Bank (ECB) on Pillar 2 prudential requirement that UniCredit S.p.A. and its subsidiaries have to meet, no Pillar 2 buffer has been required to FinecoBank. The decision is based on the SREP (Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process) performed by the European Central Bank, in application of article 16(2) of SSM (Single Supervisory Mechanism) Regulation. Consequently, the "Total SREP Capital Requirement" (TSCR) applicable for FinecoBank corresponds to the minimum requirement of Pillar 1.

Please, find below a scheme of FinecoBank transitional capital requirements and buffers applicable for 2018.

REQUIREMENTS	CET1	T1	TOTAL CAPITAL
A) Pillar 1 requirements	4.50%	6.00%	8.00%
B) Pillar 2 requirements	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C) TSCR (A+B)	4.50%	6.00%	8.00%
D) Combined Buffer requirement, of which:	1.881%	1.881%	1.881%
Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB)	1.875%	1.875%	1.875%
2. Institution-specific Countercyclical Capital Buffer (CCyB)	0.006%	0.006%	0.006%
E) Overall Capital Requirement (C+D)	6.381%	7.881%	9.881%

As at 31 December 2018, FinecoBank ratios are compliant with all the above requirements.

Results of the parent and the subsidiary (CONTINUED)

The parent: FinecoBank S.p.A. (CONTINUED)

Condensed Accounts

Balance Sheet

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT	S AS AT	CHANGES	3
ASSETS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Cash and cash balances	6	613	(607)	-99.0%
Financial assets held for trading	6,876	8,827	(1,951)	-22.1%
Loans and receivables with banks	3,044,974	3,038,741	6,233	0.2%
Loans and receivables with customers	2,947,390	2,129,219	818,171	38.4%
Financial investments	18,234,182	16,715,541	1,518,641	9.1%
Hedging instruments	8,187	10,048	(1,861)	-18.5%
Property, plant and equipment	16,330	15,205	1,125	7.4%
Goodwill	89,602	89,602	-	-
Other intangible assets	8,705	7,909	796	10.1%
Tax assets	6,714	9,226	(2,512)	-27.2%
Other assets	350,608	315,460	35,148	11.1%
Total assets	24,713,574	22,340,391	2,373,183	10.6%

	AMOUNT	S AS AT	CHANGES	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017	AMOUNT	%
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001	83,773	9.0%
Deposits from customers	22,269,098	20,205,036	2,064,062	10.2%
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221	11,936	(9,715)	-81.4%
Hedging instruments	7,941	(397)	8,338	n.c.
Tax liabilities	12,184	10,234	1,950	19.1%
Other liabilities	449,808	455,591	(5,783)	-1.3%
Shareholders' equity	962,548	731,990	230,558	31.5%
- capital and reserves	744,420	526,046	218,374	41.5%
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)	(1,454)	17.4%
- net profit	227,922	214,284	13,638	6.4%
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,713,574	22,340,391	2,373,183	10.6%

Balance Sheet - Quarterly data

(Amounts in € thousand

			AMOUNST AS	SAT		
ASSETS	12.31.2018	09.30.2018	06.30.2018	03.31.2018	01.01.2018	12.31.2017
Cash and cash balances	6	532	1,733	745	613	613
Financial assets held for trading	6,876	12,253	10,871	10,368	8,827	8,827
Loans and receivables with banks	3,044,974	3,389,611	3,222,651	3,485,263	3,035,869	3,038,741
Loans and receivables with customers	2,947,390	2,731,630	2,634,016	2,318,096	2,128,528	2,129,219
Financial investments	18,234,182	17,668,380	17,191,339	17,098,494	16,724,688	16,715,541
Hedging instruments	8,187	313	2,667	356	119	10,048
Property, plant and equipment	16,330	14,226	14,772	14,839	15,205	15,205
Goodwill	89,602	89,602	89,602	89,602	89,602	89,602
Other intangible assets	8,705	7,898	7,827	7,584	7,909	7,909
Tax assets	6,714	17,097	9,742	6,304	8,615	9,226
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	-	-	91	-	-	-
Other assets	350,608	240,813	240,994	203,763	315,459	315,460
Total assets	24,713,574	24,172,355	23,426,305	23,235,414	22,335,434	22,340,391

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNTS AS AT					
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	09.30.2018	06.30.2018	03.31.2018	01.01.2018	12.31.2017
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	999,543	907,794	960,046	926,001	926,001
Deposits from customers	22,269,098	21,825,892	21,196,653	20,916,380	20,205,036	20,205,036
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221	5,512	4,568	4,892	11,936	11,936
Hedging instruments	7,941	(285)	2,374	(460)	(397)	(397)
Tax liabilities	12,184	48,674	22,038	36,307	7,718	10,234
Other liabilities	449,808	396,870	417,630	325,554	456,042	455,591
Shareholders' equity	962,548	896,149	875,248	992,695	729,098	731,990
- capital and reserves	744,420	746,502	763,981	937,240	521,178	526,046
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(19,760)	(14,997)	(3,994)	(6,364)	(8,340)
- net profit	227,922	169,407	126,264	59,449	214,284	214,284
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,713,574	24,172,355	23,426,305	23,235,414	22,335,434	22,340,391

Loans and receivables with banks came to €3,045 million, substantially unchanged compared to December 31, 2017 (+ 0.2%). The exposures are mainly represented by the liquidity deposited on current accounts and time deposits with the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A..

Loans and receivables with customers came to €2,947.4 million, up 38.4% compared to December 31, 2017, thanks to the increase in lending. During the 2018, €248 million in personal loans and €411 million in mortgages were granted, and €945 million in current account overdrafts were arranged, with an increase in exposures in current account of €377 million; this has resulted an overall 46.4% aggregate increase in loans to customers compared to December 31, 2017.

Other financial assets amounted to €18,234.2 million, up 9.1% on 31 December 2017. The carrying amounts of the debt securities issued by UniCredit S.p.A. amounted to €9,115.8 million, down compared to the €10,838.9 million asat December 31, 2017. It is noted that during 2018 the Parent Company repaid bonds at maturity with a nominal value of €1,680 million and \$ 50 million; the Bank purchased government, Supranational and government agency bonds.

Deposits from banks totaled €1,009.8 million, showing a slight increase in debts recorded at 31 December 2017 (+9%). Debts mainly include the amount of repos traded with UniCredit S.p.A. and securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money made with other banks.

Deposits from customers came to €22,269.1 million, up 10.2% compared to December 31, 2017, due to the growth in direct deposits.

Shareholders' equity amounted to €962.5 million, up 31.5% compared to December 31, 2017. The increase is mainly due to the issue on January 31, 2018 of an Additional Tier 1 Perp bond (5.5 years) for an amount of €200 million, fully subscribed by the Parent Company, to the part of net profit 2017 allocated to reserves, as resolved by the Shareholders' Meeting held on 11 April 2018, for an amount of €40.8 million, to the increase in net profit 2018 compared to December 31, 2017 (+€13.6 million), partially offset by the purchases, made during 2018, of treasury shares in relation to the "2017 PFA incentive system" for Financial Advisors identified as "Key personnel" and in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN" in favour of selected Financial Advisors.

Results of the parent and the subsidiary (CONTINUED)

The parent: FinecoBank S.p.A. (CONTINUED)

Income statement

_	YEAR		CHANGES	CHANGES	
	2018	2017	AMOUNT	%	
Net interest	278,702	264,781	13,921	5.3%	
Dividends and other income from equity investments	8,042	29	8,013	n.c	
Net fee and commission income	273,828	270,083	3,745	1.4%	
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	44,239	48,219	(3,980)	-8.3%	
Net other expenses/income	300	3,806	(3,506)	-92.1%	
OPERATING INCOME	605,111	586,918	18,193	3.1%	
Staff expenses	(84,310)	(79,260)	(5,050)	6.4%	
Other administrative expenses	(244,009)	(236,839)	(7,170)	3.0%	
Recovery of expenses	96,767	93,369	3,398	3.6%	
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(10,370)	(10,369)	(1)	0.0%	
Operating costs	(241,922)	(233,099)	(8,823)	3.8%	
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	363,189	353,819	9,370	2.6%	
Net impairment losses on loans and					
provisions for guarantees and commitments	(4,392)	(5,351)	959	-17.9%	
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	358,797	348,468	10,329	3.0%	
Other charges and provisions	(21,380)	(19,025)	(2,355)	12.4%	
Integration costs	(121)	408	(529)	-129.7%	
Net income from investments	1,105	(13,399)	14,504	n.c	
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX					
FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	338,401	316,452	21,949	6.9%	
Income tax for the year	(110,479)	(102,168)	(8,311)	8.1%	
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	227,922	214,284	13,638	6.4%	
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	227,922	214,284	13,638	6.4%	

Income statement - Quarterly data

(Amounts in € thousand)

	2018				
	4 TH QUARTER	3 RD QUARTER	2 ND QUARTER	1 ST QUARTER	
Net interest	71,095	69,950	68,753	68,904	
Dividends and other income from equity investments	8,012	10	13	7	
Net fee and commission income	67,059	60,790	74,517	71,462	
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	5,900	10,721	13,080	14,538	
Net other expenses/income	(30)	(345)	124	551	
OPERATING INCOME	152,036	141,126	156,487	155,462	
Staff expenses	(21,063)	(22,479)	(20,509)	(20,259)	
Other administrative expenses	(58,618)	(58,851)	(61,273)	(65,267)	
Recovery of expenses	22,982	25,162	23,922	24,701	
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(3,114)	(2,435)	(2,482)	(2,339)	
Operating costs	(59,813)	(58,603)	(60,342)	(63,164)	
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	92,223	82,523	96,145	92,298	
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments	(2,322)	(913)	154	(1,311)	
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	89,901	81,610	96,299	90,987	
Other charges and provisions	(1,782)	(15,899)	(1,925)	(1,774)	
Integration costs	(115)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Net income from investments	(3,151)	(902)	5,157	1	
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	84,853	64,807	99,529	89,212	
Income tax for the period	(26,338)	(21,664)	(32,714)	(29,763)	
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	58,515	43,143	66,815	59,449	
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	58,515	43,143	66,815	59,449	

	2017			
	4 TH QUARTER	3 RD QUARTER	2 ND QUARTER	1 ST QUARTER
Net interest	70,069	67,415	64,334	62,963
Dividends and other income from equity investments	11	6	6	6
Net fee and commission income	70,696	69,680	65,026	64,681
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	11,100	11,127	12,282	13,710
Net other expenses/income	3,976	63	(764)	531
OPERATING INCOME	155,852	148,291	140,884	141,891
Staff expenses	(20,567)	(19,769)	(19,708)	(19,216)
Other administrative expenses	(59,925)	(53,021)	(61,451)	(62,442)
Recovery of expenses	24,989	21,888	23,215	23,277
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(2,908)	(2,628)	(2,503)	(2,330)
Operating costs	(58,411)	(53,530)	(60,447)	(60,711)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	97,441	94,761	80,437	81,180
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments	(2,124)	(1,577)	(1,053)	(597)
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	95,317	93,184	79,384	80,583
Other charges and provisions	5,154	(21,029)	(773)	(2,377)
Integration costs	428	(7)	1	(14)
Net income from investments	(11,598)	(1,448)	(361)	8
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	89,301	70,700	78,251	78,200
Income tax for the period	(26,055)	(23,929)	(25,678)	(26,506)
NET PROFIT (LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	63,246	46,771	52,573	51,694
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	63,246	46,771	52,573	51,694

Results of the parent and the subsidiary (Continued)

The parent: FinecoBank S.p.A. (CONTINUED)

Operating income came to €605.1 million, with an increase of 3.1% compared to €586.9 million of the previous year.

Net interest and **Net fee and commission income** contributed to the increase in the operating income as they rose, respectively, by 5.3% and 1.4%, as well as the **Dividends and other income from equity investments**; while **Net trading, hedging and fair value income** decreased by 8.3%

The increase in **Net interest** of €13.9 million compared to the previous year was due, first of all, to the increase in transactional liquidity and the higher penetration of lending. In this regard it should be noted that the structure of the investments carried out by the Bank contributed to maintaining a significant level of interest income, with the average gross rate on interest-earning assets standing at 1.30% (1.35% as at December 31, 2017).

Dividends and other income from equity investments include the dividend received from Fineco AM during the last quarter of 2018, amounting to €8.0, as deliberated by the Board of Directors held on November 5, 2018.

Net fee and commission income increased €3.7 million compared to the previous year, mainly thanks to higher net fee and commission income for management, brokerage and consulting services (+€3 million), collection and payment services (+€2.9 million), other services (+€2.2 million) mainly relating to the annual fee on credit cards and by lower fee and commission expenses (+€3.7 million) paid to personal financial advisors; on the other hand, the commissions for placement and management of asset management products and advisory fees for investments were down (€-6.5 million).

Net trading, hedging and fair value income was mainly generated by gains realised from the internalisation activity of securities and CFD derivatives, financial instruments used for operational hedging of CFDs and the exchange differences on assets and liabilities denominated in currency, decreased by 3.6 million compared to the previous year. Trading profit also incorporates gains and losses from the financial instruments recognised in "Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value", including, as described above, the class "C" preferred shares of Visa INC and the exposure in equity securities versus the Voluntary Scheme established by the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits, whose fair-value measurement resulted in a gain of €1.6 million and in a loss of €3 million, respectively, in 2018. The item also includes the profits recognised in relation to the sale of government securities recorded in the "Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income" for an amount of €1.7 million

Operating costs remain under control, highlighting an increased by €8.8 million compared to the previous year (+€5 million for staff expenses and +€3.8 million for "Other administrative expenses net of Recovery of expenses"). The 3.8% increase in operating costs, in fact, is limited compared to the expansion of assets, customers and structure, confirming the strong operational leverage of the Bank and the widespread corporate culture in cost governance theme, certified by a cost/income ratio of 39.98% (39.72% at 31 December 2017).

Net write-downs of loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments amounted to -€4.4 million on. It should be noted that accounting standard IFRS 9, with application as of January 1st, 2018, introduced a new impairment accounting model for credit exposures and resulted in an extension of the Bank's scope of recognition (for additional information see Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts), so comparison with 2017 is not significant. As at December 31, 2018 the item included additional adjustments compared to 2017, mainly related to retail commercial loans, driven by the significant increase in performing exposures (non-performing loans remained essentially unchanged compared to the previous year), and on the other hand, benefitted from write backs on transaction mainly with the Parent Company Unicredit S.p.A., in relation to the reduction in the exposures and in the improvement in their risk profile.

Other charges and provisions amounted to €21.4 million, up 12.4% compared to 2017, mainly due to greater charges for the annual, ordinary and additional contribution to Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGS) and to the annual contribution to the Solidarity Fund, paid to the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund ("IDGF") for an amount of €14.3 million compared to €10.6 million of the previous year, offset by lower provisions for risks and charges for legal disputes and claims. Note that the annual contribution paid to Deposit Guarantee Schemes in 2017 benefited from the adjustments of the contributions for 2015 and 2016 for a total amount of €1.3 million.

The **Net income from investments** stood at €1.1 million. The accounting standard IFRS 9 introduced significant changes in the classification and measurement of financial instruments, so comparison with the previous year is not significant (for additional information see Section 5 - Other aspects of Part A of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts). The item includes write offs on new sovereign States, Supranational and government agency bonds purchased during 2018 and, on the other hand, the write backs on exposures to debt securities issued by the Parent Company Unicredit S.p.A. in relation to the reduction in the exposures and in the improvement in their risk profile.

Profit before tax from continuing operations amounted to €338.4 million, up 6.9% compared to previous year. Excluding the non-recurring items 2018¹⁷ mentioned before, the Profit before tax from continuing operations should be €343.2 million, up 4.3% compared to 2017¹⁸ net of non-recurring items.

¹⁷ Change in fair value of the exposure in equity securities versus the Voluntary Scheme established by the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits for an amount of -€3 million (-€2 million net of the tax effect), severance paid in for an amount of -€1.6 million (-€1.1 million net of the tax effect) and integration costs for an amount of -€0.1 million) net of the tax effect).

¹⁸ Losses from write-offs and value adjustments made to the exposure in equity securities against the Voluntary Scheme established by Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits, for an amount of -€12.9 million (+8.6 million net of tax effect); release of integration costs estimated in the previous year, for an amount of + €0.4 million net of the tax effect); positive change in current taxes referring to the application of the participation exemption on the capital gain realized in 2016 from the sale of the investment in VISA Europe Ltd, for an amount of +€3.9 million.

Consolidated Report on Operations

The Net profit for the year amounted to €227.9 million, showing an increase of 6.4% compared to €214.3 million of the previous year. Excluding the non-recurring items 2018 mentioned before, the Net profit for the year should be €231.1 million, up 5.7% compared to 2017 net of non-recurring items.

Results of the parent and the subsidiary (CONTINUED)

The subsidiary: Fineco Asset Management (DAC)

Fineco AM¹9, fully owned by FinecoBank, was incorporated (set-up) on 26 October 2017 in the Republic of Ireland with the aim to offer its customers a range of UCITS with a strategy focused on the definition of strategic asset allocation and selection of the best international managers, and therefore, diversify and improve the offer of asset management products and further increase the competitiveness of the Bank through a vertically integrated business model. For this purpose, in December 2017 Fineco AM required the authorization to the Central Bank of Ireland, in order to become a UCITS Fund Manager, within the UCITS Service Providers, authorization received on 17 May 2018. In order to allow the positive conclusion of that process FinecoBank, the only shareholder of Fineco AM, fully subscribed a capital increase, bringing the share capital from €0.5 million to €3 million in March 2018.

During the first half of 2018 Fineco AM has carried on the passporting process of the UCITS Management Company from Ireland to Luxembourg with the aim to become the Manager of the "Fonds Commun de Placement (FCP) CORE SERIES Umbrella Fund", managed by Amundi S.a.. The passporting process was successfully concluded on 2 July 2018, subsequently to have obtained CSSF (Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier) approval of the new CORE SERIES Prospectus and have signed the transfer contract with Amundi S.a. of CORE SERIES FCP, therefore, from that date the company is fully operational and closed its first financial year on 31 December 2018.

As at December 31, 2018, Fineco AM managed volumes of €10.0 billion, of which €6.0 billion were retail classes and €4.0 billion institutional classes. Note that, €6.0 billion refer to CoRe SERIES Umbrella Fund and €4.0 billion refer to FAM Series UCITS ICAV.

As at December 31, 2018, Fineco AM has a total asset of €27.9 million, mainly consists of **Loans and receivables with banks**, represented by a restricted deposit opened at UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc, with a maturity in December 2019, for an amount of €8 million and by the sight deposits with Bank AIB for €5.9 million, and by **Loans and receivables with customers**, exclusively represented operating receivables associated with the provision of services.

Deposits from banks and **Deposits from customers** totaled €9.8 million, are represented exclusively by operating payables connected with the provision of services, relating to the placement and management fees of UCITS to be paid back to the placers, including FinecoBank for €5.7 million, and to investment advisors.

Shareholders' equity amounted to €16.1 million and consists of share capital for €3 million, net income of €21.3 million, net of the abovementione dividends paid to FinecoBank in the last quarter of 2018 for €8 million.

At 31 December 2018 the company's resources were 13. Recruitment from the market, which took place in 2018, was aimed at establishing the company's staff, with the profiles selected covering both business and support and control functions.

¹⁹ On 4 May 2018 the company was renamed as "Fineco Asset Management DAC" (formerly "Fineco Asset Management Limited").

Related-party Transactions

The Board of Directors, in order to ensure continued compliance with applicable legal and regulatory provisions on corporate disclosure on transactions with related parties and persons in conflict of interest, during the meeting on July 31, 2018 and with the prior favorable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors, approved the last update "Procedures for managing transactions with subjects in conflict of interest" (the "Procedures").

The aforementioned Procedures include the provisions to be complied with when managing:

- related parties transactions pursuant to the Consob Regulation adopted by resolution on March 12, 2010, no. 17221 as subsequently amended:
- transactions with associated persons pursuant to the regulations on "Risk activities and conflicts of interest with Associated Persons", laid down by Bank of Italy Circular on December 27, 2006, no. 263, Title V, Chapter 5 ("New regulations for the prudential supervision of banks", as amended);
- obligations of bank officers pursuant to Article 136 of Legislative Decree 385 on September 1, 1993, showing the "Consolidated Law on Banking".

Given that the Bank belongs to the UniCredit Group, the aforementioned Procedures are also based on the "UniCredit Global Policy for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest" and the relevant "Global Process Regulation" issued by UniCredit to subsidiaries as part of its management and coordination.

Considering the above, the following Significant Transactions resolved by the Board of Directors during 2018 are recorded:

- on January 23, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors authorized the issue of an Additional Tier 1 bond totaling € 200 million, fully subscribed by means of private placement by the Group Parent UniCredit S.p.A.; the duration of the loan is perpetual, linked to the statutory duration of the Bank, and the coupon for the first 5.5 years was set at 4.82%. The transaction is an "Ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions";
- on February 6, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework Resolution related to the entering into of hedging derivative contracts with the Parent Company or companies in the UniCredit Group", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions with validity up until February 6th, 2019, which enables the Bank to enter into hedging derivatives with the Parent Company and with UniCredit Bank AG for commercial assets or liabilities that, for ALM purposes, require interest rate hedging, with a plafond of €1,000 million with the Parent Company and €1,300 million with UniCredit Bank AG;
- on May 8, 2018, with the favorable opinion by the Risk and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of
 - "Framework Resolution Repurchase Agreements and Term Deposits with the Parent Company", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring May 8, 2019), concerning (i) Repurchase Agreements with the Parent Company for an amount of €7.1 billion, calculated as the sum of the individual transactions in absolute value (either repos or reverse repos) and (ii) Term deposits with the Parent Company for an amount of €6.3 billion, calculated as the sum of the individual transactions in absolute value;
 - "Framework Resolution for the transactions on current accounts held with UniCredit", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring May 8, 2019), which enables the Bank to manage transaction through specific current accounts with UniCredit S.p.A. for an maximum amount of € 1,000 million understood as a single transaction (single payment and single withdrawal);
- on June 12, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, , the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework Resolution - Trading of financial instruments with institutional counterparties and with UniCredit, on their own account and on behalf of third parties, respectively by the Treasury and Markets functions ", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring June 11, 2019), which enables the Bank to carry out trading in derivatives with related parties institutional counterparties, up to a permitted limit of: (i) €2.7 billion with UniCredit Bank AG, (ii) €250 million with Mediobanca S.p.A. and (iii) €1 billion with UniCredit S.p.A.;
- on September 18, 2018, with the favourable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework resolution Stock Lending Activities with institutional customers", ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions effective until September 17, 2019, related to share securities lending transactions, through which FinecoBank may implement, until the above expiry date, those transactions with a plafond of €700 million for transactions with UniCredit Bank AG and €200 million for transactions with Mediobanca S.p.A.;
- on November 6, 2018, with the favourable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework resolution - Trading of financial instruments of the Parent Company", ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions effective until November 6, 2019 related to the purchase or sale of financial instruments issued by UniCredit with limit of € 1,530 million.

Related-party Transactions (CONTINUED)

Furthermore, the Risks and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Directors, respectively on 10 and 11 December 2018, issued positive opinions, in compliance with the aforementioned Procedures, on the completion of an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions, proposed by the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC (Fineco AM or FAM DAC) and related to the "Framework Resolution - FAM DAC term deposits with UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc," concerning the term deposit transactions with a credit plafond of € 55 million which FAM DAC will be able to carry out with UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc until December 10, 2019.

As already mentioned in the disclosure provided in the 2017 Financial Statements, on December 5, 2017, the Board of Directors - with the favourable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee - approved the signing of a new life insurance brokerage contract between FinecoBank S.p.A. and Aviva S.p.A. (related party), to replace the agreement originally signed in 2002 by UniCredit Xelion Banca S.p.A., which was replaced by FinecoBank S.p.A. as a result of the merger. The projected figures as at December 31, 2017 (€13.4 million net to be paid to the Bank) classified the transaction as "Significant typical Transaction carried out at arm's length". The contract was finalized on April 5, 2018. In the meanwhile, as part of the same agreement, in March 2018 the placement of the Aviva "Multiramo Extra" product was included, which combines with and supplements the range of other "Multi-line" products already in the catalogue.

In relation to the above transactions, the Bank provided a simplified disclosure to CONSOB pursuant to Art. 13, paragraph 3, letter c) of CONSOB Regulation on March 12, 2010, no. 17221.

During the exercise closed on 31 December 2018, no other transactions were undertaken with related parties that could significantly affect the Bank's asset situation and results, or atypical and/or unusual transactions, including intercompany and related party transactions.

Minor Transactions were also carried out with the Parent Company, other Group companies and/or with related parties in general, both Italian and foreign, within the ordinary course of business and related financial activities of the Bank, at market or standard conditions.

Lastly, with regard to transactions of significant financial and economic relevance, during 2012, the Bank issued 5 bank guarantees in favour of the Italian Revenue Agency upon (guaranteed) request by UniCredit S.p.A., with indefinite duration (specifically, valid until the Italian Revenue Agency issues a declaration of receipt of the payment by UniCredit S.p.A. at the end of the collection process, in the event of an unfavourable outcome for UniCredit S.p.A., or until a ruling is issued in favour of the Bank by means of final judgement), for a total amount of €256 million, plus interest accrued and accruing until request for payment from the Italian Revenue Agency. The bank guarantees were issued to secure the obligations assumed by UniCredit S.p.A. in relation to five VAT refund suspension orders issued by the Italian Revenue Agency, and entail the assumption by the Bank of an irrevocable payment commitment on demand, within 30 days and without any exceptions. In 2013, following the settlement of an overall assessment notice issued by the Regional Department of Liguria, for €4.5 million, replaced by another assessment notice issued by the same Department up to the amount settled, a guarantee already issued by the Bank was replaced, with amounts unchanged; this transaction did not change the commitments undertaken according to the forms, procedures and risks already assessed during 2012, which are still unchanged; in this regard it is specified, however, following the consolidation of the definition of pending charges linked to the aforementioned bank guarantees, in December 2018 UniCredit S.p.A. has required the almost total release (about €224.5 million) to the competent office of the Regional Department of Liguria and the Bank is waiting for the corresponding reply.

Transactions with Group companies

The Bank and Fineco AM are subject to the direction and coordination of UniCredit S.p.A. and, consequently, pursuant to Article 2497 bis paragraph 4 of the Italian Civil Code, the key figures from the last approved financial statements of UniCredit S.p.A. are provided in Part C - Section 24 of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

The following table provides a summary of outstanding assets, liabilities, guarantees and commitments as at December 31, 2018 as well as the costs (-) and revenues (+) recorded in 2018 in relation to Group companies.

(Amounts in € thousand)

			GUARANTEES AND	INCOME
	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	COMMITMENTS	STATEMENTS
Transactions with Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A.	12,126,481	996,690	256,070	164,561
Transactions with companies controlled by UniCredit S.p.A.	8,351	35,821	-	(8,444)

For detailed information on transactions with group companies and other related parties see the comments in this regard in Part H of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

The following table provides a summary of outstanding assets, liabilities, guarantees and commitments as at December 31, 2018 as well as the costs (-) and revenues (+) recorded in 2018 with Fineco AM, which is consolidated.

GUARANTEES AND INCOME ASSETS LIABILITIES COMMITMENTS STATEMENTS Transactions with the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC 5,812 35,753

Number of treasury shares of the parent company

As at December 31, 2018, the Bank held 1,401,288 treasury shares, corresponding to 0.23% of the share capital, for an amount of €14 million. During the year 2018 n. 27,644 shares were purchased in relation to the "2017 PFA Incentive System" for personal financial advisors identified as "Key personnel" and n. 1,971,871 shares were purchased in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN" for selected personal financial advisors, in accordance with what was authorised by the FinecoBank Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting on April 11, 2017. During the year, 658,624 FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio were assigned to personal financial advisors in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN".

The Bank and its subsidiary do not hold shares of its Parent Company, Unicredit S.p.A., even through other companies or third parties.

Sustainability

1. Strategy

Our Bank is characterised by a unique business model that effectively combines powerful digital banking and brokerage platforms with the physical touch of extensive network of financial advisors. The One Stop Solution is a distinctive feature of the Bank that allows us to gain a strong competitive advantage: high-quality products and services are accessible from a single current account, making life easier for our customers.

Our business model is constantly focused on excellence and assures our customers a unique customer experience.

Fineco was founded on three main pillars: efficiency, innovation and transparency, which are the keys to our strategy and provide a clear guide to our path of sustainable growth.



EFFICIENCY Strong focus on IT & Operations, more flexibility, lower costs



INNOVATION Anticipate new needs to simplify customers' life



TRANSPARENCY Fairness and respect for all our Stakeholders

Having been built from scratch, our Bank has no legacy; this allows us to be more efficient. Efficiency is core in all Bank's activities: thanks to our proprietary back-end, internal development and automated processes, we can benefit from a lean and efficient cost structure and fast time-to-market in delivering new products and services.

Innovation is the way to achieve our mission: simplify the lives of customers with easy-to-use services and anticipate their needs, leveraging on increasing digitalization.

Fairness and transparency towards our clients is part of our DNA. We strongly believe that these key drivers are the basis to creating sustainable long-term value for all our stakeholders.

Our work is based on passion, innovation and efficiency and on the quality of our people and services. We strive every day to support people's wellbeing and progress in the local communities where we operate. Continuous engagement with our stakeholders at all levels of the organization is essential to our decision-making processes, which aims to create long-term value.

Our sustainable growth strategy is inspired by the generally accepted international declarations and conventions, standards, principles, guidelines and recommendations, including:

- The Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
- International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
- International Labor Organization's (ILO) Fundamental Human Rights Conventions
- (convention 29, 87, 98, 100, 105, 111, 138 and 182)
- Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights: Implementing the United Nations
- "Protect, Respect and Remedy" Framework
- OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (2011 edition)
- **UN Global Compact principles**
- UN Principles for Responsible Investment (UN PRI)
- United Nations Environment Programme Finance Initiative (UNEP FI) Statement of
- Commitment by Financial Institutions on Sustainable Development
- Women's Empowerment Principles

Our daily activities are at all times inspired by five Fundamental Principles, which we share with the UniCredit Group:



Customers First

High quality customer experience based on efficiency, innovation and transparency. Customer centricity is key to deliver excellence in all services



People Development

Our employees are one of our main competitive advantages. We promote professional growth through dedicated development plans and training programs designed to improve work-life-balance



Cooperation & Synergies

We use streamlined processes thanks to a very efficient internal organization. Close internal collaboration and internalization of processes are key to achieving service excellence and robust operating leverage



Risk Management

Thanks to a highly diversified business model, we are able to deal with all different market phases, reducing risks but without missing out on opportunities



Execution & Discipline

Efficient and wellintegrated Governance enable us to simplify decision-making processes

a. Materiality analysis

In 2018 we started a structured, phased approach that aimed at defining the materiality matrix for the Bank with the scientific support of ALTIS, Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore of Milan.

The materiality matrix follows the Global Reporting Initiatives Guidelines (GRI) and summarizes the relevant topics (so-called material topics) for the Bank and its stakeholders. These topics, as relevant, guide both the reporting and the path that leads to the creation of long-term value.

The materiality matrix of the Bank includes 20 aspects, aggregated in 8 macro-topics:

- Efficiency and Solidity
- Customer experience Innovation
- Fairness
- Transparency
- Sustainable and Responsible Investments
- Internal Control System and Risk Management
- People Development
- Environmental Sustainability

The identification of the material topics is the result of a direct engagement process of the Bank's management and an indirect analysis of the relevance perceived by the stakeholders, using a number of internal and external sources (listening tools such as surveys on customers satisfaction, corporate reputation and working atmosphere, press reviews, analysis of Regulatory sources and sustainability rating agencies).

Sustainability (CONTINUED)

The resulting materiality matrix has been approved by the Sustainability Managerial Committee and by the Appointment and Sustainability Committee of the Bank.

Materiality Matrix for FinecoBank



Table of material topics and their impacts (GRI Standard²⁰)

The table of material topics describes, for each macro-topic, the material topic and for each material topic the internal and external topic.

MACRO-TOPIC	TOPIC	GRI STANDARD	IMPACT OF MATERIAL TOPICS	
			INTERNAL	EXTERNAL
TRASPARENCY	FAIRNESS AND TRANSPARENCY IN OFFERING PRODUCTS AND SERVICES	417	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Regulators

²⁰ Global Reporting Initiative guidelines. Today they are the reference guidelines for socio-environmental reporting, widespread both at a national and international level

	HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT	401	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Employees, PFAs
	MANAGEMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS	402	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Employees, PFAs
PEOPLE DEVELOPMENT	HEALTH AND SAFE WORK CONDITIONS	403	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Employees, PFAs
	TRAINING AND EDUCATION	404	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Employees, PFAs
	DIVERSITY AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY	405	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Employees, PFAs
	NON-DISCRIMINATION	406	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Employees, PFAs
EFFICIENCY AND SOLIDITY	ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE	201	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Financial community, Regulators
INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND RISK MANAGEMENT	RISK MANAGEMENT	GRI G4 DMA; FORMER FS2	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Financial community, Regulators
ENVIRONMENTAL	REDUCE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS (RAW MATERIAL CONSUMPTION)	301	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Local communities, Suppliers
IMPACT	COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS IN ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS	307	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Local communities, Regulators
	ANTI-CORRUPTION	205	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Financial community, Regulators
FAIRNESS	ANTI-COMPETITIVE BEHAVIOR	206	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Financial community, Regulators
	SOCIOECONOMIC COMPLIANCE	419	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Regulators
	PROTECTION OF CUSTOMER PRIVACY	419	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Regulators
	FINANCIAL INCLUSION AND EDUCATION	GRI G4 FS14 G4 DMA FORMER FS16	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Regulators
RESPONSIBLE FINANCE	RESPONSIBLE PRODUCTS AND INVESTMENTS	GRI G4 PRODUCT PORTFOLIO – FS7, FS8	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Financial community

In addition to the GRI topics, the following topics have also been considered for the materiality analysis and have been assessed as materials:

MACRO-TOPIC	MATERIAL TOPIC	IMPACT OF MATERIAL TOPICS		
		INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	
	INNOVATION	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers	
CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE INNOVATION	QUALITY AND VALUE	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Customers, Financial	
			community, Regulators	
FAIRNESS	CLEAR APPROACH TO MARKETS	FinecoBank	Shareholders, Regulators	

Sustainability (CONTINUED)

b. Stakeholder Engagement

Our key stakeholders have been identified by the managers of the Bank during the interviews for the materiality analysis.

The managers run an assessment concerning the interest of stakeholders towards the activities, the strategy and the financial results and their level of influence towards the Bank, identifying as relevant stakeholders those that reported a higher than average rating with reference to both dimensions: relevance for FinecoBank / interest in FinecoBank.

Stakeholders engagement

Over the years we have developed several tools to interact with our stakeholders and better manage our relationship with them. The Bank involves stakeholders through several listening activities. Through a careful analysis of the needs and opinions of each stakeholder, we can develop more targeted strategies, improving decision-making and our offer of products and services.

The table below shows the main categories of stakeholders (internal and external) relevant to the Bank and the main dialogue tools activated with

Our main internal and external stakeholders and dialogue tools are:

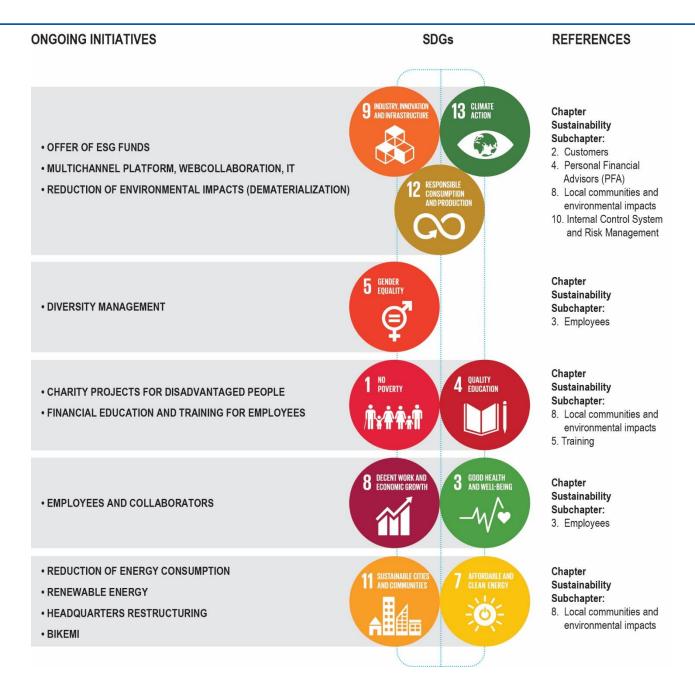
	Evaluation of customer satisfaction
CUSTOMERS	Instant feedback
	Customer Care
	Social Media
	 "People survey" on working life at Fineco and in the Group
EMPLOYEES	 Annual Performance Management for employees / Talent Management Review for talent / Executive Development Plan for Executives
LIVII LOTLLO	Intranet portal
	 Orientation session with heads of the banking business, Human Resources and trade union organisations
	 Ad-hoc research on specific topics (e.g. Smart Work, Onboarding)
	Dedicated platform
	 Specific meetings at different levels (Area Manager, General Manager, Team, one-to-one)
PERSONAL FINANCIAL	Calls and web conferences
ADVISORS (PFAs)	Workshops and dedicated working groups
	 Committees
	Training
	General Shareholders' Meeting
SHAREHOLDERS	Meetings with analysts, investors and proxy advisors
	Investor Relations activities
REGULATORS	Meetings

c. Our contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, adopted by all United Nations Member States in 2015, provides a shared blueprint for peace and prosperity for people and the planet, now and into the future. At its heart are the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)21.

Our most significant initiatives are consistent with the achievement of these goals, to contribute to global development, to promote the well-being of individuals and to preserve natural resources.

²¹ The selection of the initiatives and of the SDGs is not exhaustive.



2. Customers

The increasing digitalization in Italy is changing consumer behavior and expectations, customers are becoming more and more **digitally aware** in their everyday lives. This is a structural trend, where customers are changing their behaviors from the concept of proximity to the concept of quality of services. This is the reason why we are so focused on continuously improving the **customer experience**.

In order to **simplify our customers'** life, our offer is based on a complete "**one stop solution**" concept, including banking, brokerage and investment services to retail clients from one single account. But offering a "one stop solution" is not enough: we want to **deliver excellent services**. Thanks to our deep internal IT culture, we are able to fully extract the value coming from the knowledge of our customers, who use our platforms. For this reason, we are continuously committed in developing easy-to-use and best-in-class products and services to fulfill all our clients' financial needs.

Our offer in managed products is characterized by an open architecture. We offer more than 6,000 funds offered by the main 78 global asset managers, with a relevant component of SRI funds (Socially Responsible Investment): around 50% of funds offered has an ESG rating (total assets equal to €7.8 billion), while 34% of funds offered has a Morningstar rating equal to "High", "Above Average" or "Average" (total assets equal to €5.3 billion). For more details on our offer please refer to the "Investing" chapter in this Consolidated Annual Report.

Sustainability (CONTINUED)

Communication with our customers is based on constant dialogue through the internal Customer Care service and the network of financial advisors: for us, it is very important to listen to customers and ensure that they have suitable ways to submit feedback and complaints. We want to be there for our customers whenever they need help. We handle over 300 thousands contacts every month, via telephone, e-mail, chat and SMS, maintaining high service level. Around 93% of those contacts are resolved directly in conversation with the customer. Our customers' complaints are always analyzed, understood and recorded. We devote a lot of attention to them in order to improve the quality of our services. In 2018 we managed 3,446 complaints.

Fineco Customer Care

Customer satisfaction starts here



SEND US A MESSAGE 339.994.1888







BOOK THE CONTACT. WE WILL CALL YOU BACK







SELECT THE TOPIC **SEND US AN EMAIL**









Calls managed







Consolidated Report on Operations

According to a research conducted by Kantar TNS Infratest in 2018, **customer satisfaction reached 96%**²². This is an extremely valuable result to evaluate the overall relationship between customers and the Bank.

We also have an even more timely indicator that measures customer satisfaction in each interaction through the contact channels. In fact, for us every contact with the customer is an opportunity to get feedback on our products and services: at the end of each interaction we ask customers if they are satisfied with the received assistance and, if not, to expose the reasons for their dissatisfaction. These comments are analyzed on a daily basis and represent the engine that drives us to review our processes, so that they can always respond to the evolution of customer needs in order to simplify services and make them even more accessible.

It is worth noting that less than 4% of the interactions we have with our customers express some kind of dissatisfaction. We learn from this information to build the future of our Bank.

In 2018 we introduced the Voice Password: customers can now access assistance using directly their voice, in a faster and more secure way, without having to remember and to digit codes.

In addition in 2017, the consulting firm KPMG named FinecoBank the leading financial brand in Italy for the quality of its customer experience and sixth overall among major domestic and international players, out of over 140 domestic and international brands, from a sample of over 2,500 customers. The study assigned each company a Customer Experience Excellence Score based on the average of the individual scores achieved in the "Six Pillars" of customer experience: Personalization, Integrity, Expectations, Resolution, Time and Effort, and Empathy.

3. Employees

In a rapidly changing competitive environment, we are aware that change and continuous evolution are necessary requisites to face market challenges and that these cannot ignore the development of our people and the development of their skills.

Employees are key to the success of our Bank and one of our main objective is to manage, develop and monitor their continuous professional growth.

Through the correct and consistent pursuit of selection, training, evaluation and development activities, we aim to increase not only their skills but also the enhancement of talent and sense of belonging.

Their **professional development** is fundamental for us and for this reason we assure to each of them appropriate training, on-the-job training, job rotation programs, performance evaluation, compensation systems on a meritocratic basis and respecting equal opportunities.

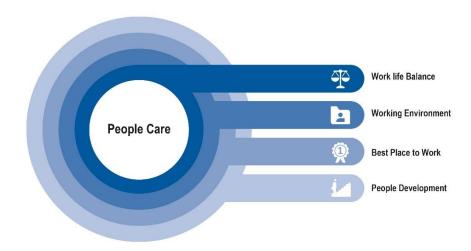
We want to support them in all phases of their professional life by listening to their needs and by **promoting diversity**, **inclusion and work-life balance**.

Every day the Bank invests to develop a sustainable working environment **based on trust and sense of belonging**. For this reason, we measure the motivation and level of involvement of our collaborators through a biannual Survey – "**People Survey**" - and, based on their indications, we define and implement specific action plans on which, in line with our strategy, we focus for the next couple of years.

People Care, Working Environment, Work-life Balance, Best Place To Work and People Development are the areas on which we are focusing after the analysis run in 2017 that set the Engagement Index at 81%, a very good result and typical of successful companies.

²² Processing of Kantar TNS data - December 2018

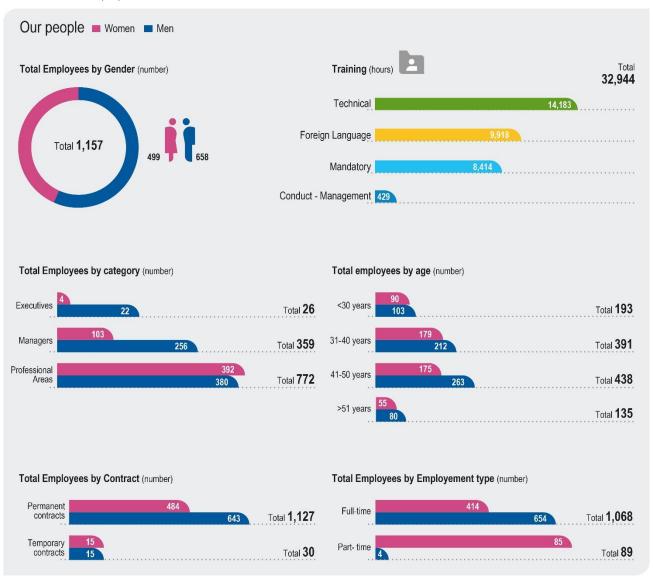
Sustainability (CONTINUED)



We aim to create a work environment in which our people can create value through a constant commitment and sharing of mission, values and behaviors.

a. Who we are

The breakdown of our people ²³ as of December 31, 2018:



The average age of employees at the end of 2018 is 40 years.

We invest in attracting, managing and fostering the development of "Millennials", making Fineco one of the most desired companies to work at. We want to be a company where people can make full use of their own skills, abilities and potential. This is why we believe in developing our employees by investing in them, offering fast growing opportunities to become a specialist in any field.

The main entry point for new employees in FinecoBank is **Customer Care** (CRM), which acts as a "talent incubator" where young people have the opportunity to acquire a deep knowledge of the Bank's products, services and processes. At the end of the hands-on-training course (about 2 years), they have the opportunity to further specialize within Customer Care or to undertake a horizontal growth process at Fineco or elsewhere in the Group thanks to an intense internal job rotation program. By the end of 2018, 16.3% of the total workforce were employed in CRM.

²³ The tables included in this paragraph refer to the holding population. In addition in 2017, an Irish Asset Management Company, Fineco Asset Management DAC, fully owned by the Bank, was set up. In 2018, Fineco Asset Management has obtained the authorization by Luxembourg authority "Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier" to replace Amundi Luxembourg S.A. in the management of the mutual funds labelled "Core Series" and since July 2, 2018 Fineco AM is fully operational. At 31.12.2018 the company's resources are 13 of which 4 women and 9 men with average age of about 35 years. The assumptions coming from the market, which took place during the year, were aimed at the establishment of the staff of the company, the selected profiles in fact cover both business functions and support and control.

Sustainability (CONTINUED)

Furthermore, starting a career in the Customer Care allows young people to absorb our corporate culture based on innovation, spirit of entrepreneurship and attention to the customer.

We contact talented young people through their favorite communication channels: social media and job fairs. To this end, the Bank has launched a new social branding initiative called #FinecoPeople - which offers engaging content on Linked-In for specific targets - with the launch of an emotional video on social media to recruit young people to be included in our CRM.

We also constantly collaborate with the best universities in the Country through the participation in Job Fairs. In 2018 we were present at the universities of Bologna, Pavia, Ferrara, Milan (Bicocca, Bocconi, Cattolica), Rome (Luiss) and Venice.

Through a Global Policy, adopted at Group level, we regulated the selection process for all roles and levels in our Bank. This guarantees a transparent and well-defined recruitment process. Moreover, thanks to digitalization we are able to offer a unique candidate experience. In fact, we started experimenting the Video-Interviews, which allow us to speed up screening times and at the same time reduce travel times and the use of means of transport.

b. Performance management

As part of UniCredit Group, UniCredit's Competency Model²⁴ and Global Job Model²⁵, based on the Five Fundamentals, describe the behaviors expected by all employees.

All employees receive an annual performance evaluation by their manager, which takes into account not only performance and results linked to specific and shared objectives, but also identifies future learning and development opportunities.

In particular, all employees are assessed within the UniCredit Performance Management (UPM), while the Executives and Talents are assessed respectively within the scope of the Executive Development Plan (EDP) and the Talent Management Review (TMR).

Decisions on professional growth and remuneration choices are based on structured processes aimed at promoting equity, meritocracy and transparency at all levels.

The annual review allows us to plan, manage and develop a sustainable leadership pipeline that results in career and succession plans and identifies actions to be taken in support of leadership development. Our learning and development initiatives are designed to meet colleagues' professional growth needs.

c. Diversity and inclusion

In order to run a sustainable and successful business, we are investing in a highly diversified workforce and an inclusive working environment. The aim is that the talents, skills, experiences and diverse perspectives of our people can be fully expressed in this environment, in order to promote greater innovation, identify and manage risks more effectively, and improve collaboration and workforce flexibility.

We adopted a comprehensive policy on gender equality since 2013. The policy sets out principles and guidelines to ensure a level playing field in which all employees can realize their full potential, regardless of gender. As of December 31st, 2018, 43% of FinecoBank employees were women.

FinecoBank has always stressed the importance of gender balance at all levels and also in 2018 this KPI was included in the performance evaluation sheets of the Identified Staff. The analysis carried out in 2018 confirmed no gender pay gap in Fineco.

We are constantly working to promote gender balance to fill generational gaps and to support people with disabilities. Within the company we have appointed a Diversity Manager who is the reference point for activities and initiatives related to Diversity confirming the commitment to develop the culture of inclusion and considering diversity a business theme for our Bank.

Within the initiatives dedicated to the inclusion of people with disabilities, in 2018 some events and workshops were organized with the participation of employees with disabilities and HR employees and their managers. The common goal was to raise awareness and promote inclusion in the workplace at all levels.

In 2018 we participated to a Diversity Day organized by Bocconi University of Milan - a project that promotes diversity management and the employment of people with disabilities and in protected categories. This event was attended by more than 400 people and was organized in partnership with private companies, universities, public institutions, media and communities.

We have also started a collaboration with Jobmetoo, an online recruiting company that helps companies to meet candidates belonging to protected categories. In addition to the publication of job listings, Jobmeetoo offers us the opportunity to participate to dedicated workshops.

²⁴ UniCredit's Competency Model describes behaviours that must be adopted by all UniCredit's people during their daily activities.

²⁵ Global Job Model is a state-of-the-art system that describes and evaluates all roles in UniCredit and supports the management of people and processes in a global, simple and coherent way

d. Welfare and work-life balance

In order to support the well-being of our people and their families and to maintain a high level of motivation and engagement in 2018, the **corporate** welfare system was further integrated. All employees have access to various services included in 4 thematic areas:

- Support Health: supplementary healthcare, insurance coverage, prevention campaigns, etc.
- Support Family: agreements with kindergarten, child protection, life protection, family reimbursements, youth camps, support for elderly and disabled family members, vouchers, etc.
- Save Money: pension funds, mortgages, loans and subsidies, clubs, transport season ticket, etc.
- Save Time: agile work, flexibility, expectations and sabbatical years, part-time, etc.

With regard to the last point, we further extended **flexible work** in order to support our employees' work-life balance and to offer them greater flexibility in managing their time. In 2018, around 50% of the corporate population joined with a positive impact on their level of involvement and performance. This is a profound change in the corporate culture that favors a model based on trust and performance. Furthermore, the adoption of a flexible working model has also led to the simplification of procedures and the re-engineering of processes, contributing to the digitalization and dematerialization of paper flows.

We are also investing in the renovation of work-spaces in the Milan Headquarter to create a better workplace.

In addition, starting from October 2018, we inaugurated a new initiative - MaggiorTempo - designed to streamline some of the most common daily tasks of employees, from pick-up, to laundry, shoe repair, tailoring, handling of postal and administrative procedures. One more tool to reconcile time of working life and private life.

The MaggiorTempo services are managed by a Social Cooperative whose mission is to integrate socially disadvantaged people.

4. Personal financial advisors (PFA)

In terms of size and managed assets, Fineco's PFA network is the third largest in Italy.

It is one of the Bank's key business channels, both in terms of acquiring new customers and of managing and retaining existing ones.

The focus of the network is based on two parallel tracks: growth and asset quality.

GROWTH

Organic growth is the main engine of our growth. In 2018, 93% of total net sales was organically generated and 7% was gathered through new recruits in the year. We believe this growing strategy is sustainable over the long term, also from a cost perspective, perfectly positioning the Bank to deal with increasing pressure on margins. An higher network productivity represents one of our answers to this challenge, leveraging on an outstanding customer satisfaction and a distinctive selling point based on transparency and quality of products and services: the percentage of net sales from existing clients almost doubled in the last 2 years (+90%).

Always showing the satisfaction and appreciation of our business model, the growth in the Private Banking segment is significant. Around 2% of our customer base is represented by this clients' segment, which holds around 37% of total financial assets of the Bank.

For our Bank, **recruitment** is focused merely on improving the quality of the existing network. We mainly seek professionals with experience in the network sector, in traditional banking or in private banking. We aim to attract professionals for whom customer relations are a central pillar and that seek to compete against the market and extend their reach. To these professionals we guarantee an accurate professional path, aimed at allowing an adequate analysis of the managed portfolio and consequent agility and rapidity of transfer, and flexible and customized economics to respond to their needs.

In 2018, 16 private bankers with an average portfolio of 29.8 million and 28 senior financial advisors with an average portfolio of €16.5 million joint Fineco's world. Moreover, 26 financial advisors with a more recent expertise (and an average portfolio of €9.6 million) were added to our network.

Fineco also supports "millennials", the advisors of the future, including them into its network through a selection programme through social networks/ partnerships with universities/ traditional channels. To assist them in their professional path, three types of support are provided by the Bank: training assistance since the preparation phase for the qualifying exam to up to 2 years after the assignment to the network; ad hoc economics for 24 months and operational assistance, also through a trainer. 51 young advisors joint us in 2018.

Sustainability (CONTINUED)

QUALITY

Quality needs to be analyzed from different perspectives.

Firstly, the quality of the customer relationship. It is extremely important that our customers trust into their advisors, which, for this reason, provide them advisory at 360 degrees; starting from the analysis of customer's needs, requirements and expectations, they focus on concrete solutions, avoiding a purely sales-oriented approach but rather aiming at responding to the customer's expectations and building a trust relationship over the long term.

Secondly but not less important, the quality of services. Thanks to state-of-the-art investment solutions, our financial advisors are able to provide solutions that, taking objectives as well as risk tolerance into account, meet customers' needs ensuring a constant monitoring of risk over time. We strongly focus on this and on a continuous innovation of our advisory services, improving the current ones and adding new ones.

Also the quality of the network significantly improved: the average portfolio per financial advisor increased by 4.7% in 12 months (moving from 22.2 million up to 23.2 million) with a strong AuM and advisory component increase. As of December 2018, Personal Financial Advisors with total financial assets above 20 million represent 44% of the network and 73% of the total financial assets of the Bank.

Growth and quality are also driven by efficiency. To support our financial advisors in their work, we adopt a cyborg-advisory model: thanks to an advisory platform extremely advanced from a technological point of view and extremely modern in terms of advisory solution offered, we allow our financial advisors to manage, also through remote connection, a bigger number of clients, always providing a timely assistance and a constant innovation in terms of new proposals and rebalancing accordingly with the evolution of the market scenario and customer' needs.

Moreover, starting from our open architecture, one of the most complete available on the market, the investment solutions (so called Guided Products and Services) allow personal financial advisors to work with no conflicts of interest, providing the best answers to customers.

Leveraging also on our expertise in innovation, our financial advisors have more time to manage relationship with customers, analysing their needs and how they evolve over time, constantly improving quality of offered services and strengthen the mutual trust. We internally developed X-Net, the new Cyborg Advisory Platform for our personal financial advisors, the best Fineco's technology into digital retail platforms: a cutting-edge platform easy to use which provide our PFAs an integrated solution characterized by an intuitive and customizable technology.

The personal financial advisor is at the heart of a system characterized by advanced digital services which simplify its job and strengthen the relationship with the customer.

X-Net platform represents one of the pillar of our advisory model as it leverages on a cyborg advisory concept which, differently from a pure roboadvisory approach, keeps the importance of a financial advisor up but with the essential support of technology. Moreover, our customers can easily, quickly and safely manage the investment proposals through the Web and Mobile Collaboration service, available from mobile and PC, even more simplifying the interactions between PFAs and clients. Thanks to this, the personal financial advisors benefit from a faster and paperless activity and customers from a more flexible service. This service is fully integrated into X-Net.

5. Training

a. Employees

The enhancement of professional skills and experience is a prerequisite for our company's growth over time. The Bank is strongly committed in supporting this enhancement with a strong focus in a continuous training process to employees.

In 2018, the training offer becomes even more accessible to all employees thanks to our **training platform MyCampus**. In addition, through this platform employees are able to obtain a more tailored-made training accordingly with the specific professional needs. The training offer was enlarged with an higher number of e-learning modules, accessible also through remote connection.

In 2018, 32,944 training hours were provided by the Bank, involving all employees.

Training is constantly evolving, adapting to the challenges our company takes on. In the last years, one of our Bank's main goals was to strengthen our risk and compliance culture, in order to enable a sustainable and profitable business over time.

For this reason, also in 2018, we paid significant attention to mandatory training for all the employees, who attended e-learning courses, in particular through our Group e-Learning Platform (MyLearning), and through classroom training.

The main themes treated were: anti-money laundering, anti-bribery, operational risks, privacy and data security, conflicts of interest. Results were monitored to ensure that all employees acquired the topics, thereby protecting the Bank against any operational, legal and reputational risk.

In addition to this, in order to improve business evolution and employees specialization level, many training sessions on technical skills were organized, in cooperation with external providers, strategic partners and universities.

In the **Customer Relationship Management department (CRM)**, where the average age is the lowest of the Bank, a total of 11,566 hours of technical training were held for newly hired employees, as well as "ongoing" training courses on technical and behavioral subjects (focused on communication skills), with the aim to maintain high quality service standards and a strong customer focus.

Moreover, in 2018 the Bank enlarged its *Leadership Training Program* (already tested in 2017): this program includes classroom training, coaching and training on the job. The aim is to strengthen managerial skills of middle management to manage their role in a coherent and effective way.

Training on English was carried on in the year through a course accessible by all employees through an e-learning platform which offers more than 5,000 Business English contents and virtual classrooms. Moreover, the bank offered foreign languages training by phone or classroom accordingly with professional needs.

Below a breakdown of training hours provided:

TRAINING AREA	HOURS OF TRAINING
Mandatory	8,414
Technical	14,183
Foreign Languages	9,918
Behavioral	429
Total	32,944

b. Personal financial advisors (PFA)

The financial advisor's strategic role is reflected in the extensive training program for PFA.

Given our goal to offer to our clients a premium level of service and taking into account the complexity and importance of the advisor's role, the bank developed a very broad training catalogue which includes all the aspects related to the advisory activity.

For us, the personal financial advisor is the facilitator able to help people in reaching their financial objectives in the medium/long term horizon through a rigorous and rationale planning. The goal that our financial advisors pursue every day is to protect and enhance family's savings through sustainable, tailor-made investments always accordingly with the specific risk profile of each client.

In this perspective, a full knowledge of financial markets and instruments is certainly essential, but not sufficient.

Social dynamics, technological developments, regulatory developments, micro and macro-economic trends at national and international level: to fully perform a role characterized by an high social impact, it is essential to be fully aware of a multitude of factors, all of which are competing to define the scenario in which the financial advisors works.

Sustainabilty (CONTINUED)

In addition, there is the need to develop and consolidate relational skills and emotional intelligence over time: going into a relationship with clients means to fully understand their needs, fears and wills, even latent ones.

To provide support to PFAs in their training path, our training programs included multidisciplinary courses always held by internal or external specialists, aimed to strengthen hard and soft skills.

In 2018, we provided 160,000 training hours (around 61 hours per PFA):

- 100,000 mandatory training hours
- 47,000 hours of training on business topics
- 5,000 hours of specialist training on the private segment
- 8,000 hours of training for new financial advisors
- tens of videos, media, web-conferences, webinars and dedicated sessions
- a broad dedicated e-learning platform to deep dive with the availability of classroom materials
- highly qualified teachers and leading figures in the financial and academic panorama
- ad hoc training courses to meet specific needs, designed from time to time together with the managerial structure and differentiated area by area on the basis of the real needs of the network.

High added value activities were put in place for the Private segment and its specific needs. The dedicated training course has the primary objective to further expanding the acquired skills in terms of asset protection, private insurance and real estate advisory. In 2018 around 325 financial advisors were involved for a total of 34 training days.

Following the new Intermediaries Regulation in force since February 15th, 2018, a special focus was dedicated to the requirements of suitable knowledge and skills for financial advisors and their maintenance (articles 78-82). To comply with these obligations, a review of training needs was carried out through an assessment for all our network. Any skills gap have been filled with a specific online training. Furthermore, in order to guarantee the maintenance and updating of the appropriate knowledge and skills, a 30-hour training course was identified, valid for Consob, Ivass and EFPA purposes.

Lastly, the Bank further invested in young financial advisors through a two-year training project to acquire technical and behavioral skills. Specifically, 43 courses were provided for a total of over 90 training days.

c. Customers

The dedicated training to current and prospect customers aims to improve their financial education and awareness by understanding how financial markets work and move and how to use financial instruments to better manage their assets.

There is a strong focus on behavioural finance and on initiatives to strengthen the financial culture of our clients, the basic rules for a professional financial planning: have clear goals and time horizon in mind, diversify and manage emotional reactions in complex market stages, avoiding irrational choices that can compromise the investments.

Consistently with our role as market leader in the trading arena, we feel strong this responsibility and the training dedicated to customers is also aimed at giving them more knowledge of financial markets, passing from themes such as technical and fundamental analysis, to risk-return ratio of the various trading strategies.

The trading courses are divided into basic sessions, where we explain how products and platforms work and more advanced sessions where the concepts of technical and fundamental analysis are analysed in-depth, even with the support of external professionals. In addition, we recently added in the learning catalogue a weekly update on market context to increase the awareness of the participants for their own investment choices.

In 2018 we recorded almost 18,000 attendances to Fineco courses through different channels:

- 141 classroom lessons throughout the Country: 26 Italian cities in the year (+13% y/y)
- 129 webinars, including direct interaction with experts via chat
- 165 video clips, always available, explaining various topics in few minutes

6. Shareholders

Fineco constantly promotes an **effective and transparent communication** towards its shareholders and to the overall financial community in a proactive way. The dialogue is managed through regular meetings and conference calls with institutional investors and financial analysts.

The Investor Relations team is in charge to provide accurate, effective and timely communications about the Bank's financial performance, the strategy and its evolution to support a fair valuation of the Bank and build a long-term shareholders' base.

In 2018 we dialogued with the financial community through:

- 13 days joining international conferences
- 10 days of roadshows around the world
- one-to-one meetings / group meetings / conference calls

reaching almost 400 institutional investors (+1% y/y, +34% compared to 2015, the first full year after the listing in July 2014). In addition we held 4 institutional conference calls to present our quarterly financial results.

The commitment of the Bank in developing an effective and transparent communication with its institutional investors was also confirmed by awards obtained in 2018. For further detail please see section 12.

A proactive dialogue with SRI - **Socially Responsible Investors** and **Sustainability Rating Agencies continued also in 2018**. For the second time, we joined the Italian Sustainability Day held by Borsa Italiana, to support dialogue between listed companies and financial stakeholders, deepdiving themes related to ESG (environmental, social and governance) metrics. One of our goal is to improve the disclosure of non-financial information to the market, interacting on an ongoing basis with investors to discuss not only our financial performance but also our environmental and social performance, since results in all these areas are closely linked.

In 2018 Standard Ethics, an independent agency which assigns Solicited Sustainability Ratings, confirmed our Standard Ethics Rating to "EE", a "full investment grade" given to sustainable companies with low reputational risk profile and strong prospects for long-term growth. The Standard Ethics Rating is an assessment of sustainability and governance based on the principles and voluntary directions of the United Nations, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) and the European Union. FinecoBank is also included in the Standard Ethics Italian Banks Index© and in the Standard Ethics Italian Index (the Index components are the 40 major Italian listed companies of the Italian Stock Exchange FTSE-MIB), among the major environmental, social and governance performance indices and benchmarks.

Finally, during the **2018** the engagement activity continued with regards to the institutional shareholders and proxy advisors, in order to provide information and support the analyzes regarding the shareholders' proposals and more generally the FinecoBank remuneration policies.

7. Regulators

We consistently engage with Regulators to support a competitive, sustainable financial market.

Relations with the Regulatory Authorities are based on the principles of integrity, transparency, fairness, professionalism and cooperation, in compliance with the procedures laid down by the applicable legislation, using and submitting complete documents and statements.

Let us remember that, in July 2017, Fineco and UniCredit were the first banks in Italy admitted to the **Cooperative Compliance Scheme with the Revenue Agency**. This important achievement has been reached thanks to the match of both the subjective and objective requirements, that means to have an effective system for identifying, measuring, managing and controlling tax risk in line with the "essential" requirements of the Tax Control Framework envisaged by law, Revenue Agency ordinances and by the OECD documents published on the subject. This scheme establishes a closer relationship of trust and cooperation with the Revenue Agency, helping to increase the level of certainty on significant tax issues under conditions of full transparency, through ongoing and prior discussions on situations likely to generate tax risks.

8. Local communities and environmental impact

a. Dematerialisation

Our greatest effort in minimizing environmental impact has been focused on dematerialisation processes, through innovations such as "remote digital signature" and "graphometric signature" that significantly reduce paper flows and emissions. By reducing the consumption of materials, we make the Bank more sustainable. The use of the paper can be limited thanks to the use of the technology.

In particular, we have released new digitally ways of subscribing contracts and orders. These functionalities are aimed both at customers who directly work on the Bank's website and at customers who work through the network of financial advisors. At December 31st, 2018, more than 70% of the requests for opening accounts through the financial advisors, were subscribed by customers with the graphometric signature, through a completely digital process.

Sustainabilty (CONTINUED)

In addition, requests for getting certain services with a remote digital signature (such as, but not limited to, the request for a debit card or the subscription of personal loans or requests for new openings of lombard loans) reached percentages largely above the traditional mode, freeing the customer from the need to print and send paper forms to the bank.

More generally, all new services for customers go through a shared approach among all the bank's structures involved, aimed at the creation of a highly automated processes (from a perspective of end-to-end) and flows of digital documents with no more need to print by the customer, the financial advisor and the involved back office structures, so reducing environmental emissions.

Finally, we are working on implementing some projects including digital signature for insurance contracts, the digital registered letter and internal digital documents instead of print out.

b. Mobility management

We continue to promote innovative solutions that make remote meetings possible using technology. In fact, all our employees have videocommunication tools and have access to videoconferencing systems. In addition, we adopted the Group policy on travel which encourages the use of public transport and since 2016, journeys not linked to customers' visits are prohibited for one week a month.

We also remind that Finecobank is committed to sustainable mobility, for example we took part in the set-up of bike sharing service in Milan (BikeMi), through a station close to our headquarters in Milan, entirely financed by the bank. The aim of this initiative is to reduce traffic and pollution and to promote physical wellbeing.

c. Office buildings renewals

We are convinced that making working environments more enjoyable, as well as functional, can positively improve the daily activities of our employees. So we renewed both Reggio Emilia and Milan offices: the offices in Reggio Emilia were been completely requalified in 2017 and subsequently a reduction of energy consumption of about 20% is estimated. In Milan headquarters the restructuring is underway. New spaces for offices, meeting rooms and training rooms have been created, with a more modern layout, which will then be extended to all the spaces of the bank. The interventions allowed a reduction of 15% of energy consumption at the end of December 2018.

d. Energy supply

The use of renewable energies is a key element in the fight against global climate change. We do our part, buying most of the electricity from renewable sources.

Finecobank's procurement model follows the UniCredit group model and is inspired by sustainability concepts. In addition, suppliers must meet certain minimum sustainability requirements and are chosen according to the standards of the International Labour Organisation in the field of fundamental human rights, child labour, freedom of association, conditions of work, equal pay, health, security and business ethics. Suppliers must also comply with the rules set by the group's environmental policy.

In addition to buying products with environmental certification, we prefer to use suppliers with Environmental Management Systems (EMS) certified according to EMAS standards and ISO 14001.

e. Local communities and charity

We have also made available to the municipality and neighbourhood area a big advertising screen located outside our headquarters in Milan, used not only for marketing but also for public communications and emergencies of the municipality.

Since the first years, Fineco has been committed to support concrete solidarity projects in various areas of intervention, including social and health care, training, education, promotion of culture and art, scientific research and environmental protection.

In addition to the charity made during the year, the Christmas Charity campaign (promoted every year on our corporate website) is the most important moment dedicated to solidarity. The campaign provides the possibility of donating for customers and non-customers to selected associations and projects, in addition to a donation by the bank.

The projects must be promoted by non-profit associations whose activity develops at wide range throughout the national territory. All the projects supported by Fineco are always developed in Italy.

The process involves a careful selection and evaluation of the associations through the request and the study of the following documentation:

- presentation of the association/entity
- presentation of the initiative for which the contribution is requested, highlighting social purposes, areas of intervention, needs (single or collective) to be met and beneficiary categories in relation to the activities and projects, total amount of the initiative and required contribution for the bank
- updated social status/social report

- certification attesting the validity of the signature powers of to the President/legal representative (e.g.: copies of verbal books, updated certifications, self-certification, etc.)
- copy of the identity document of the President/legal representative
- any other useful document

The associations are also subjected to a questionnaire aimed at avoiding initiatives in favour of institutions/associations involved in acts of corruption.

2018 Christmas with Fineco

In 2018 Fineco focused on three main projects.

a. ARCA PROJECT - Project: The first aid, always

The aim of the project is to bring immediate support to homeless in the main Italian cities, through the distribution of sanitary kits, meals and essentials by road units of the association assisting homeless in the evening. Every night a team composed by a specialized operator and 3 volunteers reaches the homeless distributing them meals and essentials, with the aim of alleviating their discomfort, creating a trust relationship and orienting these people towards the centres of reception present on the territory, to activate a path of reintegration https://www.progettoarca.org/

b. LEGAMBIENTE - Clean beaches and seabed

"Clean beaches and seabed" is one of the most important active volunteer campaigns and citizen science organized in Italy. Every year the last weekend of May a three-day cleaning of beaches, seabed and coasts is organized, combining passion for the environment and environmental education against waste at sea. The countryside of clean beaches and seabed is also a great opportunity to draw attention to the issues of waste prevention, differentiated collection and lifestyles https://www.legambiente.it/

c. CAF ONLUS - Welcome children from 3 to 12 years

The welcome service of children between 3 and 12 years is represented by 3 psychoeducational residential communities, site in Milan. In these structures children from all over Italy are welcomed away from their families by decree of the juvenile court, because of serious situations that endanger their well-being, their growth and psychophysical and affective safety. The work of welcome and care is articulated in 3 phases: welcome, aimed at creating a context of protection and support in which the child learns to trust the new figures of reference, psycho-socio-educational support, focused on the process of reparation of the suffered trauma, and finally accompanying in the project of resignation, which may consist in the return to the family, the foster or adoption, or the continuation of the course in a community for teenagers https://www.caf-onlus.org/

Corporate Governance

The corporate governance system adopted by Finecobank promotes a clear and responsible development of banking operations, contributing in the creation of long-term sustainable value. In particular, it is based on the principles recognized by international best practice as fundamental for a good governance: the central role of the Board of Directors, the correct management of conflict of interests, the efficiency of the internal control system and the transparency towards the market, with particular reference to the communication of corporate management choices.

More specifically, Finecobank is part of UniCredit Group and is subject to the management and coordination activities of the parent company UniCredit S.p.A., in accordance with the effects of the articles 2497 and following of the Italian Civil Code. The overall framework of the corporate governance of the Bank has been defined, therefore, in coherency with the existing provisions of laws and regulations, taking into account, also, the recommendations included in the Code of Self-regulation for listed companies²⁶.

In this context, Finecobank adopts the so-called traditional governance system, based on the presence of two bodies appointed by the shareholders' meeting: the Board of Directors, with functions of strategic supervision and management company, and the Statutory Auditors, with control functions. The statutory auditors is entrusted to an external auditing firm, in accordance with the applicable legislation.

In order to foster an efficient system of information and advisory which allow the Board of Directors a better assessment of certain matters of its competence, in conformity with the supervisory provisions issued by Banca d'Italia and the recommendations of the self-regulatory code, there are three committees with proactive, advisory and coordination functions, and in particular:

- **Remuneration Committee**
- **Appointments and Sustainability Committee**
- **Risk and Related Parties Committee**

²⁶ Since the listing Finecobank has adopted the self-regulatory code of listed companies, which, in line with the experience of the main international markets, indicates the corporate governance standards and best practices recommended to listed companies by the Committee for Corporate Governance - based on transparency, accountability and a long-term perspective - to be applied in accordance with the principle of 'comply or explain' which requires to explain in the corporate governance report the reasons for non-adaptation to one or more recommendations contained in its principles or application criteria.

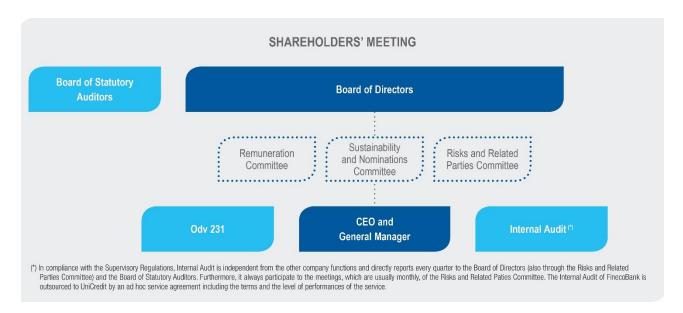
Sustainabilty (Continued)

In particular, it is noted that during the year the Appointment Committee was assigned the supervision of Sustainability related to the exercise of the Bank's activity and to the interactions with all stakeholders, modifying its name in Appointments and Sustainability Committee. This committee, in addition to the tasks already attributed to it, also carries out the following functions in the field of sustainability:

- supervise over time the evolution of the company's sustainable growth strategy accordingly with international guidelines and principles, as well as those at group level
- contribute to assess relevant risks in the medium-long term (application criterion 1.C.1. of the self-regulatory code); in particular, to supervise the activity of identifying ESG risks
- formulate proposals in relation to social and environmental plans, objectives, rules and procedures, monitoring their implementation over
- monitor the company's position in relation to the financial markets on sustainability issues and the latter's relations with all stakeholders
- examine this chapter, the completeness and transparency of the information provided through it, providing in this regard its observations to the Board of Directors called upon to approve this document.

A Sustainability Management Committee was also established in support of this committee.

The governance structure of the Bank at December 31st, 2018 is graphically represented below.



a. Composition of the Board

Our Board of Directors consists of 9 members, including the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (CEO). It was appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting of April 11, 2017 and its term of office will end at the Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the annual financial statements as at December 31, 2019.27

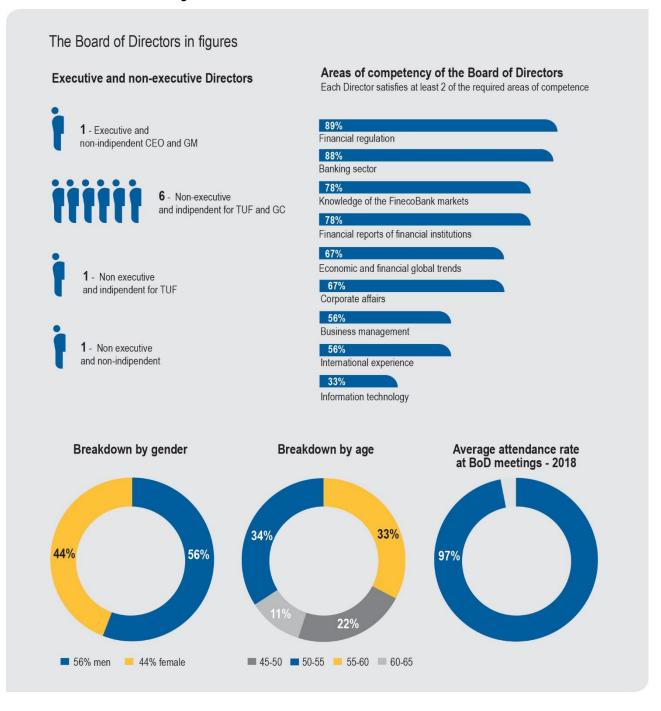
The composition of the Board in office is quantitatively and qualitatively consistent with the theoretical profile approved by the Board of Directors²⁸, including with regard to the limits on the number of offices held. In addition, the Board of Directors meets the requirements of integrity, experience and independence (including suitability) set forth in the articles of association and current regulations.

²⁷ The members of the Board of Directors (and of the Board of Statutory Auditors) are appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting according to the list voting mechanism. This voting system, which uses lists of competing candidates, ensures that representatives of minority shareholders are appointed.

28 In order to reappoint the administrative body, FinecoBank's Board of Directors had to identify the theoretical profile of the candidates for appointment (including in terms of professional competence and independence,

where applicable). To this end, by resolution of February 7, 2017, the Board of Directors approved the document entitled "Assessment of the qualitative and quantitative composition of the Board of Directors of FinecoBank S.p.A." (published on the company's website), which contains the results of the preliminary analysis conducted by the Board of Directors on its optimal qualitative/quantitative composition for the purposes of the proper performance of its functions, in specific compliance with the Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance

b. The Board of Directors in figures



Sustainabilty (CONTINUED)

10. Internal Control System and Risk management

a. Risk Management

Finecobank promotes a solid risk culture, based on shared values and coherent behaviours, key to ensure long-term sustainable profitability.

The Risk Management of Fineco is responsible for identifying, quantifying and mitigating the risks of the Bank, through rules, methodologies, policies and strategies in line with the regulatory requirements set by the supervisory authorities and by the parent company within the scope of its coordination powers. At the same time it supports the Bank's strategic planning.

To allow the maximum alignment between risks and profitability, the Risk Management function adopts the **Risk Appetite Framework** (RAF), which establishes the acceptable level of risk for the Bank, in line with the business objectives. The RAF is aimed at achieving sustainable profitability in conjunction with a solid business growth.

The Risk Management function has therefore the task of assisting the Board of Directors in defining a risk-propensity proposal for the bank. This proposal is preliminary to the annual and multi-annual budget process and complies with the strategy of the Bank and the Group. The alignment of Top Management Incentive Systems and the network of financial advisors to the RAF encourages a prudential approach to risk taking and maintains appropriate levels of risk.

The main risks of the Bank are credit and counterparty risks followed by operational and market risks and this is also evident in the breakdown of risk-weighted assets (RWAs). In addition to the risks of the first pillar of Basel, Fineco is exposed to risks associated with exposures in sovereign states, interest rate risk, business risks and liquidity risks. The latter risks defined by the second pillar of Basel are all included in the Risk Appetite Framework, whose respect makes the Bank's business sustainable.

With regards to **credit risks**, in the expansion of its lending's business, the bank pays strong attention to build and maintain a **low-risk portfolio** that retains high quality over time.

As part of the lending business, the bank shares all the core values included in the **Integrity Card and the Code of Conduct**, with no participation in such operations as:

- to finance individuals and corporates which are convicted of criminal offences (where known), including those of economic/financial nature and against the property, or in the social structure of which they appear to be convicted of the same offences
- to finance operations not in line with the principles for banking activities defined by the Global Rules on reputational risk
- to take advantage of clients with low cultural level or special situations, to obtain gains thanks to the application of particularly costly
 economic conditions/interest rates.

The prevention and **management of operational and reputational risks** allows, from one side, the limitation of losses by reducing any business risk and, on the other hand, maintains a correct relationship with customers ensuring the persistence of the relationship with the bank. The presidium of these risks is ensured not only through policies and procedures for measuring and reducing risks, but also by the evaluation of each product by a specific products committee which timely ensures the analysis of any current or prospective risk.

Lastly, as far as **market risks** are concerned, the Bank strategy is aimed at assuming limited risks, physiologically compatible with the Bank's brokerage activity: the first and second level controls are focused on a close monitoring of risk thresholds defined by the Board of Directors.

Risk Management is also involved in the improvement of the risk culture through training activities at all levels. During 2018, the Internal Control & Business Committee was the subject of specific communication activities on Risk Appetite and capital adequacy. In 2018 there were deep-dive with the Risk Committee and Related Parties specific aspects concerning the methodologies of IFRS 9 provisioning.

Lastly, to reinforce the company's risk culture, the Bank participates in the group initiatives concerning the **Risk Academy**, designed and managed by the group's risk management function, in collaboration with competence centres for learning and training. This approach develops the understanding of risk and its knowledge.

b. Compliance

We proactively monitor and manage the associated risks of non-compliance, carrying out our activities in line with current regulations, internal procedures, best practices and ethical principles. In this way, our compliance function defines, develops and regularly monitors the implementation and respect of the rules, procedures, methodologies and other compliance standards of our Bank. Senior management, who supervises this process, is promoting a solid compliance culture. If the business is at the heart of our work, compliance is the way in which these activities are performed.

Compliance is a prerequisite for the legitimacy and sustainability of our business. Compliance to all applicable laws, regulations and internal rules, both locally and at the group level, allows us to prevent unlawful conduct and to contribute to the fight against financial crimes. Given our commitment to promote compliance-based behaviour in every employee, a strong collaboration between compliance and our business units is crucial.

We aim to build and implement a common compliance culture that involves all levels in our organization. The group Global Policy - compliance culture, approved and adopted in November 2016, defines the key principles of the compliance culture at group level and in Fineco, as well as the roles and responsibilities of the internal functions in charge of this policy (e.g. Compliance, human resources and communications).

In 2018, we implemented a Tone from the TOP program to ensure that our senior managers continue to stay focused on compliance issues, and periodically remind all employees what their expectations are in relation to conduct and behaviours to be taken in Finecobank. Further deep dive was promoted through workshops and videos at group level on a number of compliance issues, such as Personal Dealing, MiFID II, Anti-Money Laundering, Conflicts of Interest, Financial Sanctions, Anti-Bribery & Corruption, General Data Protection, Financial Benchmark Regulation, PRIIPs, Whistleblowing and Antitrust.

c. Whistleblowing

Whistleblowing helps to protect the company and its reputation as well as all our employees. In 2011, we adopted a system whereby employees and financial advisors can report any conduct that violates the Bank's law or internal rules. Any employee and financial advisor may use this mechanism if it has reasonable suspicion that illicit conduct or potentially damaging behaviour has occurred or may occur.

In the event that an employee or financial advisor has reason to suspect that unacceptable conduct has occurred or may occur, they shall report it to the Compliance Officer of Finecobank (responsible for local anti-corruption) acting as Responsible for the internal signalling systems, which guarantees the correct execution of the procedure.

In the event that the Compliance officer is hierarchically and functionally subordinate to the person to whom the complaint relates, or if he or she is held responsible for the breach or has a potential interest in the reporting liable to jeopardize its impartiality and independence of judgement, the employee or the financial advisor can contact the internal audit directly as "reserve function", sending the report to the manager of the internal audit function of Fineco.

The management of this process is designed to ensure the utmost possible confidentiality regarding the identity of the signatory and the accused subject and to prevent any possible retaliation or discriminatory behaviour as a result of the report.

The channels made available to employees and financial advisors by the bank to carry out the reporting of irregularities, even anonymously, are as follows (some of these are available 24 hours a day):

- by phone, through the line SpeakUp Fineco, which allows the employee and the financial advisor to leave a voicemail, even anonymously
- on the website, through the Fineco speakup Web service, which allows the employee and the financial advisor to leave a written
 message, even anonymously
- via dedicated e-mail address
- in paper format to the dedicated postal address.

Information on whistleblowing is also made available to employees and financial advisors through a specific section of the company intranet, which specifies in detail how and when to make a report.

On November, 15th 2017, the Italian draft law for the reporting of irregularities was definitively approved, which contains provisions for the protection of the authors of reports of offences or irregularities that came out in a public or private working relationship. Regarding the whistleblowing process of the bank, the analysis carried out during the 2018 confirmed the substantial conformity of the internal practices with the requirements of the new law

d. Anti corruption (anti-bribery)

Our approach to preventing corruption and bribery is set out in the Global Compliance Policy on Anti-Corruption and its associated Operational Instructions, adopted by the Bank. The Policy sets minimum standards for anticorruption compliance and it applies to officers and members of strategic, control and executive bodies, employees, PFAs.

The Anti-Corruption Policy aims to:

- define principles and rules for identifying and preventing potential acts of corruption to protect the integrity and reputation of the Bank
- provide general information to employees on measures taken by the Bank to identify, mitigate and manage corruption risks.

The following mechanisms have been put in place to monitor the effectiveness of the Bank's approach to anticorruption and anti-bribery: escalation procedures employed for significant and strategic issues, quarterly management information requested, analysis and testing of the results of activities related to the management of second level controls, Compliance Risk Assessment processes performed for each regulatory area within the Compliance function's jurisdiction, and internal audit reviews. The last two mechanisms (the Compliance Risk Assessment and Internal Audit inspections) result in risk mitigation actions that need to be completed on time to ensure the management of the risks identified..

Sustainabilty (CONTINUED)

Risks of non-compliance are managed through a dedicated risk assessment process and second level controls. In the event of non-compliance, corrective actions to mitigate actual significant risks are undertaken.

Our Bank has zero tolerance towards acts of corruption, prohibits facilitation payments and does not permit any transfers of value to public officials without approval; it also forbids political donations.

e. Code of Ethics, Code of Conduct and Charter of Integrity

Our Bank has adopted a Code of Ethics, to mitigate operational and reputational risk, and promote a widespread culture of internal control. The Code also plays a role in the prevention of crimes covered by Legislative Decree 231/2001, as it contains a series of corporate ethics principles recommending, promoting or forbidding specific behavior, regardless of regulatory provisions. It contains the rules intended to ensure that the conduct of all is always guided by criteria of fairness, collaboration, loyalty, transparency and mutual respect.

The Integrity Charter states the ethical and deontological principles that we recognize as our own.

The Code of Conduct defines general principles of conduct, aiming to promote our culture of compliance and our commitment to sustainability. In order to deepen the themes of the Code in 2018 an educational and interactive path, provided by the 6 episodes "Jane and Kevin: Are you making the right choices?" was made available.

All these documents reflect the Bank's ethical values and principles, as well as providing a concrete response to its stakeholders: employees, suppliers, customers, partners, local communities and institutions, indicating specific commitments in their regard in terms of the principles of conduct and control. Our stakeholders, however, are also requested to respect such values, creating a reciprocal relationship.

The documents focus on the values of freedom, excellence, respect, transparency, integrity and fairness, and identify rules of conduct representing specific and mandatory commitments for every employee, helping to build a business culture consistent with our underlying values. The approach is designed to underscore the key values underpinning our business, as well as the rules through which our values are put into practice on a daily basis.

f. Commitment to Human Rights

During the year, Fineco drafted its commitment to Human Rights, which summarizes the approach, roles and responsibilities as well as the principles, rules, procedures and systems adopted.

FinecoBank operates in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which states that "every individual and every organ of society, keeping this Declaration constantly in mind, shall strive by teaching and education to promote respect for these rights and freedoms and by progressive measures, national and international, to secure their universal and effective recognition and observance, both among the peoples of Member States themselves and among the peoples of territories under their jurisdiction".

g. IT and Cyber Risk

Our Bank has a strong internal IT and operations culture, which make efficiency and innovation part of our DNA. As at December 31st, 2018, around 18% of our employees work in the IT Department and 24% in our Back Office.

From the beginning, we have chosen to manage most of our activities in these areas internally, and this also allows us better control of processes, reaching high levels of efficiency and at the same time creating extensive internal expertise that translates into a strong competitive advantage.

The strategy of internally develop products and services allows us to offer personalized and distinctive products, reducing both risk and problem resolution times, and using consolidated technologies able to ensure stability and reduced time-to-market.

Ongoing efforts to offer increasingly complex products and services while maintaining ease of use for customers able to access them through different channels allows us to offer flexibility in customer mobility and an outstanding customer experience.

Furthermore, the Bank also internally manages all security services. Great attention towards Cyber Security and Fraud Management is placed, in order to create full security for the customer while maintaining simplicity of use.

h. Cyber risk

Managing Cyber Risk is key for our Bank considering our nature of multichannel Bank.

Given the increasingly complex digital world we live in, information security has never been more important for the banking sector. Cybercrime, efraud, identity theft and hacktivism are definitely a hot topic.

Our objective is to protect our customers and our business by ensuring the security of data declined in its characteristics of availability, confidentiality and integrity. The steps we are taking will mitigate our exposure to operational and reputational risks. We therefore devote considerable resources to keeping our customers' assets and data safe.

Unfortunately, as the world becomes more connected and moves at a faster pace, there are many more opportunities for criminals to misuse the global financial system. We are taking a number of steps, such as training employees. We have invested in training employees so they understand the role that they play in combating financial crime (e-crime). In addition, we have put processes in place to deal with such instances quickly and effectively.

Our security strategy involves a multi-layered approach, based on a deep knowledge of our customers, behavioral analytics and risk scoring. This empowers and makes our anti-fraud process more effective, maintaining a high level convenience and usability. Knowing our customers better is key to protecting them from financial crime. We need to make sure all the information we have about our customers is accurate, up to date and complete. This will help our systems that detect criminal activity work more effectively.

On Cyber Security: we are using a well-established, risk-based internal security process, made up by skilled people and advanced technology infrastructure. The objective of maintaining a high standard of safety is verified, on an ongoing basis, also through benchmarking with market fraud levels, both in banking and money market. For several years, the level of fraudulent phenomena in FinecoBank is significantly lower than the market, an important indicator to assess the effectiveness of the process itself.

Fineco has a strong internal IT culture, making it easier to cope effectively with IT security issues. Moreover, talking about IT, we have a limited use of external partners, thus allowing us a far better understanding of our applications and systems.

Last but not least, we are working together with Italian Law Enforcement, national and international security associations and well known security companies. Don't forget that a system approach against cybercrime can be much more effective than fighting it alone.

In terms of customer protection, we have in place clear policies, frameworks and governance which cover all our processes, from the design of products and services, to training, incentives, and client interaction. Fineco ensures the compliance with data protection rules by adopting the principles prescribed by Italian legislation, implementing Directive 95/46/EC through a new Global Policy on Privacy. On April 2016, the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (the General Data Protection Regulation "GDPR") was approved by the EU Parliament. The new data protection regime entered into force on May, 25th 2018 and directly applicable in all Member States of the European Union without the need of implementing national legislation. As part of our commitment to data protection, Compliance Risk Assessment and second level controls aim to identify, monitor and manage compliance risks in this regulatory area.

The Bank has also adopted a formal and comprehensive Security Incident Response Plan, articulated on several levels: governance, organization, operation and reporting.

11. Awards

Also in 2018 Fineco obtained several high-profile awards, which confirm the excellent market positioning of the Bank. Recognitions that are added to others obtained in the past, such as the research "What really shapes the Customer Experience" from the consulting company BCG, which in 2015 defined Fineco as the most recommended banking brand globally through word of mouth.

Among these stands out in particular Institutional Investor, the financial magazine that for the second year in a row awarded Alessandro Foti as the best CEO in Europe in 2018 in the banking sector, for the Small & Mid-Cap category. The 2018 edition of the "All-Europe Executive Team" survey involved about 1,500 institutional investors and 940 analysts, who voted over 1,500 companies. In particular, Fineco ranked among the best companies in the survey, being among the "Most Honored Companies".

In addition to the Best CEO award, the Bank ranked second in the following categories among the Small & Mid Cap institutions: "Best IR Professional", "Best Investor Relations Program" and "Best Website". The awards of Institutional Investor confirm once again the positioning of Fineco among the most important and recognized players in the banking and financial sector at international level.

In 2018 Fineco obtained further awards: the Professional Wealth Management, magazine of the Financial Times Group within the first edition of the "Wealth Tech Awards", named FinecoBank "highly recommended" among the European Private Banking in the category "Best private bank for digitally empowering relationship managers". Moreover, as part of the Bluerating Awards, Alessandro Foti received the award for his career: "The award goes to a manager who in his career has demonstrated the correct balance between the foresight necessary to prevent market challenges and fundamental pragmatism to deal with them. A combination at the base of the success story of Fineco, started years ago as a start-up and now one of the main players in our sector ".

Finally, Fineco UK was awarded by the London Forex Show as: Best Forex Provider of the year 2018, Best Forex Trading Platform, Best Forex New Entrant 2018, Best Forex Trading Tools.

Other information

Report on corporate governance and proprietary structures

Pursuant to Article 123-bis, paragraph 3 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998, the Report on Corporate Governance and Proprietary Structures is available at the "Governance" section of the FinecoBank website (https://www.finecobank.com).

Report on remuneration

Pursuant to Art. 84-quater, paragraph 1, of the Issuers' Regulations implementing the Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998, the "Report on remuneration" is available on FinecoBank's website (https://www.finecobank.com).

Research and development

To promote technical solutions in line with the company mission, research and development is focused on developing software that enables the provision of increasingly innovative financial advice together with exclusive own-account trading.

More specifically, the main software applications that have been developed over the years are:

- Advice, a computer program through which the Bank enables its personal financial advisors to offer a professional advisory service to customers who want a personalised financial plan;
- Internaliser, a computer program through which the Bank executes customer orders in its own account relating to trading on financial markets as an alternative counterparty to the market;
- Powerdesk and Webtrading, software that allows the Bank to, respectively, offer customers sophisticated and efficient tools for online trading on the main international financial markets and simple solutions to complement the direct banking services.

The activities were split between developing new applications and strengthening/maintaining existing features to meet customer needs increasingly efficiently.

Lastly, in 2018, activities for the development of the X-Net platform (used by personal financial advisors) have been consolidated through the implementation of information and reporting services.

Information on the time limits for convening the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting

Pursuant to Article 2364, paragraph 2, of the Italian Civil Code and Art. 6, paragraph 4, of FinecoBank's Articles of Association, the draft Annual Accounts will be submitted to the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for approval within 120 days from the end of the financial year.

Non-financial declaration pursuant to article 6, paragraph 1, Legislative Decree 254 of **December 30, 2016**

The Bank has availed of the right to waive preparation of the Non-financial declaration pursuant to article 6, paragraph 1, Legislative Decree 254 of December 30, 2016 as both FinecoBank and Fineco Asset Management DAC are included in the Integrated Report prepared by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A.

Certification by the administrative body as to satisfaction of the conditions set out in article 16 of the Markets Regulation adopted by CONSOB resolution no. 20249 of December 28, 2017

In relation to the provisions of art. 2.6.2, paragraph 9, of the Regulation on Markets Organised and Managed by Borsa Italiana S.p.A., it is hereby certified that FinecoBank - subject to management and coordination by UniCredit S.p.A. - meets all the requirements of art. 16 of the Markets Regulation adopted by CONSOB resolution no. 20249 of December 28, 2017, for the listing of shares of the subsidiaries subject to the management and coordination of other companies. In particular, the Bank has fulfilled the disclosure obligations set forth in Art. 2497-bis of the Italian Civil Code, has an independent negotiating capacity in its relations with customers and suppliers, has a Board of Directors consisting mainly of independent directors, and has a Risk and Related Parties Committee composed of independent directors (which is assigned, among other things, the functions that the Corporate Governance Code for Listed Companies assigns to the Internal Control and Risk Management Committee).

Subsequent events and outlook

Subsequent events

The Board of Directors' meeting of FinecoBank held on January 10, 2019 – in consideration of the favourable opinion of the Remuneration Committee which met on January 9, 2019 – approved the following incentive systems that will be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting called for April 10, 2019:

- 2019 Incentive System for Employees categorised as Key Personnel;
- 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors identified as "Key Personnel".

On January 31, 2018, FinecoBank completed the headquarters acquisition from Immobiliare Stampa S.C.p.A. (controlled by Banca Popolare di Vincenza), the ownership of the building, designated for offices use and related accessories, which establishes the registered office of the Bank located in Milan, Piazza Durante 11, partially rented until that date. The transaction was completed with a price of the deal of €62 million and it represents the carrying amount of the property booked in the financial statements, in addition to taxes and initial direct costs.

The difference between the above mentioned carrying amount and the asset determined on the basis of the cash flows associated with the lease of the building that would be recognized in relation to the application of the new accounting standard IFRS16, starting from 1 January 2019, that, by introducing a new definition of leasing²⁹, provides the inclusion in the balance sheet of a leased asset based on control of the asset ("right of use"), generates a greater capital absorption of 34 bps in terms of CET1 ratio and a positive economic impact of about €2.5 million per year³⁰, with a consequent positive effect in terms of EVA.

Finally, the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on 5 February 2019, taking into account the positive opinion of the Remuneration Committee meeting on 1 February 2019, approved the implementation of the following incentive / loyalty systems:

- 2014-2017 multi-year plan top management for employees. In particular, the assignment of n. 335,624 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second tranche of the Plan, granted in 2016, and consequently a free share capital increase for a total amount of €110,755.92 with immediate effect;
- Incentive Systems 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 for employees. In particular, it was approved:
 - the assignment of n. 173,581 free ordinary shares to beneficiaries of the third tranche of the 2014 Incentive Systems, of the second tranche of the 2015 Incentive Systems and of the first tranche of the 2016 Incentive Systems, and consequently a free share capital increase for a total amount of €57,281.73 effective from March 30, 2019;
 - the assignment of the first cash tranche related to the 2018 Incentive Systems and of the second cash tranche related to the 2017 Incentive Systems:
- Incentive Systems 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 for Financial Advisors identified as "Key Personnel". In particular, it was approved:
 - o the assignment of n. 27,103 phantom shares and the third cash tranche to the beneficiaries of the 2015 Incentive System;
 - o the assignment of n. 34,644 shares of the first tranche related to the 2016 Incentive Systems;
 - the assignment of cash tranches related to the 2017 and 2018 Incentive Systems.

Outlook

The prospective scenario, despite a context of pressure on margins, sees FinecoBank benefiting from two trends that are transforming Italian society: digitization and demand for advisory services.

In response to the main trends that are redrawing customer behavioural models, FinecoBank confirms its focus on offering advanced financial advisory services and the digitalisation of its offerings, where technology emphasizes the skills of personal financial advisors thanks to the simplification of bureaucratic activities, which allows to offer more time to cultivate the relationship with the client. This includes the cyborg advisory model, aimed at improving the productivity of the Network and at the same time increasing the quality of the service provided to customers.

The Bank will continue to pursue its strategy based on organic growth, thanks to the efficiency of the processes and the quality of the services, which allow to combine at the same time the interests of all the stakeholders: shareholders who seek an adequate remuneration for the capital invested; customers who demand services in line with their expectations; the company's employees and personal financial advisors, who aim for stability.

²⁹ The definition of Leasing required by the standard, which no longer distinguishes between finance leases and operating leases, also includes leases for buildings.

³⁰ The economic impact derives for about €2 million from the difference between the depreciation amount of the purchased building and the depreciation amount of the right-of-use that would have been booked for the same building in continuity of lease and, for the remaining part, from the income deriving from the lease of a portion of the purchased building net of taxes connected to the property and of the interest expenses that would have been recognized on the financial liability booked in correspondence with the right of use. Please note that the useful life of the property is 33 years, while the right of use and the corresponding depreciation amount have been determined considering the maturity of the lease contract (before the purchase), set at 31 December 2026.

The aim is to further strengthen its competitive positioning in the integrated banking, brokerage and investing services sector through the high quality and completeness of the financial services offered, summarized in the "one stop solution" concept, thanks also to the asset management activities carried out by Fineco AM that will allow the Bank to be even closer to the needs of its customers, more efficient in product selection and more profitable thanks to the vertically integrated business model.

Proposal for the approval of the accounts and allocation of profit for the year

The Bank closed the year 2018 with net profit for the year of €227,922,325.69.

It is proposed to allocate the net profit for the year as follows:

- €33,607.46 to the Legal Reserve, corresponding to 0.015% of the profit for the year, having reached the limit of a fifth of the share capital:
- € 43,387,897.43 to the Extraordinary Reserve;
- €184,500,820.80 to Shareholders, corresponding to a dividend of €0.303 for each of the 608,913,600 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 euro, constituting the share capital including the 509,205 shares relating to the capital increase approved by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2019.

The dividends not distributed in relation to treasury shares held by the Bank at the record date will be transferred to the Extraordinary reserve.

In conclusion, the Shareholders Meeting is invited to approve:

- the Separate Annual Report and Accounts for the year 2018 in their entirety;
- the allocation of the profit for the year of €227,922,325.69 as follows:

 - €43,387,897.43 to the Extraordinary Reserve;
 - €184,500,820.80 to Shareholders, corresponding to a dividend of €0.303 for each of the 608,913,600 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 euro, constituting the share capital including the 509,205 shares relating to the capital increase approved by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2019.

Payment of the aforesaid dividend amount, in accordance with legal regulations, will take place with the value date of April 25, 2019.

The Board of Directors

Milan, February 5, 2019

FinecoBank S.p.A.
Chief Executive Officer and General Manager
Alessandro Foti

FinecoBank S.p.A. Chairman Enrico Cotta Ramusino

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Consolidated Financial Statements

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Consolidated balance sheet

(Amounts in € thousand)

BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
10. Cash and cash balances	6	613
20. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	20,218	
a) financial assets held for trading	6,876	
c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	13,342	
Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 20)		10,879
30. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	961,773	
Available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 Item 40)		1,047,689
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	23,270,023	
a) loans and receivables with banks	12,440,994	
b) loans and receivables with customers	10,829,029	
Held-to-maturity investments (ex IAS 39 Item 50)		4,826,390
Loans and receivables with banks (ex IAS 39 Item 60)		13,878,117
Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39 Item 70)		2,129,219
50. Hedging derivatives	3,314	458
60. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)	4,873	9,590
90. Property, plant and equipment	16,632	15,205
100. Intangible assets	98,307	97,511
of which:		
- goodwill	89,602	89,602
110. Tax assets	6,714	9,249
a) current tax assets	467	1,765
b) deferred tax assets	6,247	7,484
130. Other assets	350,770	315,415
Total assets	24,732,630	22,340,335

(Amounts in € thousand)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost	23,282,962	
a) deposits from banks	1,009,774	
b) deposits from customers	22,273,188	
Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39 Item 10)		926,001
Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39 Item 20)		20,205,036
20. Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221	
Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 40)		2,617
40. Hedging derivatives	5,341	12,694
50. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities (+/-)	2,600	(3,772)
60. Tax liabilities	12,390	10,234
a) current tax liabilities	12,390	10,234
80. Other liabilities	337,069	338,286
90. Provisions for employee severance pay	4,561	4,999
100. Provisions for risks and charges:	109,805	112,414
a) commitments and guarantees given	49	
c) other provisions for risks and charges	109,756	112,414
120. Revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)
140. Equity instruments	200,000	-
150. Reserves	355,509	323,932
160. Share premium reserve	1,934	1,934
170. Share capital	200,773	200,545
180. Treasury shares (-)	(13,960)	(365)
200. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	241,219	214,120
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,732,630	22,340,335

Consolidated Income statement

(Amounts in € thousand)

INCOME STATEMENT	2018	2017
10. Interest income and similar revenues	293.128	269,746
of which: interest income misured	290.863	
20. Interest expenses and similar charges	(14,469)	(5,165)
30. Net interest margin	278,659	264,581
40. Fee and commission income	571,514	533,314
50. Fee and commission expense	(271,071)	(263,231)
60. Net fee and commission income	300,443	270,083
70. Dividend income and similar revenue	95	55
80. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading	43,833	
Gains (Losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 80)		47,413
90. Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting	171	19
100. Gains and losses on disposal or repurchase of:	1,683	
a) financial assets at amortised cost	17	
b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,666	
Gains (Losses) on disposal and repurchase of: (ex IAS 39 Item 100)		4,712
a) loans		3,951
b) available-for-sale financial assets		761
110. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,500)	-
b) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	(1,500)	
120. Operating income	623,384	586,863
130. Impairment losses/writebacks on:	(3,520)	· ·
a) financial assets at amortised cost	(3,406)	
b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(114)	
Net losses/recoveries on impairment: (ex IAS 39 Item 130)	· · ·	(18,043)
a) loans		(5,158)
b) available-for-sale financial assets		(12,891)
d) other financial assets		6
150. Net profit from financial activities	619,864	568,820
180. Net profit from financial and insurance activities	619,864	568,820
190. Administrative expenses	(344,234)	(323,524)
a) staff expenses	(86,727)	(78,886)
b) other administrative expenses	(257,507)	(244,638)
200. Net provisions for risks and charges	(6,672)	(8,459)
a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	402	
b) other net provision	(7,074)	(8,459)
210. Impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment	(5,464)	(5,569)
220. Impairment/write-backs on intangible assets	(4,959)	(4,800)
230. Other net operating income	96,378	90,304
240. Operating costs	(264,951)	(252,048)
280. Gains (losses) on disposal of investments	(161)	(508)
290. Total profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations	354,752	316,264
300. Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations	(113,533)	(102,144)
310. Total profit (loss) after tax from continuing operations	241,219	214,120
330. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	241,219	214,120
350. Profit (loss) for the year attributable to the Parent Company	241,219	214,120

	2018	2017
Earnings per share (euro)	0.40	0.35
Diluted earnings per share (euro)	0.40	0.35

Note:

For further information on "Earnings per share" and "Diluted earnings per share" please see notes to the accounts, Part C - Information on the Consolidated Income Statement, Section 25.

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

 $(\text{Amounts in} \in \text{thousand})$

ITEMS	2018	2017
10. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	241,219	214,120
Other comprehensive income after tax without reclassification through profit or loss		
70. Defined benefit plans	3,429	(3,473)
Other comprehensive income after tax with reclassification through profit or loss		
140. Financial assets (other equity securities) designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	(6,859)	
Available-for-sale financial assets:(ex IAS 39 Item N. 100)		1,927
170. Total other comprehensive income net tax	(3,430)	(1,546)
180. Comprehensive income (voce 10+170)	237,789	212,574
200. Consolidated comprehensive income attributable to the parent	237,789	212,574

Statement of changes in consolidated shareholders' equity

Statement of changes in consolidated shareholders' equity at 31.12.2018

															(Amounts in €	thousand)
				ALLOCATION	OF PROFIT				CHANGE	DURING TH	IE YEAR					
				FROM PREV												
	BALANCE AS AT 12.31.2017	CHANGE IN OPENING BALANCE	BALANCE AS AT 01.01.2018	RESERVES	DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRBUTIONS	CHANGES IN RESERVES	ISSUES OF NEW SHARES	PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES	DISTRIBUTIONS OF EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDENDS	CHANGES IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS	OWN SHARE DERIVATIVES	STOCK OPTIONS	CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP INTERESTS	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT 12.31.2018	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY GROUP AS AT 12.31.2018	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY MINORITIES AS AT 12.31.2018
Share capital:																
- ordinary shares	200,545		200,545				228								200,773	-
- other shares																
Share premium reserve	1,934		1,934												1,934	-
Reserves:																
- from profits	291,841	(4,868)	286,973	40,725		(5,933)						(228)			321,537	-
- others	32,091		32,091									1,881			33,972	-
Revaluation reserves	(8,340)	1,976	(6,364)											(3,430)	(9,794)	-
Equity instruments										200,000					200,000	-
Treasury shares	(365)		(365)				6,548	(20,143)							(13,960)	-
Profit (loss) for the year	214,120		214,120	(40,725)	(173,395)									241,219	241,219	-
Shareholders' Equity Group	731,826	(2,892)	728,934	-	(173,395)	(5,933)	6,776	(20,143)	-	200,000	-	1,653	-	237,789	975,681	-
Shareholders' Equity				,	The state of the s	, and the second								The state of the s		
Minorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- I

The amount of the dividend approved by the Fineco's Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting in 2018, totalling \in 173,395,252.58, corresponds to \in 0.285 per share.

The column "Stock options" includes the incentives plans serviced by FinecoBank shares.

Statement of changes in consolidated shareholders' equity at 31.12.2017

ALLOCATION OF PROFIT FROM PREVIOUS YEAR CHANGE DURING THE YEAR SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY TRANSACTIONS SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY MINORITIES AS AT 12.31.2017 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT 12.31.201 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY GROUP AS AT DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTION CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP INTERESTS DISTRIBUTIONS OF EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDENDS CHANGES IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS CHANGE IN OPENING BALANCE **URCHASE OF OWN SHARES BALANCE AS AT 12.31.2016 BALANCE AS AT 01.01.2017** SHARE DERIVATIVES SSUES OF NEW SHARES CHANGES IN RESERVES STOCK OPTIONS Share capital:
-) ordinary shares
-) other shares Share premium reserve 1,93 1,93 1,93 -) from profits
-) others
Revaluation reserves
Equity instruments 250,247 250,247 28.160 291,84 (4,338) (4,338) 4,14 (172 (365 reasury shares Profit (loss) for the yea (41,684 Shareholders' Equity Group Shareholders' Equity 681,29 3,632 731,82

The amount of the dividend approved by the Fineco's Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting in 2017, totalling \in 170,159,736.60, corresponds to \in 0.28 per share.

The column "Stock options" includes the incentives plans serviced by FinecoBank shares

The column "Changes in reserves" corresponds to the amount of the dividends not distributed in relation to any treasury shares held by the Bank at the record date and transferred to the Extraordinary reserve.

The "Changes in reserves" column includes: dividends not distributed in relation to any treasury shares held by the Bank at the record date, transferred to the Extraordinary reserve; coupons paid on equity instruments net of related taxes; transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of Equity instruments net of related taxes.

Consolidated cash flow statement

Indirect method

A. OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1. Operations - profit (loss) for the year (+/-) - unrealised gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on other assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (-/+) - capital gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - inpairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - individual duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - folions from/used by financial assets - financial assets held for trading	2017 361,011 214,120 (1,795) (19
- profit (loss) for the year (+/-) - unrealised gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on other assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (-/+) - capital gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net value adjustments/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	214,120
- unrealised gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on other assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (-/+) - capital gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	(1,795)
through profit or loss (-/+) - capital gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets	
- capital gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets	
through profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets	
- gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - 1 - 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets	
- net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) - net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - Other adjustments (+/-) - Cash flows from/used by financial assets - 4,401 - 4,401 - 4,401 - 10,402 - 10,402 - 10,402 - 10,402 - 10,402 - 10,403 -	/40)
- net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 6,080 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	(19)
- net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-) - net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets 10,424 10,424 10,424 10,424 10,424 10,425 10,425 10,424	
- net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-) - provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets 22,691 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	10,053
- provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39) - uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	10,369
- uncollected net premiums (-) - other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets - contact of the description of the descri	
- other uncollected insurance income/expenses (-/+) - unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	22,691
- unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-) 6,098 - impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 69,080 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	
- impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-) - other adjustments (+/-) 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	
- other adjustments (+/-) 69,080 2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	2,729
2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets (2,425,880)	
	102,863
- financial assets held for trading	669,060
- financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)	(3,192)
- financial assets designed at fair value	
- other financial assets mandatorily at fair value 142,484	
- financial assets at fair value (ex IAS 39)	
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 56,220	
- available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39)	246,012
- financial assets at amortised cost (2,590,419)	
- loans and receivables with banks: demand loans (ex IAS 39)	
- loans and receivables with banks: other loans (ex IAS 39)	1,514,464
- loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39)	(1,108,949)
- other assets (34,362)	20,725
3. Cash flows from/used by financial liabilities 2,125,729	1,295,521
- financial liabilities measured at amortised cost 2,142,185	
- deposits from banks: demand deposits (ex IAS 39)	-
- deposits from banks: other deposits (ex IAS 39)	(175,627)
- deposits from customers (ex IAS 39)	1,404,594
- debt certificates including bonds (ex IAS 39)	
- financial liabilities held for trading (35)	
- financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39)	144
- financial liabilities designated at fair value	
- financial liabilities designated at fair value (ex IAS 39)	
- other liabilities (16,421)	66,410
Net cash flows from/used in operating activities 56,430	2,325,592
B. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES	
1. Cash flows from	
- sales of equity investments	
- collected dividends on equity investments -	
- sales of property, plant and equipment 93	256
- sales of intangible assets	
- sales of subsidiaries and divisions -	
- sales of financial assets held to maturity (ex IAS 39)	-
2. Cash flows used in	
- purchases of equity investments	
- purchases of property, plant and equipment (7,146)	(7,084)
- purchases of intangible assets (5,755)	(4,978)
- purchases of subsidiaries and divisions -	
- purchases of financial assets held to maturity (ex IAS 39)	(2,430,228)
Net cash flows from/used in investing activities (12,808)	(2,442,034)
C. FUNDING ACTIVITIES	
- issue/purchase of treasury shares (13,367)	4,273
- issue/purchase of equity instruments 200,000	
- dividends and other distributions (186,104)	(174,395
- sales/purchases of control -	
Net cash flows from/used in financing activities 529	(170,122
NET CASH FLOWS FROM/USED DURING THE YEAR 44,151	(286,564)

RECONCILIATION

		(Amounts € thousand)
	AMO	UNT
BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	2018	2017
Cash and cash balances at the beginning of the year	1,950,996	2,284,275
Net cash flows generated/used during the year	44,151	(286,564)
Cash and cash balances: effect of changes in exchange rates	24,167	(46,715)
Cash and cash balances at the end of the year	2,019,314	1,950,996

(+) generated

(-) used

The term "Cash and cash balances" means cash recorded under item 10 of assets "Cash and cash balances" and the equivalent liquid assets recorded under item 40 of assets "Financial assets at amortised cost: a) loans and receivables with banks" (consisting of current accounts and deposits maturing within 3 months) net of the equivalent liquid liabilities recorded under item 10 of liabilities "Financial liabilities at amortised cost a): deposits from banks" (represented by current accounts and deposits maturing within 3 months), as well as in the respective items 60 of assets and 10 of liabilities ex IAS 39.

The item "Cash and cash balances" at the end of 2018 consisted of:

- Cash recognised under asset item 10 "Cash and cash balances" in the amount of €6 thousand;
- Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under asset item 40 "Financial assets at amortised cost: a) loans and receivables with banks" in the amount of €2,071,871 thousand;
- net of the Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under liability item 10 "Financial liabilities at amortised cost: a) deposits from banks" in the amount of €52,563 thousand.

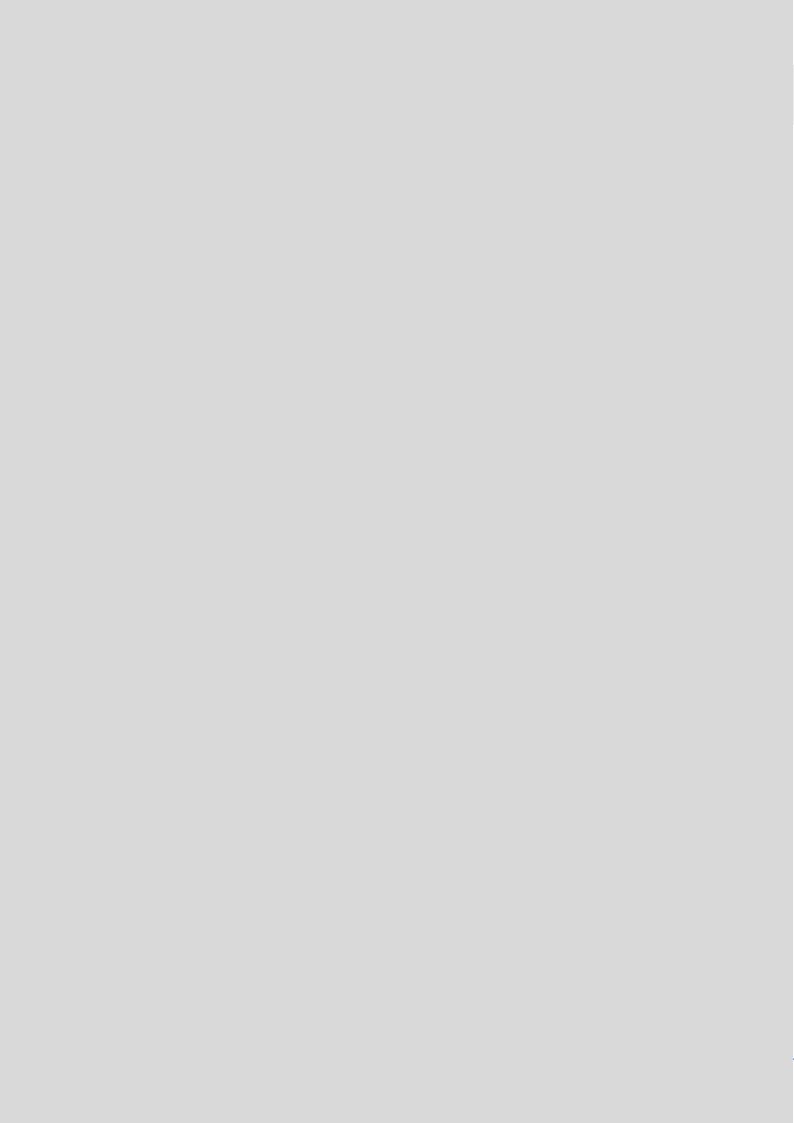
The item "Cash and cash balances" at the end of the prior year consisted of:

- Cash recognised under asset item 10 "Cash and cash balances" in the amount of € 613 thousand;
- Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under asset item IAS 39 60 "Loans and receivables with banks" in the amount of € 1,993,139 thousand;
- net of the Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under liability item IAS 39 10 "Deposits from banks" in the amount of € 42,756 thousand.



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Part A - Accounting policies

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Part A - Accounting policies

A.1 General

Section 1 - Statement of Compliance with IFRS

In implementation of Legislative Decree no. 38 of February 28, 2005, these Consolidated financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. (hereinafter, FinecoBank or Fineco or the the Bank) have been prepared in accordance with the IAS/IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), including the SIC and IFRIC interpretation documents, as endorsed by the European Commission until December 31. 2018, pursuant to EU Regulation 1606/2002 of July 19, 2002 and applicable to financial reports for the periods starting on or after January 1, 2018.

They are an integral part of the Annual Financial Report as required by art. 154-ter, paragraph 1 of the Consolidated Finance Act (TUF, Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998).

In its circular 262 of December 22, 2005 as amended, the Bank of Italy laid down the formats for the consolidated financial statements and consolidated notes to the accounts of banks and regulated financial companies that are parents of banking groups, which have been used to prepare these consolidated Accounts.

Section 2 - Preparation criteria

As mentioned above, these Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS endorsed by the European Commission and applicable to financial reports for the periods starting on or after January 1, 2018. The following documents have been used to interpret and support the application of IFRS, even though not all of them have been endorsed by the European Commission:

- The Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting;
- Implementation Guidance, Basis for Conclusions, IFRICs and any other documents prepared by the IASB or International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) supplementing the IFRS:
- Interpretation documents on the application of IFRS in Italy prepared by the Organismo Italiano di Contabilità (Italian Accounting Body);
- ESMA (European Securities and Markets Authority) and Consob documents on the application of specific IFRS provisions;
- the documents prepared by the Italian Banking Association (ABI).

The Consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet, the consolidated Income Statement, the consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement (compiled using the indirect method), and these Notes to the Consolidated Accounts, together with the Directors' Report on Operations ("Consolidated Report on Operations") and the Annexes.

Pursuant to Art. 123-bis par. 3 of Consolidated Finance Act, as noted in the "Other Information" section of the Consolidated Report on Operations, the Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures is available in the "Governance" section of the FinecoBank website.

The figures in the Consolidated financial statements and the Notes to the consolidated Accounts are provided in thousands of euros, unless otherwise indicated. In accordance with the Bank of Italy Circular 262/2005, items in the consolidated Balance Sheet, consolidated Income Statement and consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for which there is no significant information to be disclosed for the reporting period and the previous year, are not provided.

In addition, the tables in the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts that do not have any significant information to be disclosed are not shown either for the reporting period or the previous year.

The Bank has applied the provision provided for in paragraph 7.2.15 of IFRS 9 and paragraphs E1 and E2 of IFRS 1 "First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", according to which - without prejudice to the retrospective application of the new measurement rules and representation required by the standard - there is no obligation to restate the values of previous years (comparative values) in the FTA financial statements. Without prejudice to the disclosure regarding the reconciliation between data in the last approved financial statements and the opening balances of the first financial statements drawn up applying the new accouniting standard, according to the new provisions provided for in the 5th update of Circular 262 issued on 22 December 2017, and the related methodology set forth in section 5. Other matters - transition to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments of these Notes to the Consolidated Accounts, the above statements were supplemented, where different, with the accounting items of the 2017 financial statements - as stated by the 4th update of Circular 262 - in order to show the corresponding values determined according to IAS 39. The tables included in the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts have also been integrated with the tables provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262, presenting the relative values determined according to IAS 39, where it was not possible to report comparative data of the previous year due to the 5th update of Circular above mentioned. Any opening balances shown in the tables of the Notes to the consolidated Accounts are those deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

Finally, with reference to some tables in Part E - Information on risks and hedging policies, the circumstances mentioned above determined the choice not to provide the comparison period for some tables whose content was not comparable to those of the previous period.

Any discrepancies between the figures shown in the Consolidated financial statements and the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts is solely due to roundings.

With reference to IAS 1, these Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as there are no doubts or uncertainties as to the ability of the Bank and the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC to continue its business operations and to continue operating for the foreseeable future (at least for the next 12 months).

The measurement criteria adopted are therefore consistent with this assumption and with the principles of accrual based accounting, the relevance and materiality of accounting information, and the prevalence of economic substance over legal form.

These criteria have changed in part with respect to the previous year exclusively, relating to the introduction of new standards and interpretations, for further details please see the modifications described section 5 " Other matters", and in Part "A.2 – The main items of the accounts".

Section 3 – Consolidation Procedures and Scope

The following was used in order to prepare the consolidated Accounts at December 31, 2018:

- the draft accounts at December 31, 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.;
- the draft accounts at December 31, 2018 of Fineco Asset Management DAC, fully consolidated, prepared in accordance with IAS/IFRS
 where the items have been appropriately reclassified and adjusted for consolidation requirements.

The fully consolidation involves combining the balance sheets and income statements of the subsidiary on a "Line-by-Line" basis. The accounting value of the investment in the fully-consolidated companies is eliminated - as a result of assuming their assets and liabilities - as a contra-entry to the relevant quota of Shareholders' Equity of the Bank (100%, as the company is fully owned by the Bank). Assets and liabilities, off-balance sheet transactions, revenues and charges, as well as any profits and losses incurred between companies are fully eliminated, in line with the consolidation methods adopted. A subsidiary's costs and revenues are consolidated starting from the date on which control over it was acquired, coinciding with the date on which the company was incorporated. It should be noted that, although the company closed its first financial year at 31/12/2018, the consolidated financial statements of FinecoBank as at December 31, 2017 already included the costs incurred by the subsidiary at the start-up stage. Therefore, for the purposes of preparing the 2018 consolidated financial statements, only costs and revenues referring to the period 1st January 2018 – 31st December 2018 were accounted for.

1. Interests in fully-owned subsidiaries

				OWNERSHIP RELATIONSHIP					
		REGISTERED	TYPE OF			VOTING RIGHTS %			
COMPANY NAMES	HEADQUARTERS	OFFICE	RELATIONSHIP (1)	HELD BY	HOLDING %	(2)			
1. Fineco Asset Management DAC	Dublin	Dublin	1	FinecoBank	100%	100% effective			

Key:

- Type of relationship:
 - 1 = majority of voting rights and the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting
- 2 = dominant influence at the ordinary Shareholders' Meetings
- 3 = agreements with other shareholders
- 4 = other types of control
- 5 = unified management pursuant to Article 26, paragraph 1, of "Italian legislative decree 87/92"
- 6 = unified management pursuant to Article 26, paragraph 2, of "Italian legislative decree 87/92"
- (2) Availability of votes in the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, with a distinction between actual and potential votes.

2. Valuations and key assumptions to define the scope of consolidation

No data to report.

3. Interests in fully-owned subsidiaries with major minority interests

3.1 Minority interests, availability of minority votes and dividends distributed to minority shareholders No data to report.

3.2 Significant minority interests: accounting data

No data to report.

4. Significant restrictions

No data to report.

5. Other information

No data to report.

Section 4 - Subsequent events

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date that would make it necessary to change any of the information given in the Consolidated Financial Statements as at December 31, 2018.

The Consolidated Financial Statements at December 31, 2018 were approved by the Board of Directors of February 5, 2019, which authorised their publication also pursuant to IAS10.

Section 5 – Other matters

In 2018, the following accounting standards, amendments and interpretations become effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018:

- IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers (EU Regulation 2016/1905);
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (EU Regulation 2016/2067).
- Clarifications on IFRS 15: Income from customer contracts (EU Regulation 2017/1987);
- Amendments to IFRS 4: Implementation of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (EU Regulation 2017/1988)
- Annual Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards, 2014-2016 Cycle (EU Regulation 2018/182);
- Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of investment property (EU Regulation 2018/400);
- IFRIC 22 Interpretation on foreign currency transactions and advance consideration (EU Regulation 2018/519);
- Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and measurement of share-based payments (EU Regulation 2018/289).

Where applicable, these accounting standards, amendments and interpretations had no impact on the consolidated financial position and results of the Bank as at December 31, 2018, except of the accounting standard IFRS 9 which provides for new requirements for the classification, recognition, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities, for details of which please see the comments below, and, to the extent described below, of the new IFRS 15 accounting standard and related clarifications.

In 2018, moreover, the European Commission approved the following amendments to accounting standards and interpretations become effective and mandatory for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019:

- Amendments to IFRS 9: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (EU Regulation 2018/498);
- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments (EU Regulation 2018/1595).

These standards and amendments have not been applied in advance by the Bank and its subsidiary.

With regard to the IFRS 16 standard - Leasing (EU Regulation 2017/1986) approved by the European Commission in 2017, please refer to the information below.

Lastly, as at December 31, 2018, the IASB issued the following accounting standards and interpretations or revisions thereof, whose application is hower still subject to completion of the approval process by the European Union, which is still ongoing:

- IFRS 17 Insurance contracts (May 2017);
- IFRS 14 Rate-regulated activities (January 2014);
- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28: Sale or transfer of assets to a joint venture or associate (September 2014);
- Amendments to IAS 28 Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (October 2017);
- Annual Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards, 2015-2017 Cycle (December 2017);
- Amendments to IAS 19: Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (issued on February 2018);
- Amendments to IFRS 3: Business combinations (October 2018);
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8: definition of "material" (October 2018).

Furthermore, in March 2018, the IASB published the revised version of the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting.

The possible effects of the future adoption of these standards, interpretations and amendments, when applicable and relevant for the Bank and its subsidiary, are reasonably estimated as not significant; the related analyses, also in relation to pending approvals, are still to be completed.

As mentioned before, on December 22, 2017 the 5th update of Circular no. 262 was enacted: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" which implemented IFRS 9" Financial Instruments" and IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and the resulting changes introduced in other international accounting standards, including IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures". In addition, the same update provided that provisions for off-balance sheet exposures must be shown in liability item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges" instead of the previous liability item 100. "Other liabilities" of the IAS 39 financial statements, and that property, plant and equipment accounted for according to the provisions of IAS 2 must be recorded in balance sheet item 90. "Property, plant and equipment".

Transition to IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers (published by the IASB on May 28, 2014), was endorsed by the European Commission on September 22, 2016 through EU Regulation 2016/1905.

The principle will replace IAS 18 - Revenue and IAS 11 - Construction Contracts, and IFRIC 13 - Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 -Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 - Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC 31 - Revenues-Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services, for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2018.

The standard establishes a new revenue recognition model according to two alternative approaches ("at point in time" or "over time") to be applied to all contracts with customers except those that fall within the scope of other IAS/IFRS standards such as finance leases, insurance contracts and financial instruments. The recognition of revenue under the new model for analysing transactions, based on the transfer of control, has the following basic steps:

- identification of the contract with the customer;
- identification of performance obligations under the contract;
- determination of the price;
- allocation of price to the contract performance obligations;
- the revenue recognition criteria when the entity satisfies each performance obligation.

In order to assess the impacts deriving from the IFRS 15 application on the Bank's consolidated income statement and financial position, also taking account of the clarifications on the standard published by the IASB in April 2016 and endorsed by the European Union on 6 November, 2017, the chart of accounts was analysed solely with regard to income items of the Bank and its subsidiary included in the implementation scope of the standard, identified in Item 40. "Fee and commission income" and Item 230. "Other management charges and income" (for Other income only) of the consolidated income statement.

The analyses carried out, based on contractual documents and other evidence demonstrating compliance with defined commercial practices when contracts do not specify payment methods and timing, have shown that the accounting treatment of the main types of revenues from contracts with customers (including institutional counterparties) was already in line with the provisions of the new standard and, consequently no significant impact was found on the Bank's consolidated financial position and performance at that date, as of 1 January 2018, considering that Fineco Asset Management DAC was not operating at the beginning of 2018. On the other hand, the changes concern the greater information detail required by the standard and by the corresponding provisions envisaged by the 5th update of Bank of Italy's Circular 262 above mentioned; the standard prescribes a specific set of disclosures on the nature, amount, timing and degree of uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from contracts

More specifically, for the purpose of the first application of the standard, the Bank analysed the available contractual documentation to verify:

- whether the revenue recognition criteria are in line with the provisions of the new standard. The analyses did not reveal any significant non-compliances with respect to the provisions of the new standard. To this end, it should be noted that the provision of financial services over a given period of time (for example, the management of current accounts, advisory services) have been considered as satisfied over time ("over time"), regardless of when the consideration is paid by the customer, while the provision of financial services that require specific activities to be carried out (for example, purchase, sale or placement of securities, units of UCIs or insurance products, execution of credit transfers) have been considered as satisfied at a given time ("point in time"), although the contract provides for the service to be provided indefinitely;
- whether any goods or services contain performance obligations with different pattern of transfer to the customer and, consequently, with different revenue recognition ("over time" or "point in time"). In this respect, the Bank has identified a service that contains two performance obligations that follow a different pattern of transfer to the customer, but the same revenue recognition framework; however, this is a non-material revenue that continues to be entirely attributed to the main performance obligation; the revenue relating to the shipment is nonetheless a non-material revenue that continues to be attributed entirely to the main performance obligation (annual management of the credit card) and consequently recognized according to the relative revenues recognition scheme;
- whether the consideration promised in the contract includes a variable fee. In this respect, no mismatches were identified with respect to the provisions of the new standard, since any variable fees are estimated and recognized if and only to the extent that it is highly probable that when the uncertainty associated with the consideration is subsequently resolved there will be no significant downward adjustment to the amount of cumulative revenue recognized, taking into consideration all information reasonably available to the Bank. Note that the following were not considered as variable consideration:

- management, placement and advisory fees for financial products collected by the Bank, the amount of which is calculated as the
 ratio of the equivalent value/average balance of the product placed to the applicable rate envisaged in the contract. There are no
 performance fees on asset management products in favor of the Bank;
- the amount received as part of a contract that provides for the application of a different commission level (which includes, for example, the payment of decreasing commissions until they are down to zero) according to quantitative parameters established in the contract. As the data for calculating the remuneration are available at the time the revenues are recognized and have no impact on the Bank's future income statement. As regards the placement of insurance policies with return linked to the performance of the separate account on the annual expiration date of the policy, it should be noted, however, that the return is variable in relation to the performance of the separate account, which may result in a reduction in the applicable rate;
- whether the consideration promised in the contract includes a significant funding component. In this respect, no contracts were found containing a significant funding component that was not correctly recognized. There are, however, some contracts, mainly with institutional counterparties or product companies, that do not explicitly mention the payment date of the fees, which are settled on the basis of market practices or verbal agreements, or contracts that provide for the advance / deferred payment of the good or service. For these contracts the practical expedient envisaged by paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 was used; for this reason the Bank did not adjust the promised consideration amount to take into account the effects of a funding component as the time interval expected between the transfer of the promised good or service and the related payment is less than one year;
- whether there is a consideration to be paid to the customer. In this respect, a number of contracts were found providing for a consideration to be paid, the accounting treatment of which was already in line with the provisions of the new standard.

The costs recognized for the acquisition of contracts with customers, which the Bank would not have incurred had it not obtained the contract, are recognized as assets and systematically amortized in the income statement in line with the recognition of revenues related to the transfer to customers of the goods or services to which the asset refers.

The analyses carried out did not reveal any contracts providing for a non-cash consideration.

Transition to IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

From 1 January 2018, FinecoBank and its subsidiary Fineco Asset Mamangement DAC – which however was not operating at that date – adopt the accounting standard IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

With regard to FinecoBank, the project transition to IFRS 9– in coordination with a similar project carried out at UniCredit Group level and developed with the involvement of the Bank's reference functions and, most recently, the Board of Directors – was organised through specific work-streams, in particular:

- "Classification and Measurement" work-stream, aimed at reviewing the classification of financial instruments in line with the new criteria
 of IFRS9:
- "Impairment" work-stream, aimed at developing and implementing models and methodologies for the calculation of impairment losses.

The new accounting standard:

- introduces significant changes compared to IAS 39, regarding the rules on the classification and valuation of financial instruments. With reference to loans and debt instruments, the classification and subsequent valuation of these instruments is based on the business model and cash flow profile of the financial instruments (SPPI Solely Payments of Principal and Interests). With reference to the equity exposures, they are classified at fair value with a recognition of differences in the income statement or under "Other comprehensive income". In this second case, contrary to the provisions of IAS 39 in relation to financial assets available for sale, IFRS 9 has eliminated the request to recognise long-term value impairments and provides that if the instrument is sold, the profits or losses from the sale must be reclassified in another net equity reserves and not on the income statement. With regard to financial liabilities at fair value, the standard IFRS 9 changes the accounting of the so-called "own credit risk", i.e. changes in the value of liabilities measured at fair value linked to fluctuations of one's own credit rating. The new standard requires these changes to be recognised in a Shareholders' equity reserve rather than through profit and loss, as provided for by IAS 39, thus eliminating a source of volatility for economic statement regults³¹
- introduced a new model for recognising impairments for credit exposures based on (i) an "expected losses" approach instead of the existing model, which is based on the recognition of "incurred losses" and (ii) on the concept of the expected lifetime loss;
- has intervened on the hedge accounting rules, by revising them in regard to the designation of a hedging account and the verification of
 efficiency, with the aim of improving the alignment between the accounting representation of the hedging operations and the underlying
 operational logic. The Bank, like the UniCredit Group, has taken advantage of the option to continue to apply the existing IAS 39 hedge
 accounting requirements for all hedging accounts until such time as the IASB has completed its macro-hedging accounting rules project.

As a result of the entry into force of the new accounting standard, the Bank has reclassified the financial liabilities existing on 1.1.2018 into the categories provided for in the new accounting standard.

³¹ On the FTA and on 31 December 2018, FinecoBank and its subsidiary Fineco Asset Mamangement DAC did not hold any own financial liabilities valued at fair value.

This classification is based on the business model and the contractual cash flow profile; for the classification of financial instruments in the new categories as provided for in the accounting standard, the business model was analysed by mapping the financial assets on the Bank's balance sheet and allocating a specific business model to each of them.

The financial assets in the Bank's portfolio were allocated "Held to collect" or "Held to collect and sell" business models according to the purpose for which they are held, and the expected turnover. The financial assets in the trading portfolio were allocated the business model "Other business model", to reflect the trading intentions.

For the purposes of classifying financial instruments into the new IFRS 9 categories, the business model analysis must be accompanied by a cash flow analysis (the "SPPI Test"). In this regard, in line with the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., the Bank has developed systems and processes to analyse the existing debt securities and loans portfolio, to assess whether the contractual cash flow profiles allow a valuation at the amortised cost (Held to collect - HTC) or at fair value with an impact on overall profits (Held to collect and sell - HTCS).

This analysis was done on a contract by contract basis, both by defining clusters based on the operations' profiles, and by using an internallydeveloped SPPI Tool to analyse the profiles of the contracts with regard to IFRS 9.

For further clarification on the application of the aforementioned rules, reference should be made to Part A.2 - "The main items of the accounts" of these Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

With reference to the reclassification of financial instruments in order to implement the new accounting standard, the following tables show, separately, for the financial assets and liabilities:

- the IAS 39 balance sheet item and the related closing balance as at 31 December 2017;
- the reclassification of that balance in the various IFRS 9 balance sheet items;
- the effects resulting from the application of the valuation criteria required by IFRS 9;
- the IFRS 9 opening balance on 1 January 2018 (the sum of b. and c.).

Reclassification of financial assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHET IT	TEMS			IF	FRS 9 BALAN	ICE SHEET	ITEMS			
			FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS							
	CARRYING VALUE 12.31.2017 IAS	FINANCIAL AS	SSETS HE	LD FOR	DESIGNA	IAL ASSETS TED AT FAI ALUE	-	OTHER FII		
	39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
Financial assets held for trading	10,879	8,827	-	8,827	-	-	-	2,052	-	2,052
Available-for-sale financial assets	1,047,689	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,218	-	5,218
Held-to-maturity investments	4,826,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables with banks	13,878,117	-	-	-	-	-	-	532,584	19,338	551,922
Loans and receivables with customers	2,129,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		8,827	-	8,827	-	-		539,854	19,338	559,192

A: Reclassification of IAS 39 balance sheet value

B: Change in measurement

C: New balance sheet value ex IFRS 9

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHEET ITE	MS				IFRS 9 BAL	ANCE SHE	ET ITEMS	,		e triouduria)	
		FINANCIAL				FINANCIA	AL ASSETS A	T AMORTISED	COST		
	CARRYNG VALUE 12.31.2017 -	VALUE THE COMPREHE			LOANS AND	RECEIVAE BANKS	BLES WITH	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH CUSTOMERS			
	IAS 39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	
Financial assets held for trading	10,879	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets	1,047,689	1,042,471	-	1,042,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Held-to-maturity investments	4,826,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,826,390	(469)	4,825,921	
Loans and receivables with banks	13,878,117	-	-	-	13,345,533	(12,595)	13,332,938	-	-	-	
Loans and receivables with customers	2,129,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,129,219	(691)	2,128,528	
Total		1,042,471	-	1,042,471	13,345,533	(12,595)	13,332,938	6,955,609	(1,160)	6,954,449	

The following classifications have been made:

ii.

- financial assets shown in balance sheet item IAS 39 20. "Financial assets held for Trading" are classified in the "Other business models"
 - in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: a) financial assets held for trading" as to €8.8 million, relating to securities held in connection with customer insourcing and trading activities;
 - in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss; c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value": as to €2.05 million, relating to securities withdrawn by customers (splits and/or defaulted securities) to the value of € 30,000, and units in investment funds held in portfolio for initial seeding, to the value of €2.02 million;
- financial assets shown in balance sheet item IAS 39 40. "Financial assets held for sale", totalling €1.048 million, were classified
 - in the business model "Held to collect and sell HTCS" and shown in balance sheet item IFRS 9 30. "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income", as to the part represented by sovereign state issues, as to € 1,042.5 million;
 - in the "Other business models" and balance sheet item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets valued at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" as to €5.2 million, consisting of the preferred shares of Visa INC class "C" as to €4.5 million and the residual exposure in equity instruments relating to the Voluntary Scheme of the Interbank Deposit Protection Fund (FITD) totalling €0.7 million;
 - finally the "FVTOCI"32 option was exercised for equity instruments relating to shares in UniCredit Business Integrated Solutions S.C.p.A. and the Patti Chiari consortium (recognised, respectively at €1,72 and €5,000), shown in the asset item IFRS 9 30. "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income";
- the financial assets shown in the balance sheet item IAS 39 50. "Financial assets held to maturity" which consist exclusively of securities issued by sovereign states totalling € 4.826 million, which were classified in the "Held to collect – HTC" business model and shown in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: b) loans and receivables to customers";
- the financial assets shown in the balance sheet item IAS 39 60. "Bank receivables", totalling € 13,878 million, were classified in the "Held to collect - HTC" business model and were shown in the balance sheet item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: a) loand and receivables with banks", with the exception of:
 - a debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, totalling € 382.5 million subscribed by the Bank in past years, with the rate risk covered by a derivative with the same Parent Company. Its contractual profile did not pass the SPPI Test and it was thus included in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value";
 - a debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, totalling € 150 million subscribed by the Bank in past years. Its contractual profile did not pass the SPPI Test and it was thus included in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value"; this exposure expired on 31 December 2017 but was settled on 2 January 2018³³;
- the financial assets shown in the balance sheet item IAS 39 70. "Customer loans", totalling € 2,129 million, were classified in the "Held to collect - HTC" business model and shown in the balance sheet item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: b) loans and reveivables with customers".

Below are the details of the adjustments made to the starting balances on 1 January 2018 as a result of the changes to classification and measurement following the introduction of IFRS 9:

- -€ 10.3 million (-€ 14.3 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions based on the Expected Crediti Loss ("ECL") recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves", of which;
 - -€9.1 million (-€12.6 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities and loans in the HTC business model, entered in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: a) loans and receivables with banks", relating almost exclusively to the adjustment reductions made to exposures to the UniCredit Group, mainly represented by the liquidity deposited with UniCredit S.p.A. and from the debt securities issued by the Parent Company;
 - -€0.8 million (-€1.2 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities and loans in the HTC business model, entered in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: b) loans and receivables with customers", of which;
 - i. -€0.5 million (-€0.7 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to loans with customers;
 - -€0.3 million (-€0.5 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to exposures in government bonds;
 - -€0.1 million (-€0.1 million exclusive of fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities in the HTCS business model, entered in the asset item IFRS 9 30. "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income", relating exclusively to government bonds;
 - -€0.3 million (-€0.45 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in off-balance exposures, entered with counterparty the asset item IFRS 9 100. "Provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given", mainly relating to the reductions in bank guarantees issued by the Bank in favour of the the Italian Revenue Agency request by and in favor of UniCredit S.p.A.;

³² With regard to non-trading equity instruments, IFRS 9 provides for the possibility of measuring them at the fair value recognised in the other overall income statement items ("FVTOCI" - Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income).

33 As this exposure expired on 31 December 2017 and was reimbursed at par value on 2 January 2018, no fair value adjustments were made on first-time adoption.

- +€7.3 million (€9.4 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to classification and valuation of financial assets, recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves", of which;
 - +€14 million (€19.3 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to positive fair value valuation on the above mentioned debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, subscribed by the Bank in past years, with the rate risk covered by a derivative with the same Parent Company. Its contractual profile did not pass the SPPI Test and it was thus reclassified in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" 34;
 - -€6.6 million (-€9.9 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to an adjustment made to the opening balance of the asset item IFRS 9 60. "Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)", as a result of the closure of the positive adjustment to the value of the bond UniCredit S.p.A. mentioned above;
- +€0.1 million (€0.1 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities in the HTCS business model, as previuosly mentioned, that, as according to the rules of the accounting standard, leads to the recognition of a positive reserve at the time of first application, in the liability item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves" as counterparty of the FTA Reserve in the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves";
- €1.9 million (€3.3 million excluding fiscal effects) entered as reduction of the FTA Reserve in the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves" and, for the same amount, entered as increase in the liability item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves", of which:
 - +€1.1 million (€1.2 million excluding fiscal effects) in the item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves" and -€1.1 million in the item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves" relating to the closing of the positive "AFS revaluation reserve" relating to preferred shares di Visa INC class "C", following their reclassification in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value";
 - -€3.0 million (-€4.6 million excluding fiscal effects) in the item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves" and +€3.0 million in the item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves" relating to the closing of the negative "AFS revaluation reserve" relating to government bonds which were reclassified on 15 November 2016 from the portfolio IAS 39 "Financial assets available for sale" to the portfolio IAS 39 "Financial assets held to maturity", following their reclassification in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers".

³⁴ The UniCredit's bond valued at fair value in the IFRS 9 transition were restructured on January 2, 2018, incorporating the contractual profile of the derivative used up to that date to hedge the interest rate risk. The Bank therefore derecognised the old financial instrument recognised at December 31, 2017 and recognised the new one, whose characteristics support compliance with the SPPI Test, with consequent classification of the instrument to assets measured at amortised cost.

Reclassification of financial liabilities

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHEE	ALANCE SHEET ITEMS IFRS 9 BAL						ITEMS			
	CARRYING			FINANC	IAL LIABILITIES	AT AMO	RTISED COS	Г		
	VALUE 12.31.2017 IAS	DEPOSITS	FROM BA	NKS	DEPOSITS FR	OM CUS	TOMERS	DEBT SECU	JRITIES IN	ISSUE
	39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	А	В	С
Deposits from banks	926,001	926,001	-	926,001	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits from customers	20,205,036	-	-	-	20,205,036	-	20,205,036	-	-	-
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hedging derivatives	12,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	•	926,001	-	926,001	20,205,036	-	20,205,036	-	-	-

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHEE				IFRS 9 BALANC	E SHEET ITE	MS				
CARRYING VALUE 12.31.2017 IAS		FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FROM TRADING			FINANCIAL LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE			HEDGING DERIVATIVES		
	39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
Deposits from banks	926,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits from customers	20,205,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,617	2,617	-	2,617	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hedging derivatives	12,694	9,320	-	9,320	-	-	-	3,374	-	3,374
Total		11,937	-	11,937	-	-	-	3,374	-	3,374

A: Reclassification of IAS 39 balance sheet value

B: Change in measurement

C: New balance sheet value ex IFRS 9

The reclassification of Financial liabilities shows that the classifications applied on the basis of IFRS 9 are essentially the same as those applied on the basis of IAS 39, despite taking into account the differences in the denomination of the various categories set out by the 5th Update to Circular 262.

However, there was a reclassification, in liability item IFRS 9 20. "Financial liabilities held for trading" of the fair value of the derivative used to hedge the rate risk of the UniCredit share, with coupon in arrears mentioned above, to the value of € 9.3 million.

The following tables show:

- the IAS 39 balance sheet as at 31 December 2017 based on the balance sheet scheme that incorporates the changes introduced by IFRS 9 (5th update of 22 December 2017 of Circular 262 Bank of Italy "Banking financial statements: schedules and rules compilation") to be applied to the financial statements for the year 2018;
- the adjustments to these balances made on 1 January 2018 following the introduction of IFRS 9, divided into adjustments resulting from the new provisions for impairment and fair value adjustments deriving from the new classification and measurement, and the related tax
- the opening balance sheet IFRS 9 at January 1, 2018.

 $(\text{Amounts in} \in \text{thousand})$

		ADJUSTMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS IFRS 9	
		IFRS 9	CLASSIFICATION AND	01.01.2018 POST
BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	12.31.2017	IMPAIRMENT	MEASUREMENT	APPLICATION IFRS 9
10. Cash and cash balances	613	-	-	613
20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	548,682	-	19,338	568,020
a) financial assets held for trading	8,827	-	-	8,827
c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	539,855	-	19,338	559,193
30. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,042,471	-	-	1,042,471
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	20,301,141	(13,756)	-	20,287,385
a) loans and receivables with banks	13,345,531	(12,595)	-	13,332,936
b) loans and receivables with customers	6,955,610	(1,161)	-	6,954,449
50. Hedging derivatives	458	-	-	458
60. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)	9,590	-	(9,929)	(339)
70. Equity investments	-	-	-	-
90. Property, plant and equipment	15,205	-	-	15,205
100. Intangible assets	97,511	-	-	97,511
of which				
- goodwill	89,602	-	-	89,602
110. Tax assets	9,249	909	(1,519)	8,639
a) current tax assets	1,765	-	-	1,765
b) deferred tax assets	7,484	909	(1,519)	6,874
130. Other assets	315,415	-	-	315,415
Total assets	22,340,335	(12,847)	7,890	22,335,378

(Amounts in € thousand)

		ADJUSTMENTS IFRS 9	ADJUSTMENTS IFRS 9 CLASSIFICATION AND	01.01.2018 POST
BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2017	IMPAIRMENT	MEASUREMENT	APPLICATION IFRS 9
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost	21,131,037	-	-	21,131,037
a) deposits from banks	926,001	-	-	926,001
b) deposits from customers	20,205,036	-	-	20,205,036
20. Financial liabilities held for trading	11,936	-	-	11,936
40. Hedging derivatives	3,375	-	-	3,375
50. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities (+/-)	(3,772)	-	-	(3,772)
60. Tax liabilities	10,234	(3,032)	516	7,718
a) current tax liabilities	10,234	(3,032)	516	7,718
80. Other liabilities	338,286	-	-	338,286
90. Provisions for employee severance pay	4,999	-	-	4,999
100. Provisions for risks and charges:	112,414	451	-	112,865
a) commitments and guarantees given	-	451	-	451
c) other provisions for risks and charges	112,414	-	-	112,414
120. Revaluation reserves	(8,340)	62	1,914	(6,364)
150. Reserves	323,932	(10,328)	5,460	319,064
160. Share premium reserve	1,934	-	-	1,934
170. Share capital	200,545	-	-	200,545
180. Treasury shares (-)	(365)	-	-	(365)
200. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	214,120	-	-	214,120
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	22,340,335	(12,847)	7,890	22,335,378

With reference to the impairment, the table below illustrates the gross exposure and value adjustments as at 1 January 2018, divided by item and classification stage. The gross exposure of the financial asset designated at fair value with an impact on overall profitability corresponds to the balance sheet amount, as these financial assets are valued at fair value and the related value adjustments are recognised as an increase to the liability item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves".

The off-balance sheet exposures refer to the commitments and guarantees issued, which are subject to the IFRS 9 write-down rules.

Breakdown by Stages of the exposures and of the impairment provision

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GR	OSS AMOUNT		IMPAIR	MENT PROVISIO	N
	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3
30. Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	1,042,471	-	-	(93)	-	-
- Debt securities	1,042,466	-	-	(93)	-	-
- Equity instruments	5	-	-	-	-	-
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	20,297,910	11,454	23,723	(18,692)	(5,964)	(21,043)
- Debt securities	15,132,717	-	-	(10, 193)	-	-
- Loans and receivables with banks	3,039,207	-	-	(2,872)	-	-
- Loans and receivables with customers	2,125,986	11,454	23,723	(5,627)	(5,964)	(21,043)
Off-balance sheet exposures	2,581,092	404		(450)	-	

Reconciliation from the IFRS 9 opening balance to the IAS 39 closing balance of the cumulated write-downs

(Amounts in € thousand)

								(/	is iii € iiiousaiiu)
				IFRS 9	BALANCE SHEET	ITEMS			
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMOR						AT AMORTISED O	OST		
IAS 39 BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			LOANS AND	RECEIVABLES W	ITH BANKS	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH CUSTOMERS		
	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)		CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)		CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)
Financial assets									
held for trading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- loans and									
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale									
financial assets	-	(93)	(93)	-		<u> </u>		-	
- debt secuties	_	(93)	(93)	_	-	-	-	-	-
- loans and									
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Held-to-maturity									
investments	-		-	-		-	-	(470)	(470)
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(470)	(470)
- loans and									
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and									
receivables with									
banks	-	-	-	-	(12,595)	(12,595)	-	-	
- debt secuties	_	-	-	_	(9,723)	(9,723)	-	-	-
- loans and									
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	(2,872)	(2,872)	-		
Loans and									
receivables with									
customers	-		-	-	•	-	(32,534)	(100)	(32,634)
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- loans and									
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,534)	(100)	(32,634)
Total	-	(93)	(93)	-	(12,595)	(12,595)	(32,534)	(570)	(33,104)

(Amounts in € thousand)

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	PERFORMING			ı		
	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)
30. Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income	-	(93)	(93)	-	-	-
- Debt securities	-	(93)	(93)	=	=	-
- Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	(11,074)	(13,582)	(24,656)	(21,460)	417	(21,043)
- Debt securities	-	(10,193)	(10, 193)		-	-
- Loans and receivables with banks	-	(2,872)	(2,872)		-	-
- Loans and receivables with customers	(11,074)	(517)	(11,591)	(21,460)	417	(21,043)
Off-balance sheet exposures		(450)	(450)			

The "Change in measurement" column also includes the reduction in the bad debt provision related to default interest, amounting to approximately €0.6 million and mainly attributable to non-performing loans. Starting from January 1, 2018, default interest is recognized in gross value only if no value adjustments have been recorded on the original exposures and if deemed recoverable by the bank. Previously, default interest was accounted for in both gross exposures and the related bad debt provision.

As detailed above, the adoption of IFRS 9 has, overall, had a negative impact on consolidated net equity, in the amount of -€2.9 million (-€4.8 million excluding fiscal effects), of which -€4.9 million was recorded in the balance sheet item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves" as a liability, and +€2 million was recorded as a liability in balance sheet item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves", in particular:

- -€ 10.3 million (-€ 14.3 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the application of a value reduction based on the Expected Crediti Loss ("ECL") recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves";
- +€7.3 million (€9.4 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to classification and valuation of financial assets, recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves";
- +€0.1 million (€0.1 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities in the HTCS business model, as previuosly mentioned, that, as according to the rules of the accounting standard, leads to the recognition of a positive reserve at the time of first application, in the liability item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves";
- -€1.9 million (+€3.3 million excluding fiscal effects) entered recordered in the FTA Reserve in the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves" and +€1.9 million (+€3.3 million excluding fiscal effects) entered in the liability item IFRS 9 120. "Revaluation reserves" referred, as described above, to the closure of the AFS revaluation reserve following the reclassification of the related financial assets.

Below is the consolidated net equity on the closing date of 31 December 2017 and the consolidated net equity for the start date of 1 January 2018.

12.31.2017 **IFRS 9 CHANGES** 01.01.2018 1. Share capital 200,545 200,545 2. Share premium reserve 1.934 1.934 323,932 319,064 (4.868)Reserves 291.841 286.973 (4.868) from earnings a) legal reserve 40,109 40,109 b) treasury shares reserve 251,367 (4,868)246,499 c) others others 32.091 32.091 4. Equity instruments (365)(365)5. (Treasury shares) 6. Revaluation reserves (8,340) 1,976 (6,364)7. Net Profit (Loss) for the year 214.120 214,120 Total 731,826 (2,892)728,934

The reduction in the consolidated net equity for an amount of -€2.9 million, as shown in the table above, coincides with the reduction in the net equity of FinecoBank, given the non-operational nature of the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC as at January 1, 2018.

Impacts on regulatory capital resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9

FinecoBank is not obliged to report on own funds and consolidated regulatory ratios because it is part of the UniCredit Group. Therefore, please refer to the Explanatory Notes of the separate financial statements of FinecoBank S.p.A..

IFRS 16 - Leasing

On November 9, 2017, the Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1986 of 31 October 2017 was published, which modifies Regulation (EC) no. 1126/2008 which adopts certain international accounting standards in accordance with Regulation (EC) no. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council regarding International Financial Reporting Standards 16.

IFRS16, applicable from January 1, 2019 (with the faculty of early application in 2018 - together with the mandatory application of IFRS 15 - of which the Bank has not availed) replaces the current set of international accounting principles and interpretations on leasing and, in particular, IAS17. The standard provides a new definition of leasing and introduces a criterion based on the control ("right of use") of an asset to distinguish leasing agreements from service agreements, identifying which discriminant: the identification of the asset, the right to replace it, the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits deriving from the use of the asset and the right to direct (i.e. control) the use of the asset.

The standard confirms the distinction between operating leases and finance leases with reference to the accounting model to be applied by the lessor: a lease is classified as financial if it transfers, substantially, all the risks and benefits connected to the ownership of an underlying asset; a lease is classified as operating if, substantially, it does not transfer all the risks and benefits deriving from the ownership of an underlying asset.

With regard to the accounting model to be applied by the lessee, the new principle provides that, for all type of leases including operating leasing, an asset representing the right to use the leased asset shall be recognised, together with - at the same time - the financial liability for the fees set out in the agreement.

Upon initial recognition, the aforementioned asset is valued based on the cash flows associated with the leasing contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, this asset will be valued on the basis of the provisions for tangible and intangible assets from IAS 38, IAS 16 or IAS 40 and, therefore, at the cost net of amortization and any reduction in value, at "recalculated value" or at fair value as applicable.

For this reason during the 2018 the Bank and its subsidiary Fineco AM are carrying out the activities of analysis and recognition of the impacts consequent to the adoption of the standard, aspects that represent the main discontinuity with respect to the accounting model envisaged by IAS17, completing the preliminary assessment of potential impacts at the transition date (January 1, 2019).

The activities relating to the development of rules, principles and IT systems to ensure the correct calculation of new assets and liabilities, their subsequent measurement and the determination of the related effects on the income statement, are currently being finalized.

The Bank and its subsidiary, in line with the choices made by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., decided not to recalculate the accounting data relating to previous years (comparative values) and to apply the standard retroactively, accounting for the cumulative effect deriving from the initial application on 1 January 2019 in net equity, as envisaged by the same principle (transition with modified retrospective method). For the First Time Adoption purposes, the amount of the financial liability will be equal to the present value of the future payments remaining at the transition date and the activity consisting of the "right of use" is recognized on the date of the initial application by evaluating it to equal to the amount of the financial liability above mentioned adjusted for the amount of any accruals/prepayments related to the lease, booked in the statement of the situation statement of financial position immediately prior to the date of initial application (i.e these financial statements as at December 31, 2018).

For the purposes of calculating the leasing debt and the associated "right of use", the Bank and its subsidiary proceed to discount future installments at an appropriate interest rate. In this context the future lease payments to be discounted are determined in light of the provisions of the lease and calculated net of the VAT component, despite being the same non-deductible for the Bank, by virtue of the fact that the obligation to pay such tax arises at the time of issuance of the invoice by the lessor and not at the effective date of the leasing contract.

Identification of the scope of application

The Bank and its subsidiary have identified the leasing contracts that fall within the scope of application of the standard, represented by the lease contracts of the buildings used by the company and the financial shops used by the personal financial advisors and directly managed by the Bank, as well as leases of machinery and cars.

As envisaged by the standards, which grants exemptions in this regard, and in line with the choices made by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., (i) "low-value assets" contracts (whose threshold has been identified as €5 thousand) and (ii) leases with a contractual duration equal to or less than 12 months ("Short term lease") have been excluded from the scope of application; it was decided not to apply the standard to the (iii) leases of intangible assets (mainly represented by software lease payments).

Note that the lease of the building located in Milan, Piazza Durante 11, where the Bank's registered office is located, will be classified at First Time Adoption of the standard as "Short term lease" and, therefore, excluded from the scope of application of IFRS 16, as on January 31, 2019, the Bank completed the purchase transaction of the building, with the simultaneous termination of the lease.

Duration of leasing

The Bank and its subsidiary have determinated the duration of leasing for each contract within the scope of application, considering the "noncancellable" period during which the Bank or its subsidiary have the right to use the underlying asset and taking into consideration all the contractual aspects that could modify such duration, for instance:

- periods covered by a right of resolution (together with any related penalties) or an option to extend the lease in favor of the sole lesse, the sole lessor or in favor of both, even in different periods over the duration of the contract;
- periods covered by an option to purchase the underlying asset.

In particular, with reference to contracts that allow the lessee to tacitly renew the lease at the end of a first contractual period, the duration of the lease is determined, based on historical experience, considering the period not to be canceled as well as the period object of extension option (first contract renewal period), except for the existence of any business plans for the disposal of the leased asset, as well as clear and documented assessments by the competent Bank departments which lead us to believe that the failure to exercise the option to renew or exercise the resolution option, also taking into account, with particular regard to the financial shops in use to the personal financial advisors, the commercial strategies for the recruitment and territorial organization of the network.

Discount rate

The standard IFRS 16 provides that at the stariting date of the contract the lessee has to assess the liability of the lease to the present value of the payments due for the lease not paid on that date. Payments due for the lease must be discounted using the implied lease interest rate, if it can be easily determined. If this is not possible, the lessee has to use its marginal refinancing rate.

The nature of the contracts stipulated by the Bank and its subsidiary, which fall within the scope of application of the standard, mainly represented by rental contracts of properties, do not allow to derive the implied rate in each contract, for this reason the discounting is carried out using the marginal refinancing rate. The latter is determined on the basis of the cost of funding for liabilities of similar duration and similar security of those implicit in the lease contracts.

Since FinecoBank has not issued its own debt instruments, the rate applied is UniCredit S.p.A.'s senior secured funding rate, considering that the Parent Company applies this rate to finance companies in the Italian perimeter.

Conclusions

Due to the new accounting rules set by the standard IFRS 16 from the point of view of the lessor, at the first time adoption a consolidated balance sheet effect is expected, deriving from the recognition, with counterparty the net quity, of assets representing the right of use of the leased assets and, at the same time, from the inclusion in the liabilities side of financial debts relating to the lease payments, specified in the outstanding contracts, to be paid; no impact has been recorded in consolidated net equity.

In particular, the application of IFRS 16 will lead an increase in consolidated balance sheet assets of approximately €64.5 million (of which approximately €0.9 million referred to Fineco AM) and an increase in the Bank' RWAs whose effect can be estimated, as a preliminary figure, equal to 55 basis points on the individual CET1 of the Bank as of 31 December 2018. It is note noting that the Bank is not required to prepare the report on the own funds and on the regulatory ratios on a consolidated basis, but exclusively individual, as consequence of belonging to the UniCredit Banking Group.

Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund - Voluntary Scheme

FinecoBank has joined to the "Voluntary Scheme" (the "Schema Volontario"), introduced by Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF), with appropriate modification of its statute, in November 2015. The "Schema Volontario" is an instrument for the resolution of bank crises through support measures in favour of its member banks, if specific conditions laid down by the legislation occurring. The "Schema Volontario" has an independent funding and the participating banks are committed to supply the relevant resources upon demand, when resources are needed to fund interventions.

The "Schema Volontario", as a private entity, has provided in April 2016 the restructuring of the support of the action that FITD had operated in July 2014 in favour of Bank Tercas, operation that generated no further charges for participating banks. Subsequently, the financial participating size of the "Schema Volontario" was increased up to €700 million (with a total commitment for FinecoBank of €16.8 million).

In this context, on June 2016 the "Schema Volontario" approved an action in support of Cassa di Risparmio di Cesena (CariCesena), in relation to a capital increase approved by the same bank on 8 June 2016 for €280 million. On 30 September 2016 the commitment pro-quota relating to FinecoBank had been converted into a monetary payment which has led, as indicated in this regard by the Bank of Italy, to the recognition in the financial statements of capital instruments classified - according to the pre-existing accounting standard IAS 39 - as "Financial assets available for sale" for an amount of €6.7 million (consistent with the monetary payment). The evaluation of the instruments as at December 2016, according to an internal evaluation model based on multiples of a banking basket integrated with estimates on Cassa di Risparmio di Cesena's credit portfolio and related equity/capital needs, had brought to full impairment of the position.

In September 2017, to face Credit Agricole CariParma intervention in favour of CariCesena, Cassa di Risparmio di Rimini (Carim) and Cassa di Risparmio di San Miniato (Carismi) (approved by the Management Board of the Voluntary Scheme and based on a capital increase for €464 million and subscription of bonds from NPL securitisation of these banks for €170 million), the fund had increased its capital endowment till to €795 million and, as a consequence, the share of total investments attributable to FinecoBank amounted to €13.3 million net of contributions already paid above mentioned). Further in the same month, FinecoBank had paid €1.4 million, as required by the Fund, in respect of the part of the intervention related to the capital increase of Carim and Carismi. During December 2017, FinecoBank had paid further €12.2 million (€7.5 million referred to capital increase of the banks and €4.7 million referred to the subscription of securitisation's notes). Following these payments, FinecoBank's residual commitment towards Voluntary Scheme was substantially nil (€0.1 million as at December 31, 2018).

All payments done in 2017 referred to capital increase of the banks have brought, as the previous ones, to the recognition in the financial statements of capital instruments classified – according to the pre-existing accounting standard IAS 39 – as "Financial assets available for sale" for the same amount of €8.9 million, entirely cancelled in 2017 as deemed unrecoverable due to the sale of the banks to Credit Agricole CariParma at a symbolic

Regarding the payment relating to the portion of investment referred to Voluntary Scheme's subscription of Junior and Mezzanine quotes of the securitization (€4.7 million for FinecoBank), initial value of the corresponding equity instruments has been rectified in the financial statements to reflect fair value valuation declared by the Voluntary Scheme (€0.7 million for FinecoBank), as resulting from analysis conducted by the advisors in charge appointed by IDGF for the underlying credits evaluation of the Junior and Mezzanine securities above mentioned, conducted according to a Discounted Cash Flow model based on recovery plans elaborated by SPV's special servicer.

With regard to these capital instruments, classified under item 20. "Financial assets measured at fair value with impact on the income statement: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value", following the update of the assessment received from the Voluntary Scheme (resulting from the analysis of the appointed advisor), at the date of 31 December 2018 a further adjustment of € 0.2 million was recorded.

On November 30, 2018, the Shareholders' Meeting of the banks participating to the Voluntary Scheme decided to intervene in favour of Banca Carige S.p.A. by subscribing a Tier 2 subordinated loan (for a maximum amount of €320 million) to be issued by Banca Carige S.p.A. and intended for conversion into capital to the extent necessary to allow an expected capital increase of €400 million.

On the same date, within the framework of the agreement specifically stipulated with the Voluntary Scheme, Banca Carige S.p.A. has issued bonds for €320 million, of which €318.2 million have been subscribed directly by the Voluntary Scheme. The bonds were issued at par (100% of the nominal value), with a fixed rate coupon of 13% and a maturity of 10 years (maturity November 30, 2028). However, as required by the related Term

Sheet, as the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Banca Carige S.p.A. did not appointed a proxy to the Board of Directors by December 22, 2018, also pursuant to art. 2443 of the Civil Code, to increase the share capital for a maximum total amount, including possible premium, of €400 million, with retroactive effect, starting from the date of issue, the interest on The principal amount of the outstanding bonds from time to time matures at a nominal fixed rate of 16%.

With regard to the intervention above mentioned. FinecoBank's contribution request by the Voluntary Scheme has been equal to approximately €9.5 million and it has been booked in December at the moment of payment, as a financial instrument classified - according to the current accounting standard IFRS 9 and in continuity with what was done during the transition to the standard at January 1, 2018 for the instruments recognized for previous payments to the Voluntary Scheme - under the item 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value".

Since no market valuations or prices of comparable securities are available, at December 31, 2018 the fair value of the instrument was determined by the Bank using internal models (based on Discounted Cash Flow and Market Multiples methods applied in a multi-scenario analisys) also referring to the valuation carried out by the advisor appointed by IDGF in the context of the formalities related to training from the 2018 Report of the Voluntary Scheme and sent by the IDGF to the participating banks and taking into consideration the significant current and future uncertainties regarding the issuing credit institution. A further adjustment of €2.8 million was recorded on the consolidated financial statements 2018.

Contributions to guarantee and resolution funds

With reference to the contributory obligations under Directive 2014/49/EU (Deposit Guarantee Schemes - DGS), with the communication dated December 6, 2018, the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF) announced that in application of a uniform standard of distribution of ordinary contributions in the years of accumulation, the total amount due by the consortium member banks for the financial year 2018 would be equal to €538.7 million. The European and national legislation, however, defines a final objective level, allowing deposit guarantee schemes to take into account, for the calculation of contributions, the economic cycle and the possible procyclical impact of the same (Article 96.2, paragraph 2 of the TUB). Under this provision, in order to meet the financial needs related to the Solidarity Fund's, established by the 2016 Stability Law, using IDGF resources, without request further payments to the consortium members, even in each of the years 2016 and 2017 the DGS ordinary contributions have been reduced by € 100 million, to be recovered over the years of the financial allocation (with consequent increase in future contributions). The Board of the Fund, in its meeting held on 28 November 2018, resolved to proceed on this line also for 2018, earmarking € 80 million of the total amount owed by the member banks to the Solidarity Fund, in order to face the financial needs arising from the release of provisions and compensation relating to ongoing, arbitration and lump sum procedures.

As a consequence, the total ordinary contribution referred to the Directive 2014/49/EU (Deposit Guarantee Schemes - DGS), intended for the establishment of the IDGF financial resources for the financial year 2018, has been established in the amount of €458.7 million.

To the ordinary contribution so quantified they are added, according to the art. 25, paragraph 2 of the Bylaws, the additional contributions amounting to € 1.2 million, aimed at the gradual recovery in the years 2018-2024 of the part of the financial resources used up to now for interventions.

The FITD Board, in the above mentioned meeting, also resolved to request an additional contribution of € 16.5 million from the consortium banks, to be recognized, as an arrangement fee, to the pool of arranger banks, as part of the granting a line of credit as an alternative source of funding to meet its obligations, instead of the request for extraordinary contributions, whose call would immediately affect the liquidity and profit and loss account of the consortium members, with possible procyclical effects.

In total, therefore, the contribution due by the consortium member banks for 2018, including the resources to be allocated to the Solidarity Fund and the additional contribution above mentioned, amounts to a total of €556.4 million. The portion pertaining to each consortium member is calculated based on the amount of the protected deposits as at 30 September 2018 and risk-adjusted based on each of their management indicators of the risk-based model of the Fund for calculating contributions, pursuant to art. 28, paragraph 2 of the Articles of Association.

The contribution for the year 2018 was paid and accounted for by the Bank under the item 160. Administrative Expenses, amounting to €14.3 million as follows:

- €13.8 million relating to the DGS ordinary contribution;
- €0.03 million relating to the DGS additional contribution;
- €0.4 million relating to the contribution to the Solidarity Fund.

No contribution was requested from the Bank by the Single Resolution Board, for 2018, with regard to contribution obligations pursuant to Directive 2014/59/EU (Single Resolution Fund).

Risks and uncertainties related to the use of estimates

In the application of the accounting policies, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities as well as the information regarding potential assets and liabilities. Estimates and related assumptions are based on previous experience and other factors considered reasonable under the circumstances and have been used to estimate the carrying values of assets and liabilities not readily available from other sources.

Estimated figures have been used for the recognition of some of the largest value-based items in the Consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018, as required by the accounting standards and regulations. These estimates are largely based, as regards assets, on calculations of future recoverability of the values recognised in the accounts and, as regards liabilities, on estimates of the probability of using resources to meet its obligations and the amount of resources necessary to that end, according to the rules laid down in current legislation and standards and have been made on the assumption of a going concern, on which basis these Consolidated financial statements have been prepared, i.e. without contemplating the possibility of the forced sale of the estimated items.

The processes adopted support the carrying values at December 31, 2018. For some of the above items the valuation is particularly complex given the uncertainty of the macroeconomic and market situation, characterised by the significant volatility of financial indicators used in the valuation process and still high levels of credit quality impairment, as well as, more generally, the uncertainty and instability in the banking sector.

For other items, however, the complexity and subjectivity of estimates is influenced by the structure of the underlying assumptions and assumptions, the number and variability of available information and the uncertainties connected with possible future outcomes of proceedings, disputes and litigation.

The parameters and information used to determine the above-mentioned values are therefore significantly affected by multiple factors, which could change rapidly in ways that are currently unforeseeable, which means that consequent future effects on the book values cannot be ruled out.

At the date of preparing these Consolidated financial statements we believe that there are no uncertainties such as to give rise to significant adjustments to the carrying amounts within one year.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are regularly reviewed. Any changes resulting from these reviews are recognised in the period in which the review was carried out, provided the change only concerns that period. If the revision concerns both current and future periods it is recognised accordingly in both current and future periods.

Uncertainty affecting estimates is inherent, among other factors, in the determination of:

- fair value of financial instruments not listed in active markets;
- receivables and relating write-offs, and in general, all other financial assets/liabilities;
- employee severance pay provision (Italy) and other employee and financial advisor benefits;
- provisions for risks and charges;
- goodwill;
- deferred tax assets:
- tax liabilities;

this quantification can vary over time, also to a significant extent, according to the evolution of the national and international social and economic environment and the consequent impacts on the Bank's earnings (and to the extent applicable, of the subsidiary) and customer solvency and the credit quality of the counterparties, the performance of the financial markets, which influence the fluctuation in rates, prices and actuarial assumptions used to determine the estimates, the reference legislative and regulatory changes, as well as the evolution and developments in existing or potential disputes.

With specific reference to future cash flow projections used in the valuation of the recoverability of goodwill recorded in the balance sheet, it should be noted that the parameters and information used are significantly influenced by the macro-economic market situation, which may change unpredictably. For further information please refer to Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet - Section 10 - Intangible assets.

With specific reference to valuation techniques, unobservable inputs and parameteres used in the fair value measurement and sensitivities to changes in those inputs, please refer to Section A.4. Information on fair value of this Part A.

With particular regard to provisions for risks and charges for risks arising from legal disputes and claims, see "Part E - Information on risks and hedging policies - Section 5 - Operating risk" of the notes to the accounts.

For further details on the models and parameters used in the measurement of IFRS 9 adjustments, please refer to the information in the specific section "18. Other information - Impairment" of Part A "Accounting policies - A.2. The main items of the accounts".

Other information

The Consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018 have been reviewed, pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree no. 39 of January 27, 2010 and Regulation (UE) 2014/537, by Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. appointed as auditor of the Bank's accounts in implementation of the Shareholders' Meeting resolution of April 16, 2013.

The entire document is lodged with the competent offices and entities as required by law.

A.2 The main items of the accounts

1 - Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

a) Financial assets held for trading (HFT)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is:

- acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;
- a derivative contract not designated within hedge accounting operations, with a positive fair value incorporated into financial liabilities other than those valued at fair value through profit and loss.

Financial assets held for trading financial are initially recognised, at settlement date with regard to debt and equity securities and disbursement data with regard to loans, at its *fair value*, which is usually equal to the amount paid, excluding transaction costs and income, which are recognised through profit or loss even when directly attributable to the financial assets. Trading book derivatives are recognised at trade date.

After initial recognition these financial assets are measured at their fair value through consolidated profit or loss.

An exception is represented by derivatives settled by delivery of an unlisted equity instrument whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, and which are therefore measured at cost.

A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract with all three of the following characteristics:

- its value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable (usually called the 'underlying') provided that in case of non-financial variable, this is not specific of one of the parties;
- it requires no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors;
- it is settled at a future date.

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid (combined) instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract, with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative.

An embedded derivative is separated from financial liabilities other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss and from non-financial instruments, and is recognized as a derivative, if:

- the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract;
- a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative;
- the hybrid (combined) instrument is not measured entirely at fair value through profit or loss.

When an embedded derivative is separated, the host contract is accounted for according to its accounting classification.

A gain or loss arising from sale or redemption or a change in the fair value of a HFT financial asset is recognised in consolidated income statement in item 80 "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading", including financial derivatives relating to a fair value option.

If the fair value of an instrument falls below zero, which may happen with derivative contracts, it is recognised in item 20. "Financial liabilities held for trading".

b) Financial assets designated at fair value

A non-derivative financial asset may be designated at fair value if such designation avoids accounting mismatches deriving from the valuation of assets and associated liabilities according to different valuation criteria.

These assets are accounted for alike "Financial assets held for trading" (see point a) Financial Assets held for trading) with the exception of gains and losses, both realised and unrealised, that are recognised in item 110. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss: a) financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value".

At the balance sheet date, no financial assets classified as "Financial assets designated at fair value" were held.

c) Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value

A financial asset, that is not held for trading, is classified as financial asset mandatorily at fair value if it does not meet the conditions, in terms of business model or cash flow characteristics, for being measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Specifically, the following assets have been classified in this portfolio:

- debt instruments, securities and loans for which the business model is neither held to collect nor held to collect
- and sell but which are not part of the trading book;
- debt instruments, securities and loans with cash flows that are not solely payment of principal and interest;
- units in investment funds:
- equity instruments for which the Bank does not apply the option granted by the standard of valuing these instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

These assets are accounted for alike "Financial assets held for trading" (see point a) Financial Assets held for trading) with the exception of gains and losses, both realised and unrealised, that are recognised in the consolidated income statement item 110. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss: b) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value".

2 - Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income

A financial asset is classified among financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income if:

- its business model is held to collect and sell;
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This item also includes equity instrument, not held for trading purposes, for which at the date of initial recognition, or in the first time adoption of the principle, the Bank exercised the option, granted by the standard, to designate this instruments at fair value with an impact on Statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets measured at fair value through comprehensive income are initially recognised, at settlement date with regard to debt and equity securities and disbursement data with regard to loans, at its fair value, which is usually equal to the consideration of the transaction, plus transaction costs and income directly attributable to the instrument.

The interest accruing on interest-bearing instruments is recognised on the income statement, in net interest margin, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. This shall be calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- b) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Delay interest is taken to the consolidated income statement on collection or receipt.

After initial recognition, for debt instruments, gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of comprehensive income and shown in item 120. "Revaluation reserves" in consolidated shareholders' equity.

These instruments are the subject to reductions / write backs in accordance with the illustration given in the next relevant section "Impairment". Gain/losses are recorded in the consolidated income statement item 130. "Impairment losses/write backs on: b) financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income" with contra-entry in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and are also shown in item 120. "Revaluation reserves" in consolidated shareholders' equity.

The time value interest are recognised in the interest margin.

In the event of disposal, the accumulated profits and losses are recognised in the consolidated income statement in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income".

With regard to equity instrument, the profits and losses from changes in fair value are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and shown in item 120. "Revaluation reserves" in consolidated shareholders' equity.

In accordance with the provisions of IFRS9, no impairment losses on equity instruments are recognized in the income statement.

In the event of disposal, the accumulated profits and losses are recorded in item 150. "Other Reserves".

3 - Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is classified within the financial assets measured at at amortized cost if:

- its business model is held to collect:
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

More specifically, this item includes:

- loans to banks and customers in the various technical forms that meet the requirements of the previous paragraph;
- debt securities that meet the requirements of the previous paragraph.

This item also includes current receivables associated with the provision of financial assets and services as defined by the T.U.B. and from the T.U.F. (e.g. current receivables associated with the distribution of financial products).

Financial assets at amortized cost are initially recognised, at settlement date with regard to debt securities and disbursement data with regard to loans, at its fair value, which is usually equal to the consideration paid, plus transaction costs and income directly attributable to the instrument; the interest is recognised on the income statement, in net interest margin, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. This shall be calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- (a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- (b) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Delay interest is taken to the income statement on collection or receipt.

After initial recognition at fair value, these assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, which can be adjusted to take account of any write-downs/write-backs resulting from the valuation process in accordance with the illustration given in the next relevant section "Impairment". Gain/losses are recorded in the consolidated income statement item 130. "Impairment losses/write backs on: a) financial assets at amortised cost".

The time value interest are recognised in the interest margin.

In the event of derecognition, the profits and losses are recognised in the consolidated income statement in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost".

4 - Hedge Accounting

The Bank, like the UniCredit Group, has taken advantage of the option to continue to apply the existing IAS 39 hedge accounting requirements for all hedging accounts until such time as the IASB has completed its macro-hedging accounting rules project.

Hedging derivatives are those created to hedge market risks (interest-rate, currency and price) to which the hedged positions are exposed. They may be described as follows:

- fair value hedge: a hedge of the exposure to changes in fair value of a recognised asset or liability, or an identifiable portion of such an asset or liability;
- cash flow hedge: a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction which could affect profit or loss in future periods;
- hedge of a net investment in a foreign entity, whose operations are presented in a currency other than euro.

Hedging derivatives are initially recognised on trade date and are valued at their fair value.

A hedging relationship qualifies for hedge accounting if there is formal designation and documentation of the hedging relationship including the risk management objective, the strategy for undertaking the hedge, and how the hedging instrument's prospective and retrospective effectiveness will be assessed. It is necessary to assess the hedge's effectiveness, at inception and in subsequent periods, in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk.

A hedge is regarded as highly effective if, at the inception of the hedge and in subsequent periods, it is determined prospectively to remain highly effective, and the retrospectively verified that the hedge ratio (i.e. the changes in fair value of hedged items and hedging instruments) is within a

range of 80-125 per cent. The hedge is assessed on an ongoing basis and thus must prospectively remain highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which the hedge has been designated.

The assessment of effectiveness is made at each balance-sheet date or other reporting date. If the assessment does not confirm the effectiveness of the hedge, from that time on hedge accounting is discontinued in respect of the hedge and the hedging derivative is reclassified as a held-fortrading instrument.

In addition, the hedging relationship ceases when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised; the hedged item is sold, expires or is repaid; or it is no longer highly probable that the forecast transaction will occur.

Hedging derivatives are measured at fair value. In particular:

- Fair Value Hedging an effective fair value hedge is accounted for as follows: the gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instrument at fair value is recognised in the consolidated income statement in item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting". The gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk adjusts the carrying amount of the hedged item and is recognised through profit or loss in the same item. Hedging ineffectiveness is represented by the difference between the change in the fair value of hedging instruments and the change in the fair value of hedged item. If the hedging relationship is terminated for reasons other than the sale of the hedged item, this is measured according to the original criterion dictated by the accounting standard applied to the relevant portfolio. In the case of interest-bearing instruments, the difference between the carrying amount of the hedged item on termination of the hedging and the carrying amount it would have had if the hedge had never existed, is recognised through profit or loss in interest receivable or payable over the residual life of the original hedge. If the hedged item is sold or repaid, the portion of fair value which is still unamortised is recognised immediately in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase" in the consolidated income statement. The difference in fair value of the hedging derivative since the latest effectiveness testing date is recognised in consolidated profit or loss under item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting";
- Cash Flow Hedging hedges are valued at fair value. Change in the fair value of a hedging instrument that is considered effective is recognised in consolidated equity item 120. "Revaluation reserves". The ineffective portion of the gain or loss is recognised through consolidated profit or loss in item 90."Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting". If a cash flow hedge is determined to be no longer effective or the hedging relationship is terminated, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that remains recognised in "Revaluation reserves" from the period when the hedge was effective remains separately recognised in "Revaluation reserves" until the forecast hedged transaction occurs or is determined to be no longer possible; in the latter case, the gains or losses are transferred from consolidated shareholders' equity to item 80. "Gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading" in the consolidated income statement. The overall fair value changes recorded in item 120. "Revaluation reserves" are reported in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- Hedging a Net Investment in a Foreign entity hedges of a net investment in a foreign entity, whose operations are presented in a currency other than euro, are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. The gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge that has been recognised directly in consolidated equity is recognised through consolidated profit or loss on disposal of the foreign entity. The fair value changes recorded in item 120. "Revaluation reserves" are also reported in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The ineffective portion of the gain or loss is recognised through consolidated profit or loss in item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting";
- Macro-hedged financial assets (liabilities) IAS 39 allows a fair-value item hedged against interest rate fluctuations to be not only a single asset or liability but also a monetary position contained in a number of financial assets or liabilities (or parts of them); accordingly, a group of derivatives can be used to offset fair-value fluctuations in hedged items due to changes in market rates. Macro hedging may not be used for net positions resulting from the offsetting of assets and liabilities. As for fair value micro hedging, macro hedging is considered highly effective if, at the inception of the hedge and throughout its life, changes in the fair value attributable to the hedged position are offset by changes in fair value of the hedging instrument and if the hedge ratio is retrospectively assessed falling within the range of 80-125 per cent. Net changes - gains or losses - in the value of the macro-hedged assets and liabilities attributable to the hedged risk are recognised in asset item 60. and liability item 50. respectively and offset the profit and loss item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting" in the consolidated income statement. The gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instrument at fair value is recognised in the same consolidated profit and loss item. The ineffectiveness of the hedging arises to the extent that the change in the fair value of the hedging item differs from the change in the fair value of the hedged monetary position. The extent of hedge ineffectiveness is in any case recognised in profit and loss item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting" in the consolidated income statement.

If the hedging relationship is terminated, for reasons other than the sale of the hedged items, cumulative gain or loss in items 60 (Assets) and 50 (Liabilities) is recognised through profit or loss in interest income or expenses, along the residual life of the hedged financial

If the latter are sold or repaid, unamortised fair value is at once recognised through profit and loss in item 100. "Gains (Losses) on disposals/repurchase" in the consolidated income statement.

The Bank had in place at the reporting date only macro-hedges against the interest rate risk of mortgages loans to retail customers and fixed-rate direct deposits.

5 - Equity Investments

The initial recognition and subsequent valuation criteria for interests governed by IFRS10 Consolidated Financial Statements, IAS27 Separate Financial Statements, IAS28 Investments in associates and joint ventures and IFRS11 Joint Arrangements, are detailed to the applicable extent in Section 3. Consolidation scope and methods of Section A.1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts, that includes information on valuation and key assumptions made to establish the presence of control, joint control or significant influence in compliance with the provisions of IFRS12 (paragraphs 7-9).

The remaining interests other than subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, and interests recognised in items 120. "Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale" (see Section 8 - Non-Current assets and disposal groups classified as Held for Sale) are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial assets s mandatorily at fair value and treated accordingly (see Section 1 – "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" and Section 2 – "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income").

6 - Property, Plant and Equipment (Tangible Assets)

The item includes:

- lands
- buildings
- furniture and fixtures
- · electronic machinery and equipments
- plant and other machinery and equipments
- motor vehicles

and is divided between:

- assets used in the business;
- assets held as investments.

Tangible assets used in the business are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes and are expected to be used during more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment also include leasehold improvements relating to assets which can be separately identified. They are classified according to the specific sub-items relating to the asset type (e.g. plants). Leasehold improvements are usually borne in order to make leased premises fit for the expected use. Improvements and additional expenses relating to property, plant and equipment identifiable but not separable are recognised in item 130. "Other assets".

Tangible assets held for investment purposes are properties covered by IAS 40, i.e. properties held in order to derive rentals and/or a capital gain.

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost including all costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into use (transaction costs, professional fees, direct transport costs incurred in bringing the asset to the desired location, installation costs and dismantling costs).

Subsequent costs are added to the carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset only when it is probable that there will be future economic benefits in excess of those initially foreseen and the cost can be reliably measured. Other expenses borne at a later time (e.g. normal maintenance costs) are recognised in the year they are incurred in consolidated profit and loss items:

190. "Administrative expenses: b) Other administrative expenses", if they refer to assets used in the business;

or:

• 230. "Other net operating income", if they refer to property held for investment.

After being recognised as an asset, an item of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any cumulative impairment losses.

An item with a finite useful life is subject to straight-line depreciation.

Residual useful life is usually assessed as follows:

•	Buildings	up to 33 years
•	Office furniture and fittings	up to 9 years
•	Electronic machinery and equipments	up to 5 years
•	Plants, other machinery and equipments	up to 14 years
•	Motor vehicles	up to 4 years

Buildings, if separately quantifiable, are recognised separately, even if acquired together. Land is not depreciated since it usually has an indefinite useful life. Buildings, conversely, have a finite useful life and are therefore subject to depreciation.

The estimate of the useful life of an asset is reviewed at least at each accounting period-end on the basis inter alia of the conditions of use of the asset, of maintenance conditions and expected obsolescence, and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the depreciation amount for the current and subsequent financial years is adjusted accordingly.

If there is objective evidence that an asset has been impaired, the carrying amount of the asset is compared with its recoverable value, equal to the greater of its fair value less selling cost and its value in use, i.e. the present value of future cash flows expected to originate from the asset. Any impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss item 210. "Net impairment/Write-backs on property, plant and equipment" in the consolidated income statement.

If the value of a previously impaired asset is restored, its increased carrying amount cannot exceed the net carrying amount it would have had if there had been no losses recognised on the prior-year impairment.

An intangible asset is de-recognised from the consolidated balance sheet (i) on disposal or (ii) when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or sale; and any difference between sale proceeds or recoverable value and carrying value is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss item 280. "Gains (losses) on disposal of investments" or 210. "Net impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment".

7 - Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary without physical substance, controlled by the Company, which is expected to be used during more than one period and from which future economic benefits are probable.

Intangible assets mainly consist of goodwill, software and costs incurred for the creation of the new Fineco website.

Intangible assets other than goodwill are recognised at purchase cost, i.e. including any cost incurred to bring the asset into use, less accumulated amortisation and any recognised impairment losses.

An intangible asset with a finite life is subject to straight-line amortisation over its estimated useful life.

Residual useful life is usually assessed as follows:

Software up to 3 years; other intangible assets up to 5 years.

There are no intangible assets with an indefinite life, except for goodwill.

If there is objective evidence that an asset has been impaired, the carrying amount of the asset is compared with its recoverable value, equal to the greater of its fair value less selling cost and its value in use, i.e. the present value of future cash flows expected to originate from the asset. Any impairment loss is recognised in consolidated profit and loss item 220. "Net impairment/write-backs on intangible assets" in the consolidated income statement.

If the value of a previously impaired intangible asset, other than goodwill is restored, its increased carrying amount cannot exceed the net carrying amount it would have had if there were no losses recognised on the prior-year impairment.

An intangible asset is de-recognised from the consolidated balance sheet (i) on disposal or (ii) when no additional future economic benefits are expected from its use or sale; and any difference between sale proceeds or recoverable value and carrying value is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss item 280. "Gains (losses) on disposal of investments" or 220. "Net impairment/write-backs on intangible assets".

Goodwill

In accordance with IFRS3, goodwill is the excess of the cost of a business combination over the interest acquired in the net fair value, at the acquisition date, of the assets and liabilities acquired.

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries and joint ventures (consolidated proportionately) is recognised as an intangible asset; whereas goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included in the acquisition cost and, then, shown as an increase in the value of the investments.

Specifically, the goodwill recorded under intangible assets in these consolidated financial statements - corresponding to the goodwill recorded in the Bank's annual financial statements – derives from the acquisitions of merged or acquired companies.

At a subsequent financial reporting date, goodwill is recognised net of any cumulative impairment losses and is not amortised.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually. Impairment losses on goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit and loss item 270. "Impairment of goodwill". In respect of goodwill, no write-backs are allowed.

Goodwill relates to buy-outs of divisions or companies engaged in trading activities or the distribution of financial, banking and insurance products through personal financial advisors. These activities have been fully integrated with the Bank's ordinary operations; as a result, it is not possible to isolate the contribution of each company/business division from the Bank's overall business. This means that to establish the reasonableness of the value of goodwill recognised in the financial statements it is necessary to take account of FinecoBank's comprehensive income. The cash generating unit (CGU) is the Bank as a whole including the contribution from the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC, an asset management company incorporated under Irish law, thanks a vertically integrated business model.

In view of the specific business model adopted by the Bank, which involves a high level of integration between personal financial advisors and the trading and banking platform, so that the personal financial advisors network is an integral part of the overall offer, which includes banking, brokerage and investing services, an allocation of costs/revenues to the macro areas of activity is not considered relevant or meaningful.

Please see Section 10.3 "Intangible assets - Other information" in Part B of these notes to the consolidated accounts for further information on goodwill and related impairment tests.

8 - Non-current assets classified as held for sale

These categories include individual assets held for disposal (tangible, intangible and financial assets) or groups of assets held for sale, with the associated liabilities, as required by IFRS 5.

Individual assets (or groups of assets held for sale) and relating liabilities are recognised in item 120. "Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale" and 70. "Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale", respectively, at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell.

The revaluation reserves relating to Non-current assets held for sale, which are recorded as a contra item to changes in value relevant for this purpose), are reported separately in the statement of consolidated comprehensive income (see Part D – Consolidated Comprehensive Income).

The net balance of profits (dividends, interest income, etc.) and losses (interest expense, etc.) attributable to groups of assets or liabilities held for sale are recognised in the income statement under item 320. "Profit (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations" in the consolidated income statement. Profits and losses attributable to individual assets held for disposal are recognised in the consolidated income statement under the most appropriate item.

At the balance sheet date, the Bank held no "non-current assets classified as held for sale".

9 - Current and Deferred Tax

Tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the consolidated balance sheet respectively in item 110. "Tax assets" and in liability item 60. "Tax liabilities".

In compliance with the "Balance sheet liability method", current and deferred tax items are:

- current tax assets, i.e. amount of tax paid in excess of income tax due under the current national tax regulations;
- current tax liabilities, i.e. tax payables due under the current Italian tax regulations;
- deferred tax assets, i.e. amounts of income tax recoverable in future fiscal years and relating to:
 - deductible temporary differences;
 - the carry-forward of unused tax losses;
 - the carry-forward of unused tax credits;
- deferred tax liabilities, i.e. the payables for income tax due in future fiscal years in respect of taxable temporary differences.

Current and deferred tax assets and tax liabilities are calculated in accordance with local tax regulations (with reference to each company consolidated on line-by-line basis) and are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

More specifically, with regard to FinecoBank, for current IRES income tax, a rate of 27.50% has been calculated; for IRAP corporate tax, the rate applied was 5.57%. In this regard, it should be noted that the effects of the reduction in the IRES income tax rate from 27.50% to 24% introduced, with effect from January 1, 2017 effective for tax periods after the period to December 31, 2016, introduced by the Stability Law for 2016 were "neutralised" for the Bank as a result of the introduction, by the same Law, of an additional 3.5 percentage points for credit institutions effective for the same tax periods.

With regard to the Irish subsidiary Fineco AM, taxes were calculated using a rate of 12.5% (as per tax legislation).

In general, deferred tax assets and liabilities arise when there is a difference between the accounting treatment and the tax treatment of the carrying amount of an asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised applying tax rates that at the balance sheet date are expected to apply in the period when the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered or the liability will be settled on the basis of tax regulations in force, and are periodically reviewed in order to reflect any changes in regulations.

Furthermore, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be generated. In accordance with the provisions of IAS12, the probability that sufficient future taxable profit will be available, against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised, is reviewed periodically. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets should be reduced to the extent that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Deferred tax liabilities are always recognised.

Current and deferred taxes are recognised in consolidated profit and loss item 300. "Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations", except for tax referred to items that in the same or in another fiscal year are credited or charged directly to equity, such as those relating to valuation gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, whose changes in value are recognised, after tax, under the revaluation reserves directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Current tax assets are shown in the consolidated balance sheet net of related current tax liabilities, where the following requirements are met:

- there is a right to offset the recognised amounts; and
- there is an intention to settle the asset and liability positions with a single payment on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets are shown in the consolidated balance sheet net of related deferred tax liabilities, where the following requirements are met:

- there is a right to offset the underlying current tax assets with the current tax liabilities; and
- deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity or different
 taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis (usually under a tax consolidation agreement).

10 - Provisions for risks and charges

Provisions for risks and charges for commitments and guarantees given

The sub-item of the provisions for risks and charges in question includes the funds for credit risk recognized for commitments to disburse funds and guarantees given which fall within the scope of application of the rules on impairment in accordance with IFRS 9, according to illustrated in the next specific section "Impairment".

The effects of valuation are recognised in item 200. "Net provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given" in the consolidated income statement.

Provisions for retirement payments and similar obligations

Retirement provisions – i.e. provisions for employee benefits paid after leaving employment – are defined as defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans according to the economic nature of the plan.

In particular:

- Defined-benefit plans provide a series of benefits depending on factors such as age, years of service and compensation policies. Under this type of plan actuarial and investment risks are borne by the company.
- Defined-contribution plans are plans under which the company makes fixed contributions. Benefits are the result of the amount of
 contributions paid and return on contributions invested. The employer bears no actuarial and/or investment risks connected with this type
 of plan as it has no legal or implicit obligation to make further contributions, should the plan not be sufficient to provide benefit to all
 employees.

Defined-benefit plans are present-valued by an external actuary using the unit credit projection method.

This method distributes the cost of the benefit evenly over the employee's working life. The liability is determined as the present value of average future payments adjusted according to the ratio of years of service to theoretical total years of service at the time of payment of the benefit.

More specifically, the amount recognised according to IAS 19 Revised, as a net liability/asset in item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges: b) Post-retirement benefit obligations" is the present value of the obligation at the balance sheet date, less any pension charges relating to benefits already provided but not yet recognised, less the fair value at the balance sheet date of plan assets other than those due to directly settle the obligations adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. Actuarial gains or losses from the defined-benefit liabilities are recognised as a contra-entry to consolidated equity under item 120. "Revaluation reserves" are reported in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The discount rate used to discount obligations (whether financed or not) relating to benefits to be provided after retirement varies according to the currency of denomination and country where the liabilities are allocated and is determined on the basis of market yield at the balance sheet date of prime issuers' bonds with an average life in keeping with that of the relevant liability.

At the balance sheet date, there were no provisions for retirement payments and similar obligations.

Other provisions

Provisions for risks and charges consist of liabilities recognised when:

- the entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amounts recognised as provisions are the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation. The risks and uncertainties that inevitably surround the relevant events and circumstances are taken into account in reaching the best estimate of a provision.

As regards provisions for legal disputes, the estimate includes the costs of proceedings borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

This estimate was determined by the Bank, in relation to the current dispute, mainly based on the analysis of the historical trend of legal expenses incurred, by type of litigation and degree of judgment.

In addition, where the effect of the time value of money is significant (usually when the expense is expected to materialise more than 18 months after its recognition), the amount of the provision should be the present value of the best estimate of the cost required to settle the obligation. The discount rate used reflects the current market assessments.

Provisions are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it becomes clear that it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Provisions are used only for expenses for which they were originally recognised. Provisions for the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement in item 200. "Net provisions for risks and charges: b) other net provisions" include increases due to the passage of time; they are also net of any re-attributions.

"Other provisions" also include obligations relating to benefits due to personal financial advisors, specifically supplementary customer portfolio payments and contractual payments, which can be considered defined benefit plans; accordingly, these obligations are calculated by an actuary using the unit credit projection method (see paragraph "Retirement Payments and Similar Obligations"), and payments under non-competition agreements.

In certain cases, provisions for risks and charges (for example related to staff expenses and administrative costs) have been recognised under their own item in the consolidated income statement to better reflect their nature.

11 - Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities valued at an amortised cost include financial instruments (other than trading liabilities and those valued at fair value), representing various forms of third-party funding.

On initial recognition, at settlement date, financial liabilities at amortized cost are measured at fair value, which is normally the consideration received less transaction costs directly attributable to the financial liability; the interest is recognised on the income statement, in net interest margin, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

After initial recognition, these instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Hybrid debt instruments relating to equity instruments, foreign exchange, credit instruments or indexes, are treated as structured instruments. The embedded derivative is separated from the host contract and recognised as a derivative, provided that separation requirements are met, and recognised at fair value. The embedded derivative is entered at fair value, classified under financial assets or liabilities held for trading, and is then valued at fair value, with the relative profits or losses recognised in the consolidated income statement in item 80 "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading". The difference between the total amount received and the initial fair value of the embedded derivative is attributed to the host contract.

Instruments convertible into treasury shares imply recognition, at the issuing date, of a financial liability and of the equity part, recognized in item 140. "Equity instruments", whenever the contractual terms provide for physical delivery. The equity component is initially measured at residual value, i.e., the overall value of the instrument less the separately determined value of a financial liability with no conversion clause and the same cash flow. The financial liability is recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Securities in issue are recognised net of the repurchased amounts; the difference between the book value of the liability and the amount paid to buy it, is recorded in the consolidated income statement in item 100."Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: c) financial liabilities". Subsequent disposal by the issuer is considered as a new issue which doesn't produce gains or losses.

The Bank's consolidated debts do not include covenants (see glossary in the attachments) that would cause default or restructuring events. There are no debt instruments involving convertibility to equity instruments (under IASB IFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments).

At the consolidated balance sheet date, there were no debt securities in issue, hybrid debt instruments or instruments convertible into treasury shares.

12 - Financial liabilities held for trading

Financial liabilities held for trading include:

- derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments;
- obligations to deliver financial assets borrowed by a short seller (i.e., an entity that sells financial assets it does not yet own);
- financial liabilities issued with an intention to repurchase them in the near term;
- financial liabilities that are part of a portfolio of financial instruments considered as a unit and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of trading.

Financial liabilities held for trading, including derivatives, are measured at fair value initially and for the life of the transaction.

A gain or loss arising from sale or redemption or a change in the fair value of a HFT financial asset is recognised in consolidated income statement in item 80. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading", including financial derivatives relating to a fair value option.

13 - Financial liabilities designated at fair value

Financial liabilities, like financial assets may also be designated or in the first time adoption of the principle, according to IFRS 9, on initial recognition as measured at fair value, provided that:

this designation eliminates or considerably reduces the discrepancy that could arise from the application of different methods of measurement of assets and liabilities and related gains or losses;

or

a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both are managed and measured at fair value under risk management or investment strategy which is internally documented with the entity's Board of Directors or equivalent body.

This category may also include financial liabilities represented by hybrid (combined) instruments containing embedded derivatives that otherwise should have been separated from the host contract.

Financial liabilities in this category, including derivatives, are valued at fair value initially, and during the life of the operation.

Changes in fair value are recognised in consolidated income statement in item 110. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss: a) financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value", except for any changes in fair value that derive from changes in the credit rating, which are shown in item 120. "Revaluation reserves" in consolidated shareholders' equity unless that recognition causes a discrepancy that would result from a different valuation of assets and liabilities and related gains and losses, in which case the changes in fair value deriving from changes in credit rating are also recognised on the consolidated income statement.

At the balance sheet date, no financial liabilities classified as "Financial liabilities designated at fair value" were held.

14 - Foreign currency transactions

A foreign currency transaction is recognised at the spot exchange rate of the transaction date.

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate of the period.

Exchange differences arising from settlement of monetary items at rates different from those of the transaction date and unrealised exchange rate differences on foreign currency assets and liabilities not yet settled, other than assets and liabilities designated as measured at fair value and hedging instruments, are recognised in profit and loss item 80. "Gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading" in the consolidated income statement.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities recognised at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated at the closing rate. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised directly in equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised directly in equity. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised through profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised through profit or

All exchange differences recognised on revaluation reserves in consolidated shareholders' equity are also reported in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

15 – Insurance assets and liabilities

IFRS4 defines insurance contracts as those agreements based on which a party (the insurer) accepts a significant insurance risk from a third party (the insured), agreeing to pay the latter in the event of damages arising from a specific future uncertain event.

These policies are recognised briefly as follows:

- item 170. "Other income (net) from insurance activities" from the consolidated income statement, of gross premiums, inclusive of any amounts accrued during the financial year as a result of the underwriting of insurance contracts, net of any cancellations. Premium transferred to reinsurers during the year is also recognised in this item;
- item 110. "Technical provisions" of Liabilities, any commitments to insured parties, calculated for each contract with the projection method based on standard market demographic/financial assumptions;
- item 80. "Technical provisions for re-insurers" of Assets, commitments for re-insurers.

At the Accounts date, no insurance assets and liabilities were held.

18- Other information

Business Combinations

A business combination is a transaction through which an entity obtains control of a company or of a business segment, thus bringing together different businesses into one reporting entity.

A business combination may result in a Parent-subsidiary relationship in which the acquirer is the Parent and the acquiree a subsidiary of the acquirer. A business combination may involve the purchase of the net assets of another entity, in which case goodwill can arise, or the purchase of the equity of the other entity (mergers).

IFRS 3 requires that all business combinations shall be accounted for by applying the purchase method, that involves the following steps:

- identifying an acquirer;
- measuring the cost of the business combination;

and

allocating, at the acquisition date, the cost of the business combination to the assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed.

The cost of a business combination is the aggregate of the fair value, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued by the acquirer, in exchange for control of the acquiree.

The acquisition date is the date on which the acquirer effectively obtains control of the acquiree. When this is achieved through a single exchange transaction, the date of exchange coincides with the acquisition date.

A business combination may involve more than one exchange transaction; nevertheless, the cost of the business combination remains equal to the fair value of the total shareholding acquired. This involves the revaluation at fair value - and the recognition of the effects in the Income Statement of the equity investments previously held in the acquired entity.

The cost of a business combination is allocated by recognising the assets, the liabilities and the identifiable contingent liabilities of the acquired company at their acquisition-date fair value. Exceptions to this principle are deferred income tax assets and liabilities, employee benefits, indemnification assets, reacquired rights, non-current assets held for sale, and share-based payment transactions that are subject to review in accordance with the principle applicable to them.

The positive difference between the cost of the business combination and the acquirer's interest at fair value, net of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities, must be accounted for as goodwill.

After initial recognition, goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually.

If the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the acquirer shall reassess the fair values and immediately recognise any excess remaining after that reassessment in profit or loss. If the acquisition concerns a percentage less than 100% of the assets of the acquired company, minorities are recognised.

At the acquisition date, minorities are valued:

- at fair value, or
- as a share of minority interests in the assets, liabilities and potential liabilities that can be identified for the company acquired.

Purchased or originated Credit Impaired - POCI

When on initial recognition an exposure, presented in item 30. "Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income" or 40. "Financial assets at amortised cost", is non-performing, it is qualified as "Purchased Originated Credit Impaired - POCI".

The amortised cost and the interest income generated by these assets are calculated by considering, in the estimate of future cash flows, the expected credit losses over the entire residual duration of the asset. This expected credit loss is subject to periodic review thus determining the recognition of impairment or write - backs.

Purchased Originated Credit Impaired assets are conventionally classified on initial recognition in Stage 3. If, as a result of an improvement in the creditworthiness of the counterparty, the assets become "performing" they are classified under Stage 2. These assets are never classified under Stage 1 because the expected credit loss is always calculated considering a time horizon equal to their residual duration.

At the Accounts date, no "Purchased or Originated Credit Impaired – POCI" were held.

Other Long-term Employee Benefits

Long-term Employee Benefits are recognised in item 80. "Other liabilities" on the basis of the measurement of the liability at the balance sheet date.

Treasury Shares

Changes in treasury shares are reported as a direct contra item to consolidated shareholders' equity, i.e. as a reduction to the latter in the amount of any purchases, and as an increase in the amount of any sales proceeds. This entails that, if treasury shares are subsequently sold, the difference between the sale price and the related post-tax repurchase cost is recognised entirely as a contra item to consolidated shareholders' equity.

Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The accounting offsetting of assets and liabilities items has been performed according to IAS 32, assessing the fulfilment of the following requirements:

- current legal enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts;
- intention either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

In accordance with IFRS 7, further information has been included in the table of the Notes to the consolidated accounts, in Part B - Other information.

Those tables show the following in particular:

- the carrying amounts, before and after the accounting offsetting effects, related to the financial assets and liabilities that meet the criteria for applying those effects;
- the amount of the exposures that do not meet the above mentioned criteria, but are included in master netting agreements, or similar agreements, that create the right to set-off only under specific circumstances (e.g., default events);
- the amount of the related collateral.

Amortised cost

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is a method of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the life of a financial asset or liability. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. The calculation includes all fees and basis points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Commissions forming an integral part of the effective interest rate include loan drawdown fees or underwriting fees relating to a financial asset not designated at fair value, e.g., fees received as compensation for the assessment of the issuer's or borrower's financial situation, for valuation and registration of security, and generally for the completion of the transaction (management fees).

Transaction costs include fees and commissions paid to agents (including employees acting as selling agents), advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs do not include debt premiums or discounts, financing costs or internal administrative or holding costs.

Classification of financial assets

The new standard for the classification and measurement of financial assets provided for by IFRS 9 is based on the "business model" and the financial instrument's contractual cash flows (SPPI criterion - Solely Payments of Principal and Interests).

Based on the entity's business model for managing financial instruments, the assets may be classified as:

- "held to collect" contractual cash flows ("HTC"), measured at amortised cost and subject to impairment based on expected losses;
- "held to collect cash flows and for sale" ("HTCS"), measured at fair value through comprehensive income, in an equity reserve, and subject to impairment on the basis of expected losses;
- "held as part of other business models", e.g. held for trading, measured at fair value through profit and loss.

It is also possible upon initial recognition to:

- irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at fair value through profit or loss if this eliminates or significantly reduces a mismatch ("accounting mismatch") that would otherwise arise from a different measurement of assets or liabilities or from the recognition of gains and losses on different bases;
- irrevocably designate particular investments in equity instruments, which would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss, as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income items. Upon disposal, the fair value changes recognised in a specific shareholders' equity reserve are not transferred to profit or loss, but to another shareholders' equity reserve.

Business model

With regard to the business model, IFRS 9 identifies three types of cases in relation to the manner in which cash flows are managed and sales of financial assets:

- Held to Collect (HTC): whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realize cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The inclusion of a portfolio of financial assets in this business model does not necessarily mean that it is impossible to sell the instruments even if it is necessary to consider the frequency, the value and the timing of sales, the reasons for sales and expectations regarding to future sales;
- Held to Collect and Sell (HTCS): whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Both activities (collection of contractual flows and sales) are essential for achieving the business model objective. Therefore, sales are more frequent and significant than an HTC business model and are an integral part of the strategies pursued;
- Other business models: which include both financial assets held for trading purposes and financial assets managed with a business model not attributable to previous business models.

The Bank's Business Model is determined by Key management personnel at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The entity's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not an instrument-by-instrument approach to classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation with the corporate objective of pursuing, time in time, specific performance of maximizing net interest income and accessory commissions, in order to limit credit risk, always

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compatible with the RAF (risk appetite framework) established annually by the Bank. However, a single entity may have more than one business model for managing its financial instruments.

For the Held to Collect business model, the Bank has defined the eligibility thresholds for sales that do not affect the classification (frequent but not significant, individually and in aggregate, or infrequent even if of a significant amount) and, at the same time, the parameters were established to identify sales consistent with this business model as they are attributable to an increase in credit risk.

The Bank included the following financial assets in the "HTC" business model, according to the purposes for which they are held and their expected turnover:

- customer loans (mortgages, personal loans, unsecured loans, revolving credit cards, current account credit lines and, usually, overdraft facilities):
- cash-secured securities loans to "multi-day leverage" retail customers;
- credit cards full payment of balance;
- deposits, loans and repurchase agreements;
- other trade receivables;
- proprietary securities for which the Objective pursued by the bank as part of its investment policy is the ownership of financial assets aimed at the collection of contractual cash flows with the aim of achieving medium/long-term profitability.

The "HTCS" business model includes own securities for which the Bank pursues - as part of its investment policy - the management of the its current liquidity, the maintenance of a set interest margin or the alignment of the terms of financial assets and liabilities. Sales are an integral part of this business model and, therefore, there is no turnover threshold for portfolio sales, both in terms of frequency and amount. Nevertheless, trading activity is not allowed in order to pursue the business model and any purchases must be effected taking into account a medium to long-term time horizon.

The "Other Business Models" include any assets that do not fall into the aforementioned macro-classes: these are financial assets that are not held as part of a business model whose objective is the holding of assets aimed at the collection of contractual cash flows or whose objective is pursued through both the collection of financial cash flows and the sale of financial activities.

In particular, it involves are the following activities identified by the Bank:

- financial assets connected to internalization
- financial assets held for trading
- · securities withdrawn from customers
- other securities (not included in the above points).

SPPI Test

In order to assess whether the features of contractual cash flows support either an amortised cost valuation (HTC) or at fair value through comprehensive income (HTCS) - in addition to the analysis relating to the business model - it is necessary that the contractual terms of financial assets provide for, at given dates, financial flows consisted solely of principal and interest payments on the outstanding capital share (SPPI criterion - Solely Payments of Principal and Interests).

The tests were carried out on each individual financial instrument at initial recognition in the financial statements.

Subsequent to initial recognition, and as long as it is recognized in the financial statements, the asset is no longer subject to new assessments for the purpose of the SPPI test. If a financial instrument is cancelled (derecognition) and a new financial asset is recognised, the SPPI test must be carried out on the new asset.

For the application of the SPPI test, IFRS 9 provides the following definitions:

- Principal: is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition. That principal amount may change over the life of the financial asset, for example if there are repayments of principal;
- Interest: consists of consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

For the assess of the SPPI test in the context of credit granting processes and for transactions in debt securities, a tool was developed based on an internally developed methodology (decision trees), in compliance and in line with the parent company UniCredit S.p.A..

For transactions in debt securities, the test is carried out using the previously mentioned tool at the time of purchase of the financial instrument.

For standard credit products, the SPPI test is carried out during the proposal to market a new product or to change the standard conditions of an existing product and the test result is extended to all the individual relationships referable to the same product catalog.

For credit products with contractual conditions other than those stated in standard term sheet, the SPPI test is performed at the time of disbursement of each loan/concession of a new credit line through the use of the same tool.

It should be noted that the Bank did not set minimum or false thresholds considering any clause contractual cash flow characteristics that does not comply with the SPPI requirement as a trigger that result in the test's failure, taking into account the nature of its loans and securities portfolio, consisting of plain vanilla financial assets.

Derecognition of financial assets

Derecognition is the removal of a previously recognised financial asset from an entity's consolidated balance sheet.

Before evaluating whether, and to what extent, derecognition is appropriate, under IFRS 9 an entity should determine whether the relevant conditions apply to a financial asset in its entirety or to a part of a financial asset. The standard is applied to a part of financial assets being transferred if, and only if, the part being considered for de-recognition meets one of the following conditions:

- the part comprises only specifically identified cash flows from a financial asset (or a group of similar financial assets);
- the part comprises only a fully proportionate (pro rata) share of the cash flows from a financial asset (or a group of similar financial assets):
- the part comprises only a fully proportionate (pro rata) share of specifically identified cash flows from a financial asset (or a group of similar financial assets).

In all other cases, the standard is applied to the financial asset in its entirety (or to the group of similar financial assets in their entirety).

An entity shall derecognise a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset to a third party.

Rights to cash flow are considered to be transferred even if contractual rights to receive the asset's cash flow are retained but there is an obligation to pay this cash flow to one or more entities and all the following conditions are fulfilled (pass-through agreement):

- there is no obligation on the company to pay uncollected amounts associated with the original asset;
- sale or pledge of the original asset is not allowed, unless it secures the obligation to pay cash flow;
- there is an obligation to transfer forthwith all cash flows received and may not invest them, except for liquidity invested for the short period between the date of receipt and that of payment, provided that the interest accrued in that period is paid on.

Recognition is also subject to verification of substantially transfer of all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. If the entity transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the entity shall de-recognise the asset (or group of assets) and recognise separately as assets or liabilities any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

Conversely, if the entity substantially retains all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset (or group of assets), the entity shall continue to recognise the transferred asset(s). In this case it is necessary to recognise a liability corresponding to the amount received under the transfer and subsequently recognise all income accruing on the asset or expense accruing on the liability.

The main transactions that do not allow, under the above rules, total derecognition of a financial asset are securitisations, repurchase (sell and buybacks) and securities lending transactions.

In the case of securitisations, the company does not de-recognise the financial asset on purchase of the equity tranche or provision of other forms of support of the structure which result in retention by the company of the credit risk of the securitised portfolio.

In the case of repurchase transactions and stock lending, the assets transacted are not derecognised since the terms of the transaction entail the retention of all their risks and rewards.

Lastly, it should be noted that securities lending transactions collateralised by other securities or not collateralised were recorded as off-balance sheet items.

At the reporting date, no loan securitisation transactions were present.

Impairment

General matters

Loans and debt instruments classified in the items: financial assets at amortised cost, financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income and the relevant off-balance sheet exposures (commitments and guarantees given), are subjected to an impairment calculation in accordance with IFRS 9, taking into account the integrated reference regulations of the internal regulations and policies of the UniCredit Group which regulate the credit classification rules and their transfer to the various categories.

The exposures are classified in Stage 1, Stage 2 or Stage 3 depending on their absolute or relative credit rating, compared to the initial disbursement. In particular:

- Stage 1: this includes newly originated or acquired credit exposures and exposures that have not suffered a significant deterioration in credit risk compared to the date of first recognition;
- Stage 2: this includes credit exposures that are performing but which have suffered a significant deterioration in credit risk compared to the date of first recognition;
- Stage 3: this includes impaired credit exposures.

For Stage 1 exposures, the impairment is equal to the expected loss calculated on a time frame of up to one year. For Stage 2 and Stage 3 exposures, the impairment is equal to the expected loss calculated on a timeframe equivalent to the residual duration of the related exposure.

In order to meet the accounting standard, the Bank refers specific models (developed by the UniCredit Group) to calculate the expected loss. These models draw on the PD, LGD and EAD criteria used for regulatory purposes, to which specific directions are made to ensure full cohesion with the accounting requirements³⁵. In this regard, forward-looking information has also been included³⁶ with the elaboration of specific scenarios.

Expected loss is calculated, for the institutional counterparties common to the Group, using the methods and credit parameters developed at the centralized level.

As the retail counterparties do not have internal rating systems at their disposal, they use proxies. Segmentation by product type is carried out and the PD is replaced by the average decay rate observed by the transition matrixes defining the change to classify. This approach is based on the assumption that when there are no changes in the criteria adopted to assess the creditworthiness of the individual counterparties, the quality of the future credit will be consistent with the quality of the credit found in the time series available. To implement the requirements of the IFRS9 rule, the proxies of the parameters are corrected using forward looking information, entirely in line with the Group's approach as described below.

A key aspect of the new accounting model required to calculate the expected loss is the Stage Allocation model, the aim of which is to transfer exposures between Stage 1 and Stage 2 (as Stage 3 is equivalent to that of impaired exposures), where Stage 1 mainly includes (i) newly disbursed exposures, (ii) exposures that have no significant impairment of credit risk compared to initial recognition, and (iii) exposures with a low credit risk (low credit risk exemption) on the reporting date.

The Stage Allocation valuation model is based on a combination of relative and absolute elements. The main elements were:

- the comparison at transaction level between the PD value at the time of disbursement and the value on the reporting date, both qualified according to internal models at fixed thresholds to take into account all the key variables of each transaction that may influence the Bank's expectations about ongoing changes in PD (e.g. age, maturity, level of PD at the time of disbursement);
- absolute elements such as the backstops provided for by the regulation (e.g. 30 day Expired);
- other internal findings (forborne classification).

With reference to debt instruments, the Bank has opted to apply the low credit risk exemption on investment grade securities, in full accordance with the provisions of the accounting standard.

The criteria for determining the write-downs of receivables are based on the discounting of expected cash flows of principal and interest. In line with the business model, these can also refer to market operations; for determining the present value of cash flows, the basic requirement is the identification of estimated collections, the timing of payments and the discounting rate used.

The amount of the loss on impaired exposures classified as non-performing, unlikely to pay and past due according to the categories specified below, is the difference between the carrying value and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the original interest rate of the financial asset.

For all fixed-rate positions, the interest rate determined in this manner is also held constant in future years, while for floating rate positions the interest rate is updated according to contractual terms. If the original interest rate is not directly available, or if finding it would be excessively onerous, the interest rate that best approximates the original one is applied, including through practical expedients that do not affect the substance and ensure consistency with international accounting standards.

Recovery times are estimated on the basis of business plans or forecasts based on historical recovery experience observed for similar classes of loans, taking into account the customer segment, type of loan, type of security and any other factors considered relevant.

Parameters and definitions of risk level used in the calculation of value adjustments

As mentioned above the Group UniCredit has developed specific models to calculate the expected loss, which draw on the PD, LGD and EAD criteria, as well as the effective interest rate.

³⁵ See paragraph "Parameters and definitions of risk level used in the calculation of value adjustments" for a more detailed explanation of the risk measures used within the Group to calculate the expected credit loss in

accordance with IFRS 9.

36 See paragraph "Forward-looking information used in calculating value adjustments" for a more detailed explanation of the forward-looking information and scenarios used to calculate the expected credit loss in accordance with IFRS 9.

These models are used for calculating value adjustments of all the institutional counterparties common to the Group, for the most part made up of FIBS (Financial Institutions, Banks and Sovereigns) counterparties.

Specifically:

- PD (Probability of Default) expresses the percentage of estimated loss, and hence the expected recovery rate whenever a credit position default event occurs;
- LGD (Loss Given Default) expresses the percentage of estimated loss, and hence the expected recovery rate is the complement to the
 unit (of the LGD) whenever a credit position default event occurs;
- EAD (Exposure at Default) expresses the measurement of the exposure at the time of the credit position default event;
- Effective Interest Rate is the discount rate expressing the time value of the money.

These parameters are calculated on the basis of identical parameters used for regulatory purposes, with specific adjustments made to ensure full cohesion, net of the various regulatory requirements, between the accounting treatment and the regulatory treatment.

The main adjustments are made in order to:

- introduce "point-in-time" adjustments to replace the "through-the-cycle" adjustments required for regulatory purposes;
- include forward-looking information;
- extend the credit risk parameters to a multi-year perspective.

With regard to the lifetime PD, the through-the-cycle PD curves obtained by adapting the cumulative non-compliance rates are adjusted to reflect point-in-time provisions and forward-looking provisions with regard to the portfolio non-compliance rates.

The rate of recovery incorporated in the through-the-cycle LGD was adapted in order to remove the conservatism margin and to reflect the latest trends in recovery rates, and expectations about future trends discounted to the actual interest rate or its best approximation.

For Stage 3, this includes the corresponding impaired exposures which, in accordance with the Bank of Italy rules defined in Circular 272 of 30 July 2008 as updated, correspond to the aggregate Non-Performing Exposures referred to in ITS EBA (EBA/ITS /2013/03/rev1 24/7/2014).

Specifically, the EBA has identified Non-Performing exposures as those that satisfy either or both of the following criteria:

- material exposures which are more than 90 days past due;
- exposures for which the Bank has assessed that the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, without the enforcement and
 realisation of collateral, regardless of the existence of any past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures or of the number of days past
 due.

The aforementioned Circular 272 establishes that the impaired assets aggregate is divided into the following categories:

- Bad exposures, i.e., the on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures to insolvent borrowers, even if the insolvency has not been
 recognised in a court of law. They are generally measured individually (including by verifying statistically defined coverage levels for
 some loan portfolios below a predefined threshold) or, for individually insignificant amounts, on a flat basis by type of homogeneous
 exposure.
- Unlikely to pay on and off-balance sheet exposures which do not meet the borrower's condition for classification as non-performing loans and for which, in the absence of actions such as the enforcement of collateral, the debtor's ability to fully meet its credit obligations (principal and/or interest) is assessed as unlikely. This assessment is made independently of any past due and unpaid amount (or instalment). The classification of an exposure as unlikely to pay is not necessarily tied to evident issues (non-repayment), but is rather linked to indicators of a potential default of the borrower. The "unlikely to pay" exposures are measured in the accounts individually (including by verifying statistically defined coverage levels for some loan portfolios below a predefined threshold) or by applying a percentage on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposures. Exposures classified as unlikely to pay and identified as forborne, may only be reclassified to unimpaired loans after at least one year has passed from the time of the forbearance and the conditions established in paragraph 157 of the EBA Implementing and Technical Standards have been met. With regard to their measurement, they are generally measured on an individual basis or by applying a percentage on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposures and the resulting allowance may include the discounted cost due to renegotiation of the interest rate at a rate lower than the original contractual rate.
- Past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures on-balance sheet exposures, other than those classified as non-performing or unlikely to pay that are past due or overdrawn at the reporting date. The past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures are determined with respect to the individual debtor. Specifically, they represent the total exposure to any borrower not included in the unlikely to pay and non-performing loans categories, who at the reporting date has expired facilities or unauthorised overdrafts that are more than 90 days past due and meet the requirements set out by local supervisory regulations for their classification under the "past due exposures". Past-due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures are valued at a flat rate on a historical/stochastic basis by applying where available the risk rating referred to Loss Given Default (LGD) under Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 (CRR) on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms.

Forward-looking information used in calculating value adjustments

The credit loss expected from the parameters described in the forgoing paragraph considers macroeconomic forecasts by applying multiple scenarios to the forward looking components.

The process defined to include macroeconomic scenarios is also fully consistent with the macroeconomic forecasting processes used by the Group UniCredit for further risk management purposes (such as the processes used to translate macroeconomic forecasts into expected credit losses based on the EBA Stress Test and the ICAAP Framework) and was also drawn from the independent work of UniCredit Research.

The forecasts in terms of change in Default rate and change in Recovery Rate provided by the Stress Test function are incorporated within the PD and LGD parameters during calibration. The credit parameters are usually calibrated over a through-the-cycle (TTC) horizon, so their point-in time (PIT) and forward-looking (FL calibration become necessary in so far as it reflects the current situation and the expectations on the future evolution of the economic cycle in these credit parameters.

Governance

The process of determining loan loss provisions for accounting purposes includes the adjustments described for the credit parameters, calculation of the expected multi-period loss, inclusion of the macroeconomic and forward-looking components and inclusion of the sales scenarios, where applicable.

A specific process for production and sharing multi-scenario and forward looking adjustments pertaining to the Group Wide loans perimeter (i.e. loans pertaining to Customers common to the Group) between FinecoBank and the Group has also been defined.

Repos and securities lending

Securities received in a transaction that entails a contractual obligation to sell them at a later date or delivered under a contractual obligation to repurchase are neither recognised nor derecognised. In respect of securities purchased under an agreement to resell, the consideration is recognised as financial assets at amortised cost, or as an asset held for trading; in respect of securities held in a repurchase agreement, the liability is recognised as financial liabilities at amortised cost, or as financial liabilities held for trading. Revenue from these loans, being the coupons accrued on the securities and the difference between the sale/purchase and resale/repurchase prices, is recognised in consolidated profit or loss through interest income and expenses on an accruals basis.

These transactions can only be offset if, and only if, they are carried out with the same counterparty and provided that such offset is provided for in the underlying contracts.

The same rules apply to securities lending transactions collateralised by cash fully available to the lender.

The profit or loss items connected with these transactions are booked respectively:

- in the item Interest, for the positive component (borrower) and the negative component (lender) related to the return on cash paid to the lender;
- in the item Fees and commissions, for the negative component (borrower) and the positive component (lender) related to the service received (provided) through the provision of the security by the lender.

With reference to securities lending transactions collateralised by other securities, or not collateralised, the security lent or the security put up as collateral are still recognised as assets in the balance sheet, depending on the role - lender or borrower, respectively - played in the transaction.

Share-Based Payment

Equity-settled payments made to employees or other staff (in particular, personal financial advisors) in consideration of work services rendered or other goods received or services rendered, using shares of FinecoBank or the Group parent, which consist of:

- stock ontions:
- rights to receive shares upon attainment of certain objectives ("performance shares"), which are settled with equity instruments;
- Performance shares (i.e. awarded on attainment of certain objectives) settled in cash.

Considering the difficulty of reliably measuring the fair value of the services acquired against equity-settled payments, reference is made to the fair value of the instruments, measured at the date of their allocation.

The fair value of equity-settled payments or the purchase on the market of shares in FinecoBank in exchange of work or services is recognised as cost in consolidated income statement in item 190. "Administrative expenses" or 50. "Fee and commission expense" as a contra-entry to item 150. "Reserves" in consolidated shareholders' equity, on an accruals basis over the period in which the services are acquired.

As for share-based payments settled in cash in favour of personal financial advisors, the services acquired and the liabilities assumed are measured at the latter's fair value, recognised in consolidated profit or loss in Item 50. "Fee and commission expense" as counterparty of the Item 80. "Other Liabilities". Until the liability is settled, the fair value is recalculated at each balance sheet date until the settlement date, and all changes in fair value are recognised in item 50. "Fee and commission expense".

Share based payments consisting in the payment of shares of the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A. directly allocated to employees of the Group Companies that involve settlement with shares of the Parent Company, under arrangements between the Company and the Parent Company for their cash settlement, are measured at fair value, calculated when the related rights are assigned, recognised as a cost in consolidated income statement in item 190 "Administrative expenses", as a contra entry to item 80. "Other Liabilities", on an accruals basis over the period in which the services are acquired.

Renegotiations

When, during the life of an instrument, the contractual clauses are subject to modification by the parties to the contract, it is necessary to verify whether following the renegotiation the original asset must continue to be recognized in the financial statements and accounted for using the "modification accounting" or if, on the contrary, the original instrument must be cancelled from the financial statements (derecognition) and a new financial instrument must be recognized.

To this end, the renegotiations of financial instruments that lead to a change in the contractual terms are recognised on the basis of the "substantiality" of those contractual changes.

The assessment of the substantial nature of the change must be carried out considering both qualitative and quantitative elements. In some cases it is possible to establish whether the modification introduced substantially change the characteristics and/or contractual cash flows of a given activity through a qualitative analysis, whereas in other cases, further analyses, including quantitative ones, must be carried out to appreciate the effects of the same and verify the need to proceed or not with the derecognition of the asset and the recognition of a new financial instrument.

If the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, after the modification, are not substantially transferred, the accounting representation that offers the most relevant information for the reader of the financial statements is that performed through the "modification accounting", which implies that the gross value is redetermined by calculating the present value of cash flows resulting from the renegotiation, at the original rate of the exposure. The difference between the gross value of the financial instrument prior to and after the renegotiation of the contractual terms, adjusted to consider the associated changes to the cumulative value adjustments, is recognised as a profit or loss in item 140. "Profit/loss from contractual modification without derecognition" on the consolidated income statement.

Otherwise, when the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, after the modification, are substantially transferred, it is necessary to proceed with the derecognition.

Renegotiations formalised by means of changes to the existing contract or by the signing of a new contract, which lead to the exclusion of the right to receive cash flows according to the provisions of the original contract, are considered to be significant. The rights to receive cash flows are considered to be excluded in the case of renegotiations that lead to the introduction of clauses resulting in a change of classification of the instrument, which result in a change in the currency and which are made at market conditions, thus not constituting a credit exposure.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments represent a residual interest in assets of the Company, net of liabilities. An instrument is classified as equity instrument if there are no contractual obligations to make payments in the form of principal, interest or other types of returns.

Specifically, instruments that meet the following requirements are classified as equity instruments:

- unlimited term or at least equal to the term of the company;
- full discretion of the issuer in coupon payments and redemptions, also advanced, of the principal outstanding.

Equity instruments include Additional Tier 1 instruments under Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 (CRR) on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms, which in addition to the above characteristics:

- maintain the issuer's full discretion as to the reinstatement of the nominal value (write-up) following a capital event that resulted in a write-
- do not include provisions that require the issuer to make payments (must pay clauses) as a result of actual events under the control of the parties.

Equity instruments other than ordinary or savings shares, are classified in item 140. "Equity instruments" for the amount received. Any coupons and transaction costs attributable to the transaction paid are deducted from Item 150. "Reserves" net of related taxes.

Provisions for employee severance pay

The "TFR" provision for Italy-based employee benefits is to be construed as a "post-retirement defined benefit". It is therefore recognised on the basis of an actuarial estimate of the amount of benefit accrued by employees discounted to present value. This benefit is calculated by an external actuary using the unit credit projection method (see Section 10 - under "Provisions for Risks and Charges - Retirement Payments and Similar Obligations"). This method distributes the cost of the benefit evenly over the employee's working life. The liability is determined as the present value of average future payments adjusted according to the ratio of years of service to total years of service at the time of payment of the benefit.

Following pension reform by Law 252 of December 5, 2005, TFR instalments accrued to December 31, 2006 (or to the date between January 1, 2007 and June 30, 2007 on which the employee opted to devolve their TFR to a supplementary pension fund) stay in the employer and are considered a post-employment defined benefit plan therefore incurring actuarial valuation, though with simplified actuarial assumptions, i.e., forecast future pay rises are not considered.

TFR instalments accrued since January 1, 2007 (date of Law 252 coming into effect) (or since the date between January 1, 2007 and June 30, 2007) are, at the employee's discretion, either paid into a pension fund or left in the company and (where the company has in excess of 50 employees) paid into an INPS Treasury fund by the employer, and are assimilated to a defined-contribution plan.

Costs relating to TFR are recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement in item 190. "Administrative expenses: a) staff expenses" and include, for the part of the defined benefit plan: (i) interest cost accrued in the year, for the part of plan considered defined contribution plan (ii) the accrued instalments for the year paid into the complementary pension scheme or to the Treasury fund of INPS.

Actuarial gains and losses, defined as the difference between the carrying amount of the liability and the present value of obligations at period end, are recognised in consolidated Shareholders' equity under the Revaluation reserves in accordance with IAS 19 Revised and are also shown in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Write - offs

The Bank will enter a write-off by reducing the gross exposure of a financial asset if there are no reasonable expectations of recovering all or part of that asset.

The Bank will recognise a write-off in the following cases:

- there is no longer any reasonable expectation of recovering all or part of the asset despite the presence of the legal rights to recover the accrued capital and interest;
- waiver of the legal right to recover the accrued capital and interest;
- cessation of the legal right to recover capital and interest due to completion of the attempts at recovery.

RECOGNITION OF INCOME AND EXPENSES

The main revenues and costs are recorded in the income statement as follows:

- interest is recognized pro rata temporis based on the contractual interest rate or the effective interest rate if the amortized cost method is applied. Interest income (or interest expense) also includes the spreads or margins, positive (or negative), accrued up to the reporting date, relating to
 - derivative financial contracts hedging interest-bearing assets and liabilities;
 - financial derivative contracts classified in the balance sheet as held for trading, but operationally linked to financial assets and / or liabilities designated at fair value (fair value option);
 - financial derivative contracts operationally linked to assets and liabilities classified in the balance sheet as held for trading or operationally linked to "other financial assets required to be measured at fair value" and which provide for the settlement of spreads or margins with several maturities ("multi-flow contracts") ");
- default interest is taken to the income statement on actual collection;
- dividends are recognised in profit or loss in the financial year in which their distribution has been approved;
- fees and commissions from services are recognized, based on the underlying contractual agreements, in relation to the provision of the services from which they originated. The fees included in amortised cost to calculate the effective interest rate are recognized as interest;
- gains and losses on financial instrument disposal, determined as the difference between the amount paid or collected in the transaction and the fair value of the instrument, are recognized in the income statement upon recognition of the transaction if the fair value can be determined with reference to official prices available on active markets, or for assets and liabilities measured on the basis of valuation techniques using observable market parameters other than the quoted prices of the financial instrument (level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). If the reference parameters used for valuation are not observable on the market (level 3) or the instruments are illiquid, the financial instrument is recorded for an amount equal to the transaction price; the difference with respect to fair value is recognized in the income statement over the term of the transaction;
- gains and losses from securities trading are recognized in the income statement at the time the sale is finalized, based on the difference between the amount paid or collected and the carrying amount of the instruments;
- gains and losses from the sale of non-financial assets are recognized at the time the sale is finalized, or when the performance obligation
- the costs are recognized in the income statement according to the accrual principle; the costs recognized for the acquisition of contracts with customers, which the Bank would not have incurred had it not obtained the contract, are recognized as assets and systematically amortized in the income statement in line with the recognition of revenues related to the transfer to customers of the goods or services to which the asset refers.

Fees and commissions income and other operating income are accounted for in P&L as the entity satisfies the performance obligation embedded in the contract, according to "IFRS15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers" rules. In particular, revenues from commissions from services and other income are recognized in the income statement:

at a specific moment, when the entity fulfills the obligation to transfer the promised good or service ("point in time") to the customer,

or

over time, as the entity fulfils its obligation to transfer the promised good or service ("over time") to the customer.

The promised good or service, i.e. the asset, is transferred when the customer has control.

If the timing of cash-in of the contractual amount in is not aligned to the way the performance obligation is satisfied, the Bank accounts for a contract asset or a contract liability for the portion of revenue accrued in the period or to defer in the following periods.

The amount of revenues linked to fees and commissions income and other operating income is measured based on contractual provisions.

If the amount contractually foreseen is subject, totally or partially, to variability, a revenue has to be booked based on the most probable amount that the Bank expects to receive. Such amount is determined on the basis of all facts and circumstances considered relevant for the evaluation, that depend on the type of service provided and, in particular, on the presumption that it is not highly probable that the revenue recognized will not be significantly reversed.

If a contract regards different goods/services whose performance obligations are not satisfied at the same time, the revenue is allocated among the different obligation proportionally to the stand-alone price of the single item delivered. These amounts will therefore accounted for in P&L through different methods ("over time" or "point in time") on the basis of the timing of satisfaction of each obligation. If the allocation is particularly burdensome and where revenues are not material, revenue is entirely allocated to the main performance obligation.

Where envisaged, the fees to be paid to customers are recorded as a reduction in revenues from the supply of goods or services and consistently with the recognition of said goods or services.

Any revenues that include a significant funding component are adjusted to take into account the effects of the time value of money, to reflect the price that the customer would have paid if the payment had occurred upon (or gradually with) the transfer of the promised goods or services. The Bank uses the practical expedient envisaged by paragraph 63 of IFRS 15; for this reason the Bank does not adjust the promised amount to take into

account the effects of a funding component when the time interval expected between the transfer of the promised good or service and the related payment is less than one year.

To this end, it is worth noting that the performance of financial services provided over a given period of time (for example, the keeping and management of current accounts, advisory services, etc.) have been considered satisfied over time, regardless of the moment the consideration is paid by the customer, while performances of financial services that require the execution of specific activities (for example, purchase, sale or placement of securities, UCITS or insurance products, execution of money transfers) have been considered fulfilled at a given time ("point in time"), even if the contract requires the service is provided for an indefinite period.

With reference to the main revenue recognized by the Bank in application of the IFRS 15 accounting standard, it should be noted that:

- the commissions for trading, order collection and placement of financial instruments are accounted for "point in time", as the service is intended provided when the service is rendered. The consideration is quantified as a fixed or percentage amount, based on the contractual conditions, on the value of the instrument traded/placed;
- advisory, portfolio management and insurance product management commissions are recorded "over time", as the service is intended provided during the term of the contract (input method). For this kind of fees, in fact, it is deemed that the input which are necessary to provide the service incorporated in the performance obligation are evenly distributed during the term of the contract. There are no performance fees on asset management instruments. With regard to placement of insurance policies, whose return is determined on the basis of the performance of the separate management on the annual recurrence of the policy, it should be noted that there is a variability determined by the performance of the separate management, which may result in a reduction in applicable rate;
- commissions related to payment systems are mainly recognized "point in time", except for some services that are recorded "over time" during the term of the contract (SEPA Electronic Database Alignment). The considerations are quantified as a fixed amount, mainly with reference to transactions carried out on behalf of customers (for example ATM withdrawals of less than €100, Visa debit extra Group withdrawals, foreign money transfers or in other currencies other than euro, postal bills, etc...), or as percentage of the value of the transaction, mainly with reference to revenues received from the circuits and generated by transactions carried out on behalf of customers (credit cards / Visa debit, Pos, etc.);
- recoveries of the stamp duty on financial assets are recorded "over time", according to the provisions in force, as the service is considered provided during the term of the contract.

A.3 Disclosure on transfers between portfolios of financial assets

IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 allow, after initial recognition, the modification of their business model for managing financial assets and, consequently, impose the reclassification of reclassify all affected financial assets.

Such changes are expected to be very infrequent. Such changes are determined by the entity's senior management as a result of external or internal changes and must be significant to the entity's operations and demonstrable to external parties. Accordingly, a change in an entity's business model will occur only when an entity either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations; for example, when the entity has acquired, disposed of or terminated a business line.

Specifically, the following may be reclassified:

- the financial assets out of the amortised cost measurement category and into the fair value through profit or loss measurement category and vice versa;
- the financial assets out of the amortised cost measurement category and into the fair value through other comprehensive income measurement category and vice versa;
- the financial assets out of the fair value through profit or loss measurement category and into the fair value through other comprehensive income measurement category and vice versa.

The following changes in circumstances are not considered reclassifications:

- an item that was previously a designated and effective hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge or net investment hedge no longer qualifies as
- an item becomes a designated and effective hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge or net investment hedge;
- changes in measurement.

The following are not changes in business model:

- a change in intention related to particular financial assets (even in circumstances of significant changes in market conditions);
- the temporary disappearance of a particular market for financial assets;
- a transfer of financial assets between parts of the entity with different business models.

During the exercise closed at 31 December 2018 the Bank has not made changes to its business models and, consequently, did not make any changes.

A.3.1 Reclassified financial assets: change of business model, book value and interest income No data to report.

A.3.2 Reclassified financial assets: change of business model, fair value and impact on comprehensive income

No data to report.

A.3.3 Reclassified financial assets: change of business model and effective interest rate No data to report.

A.4 Information on fair value

Qualitative information

This section presents a disclosure on fair value hierarchy as required by IFRS 13.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal market at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of a financial liability with a demand feature (e.g. a demand deposit) is not less than the amount payable on demand, discounted from the first date that the amount could be required to be paid.

For financial instruments listed in active markets, fair value is determined on the basis of official prices in the principal market (most advantageous) to which the Bank has access (Mark to Market).

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from a pricing service, dealer, broker, agency that determines prices or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a published price quotation in an active market does not exist for a financial instrument in its entirety, but active markets exist for its component parts, fair value is determined on the basis of the relevant market prices for the component parts.

If market quotations or other observable inputs, such as the quoted price of a similar instrument in an inactive market, are not available, the Bank should use other valuation techniques, such as:

- a market approach (e.g. using quoted prices for similar liabilities or equity instruments held by other parties as assets);
- cost approach (e.g. it reflects the amount that would be required currently to replace the service capacity of an asset, that is the current
- An income approach (e.g. a present value technique that takes into account the future cash flows that a market participant would expect to receive from holding the liability or equity instrument as an asset).

The Bank uses valuation models (Mark to Model) in keeping with the methods generally accepted and used by the market. Valuation models include techniques based on the discounting of future cash flows and on volatility estimates, and they are subject to revision both during their development and periodically in order to ensure their consistency with the objectives of the valuation.

These methods use inputs based on prices set in recent transactions for the instrument being valued and/or prices/quotations for instruments having similar characteristics in terms of risk profile.

Indeed, these prices/quotations are relevant for determining significant parameters in terms of the credit risk, liquidity risk and price risk of the instrument being valued. Reference to these "market" parameters makes it possible to limit the discretionary nature of the valuation, and ensures that the resulting fair value can be verified.

If, for one or more risk factors it is not possible to refer to market data, the valuation models employed use estimates based on historical data as inputs.

As a further guarantee of the objectivity of valuations derived from valuation models, the Bank employs:

- independent price verifications (IPVs);
- fair Value Adjustment or FVAs.

Independent price verification requires that the prices are verified monthly by Risk Management units that are independent from the units that assume the risk exposure. This verification calls for comparing and adjusting the daily price in line with valuations obtained from independent market participants. For instruments not listed in active markets, the above verification process uses prices contributed by infoproviders as a reference, and assigns a greater weighting to those prices that are considered representative of the instrument being valued. This valuation includes: the "executability" of the transaction at the price observed, the number of contributors, the degree of similarity of the financial instruments, the consistency of prices from different sources, and the process followed by the infoprovider to obtain the information.

A.4.1 Fair value levels 2 and 3: valuation techniques and input used

To determine the fair value of Level 2 and Level 3 financial instruments that are not listed and actively traded on the market, the Bank, with the coordination of the competent Parent Company structures responsible for these activities for the benefit of all UniCredit Group entities, utilises the valuation techniques widely-used in the market that are described below.

Description of evaluation techniques

Discounted cash flow

Discounted cash flow valuation techniques generally consist of developing an estimate of future cash flows that are expected to occur over the life of an instrument. The model requires the estimation of the cash flow and the adoption of market's parameters for the discounting: discount rate or discount margin reflects the credit and / or funding spreads required by the market for instruments with similar risk and liquidity profiles to produce a "present value". The fair value of the contract is given by the sum of the present values of future cash flow.

Market Approach

Valuation technique that uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, liabilities or groups of assets and

Fair Value Adjustments (FVAs)

Fair value adjustment is defined as the amount to be added either to the market observed mid-price or to the theoretical price generated by a valuation model with the aim of obtaining a fair value of the position. The FVA thus ensure that fair value reflects the realisation amount from an actual possible market transaction.

A.4.2 - Valuation processes and sensitivity of fair value measurements

The Bank verifies that the value attributed to each trading position reflects the current fair value in an appropriate way. The fair value measurement of assets and liabilities is calculated using various techniques, including discounted cash flow models and internal measurement models. On the basis of the observability of the input used, all instruments are classified as Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. When a position is characterised by one or more significant inputs that are not directly observable, a further price verification procedure is implemented. These procedures include the revision of relevant historical data, the analysis of profits and losses, the individual valuation of each component for structural products and benchmarking. According to the Parent Group Market Risk Governance guidelines, in order to ensure the appropriate level of separation between the functions in charge of development activities and those in charge of validation processes, all valuation models developed by the front offices of Group companies are independently and centrally tested and validated by the Group Internal Validation functions. The aim of this independent control structure is to evaluate the model risk deriving from theoretical robustness, calibration techniques where applicable and appropriateness of the model for a specific product in a defined market point of views.

In addition to the daily mark to market or mark to model valuation, the Independent Price Verification (IPV) is applied monthly by the Bank's Market Risk with the aim of guaranteeing an independent fair value.

A.4.3 Fair value hierarchy

The IFRS 13 principle establishes a fair value hierarchy according to the observability of the input used in the valuation techniques adopted.

The fair value hierarchy level associated with assets and liabilities is defined as the minimum level among all significant inputs used. Generally, an input of valuation is not considered significant for the fair value of an instrument if the remaining inputs explain the majority of the variance of the fair value over a period of three months. In some specific cases, the significance of the limit is verified in relation to the fair value of the instrument at the measurement date.

In particular, three levels are considered:

- Level 1: the fair value of instruments classified in this level is determined based on quotation prices observed in active markets;
- Level 2: fair value for instruments classified within this level is determined according to the valuation models which use observable market inputs;
- Level 3: fair value for instruments classified within this level is determined according to valuation models which prevalently use significant inputs not observable on active markets.

A.4.4 Other information

Hereby we provide IFRS 13 disclosure requirements.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on recurring basis

Fixed Income Securities

Fixed Income Securities are priced in a two-tier process depending on the liquidity in the respective market. Liquid instruments in active markets are marked to market and consequently positions in these instruments are disclosed in reference to Fair Value Hierarchy under Level 1.

Instruments not traded in active markets are marked to model based on implied credit spread curves derived from the former Level 1 instruments. The model maximises the use of observable input and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. With this respect, depending on the proximity of the credit spread curve applied, the bonds are disclosed as Level 2 or Level 3 respectively; Level 3 is applied in case a significant unobservable credit spread is used.

In the global bond Independent Price Verification (IPV) process market prices of Level 1 bonds and pricing models for illiquid bonds are regularly verified for accuracy.

Structured Financial Products

The Bank determines the fair value of structured financial products using the appropriate valuation methodology given the nature of the embedded structure. Such instruments are classified as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the observability of significant inputs to the model.

OTC derivatives

The fair value of derivatives not traded in an active market derives from the application of mark-to-model valuation techniques. When there is an active market for the input parameters to the valuation model of the different components of the derivative, the fair value is determined on the basis of the market prices of these components. Valuation techniques based on observable inputs are classified as Level 2, while those based on significant unobservable inputs are classified as Level 3.

Equity Instruments

Equity Instruments are assigned to Level 1 when a quoted price is available on an active market and to Level 3 when no quotations are available or quotations have been suspended indefinitely. These instruments are classifies as Level 2 only when trading volume on the market where the instrument is quoted has decreased significantly.

For the measurement of the Visa INC class "C" preferred shares, the Bank has adopted the model developed by the Parent Company to determine the fair value that converts the market price in dollars of the Visa INC class "A" shares into euro and applies a discount factor of 6.25%, determined by estimating the litigation risk (0.25%) and the illiquidity risk (6%). The litigation risk component was extracted from historical series of data provided by Visa INC, whereas the illiquidity risk component was derived from the illiquidity of the shares, which have limitations on their transferability for a particular period. The Visa INC class "C" preferred shares were assigned a fair value hierarchy of 3.

The fair value of the equity instruments recognized with regard to the intervention in favour of CariCesena, Cassa di Risparmio di Rimini (Carim) and Cassa di Risparmio di San Miniato (Carismi) and in relation to the result of the contribution made to the Voluntary Scheme set up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund, was determined equal to the estimate of fair value of Berenice securitisation's notes (mezzanine and junior notes issued

for the securitization of the NPLs of the three banks purchased by the Voluntary Scheme) performed by the appointed advisor from the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund for the Voluntary Scheme Report as at December 31, 2018. The model used by the advisor is based on the Discounted Cash Flow model according to the recovery forecasts made by the special servicers.

On the other hand, the fair value of the equity instruments recognized with regard to the intervention in favour of Banca Carige S.p.A. was determined using internal models (Discounted Cash Flow and Market Multiples applied in a multi-scenario analisys) also referring to the valuation of the financial assets of the Voluntary Scheme (supported by the appointed advisor) included in the 2018 Report of the Voluntary Scheme.

Both the equities were classed as fair value 3.

Investment Funds

The Bank holds investments in investment funds that publish Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit and may include investments in funds managed by the Group.

Funds are generally classified as Level 1 when a quote on an active market is available.

The funds are classified as Level 2 and Level 3 depending on the availability of the NAV, the transparency of the portfolio and possible constraints/limitations.

Assets and liabilities not measured fair value or measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis

Financial instruments not measured at fair value, credits and debits at amortised cost, are not managed on the basis of fair value. For these financial instruments fair value is calculated for disclosure purposes only and does not impact the balance sheet or the profit or loss. Additionally, since these assets and liabilities are not generally traded, there is significant management judgment required to determine their fair values as defined by IFRS 13.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Fair value for Financial assets at amortised cost, is determined using the discounted cash flow model adjusted for credit risk. Some portfolios are valued using simplified approaches, which however take into account their financial characteristics. Financial assets at amortised cost with a duration of less than 12 months for which the fair value was estimated to be equal to the book value have been assigned the level 3 fair value hierarchy.

For the UniCredit S.p.A. securities recorded in "Financial assets at amortised cost" portfolio, fair value level 2 has been calculated using the Group's methodology based on discounted cash flow, which consists of producing an estimate of the estimated cash flows over the life of the instrument and discounting at a rate that incorporates the credit spread. The credit spread is calculated based on the credit spread curve of the issuer, constructed by selecting issues, also from the second market, with the same specific characteristics.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Fair value for financial liabilities at amortised cost, is determined using the discounted cash flow model adjusted for UniCredit S.p.A. credit risk. The Credit Spread is determined using UCG's subordinated and non-subordinated risk curves. Financial liabilities at amortised cost with a duration of less than 12 months for which the fair value was estimated to be equal to the book value have been assigned the level 3 fair value hierarchy.

Cash and cash balances

Cash and cash balances are not carried at fair value on the Balance Sheets, but they are carried at amounts that approximate fair value, due to their short term nature and generally negligible credit risk.

Quantitative information

A.4.5 Fair value hierarchy

A.4.5.1 Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis: breakdown by level of fair value

(Amounts in € thousand)

	1	2.31.2018		13	2.31.2017	e triododria)
ASSETS/LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,390	3,557	13,271			
a) financial assets held for trading	3,354	3,523	- 1			
b) financial assets designed at fair value	-	-	-			
c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	36	34	13,271			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	961,767	-	5			
Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)				6,030	4,834	15
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (ex IAS 39)				-	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39)				1,042,465	-	5,224
3. Hedging derivatives	-	3,314	-	-	458	-
4. Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	965,157	6,871	13,276	1,048,495	5,292	5,239
Financial liabilities held for trading	1,552	669	-			
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	-	-	-			
Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39)				2,032	579	6
Financial liabilities designated at fair value (ex IAS 39)				-	-	-
3. Hedging derivatives	-	5,341	-	-	12,694	-
Total	1,552	6,010	-	2,032	13,273	6

Key: L1 = Level 1 L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

In 2018 there were no transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy (level 1 and level 2). Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) and/or Debit Value Adjustment (DVA) have not been applied in determining the fair value of derivative financial instruments.

A.4.5.2 Annual changes in assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (level 3)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	FINANCIAL	ASSETS AT FAIR V	ALUE THROUGH PF	ROFIT OR LOSS			V	o iii e alloudullu)
-	TOTAL	of which: a) financial assets held for trading	of which: b) financial assets designated at fair value	of which: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	HEDGING DERIVATIVES	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	INTANGIBLE ASSETS
1. Opening balance	5,234	6		5,228	5	-	-	-
2. Increases	16,205	5,128	-	11,077		-	-	-
2.1 Purchases	14,613	5,128	-	9,485	-	-	-	-
2.2 Profits recognised in:	1,592	-	-	1,592	-	-	-	-
2.2.1 Income Statement	1,592	-	-	1,592	-	-	-	-
- of which Unrealised gains	1,585	-	-	1,585	-	-	-	-
2.2.2 Shareholders' Equity	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-
2.3 Transfers from other levels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4 Other increases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Decreases	(8,168)	(5,134)	-	(3,034)		-	-	-
3.1 Sales	(5,135)	(5,128)	-	(7)	-	-	-	-
3.2 Redemptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.3 Losses recognised in:	(3,033)	(6)	-	(3,027)	-	-	-	-
3.3.1 Income Statement	(3,033)	(6)	-	(3,027)	-	-	-	-
- of which Unrealised losses	(3,033)	(6)	-	(3,027)	-	-	-	-
3.3.2 Shareholders' Equity	-	Х	X	Х	-	-	-	-
3.4 Transfers to other levels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.5 Other decreases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Closing balances	13,271	•		13,271	5	-	-	-

The opening balance shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after the reclassifications made following the first application of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 5 - Other matters of the Notes of the consolidated accounts).

The sub-items 2.2.1 "Profits recognized in Income Statement" and 3.3.1 "Losses recognized in Income Statement" are included, where present, in Consolidated Profit and Loss in the following items:

- Item 80: Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading;
- Item 110: Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss;
- Item 90: Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting.

The sub-items 2.2.2 "Profits recognised in Shareholders' equity" and 3.3.2 "Losses recognised in Shareholders' equity" arising from changes in fair value of Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised, if any, in equity item 120. "Revaluation reserves" of consolidated shareholder's equity - except losses due to impairment and exchange rate gains or losses on monetary items (debt instruments) which are recognised under item 130. "Impairment losses/write backs on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" and item 80. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading" of the consolidated income statement, respectively - until the financial asset is sold, at which time cumulative gains and losses are recognised in consolidated profit or loss in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

A.4.5.3 Annual changes in financial liabilities measured at fair value level 3 on a recurring basis

(Amounts in € thousand)

	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR	
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR	VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR	HEDGING
	LOSS	DERIVATIVES
6	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
X	X	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
(6)	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
(6)	-	-
(6)	-	-
(6)	-	-
X	Χ	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
<u> </u>	•	
	TRADING 6	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING

The opening balance shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after the reclassifications made following the first application of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 5 - Other matters of the Notes of the consolidated accounts).

The sub-items "2.2.1 Losses allocated to Income Statement" and "3.3.1 Profits recognized in Income Statement from financial liabilities" are included, where present, in Consolidated Profit and Loss in the following items:

- Item 80: "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading";
- Item 110: "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss";
- Item 90: "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting".

A.4.5.4 Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value or measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis: breakdown by level of fair value

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NOT MEASURED AT 12.31.2018 12.31.2017 FAIR VALUE OR MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE ON ٧B ٧B A NON-RECURRING BASIS L1 L1 L2 L3 23,270,024 8 115 915 6 117 326 Financial assets at amortised cost Held to maturity investments (ex IAS 39) 4.826.390 4 855 200 Loans and receivables with banks (ex IAS 39) 11,311,889 3,039,207 13,878,117 Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 2,129,219 2,204,926 2. Tangible assets held for investment 2,088 2,950 2.304 3.49 Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale 23,272,112 11,311,889 9,182,023 6,120,276 20,836,030 4,855,200 5,247,624 1. Financial liabilities at amortised cost 23.282.962 23.279.856 3.111 Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39) 926,001 926,001 Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39) 20,205,036 9,622 20,195,477 Debt securities in issue (ex IAS 39) classified as held for sale 23,282,962 23,279,856 Total 3,111 21,131,037 9,622 21,121,478

Key:

L1 = Level 1 - L2 = Level 2 - L3 = Level 3 - BV = Book Value

Tangible assets held for investment consist of one property held by the Bank, the fair value of which corresponds to the market value as determined by an appraisal carried out by an external and independent valuation firm.

A.5 Day-one profit/loss

Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the recognition date.

The fair value of financial instruments, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss, at the recognition date is usually assumed to be equal to the amount collected or paid.

For financial instruments held for trading and financial instruments measured at fair value, any difference from the amount collected or paid is recognised in the appropriate line items of the income statement upon initial measurement of the financial instrument.

The use of prudent valuation models, the review processes of these models and their parameters and value adjustments to reflect model risk ensure that the amount recognised in the income statement is not derived from the use of unobservable valuation parameters. In particular, the quantification of the value adjustments relating to the risk model ensures that the part of the fair value of these instruments that refers to the use of subjective parameters is not recognised through profit or loss, but rather as an adjustment to the equity value of those instruments. Accordingly, this item is only subsequently recognised through profit or loss when there is a predominance of objective parameters and, consequently, when the mentioned adjustments are no longer required.

There are no day-one profits/losses to disclose in accordance with paragraph 28 of IFRS 7.



Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet

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Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet

Assets

Section 1 - Cash and cash balances - Item 10

1.1 Cash and cash balances: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
(a) Cash	6	613
(b) Demand deposits with central banks	-	-
Total	6	613

Section 2 - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Item 20

2.1 Financial assets held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTA	AL 12.31.2018		
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	L1	L2	L3	
A. On-balance sheet assets				
1. Debt securities	5	-	-	
1.1 Structured securities	5	-	-	
1.2 Other debt securities	-	-	-	
2. Equity instruments	2,110	-	-	
3. Units in investment funds	2	-	-	
4. Loans	-	-	-	
4.1 Reverse repos	-	-	-	
4.2 Others	-	-	-	
Total A	2,117	•		
B. Derivatives				
1. Financial derivatives	1,236	3,523	-	
1.1 trading derivatives	1,236	3,523	-	
1.2 related to the fair value option	-	-	-	
1.3 other	-	-	-	
2. Credit derivatives	-	-	-	
2.1 trading derivatives	-	-	-	
2.2 related to the fair value option	-	-	-	
2.3 other	-	-	-	
Total B	1,236	3,523		
Total (A+B)	3,353	3,523	-	

Key: L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

Financial derivatives refer to the positive valuation of CFD contracts on forex, indices, shares, interest rates, commodities and futures used for the operational hedging of CFDs on indices, interest rates and commodities. They amounted to €3,509 thousand (€4,756 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Sub-item B.1.1 "Derivative instruments - Trading financial derivatives" also includes the positive valuations of spot contracts for securities that meets the definition of held for trading and currencies to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way"). They amounted to €1,250 thousand (€1,758 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

2.2 Financial assets held for trading: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018
A. ON-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	
1. Debt securities	5
a) Central banks	-
b) Public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other financial companies	5
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	-
2. Equity Instruments	2,110
a) Banks	-
b) Other financial companies	175
of which: insurance	-
c) Non-financial companies	1,935
e) Other issuers	-
3. Units in investment funds	2
4. Loans	-
a) Central banks	-
b) Public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other financial entities	-
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	-
f) Households	-
Total (A)	2,117
B. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	
a) Central Counterparties	73
b) Others	4,686
Total (B)	4,759
Total (A+B)	6,876

Item B. "Derivative instruments" also includes the positive valuations of spot contracts for securities classified in the HFT portfolio and currencies to be settled within times established by market practices ("regular way").

2.3 Financial assets designated at fair value: product breakdown

No data to report.

2.4 Financial assets designated at fair value: breakdown by issuer/borrower

No data to report.

2.5 Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value: product breakdown

		(Amou	unts in € thousand)
	TO		
ITEMS/ACCOUNTS	L1	L2	L3
1. Debt securities	31	34	-
1.1 Structured securities	-	-	-
1.2 Other debt securities	31	34	-
2. Equity instruments	6		13,271
3. Units in investment funds	-		-
4. Loans			-
4.1 Reverse repos	-	-	-
4.2 Others	-	-	-
Total	37	34	13,271

L1 = Level 1 L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

The "Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" primarily consist of the Visa INC class "C" preferred shares, for an amount of €6,086 thousand, which saw a positive change in fair value in 2018 of €1,585 thousand and the residual equity exposure following the contribution paid to the Voluntary Scheme set up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF), amounting to €7,177 thousand (of which €6,652 relating to the Banca Carige transaction and €525 thousand relating to Carim, Carismi and CariCesena transaction), with a negative effect recorded in the 2018 income statement amounting to €3,025 thousand due to the fair value measurement. For more details on the fair value measurement of financial instruments, please refer to Part A - Accounting Policies - A.4 Information on the fair value of these consolidated notes to the accounts.

Equity securities of issuers in default were classified by the Bank as non-performing in the financial statements for a total amount of €6 thousand.

2.6 Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018
1. Equity instruments	13,277
of which: banks	1
of which: other financial companies	6,087
of which: non-financial companies	12
2. Debt securities	65
a) Central Banks	-
b) Public entities	29
c) Banks	2
d) Other financial companies	-
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	34
3. Units in investment funds	
4. Loans	
a) Central Banks	-
b) Public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other financial companies	-
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	-
f) Households	-
Total	13,342

It should be noted that item 1. "Equity instruments" includes the securities recognized as a result of the contributions paid to the Voluntary Scheme set-up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund, whose total amount (equal to €7,177 thousand) has not showed in the expected details from the table above.

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December

Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 20)

2.1 Financial assets held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TO	TAL 12.31.2017	
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3
A. On-balance sheet assets			
1. Debt securities	18	30	-
1.1 Structured securities	3	-	-
1.2 Other debt securities	15	30	-
2. Equity instruments	2,288	-	9
3. Units in investment funds	2,019	-	-
4. Loans	-	-	-
4.1 Reverse repos	-	-	-
4.2 Others	-	-	-
Total A	4,325	30	9
B. Derivatives			
1. Financial derivatives	1,705	4,804	6
1.1 trading derivatives	1,705	4,804	6
1.2 related to the fair value option	-	-	-
1.3 other	-	-	-
2. Credit derivatives	-	-	-
2.1 trading derivatives	-	-	-
2.2 related to the fair value option	-	-	-
2.3 other	-	-	-
Total B	1,705	4,804	6
Total (A+B)	6,030	4,834	15

2.2 Financial assets held for trading: breakdown by issuer/borrower (ex IAS 39 Item 20)

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2017
A. On-balance sheet assets	
1. Debt securities	48
a) Governments and Central Banks	11
b) Other public entities	-
c) Banks	37
d) Other issuers	-
2. Equity Instruments	2,297
a) Banks	1
b) Other issuers:	2,296
- insurance companies	-
- financial companies	95
- non-financial companies	2,201
- other	-
3. Units in investment funds	2,019
4. Loans	
a) Governments and Central Banks	-
b) Other public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other issuers	-
Total (A)	4,364
B. Derivative instruments	
a) Banks	346
- fair value	346
b) Customers	6,169
- fair value	6,169
Total (B)	6,515
Total (A+B)	10,879

Section 3 - Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income - Item 30

3.1 Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018		
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	L1	L2	L3
1. Debt securities	961,767	-	-
1.1 Structured securities	-	-	-
1.2 Other debt securities	961,767	-	-
2. Equity instruments	-	-	5
3. Loans	-	-	
Total	961,767	-	5

Key: L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

"Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" consist of securities issued by sovereign states and residually of equity interests in companies in which the Bank does not exercise control or significant influence for €5 thousand for which, upon first application of IFRS 9, the "FVTOCI" option was exercised³⁷. For more details, see the information on Sovereign exposures set out in Part E of the consolidated notes to the accounts.

3.2 Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018
1. Debt securities	961,767
a) Central banks	-
b) Public entities	961,767
c) Banks	
d) Other financial companies	-
of which: insurance companies	
e) Non-financial companies	-
2. Equity Instruments	5
a) Banks	
b) Other issuers:	5
- other financial companies	
of which: insurance companies	-
- non-financial companies	5
- other	-
3. Loans	•
a) Central banks	-
b) Public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other financial companies	
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	-
f) Households	-
Total	961,772

³⁷ With regard to non-trading equity instruments, IFRS 9 provides for the possibility of measuring them at the fair value recognised through other comprehensive income (so-called FVTOCI - fair value through Other

3.3 Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: gross exposure and total impairment

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GROSS AMOUNT			IMPAIR	_		
	FIRST STAGE	OF WHICH: INSTRUMENTS WITH LOW CREDIT RISK	SECOND STAGE THIRD	STAGE	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE THIRD STAG	TOTAL PARTIAL GE WRITE-OFF
Debt securities	961,938	961,938	-	-	(171)	-	
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total 31 December 2018	961,938	961,938	-	-	(171)	-	
Total 31 December 2017							
of which: financial assets purchased or originated credt impaired	Х	X	-	-	Х	-	

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 Item 40)

4.1 Available-for-sale financial assets: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2017			
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	
1. Debt securities	1,042,465	-	-	
1.1 Structured securities	-	-	-	
1.2 Other debt securities	1,042,465	-	-	
2. Equity Instruments	-	-	5,224	
2.1 Carried at fair value	-	-	5,219	
2.2 Carried at cost	-	-	5	
3. Units in investment funds	-	-	-	
4. Loans	-	-	-	
Total	1,042,465		5,224	

4.2 Available-for-sale financial assets: breakdown by issuer/borrower

ITEMS/AMOUNTS TOTAL 12.31.2017 1,042,465 1. Debt securities a) Goverments and Central banks 1,042,465 b) Public entities c) Banks d) Other issuers 2. Equity instruments 5,224 a) Banks b) Other issuers: 5,224 - insurance companies - financial companies 4,501 - non-financial companies 5 718 - other 3. Units in investment funds 4. Loans a) Goverments and Central banks b) Public entities c) Banks d) Others entities 1,047,689 Total

Section 4 - Financial assets at amortised cost - Item 40

4.1 Financial assets at amortised cost: product breakdown of loans and receivables with banks

FIRST AND

12,440,994

3,058,882

1.922.041

1.127.298

9,543

9.127

9,382,112

12.440.994

416

SECOND STAGE

THIRD

STAGE

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 CARRYING AMOUNT FAIR VALUE PURCHASED OR ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED Χ Х Х Χ Χ Х 267,493 9,182,023 3,058,882 3,058,882 Х

Χ

9,182,023

9,182,023

9,182,023

Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

267,493

Key:	
_1 = Level 1	
_2 = Level 2	

L3 = Level 3

Total

TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS A. Loans and receivables with Central Banks

B. Loans and receivables with banks

1.1 Current accounts and demand deposits

1. Time deposits 2. Compulsory reserves

3. Reverse repos

1.2 Time deposits

- Reverse repos

- Finance leases

2.1 Structured securities 2.2 Other debt securities

1.3 Other loans:

- Other

2. Debt securities

Other

1. Loans

Loans and receivables with banks for "Current accounts and demand deposits" mainly consist of accounts held with UniCredit S.p.A., with a book value of €1,887,303 thousand (€1,958,602 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and to a lesser extent, of current accounts held with other banks not belonging to the UniCredit Group for securities transactions and to manage the liquidity customers and the current accounts opened by Fineco AM to manage its liquidity, for €13,908 thousand.

"Time deposits" consist of deposits held with UniCredit S.p.A. for a total of €1,119,303 thousand (€1,028,153 thousand as at December 31, 2017), including the compulsory reserve deposit, and the time deposit opened by Fineco AM with UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc for an amount of €7,986 thousand.

The item "Other loans: Other" refers for €5,280 thousand to the amount of the initial and variance margins and collateral deposits placed with credit institutions for derivative transactions and repos (€14,647 thousand as at December 31, 2017), and €3,847 thousand to current receivables associated with the provision of financial services (€3,215 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

The item "Debt secutities" includes €9,115,783 thousand relating to debt securities issued by UniCredit S.p.A. (€10,838,910 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

4.2 Financial assets at amortised cost: product breakdown of loans and receivables with customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

CARR	YING AMOUN	TOTAL 12.31.2 OF WHICH:		AIR VALUE	
CARR	YING AMOUN		F	AIR VALUE	
		OE MHICH:			
		OI WHICH.			
	PU	RCHASED OR			
FIRST AND		ORIGINATED			
SECOND	THIRD	CREDIT			
STAGE	STAGE	IMPAIRED	L1	L2	L3
2,952,257	2,817		-	-	3,058,444
1,016,930	1,770	-	Χ	Χ	Х
148,768	29	-	Х	Х	Х
856,856	14	-	Х	Х	Х
749,358	783	-	Х	Х	Х
-	-	-	Х	Χ	Х
-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
180,345	221	-	Х	Χ	Х
7,873,955	-	-	7,848,422	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,873,955	-	-	7,848,422	-	
10,826,212	2,817	-	7,848,422	-	3,058,444
	SECOND STAGE 2,952,257 1,016,930 148,768 856,856 749,358 	FIRST AND SECOND THIRD STAGE 2,952,257 2,817 1,016,930 1,770 148,768 29 856,856 14 749,358 783 180,345 221 7,873,955 - 7,873,955 -	FIRST AND SECOND THIRD STAGE STAGE STAGE IMPAIRED 2,952,257 2,817 - 1,016,930 1,770 - 148,768 29 - 856,856 14 - 749,358 783 - - - 180,345 221 - 7,873,955 - 7,873,955 - 0 ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED A THE CONTROL OF THE CREDIT IMPAIRED A THE	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE THIRD STAGE ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED L1 2,952,257 2,817 - - 1,016,930 1,770 - X 148,768 29 - X 856,856 14 - X 749,358 783 - X - - - X 180,345 221 - X 7,873,955 - 7,848,422 - 7,873,955 - 7,848,422	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE THIRD STAGE ORIGINATED CREDIT STAGE L1 L2 2,952,257 2,817 - - - - 1,016,930 1,770 - X X 148,768 29 - X X 856,856 14 - X X 749,358 783 - X X - - - X X - - - X X 180,345 221 - X X 7,873,955 - 7,848,422 - 7,873,955 - 7,848,422 -

Key: L1 = Level 1 L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

Debt securities recorded in "Financial assets at amortised cost" consist of government securities and securities issued by Supranational entities. For more details, see the information on Sovereign exposures set out in Part E of the consolidated notes to the accounts.

4.3 Finance leases

No data to report

4.4 Financial assets at amortised cost: breakdown by issuer/borrower of loans and receivables with customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

	T	OTAL 12.31.20	018
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE TI	HIRD STAGE	OF WHICH: PURCHASED OR ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED
1. Debt securities	7,873,955	-	-
a) Public entities	7,873,955	-	-
b) Other financial companies	-	-	-
of which: insurance companies	-	-	-
c) Non-financial companies	-	-	-
2. Loans with:	2,952,257	2,817	
a) Public entities	8	-	-
b) Other financial companies	179,436	2	-
of which: insurance companies	19,028	-	-
c) Non-financial companies	908	9	-
d) Households	2,771,905	2,806	-
Total	10,826,212	2,817	

4.5 Financial assets at amortised cost: gross exposure and total impairment

(Amounts in € thousand)

		GROSS AMOUNT				MENT PROVI	SION	
	FIRST STAGE	OF WHICH: INSTRUMENTS WITH LOW CREDIT RISK	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL PARTIAL WRITE-OFF
Debt securities	17,264,880	17,264,880	-	-	(8,812)	-	-	-
Loans	6,012,795	-	14,650	23,936	(10,312)	(5,994)	(21,118)	-
Total 31 December 2018	23,277,675	17,264,880	14,650	23,936	(19,124)	(5,994)	(21,118)	-
Total 31 December 2017								
of which: financial assets purchased or originated credit impaired	Х	Х	-	-	Х	-	_	-

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Held-to-maturity investments (ex IAS 39 Item 50)

5.1 Held-to-maturity investments: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2017				
			FV			
	BV	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3		
1. Debt securities	4,826,390	4,855,200	-	-		
- Structured	-	-	-	-		
- Other	4,826,390	4,855,200	-	-		
2. Loans		-	-	-		
Total	4,826,390	4,855,200	•	-		

BV = book value

5.2 Held-to-maturity investments: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand)
TOTAL 12.31.2017 TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS 1. Debt securities a) Governments and Central Banks 4.726.466 b) Other public entities 99.924 c) Banks d) Other issuers 2. Loans a) Governments and Central Banks b) Other public entities c) Banks d) Other issuers Total 4.826.390 Total fair value 4,855,200

Loans and receivables with banks (ex IAS 39 Item 60)

6.1 Loans and receivables with banks: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31	.2017	
			FV	
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	BV	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3
A. Loans and receivables with Central Banks		•		-
1. Time deposits	-	Χ	Χ	Х
2. Compulsory reserves	-	X	Х	Х
3. Reverse repos	-	X	Х	Х
4. Other	-	X	Х	Х
B. Loans and receivables with banks	13,878,117	•	11,311,889	3,039,207
1. Loans	3,039,207	-	•	3,039,207
1.1 Current accounts and demand deposits	1,993,139	X	Х	Х
1.2 Time deposits	1,028,152	Х	Х	Х
1.3 Other loans:		X	Х	Х
- Reverse repos	54	Х	Х	Х
- Finance leases	-	X	Х	Х
- Other	17,862	X	Х	Х
2. Debt securities	10,838,910	•	11,311,889	-
2.1 Structured securities	-	X	Х	Х
2.2 Other debt securities	10,838,910	X	Х	Х
Total	13,878,117	•	11,311,889	3,039,207

Key FV = fair value BV = book value

Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39 Item 70)

7.1 Loans and receivables with customers: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TO1	AL 12.31.2017			
	В	OOK VALUE		F	AIR VALU	IE
		IMPAIRE	D	L1	L2	L3
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	UNIMPAIRED	PURCHASED	OTHER	LI	LZ	LJ
Loans	2,126,366	-	2,853	•	-	2,204,926
Current accounts	639,726	-	1,828	Х	Х	Х
2. Reverse repos	202,620	-	81	Χ	Χ	X
3. Mortgages	516,237	-	14	Х	Х	X
Credit cards, personal loans and wage assignment loans	632,249	-	799	Χ	Χ	X
5. Finance leases	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	X
6. Factoring	-	-	-	Х	Χ	X
7. Other loans	135,534	-	131	Χ	Χ	X
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Structured securities	-	-	-	Х	Х	X
9. Other debt securities	-	-	-	Х	Х	X
Total	2,126,366	•	2,853	•	-	2,204,926

7.2 Loans and receivables with customers: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOT	TOTAL 12.31.2017					
		IMPAIRED					
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	UNIMPAIRED	PURCHASED	OTHER				
1. Debt securities			-				
a) Governments	-	-	-				
b) Other public entities	-	-	-				
c) Other issuers:	-	-	-				
- non-financial companies	-	-	-				
- financial companies	-	-	-				
- insurance companies	-	-	-				
- other			-				
2. Loans	2,126,366		2,853				
a) Governments	-	-	-				
b) Other public entities	-	-	-				
c) Other issuers:	2,126,366	-	2,853				
- non-financial companies	20,492	-	99				
- financial companies	107,681	-	5				
- insurance companies	16,651	-	-				
- other	1,981,542	-	2,749				
Total	2,126,366		2,853				

Section 5 – Hedging derivatives – Item 50

5.1 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by type of hedge and by level

(Amounts in € thousand)

	FAIR VALUE 12.31.2018			NA	NA FAIR VALUE 12.31.2017		NA	
_	L1	L2	L3	12.31.2018	L1	L2	L3	12.31.2017
A. Financial derivatives	-	3,314	-	570,000		458	-	151,109
1) Fair value	-	3,314	-	570,000	-	458	-	151,109
2) Cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment in foreign								
subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
1) Fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2) Cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total	-	3,314	-	570,000	-	458	-	151,109

Key: NA = notional amount

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

5.2 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by hedged assets and risk (balance sheet value)

(Amounts in € thousand) FAIR VALUE CASH FLOWS MICRO NET MACRO MICRO MACRO INVESTMENT IN DEBT **EQUITIES** SECURITIES AND INSTRUMENTS CURRENCY FOREIGN TRANSACTIONS/TYPE OF HEDGE INTEREST RATE AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS SUBSIDIARIES 1. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 2. Financial assets at amortised cost 3. Portfolio 4. Other transactions Χ Χ Total assets 1. Financial liabilities Х Χ 2. Portfolio Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ Χ 3,314 Χ Total liabilities 3,314 Χ Χ Χ Expected transactions 2. Financial assets and liabilities Portfolio

Section 6 - Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets - Item 60

6.1 Adjustments to the value of hedged assets: breakdown by hedged portfolio

(Amounts in € thousand) ADJUSTMENTS TO THE VALUE OF HEDGED ASSETS/AMOUNT TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 1. Positive changes 4.873 10.130 1.1 of specific portfolios 4.873 10,130 a) financial assets at amortised cost 4,873 10,130 b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 1.2 overall 2. Negative changes (540) 2.1 of specific portfolios (540)a) financial assets at amortised cost (540)b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 2.2 overall Total 4,873 9,590

Section 7 - Equity investments - Item 70 No data to report.

Section 8 – Technical provisions for re-insurers – Item 80 No data to report.

Section 9 - Property, plant and equipment - Item 90

9.1 Property, plant and equipment used in the business: breakdown of assets carried at cost

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Owned assets	14,544	12,901
a) land	-	-
b) buildings	-	-
c) office furniture and fittings	1,835	1,480
d) electronic systems	10,944	9,798
e) other	1,765	1,623
2. Assets under financial lease		-
a) land	-	-
b) buildings	-	-
c) office furniture and fittings	-	-
d) electronic systems	-	-
e) other	-	-
Total	14,544	12,901
of which: obtained through enforcement of the guarantees received	-	-

A description of the methods used to calculate depreciation is provided in Part A - Accounting Policies of the Notes to the consolidated Accounts.

9.2 Property, plant and equipment held for investment: breakdown of assets carried at cost

							(Amounts in 6	€ thousand)
	TOTAL 12.31.2018			TOTAL 12.31.2017				
	CARRYING	CARRYING FAIR VALUE		CARRYING	CARRYING FAIR VALUE			
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	VALUE	L1	L2	L3	VALUE	L1	L2	L3
1. Owned assets	2,088	-	-	2,950	2,304	-	-	3,491
a) land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) buildings	2,088	-	-	2,950	2,304	-	-	3,491
2. Assets under finance lease		-	-	-	-	-	•	-
a) land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,088	-	-	2,950	2,304	-		3,491
of which: obtained through enforcement of the guarantees								
received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key: L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

9.3 Property, plant and equipment used in the business: breakdown of revalued assets

No data to report.

9.4 Property, plant and equipment held for investment: breakdown of assets measured at fair value

No data to report.

9.5 Inventories of property, plant and equipment regulated by IAS 2: breakdown

No data to report.

9.6 Property, plant and equipment used in the business: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

					(Amounts i	n € tnousand)
	LAND	BUILDINGS	OFFICE FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	OTHER	TOTAL
A. Gross opening balance		-	13,873	30,710	10,360	54,943
A.1 Total net reduction in value	-	-	(12,393)	(20,912)	(8,737)	(42,042)
A.2 Net opening balance	-	-	1,480	9,798	1,623	12,901
B. Increases:	-	-	1,474	4,968	704	7,146
B.1 Purchases	-	-	1,472	4,968	704	7,144
B.2 Capitalised expenditure on improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.3 Write-backs	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.4 Increase in fair value recognised						
a) in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.5 Positive exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.6 Transfers from properties held for investment	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-
B.7 Other changes	-	-	2	-	-	2
C. Decreases:		-	(1,118)	(3,822)	(563)	(5,503)
C.1 Sales	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
C.2 Depreciation	-	-	(1,095)	(3,677)	(486)	(5,258)
C.3 Impairment losses						-
recognised						
a) in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) through profit or loss	-	-	(20)	-	(77)	(97)
C.4 Decreases in fair value recognised						
a) in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.5 Negative exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.6 Transfers to:						
a) property, plant and equipment held for investment	-	-	Х	Х	Х	
b) assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.7 Other changes	-	-	(3)	(144)	-	(147)
D. Net closing balance		-	1,836	10,944	1,764	14,544
D.1 Total net reduction in value	-	-	(13,061)	(24,134)	(9,025)	(46,220)
D.2 Gross closing balance	-	-	14,897	35,078	10,789	60,764
E. Carried at cost	-	-	1,836	10,944	1,764	14,544

The asset classes specified in the table above are carried at cost.

9.7 Property, plant and equipment held for investment: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTA	
	LAND	BUILDINGS
A. Gross opening balance	-	3,765
A.1 Total net reduction in value	-	(1,461)
A.2 Net opening balance	-	2,304
B. Increases		2
B.1 Purchases	-	2
B.2 Capitalised expenditure on improvements	-	-
B.3 Net increases in fair value	-	-
B.4 Write-backs	-	-
B.5 Positive exchange differences	-	-
B.6 Transfer from properties used in the business	-	-
B.7 Other changes	-	-
C. Decreases		(218)
C.1 Sales	-	(91)
C.2 Depreciation	-	(109)
C.3 Decreases in fair value	-	-
C.4 Impairment losses	-	-
C.5 Negative exchange differences	-	-
C.6 Transfers to other asset portfolios		
a) properties used in the business	-	-
b) non-current assets classified as held for sale	-	-
C.7 Other changes	-	(18)
D. Net closing balance		2,088
D.1 Total net reduction in value	-	(1,512)
D.2 Gross closing balance	-	3,600
E. Fair value measurement	-	2,950

The buildings specified in the table above are carried at cost.

9.8 Inventories of property, plant and equipment regulated by IAS 2: annual changes

No data to report.

9.9 Commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment

As at December 31, 2018 the Bank had contractual commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment amounting to € 540 thousand.

We also report that there are no restrictions on the ownership of tangible assets and there are no tangible assets pledged as security for liabilities.

Section 10 - Intangible assets - Item 100

10.1 Intangible assets: breakdown by type assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.3	TOTAL 12.31.2018		31.2017
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	FINITE LIFE	INDEFINITE LIFE	FINITE LIFE	INDEFINITE LIFE
A.1 Goodwill	Х	89,602	Х	89,602
A.1.1 attributable to the group	X	89,602	Х	89,602
A.1.2 attributable to minorities	X	-	Χ	-
A.2 Other intangible assets	8,705		7,909	
A.2.1 Assets carried at cost:	8,705	-	7,909	-
a) Intangible assets generated internally	-	-	-	-
b) Other assets	8,705	-	7,909	-
A.2.2 Assets carried at fair value:	-	-	-	-
a) Intangible assets generated internally	-	-	-	-
b) Other assets	-	-	-	-
Total	8,705	89,602	7,909	89,602

The useful life of software, considered for the calculation of amortisation, is 3 years, while the useful life of other intangible assets with definite life is 5 years. A description of the methods used to calculate depreciation is provided in Part A – Accounting Policies of the Notes to the consolidated accounts.

10.2 Intangible assets: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GOODWILL	OTHER INTANGIE GENERATED IN		OTHER INTANGIE OTHE		TOTAL
	_	FIN	INDEF	FIN	INDEF	
A. Gross opening balance	124,729			- 79,811	•	204,540
A.1 Total net reduction in value	(35,127)	-		- (71,902)	-	(107,029)
A.2 Net opening balance	89,602			- 7,909		97,511
B. Increases				- 5,755		5,755
B.1 Purchases	-	-		- 5,755	-	5,755
B.2 Increases in internal intangible assets	Х	-			-	-
B.3 Write-backs	Х	-			-	-
B.4 Increases in fair value recognised:						
- in equity	Х	-			-	-
- through profit or loss	Х	-			-	-
B.5 Positive exchange differences	-	-			-	-
B.6 Other changes	-	-			-	-
C. Decreases	-			- (4,959)		(4,959)
C.1 Sales	-	-			-	-
C.2 Impairment losses						
- Amortisation	Х	-		- (4,959)	-	(4,959)
- Write-downs						
+ in equity	Х	-			-	-
+ through profit or loss	-	-			-	-
C.3 Decreases in fair value						
- in equity	Х	-			-	-
- through profit or loss	Х	-			-	-
C.4 Transfers to non-current assets						
and discontinued operations	-	-			-	-
C.5 Negative exchange differences	-	-			-	-
C.6 Other changes	-	-			-	-
D. Net closing balance	89,602			- 8,705		98,307
D.1 Total net impairments	(35,127)	-		- (76,861)	-	(111,988)
E. Gross closing balance	124,729			- 85,566		210,295
F. Carried at cost	89,602	-		- 8,705	-	98,307

Key FIN: finite life INDEF: indefinite life

The asset classes specified in the table above are carried at cost.

Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet - Assets (CONTINUED)

10.3 Other information

As at December 31, 2018 the Bank had contractual commitments to purchase intangible assets amounting to €721 thousand.

We also report that there were no intangible assets acquired through government concession; no intangible assets were used as collateral for own debts; no intangible assets were held under a finance lease; and there were no revalued intangible assets.

Other information - Impairment test

Under IAS 36, impairment testing of intangible assets with indefinite useful lives must be performed at least annually and, in any case, whenever there is objective evidence of the occurrence of events that may have reduced their value.

Recoverable value is the greater of the value in use (present value of future cash flows generated by the asset being valued) and the associated fair value, net of sales costs.

The recoverable value of the assets subject to impairment testing must be determined for the individual assets, unless both of the following conditions exist:

- the value in use of the asset is not estimated to be close to the fair value net of selling costs;
- the asset does not generate incoming cash flows largely independent of those coming from other assets (or group of assets).

If these conditions exist, the impairment test is conducted at the level of the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) of the asset, as required by the accounting principle.

According to IAS 36, when determining the value in use of assets subject to impairment testing, reference must be made to the cash flows of assets in their current conditions at the testing date and representing the best estimate by the management of the overall economic conditions in place during the residual useful life of the asset.

For the purposes of impairment testing, the value in use of the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the intangible assets have been assigned must be calculated considering the cash flows for all the assets and liabilities included in the CGU and not just those for which goodwill and/or the intangible asset has been recognised upon application of IFRS 3.

Definition of CGU

Estimating the value in use for the purposes of any impairment testing of intangible assets, including goodwill, which do not independently generate cash flows, but only in conjunction with other business assets, requires that these assets first be attributed to operating units that are relatively autonomous in the business context (from the points of view of independent cash flows generated and of internal planning and reporting). These operating units are defined as Cash Generating Units (CGU).

Goodwill recorded in these consolidated financial statements, deriving from the separate financial statements of the Bank, relates to buy-outs of divisions or companies engaged in trading activities or the distribution of financial, banking and insurance products through personal financial advisors. These activities have been fully integrated with FinecoBank's ordinary operations, as a result it is not possible to isolate the contribution of each company/business division from the Bank's overall income; this means that to establish the recoverability of the value of goodwill recognised in the financial statements it is necessary to take account of the Bank's comprehensive income.

The cash generating unit (CGU) to be considered for the impairment test is therefore the Bank as a whole (including the contribution from the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC, an asset management company incorporated under Irish law, thanks a vertically integrated business model). In view of the specific business model adopted by FinecoBank, which envisages a high level of integration between personal financial advisors and the trading and banking platform, so that the personal financial advisors network is an integral part of the overall offering of the Bank, which includes banking, brokerage and investing services, an allocation of costs/revenues per business units is not considered relevant or meaningful.

Estimating cash flows to determine the value in use of the CGU

The applicable accounting principles require that the impairment test be carried out by comparing the book value of the CGU to its recoverable value. When the latter proves to be less than the book value, a write-down must be recorded in the financial statements. The recoverable value is the greater of its fair value (net of sales costs) and the related value in use.

The recoverable amount of the CGU in this case is the greater of its fair value (net of costs to sell) and the related value in use.

Impairment test model

The calculation of the value in use for the purposes of impairment testing is made using the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The cash flows are determined by subtracting the annual capital requirement generated by the change in the risk-weighted assets from net profit. This capital requirement is determined by considering the long-term capitalisation to be achieved, also in light of the minimum regulatory capital requirements.

Cash flows

The discounted cash flow model used is based on future cash flows estimated by management in four steps:

- year 2019, in which the budget figures were considered (subject to approval by the Board of Directors on December 11, 2018);
- year 2020, which considers the financial projections of the Strategic Plan (submitted for approval by the Board of Directors of December 5, 2017);
- intermediate period of five years from 2021 to 2025, for which the projections of the financial flows are extrapolated by applying beginning
 in the last explicit estimate period (2020) rates of growth decreasing (from 4% to 2%) to the terminal value;
- terminal value calculated using a nominal growth rate of 2%. The average Eurozone actual GDP rate from 1996 to 2017 was 1.5%. The choice of nominal 2% as "terminal value" growth rate, i.e. corresponding to ~ 0% real growth, was made for prudential reasons.

Discount rates of cash flows

Future financial flows were discounted using a conservative estimate of the discount rate, incorporating the various risk factors linked to the business sector into the cost of equity (Ke). The discount rate is a nominal rate, net of taxes.

In particular, the cost of capital for the Bank is the sum of the following:

- Risk-free rate: the average of the last 6 years of the 5-year Bund. The six-year horizon was adopted in line with the average economic
 cycle in the eurozone;
- Debt risk premium: the average over the last six years of the Credit Default Swap paid by UniCredit S.p.A.;
- Risk premium on own equity: calculated using the option-based model, based on the average volatility of over the last six years of the shares of banks operating predominantly in the same sector.

Moreover, for prudential reasons, the cost of capital for the Bank was raised to the level of the Germany Commercial Banking of Unicredit Group, which was considered to be the floor value at Group level and equal to 8.11%.

The cost of capital used for the impairment testing has 4 target points (2019 budget, 2020 Multi Year Plan and Terminal Value) within which a linear convergence is calculated.

Impairment test results

The methodology for calculating the value in use described above (model, assumptions and parameters used) was approved by the Board of Directors on January 10, 2019. For the impairment testing the carrying amount of the goodwill and Shareholders' equity was compared with its value in use calculated using that methodology. The outcome of the tests (approved by the Board of Directors of February 5, 2019) confirmed the sustainability of the goodwill recognised in the financial statements as at December 31, 2018, with the value in use significantly higher than the carrying amount.

Sensitivity analysis

Given the complexity of the measurement process and the uncertainty involved in making forecasts on future profitability, especially in the long term, some sensitivity analyses were carried out assuming changes to the main parameters used in the impairment test.

The table below shows the change in the value in use, net of book value and of shareholders' equity, in relation to changes in the main parameters used in the DCF model underlying the impairment test.

			1% DECREASE OF THE NOMINAL		USE OF CORE
	1% INCREASE OF THE		GROWTH RATE FOR THE	5% DECREASE	TIER 1 RATIO AS
	DISCOUNT RATE AFTER	1% INCREASE OF CORE	CALCULATION OF TERMINAL	OF ANNUAL	AT 12.31.2018
	TAXES (KE)	TIER 1 RATIO TARGET	VALUE	EARNINGS	(21.16%)
Change of value in use	-19.1%	-0.7%	-14.1%	-6.6%	-5.9%

The results confirm the sustainability of the goodwill recognised in the financial statements, as none of the scenarios hypothesised revealed the need for a write-down, as the value in use, calculated applying those variations, was much higher than the book value.

It should also be noted, that the impairment test reaches the break-even assuming changes in the above parameters that are currently unreasonable. The impairment test reached a break-even with an absolute positive change in the discount rate after tax (Ke) of over 17 percentage points, i.e. with a reduction of over 75% of annual earnings (while maintaining all the other parameters and information used unchanged, in both scenarios).

Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet - Assets (CONTINUED)

It should be noted that the value of "FinecoBank" shares resulted in a market capitalisation of €5,341 million at December 31, 2018, markedly higher than the Bank's assets and the results provided by the internal model, which confirms the implementation of prudent criteria for calculation of the value in use.

Section 11 - Tax Assets and Tax Liabilities - Asset item 110 and liability item 60

The item "Tax assets" amounting to €6,714 thousand comprises:

- "Current tax assets" of €467 thousand;
- "Deferred tax assets" of €6,247 thousand.

Deferred tax assets are shown in the consolidated balance sheet net of the related deferred tax liabilities; the detail is as follows:

- "Deferred tax assets" of €30,270 thousand recognised as a balancing entry in the income statement;
- "Deferred tax assets" of €2,740 thousand recognised as a balancing entry of shareholders' equity;
- "Deferred tax liabilities" of €26,560 thousand recognised as a balancing entry in the income statement;
- "Deferred tax liabilities" of €203 thousand recognised as a balancing entry of shareholders' equity.

The item "Tax liabilities" amounting to €12,390 thousand, consists exclusively of "Current tax liabilities".

Current Tax Assets and Liabilities

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Current tax assets	467	1,765
Current tax liabilities	12,390	10,234

Prepaid/deferred tax assets/liabilities

In accordance with the law and regulations currently in force:

- the recognition of deferred tax assets for IRES income tax purposes takes into account the expected income figures of the Bank for future years, according to the decisions made by the competent company bodies;
- the recognition of deferred tax assets for IRAP corporate tax purposes takes place on the basis of the Bank's expected income figures for future years, and takes into account changes in the legal context;
- deferred tax liabilities are recognised whenever the relevant requirements are satisfied.

When calculating prepaid/deferred tax assets/liabilities, a 27.5% IRES rate was used (24% standard rate and 3.5% additional rate for banks), as well as IRAP rate of 5.57% for Italy.

With regard to Fineco AM, taxes were calculated using a 12.5% rate and no deferred tax assets or liabilities have been recognized.

11.1 Deferred tax assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.17
Allocations through profit or loss	26,237	26,702
Allocations through equity	2,740	6,225
Impairment losses on receivables (of which pursuant to Law 214/2011)	4,033	3,828
Total before IAS 12 offset	33,010	36,755
Offset against deferred tax liabilities - IAS 12	(26,763)	(29,271)
Total	6,247	7,484

11.2 Deferred tax liabilities: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

LIABILITIES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Allocations through profit or loss	26,560	23,982
Allocations through equity	203	5,289
Total before IAS 12 offset	26,763	29,271
Offset against deferred tax liabilities - IAS 12	(26,763)	(29,271)
Total	-	-

11.3 Changes in deferred tax assets (through profit or loss)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	31,469	33,223
2. Increases	3,727	3,936
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	3,727	3,532
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	206	-
c) write-backs	-	-
d) other	3,521	3,532
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates		-
2.3 Other increases		404
3. Decreases	(4,926)	(6,629)
3.1 Deferred tax assets cancelled in the year	(4,926)	(6,629)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(4,687)	(6,629)
b) write-downs of non-recoverable items		-
c) change in accounting policies	-	-
d) other	(239)	-
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
a) conversion of tax credits as per Law 214/2011	-	-
b) other	-	-
4. Closing balance	30,270	30,530

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

Increases/decreases in deferred tax assets recognised in the year through profit or loss mainly refer to the following items:

- allocations to and use of provisions for risks and charges.
- allocations to and use of provisions for future personnel costs.

Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet - Assets (CONTINUED)

11.4 Changes in deferred tax assets under Law 214/2011 (through profit or loss)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	3,828	4,180
2. Increases	205	
3. Decreases	-	(352)
3.1 Reversals	-	(352)
3.2 Conversion into tax credits		
a) resulting from operating losses	-	-
b) resulting from tax losses	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
4. Closing balance	4,033	3,828

11.5 Changes in deferred tax liabilities (through profit or loss)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	24,069	23,278
2. Increases	2,688	712
2.1 Deferred tax liabilities arising during the year	2,688	704
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	2,688	704
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	8
3. Decreases	(197)	(8)
3.1 Deferred tax liabilities de-recognised during the year	(197)	(8)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(64)	(8)
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	(133)	-
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	
4. Closing balance	26,560	23,982

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

Increases in deferred tax liabilities recorded in the financial year as a balancing item of the income statement refer to the recognition of deferred tax liabilities resulting from the accounting and tax treatment of goodwill.

11.6 Changes in deferred tax assets (through equity)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	1,937	7,617
2. Increases	1,128	270
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	1,128	270
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	1,128	270
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	-
3. Decreases	(325)	(1,662)
3.1 Deferred tax assets cancelled in the year	(325)	(1,662)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(325)	(1,619)
b) write-downs of non-recoverable items	-	-
c) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
d) other	-	(43)
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
4. Closing balance	2,740	6,225

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

The increase in deferred tax assets recognised during the year through equity mainly refer to the fair value valuation of debt securities booked in "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" item.

The decrease in deferred tax assets recognised during the year through equity refers to the recognition of deferred tax assets on actuarial gains recognised in equity revaluation reserves as per IAS 19 Revised.

11.7 Changes in deferred tax liabilities (through equity)

(Amounts in € thousand)

		(,
	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	2,463	5,968
2. Increases	192	1,104
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	192	1,104
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	192	1,104
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	-
3. Decreases	(2,452)	(1,783)
3.1 Deferred tax assets cancelled in the year	(2,452)	(1,783)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(2,452)	(1,783)
b) write-downs of non-recoverable items	-	-
c) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	203	5,289

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

The increase and decreases in deferred tax liabilities recognised during the year in equity related to the recognition and reversal of deferred tax liabilities as a result of the fair value measurement of debt securities booked in "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income"

11.8 Other information

No information to report.

Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet - Assets (CONTINUED)

Section 12 - Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale and associated liabilities - Assets item 120 and liabilities item 70

No information to report.

Section 13 - Other assets - Item 130

13.1 Other assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial		
assets or liabilities	4,303	2,993
Trade receivables according to IFRS15	8,489	4,985
Items in transit not allocated to relevant accounts	2	18
Items awaiting settlement:		
- notes, cheques and other documents	4,597	4,498
Items in processing:		
- other items in processing	29	99
Current receivables not associated with the provision of financial services	2,170	4,721
Definitive items not recognised under other items:		
- securities and coupons to be settled	5,131	4,617
- other transactions	25,225	16,016
Tax items other than those included in item 110:		
- tax advances	262,261	242,539
- tax credit	6,893	6,875
- tax advances on employee severance indemnities	35	28
Receivables due to disputed items not deriving from lending	119	119
Accrued income and prepaid expenses other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on		
the related financial assets or liabilities	24,588	21,132
Improvement and incremental expenses incurred on leasehold assets	6,928	6,774
Total	350,770	315,414

Please note that as a consequence of the first time adoption of the standard IFRS15, the new sub-items "Trade receivables according to IFRS 15" and "Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" have been added to above table, in order to provide a specific detail for trade receivables, as required by the par. 116 a) of the IFRS15. Furthermore, also the new sub-item "Accrued income and prepaid expenses other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities". So, the balances as at 31 December 2017 have been reclassified into the new sub-items.

The following table "Periodic Change of Accrued Income/Expenses and Prepaid Expenses/Income" discloses the changes incurred in the sub-items "Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on related financial assets or liabilities" and "Accrued expenses and prepaid income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on related financial assets or liabilities" reported in the tables "Other assets: breakdown" and "Other liabilities: breakdown", respectively, as required by the par. 118 of the IFRS15.

Periodic Change of Accrued Income/Expenses and Prepaid Expenses/Income

(Amounts in € thousand)

	ACCRUED INCOME AND	ACCRUED EXPENSES
	PREPAID EXPENSES	AND PREPAID INCOME
Opening balance	2,993	1,737
INCREASES	3,454	1,895
a) changes due to business combinations	-	-
b) cumulative catch-up adjustments to revenue that affect the corresponding contract asset or contract liability, including		
adjustments arising from a change in the measure of progress, a change in an estimate of the transaction price		
(including any changes in the assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) or a contract		
modification (IFRS 15 Par 118.b)	-	-
c) reversal of impairment of a contract asset (IFRS 15 Par 118.c)	-	-
d) change in the time frame for a right to consideration to become unconditional (ie for a contract asset to be		
reclassified to a receivable) (IFRS 15 Par 118.d)	-	-
e) change in the time frame for a performance obligation to be satisfied (ie for the recognition of revenue arising from a		
contract liability (IFRS 15 Par 118.e)	-	-
f) other	3,454	1,895
DECREASES	(2,144)	(832)
a) changes due to business combinations	-	-
c) impairment of a contract asset (IFRS 15 Par 118.c)	-	-
d) change in the time frame for a right to consideration to become unconditional (ie for a contract asset to be		
reclassified to a receivable) (IFRS 15 Par 118.d)	-	-
e) change in the time frame for a performance obligation to be satisfied (ie for the recognition of revenue arising from a	•	
contract liability (IFRS 15 Par 118.e)	-	-
f) other	(2,144)	(832)
Closing Balance	4,303	2,800

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

With regard to the information required by parag. 120 of IFRS15 ("Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations"), below a quantitative disclosure will be provided with the expected duration ("within 1 year" and "over 1 year") of "Accrued income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" and "Deferred income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities".

(Amounts in € thousand)

		(Farricanto III e tricacana)
	EXPECTED DURANTION (OF PERFORMANCE
	OBLIGATION	ONS
	<= 1 YEAR	> 1 YEAR
Unsatisfied (or Partially Unsatisfied) Performance Obligations - Duration - Other Assets (IFRS 15 Par 120a)	4,368	-
Unsatisfied (or Partially Unsatisfied) Performance Obligations - Duration - Other Liabilities (IFRS 15 Par 120a)	935	1,865
Total	5,303	1,865

Lastly, please note that the aggregate amount of revenues from services to customers related to the portion of performance obligations not yet satisfied, showed in the table above "Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations" is equal to €7,168 thousand. 74% of this amount regards performance obligations expected to be satisfied by the next year-end reporting date.

Part B - Consolidated Balance Sheet - Liabilities

Liabilities

Section 1 - Financial liabilities at amortised cost - Item 10

1.1 Financial liabilities at amortised cost: product breakdown deposits from banks

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2018				
			FAIR VALUE			
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS		L1	L2	L3		
1. Deposits from central banks	-	Χ	Χ	Х		
2. Deposits from banks	1,009,774	Χ	Χ	X		
2.1 Current accounts and demand deposits	52,563	Χ	Х	Х		
2.2 Time deposits	-	Χ	Χ	Χ		
2.3 Loans	933,352	Χ	Χ	X		
2.3.1 Repos	933,352	Χ	X	Х		
2.3.2 Other	-	Х	X	Х		
2.4 Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares	-	Х	X	Х		
2.5 Other liabilities	23,859	Χ	X	Х		
Total	1,009,774	-	-	1,009,774		

Key: VB = Book value

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

The item 2.1 "Current accounts and demand deposits" consisted of reciprocal current accounts and loans with UniCredit S.p.A., amounting to €18,318 thousand (€6,093 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

The item "Repos" are represented by repos transactions with UniCredit S.p.A. amounting to €751,841 thousand (€764,353 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money with UniCredit Bank AG Munich amounting to €35,668 thousand (€40,348 thousand as at December 31, 2017)

The item "Other liabilities" included margin variations received for repos transactions with UniCredit S.p.A. amounting to €22,547 thousand (€13,340 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

1.2 Financial liabilities at amortised cost: product breakdown deposits from customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2018				
	VB —		FAIR VALUE			
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS	VB-		L1 L2	L3		
Current accounts and demand deposits	22,046,700	Х	Х	Х		
2. Time deposits	3,106	Χ	Х	Χ		
3. Loans	116,299	Х	Х	Χ		
3.1 Repos	116,299	Х	Χ	Χ		
3.2 Other	-	Х	Χ	Χ		
4. Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares	-	Χ	X	Χ		
5. Other liabilities	107,083	Χ	X	X		
Total	22,273,188		- 3,111	22,270,081		

Key: VB = Book value

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

1.3 Financial liabilities at amortised cost: product breakdown of debt securities in issue

No data to report.

1.4 Breakdown of subordinated deposits/securities

No data to report.

1.5 Breakdown of structured deposits/securities

No data to report.

1.6 Amounts payable under finance leases

No data to report.

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December

Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39 Item 10)

1.1 Deposits from banks: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

TRANSACTIONS TYPE/COMPONENTS OF THE GROUP	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Deposits from central banks	-
2. Deposits from banks	926,001
2.1 Current accounts and demand deposits	42,756
2.2 Time deposits	-
2.3 Loans	868,651
2.3.1 Repos	868,651
2.3.2 Other	-
2.4 Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares	-
2.5 Other liabilities	14,594
Total	926,001
Fair value - level 1	-
Fair value - level 2	-
Fair value - level 3	926,001
Total fair value	926,001

Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39 Item 20)

2.1 Deposits from customers: product breakdown

TRANSACTIONS TYPE/COMPONENTS OF THE GROUP	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Current accounts and demand deposits	19,935,285
2. Time deposits	9,631
3. Loans	146,410
3.1 Repos	146,410
3.2 Other	-
4. Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares	-
5. Other liabilities	113,710
Total	20,205,036
Fair value - level 1	-
Fair value - level 2	9,622
Fair value - level 3	20,195,477
Total fair value	20,205,099

Section 2 - Financial liabilities held for trading - Item 20

2.1 Financial liabilities held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOT	AL 12.31.2018		
	NA.	NA FAIR VA			FAIR
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS	INA	L1	L2	L3	VALUE*
A. On-balance sheet liabilities					
1. Deposits from banks	-	-	-	-	-
2. Deposits from customers	589	346	-	-	346
3. Debt securities	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1 Bonds	-	-	-	-	Χ
3.1.1 Structured	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1.2 Other bonds	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2 Other securities	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2.1 Structured	-	-	-	-	Χ
3.2.2 Others	-	-	-	-	Х
Total A	589	346	-	-	346
B. Derivatives					
Financial derivatives	Х	1,206	669	-	Х
1.1 Trading derivatives	Х	1,206	669	-	Χ
1.2 Related to the fair value option	Х	-	-	-	Χ
1.3 Other	Х	-	-	-	Χ
2. Credit derivatives	Х	-	-	-	Х
2.1 Trading derivatives	Х	-	-	-	Х
2.2 Related to the fair value option	Х	-	-	-	Χ
2.3 Other	Х	-	-	-	Х
Total B	Х	1,206	669	-	Х
Total (A+B)	Х	1,552	669	-	Х

NA = notional amount L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

FV* = Fair value calculated excluding the changes in value due to the change in the issuer's credit rating since the issue date

Financial derivatives refer to the negative valuation of CFD contracts on forex, indices, shares, interest rates, commodities and futures used for the operational hedging of CFDs on indices, interest rates and commodities. They amounted to €699 thousand (€565thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Sub-item B.1.1 Derivative instruments - Trading financial derivatives includes the negative valuations of spot contracts for securities that meets the definition of held for trading and currencies to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way"). They amounted to €1,177 thousand (€1,670 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

2.2 Breakdown of "Financial liabilities held for trading": subordinated liabilities

No data to report.

2.3 Breakdown of "Financial liabilities held for trading": structured debts

No data to report.

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 40)

4.1 Financial liabilities held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

TOTAL 12.31.2017					
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/COMPONENTS OF THE			F) #		
GROUP	NA —	L1	L2	L3	FV*
A. On-balance sheet liabilities					
Deposits from banks	-	-	-	-	-
2. Deposits from customers	578	382	-	-	382
3. Debt securities	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1 Bonds	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1.1 Structured	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1.2 Other bonds	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2 Other securities	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2.1 Structured	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2.2 Others	-	-	-	-	Х
Total A	578	382	-		382
B. Derivatives					
1. Financial derivatives	X	1,650	579	6	Х
1.1 Trading derivatives	X	1,650	579	6	Х
1.2 Related to the fair value option	X	-	-	-	Х
1.3 Other	X	-	-	-	Х
2. Credit derivatives	X	-	-	-	Х
2.1 Trading derivatives	Х	-	-	-	Х
2.2 Related to the fair value option	Х	-	-	-	Х
2.3 Other	X	-	-	-	Х
Total B	Х	1,650	579	6	Х
Total (A+B)	Х	2,032	579	6	Х

Key FV = fair value

FV* = Fair value calculated excluding the changes in value due to the change in the issuer's credit rating since the issue date

NA = Nominal or Notional amount

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

Section 3 - Financial liabilities designated at fair value - Item 30 No data to report.

Section 4 - Hedging derivatives - Item 40

4.1 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by type of hedge and by level

(Amounts in € thousand)

NA_		FAIR VALUE 12.31.2018 NA		FAIR	VALUE 12.31.2	017		
	12.31.2018	L1	L2	L3	12.31.2017	L1	L2	L3
A. Financial derivatives	576,477	-	5,341	-	1,085,339	-	12,694	-
1) Fair value	576,477	-	5,341	-	1,085,339	-	12,694	-
2) Cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment in foreign subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1) Fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2) Cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	576,477	-	5,341	-	1,085,339	-	12,694	-

Key:

NA = notional amount L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

The hedging derivatives as at December 31, 2017 included the negative fair value of derivatives entered into with UniCredit S.p.A. for €9,320 thousand.

4.2 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by hedged assets and risk

(Amounts in € thousand)

			FAIR VA	LUE				CASH F	LOWS	NET INVESTMENT
			MICRO							IN FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES
TRANSACTIONS/TYPE OF HEDGE	DEBT SECURITIES AND INTEREST RATE	EQUITIES INSTRUMENTS AND INDEX	CURRENCY AND GOLD	CREDIT	COMMODITY	OTHERS	MACRO	MICRO	MACRO	SUBSIDIARIES
Financial assets at fair value										
through other comprehensive										
income	-	-	-	-)	X X		X	-	Х	X
2. Financial assets at ammortised										
cost	-	X	-	-	Х	X	Χ	-	Χ	X
3. Portfolio	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	Х	5,341	Х	-	X
Other transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	Х	-
Total assets	-		-			-	5,341			-
1. Financial liabilities	-	Х	-	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	Х
2. Portfolio	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	Х	-	X
Total liabilities			-			-			-	-
Expected transactions	Х	X	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	-	Χ	Х
2. Financial assets and liabilities										_
Portfolio	Х	X	X	Х	Х	Χ	-	Х	-	-

Section 5 – Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities - Item 50

5.1 - Adjustments to the value of hedged financial liabilities: breakdown by hedged portfolio

ADJUSTMENTS TO THE VALUE OF HEDGED LIABILITIES/COMPONENTS OF THE GROUP	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Positive changes to financial liabilities	2,600	-
2. Negative changes to financial liabilities	-	(3,772)
Total	2,600	(3,772)

Section 6 – Tax liabilities – Item 60

See section 11 of assets.

Section 7 – Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale – Item 70 See section 12 of assets.

Section 8 – Other liabilities – Item 80

8.1 Other liabilities: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Accrued expenses and deferred income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial	101AL 12.31.2016	TOTAL 12.31.2017
· ·	0.000	4 707
assets or liabilities	2,800	1,737
Other liabilities relative to employees	13,018	11,378
Other liabilities due to directors and statutory auditors	163	148
Sums available to be paid to customers	3,333	4,650
Items in processing:		
- incoming bank transfers	543	423
- other items in processing	18	57
Items awaiting settlement:		
- outgoing bank transfers	94,545	75,288
- POS and ATM cards	97	16,581
Current payables not related to the provision of financial services	24,181	23,690
Definitive items not recognised under other items:		
- securities and coupons to be settled	12,921	30,351
- payment authorisations	21,716	19,068
- other items	18,670	12,373
Payables for share-based payments or shares of the Parent Company UniCredit	338	938
Illiquid items for portfolio transactions	22,123	18,097
Tax items other than those included in item 60:		
- sums withheld from third parties as withholding agent	17,805	22,173
- other	98,226	94,342
Accrued expenses and deferred income other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on	·	,
the related financial assets or liabilities	157	148
Social security contributions payable	6,415	6,845
Total	337,069	338,287

On December 22, 2017 the 5th update of Circular no. 262 was enacted: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" which provided that provisions for off-balance sheet exposures must be shown in liability item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges" instead of the previous liability item 100. "Other liabilities" provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262. It should be noted that as of December 31, 2017, any provisions for off-balance sheet exposures had been recorded.

Please note that as a consequence of the first time adoption of the standard IFRS15, the new sub-item "Accrued expenses and deferred income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" has been added to above table, in order to provide a specific detail for liabilities from contracts with customers, as required by the par. 116 a) of the IFRS15. Furthermore, also the new subitem "Accrued expenses and deferred income other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" has been added to above table. Balances as at 31 December 2017 have have been reclassified into the new sub-items.

Section 9 - Provisions for employee severance pay - Item 90

9.1 Provisions for employee severance pay: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
A. Opening balance	4,999	5,253
B. Increases	136	125
B.1 Provisions for the year	70	65
B.2 Other increases	66	60
C. Decreases	(574)	(379)
C.1 Payments made	(305)	(155)
C.2 Other decreases	(269)	(224)
of which adjustments for actuarial gains on Employee Severance Fund (IAS19R)	(234)	(211)
D. Closing balances	4,561	4,999
Total	4,561	4,999

9.2 Other information

The "TFR" provision for Italy-based employee benefits is considered to be a "post-retirement defined benefit". It is therefore recognised on the basis of an actuarial estimate of the amount of benefit accrued by employees discounted to present value. This benefit is calculated by an external actuary using the unit credit projection method (see Part A.2 - The Main Items of the Accounts).

The Provision for employee severance pay covers the amount of the rights accrued in that respect up to December 31, 2018 by employees, under current legal regulations, as well as national collective bargaining agreements and supplementary company agreements.

The financial year under review was characterised by:

- normal events relating to the employee severance pay provision in accordance with legal provisions and company agreements in force;
- changes associated with employment contracts pursuant to Article 1406 and following of the Civil Code dealing with individual mobility within the Group.

In 2007, the new supplementary pension reform pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 252/2005 became effective and, as a result the amounts accrued up to December 31, 2006 were kept with the Company, whilst the amounts of employee severance pay provision accruing as of 1 January 2007 were transferred to the supplementary pension funds or the INPS Treasury fund according to the option adopted by the employees (within June 30, 2007). The result is that:

- the employee severance fund accrued up to December 31, 2006 (or until the date of the option falling between January 1, 2007 and June 30, 2007 - adopted by the employees if the they decided to transfer their employee severance pay provision to a supplementary pension fund) continues to be a "defined-benefit" plan and therefore subject to actuarial valuation, although based on simplified actuarial assumptions which no longer take account of estimated future pay rises;
- the amounts accrued from January 1, 2007 (or from the date of the option falling between 1 January 2007 and June 30, 2007 by the employees if they decided to transfer their employee severance pay provision to a supplementary pension fund), were considered as a "defined-contribution" plan (as the Company's liability ceases at the time it pays the employee severance pay provision accrued to the pension fund chosen by the employee) and therefore the related cost for the period is equal to the amounts paid to the Supplementary Pension fund or the INPS Treasury fund.

The following table shows the main actuarial assumptions used to remeasure the liability.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MAIN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Discount rate	1.60%	1.45%
Expected inflation rate	1.20%	1.40%

(Amounts in € thousand)

EMPLOYEE SEVERANCE PAY PROVISION: OTHER INFORMATION	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Provisions for the year	70	65
- Current service cost	-	-
- Interest expense on defined benefit obligations	70	65
- Gains and losses on curtailments and settlements	-	-
- Past service cost	-	-
Actuarial gains (losses) recognised in revaluation reserves (OCI)	(234)	(211)
- Actuarial gains (losses) for the year	(85)	(202)
- Actuarial gains/losses on demographic assumptions	1	-
- Actuarial gains/losses on financial assumptions	(150)	(9)

As required by IAS 19 Revised, a sensitivity analysis was conducted aimed at identifying how the present value of the liability changes when the actuarial assumptions considered most significant are changed, while keeping the other actuarial assumptions constant. A change of -25 basis points in the discount rate would result in an increase in the liability of €135 thousand (+2.96%), whereas an equivalent increase in the rate would result in a reduction of the liability of €131 thousand (-2.86%). A change of -25 basis points in the inflation rate would result in a decrease in the liability of €82 thousand (-1.79%), whereas an equivalent increase in the rate would result in an increase in the liability of €83 thousand (+1.82%).

Section 10 - Provisions for risks and charges - Item 100

10.1 - Provisions for risks and charges: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS/COMPONENTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Provisions for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	49	
Provisions for other commitments and other guarantees given	-	
Provisions for retirement payments and similar obligations	-	-
4. Other provisions for risks and charges	109,756	112,414
4.1 legal and tax disputes	32,290	34,987
4.2 staff expenses	4,809	5,690
4.3 other	72,657	71,737
Total	109,805	112,414

On December 22, 2017 the 5th update of Circular no. 262 was enacted: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" which provided that provisions for off-balance sheet exposures must be shown in liability item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges" instead of the previous liability item 100. "Other liabilities" provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262. It should be noted that as of December 31, 2017, any provisions for off-balance sheet exposures had been recorded.

Item 4.1 "legal and tax disputes" mainly includes provisions made to cover complaints and disputes for damage to customers arising from the unlawful behaviour of the Bank's personal financial advisors, provisions relating to pending disputes with personal financial advisors (generally employment-related) and other ongoing court and out-of-court litigation with customers, in relation to normal banking activities, and other parties for €28,045 thousand (€31,056 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and provisions for tax disputes (penalties and interest) for €3,885 thousand (€3,931 thousand as at December 31, 2017). This provision includes the court costs borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the estimated expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

Item 4.2 "staff expenses" includes, mainly, the provisions made for the variable remuneration to be paid to employees in subsequent years, which have an uncertain due date and/or amount.

Item 4.3 "Other" includes the Supplementary customer indemnity provision, of €64,139 thousand (€64,983 thousand as at December 31, 2017), the Provision for contractual payments, of €2,266 thousand (€2,311 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and other provisions made for risks related to the Bank's business and operations, of €6,252 thousand (€4,443 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

10.2 Provisions for risks and charges: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

			·	ounto in C thousand)
	PROVISIONS FOR OTHER COMMITMENTS AND OTHER GUARANTEES	PROVISIONS FOR RETIREMENT PAYMENTS AND SIMILAR	OTHER PROVISIONS FOR RISKS AND	
	GIVEN	OBLIGATIONS	CHARGES	TOTAL
A. Opening balance	-		112,414	112,414
B Increases	-		9,913	9,913
B.1 Provisions for the year	-	-	9,024	9,024
B.2 Changes due to the passage of time	-	-	884	884
B.3 Changes due to variations in the discount rate	-	-	5	5
B.4 Other increases	-	-	-	-
C Decreases	-		(12,571)	(12,571)
C.1 Amounts used in the year	-	-	(12,125)	(12,125)
C.2 Changes due to variations in the discount rate	-	-	(9)	(9)
C.3 Other decreases	-	-	(437)	(437)
D. Closing balance	•	-	109,756	109,756

[&]quot;Other decreases" include the integration costs allocated to "Other liabilities".

10.3 Provisions for risks and charges for commitments and financial guarantees given

(Amounts in € thousand)

	PROVISIONS FOR RISKS	AND CHARGES FOR COM	IMITMENTS AND GUA	ARANTEES GIVEN
	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL
Commitments	10	-	-	10
Financial guarantees given	39	-	-	39
Total	49	•	-	49

10.4 Provisions for other commitments and other guarantees given

No data to report.

10.5 Pensions and other post-retirement defined-benefit obligations

No data to report.

10.6 Provisions for risks and charges - other provisions

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Legal and fiscal disputes	32,290	34,987
- Pending cases	23,830	25,525
- Complaints	4,575	5,531
- Tax disputes	3,885	3,931
Staff expenses	4,809	5,690
Other	72,657	71,737
- Supplementary customer indemnity provision	64,139	64,983
- Provision for contractual payments and payments under non-competition agreements	2,266	2,311
- Other provisions	6,252	4,443
Total provisions for risks and charges	109,756	112,414

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL	USES	TRANSFERS	ACTUARIAL GAINS	NET	TOTAL
PROVISION FOR RISKS AND CHARGES	12.31.2017		AND OTHER CHANGES	(LOSSES) IAS 19R *	PROVISIONS**	12.31.2018
Legal and fiscal disputes	34,987	(3,362)	-	•	665	32,290
- Pending cases	25,525	(2,418)	248	-	475	23,830
- Complaints	5,531	(898)	(248)	-	190	4,575
- Tax disputes	3,931	(46)	-	-	-	3,885
Staff expenses	5,690	(4,471)	(437)	-	4,027	4,809
Other	71,737	(4,292)		(4,830)	10,042	72,657
- Supplementary customer indemnity provision	64,983	(1,646)	-	(4,823)	5,625	64,139
- Contractual payments and						
payments under non-competition agreements	2,311	(90)	-	(7)	52	2,266
- Other provisions	4,443	(2,556)	-	-	4,365	6,252
Total provisions for risks and charges	112,414	(12,125)	(437)	(4,830)	14,734	109,756

^{*} The item " IAS 19R actuarial gains (losses)" includes the actuarial gains (losses) recognised in the item "Revaluation reserves" in application of IAS 19R

The following table shows the main actuarial assumptions used to measure the liability for the supplementary customer indemnity provision and the provision for contractual payments.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MAIN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Discount rate	1.60%	1.45%
Salary increase rate	1.00%	2.60%

As required by IAS 19 Revised, a sensitivity analysis was conducted aimed at identifying how the present value of the liability changes when the actuarial assumptions considered most significant are changed, while keeping the other actuarial assumptions constant.

With reference to the supplementary customer indemnity provision, a change of -25 basis points in the discount rate would result in an increase in liabilities of \leq 1,707 thousand (+2.66%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would reduce the liability by \leq 1,638 thousand (-2.55%). A change of -25 basis points in the salary base would result in a reduction in the liability of \leq 495 thousand (-0.77%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would result in an increase in liabilities of \leq 508 thousand (+0.79%).

With reference to the provision for contractual payments, a change of -25 basis points in the discount rate would result in an increase in liabilities of €36 thousand (+1.73%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would reduce the liability by €35 thousand (-1.67%). A change of -25 basis points in the salary base would result in a reduction in the liability of €2 thousand (-0.09%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would result in an increase in liabilities of €2 thousand (+0.09%).

In addition, for the other provisions recognised in the financial statements on the basis of IAS 37, where the effect of the time value of money is significant (generally when payment is to be made more than 18 months from recognition), the amount of the provision should be the present value of the best estimate of the cost required to settle the obligation. The discount rate used reflects the current market assessments. As at December 31, 2018 an analysis was conducted to assess the impact on the provision is made of a variation of +/- 25 basis points in the discount rate and no significant impacts were found.

The **Provision for legal disputes** includes provisions made to cover complaints and disputes for damage to customers arising from the unlawful behaviour of the Bank's personal financial advisors, provisions relating to pending disputes with personal financial advisors (generally employment-related) and other ongoing court and out-of-court litigation with customers, in relation to normal banking activities, and other parties. This provision includes the costs of proceedings borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the estimated expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

The **Supplementary customer indemnity provision** is accrued to cover the amount of severance indemnity to be paid to the PFA network pursuant to art. 1751 of the Italian Civil Code, in the event of termination of the contract for reasons not attributable to the advisor, such as, for example, when reaching retirement age.

The amount of the obligation at the end of the period was assessed with the aid of an independent actuary.

The **Provision for staff expenses** includes provisions made in relation to the variable remuneration to be paid to employees in subsequent years which have an uncertain due date and amount.

The **Provision for contractual payments and payments under non-competition agreements** is related to a limited number of personal financial advisors; these payments are contractually provided. More specifically, the non-competition agreement is an extension of the loyalty obligation at the end of the employment contract which protects the Bank from competition from former personal financial advisors; contractual payments are a special indemnity that the Bank agrees to pay to personal financial advisors, who opted to transfer the rights and obligations arising from their contract with the Bank to third parties, where these advisors continue to keep an ethical and professional conduct with the Bank after termination of employment, with specific regard to the customer portfolio. The amount of the obligation at the end of the period relating to contractual payments was assessed with the aid of an independent actuary.

^{**} The item "Net provisions" includes the costs recognised in their own income statement item to better reflect their nature (e.g. "Staff expenses", "Administrative costs" and "Interest expenses and similar charges").

The **Provision for tax disputes** is allocated to cover tax demands received from the Italian Revenue Agency following tax audits carried out on the Bank over the years, in relation to which the Bank considers it has calculated the tax correctly and legitimately and has therefore submitted an appeal at various levels of proceedings.

The above provisions for risks and charges include the allocations for fines and interest for the additional tax being contested and requested by the Tax Authorities through tax bills or payment notices paid and for the estimated amount of legal expenses to be incurred in the various proceedings.

For more details, see Part E – Information on risks and hedging policies – Section 1.5 – Operational risk – paragraph "Risks arising from tax disputes and audits" of these Notes to the consolidated Accounts.

The **Other Provisions** are mainly allocated to cover the risks related to the business and operations of the Bank. The provision specifically includes provisions for marketing and customer loyalty campaigns, incentive plans for the personal financial advisors and the provision for training events for the personal financial advisors.

Section 11 – Technical provisions – Item 110
No data to report.

Section 12 - Redeemable shares - Item 130 No data to report.

Section 13 - Group Shareholders' equity - Items 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170 and 180

13.1 "Share capital" and "Treasury shares": breakdown

As at December 31, 2018, share capital came to €200,773 thousand, comprising 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each.

As at December 31, 2018, the Bank held 1,401,288 treasury shares, corresponding to 0.23% of the share capital, for an amount of €13,960 thousand. During 2018 n. 27,644 shares were purchased in relation to the "2017 PFA Incentive System" for personal financial advisors identified as "Key personnel" and n. 1,971,871 shares were purchased in relation to the "2015--2017 PFA PLAN" for selected personal financial advisors, in accordance with what was authorised by the FinecoBank Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting on April 11, 2017. During the same period, 658,624 FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio were assigned to personal financial advisors in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN".

The Bank and its subsidiary do not hold shares of its Parent Company, Unicredit S.p.A., even through other companies or third parties.

On February 6, 2018, in view of the favourable opinion provided by the Remuneration Committee in its meeting of February 5, 2018, the Board of Directors of FinecoBank approved execution of the following incentive/loyalty systems:

- 2014-2017 Top Management Multi-Year Plan for employees. In particular, we approved the allotment of 494,493 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second tranche of the Plan, assigned in 2015, and consequently a bonus issue for a total amount of €163,182.69 with immediate effect;
- 2014 and 2015 Incentive systems for employees. In particular, we approved the allotment of 196,557 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second equity tranche of the 2014 Incentive System and of the first tranche of the 2015 Incentive System, and consequently a bonus issue for a total amount of €64,863.81 with effect from 30 March 2018.

In view of the above capital increases, the reserves from allocation of profit from previous years were reduced accordingly.

(Amounts in € thousand)

	(
TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
200,773	200,545
1,934	1,934
355,509	323,932
40,155	40,109
272,454	251,367
13,960	365
28,940	32,091
(13,960)	(365)
(9,794)	(8,340)
200,000	-
241,219	214,120
975,681	731,826
	200,773 1,934 355,509 40,155 272,454 13,960 28,940 (13,960) (9,794) 200,000 241,219

13.2 Share capital - Number of shares of the Parent Company: annual changes

ITEMS/TYPE	ORDINARY	OTHER
A. Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year		
- fully paid	607,713,345	-
- not fully paid	-	-
A.1 Treasury shares (-)	(60,397)	-
A.2 Shares outstanding: opening balance	607,652,948	
B. Increases		
B.1 New issues		
- against payment:		
- business combinations	-	-
- bonds converted	-	-
- warrants exercised	-	-
- other	-	-
- free		
- to employees	691,050	-
- to directors	-	-
- other	-	-
B.2 Sale of treasury shares	-	-
B.3 Other changes	658,624	-
C. Decreases		
C.1 Cancellation	-	-
C.2 Purchase of treasury shares	(1,999,515)	-
C.3 Business transfers	-	-
C.4 Other changes	-	-
D. Shares outstanding: closing balance	607,003,107	
D.1 Treasury shares (+)	1,401,288	-
D.2 Shares outstanding at the end of the year		
- fully paid	608,404,395	-
- not fully paid	-	-

The item B.3 "Other changes" reports the shares allocated to the personal financial advisors under the stock granting plan ("2015-2017 PFA Plan") for FinecoBank's Personal Financial Advisors and Network Managers.

13.3 Share capital: other information

The shares are not subject to any right, privilege or constraint; there are no shares reserved for issue under option and sales contracts.

13.4 Reserves from allocation of profit from previous years: other information

The reserves from profits consist of the:

- Legal reserve, amounting to €40,155 thousand;
- Extraordinary reserve, amounting to €272,454 thousand;
- Reserve for treasury shares held, amounting to €13,960 thousand.

Shareholders' equity also includes the negative reserve recognized following the introduction of IFRS 9, amounting to €-4,868 thousand, and the loss carried forward, amounting to €-163 thousand, relating to the result as at December 31, 2017 of Fineco AM which will close its first financial year on December 31, 2018.

As previously mentioned in parag. 13.1 "Share capital and Treasury shares: breakdown", the Board of Directors of FinecoBank held on February 6, 2018, approved execution of the incentive/loyalty systems "2014-2017 Top Management Multi-Year Plan" and "2014 and 2015 Incentive systems with a consequent increase in share capital, against with the reserves from profits have been reduced fon an amount of €228 thousand.

The FinecoBank Shareholders' Meeting of April 11, 2018 approved the allocation of profit for the year 2017, amounting to €214,284 thousand, as follows:

- €46 thousand to the Legal reserve, corresponding to 0.02% of the profit for the year, having reached the limit of a fifth of the share capital:
- €40.843 thousand to the extraordinary reserve;
- to the 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33, a unit dividend of €0.285 for a total amount of €173,395 thousand.

The share of dividends not distributed to treasury shares held by the bank on the record date, equal to €25 thousand, was allocated to the Extraordinary Reserve.

As previously mentioned in parag. 13.1 "Share capital and Treasury shares: breakdown", during 2018 a total of n. 1,999,515 shares were purchased in relation to the "2017 PFA Incentive System" and in relation to the "2015--2017 PFA PLAN", for a total amount of €20,143 thousand. During the same period, 658,624 FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio were assigned to personal financial advisors in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN". Consequentely the Treasury shares item has been increased by €13,960 thousand with a simultaneous reduction in the Extraordinary reserve.

In addition, the Extraordinary Reserve was used for an amount of €5,958 thousand, net of taxes, to pay the coupon and the transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 bond described below.

13.5 Equity instruments: breakdown and annual changes

On January 31, 2018, FinecoBank issued an Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 notes issue (5.5 years, Non-Cumulative Temporary Write-Down Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Notes). The issue of the financial instrument was authorized by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on 23 January 2018. The financial instrument is a perpetual private placement³⁸, issued for a total of €200,000 thousand and entirely subscribed by UniCredit S.p.A.. The coupon for the first 5.5 years has been fixed at 4.82%. The decision to carry out an intra-group issuance had many advantages: effective cost savings relating, for example, to the underwriting syndicate, and shorter issue times so as not to miss the right moment, maximising the benefits of the transaction.

In view of the particularly favourable market conditions and spread levels, the Bank decided to issue an Additional Tier 1 in order to improve the diversification of its investment portfolio.

13.6 Other information

No data to report.

Section 14 – Minority interests – Item 190

14.1 Breakdown of Item 190 "Minority interests"

No data to report.

14.2 Equity instruments: breakdown and annual changes

No data to report.

³⁸ Unrated and unlisted

OTHER INFORMATION

1. Commitments and financial guarantees given

(Amounts in € thousand)

		NOMINAL VALUE OF COMMITMENTS AND FINANCIAL GUARANTEES GIVEN			TOTAL 12.31.2017
	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE		
1. Commitments	1,037,687	279	154	1,038,120	2,904,788
a) Central Banks	-	-	-	-	-
b) Governments	-	-	-	-	-
c) Banks	-	-	-	-	2,125,000
d) Other financial companies	164	-	-	164	884
e) Non-financial companies	147	-	-	147	311
f) Households	1,037,376	279	154	1,037,809	778,593
2. Financial guarantees given	256,827	-	-	256,827	256,732
a) Central Banks	-	-	-	-	-
b) Governments	-	-	-	-	-
c) Banks	256,070	-	-	256,070	256,065
d) Other financial companies	-	-	-	-	-
e) Non-financial companies	-	-	-	-	-
f) Households	757	-	-	757	667

The commitments to disburse funds mainly include the margins available on credit lines granted to customers and, to a lesser extent, commitments to disburse reverse repos.

Financial guarantees given to banks include 5 guarantees issued in 2012 on request of UniCredit S.p.A., with indefinite duration, for a total amount of €256,065 thousand.

The "Liquidity Framework Agreement", amounted to €2,125,000 thousand as at December 31, 2017, entered into with the Parent Company in previous years, expired in the first half of 2018 and was not renewed.

2. Other commitments and other guarantees given

(Amounts in € thousand)

	NOMINAL	NOMINAL AMOUNT		
	TOTAL 31.12.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017		
1. Other guarantees given				
of which: impaired credit exposure				
a) Central Banks	-	-		
b) Governments	-	-		
c) Banks	-	-		
d) Other financial companies	-	-		
e) Non-financial companies	-	-		
f) Households	-	-		
2. Other commitments	152,376	165,987		
of which: impaired credit exposure	-			
a) Central Banks	-	-		
b) Governments	-	-		
c) Banks	97	790		
d) Other financial companies	19,369	26,774		
e) Non-financial companies	37	804		
f) Households	132,873	137,619		

The Other commitments exclusively refer to spot contracts for the purchase and sale of securities to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way").

3. Assets given as collateral for own liabilities and commitments

(Amounts in € thousand)

Portfolios	AMOUNT 12.31.2018	AMOUNT 12.31.2017
1. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	529,725	
3. Financial assets at amortised cost	2,487,813	
4. Property, plant and equipment	-	
of which: Property, plant and equipment material assets that constitute inventories	-	

Assets given as collateral for own liabilities and commitments shown in the above table refer to:

- government securities used to enter into repos with the obligation for the buyer to resell the assets covered by the transaction upon expiration of said transaction. The securities are given as collateral for the entire duration of the transaction;
- government securities given as collateral for bankers' drafts, as guarantee for transactions in foreign markets and/or as guarantee for transactions in derivatives. Securities are used as collateral until the Bank decides to stop the transactions for which the collateral or guarantees are granted;
- debt securities issued by UniCredit S.p.A. given as collateral in securities lending transactions carried out with customers. The securities are given as collateral for the entire duration of the transaction.

As at December 31, 2017, securities were used as collateral for banker's drafts, as guarantee for transactions on foreign markets and as guarantee for derivative contract transactions; more specifically, the Bank used government bonds classified as "Available-for-sale financial assets", for a book value of €131,101 thousand. With regard to securities lending transactions with customers, UniCredit S.p.A. securities were committed, belonging to the "Loans and receivables" category, for a carrying amount of €890,325 thousand.

4. Information on operating leases

With regard to outstanding non-cancellable leases, the future payments amount to:

- €1,976 thousand up to twelve months;
- €3,077 thousand from one to five years.

There are no sub-leases in place.

5. Breakdown of investments for unit-linked and index-linked policies

No data to report.

6. Asset management and trading on behalf of others

(Amounts in € thousand)

TYPE OF SERVICE	AMOUNT 12.31.2018
1. Execution of orders for customers	363,432,347
Securities	84,513,882
a) purchases	43,125,743
1. Settled	42, 888, 260
2. Unsettled	237,483
b) sales	41,388,139
1. Settled	41, 128, 733
2. Unsettled	259,406
Derivative contracts	278,918,465
a) purchases	139,439,219
1. Settled	139, 139, 453
2. Unsettled	299,766
b) sales	139,479,246
1. Settled	139, 166, 898
2. Unsettled	312,348
2. Segregated accounts	9,957,818
a) individual	-
b) collective	9,957,818
3. Custody and administration of securities	
a) third party securities on deposits: relating to custodian bank activities (excluding segregated accounts)	
securities issued by entities included in the scope of consolidation	-
2. other securities	-
b) third party securities held in deposits (excluding segregated accounts): other	17,978,915
securities issued by entities included in the scope of consolidation	3,085
2. other securities	17,975,830
c) third-party securities deposited with third parties	17,978,908
d) own securities deposited with third parties	17,572,121
4. Other transactions	27,734,358
Order receipt and transmission	27,734,358
a) purchases	13,795,575
b) sales	13,938,783

7. Financial assets subject to accounting offsetting or master netting agreements or similar agreements

						(varia iii e aroacana)
		AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL	NET AMOUNT OF	RELATED AN SUBJECT TO A OFFSE	ACCOUNTING		
		LIABILITIES	ASSETS SHOWN		CASH		
	GROSS AMOUNT	OFFSET IN THE	IN THE		DEPOSITS		
	OF FINANCIAL	FINANCIAL	FINANCIAL	FINANCIAL	RECEIVED AS	NET AMOUNT	
	ASSETS	STATEMENTS	STATEMENTS	INSTRUMENTS	GUARANTEE	12.31.2018	NET AMOUNT
TYPE	(A)	(B)	(C=A-B)	(D)	(E)	(F=C-D-E)	12.31.2017
1. Derivatives	998	-	998	-	640	358	-
2. Reverse repos	1,812,375	1,800,522	11,853	11,853	-	-	-
3. Securities lending	444	-	444	444	-	-	179
4. Other	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total December 31, 2018	1,813,817	1,800,522	13,295	12,297	640	358	Х
Total December 31, 2017	179	-	179	-	-	X	179

8. Financial liabilities subject to accounting offsetting or under master netting agreements or similar agreements

ТУРЕ	GROSS AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (A)	AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS OFFSET IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (B)	NET AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES SHOWN IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (C=A-B)	SUBJECT TO	AMOUNTS NOT D ACCOUNTING SETTING CASH DEPOSITS RECEIVED AS GUARANTEE (E)	NET AMOUNT 12.31.2018 (F=C-D-E)	NET AMOUNT 12.31.2017
Derivatives	- (-,-	-	-	-	-	-	1,173
2. Reverse repos	2,573,577	1,800,522	773,055	763,694	-	9,361	764,353
3. Securities lending	244,373	-	244,373	234,981	-	9,392	177,878
4. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total December 31, 2018	2,817,950	1,800,522	1,017,428	998,675	-	18,753	Х
Total December 31, 2017	952,754	-	952,754	-	9,350	Х	943,404

The amount of assets and liabilities offset in the financial statements refers to the repurchase agreements executed on the MTS market. It should also be noted that, at December 31, 2018 there were swap derivative contracts with a positive fair value of €2,316 thousand and a negative fair value of €5,341 thousand, for which a positive variance margin of €2,936 thousand was paid, not shown in the table above as it is cleared at a Central Counterparty since it refers to client-trade exposures. Such exposures were subject to the prudential treatment set out in Article 305 of (EU) Regulation no. 575/2013.

9. Securities lending transactions

The Bank conducts securities lending transactions on a continuous and systematic basis, with the objective of optimising the returns of customer portfolios, satisfying the requests of institutional counterparties and obtaining a profit for the Bank. The Bank operates as the borrower, borrowing the securities of its customers and using them in repos and securities lending transactions guaranteed by cash amounts with retail and institutional customers interested in the temporary ownership of the securities.

Against securities lending transactions guaranteed by other securities, the Bank issued as collateral UniCredit S.p.A. bonds, recorded in "Financial asset at amortised cost", held in a dedicated dossier at the custodian bank for an amount higher than that of the securities borrowed by the customers, with the aim of providing a collective guarantee.

The face value of the underlying securities not recognised as assets in the accounts totalled €1,153,071 thousand, while their fair value was €1,037,085 thousand, broken down as follows:

(Amounts in € thousa					
TYPE OF SECURITIES (NOMINAL VALUE 31 DECEMBER 2018)					
SOLD	SOLD IN REPOS	OTHER PURPOSES			
-	-	-			
-	395	-			
-	-	-			
-	4,999	280			
589	1,144,410	2,398			
589	1,149,804	2,678			
	SOLD 589	SOLD SOLD IN REPOS 395 4,999 589 1,144,410			

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TIPE OF SECURITIES (FAIR VALUE 31 DECEMBER 2018)			
SECURITIES RECEIVED ON LOAN FROM:	SOLD	SOLD IN REPOS	OTHER PURPOSES	
Banks	=	-		
Financial companies	-	502	35	
Insurance companies	-	-	-	
Non-financial companies	-	5,518	294	
Other entities	347	1,023,573	6,816	
Total fair value	347	1,029,593	7,145	

10. Disclosure on joint control activities

No data to report.



Part C - Consolidated Income Statement

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Part C - Consolidated Income Statement

Section 1 - Interest - Items 10 and 20

1.1 Interest income and similar revenues: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	DEBT		OTHER	TOTAL	TOTAL
ITEMS/TYPE	SECURITIES	LOANS	TRANSACTIONS	2018	2017
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	2	-	-	2	
1.1 Financial assets held for trading	-	-	-	-	
1.2 Financial assets designated at fair value	-	-	-	-	
1.3 Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	2	-	-	2	
Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)					1
Financial assets at fair value (ex IAS 39)					
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,534	-	Х	4,534	
Financial assets available for sale (ex IAS 39)					8,505
3. Financial assets at amortised cost	218,888	67,441	-	286,329	
3.1 loans and receivables with banks	158,908	11,669	Χ	170,577	
3.2 loans and receivables with customers	59,980	55,772	X	115,752	
Financial assets held to maturity (ex IAS 39)					23,066
Loans and receivables with banks(ex IAS 39)					188,853
Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39)					41,029
4. Hedging derivatives	Х	Х	(1,947)	(1,947)	8,215
5. Other assets	Х	Х	77	77	77
6. Financial liabilities	Х	Х	Х	4,133	
Total	223,424	67,441	(1,870)	293,128	269,746
of which: interest income on impaired financial assetes	-	197	-	197	

1.2 Interest income and similar revenues: other information

1.2.1 Interest income from financial assets denominated in currency

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/TYPE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Interest income on foreign currency financial assets	19,448	15,100

1.2.2 Interest income on finance lease transactions

No data to report.

1.3 Interest expenses and similar charges: breakdown

		DEBT SECURIT	IES IN	OTHER	TOTAL	TOTAL
ITEMS/TYPE	PAYABLES		ISSUE	TRANSACTIONS	2018	2017
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	(11,315)		-	-	(11,315)	
1.1 Deposits from central banks	-	Х		Х	-	
1.2 Deposits from banks	(396)	Х		Х	(396)	
1.3 Deposits from customers	(10,919)	Х		Х	(10,919)	
1.4 Debt securities in issue	Х		-	Х		
Deposits from central banks (ex IAS 39)						-
Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39)						3,070
Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39)						(8,235)
Debt securities in issueIAS 39)						-
Financial liabilities held for trading	-		-	-		
Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39)						-
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	-		-	-	-	
Financial liabilities at fair value (ex IAS39)						-
Other liabilities and provisions	Х	Х		-	-	
5. Hedging derivatives	Х	Х		-	-	
6. Financial assets	Х	Х		Χ	(3,154)	
Total	(11,315)	•	-	-	(14,469)	(5,165)

1.4 Interest expenses and similar charges: other information

1.4.1 Interest expense on liabilities denominated in currency

 $(\text{Amounts in} \in \text{thousand})$

ITEMS/TYPE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Interest expense on liabilities denominated in currency	(9,216)	(4,882)

1.4.2 Interest expense on finance leases

No data to report.

1.5 Interest expenses and similar charges: hedging differential

(Amounts in € thousand)

		(
ITEMS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
A. Positive hedging differentials	3,410	20,102
B. Negative hedging differentials	(5,357)	(11,887)
C. Balance (A-B)	(1,947)	8,215

Section 2 – Fee and commission income and expense - Items 40 and 50

2.1 Fee and commission income: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

TYPE OF SERVICES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
(a) guarantees given	82	67
(b) credit derivatives	-	-
(c) management, brokerage and consulting services:	517,928	484,259
1. securities trading	73,349	71,072
2. currency trading	-	-
3. segregated accounts	65,195	-
3.1. individual	-	-
3.2. collective	65,195	-
custody and administration of securities	895	1,079
5. custodian bank	-	-
6. placement of securities	10,511	14,307
7. reception and transmission of orders	13,114	11,862
8. advisory services	52,321	43,233
8.1. related to investments	52,321	43,233
8.2. related to financial structure	-	-
9. distribution of third-party services:	302,543	342,706
9.1. segregated accounts	235,008	280,210
9.1.1 individual	10	28
9.1.2 collective	234,998	280,182
of which maintenance commissions for UCIT units	231,673	277,309
9.2. insurance products	67,535	62,495
9.3. other products	-	1
(d) collection and payment services	31,664	28,761
(e) securitisation servicing	-	-
(f) factoring	-	-
(g) tax collection services	-	-
(h) management of multilateral trading systems	-	-
(i) management of current accounts	4,641	4,716
(j) other services	12,043	9,798
(k) securities lending transactions	5,156	5,713
Total	571,514	533,314

The amount of fees and commissions recognized in 2018 that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period is equal to € 832 thousand.

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

2.2 Fee and commission expense: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

SERVICES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
(a) guarantees received	-	-
(b) credit derivatives	-	-
(c) management and brokerage services:	(246,984)	(239,360)
1. securities trading	(7,547)	(7,018)
2. currency trading	-	-
3. segregated accounts:	(4,196)	-
3.1 own	-	-
3.2 delegated to third parties	(4,196)	-
4. custody and administration of securities	(4,931)	(4,692)
5. placement of financial instruments	-	-
6. cold-calling to offer securities, products and services	(230,310)	(227,650)
(d) collection and payment services	(21,651)	(21,674)
(e) other services	(461)	(399)
(f) securities lending transactions	(1,975)	(1,798)
Total	(271,071)	(263,231)

Item "c) management and brokerage services: 6. cold-calling to offer securities, products and services", includes costs incurred by the Bank in relation to Equity Settled and Cash Settled plans assigned to personal financial advisors, that are respectively recorded against the item 150. "Reserves" of the net equity for an amount of €310 thousand (€260 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and the item 80. "Other liabilities" for an amount of €56 thousand (€166 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Section 3 – Dividend income and similar revenue – Item 70

3.1 Dividend income and similar revenue: breakdown

	TOTAL	_ 2018	TOTAL	_ 2017
ITEMS/INCOME	DIVIDENDS	INCOME FROM UCITS UNITS	DIVIDENDS	INCOME FROM UCITS UNITS
A. Financial assets held for trading	52	-		
A. Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)			26	-
B. Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	43	-		
B. Financial assets at fair value (ex IAS 39)			-	-
C. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-		
Financial assets available for sale (ex IAS 39)			29	-
D. Equity investments	-	X	-	X
Total	95		55	-

Section 4 – Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading – Item 80

4.1 Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading: breakdown

As at December 31, 2018

(Amounts in € thousand)

	UNREALISED	REALIZED	UNREALISED	REALIZED	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS (A)	GAINS (B)	LOSSES (C)	LOSSES (D)	[(A+B)-(C+D)]
1. Financial assets held for trading	43	119,843	(32)	(111,209)	8,645
1.1 Debt securities	-	3,366	-	(3,068)	298
1.2 Equity instruments	43	114,656	(32)	(106,475)	8,192
1.3 UCITS units	-	1,821	-	(1,666)	155
1.4 Loans	=	-	-	-	-
1.5 Other	-	-	-	-	-
2. Financial liabilities held for trading	•	951	(14)	(932)	5
2.1 Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Payables	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Other	-	951	(14)	(932)	5
Financial assets and liabilities:					
exchange differences	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	7,128
3. Derivatives	4,625	65,592	(5,168)	(46,808)	28,055
3.1 Financial derivatives:	4,625	65,592	(5,168)	(46,808)	28,055
- On debt securities and interest rates	137	1,301	(124)	(1,043)	271
- On equity securities and share indices	4,438	60,397	(5,020)	(43,405)	16,410
- On currencies and gold	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	9,814
- Other	50	3,894	(24)	(2,360)	1,560
3.2 Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
of which: natural hedge related to the fair value option	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
Total	4,668	186,386	(5,214)	(158,949)	43,833

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

As at December 31, 2017 (ex IAS 39)

	UNREALISED	REAILSED	UNREALISED	REAILSED	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS (A)	GAINS (B)	LOSSES (C)	LOSSES (D)	[(A+B)-(C+D)]
1. Financial assets held for trading	28	84,293	(36)	(76,448)	7,837
1.1 Debt securities	1	3,080	(1)	(2,604)	476
1.2 Equity instruments	9	80,165	(26)	(72,960)	7,188
1.3 UCITS units	18	1,048	(9)	(884)	173
1.4 Loans	-	-	-	-	-
1.5 Other	-	-	-	-	-
2. Financial liabilities held for trading	1	12	(1)	(8)	4
2.1 Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Payables	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Other	1	12	(1)	(8)	4
3. Other financial assets and liabilities:					
exchange differences	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	6,210
4. Derivatives	5,541	53,513	(5,280)	(35,134)	33,362
4.1 Financial derivatives:	5,541	53,513	(5,280)	(35,134)	33,362
- On debt securities and interest rates	176	1,465	(187)	(1,049)	405
- On equity securities and share indices	5,365	47,244	(5,093)	(31,822)	15,694
- On currencies and gold	X	Х	Х	Х	14,722
- Other	-	4,804	-	(2,263)	2,541
4.2 Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,570	137,818	(5,317)	(111,590)	47,413

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

Section 5 - Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting - Item 90

5.1 Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

INCOME ITEMS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
A. Gains on:		
A.1 Fair value hedging instruments	6,391	10,865
A.2 Hedged asset items (in fair value hedge relationship)	5,212	10,036
A.3 Hedged liability items (in fair value hedge relationship)	-	4,230
A.4 Cash-flow hedging derivatives	-	-
A.5 Assets and liabilities denominated in currency	-	-
Total gains on hedging activities (A)	11,603	25,131
B. Losses on:		
B.1 Fair value hedging instruments	(5,060)	(20,727)
B.2 Hedged asset items (in fair value hedge relationship)	-	(4,385)
B.3 Hedged liability items (in fair value hedge relationship)	(6,372)	-
B.4 Cash-flow hedging derivatives	-	-
B.5 Assets and liabilities denominated in currency	-	-
Total losses on hedging activities (B)	(11,432)	(25,112)
C. Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting (A-B)	171	19
of which: net profit (loss) on net position	-	-

Section 6 – Gains (Losses) on disposals/repurchases – Item 100

6.1 Gains (Losses) on disposals/repurchases: breakdown

	7	OTAL 2018			TOTAL 2017	
			NET PROFIT			NET PROFIT
ITEMS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS	LOSSES	(LOSS)	GAINS	LOSSES	(LOSS)
Financial assets						
Financial assets at amortised cost	17	-	17			
1.1 Loans and receivables with banks	-	-	-			
1.2 Loans and receivables with customers	17	-	17			
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	1,666	-	1,666			
2.1 Debt securities	1,666	-	1,666			
2.2 Loans	-	-	-			
Loans and receivables with banks				3,951	-	3,951
Loans and receivables with customers				-	-	-
3. Financial assest available for sale				761	-	761
3.1 Debt securities				761	-	761
3.2 Titoli di capitale				-	-	-
3.3 UCITS Funds				-	-	-
3.4 Loans				-	-	-
4. Financial assets held to maturity				-	-	-
Total assets (A)	1,683		1,683	4,712		4,712
Financial liabilities at amortised cost						
Deposits from banks	-	-	-			
Deposits from customers	-	-	-			
Debt securities in issue	-	-	-			
1. Deposits from banks				-	-	-
2. Deposits from customers				-	-	-
3. Debt securities in issue				-	-	-
Total liabilities (B)			-		-	-

Section 7 - Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss - Item 110

7.1 Gain (losses) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss: breakdown of financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value

No data to report.

7.2 Gain (losses) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss: breakdown of other financial assets mandatorily at fair value

(Amounts in € thousand)

					,
	UNREALISED	REALISED	UNREALISED	REALISED	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS (A)	GAINS (B)	LOSSES (C)	LOSSES (D)	[(A+B)-(C+D)]
1. Financial assets	1,371	10	(3,031)	(65)	(1,715)
1.1 Debt securities	-	2	(2)	-	-
1.2 Equity instruments	1,371	8	(3,029)	-	(1,650)
1.3 UCITS units	-	-	-	(65)	(65)
1.4 Loans	-	-	-	-	-
2. Financial assets in currency:					
exchange differences	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	215
Total	1,371	10	(3,031)	(65)	(1,500)

Section 8 – Impairment losses - Item 130

8.1 Impairment losses on financial assets at amortised cost: breakdown

	IMPAIRMENT WRITE-BACKS (2)						
	FIRST AND	THIRD ST	AGE	FIRST AND THIRD STAGE		TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	SECOND STAGE	WRITE-OFF	OTHER	SECOND STAGE	IIKD STAGE		
A. Loans and receivables with banks	(1,180)	-	-	4,306	-	3,126	
- Loans	(867)	-	-	1,427	-	560	
- Debt securities	(313)	-	-	2,879	-	2,566	
of which: financial assetes purchased or							
originated credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
B. Loans and receivables with customers	(6,586)	(134)	(4,306)	2,996	1,498	(6,532)	
- Loans	(5,371)	(134)	(4,306)	2,967	1,498	(5,346)	
- Debt securities	(1,215)	-	-	29	-	(1,186)	
of which: financial assetes purchased or							
originated credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	(7,766)	(134)	(4,306)	7,302	1,498	(3,406)	

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

8.2 Impairment losses on financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: breakdown

	IMPAIRMENT (1)			WRITE-BACKS (2)		
	FIRST AND SECOND	THIRD S	TAGE	FIRST AND SECOND		
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	STAGE	WRITE-OFF	OTHER	STAGE THIRD STAGE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
A. Debt securities	(115)	-	-	1 -	(114)	
B. Loans and receivables	-	-	-		-	
- With customers	-	-	-		-	
- With banks	-	-	-		-	
of which: financial assetes purchased or						
originated credit impaired	-	-	-		-	
Total	(115)	-		1 -	(114)	

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December

Impairment losses (ex IAS 39 Item 130)

8.1 Impairment losses on loans and receivables: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	IMPAIRMENT (1)			WRITE-BACKS (2)				
	SPECIFIC			SPECIF	C	PORTFO	LIO	
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	WRITE-OFFS	OTHER	PORTFOLIO	Α	В	Α	В	TOTAL 2017
A. Loans and receivables with banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Loans and receivables with customers	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275	-	477	(5,158)
Impaired related to purchase agreements	-	-		-	-	-		-
- Loans	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	Χ	-
- Debt securities	-	-	Х	-	-	-	Х	-
Other loans	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275	-	477	(5,158)
- Loans	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275	-	477	(5,158)
- Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Total	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275		477	(5,158)

Key A = From interest

8.2 Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

				(/\	mounts in E thousand)
	IMPAIRMENT (1)		WRITE-BACKS (2)		
	SPECIFIC		SPECIFIC		TOTAL 2017
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	WRITE-OFFS	OTHER	Α	В	
A. Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
B. Equity instruments	(8,896)	(3,995)	-	-	(12,891)
C. UCITS units	-	-	-	-	-
D. Loans to banks	-	-	-	-	-
E. Loans to customers	-	-	=	-	-
F. Total	(8,896)	(3,995)			(12,891)

Key A = From interest

B = Other write-backs

8.3 Impairment losses on held-to-maturity investments: breakdown

No data to report.

B = Other write-backs

8.4 Net value adjustments for the impairment of other financial assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) IMPAIRMENT (1) WRITE-BACKS (2) **TOTAL 2017** SPECIFIC PORTFOLIO **PORTFOLIO** TRANSACTION/INCOME ITEMS WRITE-OFFS OTHER A. Guarantees given B. Credit derivatives C. Commitments to disburse funds D. Other transactions 6 E. Total

Key

A = From interest

B = Other write-backs

Section 9 - Profit/loss from contract changes without cancellation - Item 140 No data to report.

Section 10 – Net premiums – Item 160

No data to report.

Section 11 – Balance of other net operating income and charges from insurance management Item 170

No data to report.

Section 12 – Administrative expenses – Item 190

12.1 Staff expenses: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
TYPE OF EXPENSES/SECTORS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
1) Employees	(85,337)	(77,232
a) wages and salaries	(56,636)	(52,734
b) social security contributions	(14,569)	(13,927)
c) pension costs	(2,182)	(912)
d) severance pay	-	
e) allocation to employee severance pay provision	(114)	(98)
f) provision for retirements and similar provisions:		
- defined contribution	-	
- defined benefit	-	
g) payments to external pension funds:		
- defined contribution	(3,450)	(3,082)
- defined benefit	-	
h) costs related to share-based payments	(4,267)	(2,739)
i) other employee benefits	(4,364)	(3,972)
I) recovery of expenses for employees seconded	245	232
2) Other staff	(69)	(363)
3) Directors and statutory auditors	(1,321)	(1,291)
4) Early retirement costs	-	
Total	(86,727)	(78,886

Item 1 "h) Employees: costs related to share-based payments" includes costs incurred by the Bank in relation to payment agreements based on financial instruments issued by the Bank, that are recorded against the item 150. "Reserves" of the net equity for an amount of €4,243 thousand (€2,693 thousand as at December 31, 2017), and on financial instruments issued by UniCredit S.p.A., that are recorded against the item 80. "Other liabilities" for an amount of €24 thousand (€46 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

12.2 Average number of employees by category

	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Employees	1,138	1,100
(a) executives	32	27
(b) managers	353	330
(c) remaining employees	753	743
Other personnel	15	15

12.3 Pensions and other post-retirement defined-benefit obligations costs and revenues

No data to report.

12.4 Other employee benefits

(Amounts in € thousand)

TYPE OF EXPENSES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Leaving incentives	(120)	385
Medical plan	(1,034)	(1,477)
Luncheon vouchers	(953)	(936)
Other	(2,257)	(1,944)
Total	(4,364)	(3,972)

12.5 Other administrative expenses: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 2018 **TOTAL 2017** 1) INDIRECT TAXES AND DUTIES (101.171) (98.543)2) MISCELLANEOUS COSTS AND EXPENSES A) Advertising expenses - Marketing and communication (16,746) (16,041) Mass media communications (11,264) (11,420) (4,488) (5,130)Marketing and promotions Sponsorships (22)(95)Conventions and internal communications (330) (38) (1,586)B) Expenses related to credit risk (1,399)(377) (1,022) redit recovery expenses (457) (1,129) Commercial information and company searches (28,291) (26,167) C) Expenses related to personnel Car rental and other staff expenses (80) (84) Personal financial advisor expenses (26.885)(25,003)(744) Travel expenses (534)Premises rentals for personnel D) ICT expenses (34,694) (32,079)Lease of ICT equipment and software (2,360)(2,467)(8,848) (8,092) Software expenses: lease and maintenance ICT communication systems (6.658)(5,723)(6,812) (6,723) ICT services: external personnel/outsourced services (10,016)(9,074)Financial information providers E) Consultancies and professional services (3,950)(4.247)Consultancy on ordinary activities (3,114)(2,665)Consultancy for one-off regulatory compliance projects (61) (86) Consultancy for strategy, business development and (238) (385) organisational optimisation (198) Legal expenses (61) Legal disputes (339)(1.050)F) Real estate expenses (19,093)(19.373)Real estate services (705) (720)Repair and maintenance of furniture, machinery, and equipment (213)(200)(1,009) (1,379) Maintenance of premise Premises rentals (14,594) (14,387)Cleaning of premises (522)(509)Utilities (2.050)(2.178)G) Other functioning costs (37,858) (36,036) Surveillance and security services (404) (347) Money counting services and transport (3,587)(3,396)Postage and transport of documents (19.737)(18.772)Administrative and logistic services Insurance (3,940)(3.923)Printing and stationery (594)(511) Association dues and fees (9,118) (8,695) Other administrative expense (478)(392)(10,566)H) Ex-ante contribution to the Single Resolution Fund and Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (14,306)

Item "C) Expenses related to personnel - Personal financial advisor expenses", includes costs, incurred by the Bank in relation to the plan "PFA 2015-2017" assigned to personal financial advisors, that are recorded against the item 150. "Reserves" of the net equity for an amount of €3,778 thousand. As at December 31, 2017 this item amounted to €5,110 thousand and included the costs incurred by the Bank in relation to the plan "PFA 2014", whose vesting period ended on June 30, 2017.

The costs posted in 2018 for contributions paid to Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGS) during the year, shown in item "Other administrative expenses" (point H) of table above, amounted to €14,306 in total and pertain to the ordinary and additional contribution and to the contribution to the Solidarity Fund for 2018. For further details, see Section A – Account policies, of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

No cost was recorded for the Single Resolution Fund (no contribution due).

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

Section 13 – Net provisions for risks and charges – Item 200

13.1 Net provisions for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	IMPAIRMENT		WRITE-BACKS			
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
1. Commitments	(9)	-	401	-	392	
2. Financial guarantees given	(1)	-	11	-	10	
Total	(10)	-	412	-	402	

13.2 Net provisions for risks and charges relating to other commitments and other guarantees given: breakdown

No data to report.

13.3 Net provisions for risks and charges: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 2018			TOTAL 2017			
	PROVISIONS	REALLOCATIONS	TOTAL	PROVISIONS	REALLOCATIONS	TOTAL	
Legal and fiscal disputes	(3,713)	3,048	(665)	(8,836)	5,012	(3,824)	
Supplementary customer indemnity provision	(5,625)	-	(5,625)	(5,008)	-	(5,008)	
Other provisions for risks and charges	(1,302)	518	(784)	(330)	703	373	
Total	(10,640)	3,566	(7,074)	(14,174)	5,715	(8,459)	

Section 14 – Net impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment – Item 210

14.1 Impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	DEPRECIATION	WRITE-DOWNS	WRITE-BACKS	NET PROFIT (LOSS)	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
ASSETS/INCOME ITEMS	(A)	(B)	(C)_	2018 (A+B-C)	2017
A. Property, plant and equipment					
A.1 Owned	(5,367)	(97)	-	(5,464)	(5,569)
- Used in the business	(5,258)	(97)	-	(5,355)	(5,456)
- Held for investment	(109)	-	-	(109)	(113)
- Closing balances	Χ	-	-	-	-
A.2 Held under finance lease	-	-	-	-	-
- Used in the business	-	-	-	-	-
- Held for investment	-	-	-	-	-
Total	(5,367)	(97)	-	(5,464)	(5,569)

Impairment losses were recognised in the year for insignificant amounts and mainly in relation to office furniture and fittings for which a zero value in use was determined.

A description of the methods used to calculate depreciation is provided in Part A – Accounting Policies of the Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

Section 15 – Net impairment/write-backs on intangible assets – Item 220

15.1 Impairment on intangible assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	DEPRECIATION	WRITE-DOWNS	WRITE-BACKS	NET PROFIT (LOSS)	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
ASSETS/INCOME ITEMS	(A)	(B)	(C)	2018 (A+B-C)	2017
A. Intangible assets					
A.1 Owned	(4,959)	-	-	(4,959)	(4,800)
- Generated internally by the company	-	-	-	-	-
- Other	(4,959)	-	-	(4,959)	(4,800)
A.2 Held under finance lease	-	-	-	-	-
Total	(4,959)	•	-	(4,959)	(4,800)

Impairments on intangible assets relate to software, amortised over three years and the costs incurred to create the Fineco website, amortised over 5 years.

For the disclosures required by IAS 36 paragraph 134, d), e), f) and 135, c), d), e), see Part B paragraph 13.3 Other information.

Section 16 - Other net operating income - Item 230

16.1 Other operating expenses: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Refunds and allowances	(147)	(141)
Penalties, fines and unfavourable rulings	(1,170)	(2,427)
Improvements and incremental expenses incurred on leasehold properties	(2,293)	(2,844)
Improvements and incremental expenses incurred on group properties	(7)	(29)
Exceptional write-downs of assets	(295)	(317)
Other operating expense	(229)	(244)
Total	(4,141)	(6,002)

[&]quot;Exceptional write-downs of assets" include costs incurred for credit card fraud of €98 thousand (€261 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

16.2 Other operating income: breakdown

		(Altiounis in E thousand)
	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Recovery of expenses:	96,767	93,368
- recovery of ancillary expenses - other	155	334
- recovery of taxes	96,612	93,034
Rental income from real estate investments	-	155
Other income from current year	3,752	2,783
Total	100,519	96,306

Section 17 - Profit (loss) of associates - Item 250

No data to report.

Section 18 - Gains (losses) on tangible and intangible assets measured at fair value - Item 260

No data to report.

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

Section 19 – Impairment of goodwill – Item 270 No data to report.

Section 20 – Gains (losses) on disposal of investments – Item 280

20.1 Gains (losses) on disposal of investments: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

INCOME ITEMS/SECTORS	TOTAL 2017	
A. Properties		
- Gains on disposal	-	-
- Losses on disposal	(18)	-
B. Other assets		
- Gains on disposal	-	9
- Losses on disposal	(143)	(517)
Net profit (loss)	(161)	(508)

Section 21 – Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations – Item 300

21.1 Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

INCOME ITEMS/SECTORS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
1. Current tax (-)	(109,767)	(102,274)
2. Adjustment to current tax of prior years (+/-)	-	3,924
3. Reduction of current tax for the year (+)	-	-
3.bis Reduction of current tax for the year due to tax receivables pursuant to Law 214/2011 (+)	-	-
4. Changes in deferred tax assets (+/-)	(1,142)	(3,098)
5. Changes in deferred tax liabilities (+/-)	(2,624)	(696)
6. Tax expense for the year (-) (-1+/-2+3+ 3 bis +/-4+/-5)	(113,533)	(102,144)

21.2 Reconciliation of theoretical tax charge to actual tax charge

(Amounts in € thousand)

			TAXES		
	IDEC	IDAD	TAXES	TOTAL	TOTAL
	IRES	IRAP	OVERSEAS	2018	2017
Amount corresponding to theoretical tax rate	(90,867)	(18,405)	(2,044)	(111,316)	(104,627)
+ Tax effects of charges not relevant to the calculation of taxable income	4,237	(1,232)	(1,010)	1,995	2,799
- Tax effects of income not relevant to the calculation of taxable income	-	-	-	-	-
- Tax effects deriving from the use of tax losses from previous years	-	-	-	-	-
- Tax effects deriving from the application of substitute taxes	(446)	-	-	(446)	(446)
Amount corresponding to actual tax rate	(87,076)	(19,637)	(3,054)	(109,767)	(102,274)

Profit before tax

Section 22 – Profit (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations – Item 320

No data to report.

Section 23 – Minority interests – Item 340

No data to report.

Section 24 – Other information

FinecoBank and Fineco Asset Management DAC belong to the UniCredit Banking Group and are subject to management and co-ordination by UniCredit S.p.A.

1.1 Designation of Parent Company

UniCredit S.p.A.

Registration in the Companies' Register of Milan-Monza-Brianza-Lodi

Registered in the Register of Banking Groups and Parent Company of the UniCredit Banking Group with code 2008.1

1.2 Registered Office of Parent Company

Registered Office and Head Office: Piazza Gae Aulenti 3 - Tower A - 20154 Milan

1.3 Key figures for the Parent Company (income statement, balance sheet, structure)

FinecoBank and Fineco Asset Management DAC are subject to management and coordination of UniCredit S.p.A.; therefore, in accordance with Article 2497 bis, paragraph 4 of the Italian Civil Code the key figures of the last approved financial statements of the parent company are provided below:

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

UniCredit S.p.A. – Reclassified balance sheet as at December 31, 2017

	(Amounts in € million)
ASSETS	12.31.2017
Cash and cash balances	25,817
Financial assets held for trading	13,864
Loans and receivables with banks	27,567
Loans and receivables with customers	208,965
Financial investments	105,278
Hedging instruments	6,114
Property, plant and equipment	2,209
Goodwill	-
Other intangible assets	4
Tax assets	10,311
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	150
Other assets	4,701
Total assets	404,980

	(Amounts in € million)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2017
Deposits from banks	56,807
Deposits from customers and debt securities in issue	262,084
Financial liabilities held for trading	13,068
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2,738
Hedging instruments	6,279
Provisions for risks and charges	1,843
Tax liabilities	1
Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale	-
Other liabilities	8,652
Shareholders' equity	53,508
- capital and reserves	46,964
- revaluation reserves (available-for-sale financial assets - cash flow hedges - on defined benefit plans)	308
- net profit (loss)	6,236
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	404,980

UniCredit S.p.A. – Condensed Income Statement 2017

	(Amounts in € million)
	12.31.2017
Net interest	3,711
Dividends and other income from equity investments	3,808
Net fee and commission income	3,798
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	302
Net other expenses/income	(95)
OPERATING INCOME	11,524
Staff expenses	(3,139)
Other administrative expenses	(2,694)
Recovery of expenses	546
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(137)
Operating costs	(5,424)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	6,100
Goodwill	-
Net write-downs of loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments	(1,854)
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	4,246
Other charges and provisions	(565)
Integration costs	14
Net income from investments	2,427
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	6,122
Income tax for the year	30
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	6,152
Profit (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	84
Goodwill impairment	-
NET PROFIT (LOSS)	6,236

1.4 Fees for annual audits and related services as prescribed by Art.149-duodecies of the Consob Issuers Regulation

The following table gives fees paid (net of VAT ans expenses) in 2018 for services rendered by Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. and firms in its network.

(Amounts in €)

TYPE OF SERVICE	SERVICE PROVIDER	FEES
Accounting Audit	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	211.495
Accounting Audit	Deloitte Ireland LLP	15.000
Certification services	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	90.000
Certification services	Deloitte Ireland LLP	7.500
Other Services	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	10.000
TOTAL		333.995

1.5 Disclosure regarding the transparency of public funding required by article 1, paragraph 125 of the Italian law 124/2017

Pursuant to article 1, paragraph 125 of Italian law 124/2017, in 2018 FinecoBank received the following public contributions from Italian entities:

Reduction of the extraordinary contribution pursuant to art. 1, paragraph 235 of Law 232 of 11 December 2016 charged to the management of welfare interventions and support for pension management

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	131
TOTAL		131

Contributions for the recruitment / stabilization of personnel deriving from the application of the National Labour Contract ("CCNL") for credit institutions in force from time to time

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
National Fund for supporting employment in the credit sector ("F.O.C.")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	225
TOTAL		225

Contributions for new recruits / stabilizations, introduced by the stability law 2018 (law No. 205/2017) and similar previous regulations

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	292
TOTAL		292

Contributions for the Ordinary section of the Solidarity Fund - benefits: Interministerial Decree 83486 of 28/07/2014 - article 10, paragraph

(Amount in € thousand)

		(Allount in Calousana)
ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	3
TOTAL		3

Article 8 of Legislative Decree 30/9/2005, n. 203 converted, with modifications, from the law 2 December 2005, n. 248. Compensatory measures for companies that assign the Provisions for employee severance pay ("TFR") to supplementary pension schemes and / or to the Fund for the payment of the TFR

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	260
TOTAL		260

For more information, please refer to the National State Aid Register "Transparency" section.

Part C - Consolidated Income Statement (CONTINUED)

Section 25 - Earnings per share

25.1 Average number of diluted ordinary shares

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit of the 2018 by the average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the 2018.

	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Net profit for the year (€ thousands)	241,219	214,120
Average number of outstanding shares	607,575,060	607,158,443
Average number of outstanding shares (including potential ordinary shares with dilution effect)	609,101,538	608,829,187
Basic earnings per share	0.397	0.353
Diluted Earnings Per Share	0.396	0.352

25.2 Other information

No data to report.



Part D - Consolidated comprehensive income

Analytical Statement of consolidated comprehensive income

	70711.0010	(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
10. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	241,219	214,120
Other comprehensive income without reclassification through profit or loss		
20. Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income:	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) transfer to other items of shareholders' equity	-	
30. Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (own creditworthiness changes):	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) transfer to other items of shareholders' equity	-	
Hedge accounting of equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive		
40. income:	-	
a) fair value changes (hedge item)	-	
b) fair value changes (hedge instrument)	-	
50. Property, plant and equipment	-	-
60. Intangible assets		/F.400)
70. Defined benefit plans	5,063	(5,162)
80. Non-current assets classified as held for sale		-
90. Revaluation reserve from investments accounted for using the equity method	- (4.625)	
100. Tax for the year related to other comprehensive income without reclassification through profit or loss	(1,635)	
Other comprehensive income with reclassification through profit or loss		
110. Hedges of foreign investments:	-	-
a) fair value changes		-
b) reclassification through profit or loss	- _	-
c) other changes	-	-
120. Exchange differences:	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes	-	
130. Cash flow hedges:		
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes		
of which: result of net positions	-	
140. Hedging instruments (non-designated items):	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes	-	
Financial assets (different from equity instruments) at fair value through other comprehensive	(10.047)	
150. income:	(10,247)	
a) fair value changes	(6,565)	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	(3,682)	
- adjustments for credit risk	(1)	
- gains/losses on disposals	(3,681)	
c) other changes	-	
160. Non-current assets classified as held for sale:	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes	-	
170. Revaluation reserve from investments accounted for using the equity method:	-	
a) fair value changes (b) real-serification through profit or loss	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	- _	-
- due to impairment	-	
- gains/losses on disposals	-	-
c) other changes	-	0.400
Available-for-sale financial assets:		2,499
a) fair value changes		3,956
b) reclassification through profit or loss		(2,352
- due to impairment		(0.050
- gains/losses on disposals		(2,352
c) other changes	0.000	895
180. Tax for the year related to other comprehensive income with reclassification through profit or loss	3,389	1,117
190. Total other comprehensive income	(3,430)	(1,546)
200. Comprehensive income (item 10+190)	237,789	212,574
210. Consolidated comprehensive income attributable to minorities		
220. Consolidated comprehensive income attributable to Parent Company	237,789	212,574



Part E - Information on Risks and relating hedging policies

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Part E - Information on Risks and relating hedging policies

Introduction

In order to ensure lean and efficient management of risks, the risk management process is structured in accordance with the organisational choices made by the Group and the provisions of the Supervisory Instructions for Banks pertaining to the internal control system.

Risk management and control is performed by the Risk Management function of the Bank in collaboration with the same function of the Parent Company, which performs its role of guidance, coordination and control of risks at Group level. The organisational model provides for a specific contact person, the Chief Risk Officer (hereinafter, "CRO") of the Parent Company, who is responsible for credit risk, market risk, operating risk and reputational risk.

The Bank is responsible for first and second-level monitoring, especially for verifying that the risk level of individual companies is compatible with the guidelines set by the Parent Company, individual company equity, and prudential supervisory rules.

Organisational structure

The Board of Directors of FinecoBank is tasked with setting the strategic policies and the guidelines for the organisational and operational structures, overseeing and monitoring their timely execution within the risk profiles of assigned. The Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and approving the methods through which risks are detected and assessed and for approving the risk management strategic direction and policies. The Board of Directors also verifies that the internal control structure is consistent with the risk tolerance established and approves policies for the management of risks.

The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager has been assigned specific powers by the Board of Directors in all the Bank's areas of activity. These powers are to be exercised in accordance with the applicable regulations and within the limits of the Parent Company directives and the policies, instructions, limits, risk assumption procedures and using the operational methods governed by the applicable information notices. The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager puts in place the necessary measures to ensure the establishment and maintenance of an efficient and effective internal control system.

The CRO Department, in line with the instructions and the guidelines of the Parent Company, is responsible for credit operations and risk management. The disclosure, at various levels, is provided by the various Bodies (Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, Board of Directors, Risk and Related Parties Committee). In relation to the Basel II Pillar 2 instructions, reputational and business risk and, in collaboration with the CFO, liquidity risk are also monitored and reported.

The CRO and the CFO are responsible for proposing and adapting the Group Risk Appetite Framework to FinecoBank and setting risk management strategies and policies, in line with the Bank's strategies and objectives, coordinating and monitoring their implementation by the units responsible, also in the various company areas.

The CRO Department ensures the control of the Bank's overall risk profile by monitoring the various types of risk exposure, in accordance with the methods established by the Parent Company.

The Risk Management Unit prevents and monitors different components of Bank risks. The function specifically controls credit, market and operational risks to which the Bank is exposed. The Risk Management function also monitors business, reputational and liquidity risk. The Risk Management Unit supports the CRO, in the area of responsibility of the Department, in monitoring and reporting to the Strategic Supervision and Management Bodies.

Given the complexity of the Bank's activities and the significant risks involved, the Board of Directors of the Bank decided to establish an Risk and Related Parties Committee to carry out internal control tasks; the committee is made up of non-executive members of the same Board and its task is to carry out adequate investigations to support the Board of Directors in its assessments and decisions on the internal control system and risk management.

Lastly, the participation by the Chief Risk Officer and Head of Risk Management in the Products Committee ensures oversight of the operational risk associated with the Bank's new business activities, as well as creating and disseminating a risk culture in the various functional areas.

Part E - Information on Risks and relating hedging policies (CONTINUED)

Section 1 – Consolidated financial statements risks

This section provides information referring to FinecoBank and Fineco AM, companies included in the consolidated financial statements risks.

As regards Fineco AM, risk management and control are ensured by the Risk Management function of the company, entrusted to the Chief Risk Officer, hierarchically dependent on the CEO and functionally dependent on the CRO of FinecoBank S.p.A.. FinecoBank's internal control system is structured according to the regulatory indications provided by the current legislation and according to the guidelines given by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A.. The methods of control, monitoring and reporting already in place in FinecoBank have been extended to Fineco AM modifying, where necessary, the methods of analysis and controls adapting them to the size, nature and complexity of the business.

Specifically, there are two main risk management activities carried out: the traditional activity of controlling the adherence of the risk/return profile of each fund (Fund Risk Management) and the activity of overseeing operational risks (Operational Risk Management); however provided for in Irish legislation.

Quantitative information

A. Credit quality

A.1 Impaired and unimpaired exposure: amounts, impairment, changes, distribution by business activity

A.1.1 Breakdown of financial assets by portfolio and credit quality (carrying value)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	BAD		PAST DUE IMPAIRED	PAST DUE UNIMPAIRED	OTHER UNIMPAIRED	
PORTFOLIO/QUALITY	EXPOSURES	UNLIKELY TO PAY	EXPOSURES	EXPOSURES	EXPOSURES	TOTAL
Financial assest at amortised cost	1,647	617	553	11,605	23,255,603	23,270,025
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income	-	-	-	-	961,767	961,767
3. Financial assets designated at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	-	-	-	-	65	65
5. Financial instruments classified as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total 31 December 2018	1,647	617	553	11,605	24,217,435	24,231,857
Total 31 December 2017	1,730	495	627	7,511	21,865,828	21,876,191

As at December 31, 2018 there were no impaired purchased loans.

A.1.2 Breakdown of financial assets by portfolio and credit quality (gross and net values)

(Amounts in € thousand) IMPAIRED UNIMPAIRED TOTA TOTAL **GROSS** IMPAIRMENT NET TOTAL PARTIAL **GROSS** IMPAIRMENT NET TOTAL (NET **EXPOSURE EXPOSURE EXPOSURE EXPOSURE** PROVISION **PROVISION** WRITE-OFFS PORTFOLIO/QUALITY EXPOSURE) 1. Financial assest at amortised cost 2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 961.938 (171)961,767 961 767 3. Financial assets designated at fair value Χ 4. Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value 65 5. Financial instruments classified as held for sale Total 31 December 2018 23,936 (21,118)2,818 24,254,263 (25,290)24,229,039 24,231,857 Total 31 December 2017 24,313 (21,460) 2,853 21,884,411 (11,073) 21,873,338 21,876,191

(Amounts in € thousand)

ASSETS WITH OF CLEARLY	OTHER ASSETS			
ACCUMULATED UNREALISED	ACCUMULATED UNREALISED			
LOSSES	NET EXPOSURE	NET EXPOSURE		
-	-	4,764		
-	-	3,314		
-	-	8,078		
-		7,021		
	ACCUMULATED UNREALISED			

B. Disclosure on structured entities (other than securitisation companies)

B.1 Consolidated structured entities

No data to report.

B.2 Non-consolidated structured entities

No data to report.

B.2.1 Consolidated structured entities for supervisory purposes

No data to report

B.2.2 Other structured entities

Qualitative information

The Bank has exposures towards unconsolidated structured entities as a result of investments in units issued by investment funds (UCITS) that qualify as structured entities according to IFRS 12.

Quantitative information

The table below shows the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet exposure to structured entities represented by unconsolidated UCITS units.

	ACCOUNTING	ACCOUNTING				DIFFERENCE BETWEEN EXPOSURE
BALANCE SHEET ITEMS/TYPE OF	PORTFOLIOS OF	PORTFOLIOS OF 1	TOTAL LIABILITIES	NET CARRYING	MAXIMUM EXPOSURE TO	TO THE RISK OF LOSS AND THE
STRUCTURED ENTITY	ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS (A)	LIABILITIES	(B)	AMOUNT (C=A-B)	LOSS (D)	CARRYING AMOUNT (E=D-C)
1.U.C.I.TS.	HFT 2		-	2	2	-

HFT = Financial assets held for trading

Part E - Information on Risks and relating hedging policies (CONTINUED)

Section 2 – Prudential consolidated risks

FinecoBank, although assuming the role of parent company, is a subsidiary of an authorized entity (i.e. UniCredit S.p.A.) in the same member State and therefore does not qualify as a "parent company in an EU member State". Not being a parent company, FinecoBank is not required to make harmonized prudential supervisory reports on a consolidated basis and, for this reason, does not provide information relating to this section.

Therefore, for full qualitative and quantitative information of risk profiles of the Bank reference should be made to Part E "Information on risks and relating hedging policies" in the notes to the accounts.

Section 3 – Insurance companies risk

No information to report.

Section 4 – Other companies' risk

No information to report.



Part F - Consolidated shareholders' equity

Section 1 -	Consolidated Shareholders' equity	235
Section 2 -	Own funds and banking regulatory ratios	237

Part F - Consolidated shareholders' equity

Section 1 - Consolidated Shareholders' equity

A. Qualitative information

The Bank has made a priority of capital management and allocation on the basis of the risk assumed in order to expand its operations and create value. These activities involve the various planning and control stages and, specifically, the planning, budgeting and monitoring processes (analysis of expected and actual performance, analysis and monitoring of limits, performance analysis and monitoring of capital ratios). These activities are also planned in relation to the subsidiary Fineco AM, once it has commenced operations.

Capital and its allocation are therefore extremely important in defining strategies, since on the one hand it represents the shareholders' investment in the Bank, which must be adequately remunerated, on the other hand it is a scarce resource on which there are external limitations imposed by regulatory provisions.

Capital is managed dynamically: the Bank prepares the financial plan, monitors capital requirements for regulatory purposes and anticipates the appropriate steps required to achieve goals.

Monitoring refers, on one hand, to both shareholders' equity and the composition of own funds and, on the other hand, to the planning and performance of risk-weighted assets (RWA).

On January 31, 2018, FinecoBank issued an Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 notes issue (5.5 years, Non-Cumulative Temporary Write-Down Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Notes). The issue of the financial instrument was authorized by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on 23 January 2018. The financial instrument is a perpetual private placement³⁹, issued for a total of €200,000 thousand and entirely subscribed by UniCredit S.p.A. The coupon for the first 5.5 years has been fixed at 4.82%. The decision to carry out an intra-group issuance had many advantages: effective cost savings relating, for example, to the underwriting syndicate, and shorter issue times so as not to miss the right moment, maximising the benefits of the transaction.

In view of the particularly favourable market conditions and spread levels, the Bank decided to issue an Additional Tier 1 in order to improve the diversification of its investment portfolio.

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³⁹ Unrated and unlisted

B. Quantitative information

B.1 Consolidated Shareholders' equity: breakdown by company type

(Amounts in € thousand)

				(vanoane	s iii e (iiousaiiu)
				ELIMINATIONS AND	
	PRUDENTIAL	INSURANCE	OTHER	ADJUSTMENTS FROM	
SHAREHOLDERS' ITEMS	CONSOLIDATED	COMPANIES	COMPANIES	CONSOLIDATION	TOTAL
1. Share capital	200,773	-	-	-	200,773
2. Share premium reserve	1,934	-	-	-	1,934
3. Reserves	355,673	-	-	(164)	355,509
4. Equity instruments	200,000	-	-	-	200,000
5. (Treasury shares)	(13,960)	-	-	-	(13,960)
6. Revaluation reserves	(9,794)	-	-	-	(9,794)
- Equity securities designated at fair value through other comprehensive					
income	-	-	-	-	-
- Hedging of equity securities designated at fair value through other					
comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
- Financial assets (other equity securities) designated at fair value through					
other comprehensive income	(3,410)	-	-	-	(3,410)
- Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-
- Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-
- Hedging instruments of foreign investments	-	-	-	-	-
- Cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	-
- Hedge instruments (non-designated elements)	-				-
- Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-
- Non-current assets classified as held for sale	-				-
- Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (changes					
in own creditworthiness)	-	-	-	-	-
- Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	(6,384)	-	-	-	(6,384)
- Revaluation reserves for associates carried at equity	-	-	-	-	-
- Special revaluation laws	-	-	-	-	-
7. Net profit (loss) for the year (+/-) of group and minorities	227,922	-	-	13,297	241,219
Total	962,548		-	13,133	975,681

The "Eleminations and adjustments for consolidation" column includes the data referring to the subsidiary Fineco AM.

B.2 Revaluation reserves for financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	PRUDE CONSOL		INSURANCE	COMPANIES	OTHER CO	OMPANIES	ELIMINATI ADJUSTME CONSOL	NTS FROM		-AL
	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE	RESERVE
Debt securities	410	(3,820)	-	-	-	-	-	-	410	(3,820)
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total 12.31.2018	410	(3,820)	-		-	-	-	-	410	(3,820)
Total 12.31.2017			•	•		•	•			

Part F - Consolidated shareholders' equity (CONTINUED)

B.3 Revaluation reserves for financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	DEBT SECURITIES	EQUITY SECURITIES	LOANS
1. Opening balance	3,449	-	-
2. Increases	449	-	-
2.1 Fair value increases	372	-	-
2.2 Adjustments for credit risk	77	-	-
2.3 Reclassification through profit or loss of realised negative reserves	-	-	-
2.4 Transfer from other shareholder's equity item (equity securities)	-	=	-
2.5 Other changes	-	-	-
3. Decreases	(7,308)	-	-
3.1 Fair value reductions	(4,843)	-	-
3.2 Recoveries for credit risk	(1)	-	-
3.3 Reclassification through profit or loss of realised positive reserves	(2,464)	-	-
3.4 Transfer to other shareholder's equity item (equity securities)	-	-	-
3.5 Other changes	-	-	-
4. Closing balances	(3,410)	•	-

The initial balance shown in the table refers to the valuation reserves recorded at January 1, 2018 after restating the opening balances following the entry into force of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 5 - Other matters of these the Notes of the consolidated accounts).

B.4 Revaluation reserves on defined benefit obligations: annual changes

1. Opening balance

2.1 Fair value increases

3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes

2.2 Other Changes 3. Decreases

4. Closing balances

2. Increases

(Amounts in € thousand) ACTUARIAL GAINS (LOSSES) ON DEFINED BENEFITS PLANS (9,812) 3,428 3,428 (6,384)

Hereinafter the table drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

B.2 Revaluation reserves for financial assets available for sale: breakdown (ex IAS 39)

(Amounts in € thousand) FI IMINATIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS FROM **BANKING GROUP** INSURANCE COMPENIES OTHER COMPANIES CONSOLIDATION TOTAL NEGATIVE POSITIVE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE POSITIVE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE RESERVE ASSETS/AMOUNTS 1. Debt securities 10,529 10,529 (10,216)2. Equity instruments 1,159 1,159 3. Units in investment funds. Total 12.31.2017 11,688 (10, 216)11,688 (10,216)

Section 2 - Own funds and banking regulatory ratios

FinecoBank is not obliged to report on own funds and consolidated regulatory ratios because it is part of the UniCredit Group. Therefore, please see Part F of the Notes to the corporate Accounts.



Part G - Business combination

Section 1 – Business combinations completed during the year No information to report.

Section 2 – Business combinations completed after year-end No information to report.

Section 3 – Retrospective adjustments No information to report.



Part H - Related-party transactions

1.	Details of compensation for key management personnel	242
2.	Related-party transactions	242

Part H – Related-party Transactions

Information on the fees paid to key management personnel and on related-party transactions, pursuant to IAS 24 is shown below.

1. Details of compensation for key management personnel

Key management personnel are persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the Companies' activities, directly or indirectly. This category includes Board members and members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, pursuant to requirements of the Bank of Italy Circular no. 262 of December 22, 2005 as amended and updated, as well as the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, the Deputy General Manager/GBS Manager, the Chief Financial Officer, the PFA Network Commercial and Private Banking Manager, the Deputy General Manager/Global business Manager.

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS/SECTORS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Fees paid to "Key Management Personnel", Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors		
a) short-term benefits	5,750	5,470
b) post-employment benefits	214	213
of which under defined benefit plans	-	-
of which under defined contribution plans	214	213
c) other long-term employee benefits	-	-
d) termination benefits	1,227	-
e) share-based payments	3,236	2,479
Total	10,427	8,162

2. Related-party transactions

The Board of Directors, in order to ensure continued compliance with applicable legal and regulatory provisions on corporate disclosure on transactions with related parties and persons in conflict of interest, during the meeting on July 31, 2018 and with the prior favorable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors approved last update of "Procedures for managing transactions with subjects in conflict of interest" (the "Procedures").

The aforementioned Procedures include the provisions to be complied with when managing:

- related parties transactions pursuant to the Consob Regulation adopted by resolution on March 12, 2010, no. 17221 as subsequently
- transactions with associated persons pursuant to the regulations on "Risk activities and conflicts of interest with Associated Persons", laid down by Bank of Italy Circular on December 27, 2006, no. 263, Title V, Chapter 5 ("New regulations for the prudential supervision of banks", as amended);
- obligations of bank officers pursuant to Article 136 of Legislative Decree 385 on September 1, 1993, showing the "Consolidated Law on Banking".

Given that the Bank belongs to the UniCredit Group, the aforementioned Procedures are also based on the "UniCredit Global Policy for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest" and the relevant "Global Process Regulation" issued by UniCredit to subsidiaries as part of its management and coordination.

Considering the above, the following Significant Transactions resolved by the Board of Directors during 2018 are recorded:

- on January 23, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors authorized the issue of an Additional Tier 1 bond totaling € 200 million, fully subscribed by means of private placement by the Group Parent UniCredit S.p.A.; the duration of the loan is perpetual, linked to the statutory duration of the Bank, and the coupon for the first 5.5 years was set at 4.82%. The transaction is an "Ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions";
- on February 6, 2018 with the favorable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework Resolution related to the entering into of hedging derivative contracts with the Parent Company or companies in the UniCredit Group", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions with validity up until February 6th, 2019, which enables the Bank to enter into hedging derivatives with the Parent Company and with UniCredit Bank AG for commercial assets or liabilities that, for ALM purposes, require interest rate hedging, with a plafond of €1,000 million with the Parent Company and €1,300 million with UniCredit
- on May 8, 2018, with the favorable opinion by the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of
 - "Framework Resolution Repurchase Agreements and Term Deposits with the Parent Company", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring May 8, 2019), concerning (i) Repurchase Agreements with the Parent Company for a maximum amount of € 7.1 billion, calculated as the sum of the individual transactions in absolute value (either repos or reverse

- repos) and (ii) Term deposits with the Parent Company for an amount of € 6.3 billion, calculated as the sum of the individual transactions in absolute value;
- "Framework Resolution for the transactions on current accounts held with UniCredit", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring May 8, 2019), which enables the Bank to manage transaction through specific current accounts with UniCredit S.p.A. for an maximum amount of € 1,000 million understood as a single transaction (single payment and single withdrawal);
- on June 12, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework Resolution - Trading of financial instruments with institutional counterparties and with UniCredit, on their own account and on behalf of third parties, respectively by the Treasury and Markets functions ", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring June 11, 2019), which enables the Bank to carry out trading in derivates with related parties institutional counterparties, up to a permitted limit of: (i) €2.7 billion with UniCredit Bank AG, (ii) €250 million with Mediobanca SpA and (iii) €1 billion with UniCredit S.p.A.;
- on September 18, 2018, with the favourable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework resolution Stock Lending Activities with institutional customers", ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions effective until September 17, 2019, related to share securities lending transactions, through which FinecoBank may implement, until the above expiry date, those transactions with a plafond of €700 million for transactions with UniCredit Bank AG and €200 million for transactions with Mediobanca S.p.A.;
- on November 6, 2018, with the favourable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework resolution - Trading of financial instruments of the Parent Company", ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions effective until November 6, 2019 related to the purchase or sale of financial instruments issued by UniCredit with limit of € 1,530 million.

Furthermore, the Risks and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Directors, respectively on 10 and 11 December 2018, issued positive opinions, in compliance with the aforementioned Procedures, on the completion of an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions, proposed by the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC (Fineco AM or FAM DAC) and related to the "Framework Resolution - FAM DAC term deposits with UniCredit Bank Ireland PIc" concerning the term deposit transactions with a credit plafond of € 55 million which FAM DAC will be able to carry out with UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc until December 10, 2019.

As already mentioned in the disclosure provided in the 2017 Financial Statements, on December 5, 2017, the Board of Directors - with the favourable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee - approved the signing of a new life insurance brokerage contract between FinecoBank S.p.A. and Aviva S.p.A. (related party), to replace the agreement originally signed in 2002 by UniCredit Xelion Banca S.p.A., which was replaced by FinecoBank S.p.A. as a result of the merger. The projected figures as at December 31, 2017 (€13.4 million net to be paid to the Bank) classified the transaction as "Significant typical Transaction carried out at arm's length". The contract was finalized on April 5, 2018. In the meanwhile, as part of the same agreement, in March 2018 the placement of the Aviva "Multiramo Extra" product was included, which combines with and supplements the range of other "Multi-line" products already in the catalogue.

In relation to the above transactions, the Bank provided a simplified disclosure to CONSOB pursuant to Art. 13, paragraph 3, letter c) of CONSOB Regulation on March 12, 2010, no. 17221.

As of December 31, 2018, no other transactions were undertaken with related parties that could significantly affect the Bank's asset situation and results, or atypical and/or unusual transactions, including intercompany and related party transactions.

Minor Transactions were also carried out with the Parent Company, other Group companies and/or with related parties in general, both Italian and foreign, within the ordinary course of business and related financial activities of the Bank, at market or standard conditions.

Lastly, with regard to transactions of significant financial and economic relevance, during 2012, the Bank issued 5 bank guarantees in favour of the Italian Revenue Agency upon (guaranteed) request by UniCredit S.p.A., with indefinite duration (specifically, valid until the Italian Revenue Agency issues a declaration of receipt of the payment by UniCredit S.p.A. at the end of the collection process, in the event of an unfavourable outcome for UniCredit S.p.A., or until a ruling is issued in favour of the Bank by means of final judgement), for a total amount of €256 million, plus interest accrued and accruing until request for payment from the Italian Revenue Agency. The bank guarantees were issued to secure the obligations assumed by UniCredit S.p.A. in relation to five VAT refund suspension orders issued by the Italian Revenue Agency, and entail the assumption by the Bank of an irrevocable payment commitment on demand, within 30 days and without any exceptions. In 2013, following the settlement of an overall assessment notice issued by the Regional Department of Liguria, for €4.5 million, replaced by another assessment notice issued by the same Department up to the amount settled, a guarantee already issued by the Bank was replaced, with amounts unchanged; this transaction did not change the commitments undertaken according to the forms, procedures and risks already assessed during 2012, which remained unchanged; in this regard it is specified, however, following the consolidation of the definition of pending charges linked to the aforementioned bank guarantees, in December 2018 UniCredit S.p.A. has required the almost total release (about €224.5 million) to the competent office of the Regional Department of Liguria and the Bank is waiting for the corresponding reply.

Part H - Related-party transactions (CONTINUED)

The following statement shows the outstanding assets, liabilities, guarantees and commitments as at December 31, 2018, for each group of related parties pursuant to IAS 24:

(Amounts in € thousand) AMOUNTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018 DIRECTORS, BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS AND OTHER % OF CARRYING SHAREHOLD % OF CARRYING KEY MANAGEMENT RELATED TOTAL PERSONNEL **PARTIES** AMOUNT FRS AMOUNT Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivable with banks 0.00% 0.00% Financial assets at amortised cost 1,002 b) loans and receivable with customers 13.113 14.115 0.13% 1.762 0.02% 1,762 Total assets 1,002 13,117 14,119 0.06% 0.01% Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks 1,641 1,641 0.01% 0.00% Financial liabilities at amortised cost 2,281 6,480 8,761 0.04% 0.00% b) deposits from customers Other liabilities 130 61 191 0.06% 0.00% Total liabilities 2,411 8,182 10,593 0.04% 0.00% Guarantees given and commitments 92 100 0.01% 0.00%

The following table sets out the impact of transactions with related parties on the main Consolidated Income Statement items, for each group of related parties.

(Amounts in € thousand)

	INCOME STATEMENT AT DECEMBER 31, 2018					
	DIRECTORS, BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL	OTHER RELATED PARTIES	TOTAL	% OF CARRYING AMOUNT	SHAREHOLDE RS	% OF CARRYING AMOUNT
Interest income and similar revenues	11	16	27	0.01%	-	0.00%
Interest expenses and similar charges	(1)	-	(1)	0.01%	-	0.00%
Fee and commission income	11	40,321	40,332	7.06%	7,548	1.32%
Fee and commission expenses	-	(254)	(254)	0.09%	-	0.00%
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading	-	(20)	(20)	-0.05%	-	0.00%
Impairment losses/writebacks	(2)	(9)	(11)	0.31%	(2)	0.06%
Other administrative expenses	-	(172)	(172)	0.07%	-	0.00%
Other net operating income	36	10	46	0.05%	-	0.00%
Total income statement	55	39,892	39,947		7,546	

With regard to the category "Directors, Board of Statutory Auditors and Key Management Personnel", in application of the special regulations laid down in Article 136 of Legislative Decree 385/93 (Consolidated Law on Banking), the obligations established for persons that perform administrative, management and control functions pursuant to those regulations were unanimously approved by a resolution of the Board of Directors with the favourable vote of all members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, in accordance with Article 136 of said Consolidated Law on Banking.

The category "Directors, Board of Statutory Auditors and Key Management Personnel" includes their dealings with the Bank (excluding their fees, which are discussed in point 1. *Details of compensation for key management personnel*) and the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., mainly concerning assets for credit card use and mortgages, liabilities for funds held by them with the Bank and costs and revenues generated from the aforesaid assets and liabilities.

The "Other related parties" category, where present, includes:

- close family members of key management personnel (i.e., relatives who could be expected to influence, or be influenced by the party involved);
- companies controlled (or jointly controlled) by, or associated with, "key management personnel" or their close family members;
- associates, and their subsidiaries, of the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A..

Transactions with "Other related parties", mainly refer to:

- assets for credit card use and liabilities for funds held with the Bank or securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money;
- assets for current receivables associated with the provision of financial services, mainly referring to fees for the placement of asset management and insurance products;
- costs and revenues generated from the above assets and liabilities, mainly referring to subscription and management fee and commission income related to the placement of asset management and insurance products and insurance premiums.

The "Shareholders" category includes shareholders and their subsidiaries holding an investment higher than 2% of voting shares of FinecoBank and of the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A.. Transactions mainly refer to operating receivables connected with the provision of financial services referring to the commissions to be cashed for the placement of asset management products and the revenues generated by the same placement activity.

Amounts as at December 31, 2018 and the income components accrued in 2018 relating to the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A. and the UniCredit group companies are not included, as they are presented further below.

Transactions with the Parent Company and other Unicredit Group companies

(Amounts in € thousand)
% OF CARRYING AMOUNT Total transactions with UniCredit Group companies TOTAL 12.31.2018 49.06% Assets 12,134,832 Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks 12,130,425 97.50% 0.00% Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers 4,361 1.24% Other assets 1,032,511 Liabilities 4.17% Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks 828,401 82.04% 4,072 1.21% Other liabilities Provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given 38 77.55% 200.000 100.00% Equity instruments **Guarantees and commitments** 256,070 17.17% Guarantees given and commitments 256,070 17.17% 156,117 Income statement Interest income and similar revenues 59.18% 173,469 Interest expenses and similar charges (2,931)20.26% Fee and commission income 1,329 0.23% Fee and commission expenses (6,582) 2.43% 3.151 89.52% Impairment losses/writebacks Administrative expenses (12,744)3.70% Net provisions for risks and charges a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given 412 102.49% Other net operating income 13 0.01%

The following table summarises transactions with UniCredit group companies as at December 31, 2018.

(Amounts in € thousand)

			GUARANTEES AND	
COMPANY	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	COMMITMENTS	INCOME STATEMENT
Unicredit S.p.A.	12,126,481	996,690	256,070	164,561
Unicredit Bank AG	85	35,668	-	764
Unicredit Bank AG Milano	-	-	-	136
UniCredit International Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.	-	-	-	27
Unicredit Factoring S.p.A.	-	-	-	81
Unicredit Leasing S.p.A.	-	-	-	6
Unicredit Business Integrated Solutions S.C.p.A.	234	137	-	(9,468)
Cordusio Società Fiduciaria per Azioni	46	16	-	24
Unicredit Bank Ireland p.l.c.	7,986	-	-	(14)
Total	12,134,832	1,032,511	256,070	156,117

Part H - Related-party transactions (CONTINUED)

The following tables contain a breakdown of the items relating to Assets, Liabilities, Guarantees and Commitments, Costs and Revenues for each individual Group company.

Transactions with parent company

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit S.p.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	12,126,481
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	12,122,389
Other assets	4,092
Liabilities	996,690
Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	792,733
Other liabilities	3,919
Provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given	38
Equity instruments	200,000
Guarantees and commitments	256,070
Guarantees given and commitments	256,070
Income statement	164,561
Interest income and similar revenues	173,318
Interest expenses and similar charges	(2,931)
Fee and commission income	507
Fee and commission expenses	(6,553)
Impairment losses/writebacks	3,167
Administrative expenses	(3,372)
Net provisions for risks and charges a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	412
Other net operating income	13

Transactions with companies controlled by UniCredit S.p.A.

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Bank AG	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	85
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	50
Other assets	35
Liabilities	35,668
Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	35,668
Income statement	764
Interest income and similar revenues	149
Fee and commission income	616
Fee and commission expenses	(1)

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Bank AG Milano	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Income statement	136
Fee and commission income	136

	(Amounts in € thousand)
UniCredit International Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Income statement	27
Fee and commission income	27

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Factoring S.p.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Income statement	81
Administrative expenses	81

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Business Integrated Solutions S.C.p.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	234
Other assets	234
Liabilities	137
Other liabilities	137
Income statement	(9,468)
Administrative expenses	(9,468)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	(Amounts in C mousand)
Cordusio Società Fiduciaria per Azioni	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	46
Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers	46
Liabilities	16
Other liabilities	16
Income statement	24
Fee and commission income	44
Fee and commission expenses	(28)
Administrative expenses	8

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Bank Ireland p.l.c.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	7,986
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	7,986
Income statement	(14)
Interest income and similar revenues	2
Impairment losses/writebacks	(16)

Part I - Share-based payments

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Part I - Share-based payments

A. Qualitative information

1. Description of share-based payments

1.1 Outstanding instruments

The Medium & Long Term Incentive Plans for employees and personal financial advisors of the Bank include the following types of instruments:

- Equity-Settled Share Based Payments that involve payments settled with shares of the parent UniCredit S.p.A. and of the Bank;
- Cash Settled Share Based Payments that involve payments made in cash⁴⁰.

The above categories refer to the allocation of the following plans:

- Group Executive Incentive Systems that offers eligible Group Executives a variable remuneration for which payment will be made within a maximum of five years. The beneficiaries receive a payment in cash and/or UniCredit shares, in relation to the achievement of performance conditions (other than marked conditions) stated in the Plan Rules:
- Incentive Systems (Bonus Pool), offering selected Executives and personnel identified on the basis of regulatory requirements, a bonus structure consisting of immediate payments (following performance evaluation) and deferred payments in cash and ordinary UniCredit or FinecoBank shares, over a maximum period of 6 years. This payment structure ensures that bonuses are aligned to shareholders' interests and is subject to malus clauses (which apply in the event that specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not met at Group and/or at Country/Division level) and clawback clauses (to the extent they are legally applicable) in accordance with the plan rules (both represent vesting conditions other than market conditions);
- Employee Share Ownership Plan (ESOP Let's Share), which offers eligible Bank employees the possibility to buy UniCredit ordinary shares with the advantage of involving the granting of free ordinary shares ("Free Shares" or rights to receive them) measured on the basis of the shares purchased by each Participant ("Investment Share") during the "Enrolment Period". The granting of free ordinary shares is subordinated to vesting conditions stated in the Plan Rules;
- Stock granting for employees that grants the free allocation of FinecoBank shares to beneficiaries belonging to the category of Managers with Strategic Responsibilities ("2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management"). Shares will be allocated to the beneficiaries in 4 yearly tranches starting from 2017. The plan is subject to access conditions (profitability and capital thresholds) and clawback clauses (as legally applicable) in accordance with its rules;
- 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Employees entirely based on free FinecoBank shares, to be granted to selected Bank's Employees. The Plan provides goals linked to 2020 FinecoBank targets in terms of value creation, sustainability and risk, with entry condition at Bank and Group level and clawback and malus conditions. The Plan provides a payout structure in a multi year period defined on the basis of the beneficiaries categories, in line with the regulatory provisions;
- Stock granting for personal financial advisors offering the allocation of free shares of FinecoBank to the network's personal financial advisors, subject to the achievement by the Bank's entire PFA network of a set net sales target for the three-year period 2015-2017 ("2015-2017 PFA Plan"). The shares will be allocated to the respective beneficiaries in 3 annual instalments from 2018. The plan is subject to access conditions (profitability and capital thresholds) and clawback clauses (as legally applicable) in accordance with the plan
- 2015 Incentive System personal financial advisors, offering selected financial advisors, identified Staff in accordance with regulatory requirements, an incentive system consisting of immediate cash payments (following performance evaluation) and deferred payments and the allocation of Phantom Shares, over a period of 5 years. This payment structure ensures that bonuses are aligned to shareholders' interests and is subject to malus clauses (which apply in the event that specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not met at Group and/or at Country/Division level) and clawback clauses (to the extent they are legally applicable) in accordance with the plan rules (both vesting conditions other than market conditions);
- PFA Incentive Systems, offering selected financial advisors, identified Staff in accordance with regulatory requirements, incentive systems consisting of immediate cash payments (following performance evaluation) and deferred payments, in cash and FinecoBank ordinary shares, over a period of 5 years. This payment structure ensures that bonuses are aligned to shareholders' interests and is subject to malus clauses (which apply in the event that specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not met at Group and/or FinecoBank level) and clawback clauses (to the extent they are legally applicable) in accordance with the plan rules (both vesting conditions other than market conditions);
- 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Financial Advisors Identified Staff that provides a bonus in cash and FinecoBank ordinary shares for the financial advisors that will be identified Staff in 2020 towards the achievement of commercial performance goal in 2018 2020. The plan provides entry conditions at Bank and Group level and malus and clawback conditions. The plan provides also a multiyear payout structure.

Shares for employee incentive plans envisaging the allocation of FinecoBank shares will be issued through free capital increases in accordance with Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code.

⁴⁰ Commensurate to the economic value of FinecoBank S.p.A.'s equity instruments.

The financial instruments for incentive plans for the Bank's financial advisors involving the allocation of FinecoBank shares will be obtained through market purchases in implementation of the authorisation of the Bank Shareholders' Meeting pursuant to Article 2357 of the Italian Civil Code and of the Supervisory Authority.

1.2 Measurement model

1.2.1 Group Executive Incentive System

The amount of the incentive is determined on the basis of the achievement of quantitative and qualitative goals stated by the plan. In particular, the overall evaluation is expressed as a percentage, from a minimum of 0% to a maximum of 150% (non market vesting conditions). This percentage, adjusted by the application of a risk/opportunity factor - Group Gate - at first payment and multiplied by the incentive, determines the actual amount that will be paid to the beneficiary.

The balance-sheet and income statement effects are spread according to the term of the Plans.

No new Plans were granted in 2018.

1.2.2 Incentive System (Bonus Pool)

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plans are divided into clusters, each of which may include two to three deferred share-based payment instalments according to the period defined by the plan rules. The Plans have been allocated starting from 2014 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.2.1 2017 Incentive System (Bonus Pool)

The plan was allocated in 2017 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED			
	2017 INCENTIVE SYSTEM (BONUS POOL)			
	2020 INSTALMENT	2021 INSTALMENT	2022 INSTALMENT	2023 INSTALMENT
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-19	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-21
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.690	9.690	9.690	9.690
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-0.575	-0.894	-1.267	-1.921
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.115	8.796	8.423	7.769

1.2.2.2 2018 Incentive System (Bonus Pool)

The 2018 Incentive System is based on a bonus pool approach, in line with regulatory requirements and market practices; this approach sets out:

- the system's sustainability, by linking it directly to business results and aligning it to relevant risk categories through specific indicators that reflect the risk appetite framework;
- the link between the bonus and the organisational structure, the bonus pool being defined at Bank level and further reviewed at Group
- the allocation of bonuses to beneficiaries identified as Executives and other key personnel on the basis of criteria laid down in the Regulation of the European Banking Authority (EBA), and to other specific roles, based on local regulatory requirements;
- a structure of payments spread over a period of up to 6 years and consisting of a mix of cash and shares, aligned with the latest regulatory requirements as set out in Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD IV).

The plan was assigned during the current year and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.3 Employee Share Ownership Plan (ESOP – Let's Share)

During 2018 no new plans were assigned, but the economic and equity effects referring to the Let's 2017 Plan were recorded, in line with the provisions of the regulation.

Part I - Share-based payments (CONTINUED)

1.2.4 Stock granting for employees

1.2.4.1 2014 - 2017 Multi-year - Top management Plan

The plan offers the allocation of free shares of FinecoBank to beneficiaries belonging to the Top Management with strategic responsibilities. The shares will be allocated to the respective beneficiaries, once the vesting period has elapsed and satisfaction of the conditions has been verified, in 4 annual tranches, starting in 2017.

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plan was allocated in 2014 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.5 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Employees

The Plan establishes FinecoBank targets set at 2020 in terms of value creation, sustainability and risk.

The Plan Beneficiaries are selected among the "key" Bank resources, including the Mnagers with Strategic Responsibilities.

The Plan, which is in line with regulatory requirements and market practices, includes:

- Bank goal sas EVA, Cost/Income and Cost of Risk on commercial loans;
- Bank and Group entry and malus conditions based on profitability, capital and liquidity parameters
- Individual compliance and clawback conditions:
- a risk adjustment based on the yearly results of the CRO Dashboard.

The plan was allocated in the current exercise and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED				
	2018-2020 LC	2018-2020 LONG TERM INCETIVE PLAN- IDENTIFIED STAFF AND CEO			
	2023 INSTALMENT	2023 INSTALMENT	2024 INSTALMENT	2025 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-May-18	08-May -18	08-May-18	08-May-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-23	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.880	9.880	9.880	9.880	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-1.354	-1.354	-1.721	-2.084	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	8.526	8.526	8.159	7.796	

		FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED			
	2018-202	2018-2020 LONG TERM INCETIVE PLAN- OTHER PERSONNEL			
	2023 INSTALMENT	2023 INSTALMENT	2024 INSTALMENT	2025 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-May -18	08-May -18	08-May-18	08-May-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-23	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.880	9.880	9.880	9.880	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-0.609	-0.983	-1.354	-1.721	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.271	8.897	8.526	8.159	

1.2.6 Stock granting for Personal Financial Advisors

1.2.6.1 2015 - 2017 PFA Plan

The amount of the incentive will be determined on the basis of the achievement of the goals stated by the plan, subject to the Bank's entire financial advisors network meeting their cumulative net sales targets for the three-year period 2015-2017.

The plan helps align the interests of beneficiaries, shareholders and other stakeholders and implement effective remuneration practices, in accordance with the applicable legislative and regulatory framework. The plan is subject to verification that the conditions established by the plan rules are satisfied.

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plan was allocated in 2014 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINEC	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED			
	-	2015-2017 PFA PLAN			
	2020 INSTALMENT	2021 INSTALMENT	2022 INSTALMENT		
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	02-Jul-14	02-Jul-14	02-Jul-14		
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-Feb-18	08-Feb-18	08-Feb-18		
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15		
Vesting Period End Date	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-20		
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	10.087	10.087	10.087		
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	0.000	-0.290	-0.609		
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	10.087	9.797	9.478		

1.2.7 2015 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors

The amount of the incentive is determined on the basis of the achievement of the goals stated by the plan.

The balance-sheet and income statement effects are spread across the term of the Plan. The economic value of the phantom shares allocated corresponds to the market price of the FinecoBank shares.

The plan was allocated in 2015 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED				
	2015 INCENTIVE SYSTEM PFA				
	2018 INSTALMENT	2019 INSTALMENT	2020 INSTALMENT		
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	10-Mar-15	10-Mar-15	10-Mar-15		
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-Feb-16	08-Feb-16	08-Feb-16		
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15		
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-18		
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.690	To be defined	To be defined		
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	0.000	To be defined	To be defined		
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.690	To be defined	To be defined		

1.2.8 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plans are divided into clusters, each of which may include two to three deferred share-based payment instalments according to the period defined by the plan rules. The Plans have been allocated starting from 2016 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

Part I - Share-based payments (CONTINUED)

1.2.8.1 2017 PFA Incentive System

The plan was allocated in 2017 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINEC	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED				
	201	2017 PFA INCENTIVE SYSTEM				
	2020 INSTALMENT	2020 INSTALMENT 2021 INSTALMENT				
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17			
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18			
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17			
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-19	31-Dec-20			
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.690	9.690	9.690			
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-0.575	-0.894	-1.267			
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.115	8.796	8.423			

1.2.8.2 2018 PFA Incentive System

The 2018 PFA Incentive System is based on a bonus pool approach, in line with regulatory requirements and market practices; this approach sets out:

- the system's sustainability, by linking it directly to business results and aligning it to relevant risk categories through specific indicators that reflect the risk appetite framework;
- the link between the bonus and the organisational structure, the bonus pool being defined at Bank level and further reviewed at Group
- the allocation of bonuses to beneficiaries identified as key personnel based on criteria laid down in the Regulation of the European Banking Authority (EBA), and to other specific roles, based on local regulatory requirements;
- a structure of payments spread over a period of up to 5 years and consisting of a mix of cash and shares, aligned with the latest regulatory requirements as set out in Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD IV).

The plan was assigned during the current year and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.9 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Personal Financial Advisors Identified Staff

The Plan is dedicated to the Financial Advisors that will be Bank's Identified Staff in 2020 and provides three-years (2018-2020) commercial performance goals. Moreover the Plan includes:

- entry conditions based on individual FinecoBank, and Group performance;
- FinecoBank capital, liquidity and profitability and Group capital and liquidity malus conditions
- Specific individual compliance and clawback conditions;
- a risk adjustment based on the yearly results of the CRO Dashboard;
- a balanced payment structure with upfront and deferred payments in cash and/or FinecoBank shares.

The plan was allocated in the current exercise and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

B. Quantitative information

1. Annual changes

	PRUDENT	IAL CONSOL	IDATED	INSURA	NCE COMPA	ANIES	ОТНЕ	R COMPAN	IES	Т	OTAL 12.31.20	18	TO	ΓAL 12.31.20	17
ITEMS/NUMBER OF OPTIONS AND EXERCISE PRICE	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	AVERAGE PRICES	AVARAGE MATURITY	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	AVERAGE PRICES	AVARAGE MATURITY	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	AVERAGE PRICES		NUMBER OF OPTIONS		AVARAGE MATURITY	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	AVERAGE PRICES	AVARAGE MATURITY
A. Opening balance	1,971,985		gen-19		-			-		1,971,985	-	gen-19	2,937,685	-	nov-17
B. Increases	3,046,264	-	Х		-	Х			Х	3,046,264		Х	632,553		Х
B.1 New issues	3,046,264	-	ott-20	-	-			-		3,046,264	-	ott-20	632,553	-	gen-20
B.2 Other increases	-	-	X		-	X	-	-	Х	-	-	X	-	-	X
C. Decreases	(1,438,004)		Х		-	Х			Х	(1,438,004)		X	(1,598,253)		X
C.1 Cancelled	(61,227)	-	Х	-	-	Х	-	-	Х	(61,227)	-	X	(4,897)	-	X
C.2 Exercised	(1,376,777)	-	X		-	X	-	-	X	(1,376,777)	-	X	(1,593,356)	-	X
C.3 Expired	-	-	Х	-	-	Х	-	-	Х	-	-	X	-	-	X
C.4 Other changes	-	-	Х	-	-	Х	-	-	Х	-	-	X	-	-	X
D. Closing balance	3,580,245	-	set-20		-					3,580,245	-	set-20	1,971,985	-	gen-19
E. Vesting options at the end of the period	552,883		х			х			х	552,883	-	х	718,153		х

The number of shares specified in the above table only refers to plans for which the number of shares allotted to individual beneficiaries has already been defined. The average prices for the year have not been stated because only freely allocated shares were involved.

Other information

Effects on Profit and Loss

The income statement and balance-sheet effects of the incentive systems based on FinecoBank and UniCredit shares are shown below, except for the balance of the reserve related to equity-settled plans.

The consolidated income statement impact is determined each year based on the vesting period of the instruments.

Financial statement presentation related to payments based on shares of FinecoBank and of the Parent **Company UniCredit**

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12	TOTAL 12.31.2018		2.31.2017
	TOTAL	VESTED PLANS	TOTAL	VESTED PLANS
Costs	8,410		8,275	
- connected to Equity Settled Plans	8,354		8,109	
- connected to Cash Settled Plans	56		166	
Sums paid to UniCredit S.p.A. for vested plans		417		231
Sums collected by UniCredit S.p.A. for vested plans		64		
Payable due to UniCredit S.p.A.	179		573	
Credit accrued towards Unicredit S.p.A.	76		-	
Payable due to personal financial advisors for Cash Settled plans	159		365	

Please note that the charges relating to Equity Settled Plans were recognised as Administrative costs - Staff expenses with respect to the plans granted to employees and as Administrative costs or Fee and commission expense with regard to plans granted to personal financial advisors. Charges relating to Cash Settled Plans granted to financial advisors have been recognised as Fee and commission expense.



Part L - Segment reporting

Segment reporting information is not provided as the Fineco's particular business model provides for a high level of integration among its different activities including the activity carried-out by the Irish subsiary Fineco Asset Management DAC thanks to the vertically integrated business model; thus it is not significant to identify distinct operating sectors.

The banking and investment services are offered by FinecoBank through a network of personal financial advisors and online and mobile channels, that operate in a coordinated and integrated manner. The fully-comprehensive nature of the services offered allows to act as a one-stop solution for customers' banking and investment requirements. This strategy, which is strongly anchored to the customer, means that revenues and margins relative to various products/services (investing, banking and brokerage) are highly interdependent on each other. This integration approach has also inspired top management in setting company targets and identifying the means to achieve them.

As regards information on revenues from customers by product/service, in view of the above, reference should be made to information in Part C -Information on the consolidated income statement of these Notes to the Consolidated Accounts.

It is note worthing that FinecoBank mainly targets retail customers in Italy, given the non-significant contribution from operations to UK customers. The subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC carries out asset management activities in Ireland, towards the Italian retail customers and towards institutional customers, mainly resident in Luxembourg.

Information concerning the degree of dependency on main customers is therefore considered by top management as not being of material importance for information purposes, and is not therefore disclosed.



Annexes

Reconciliation of condensed consolidated accounts to mandatory reporting schedule

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Reconciliation of condensed consolidated accounts to mandatory reporting

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT AS	AMOUNT AS AT			
ASSETS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017			
Cash and cash balances = item 10	6	613			
Financial assets held for trading	6,876	8,827			
20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss a) financial assets held for trading	6,876	8,827			
Loans and receivables with banks	3,058,882	3,039,206			
40. Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	12,440,994	13,345,532			
less: Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks - Debt securities	(9,382,112)	(10,306,326)			
Loans and receivables with customers	2,955,074	2,129,219			
40. Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers	10,829,029	6,955,609			
less: Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers - Debt securities	(7,873,955)	(4,826,390)			
Financial investments	18,231,182	16,715,042			
20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	13,342	539,855			
30. Financial asset at fair value through on other comprehensive income	961,773	1,042,471			
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks - Debt securities	9,382,112	10,306,326			
Financial assets at Amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers - Debt securities	7,873,955	4,826,390			
Hedging instruments	8,187	10,048			
50. Hedging derivatives	3,314	458			
60. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)	4,873	9,590			
Property, plant and equipment = item 90	16,632	15,205			
Goodwill = item 100. Intangible assets of which: goodwill	89,602	89,602			
Other intangible assets = item 100 net of goodwill	8,705	7,909			
Tax assets = item 110	6,714	9,249			
Other assets = item 130	350,770	315,415			
Total assets	24,732,630	22,340,335			

(Amounts in € thousand)

	AMOUNT AS	AT
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001
Deposits from customers	22,273,188	20,205,036
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost b) deposits from customers	22,273,188	20,205,036
Financial liabilities held for trading = item 20	2,221	11,936
Hedging instruments	7,941	(397)
40. Hedging derivatives	5,341	3,375
50. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities (+/-)	2,600	(3,772)
Tax liabilities = item 60	12,390	10,234
Other liabilities	451,435	455,699
80. Other liabilities	337,069	338,286
90. Provisions for employee severance pay	4,561	4,999
100. Provisions for risks and charges	109,805	112,414
Shareholders' Equity	975,681	731,826
- capital and reserves	744,256	526,046
140. Equity instruments	200,000	-
150. Reserves	355,509	323,932
160. Share premium reserve	1,934	1,934
170. Share capital	200,773	200,545
180. Treasury shares (-)	(13,960)	(365)
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)
120. Revaluation reserves of which: financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(3,410)	1,472
120. Revaluation reserves for actuarial net gains (losses) for defined benefit plans	(6,384)	(9,812)
- net profit = item 200	241,219	214,120
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	24,732,630	22,340,335

As stated in the "Introduction to the annual reports and accounts", the balance-sheet data as at December 31, 2017 have been restated, with unchanged totals, according to the reclassified financial statement format that incorporates the changes introduced by the mentioned 5th update of Circular 262.

	YEA	(Amounts in € thousand)
INCOME STATEMENT	2018	2017
Net interest	278.659	264,781
30. Net interest margin	278,659	264,781
Dividends and other income from equity investments	42	29
70. Dividend income and similar revenue	94	55
less: dividends from held-for-trading equity instruments included in item 70	(52)	(26)
Net fee and commission income = item 60	300,443	270,083
60. Net fee and commission income	300,443	270,083
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	44,239	48,219
80. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading	43,833	10,210
90. Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting	171	19
110. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,500)	- 10
100. Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,666	
+ dividends from held-for-trading equity instruments included in item 70	52	26
+ gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities (unimpaired)	17	20
	- 17	47,413
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 item 80)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 item 100)	4.040	761
Net other expenses/income	1,913	3,760
230. Other net operating income	96,379	90,303
less: other net operating income - of which: recovery of expenses	(96,767)	(93,367)
less: adjustments of leasehold improvements	2,301	2,873
100. Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost (unimpaired)	17	-
less: gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities (unimpaired)	(17)	-
Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) loans and receivables (ex IAS 39 item 100)		3,951
OPERATING INCOME	625,296	586,872
Staff expenses	(86,606)	(79,294)
190. Administrative expenses - a) staff expenses	(86,727)	(78,886)
less: integration cost	121	(408)
Other administrative expenses	(245,502)	(236,945)
190. Administrative expenses - b) other administrative expenses	(257,507)	(244,638)
less: ex-ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund (SRF) Deposit Guarantee Systems (DGS)	14,306	10,566
+ adjustments of leasehold improvements	(2,301)	(2,873)
Recovery of expenses	96,767	93,367
230. Other net operating income- of which: recovery of expenses	96,767	93,367
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(10,423)	(10,369)
210. Impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment	(5,464)	(5,569)
220. Impairment/write-backs on intangible assets	(4,959)	(4,800)
Operating costs	(245,764)	(233,241)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	379,532	353,631
Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guaranteed and commitments	(4,384)	(5,351)
130. Impairment losses/writebacks on: a) financial assets at amortised cost	(3,406)	(0,00.)
less: impairment losses/writebacks on: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities	(1,380)	
130. Impairment losses/writebacks on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(114)	
100. Impairment tosses/whitebacks on: b) imanetar assets at tair value amough other comprehensive meome	(114)	
less: impairment losses/writebacks on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - debt securities	114	
200. Net provisions for risks and charges a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	402	
Impairment losses/writebacks on: a) loans and receivables (ex IAS 39 item 130)	402	/F 2F7\
		(5,357)
Impairment losses/writebacks on: d) other financial assets (ex IAS 39 item 130)	075 440	6
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	375,148	348,280
Other charges and provisions	(21,380)	(19,025)
200. Net provisions for risks and charges b) other net provision	(7,074)	(8,459)
+ ex-ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund (SRF) Deposit Guarantee Systems (DGS)	(14,306)	(10,566)
Integration costs	(121)	408
Net income from investments	1,105	(13,399)
+ impairment losses/writebacks on: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities	1,380	
+ impairment losses/writebacks on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - debt securities	(114)	
280. Gains (losses) on disposal of investments	(161)	(508)
Impairment losses/writebacks on: b) available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 item 130)		(12,891)
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	354,752	316,264
Income tax for the year = voce 300	(113,533)	(102,144)
NET PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	241,219	214,120
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	241,219	214,120
NET PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE GROUP	241,219	214,120

As stated in the "Introduction to the annual reports and accounts", the income statement for the year 2017 have been restated, with unchanged totals, according to the reclassified financial statement format that incorporates the changes introduced by the mentioned 5th update of Circular 262.



Certification of consolidated annual Financial Statements pursuant to article 81-ter of Consob regulation no. 11971 of May 14, 1999 and subsequent amendments

- 1. The undersigned, Alessandro Foti, as Managing Director and General Manager of FinecoBank S.p.A., and Lorena Pelliciari, as Nominated Official in charge of drawing up company accounts of FinecoBank S.p.A, taking into account the provisions of Article 154-bis, par. 3 and 4 of Legislative Decree 58 of February 24, 1998, do hereby certify:
 - the adequacy in relation to the Company's features and
 - the actual application

of the administrative and accounting procedures used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

- 2. The adequacy of the administrative and accounting procedures employed to draw up the consolidated financial statements for the year has been evaluated by applying a model defined by the UniCredit Group, in accordance with the "Internal Control - Integrated Framework (CoSO)" and the "Control Objective for IT and Related Technologies (Cobit)", which are international commonly accepted standards for the internal control system and for financial reporting.
- 3. The undersigned also certify that:
 - 3.1 The consolidated financial statements:
 - were prepared in compliance with applicable international accounting standards recognised by the European Community pursuant to European Parliament and Council Regulation 1606/2002 of July 19, 2002;
 - correspond to the results of the books and accounting records;
 - are suitable to provide a fair and correct representation of the financial position and performance of the issuer and the group of companies included in the scope of consolidation;
 - 3.2. The Report on Operations includes a reliable analysis of the operating trend and results, as well as of the situation of the issuer and of the legal entities included in the scope of consolidation, together with a description of the main risks and uncertainties they are exposed to.

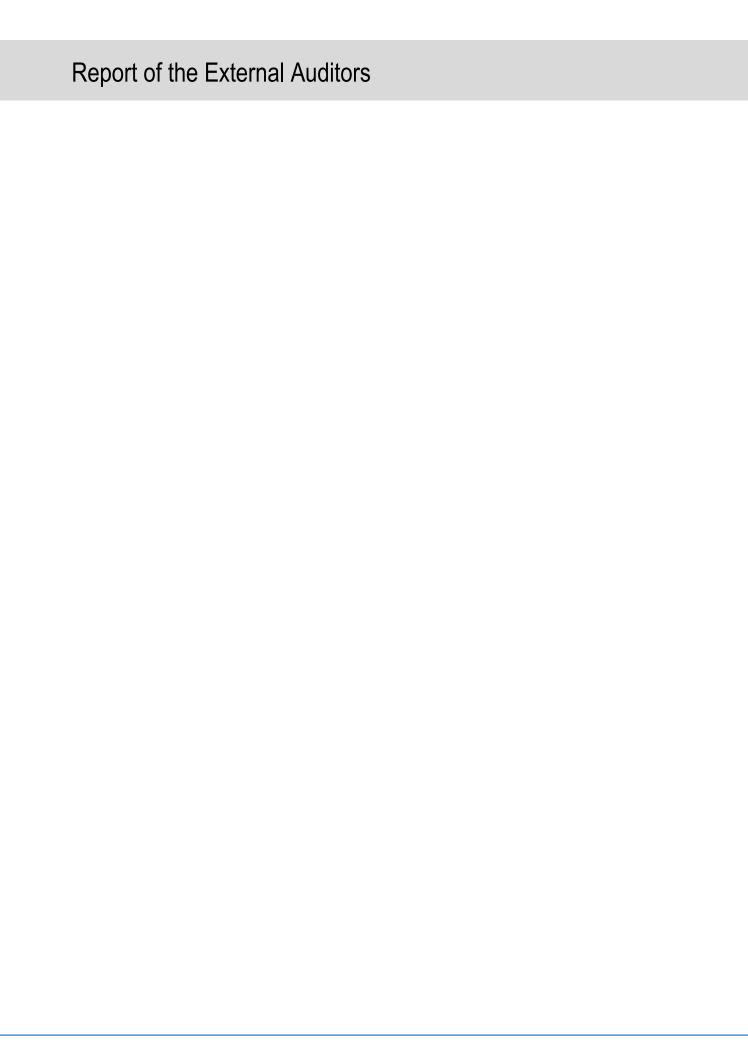
Milan, February 5, 2019

FinecoBank S.p.A. The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager Alessandro Foti

FinecoBank S.p.A. The Manager Responsible for Preparing the Company's Financial Reports Lorena Pelliciari









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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF LEGISLATIVE DECREE No. 39 OF JANUARY 27, 2010 AND ARTICLE 10 OF THE EU REGULATION 537/2014

To the Shareholders of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. and its subsidiary (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at December 31, 2018, the consolidated income statement, the statement of consolidated comprehensive income, the statement of changes in consolidated equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the consolidated accounts.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2018 and of its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of national regulations issued pursuant to art. 9 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 38/05 and art. 43 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 136/15.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. (the "Bank") in accordance with the ethical requirements applicable under Italian law to the audit of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Ancona Bari Bergamo Bologna Brescia Cagliari Firenze Genova Milano Napoli Padova Palermo Parma Roma Torino Treviso Verona

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Estimate of provisions for risks and charges related to legal disputes

Description of the key audit matter

Item 100 "Provisions for risks and charges: c) other provisions for risks and charges" of the consolidated balance sheet - liabilities as at December 31, 2018 includes provisions for legal disputes amounting to Euro 28.4 million related to complaints and disputes for damage to customers arising from the unlawful behavior of the Bank's personal financial advisors, pending disputes with personal financial advisors and other ongoing court and out-of-court litigations with customers in relation to the normal banking activity. In addition to the court costs to be borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute, these provisions include an estimate of the expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank in the disputes, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

In Part E – *Information on Risks and Hedging Policies* - Section 5 – *Operational Risks* of the notes to the accounts of the Bank's Financial Statements, to which is referenced in the notes to the consolidated accounts, in paragraph "Risks arising from significant legal disputes", the Directors point out that, in relation to the pending legal proceedings against the Bank, which are individually irrelevant, there is considerable uncertainty about the possible outcome and the extent of the possible charge that the Bank could incur; where it is possible to reliably estimate the amount of charges and the charges themselves are considered probable, provisions have been made to the extent deemed appropriate given the specific circumstances and in accordance with the international accounting standards, making the best possible estimate of the amount that reasonably the Bank will have to pay to settle its obligations. With reference to the legal expenses, the estimate was determined by the Bank, in relation to the current disputes, based on the analysis of the historical trend of legal expenses incurred, by type of litigation and degree of judgment.

Paragraph "Risks and uncertainties related to the use of estimates" of Part A – Accounting Policies, A. 1 – General, Section 4 – Other matters of the notes to the consolidated accounts, contains information on the subjectivity and complexity of the estimation process adopted to support the carrying amount of some items subject to evaluation. For some of them, including provisions for risks and charges, the complexity and the subjectivity of the estimates are affected by the articulation of the assumptions, the number and variability of the information available and the uncertainties regarding the final future outcomes of proceedings and disputes.

Given the number of complaints and disputes, albeit physiological with respect to the Bank's typical operations, the uncertainties related to their outcome and the complexity and articulation of the estimation process, we have considered the estimate of provisions for risks and charges for legal disputes as a key audit matter of the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018.

Audit procedures performed

Our audit procedures included, among others, the following:

 analysis and understanding of the relevant controls implemented by the Bank, at the various levels of its organization, in order to identify, manage and monitor complaints from customers and legal disputes with them arising from the banking operations and the activity of the Bank's personal financial advisors;

- analysis and understanding of the process adopted by the Management in
 estimating provisions, including provisions for the expected costs related to
 the activity of lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts appointed by the
 Bank, and evaluation of the reasonableness of criteria, methods and
 assumptions used;
- periodic meetings with the heads of the Bank's appointed departments for analysis and discussion of the status of litigations and complaints;
- analysis of the relevant documentation, including the register of complaints and reports prepared by control functions of the Bank;
- obtaining and examining responses to requests for information to the lawyers appointed by the Bank;
- verification, for a selection of disputes and complaints and on the basis of
 the data and information available gathered as a result of the above
 procedures, of the appropriateness of the related provision, inclusive, for the
 disputes, of the legal expenses as illustrated above, and of the accuracy and
 completeness of the data used for the estimates.

Lastly, we verified the completeness and compliance of the disclosures provided in the notes to the consolidated accounts with respect to the requirements of the relevant accounting standards.

Disbursement, classification and evaluation of financial assets at amortised cost - loans to customers

Description of the key audit matter

As represented in the notes to the consolidated accounts, Part B – *Consolidated Balance Sheet* and in the report on operations, as at December 31, 2018 financial assets at amortised cost – loans to customers amount to Euro 2,955 million (net book value, including Euro 23.9 million of non-performing loans net of impairment losses of Euro 21.1 million).

As part of this item, the loans portfolio with ordinary customers, consisting mainly of personal loans, mortgages, current accounts and credit cards, shows an overall increase of over 46% compared to the previous year, in relation to the disbursements of 2018.

Part A – *Accounting Policies* of the notes to the consolidated accounts includes the description of the processes for the classification and evaluation of credit exposures for which the Bank refers to the sector regulations, supplemented by the internal provisions governing, in accordance with the applicable accounting standards, the classification and transfer rules within the various risk categories and related evaluation methods. Part E - *Information on Risks and Hedging Policies* – Section 1 – *Credit risk* of the notes to the accounts of the Bank's Financial Statements, to which is referenced in the notes to the consolidated accounts, also illustrates the credit risk management policies.

Considering the significance of the amount of loans to customers recorded in the consolidated financial statements and the complexity of systems of measurement, management and control of credit risk adopted by the Bank, which include an articulated classification activity of credit exposures and an evaluation process characterized by a relevant discretionary component, we have considered the disbursement, classification and evaluation of the loans to customers as a key audit matter of the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018.

Audit procedures performed

We have preliminarily acquired a knowledge of the credit process which included, in particular, the understanding of the organizational and procedural safeguards established by the Bank's internal regulations and implemented by the Bank itself with reference to:

- · assessment of creditworthiness in order to grant the credit;
- measurement and monitoring of credit quality;
- classification and evaluation of credit exposures in compliance with the sector regulations and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

This activity included the verification of the implementation of the corresponding Bank processes and related procedures, as well as the operational effectiveness of the relevant controls regarding the credit grant and disbursement process.

The audit procedures performed included, among others, the following:

- analysis and understanding of the IT systems and applications used, also with the support of IT experts belonging to our network;
- obtaining and examining responses to requests of confirmations to the customers sent on a sample basis;
- obtaining and analysis of the monitoring reports prepared by competent Bank departments and organizational units involved;
- as regard performing loans (in stage 1 and stage 2, based on the IFRS 9 classification), verification, on a sample basis, of the classification in accordance with the sector regulations and examination of the reasonableness of the evaluation criteria and of the assumptions adopted by the Bank in determining the impairment losses;
- as regard non-performing loans (in stage 3, based on the IFRS 9
 classification), verification on a sample basis of the classification and of the
 related evaluation in compliance with the sector regulations and the
 applicable accounting standards.

Lastly, we verified the completeness and compliance of the disclosures provided in the notes to the consolidated accounts with respect to the requirements of the applicable accounting standards and the relevant legislation.

First time adoption of IFRS 9

Description of the key audit matter

The first time adoption, as of January 1 2018, of the International Financial Reporting Standard IFRS 9 "Financial instruments", has led to the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets and liabilities according to the new accounting categories envisaged by the standard and the definition of a methodology for determining the impairment of the financial assets based on the expected credit losses model.

The Bank decided, as permitted by the standard, to continue applying the existing IAS 39 hedge accounting requirements for all its hedging relationships until the macro-hedging accounting project is finalised by the IASB. In addition, the Bank elected the option provided by the standard not to restate its comparative figures.

As reported in Part A – Accounting Policies - Section 4 – Other matters of the notes to the consolidated accounts, which disclose the information required by the applicable international accounting standards, including the main methodological choices made, the first application of the standard determined, at January 1, 2018, a total negative effect on the consolidated net equity equal to Euro 2.9 million net of tax (Euro 4.9 million gross of tax). This effect was determined as a result of the implementation process of the requirements of the new standard which affected the various aspects of the Bank's internal control system.

In this context, the determination of impairment provisioning of the financial assets according to the expected credit losses model constitutes the result of a complex estimation process that includes numerous subjective variables regarding the criteria used to identify the significant increase in credit risk, that has been used for the purpose of allocating the financial assets in the standard's different stages, and the definition of the models used for measuring the expected credit losses, using different possible scenarios, assumptions and parameters which have to take into account current and forward-looking macroeconomic information.

In relation to the pervasive operational complexities connected to the transition to the new standard, the relative above mentioned effect and the inherent subjectivity of the estimation processes adopted by the Bank in the evaluation of financial assets according to the new impairment methodology, we have considered the first time adoption of the IFRS 9 as a key audit matter of the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018.

Audit procedures performed

We have preliminarily examined, also with the support of IT and credit risk experts belonging to our network, the Bank's implementation project with particular reference to the application choices adopted, in order to verify their appropriateness and compliance with the requirements of the IFRS 9, and to the related impacts.

As part of our procedures, we have performed, among others, also supported by the experts above mentioned, the following:

- obtaining and examining the minutes of meetings of the Bank's Board of
 Directors and any other documentation developed, approved and made
 available, as well as the accounting procedures consequently defined, with
 particular reference to the areas of interpretation, also through information
 gathering and interviews with the relevant departments of the Bank;
- analysis of the technical-methodological documentation underlying the identification of the Bank's business models with particular reference to the classification criteria of financial assets in such business models;
- analysis and understanding of the design, of certain relevant controls including IT controls regarding the classification and evaluation of the
 Bank's financial assets, and verification of the implementation and the
 related operational effectiveness;
- carrying out checks aimed to ascertain for certain loans and debt securities

 the correctness of the results of the Solely Payments of Principal and

 Interests test (SPPI) carried out by the Bank for the first application of the standard;

- understanding of the impairment models developed by the Bank and analysis
 of the reasonableness of the assumptions and parameters used for transfer
 logic or staging allocation models and estimation of the expected credit
 losses, as well as verification of the correctness of the related calculations;
- verification of the coherence between the information used for the estimation
 of the expected credit losses and those used in the other main decisionmaking and evaluation processes of the Bank, with particular reference to
 qualitative and macroeconomic indicators and forward-looking information;

Lastly, we have acquired the details of the quantification of the impact deriving from the first application of the standard and verified its mathematical accuracy. We have also verified the completeness and compliance of the information provided in the notes to the consolidated accounts with respect to the requirements of the applicable international accounting standards.

Responsibilities of the Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of national regulations issued pursuant to art. 9 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 38/05 and art. 43 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 136/15 and, within the terms established by law, for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they have identified the existence of the conditions for the liquidation of the FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. or the termination of the business or have no realistic alternative to such choices.

The Board of Statutory Auditors is responsible for overseeing, within the terms established by law, the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions taken by users on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance, identified at an appropriate level as required by ISA Italia, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence applicable in Italy, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report.

Other information communicated pursuant to art. 10 of the EU Regulation 537/2014

The Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. has appointed us on April 16, 2013 as auditors of the Bank for the years from December 31, 2013 to December 31, 2021.

We declare that we have not provided prohibited non-audit services referred to in art. 5 (1) of EU Regulation 537/2014 and that we have remained independent of the Bank in conducting the audit.

We confirm that the opinion on the consolidated financial statements expressed in this report is consistent with the additional report to the Board of Statutory Auditors, in its role of Audit Committee, referred to in art. 11 of the said Regulation.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinion pursuant to art. 14, paragraph 2 (e), of Legislative Decree 39/10 and art. 123-bis, paragraph 4, of Legislative Decree 58/98

The Directors of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. are responsible for the preparation of the report on operations and the report on corporate governance and ownership structure of the Group as at December 31, 2018, including their consistency with the related consolidated financial statements and their compliance with the law.

We have carried out the procedures set forth in the Auditing Standard (SA Italia) n. 720B in order to express an opinion on the consistency of the report on operations and some specific information contained in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure set forth in art. 123-bis, paragraph 4 of Legislative Decree 58/98 with the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at December 31, 2018 and on their compliance with the law, as well as to make a statement about any material misstatement.

In our opinion, the above-mentioned report on operations and some specific information contained in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure are consistent with the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at December 31, 2018 and are prepared in accordance with the law.

With reference to the statement referred to in art. 14, paragraph 2 (e), of Legislative Decree 39/10, made on the basis of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and of the related context acquired during the audit, we have nothing to report.

Exemption from the preparation of the non-financial statement

As described in the report on operations, the Directors of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. made use of the exemption from the preparation of the non-financial statement pursuant to art. 6, paragraph 1, of Legislative Decree 30 December 2016, no. 254.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE S.p.A.

Signed by
Paolo Gibello Ribatto
Partner

Milan, Italy March 8, 2019

This report has been translated into the English language solely for the convenience of international readers.



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Balance Sheet

		(Amounts in €)
BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
10. Cash and cash balances	6,301	613,033
20. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	20,218,404	
a) financial assets held for trading	6,876,395	
c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	13,342,009	
Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 20)		10,878,797
30. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	961,772,500	
Available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 Item 40)		1,047,689,459
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	23,248,430,877	
a) loans and receivables with banks	12,427,086,350	
b) loans and receivables with customers	10,821,344,527	
Held-to-maturity investments (ex IAS 39 Item 50)		4,826,390,118
Loans and receivables with banks (ex IAS 39 Item 60)		13,877,651,228
Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39 Item 70)		2,129,219,267
50. Hedging derivatives	3,314,298	458,102
60. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)	4,872,990	9,590,000
70. Equity investments	3,000,000	500,000
80. Property, plant and equipment	16,329,860	15,205,122
90. Intangible assets	98,306,988	97,511,341
of which:		
- goodwill	89,601,768	89,601,768
100. Tax assets	6,713,818	9,225,684
a) current tax assets	467,153	1,765,333
b) deferred tax assets	6,246,665	7,460,351
120. Other assets	350,608,473	315,459,327
Total assets	24,713,574,509	22,340,391,478

(Amounts in €)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost	23,278,872,115	
a) deposits from banks	1,009,774,261	
b) deposits from customers	22,269,097,854	
Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39 Item 10)		926,001,336
Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39 Item 20)		20,205,035,993
20. Financial liabilities held for trading	2,221,144	
Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 40)		2,616,556
40. Hedging derivatives	5,341,114	12,693,848
50. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities (+/-)	2,599,548	(3,772,231)
60. Tax liabilities	12,183,994	10,233,645
a) current tax liabilities	12,183,994	10,233,645
80. Other liabilities	335,441,396	338,180,110
90. Provisions for employee severance pay	4,560,830	4,998,596
100. Provisions for risks and charges:	109,805,202	112,413,921
a) commitments and guarantees given	48,741	
c) other provisions for risks and charges	109,756,461	112,413,921
110. Revaluation reserves	(9,793,542)	(8,340,274)
130. Equity instruments	200,000,000	-
140. Reserves	355,672,568	323,932,039
150. Share premium reserve	1,934,113	1,934,113
160. Share capital	200,773,450	200,545,404
170. Treasury shares (-)	(13,959,749)	(365,178)
180. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	227,922,326	214,283,600
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	24,713,574,509	22,340,391,478

Income statement

(Amounts	in	€)

ITEMS	2010	(Amounts in €) 2018 2017			
10. Interest income and similar revenues	293,143,864	269,746,119			
of which: interest income misured	290,878,968	203,740,113			
Interest expenses and similar charges	(14,441,626)	(5,165,001)			
30. Net interest margin	278,702,238	264,581,118			
40. Fee and commission income	540,701,773	533,314,118			
50. Fee and commission expense	(266,873,807)	(263,230,692)			
60. Net fee and commission income	273,827,966	270,083,426			
70. Dividend income and similar revenue	8,094,622	54,580			
80. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading	43,833,406	01,000			
Gains (Losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 80)	10,000,100	47,413,142			
90. Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting	170,678	19,195			
100. Gains and losses on disposal or repurchase of:	1.683.296	10,100			
a) financial assets at amortised cost	17,451				
b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,665,845				
Gains (Losses) on disposal and repurchase of: (ex IAS 39 Item 100)	1,000,010	4.711.990			
a) loans		3,951,003			
b) available-for-sale financial assets		760,987			
110. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,500,396)	700,007			
b) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	(1,500,396)				
120. Operating income	604,811,810	586,863,451			
130. Impairment losses/writebacks on:	(3,527,646)	000,000,101			
a) financial assets at amortised cost	(3,413,638)				
b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(114,008)				
Net losses/recoveries on impairment: (ex IAS 39 Item 130)	(111,000)	(18,042,404)			
a) loans		(5,157,695)			
b) available-for-sale financial assets		(12,891,185)			
d) other financial assets		6,476			
150. Net profit from financial activities	601,284,164	568,821,047			
160. Administrative expenses	(340,446,086)	(323,383,787)			
a) staff expenses	(84,431,588)	(78,852,608)			
b) other administrative expenses	(256,014,498)	(244,531,179)			
170. Net provisions for risks and charges	(6,671,938)	(8,458,948)			
a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	401,654				
b) other net provision	(7,073,592)	(8,458,948)			
180. Impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment	(5,410,873)	(5,569,276)			
190. Impairment/write-backs on intangible assets	(4,959,091)	(4,799,956)			
200. Other net operating income	94,766,784	90,349,875			
210. Operating costs	(262,721,204)	(251,862,092)			
250. Gains (losses) on disposal of investments	(161,161)	(507,788)			
260. Total profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations	338,401,799	316,451,167			
270. Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations	(110,479,473)	(102,167,567)			
280. Total profit (loss) after tax from continuing operations	227,922,326	214,283,600			
300. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	227,922,326	214,283,600			

	2018	2017
Earnings per share (euro)	0.38	0.35
Diluted earnings per share (euro)	0.37	0.35

Note:For further information on "Earnings per share" and "Diluted earnings per share" please see notes to the accounts, Part C - Information on the Income Statement, Section 22.

Statement of comprehensive income

		(Amounts in €)
ITEMS	2018	2017
10. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	227,922,326	214,283,600
Other comprehensive income after tax without reclassification through profit or loss		
70. Defined benefit plans	3,428,875	(3,473,350)
Other comprehensive income after tax with reclassification through profit or loss		
140. Financial assets (other equity securities) designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	(6,858,725)	
Available-for-sale financial assets:(ex IAS 39 Item N. 100)		1,927,465
170. Total other comprehensive income net tax	(3,429,850)	(1,545,885)
180. Comprehensive income (voce 10+170)	224,492,476	212,737,715

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity at 12.31.2018

														(Amounts in €)
				ALLOCATIO	N OF PROFIT			СНА	NGE DUR	ING THE YE	AR			
				FROM PRE		s	HAREHOLD	ERS' EQ	UITY TRANS	SACTION	NS		8	
	BALANCE AS AT 12.31.2017	CHANGE IN OPENING BALANCE	BALANCE AS AT 01.01.2018	RESERVES	DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS	CHANGES IN RESERVES	ISSUES OF NEW SHARES	PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES	DISTRIBUTIONS OF Extraordinary dividends	CHANGES IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS	OWN SHARE DERIVATIVES	STOCK OPTIONS	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT 12.31.2018	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS AT 12.31.2018
Share capital:														
a) ordinary shares	200,545,404		200,545,404				228,046							200,773,450
b) other shares														
Share premium reserve	1,934,113		1,934,113											1,934,113
Reserves:														
a) from profits	291,840,855	(4,868,257)	286,972,598	40,888,348		(5,932,752)						(228,046)		321,700,148
b) others	32,091,184		32,091,184									1,881,236		33,972,420
Revaluation reserves	(8,340,274)	1,976,582	(6,363,692)										(3,429,850)	(9,793,542)
Equity instruments										200,000,000				200,000,000
Treasuryshares	(365,178)		(365,178)				6,548,384	(20,142,955)						(13,959,749)
Profit (loss) for the year	214,283,600		214,283,600	(40,888,348)	(173,395,252)								227,922,326	227,922,326
Shareholders' Equity	731,989,704	(2,891,675)	729,098,029	-	(173,395,252)	(5,932,752)	6,776,430	(20,142,955)		200,000,000	-	1,653,190	224,492,476	962,549,166

The amount of the dividend approved by the Fineco's Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting in 2018, totallimg €173,395,252.58 euro, corresponds to €0.285 per share.

The column "Stock options" includes the incentives plans servicesd by FinecoBank shares.

The "Changes in reserves" column includes dividends not distributed in relation to any treasury shares held by the Bank at the record date, transferred to the Extraordinary reserve; coupons paid on equity instruments net of related taxes; transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of Equity instruments net of related taxes.

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity at 12.31.2017

														(Amounts in €)
	ALLOCATION OF PROFIT				CHANGE DURING THE YEAR									
				FROM PREVIOUS YEAR			s	HAREHOLD	ERS' EQ	JITY TRAN	SACTION	NS		8
	BALANCE AS AT 12.31.2017	CHANGE IN OPENING BALANCE	BALANCE AS AT 01.01.2018	RESERVES	DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS	CHANGES IN R ESERVES	ISSUES OF NEW SHARES	PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES	DISTR IBUTIONS OF EXTRAORD INARY DIVIDENDS	CHANGES IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS	OWN SHARE DERIVATIVES	STOCK OPTIONS	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS AT 12.31.2018	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS AT 1231.2018
Share capital:														
a) ordinary shares	200,245,794		200,245,794				299,610							200,545,404
b) other shares														
Share premium reserve	1,934,113		1,934,113											1,934,113
Reserves:														
a) from profits	250,247,571		250,247,571	41,684,057		208,837						(299,610)		291,840,855
b) others	28,160,350		28,160,350									3,930,834		32,091,184
Revaluation reserves	(6,794,389)		(6,794,389)										(1,545,885)	(8,340,274)
Equity instruments														
Treasury shares	(4,337,809)		(4,337,809)				4,144,410	(171,779)						(365,178)
Profit (loss) for the year	211,843,794		211,843,794	(41,684,057)	(170,159,737)								214,283,600	214,283,600
Shareholders' Equity	681,299,424	-	681,299,424	-	(170,159,737)	208,837	4,444,020	(171,779)	-	-	-	3,631,224	212,737,715	731,989,704

The amount of the dividend approved by the Fineco's Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting in 2017, totalling €170,159,736.60, corresponds to €0.28 per share.

The column "Stock options" includes the incentives plans serviced by FinecoBank shares.

The "Changes in reserves" column corresponds to dividends not distributed in relation to any treasury shares held by the Bank at the record date, transferred to the Extraordinary reserve.

Cash flow statement

Indirect method

	AMOUNT	
A. OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2018	201
1. Operations	334,930,310	361,197,72
- profit (loss) for the year (+/-)	227,922,326	214,283,60
- unrealised gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on other assets/liabilities at fair value through		
profit or loss (-/+)	2,838,506	
- capital gains/losses on financial assets/liabilities held for trading and on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through		
profit and loss (+/-) (ex IAS 39)		(1,795,053
- gains (losses) on hedge accounting (-/+)	(170,678)	(19,195
- net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-)	4,409,064	
- net losses/recoveries on impairment (+/-) (ex IAS 39)		10,052,616
- net value adjustments/write-backs on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (+/-)	10,369,964	10,369,23
- net provisions for risks and charges and other expenses/income (+/-)	22,616,637	
- provisions and other incomes/expenses (+/-) (ex IAS 39)		22,691,17
- unpaid duties, taxes and tax credits (+/-)	5,868,613	2,728,51
- impairment/write-backs after tax on discontinued operations (+/-)	-	
- other adjustments (+/-)	61,075,878	102,886,83
2. Cash flows from/used by financial assets	(2,409,937,472)	669,013,58
- financial assets held for trading	196,874	
- financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)		(3,192,436
- financial assets designed at fair value	-	
- other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	142,484,215	
- financial assets at fair value (ex IAS 39)		
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	56,220,463	
- available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39)		246,011,519
- financial assets at amortised cost	(2,574,757,573)	
- loans and receivables with banks: demand loans (ex IAS 39)		
- loans and receivables with banks: other loans (ex IAS 39)		1,514,464,03
- loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39)		(1,108,949,383
- other assets	(34,081,451)	20,679,85
3. Cash flows from/used by financial liabilities	2,120,120,081	1,295,414,60
- financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	2,138,095,178	
- deposits from banks: demand deposits (ex IAS 39)		
- deposits from banks: other deposits (ex IAS 39)		(175,626,539
- deposits from customers (ex IAS 39)		1,404,593,71
- debt certificates including bonds (ex IAS 39)		
- financial liabilities held for trading	(35,102)	
-financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39)		143,908
- financial liabilities designated at fair value	-	
- financial liabilities designated at fair value (ex IAS 39)		
- other liabilities	(17,939,995)	66,303,51
Net cash flows from/used in operating activities	45,112,919	2,325,625,91
B. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
1. Cash flows from		
- sales of equity investments	-	
- collected dividends on equity investments	8,000,000	
- sales of property, plant and equipment	92,518	256,33
- sales of intangible assets	-	
- sales of subsidiaries and divisions	-	
- sales of financial assets held to maturity (ex IAS 39)		
2. Cash flows used in		
- purchases of equity investments	(2,500,000)	(500,000
- purchases of property, plant and equipment	(6,789,899)	(7,083,818
- purchases of intangible assets	(5,754,738)	(4,978,013
- purchases of subsidiaries and divisions	-	
- purchases of financial assets held to maturity (ex IAS 39)		(2,430,228,291
Net cash flows from/used in investing activities	(6,952,119)	(2,442,533,791
C. FUNDING ACTIVITIES		
- issue/purchase of treasury shares	(13,366,525)	4,272,24
- issue/purchase of equity instruments	200,000,000	
- dividends and other distributions	(186,104,434)	(174,394,920
Net cash flows from/used in financing activities	529,041	(170,122,679
NET CASH FLOWS FROM/USED DURING THE YEAR	38,689,841	(287,030,554

Cash flow statement

RECONCILIATION

(Amounts €) AMOUNT **BALANCE SHEET ITEMS** 2018 2017 Cash and cash balances at the beginning of the year 1,950,529,450 2,284,274,859 38,689,841 Net cash flows generated/used during the year (287,030,554) Cash and cash balances: effect of changes in exchange rates 24.166.974 (46.714.855) Cash and cash balances at the end of the year 2,013,386,265 1,950,529,450

Key
(+) generated

The term "Cash and cash balances" means cash recorded under item 10 of assets "Cash and cash balances" and the equivalent liquid assets recorded under item 40 of assets "Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks" (consisting of current accounts and deposits maturing within 3 months) net of the equivalent liquid liabilities recorded under item 10 of liabilities "Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks" (represented by current accounts and deposits maturing within 3 months), as well as in the respective items 60 of assets and 10 of liabilities ex IAS 39.

The item "Cash and cash balances" at the end of the year 2018 consisted of:

- Cash recognised under asset item 10 "Cash and cash balances" in the amount of €6 thousand;
- Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under asset item 40 "Financial assets at amortised cost. a) loans and receivables
 with banks" in the amount of €2,065,943 thousand;
- net of the Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under liability item 10 "Financial liabilities at amortised cost: a) deposits from banks" in the amount of €52,563 thousand.

The item "Cash and cash balances" at the end of the prior period consisted of:

- Cash recognised under asset item 10 "Cash and cash balances" in the amount of €613 thousand;
- Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under asset item IAS 39 60 "Loans and receivables with banks" in the amount of €1,992,673 thousand;
- net of the Current accounts and demand deposits recognised under liability item IAS 39 10 "Deposits from banks" in the amount of €42.756 thousand.



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Part A - Accounting policies

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Part A - Accounting policies

A.1 General

Section 1 - Statement of Compliance with IFRS

In implementation of Legislative Decree no. 38 of February 28, 2005, these Financial Reports and Accounts of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. (hereinafter, FinecoBank or Fineco or the Bank) have been prepared in accordance with the IAS/IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), including the SIC and IFRIC interpretation documents, as endorsed by the European Commission until December 31, 2018, pursuant to EU Regulation 1606/2002 of July 19, 2002 and applicable to financial reports for the periods starting on or after January 1, 2018.

They are an integral part of the Annual Financial Report as required by art. 154-ter, paragraph 1 of the Consolidated Finance Act (TUF, Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998).

In its circular 262 of December 22, 2005 as amended, the Bank of Italy laid down the formats for the financial statements and explanatory notes to the accounts of banks and regulated financial companies that are parents of banking groups, which have been used to prepare these consolidated Accounts

Section 2 - Preparation criteria

As mentioned above, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS endorsed by the European Commission and applicable to financial reports for the periods starting on or after January 1, 2018. The following documents have been used to interpret and support the application of IFRS, even though not all of them have been endorsed by the European Commission:

- The Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting;
- Implementation Guidance, Basis for Conclusions, IFRICs and any other documents prepared by the IASB or International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) supplementing the IFRS;
- Interpretation documents on the application of IFRS in Italy prepared by the Organismo Italiano di Contabilità (Italian Accounting Body);
- ESMA (European Securities and Markets Authority) and Consob documents on the application of specific IFRS provisions;
- the documents prepared by the Italian Banking Association (ABI).

The financial statements comprise the Balance Sheet, the Income Statement, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, the Cash Flow Statement (compiled using the indirect method), and these notes to the accounts, together with Directors' Report on Operations (please refer to the Report on consolidated operations) and the Annexes.

Pursuant to Art. 123-bis par. 3 of Consolidated Finance Act, as noted in the "Other Information" section of the Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures is available in the "Governance" section of the FinecoBank website.

The figures in the financial statements are provided in euros, and in thousands of euros in the notes to the accounts, unless otherwise indicated. In accordance with the Bank of Italy Circular 262/2005, items in the Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income for which there is no significant information to be disclosed for the reporting period and the previous year, are not provided. In addition, the tables in the Notes to the accounts that do not have any significant information to be disclosed are not shown either for the reporting period or the previous year.

The Bank has applied the provision provided for in paragraph 7.2.15 of IFRS 9 and paragraphs E1 and E2 of IFRS 1 "First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", according to which - without prejudice to the retrospective application of the new measurement rules and representation required by the standard - there is no obligation to restate values of previous years (comparative values) in the FTA financial statements. Without prejudice to the disclosure regarding the reconciliation between data in the last approved financial statements and the opening balances of the first financial statements drawn up applying the new accouniting standard, according to the new provisions provided for in the 5th update of Circular 262 issued on 22 December 2017, and the related methodology set forth in section 4. Other matters - transition to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments of the notes to the accounts, the above statements were supplemented, where different, with the accounting items of the 2017 financial statements in order to show the corresponding values determined according to IAS 39. The tables included in the notes to the accounts have also been integrated with the tables provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262, presenting the relative values determined according to IAS 39, where it was not possible to report comparative data of the previous year due to the 5th update above mentioned. Any opening balances shown in the tables of the Notes to the Accounts are those deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

Finally, with reference to some tables in Part E - Information on risks and related hedging policies, the circumstances mentioned above determined the choice not to provide the comparison period for some tables whose content was not comparable to those of the previous period.

Any lack of discrepancies between the figures shown in the financial statements and the Notes to the Accounts is solely due to roundings.

With reference to IAS 1, these Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as there are no doubts or uncertainties as to the Bank's ability to continue its business operations and to continue operating for the foreseeable future (at least for the next 12 months).

The measurement criteria adopted are therefore consistent with this assumption and with the principles of accrual based accounting, the relevance and materiality of accounting information, and the prevalence of economic substance over legal form.

These criteria have partially changed with respect to the previous year, exclusively relating to the introduction of new standards and interpretations; for the modifications please refer to the next Section 4 - "Othe matters", and to the Part A.2 "The main items of the accounts".

Section 3 - Subsequent events

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date that would make it necessary to change any of the information given in the Accounts as at December 31, 2018.

The Separate Financial Statements at December 31, 2018 were approved by the Board of Directors of February 5, 2019, which authorised their publication also pursuant to IAS10.

Section 4 - Other Matters

In 2018, the following accounting standards, amendments and interpretations become effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018:

- IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers (EU Regulation 2016/1905);
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (EU Regulation 2016/2067).
- Clarifications on IFRS 15: Income from customer contracts (EU Regulation 2017/1987);
- Amendments to IFRS 4: Implementation of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (EU Regulation 2017/1988)Annual Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards, 2014-2016 Cycle (EU Regulation 2018/182);
- Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of investment property (EU Regulation 2018/400);
- IFRIC 22 Interpretation on foreign currency transactions and advance consideration (EU Regulation 2018/519);
- Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and measurement of share-based payments (EU Regulation 2018/289).

Where applicable, these accounting standards, amendments and interpretations had no impact on the financial position and results of the Bank as at December 31, 2018, except of the accounting standard IFRS 9 which provides for new requirements for the classification, recognition, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities, for details of which please see the comments below, and, to the extent described below, of the new IFRS 15 accounting standard and related clarifications.

In 2018, moreover, the European Commission approved the following amendments to accounting standards and interpretations become effective and mandatory for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019:

- Amendments to IFRS 9: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (EU Regulation 2018/498);
- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments (EU Regulation 2018/1595).

These standards and amendments have not been applied in advance by the Bank.

With regard to the IFRS 16 standard - Leasing (EU Regulation 2017/1986) approved by the European Commission in 2017, please refer to the information below.

Lastly, as at December 31, 2018, the IASB issued the following accounting standards and interpretations or revisions thereof, whose application is however still subject to completion of the approval process by the European Union, which is still ongoing:

- IFRS 17 Insurance contracts (May 2017):
- Amendments to IAS 28 Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (October 2017);
- Annual Improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards, 2015-2017 Cycle (December 2017);
- Amendments to IAS 19: Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (issued on 7 February 2018);
- Amendments to IFRS 3: Business combinations (October 2018);
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8: definition of "material" (October 2018).

Furthermore, in March 2018, the IASB published the revised version of the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting.

The possible effects of the future adoption of these standards, interpretations and amendments, when applicable and relevant for the Bank, are reasonably estimated as not significant; the related analyses, also in relation to pending approvals, are still to be completed.

As mentioned before, on December 22, 2017 the 5th update of Circular no. 262 was enacted: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" which implemented IFRS 9" Financial Instruments" and IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and the resulting changes introduced in other international accounting standards, including IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures". In addition, the same update provided that provisions for off-balance sheet exposures must be shown in liability item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges" instead of the previous liability item 100. "Other liabilities" of the IAS 39 financial statements, and that property, plant and equipment accounted for according to the provisions of IAS 2 must be recorded in balance sheet item 80. "Property, plant and equipment".

Transition to IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers (published by the IASB on May 28, 2014), was endorsed by the European Commission on September 22, 2016 through EU Regulation 2016/1905.

The principle will replace IAS 18 - Revenue and IAS 11 - Construction Contracts, and IFRIC 13 - Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 - Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 - Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC 31 - Revenues-Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services, for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2018.

The standard establishes a new revenue recognition model according to two alternative approaches ("at point in time" or "over time") to be applied to all contracts with customers except those that fall within the scope of other IAS/IFRS standards such as finance leases, insurance contracts and financial instruments. The recognition of revenue under the new model for analysing transactions, based on the transfer of control, has the following basic steps:

- identification of the contract with the customer;
- identification of performance obligations under the contract;
- determination of the price;
- allocation of price to the contract performance obligations;
- the revenue recognition criteria when the entity satisfies each performance obligation.

In order to assess the impacts deriving from the IFRS 15 application on the Bank's consolidated income statement and financial position, also taking account of the clarifications on the standard published by the IASB in April 2016 and endorsed by the European Union on 6 November, 2017, the chart of accounts was analysed solely with regard to income items of the Bank included in the implementation scope of the standard, identified in Item 40. "Fee and commission income" and Item 230. "Other management charges and income" (for Other income only) of the income statement.

The analyses carried out, based on contractual documents and other evidence demonstrating compliance with defined commercial practices when contracts do not specify payment methods and timing, have shown that the accounting treatment of the main types of revenues from contracts with customers (including institutional counterparties) was already in line with the provisions of the new standard and, consequently no significant impact was found on the Bank's financial position and performance at that date, as of 1 January 2018. On the other hand, the changes concern the greater information detail required by the standard and by the corresponding provisions envisaged by the 5th update of Bank of Italy's Circular 262 above mentioned; the standard prescribes a specific set of disclosures on the nature, amount, timing and degree of uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

More specifically, the Bank analysed the available contractual documentation to verify:

- whether the revenue recognition criteria are in line with the provisions of the new standard. The analyses did not reveal any significant non-compliances with respect to the provisions of the new standard. To this end, it should be noted that the provision of financial services over a given period of time (for example, the management of current accounts, advisory services) have been considered as satisfied over time ("over time"), regardless of when the consideration is paid by the customer, while the provision of financial services that require specific activities to be carried out (for example, purchase, sale or placement of securities, units of UCIs or insurance products, execution of credit transfers) have been considered as satisfied at a given time ("point in time"), although the contract provides for the service to be provided indefinitely;
- whether any goods or services contain performance obligations with different pattern of transfer to the customer and, consequently, with different revenue recognition ("over time" or "point in time"). In this respect, the Bank has identified a service that contains two performance obligations that follow a different pattern of transfer to the customer, but the same revenue recognition framework; however, this is a non-material revenue that continues to be entirely attributed to the main performance obligation; the revenue relating to the shipment is nonetheless a non-material revenue that continues to be attributed entirely to the main performance obligation (annual management of the credit card) and consequently recognized according to the relative revenues recognition scheme;
- whether the consideration promised in the contract includes a variable fee. In this respect, no mismatches were identified with respect to the provisions of the new standard, since any variable fees are estimated and recognized if and only to the extent that it is highly probable that when the uncertainty associated with the consideration is subsequently resolved there will be no significant downward adjustment to the amount of cumulative revenue recognized, taking into consideration all information reasonably available to the Bank. Note that the following were not considered as variable consideration:
 - management, placement and advisory fees for financial products collected by the Bank, the amount of which is calculated as the ratio of the equivalent value/average balance of the product placed to the applicable rate envisaged in the contract. There are no performance fees on asset management instruments in favour of the Bank;
 - the amount received as part of a contract that provides for the application of a different commission level (which includes, for example, the payment of decreasing commissions until they are down to zero) according to quantitative parameters established in the contract, as the data for calculating the remuneration are available at the time the revenues are recognized and have no impact on the Bank's future income statement. As regards the placement of insurance policies with return linked to the performance of the separate account on the annual expiration date of the policy, it should be noted, however, that the return is variable in relation to the performance of the separate account, which may result in a reduction in the applicable rate;
- whether the consideration promised in the contract includes a significant funding component. In this respect, no contracts were found containing a significant funding component that was not correctly recognized. There are, however, some contracts, mainly with institutional counterparties or product companies, that do not explicitly mention the payment date of the fees, which are settled on the

basis of market practices or verbal agreements, or contracts that provide for the advance / deferred payment of the good or service. For these contracts the practical expedient envisaged by paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 was used; for this reason the Bank did not adjust the promised consideration amount to take into account the effects of a funding component as the time interval expected between the transfer of the promised good or service and the related payment is less than one year;

whether there is a consideration to be paid to the customer. In this respect, a number of contracts were found providing for a consideration to be paid, the accounting treatment of which was already in line with the provisions of the new standard.

The costs recognized for the acquisition of contracts with customers, which the Bank would not have incurred had it not obtained the contract, are recognized as assets and systematically amortized in the income statement in line with the recognition of revenues related to the transfer to customers of the goods or services to which the asset refers.

The analyses carried out did not reveal any contracts providing for a non-cash consideration.

Transition to IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

From 1 January 2018, FinecoBank adopt the accounting standard IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

The project transition to IFRS 9 - in coordination with a similar project carried out at UniCredit Group level and developed with the involvement of the Bank's reference functions and, most recently, the Board of Directors - was organised through specific work-streams, in particular:

- "Classification and Measurement" work-stream, aimed at reviewing the classification of financial instruments in line with the new criteria
- "Impairment" work-stream, aimed at developing and implementing models and methodologies for the calculation of impairment losses.

The new accounting standard:

- introduces significant changes compared to IAS 39, regarding the rules on the classification and valuation of financial instruments. With reference to loans and debt instruments, the classification and subsequent valuation of these instruments is based on the business model and cash flow profile of the financial instruments (SPPI - Solely Payments of Principal and Interests). With reference to the equity exposures, they are classified at fair value with a recognition of differences in the income statement or under "Other comprehensive income". In this second case, contrary to the provisions of IAS 39 in relation to financial assets available for sale, IFRS 9 has eliminated the request to recognise long-term value impairments and provides that if the instrument is sold, the profits or losses from the sale must be reclassified in another net equity reserves and not on the income statement. With regard to financial liabilities at fair value, the standard IFRS 9 changes the accounting of the so-called "own credit risk", i.e. changes in the value of liabilities measured at fair value linked to fluctuations of one's own credit rating. The new standard requires these changes to be recognised in a Shareholders' equity reserve rather than through profit and loss, as provided for by IAS 39, thus eliminating a source of volatility for economic statement results41.
- introduced a new model for recognising impairments for credit exposures based on (i) an "expected losses" approach instead of the existing model, which is based on the recognition of "incurred losses" and (ii) on the concept of the expected lifetime loss;
- has intervened on the hedge accounting rules, by revising them in regard to the designation of a hedging account and the verification of efficiency, with the aim of improving the alignment between the accounting representation of the hedging operations and the underlying operational logic. The Bank, like the UniCredit Group, has taken advantage of the option to continue to apply the existing IAS 39 hedge accounting requirements for all hedging accounts until such time as the IASB has completed its macro-hedging accounting rules project.

As a result of the entry into force of the new accounting standard, the Bank has reclassified the financial liabilities existing on 1.1.2018 into the categories provided for in the new accounting standard.

This classification is based on the business model and the contractual cash flow profile; for the classification of financial instruments in the new categories as provided for in the accounting standard, the business model was analysed by mapping the financial assets on the Bank's balance sheet and allocating a specific business model to each of them.

The financial assets in the Bank's portfolio were allocated "Held to collect" or "Held to collect and sell" business models according to the purpose for which they are held, and the expected turnover. The financial assets in the trading portfolio were allocated the business model "Other business model", to reflect the trading intentions.

For the purposes of classifying financial instruments into the new IFRS 9 categories, the business model analysis must be accompanied by a cash flow analysis (the "SPPI Test"). In this regard, in line with the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., the Bank has developed systems and processes to analyse the existing debt securities and loans portfolio, to assess whether the contractual cash flow profiles allow a valuation at the amortised cost (Held to collect - HTC) or at fair value with an impact on overall profits (Held to collect and sell - HTCS).

⁴¹ On the FTA and on 31 March 2018, FinecoBank did not hold any own financial liabilities valued at fair value.

This analysis was done on a contract by contract basis, both by defining clusters based on the operations' profiles, and by using an internally-developed SPPI Tool to analyse the profiles of the contracts with regard to IFRS 9.

For further clarification on the application of the aforementioned rules, reference should be made to Part A.2 The main items of the accounts of these notes to the accounts.

With reference to the reclassification of financial instruments in order to implement the new accounting standard, the following tables show, separately, for the financial assets and liabilities:

- a. the IAS 39 balance sheet item and the related closing balance as at 31 December 2017;
- b. the reclassification of that balance in the various IFRS 9 balance sheet items;
- c. the effects resulting from the application of the valuation criteria required by IFRS 9;
- d. the IFRS 9 opening balance on 1 January 2018 (the sum of b. and c.).

Reclassification of financial assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHET IT	IAS 39 BALANCE SHET ITEMS			IFRS 9 BALANCE SHEET ITEMS									
	FINANCIAL ASS					ETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS							
	CARRYING		FINANCIAL ASSETS										
	VALUE 12.31.2017 IAS		FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR TRADING			DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE			OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS MANDATORILY AT FAIR VALUE				
	39	A	В	С	Α	В	С	A	В	С			
Financial assets held for trading	10,879	8,827	-	8,827	-	-	-	2,052	-	2,052			
Available-for-sale financial assets	1,047,689	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,218	-	5,218			
Held-to-maturity investments	4,826,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Loans and receivables with banks	13,877,651	-	-	-	-	-	-	532,584	19,338	551,922			
Loans and receivables with customers	2,129,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total		8,827	-	8,827	-	-		539,854	19,338	559,192			

Key

A: Reclassification of IAS 39 balance sheet value

B: Change in measurement

C: New balance sheet value ex IFRS 9

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHEET ITE	MS				IFRS 9 BAL	ANCE SHE	ET ITEMS	,		,
		LUE COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST					
	CARRYNG VALUE 12.31.2017 -				LOANS AND	RECEIVAE BANKS	BLES WITH	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH CUSTOMERS		
	IAS 39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
Financial assets held for trading	10,879	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	1,047,689	1,042,471	-	1,042,471	-	-	-	-	-	-
Held-to-maturity investments	4,826,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,826,390	(469)	4,825,921
Loans and receivables with banks	13,877,651	-	-	-	13,345,067	(12,595)	13,332,472	-	-	-
Loans and receivables with customers	2,129,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,129,219	(691)	2,128,528
Total		1,042,471	-	1,042,471	13,345,067	(12,595)	13,332,472	6,955,609	(1,160)	6,954,449

The following classifications have been made:

- financial assets shown in balance sheet item IAS 39 20. "Financial assets held for Trading" are classified in the "Other business models" and shown:
 - o in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: a) financial assets held for trading" as to € 8.8 million, relating to securities held in connection with customer insourcing and trading activities;
 - o in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value"; as to €2.05 million, relating to securities withdrawn by customers (splits and/or defaulted securities) to the value of €30,000, and units in investment funds held in portfolio for initial seeding, to the value of €2.02 million:
- financial assets shown in balance sheet item IAS 39 40. "Financial assets held for sale", totalling €1.048 million, were classified
 - o in the business model "Held to collect and sell HTCS" and shown in balance sheet item IFRS 9 30. "Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income", as to the part represented by sovereign state issues, as to €1,042.5 million;
 - o in the "Other business models" and balance sheet item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets valued at fair value through profit and loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" as to €5.2 million, consisting of the preferred shares of Visa INC class "C" as to €4.5 million and the residual exposure in equity instruments relating to the Voluntary Scheme of the Interbank Deposit Protection Fund (FITD) totalling € 0.7 million;
 - o finally the "FVTOCl"⁴² option was exercised for equity instruments relating to shares in UniCredit Business Integrated Solutions S.C.p.A. and the Patti Chiari consortium (recognised, respectively at €172 and €5,000), shown in the asset item IFRS 9 30. "Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income";
- the financial assets shown in the balance sheet item IAS 39 50. "Financial assets held to maturity" which consist exclusively of securities issued by sovereign states totalling €4,826 million, which were classified in the "Held to collect HTC" business model and shown in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: b) loans and receivables with customers";
- the financial assets shown in the balance sheet item IAS 39 60. "Bank receivables", totalling €13,878 million, were classified in the "Held to collect HTC" business model and were shown in the balance sheet item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: a) loans and receivables with banks", with the exception of:
 - a debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, totalling €382.5 million subscribed by the Bank in past years, with the rate risk covered by a derivative with the same Parent Company. Its contractual profile did not pass the SPPI Test and it was thus included in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value";
 - a debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, totalling €150 million subscribed by the Bank in past years. Its contractual profile did not pass the SPPI Test and it was thus included in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value"; this exposure expired on 31 December 2017 but was settled on 2 January 2018⁴³;
- the financial assets shown in the balance sheet item IAS 39 70. "Customer loans", totalling € 2,129 million, were classified in the "Held to collect HTC" business model and shown in the balance sheet item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost: b) loans and receivables with customers".

Below are the details of the adjustments made to the starting balances on 1 January 2018 as a result of the changes to classification and measurement following the introduction of IFRS 9:

- -€ 10.3 million (-€ 14.3 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions based on the Expected Crediti Loss ("ECL") recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves", of which;
 - a) -€9.1 million (-€12.6 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities and loans in the HTC business model, entered in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks", relating almost exclusively to the adjustment reductions made to exposures to the UniCredit Group, mainly represented by the liquidity deposited with UniCredit S.p.A. and from the debt securities issued by the Parent Company;
 - b) -€0.8 million (-€1.2 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities and loans in the HTC business model, entered in the asset item IFRS 9 40. "Financial assets valued at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers", of which:
 - i. -€0.5 million (-€0.7 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to loans with customers;
 - ii. -€0.3 million (-€0.5 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to exposures in government bonds;
 - c) -€0.1 million (-€0.1 million exclusive of fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities in the HTCS business model, entered in the asset item IFRS 9 30. "Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income", relating exclusively to government bonds;
 - d) -€0.3 million (-€0.45 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in off-balance exposures, entered with counterparty the asset item IFRS 9 100. "Provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given", mainly relating to the reductions in bank guarantees issued by the Bank in favour of the Italian Revenue Agency request by and in favor of UniCredit S.p.A.;

⁴² With regard to non-trading equity instruments, IFRS 9 provides for the possibility of measuring them at the fair value recognised in the other overall income statement items ("FVTOCI" – Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income).

⁴³ As this exposure expired on 31 December 2017 and was reimbursed at par value on 2 January 2018, no fair value adjustments were made on first-time adoption.

- +€7.3 million (€9.4 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to classification and valuation of financial assets, recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves", of which;
 - a) +€14 million (€19.3 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to positive fair value valuation on the above mentioned debt instrument issued by UniCredit S.p.A. with coupon in arrears, subscribed by the Bank in past years, with the rate risk covered by a derivative with the same Parent Company. Its contractual profile did not pass the SPPI Test and it was thus reclassified in the asset item IFRS 9 20. "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value"⁴⁴;
 - b) -€6.6 million (-€9.9 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to an adjustment made to the opening balance of the asset item IFRS 9 60. "Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)",as a result of the closure of the positive adjustment to the value of the bond UniCredit S.p.A. mentioned above;
- +€0.1 million (€0.1 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities in the HTCS business model, as previuosly mentioned, that, as according to the rules of the accounting standard, leads to the recognition of a positive reserve at the time of first application, in the liability item IFRS 9 110. "Revaluation reserves" as counterparty of the FTA Reserve in the liability item IFRS 9 150. "Reserves";
- €1.9 million (€3.3 million excluding fiscal effects) entered as reduction of the FTA Reserve in the liability item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves" and, for the same amount, entered as increase in the liability item IFRS 9 110. "Revaluation reserves".

⁴⁴ The UniCredit's bond valued at fair value in the IFRS 9 transition were restructured on January 2, 2018, incorporating the contractual profile of the derivative used up to that date to hedge the interest rate risk. The Bank therefore derecognised the old financial instrument recognised at December 31, 2017 and recognised the new one, whose characteristics support compliance with the SPPI Test, with consequent classification of the instrument to assets measured at amortised cost.

Reclassification of financial liabilities

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHEE	TITEMS	IFRS 9 BALANCE SHEET ITEMS											
	CARRYING			FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT AMORTISED COST									
	VALUE 12.31.2017 IAS	DEPOSITS	DEPOSITS FROM BANKS DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS DEBT SECURITIE							ES IN ISSUE			
	39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С			
Deposits from banks	926,001	926,001	-	926,001	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Deposits from customers	20,205,036	-	-	-	20,205,036	-	20,205,036	-	-	-			
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Hedging derivatives	12,694	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Total		926,001 - 926,001 20,205,036 - 20,205,036						-					

Key

A: Reclassification of IAS 39 balance sheet value

B: Change in measurement

C: New balance sheet value ex IFRS 9

(Amounts in € thousand)

IAS 39 BALANCE SHEE	TITEMS	IFRS 9 BALANCE SHEET ITEMS										
	CARRYING VALUE 12.31.2017 IAS		FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FROM TRADING			FINANCIAL LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE			HEDGING DERIVATIVES			
	39	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С		
Deposits from banks	926,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Deposits from customers	20,205,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Financial liabilities held for trading	2,617	2,617	-	2,617	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Hedging derivatives	12,694	9,320	-	9,320	-	-	-	3,374	-	3,374		
Total		11,937	-	11,937	-	-	-	3,374	-	3,374		

The reclassification of Financial liabilities shows that the classifications applied on the basis of IFRS 9 are essentially the same as those applied on the basis of IAS 39, despite taking into account the differences in the denomination of the various categories set-out by the 5th Update to Circular

However, there was a reclassification, in liability item IFRS 9 20. "Financial liabilities held for trading" of the fair value of the derivative used to hedge the rate risk of the UniCredit share, with coupon in arrears mentioned above, to the value of € 9.3 million.

In the following tables are shown:

- the IAS 39 balance sheet as at 31 December 2017 based on the balance sheet scheme that incorporates the changes introduced by IFRS 9 (5th update of 22 December 2017 of Circular 262 Bank of Italy "Banking financial statements: schedules and rules compilation") to be applied to the financial statements for the year 2018;
- the adjustments to these balances made on 1 January 2018 following the introduction of IFRS 9, divided into adjustments resulting from the new provisions for impairment and fair value adjustments deriving from the new classification and measurement, and the related tax effects;
- the opening balance sheet IFRS 9 at January 1, 2018.

			(Amo	ounts in € thousand)
		ADJUSTMENTS	ADJUSTMENTS IFRS	01.01.2018 POST
		IFRS 9	9 CLASSIFICATION	APPLICATION
BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	12.31.2017		AND MEASUREMENT	IFRS 9
10. Cash and cash balances	613	-	-	613
20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	548,682	-	19,338	568,020
a) financial assets held for trading	8,827	-	-	8,827
c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	539,854	-	19,338	559,192
30. Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,042,471	-	-	1,042,471
40. Financial assets at Amortised cost	20,300,677	(13,756)	-	20,286,921
a) loans and receivables with banks	13,345,067	(12,595)	-	13,332,472
b) loans and receivables with customers	6,955,610	(1,161)	-	6,954,449
50. Hedging derivatives	458	-	-	458
60. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-)	9,590	-	(9,929)	(339)
70. Partecipazioni	500	-	-	500
80. Property, plant and equipment	15,205	-	-	15,205
90. Intangible assets	97,511	-	-	97,511
of which				
- goodwill	89,602	-	-	89,602
100. Tax assets	9,226	909	(1,519)	8,616
a) current tax assets	1,765	-	-	1,765
b) deferred tax assets	7,460	909	(1,519)	6,850
120. Other assets	315,459	-	-	315,459
Total assets	22,340,391	(12,847)	7,890	22,335,434

			(Amo	ounts in € thousand)
		ADJUSTMENTS IFRS 9	ADJUSTMENTS IFRS 9 CLASSIFICATION	01.01.2018 POST APPLICATION
BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2017	IMPAIRMENT	AND MEASUREMENT	IFRS 9
10. Financial liabilities at amortised Cost	21,131,037	-	-	21,131,037
a) deposits from banks	926,001	-	-	926,001
b) deposits from customers	20,205,036	-	-	20,205,036
20. Financial liabilities held for trading	11,936	-	-	11,936
40. Hedging derivatives	3,375	-	-	3,375
50. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities (+/-)	(3,772)	-	-	(3,772)
60. Tax liabilities	10,234	(3,032)	516	7,718
a) current tax liabilities	10,234	(3,032)	516	7,718
80. Other liabilities	338,178	-	-	338,178
90. Provisions for employee severance pay	4,999	-	-	4,999
100. Provisions for risks and charges:	112,414	451	-	112,865
a) commitments and guarantees given	-	451	-	451
c) other provisions for risks and charges	112,414	-	-	112,414
110. Revaluation reserves	(8,340)	62	1,914	(6,364)
140. Reserves	323,932	(10,328)	5,460	319,064
150. Share premium reserve	1,934	-	-	1,934
160. Share capital	200,545	-	-	200,545
170. Treasury shares (-)	(365)	-	-	(365)
180. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	214,284	-	-	214,284
Total liabilities and Shareholders' equity	22,340,391	(12,847)	7,890	22,335,434

With reference to the impairment, the table below illustrates the gross exposure and value adjustments as at 1 January 2018, divided by item and classification stage. The gross exposure of the financial asset designated at fair value with an impact on overall profitability corresponds to the balance sheet amount, as these financial assets are valued at fair value and the related value adjustments are recognised as an increase to the liability item IFRS 9 120. "Valuation reserves".

The off-balance sheet exposures refer to the commitments and guarantees issued, which are subject to the IFRS 9 write-down rules.

Breakdown by Stages of the exposures and of the impairment provision

					(Amounts ir	ı € thousand)
	GR	OSS AMOUNT		IMPAIRMENT PROVISION		
	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3
30. Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive						
income	1,042,471	-	-	(93)	-	-
- Debt securities	1,042,466	-	-	(93)	-	-
- Equity instruments	5	-	-	-	-	-
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	20,297,444	11,454	23,723	(18,692)	(5,964)	(21,043)
- Debt securities	15,132,717	-	-	(10, 193)	-	-
- Loans and receivables with banks	3,038,741	-	-	(2,872)	-	-
- Loans and receivables with customers	2,125,986	11,454	23,723	(5,627)	(5,964)	(21,043)
Off-balance sheet exposures	2,581,092	404	-	(450)	-	-

Reconciliation from the IFRS 9 opening balance to the IAS 39 closing balance of the cumulated write-downs

								(Amoun	ts in € thousand)		
				IFRS 9	BALANCE SHEET	ITEMS					
	EINANCIAL A	SSET AT FAIR THE	OLICH OTHER	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST							
IAS 39 BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		IPREHENSIVE INC		LOANS AND	RECEIVABLES V	VITH BANKS	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES WITH CUSTOMERS				
511211121113	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)		
Financial assets held	, ,		,	,		, ,	,		, ,		
for trading		-		-	-	-	-		-		
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
- loans and receiv ables											
Available-for-sale	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>						
financial assets	_	(93)	(93)	_	_	_	_	_	_		
- debt secuties		(93)	(93)								
- loans and		(50)	(00)								
receiv ables	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-		
Held-to-maturity											
investments		-		-	-	-	-	(470)	(470)		
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(470)	(470)		
- loans and								•			
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Loans and receivables											
with banks	-	-	-	-	(12,595)	(12,595)	-	-	-		
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	(9,723)	(9,723)	-	-	-		
- loans and											
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	(2,872)	(2,872)	-				
Loans and receivables		•	•		•		•				
with customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,534)	(100)	(32,634)		
- debt secuties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
- loans and											
receiv ables	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,534)	(100)	(32,634)		
Total		(93)	(93)	-	(12,595)	(12,595)	(32,534)	(570)	(33,104)		

					(Amou	nts in € thousand)
_		PERFORMING		N	ION PERFORMING	
	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IAS 39)	CHANGE IN MEASUREMENT	CUMULATED WRITEDOWNS (EX IFRS 39)
30. Financial asset at fair value through other						
comprehensive income		(93)	(93)		-	-
- Debt securities	-	(93)	(93)	-	-	-
- Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
40. Financial assets at amortised cost	(11,074)	(13,582)	(24,656)	(21,460)	417	(21,043)
- Debt securities	-	(10, 193)	(10, 193)		-	-
- Loans and receivables with banks	-	(2,872)	(2,872)		-	-
- Loans and receivables with customers	(11,074)	(517)	(11,591)	(21,460)	417	(21,043)
Off-balance sheet exposures		(450)	(450)		-	-

The "Change in measurement" column also includes the reduction in the bad debt provision related to default interest, amounting to approximately €0.6 million and mainly attributable to bad loans. Starting from January 1, 2018, default interest is recognized in gross value only if no value adjustments have been recorded on the original exposures and if deemed recoverable by the bank. Previously, default interest was accounted for in both gross exposures and the related bad debt provision.

The adoption of IFRS 9 has, overall, had a negative impact on consolidated net equity, in the amount of -€2.9 million (-€4.8 million inclusive of fiscal effects), of which -€4.9 million was recorded in the balance sheet item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves" as a liability, and +€2 million was recorded as a liability in balance sheet item IFRS 9 110. "Revaluation reserves", in particular:

- -€10.3 million (-€ 14.3 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions based on the Expected Crediti Loss ("ECL") recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves";
- +€7.3 million (€9.4 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to classification and valuation of financial assets, recorded in the FTA Reserve under the liability item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves";
- +€0.1 million (€0.1 million excluding fiscal effects) relating to the value reductions in securities in the HTCS business model, as previuosly mentioned, that, as according to the rules of the accounting standard, leads to the recognition of a positive reserve at the time of first application, in the liability item IFRS 9 110. "Revaluation reserves";
- €1.9 million (€3.3 million excluding fiscal effects) entered as reduction of the FTA Reserve in the liability item IFRS 9 140. "Reserves" and, for the same amount, entered as increase in the liability item IFRS 9 110. "Valuation reserves" referred, as described above, to the closure of the AFS valuation reserve following the reclassification of the related financial assets.

Below is the consolidated net equity on the closing date of 31 December 2017 and the consolidated net equity for the start date of 1 January 2018.

(Amounts in € thousand) 12.31.2017 **IFRS 9 CHANGES** 01.01.2018 1. Share capital 200,545 200,545 2. Share premium reserve 1,934 1,934 3. Reserves 323,932 (4,868)319,064 291,841 286,973 from earnings (4.868)a) legal reserve 40,109 40,109 b) treasury shares reserve 365 365 251 367 c) others (4,868)246,499 32,091 32,091 4. Equity instruments 5. (Treasury shares) (365) (365) 1,976 Revaluation reserves (8,340)(6,364)7. Net Profit (Loss) for the year 214,284 214,284

Impacts on regulatory capital resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9

The application of IFRS 9 has led to a reduction in CET1, corresponding to the reduction in the Bank's net equity, while no significant impacts were detected in the determination of risk-weighted assets and exposure for leverage purposes.

On 27 December 2017 the EU Regulation 2017/2395 was published, which modifies the EU regulation no. 575/2013 regarding the transitional provisions aimed at mitigating the impact of the introduction of IFRS 9 on own funds and for the treatment of large exposures of certain public sector exposures denominated in the national currency of a member State. In particular, the Regulation introduced article 473 bis, which provides, as an option, the possibility for financial institutions to adopt a transitional regime that allows the reinstatement to CET1 of the adjustments resulting from the adoption of the impairment model according to the new accounting standard, with a phasing mechanism (so-called "phase-in") over a period of 5 years starting from 2018.

In line with the choice made by the UniCredit Group, the Bank has not adopted the transition regime.

IFRS 16 - Leasing

On November 9, 2017, the Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1986 of 31 October 2017 was published, which modifies Regulation (EC) no. 1126/2008 which adopts certain international accounting standards in accordance with Regulation (EC) no. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council regarding International Financial Reporting Standards 16.

IFRS16, applicable from January 1, 2019 (with the faculty of early application in 2018 - together with the mandatory application of IFRS 15 - of which the Bank has not availed) replaces the current set of international accounting principles and interpretations on leasing and, in particular, IAS17. The standard provides a new definition of leasing and introduces a criterion based on the control ("right of use") of an asset to distinguish leasing agreements from service agreements, identifying which discriminant: the identification of the asset, the right to replace it, the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits deriving from the use of the asset and the right to direct (i.e. control) the use of the asset.

The standard confirms the distinction between operating leases and finance leases with reference to the accounting model to be applied by the lessor: a lease is classified as financial if it transfers, substantially, all the risks and benefits connected to the ownership of an underlying asset; a lease is classified as operating if, substantially, it does not transfer all the risks and benefits deriving from the ownership of an underlying asset.

With regard to the accounting model to be applied by the lessee, the new principle provides that, for all type of leases including operating leasing, an asset representing the right to use the leased asset shall be recognised, together with - at the same time - the financial liability for the fees set out in the agreement.

Upon initial recognition, the aforementioned asset is valued based on the cash flows associated with the leasing contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, this asset will be valued on the basis of the provisions for tangible and intangible assets from IAS 38, IAS 16 or IAS 40 and, therefore, at the cost net of amortization and any reduction in value, at "recalculated value" or at fair value as applicable.

(2,892)

729,098

731,990

For this reason during the 2018 the Bank and its subsidiary Fineco AM are carrying out the activities of analysis and recognition of the impacts consequent to the adoption of the standard, aspects that represent the main discontinuity with respect to the accounting model envisaged by IAS17, completing the preliminary assessment of potential impacts at the transition date (January 1, 2019).

The activities relating to the development of rules, principles and IT systems to ensure the correct calculation of new assets and liabilities, their subsequent measurement and the determination of the related effects on the income statement, are currently being finalized.

The Bank and its subsidiary, in line with the choices made by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., decided not to recalculate the accounting data relating to previous years (comparative values) and to apply the standard retroactively, accounting for the cumulative effect deriving from the initial application on 1 January 2019 in net equity, as envisaged by the same principle (transition with modified retrospective method). For the First Time Adoption purposes, the amount of the financial liability will be equal to the present value of the future payments remaining at the transition date and the activity consisting of the "right of use" is recognized on the date of the initial application by evaluating it to equal to the amount of the financial liability above mentioned adjusted for the amount of any accruals/prepayments related to the lease, booked in the statement of the situation statement of financial position immediately prior to the date of initial application (i.e these financial statements as at December 31, 2018).

For the purposes of calculating the leasing debt and the associated "right of use", the Bank and its subsidiary proceed to discount future installments at an appropriate interest rate. In this context the future lease payments to be discounted are determined in light of the provisions of the lease and calculated net of the VAT component, despite being the same non-deductible for the Bank, by virtue of the fact that the obligation to pay such tax arises at the time of issuance of the invoice by the lessor and not at the effective date of the leasing contract.

Identification of the scope of application

The Bank has identified the leasing contracts that fall within the scope of application of the standard, represented by the lease contracts of the buildings used by the company and the financial shops used by the personal financial advisors and directly managed by the Bank, as well as leases of machinery and cars.

As envisaged by the standards, which grants exemptions in this regard, and in line with the choices made by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., (i) "low-value assets" contracts (whose threshold has been identified as €5 thousand) and (ii) leases with a contractual duration equal to or less than 12 months ("Short term lease") have been excluded from the scope of application; it was decided not to apply the standard to the (iii) leases of intangible assets (mainly represented by software lease payments).

Note that the lease of the building located in Milan, Piazza Durante 11, where the Bank's registered office is located, will be classified at First Time Adoption of the standard as "Short term lease" and, therefore, excluded from the scope of application of IFRS 16, as on January 31, 2019, the Bank completed the purchase transaction of the building, with the simultaneous termination of the lease.

Duration of leasing

The Bank has determinated the duration of leasing for each contract within the scope of application, considering the "non-cancellable" period during which the Bank has the right to use the underlying asset and taking into consideration all the contractual aspects that could modify such duration, for instance:

- periods covered by a right of resolution (together with any related penalties) or an option to extend the lease in favor of the sole lesse, the sole lessor or in favor of both, even in different periods over the duration of the contract;
- periods covered by an option to purchase the underlying asset.

In particular, with reference to contracts that allow the lessee to tacitly renew the lease at the end of a first contractual period, the duration of the lease is determined, based on historical experience, considering the period not to be canceled as well as the period object of extension option (first contract renewal period), except for the existence of any business plans for the disposal of the leased asset, as well as clear and documented assessments by the competent Bank departments which lead us to believe that the failure to exercise the option to renew or exercise the resolution option, also taking into account, with particular regard to the financial shops in use to the personal financial advisors, the commercial strategies for the recruitment and territorial organization of the network.

Discount rate

The standard IFRS 16 provides that at the stariting date of the contract the lessee has to assess the liability of the lease to the present value of the payments due for the lease not paid on that date. Payments due for the lease must be discounted using the implied lease interest rate, if it can be easily determined. If this is not possible, the lessee has to use its marginal refinancing rate.

The nature of the contracts stipulated by the Bank, which fall within the scope of application of the standard, mainly represented by rental contracts of properties, do not allow to derive the implied rate in each contract, for this reason the discounting is carried out using the marginal refinancing rate. The latter is determined on the basis of the cost of funding for liabilities of similar duration and similar security of those implicit in the lease contracts.

Since FinecoBank has not issued its own debt instruments, the rate applied is UniCredit S.p.A.'s senior secured funding rate, considering that the Parent Company applies this rate to finance companies in the Italian perimeter.

Conclusions

Due to the new accounting rules set by the standard IFRS 16 from the point of view of the lessor, at the first time adoption a consolidated balance sheet effect is expected, deriving from the recognition of assets representing the right of use of the leased assets and, at the same time, from the inclusion in the liabilities side of financial debts relating to the lease payments, specified in the outstanding contracts, to be paid; no impact has been recorded in consolidated net equity.

In particular, the application of IFRS 16 will lead an increase in the balance sheet assets of approximately €63.5 million and an increased in the Bank' RWAs whose effect can be estimated, as a preliminary figure, equal to 55 basis points on the individual CET1 of the Bank as of 31 December 2018

Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund - Voluntary Scheme

FinecoBank has joined to the "Voluntary Scheme" (the "Schema Volontario"), introduced by Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF), with appropriate modification of its statute, in November 2015. The "Schema Volontario" is an instrument for the resolution of bank crises through support measures in favour of its member banks, if specific conditions laid down by the legislation occurring. The "Schema Volontario" has an independent funding and the participating banks are committed to supply the relevant resources upon demand, when resources are needed to fund interventions.

The "Schema Volontario", as a private entity, has provided in April 2016 the restructuring of the support of the action that FITD had operated in July 2014 in favour of Bank Tercas, operation that generated no further charges for participating banks. Subsequently, the financial participating size of the "Schema Volontario" was increased up to €700 million (with a total commitment for FinecoBank of €16.8 million).

In this context, on June 2016 the "Schema Volontario" approved an action in support of Cassa di Risparmio di Cesena (CariCesena), in relation to a capital increase approved by the same bank on 8 June 2016 for €280 million. On 30 September 2016 the commitment pro-quota relating to FinecoBank had been converted into a monetary payment which has led, as indicated in this regard by the Bank of Italy, to the recognition in the financial statements of capital instruments classified – according to the pre-existing accounting standard IAS 39 – as "Financial assets available for sale" for an amount of €6.7 million (consistent with the monetary payment). The evaluation of the instruments as at December 2016, according to an internal evaluation model based on multiples of a banking basket integrated with estimates on Cassa di Risparmio di Cesena's credit portfolio and related equity/capital needs, had brought to full impairment of the position.

In September 2017, to face Credit Agricole CariParma intervention in favour of CariCesena, Cassa di Risparmio di Rimini (Carismi) (approved by the Management Board of the Voluntary Scheme and based on a capital increase for €464 million and subscription of bonds from NPL securitisation of these banks for €170 million), the fund had increased its capital endowment till to €795 million and, as a consequence, the share of total investments attributable to FinecoBank amounted to €13.3 million net of contributions already paid above mentioned). Further in the same month, FinecoBank had paid €1.4 million, as required by the Fund, in respect of the part of the intervention related to the capital increase of Carim and Carismi. During December 2017, FinecoBank had paid further €12.2 million (€7.5 million referred to capital increase of the banks and €4.7 million referred to the subscription of securitisation's notes). Following these payments, FinecoBank's residual commitment towards Voluntary Scheme was substantially nil (€0.1 million as at December 31, 2018).

All payments done in 2017 referred to capital increase of the banks have brought, as the previous ones, to the recognition in the financial statements of capital instruments classified – according to the pre-existing accounting standard IAS 39 – as "Financial assets available for sale" for the same amount of €8.9 million, entirely cancelled in 2017 as deemed unrecoverable due to the sale of the banks to Credit Agricole CariParma at a symbolic price.

Regarding the payment relating to the portion of investment referred to Voluntary Scheme's subscription of Junior and Mezzanine quotes of the securitization (€4.7 million for FinecoBank), initial value of the corresponding equity instruments has been rectified in the financial statements to reflect fair value valuation declared by the Voluntary Scheme (€0.7 million for FinecoBank), as resulting from analysis conducted by the advisors in charge appointed by IDGF for the underlying credits evaluation of the Junior and Mezzanine securities above mentioned, conducted according to a Discounted Cash Flow model based on recovery plans elaborated by SPV's special servicer.

With regard to these capital instruments, classified under item 20. "Financial assets measured at fair value with impact on the income statement: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value", following the update of the assessment received from the Voluntary Scheme (resulting from the analysis of the appointed advisor), at the date of 31 December 2018 a further adjustment of € 0.2 million was recorded.

On November 30, 2018, the Shareholders' Meeting of the banks participating to the Voluntary Scheme decided to intervene in favour of Banca Carige S.p.A. by subscribing a Tier 2 subordinated loan (for a maximum amount of €320 million) to be issued by Banca Carige S.p.A. and intended for conversion into capital to the extent necessary to allow an expected capital increase of €400 million.

On the same date, within the framework of the agreement specifically stipulated with the Voluntary Scheme, Banca Carige S.p.A. has issued bonds for €320 million, of which €318.2 million have been subscribed directly by the Voluntary Scheme. The bonds were issued at par (100% of the nominal value), with a fixed rate coupon of 13% and a maturity of 10 years (maturity November 30, 2028). However, as required by the related Term Sheet, as the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Banca Carige S.p.A. did not appointed a proxy to the Board of Directors by December 22,

2018, also pursuant to art. 2443 of the Civil Code, to increase the share capital for a maximum total amount, including possible premium, of €400 million, with retroactive effect, starting from the date of issue, the interest on The principal amount of the outstanding bonds from time to time matures at a nominal fixed rate of 16%.

With regard to the intervention above mentioned, FinecoBank's contribution request by the Voluntary Scheme has been equal to approximately €9.5 million and it has been booked in December at the moment of payment, as a financial instrument classified - according to the current accounting standard IFRS 9 and in continuity with what was done during the transition to the standard at January 1, 2018 for the instruments recognized for previous payments to the Voluntary Scheme - under the item "20. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value".

Since no market valuations or prices of comparable securities are available, at December 31, 2018 the fair value of the instrument was determined by the Bank using internal models (based on Discounted Cash Flow and Market Multiples methods applied in a multi-scenario analisys) also referring to the valuation carried out by the advisor appointed by IDGF in the context of the formalities related to training from the 2018 Report of the Voluntary Scheme and sent by the IDGF to the participating banks and taking into consideration the significant current and future uncertainties regarding the issuing credit institution. A further adjustment of €2.8 million was recorded on the financial statements 2018.

Contributions to guarantee and resolution funds.

With reference to the contributory obligations under Directive 2014/49/EU (Deposit Guarantee Schemes - DGS), with the communication dated December 6, 2018, the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF) announced that in application of a uniform standard of distribution of ordinary contributions in the years of accumulation, the total amount due by the consortium member banks for the financial year 2018 would be equal to €538.7 million. The European and national legislation, however, defines a final objective level, allowing deposit guarantee schemes to take into account, for the calculation of contributions, the economic cycle and the possible procyclical impact of the same (Article 96.2, paragraph 2 of the TUB). Under this provision, in order to meet the financial needs related to the Solidarity Fund's, established by the 2016 Stability Law, using IDGF resources, without request further payments to the consortium members, even in each of the years 2016 and 2017 the DGS ordinary contributions have been reduced by € 100 million, to be recovered over the years of the financial allocation (with consequent increase in future contributions). The Board of the Fund, in its meeting held on 28 November 2018, resolved to proceed on this line also for 2018, earmarking € 80 million of the total amount owed by the member banks to the Solidarity Fund, in order to face the financial needs arising from the release of provisions and compensation relating to ongoing, arbitration and lump sum procedures.

As a consequence, the total ordinary contribution referred to the Directive 2014/49/EU (Deposit Guarantee Schemes - DGS), intended for the establishment of the IDGF financial resources for the financial year 2018, has been established in the amount of €458.7 million.

To the ordinary contribution so quantified they are added, according to the art. 25, paragraph 2 of the Bylaws, the additional contributions amounting to € 1.2 million, aimed at the gradual recovery in the years 2018-2024 of the part of the financial resources used up to now for interventions.

The FITD Board, in the above mentioned meeting, also resolved to request an additional contribution of € 16.5 million from the consortium banks, to be recognized, as an arrangement fee, to the pool of arranger banks, as part of the granting a line of credit as an alternative source of funding to meet its obligations, instead of the request for extraordinary contributions, whose call would immediately affect the liquidity and profit and loss account of the consortium members, with possible procyclical effects.

In total, therefore, the contribution due by the consortium member banks for 2018, including the resources to be allocated to the Solidarity Fund and the additional contribution above mentioned, amounts to a total of € 556.4 million. The portion pertaining to each consortium member is calculated based on the amount of the protected deposits as at 30 September 2018 and risk-adjusted based on each of their management indicators of the risk-based model of the Fund for calculating contributions, pursuant to art. 28, paragraph 2 of the Articles of Association.

The contribution for the year 2018 was paid and accounted for by the Bank under the item 160. Administrative Expenses, amounting to € 14.3 million as follows:

- € 13.8 million relating to the DGS ordinary contribution;
- € 0.03 million relating to the DGS additional contribution;
- € 0.4 million relating to the contribution to the Solidarity Fund.

No contribution was requested from the Bank by the Single Resolution Board, for 2018, with regard to contribution obligations pursuant to Directive 2014/59/EU (Single Resolution Fund).

Risks and uncertainties related to the use of estimates

In the application of the IFRS, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities as well as the information regarding potential assets and liabilities. Estimates and related assumptions are based on previous experience and other factors considered reasonable under the circumstances and have been used to estimate the carrying values of assets and liabilities not readily available from other sources.

Estimated figures have been used for the recognition of some of the largest value-based items in the financial statements as at December 31, 2018, as required by the accounting standards and regulations. These estimates are largely based, as regards assets, on calculations of future recoverability of the values recognised in the accounts and, as regards liabilities, on estimates of the probability of using resources to meet its obligations and the amount of resources necessary to that end, according to the rules laid down in current legislation and standards and have been made on the assumption of a going concern, on which basis these financial statements have been prepared, i.e. without contemplating the possibility of the forced sale of the estimated items.

The processes adopted support the carrying values at December 31, 2018. For some of the above items the valuation is particularly complex given the uncertainty of the macroeconomic and market situation, characterised by the significant volatility of financial indicators used in the valuation process and still high levels of credit quality impairment, as well as, more generally, the uncertainty and instability in the banking sector.

For other items, however, the complexity and subjectivity of estimates is influenced by the structure of the underlying assumptions and assumptions, the number and variability of available information and the uncertainties connected with possible future outcomes of proceedings, disputes and litigation.

The parameters and information used to determine the above-mentioned values are therefore significantly affected by multiple factors, which could change rapidly in ways that are currently unforeseeable, which means that consequent future effects on the book values cannot be ruled out.

At the date of preparing these financial statements we believe that there are no uncertainties such as to give rise to significant adjustments to the carrying amounts within one year.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are regularly reviewed. Any changes resulting from these reviews are recognised in the period in which the review was carried out, provided the change only concerns that period. If the revision concerns both current and future periods it is recognised accordingly in both current and future periods.

Uncertainty affecting estimates is inherent, among other factors, in the determination of:

- fair value of financial instruments not listed in active markets;
- receivables and relating write-offs, and in general, all other financial assets/liabilities;
- employee severance pay provision (Italy) and other employee and financial advisor benefits;
- provisions for risks and charges;
- goodwill;
- deferred tax assets;
- tax liabilities.

This quantification can vary over time, also to a significant extent, according to the evolution of the national and international social and economic environment and the consequent impacts on the Bank's earnings and customer solvency and the credit quality of the counterparties, the performance of the financial markets, which influence the fluctuation in rates, prices and actuarial assumptions used to determine the estimates, the reference legislative and regulatory changes, as well as the evolution and developments in existing or potential disputes.

With specific reference to future cash flow projections used in the valuation of the recoverability of goodwill recorded in the balance sheet, it should be noted that the parameters and information used are significantly influenced by the macro-economic market situation, which may change unpredictably. For further information please refer to Part B –Balance Sheet – Section 9 – Intangible assets.

With specific reference to valuation techniques, unobservable inputs and parameters used in the fair value measurement and sensitivities to changes in those inputs, please refer to Section A.4. Information on fair value of this Part A.

With particular regard to provisions for risks and charges for risks arising from legal disputes and claims, see Part E – Information on risks and hedging policies - Section 5 - Operating risk.

For further details on the models and parameters used in the measurement of IFRS 9 adjustments, please refer to the information in the specific section "15. Other information - Impairment" of Part A "Accounting policies – A.2. The main items of the accounts".

Note to the accounts

Other information

The Financial statements as at December 31, 2018 have been reviewed, pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree no. 39 of January 27, 2010 and Regulation (UE) 2014/537, by Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. appointed as auditor of the Bank's accounts in implementation of the Shareholders' Meeting resolution of April 16, 2013.

The entire document is lodged with the competent offices and entities as required by law.

A.2 THE MAIN ITEMS OF THE ACCOUNTS

1 - Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

a) Financial assets held for trading (HFT)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if it is:

- acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;
- a derivative contract not designated within hedge accounting operations, with a positive fair value incorporated into financial liabilities other than those valued at fair value through profit and loss.

Financial assets held for trading are initially recognised, at settlement date with regard to debt and equity securities and disbursement data with regard to loans, at its *fair value*, which is usually equal to the amount paid, excluding transaction costs and income, which are recognised through profit or loss even when directly attributable to the financial assets.

Trading book derivatives are recognised at trade date.

After initial recognition these financial assets are measured at their fair value through consolidated profit or loss.

An exception is represented by derivatives settled by delivery of an unlisted equity instrument whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, and which are therefore measured at cost.

A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract with all three of the following characteristics:

- its value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable (usually called the 'underlying') provided that in case of non-financial variable, this is not specific of one of the parties;
- it requires no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors;
- it is settled at a future date.

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid (combined) instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract, with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative.

An embedded derivative is separated from financial liabilities other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss and from non-financial instruments, and is recognized as a derivative, if:

- the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract;
- a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative;
- the hybrid (combined) instrument is not measured entirely at fair value through profit or loss.

When an embedded derivative is separated, the host contract is accounted for according to its accounting classification.

A gain or loss arising from sale or redemption or a change in the fair value of a HFT financial asset is recognised in income statement in item 80 "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading", including financial derivatives relating to a fair value option.

If the fair value of an instrument falls below zero, which may happen with derivative contracts, it is recognised in item 20. "Financial liabilities held for trading".

b) Financial assets designated at fair value

A non-derivative financial asset may be designated at fair value if such designation avoids accounting mismatches deriving from the valuation of assets and associated liabilities according to different valuation criteria.

These assets are accounted for alike "Financial assets held for trading" (see point a) Financial Assets held for trading) with the exception of gains and losses, both realised and unrealised, that are recognised in item 110. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss: a) financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value".

At the balance sheet date, no financial assets classified as "Financial assets designated at fair value" were held.

c) Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value

A financial asset, that is not held for trading, is classified as financial asset mandatorily at fair value if it does not meet the conditions, in terms of business model or cash flow characteristics, for being measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Specifically, the following assets have been classified in this portfolio:

- debt instruments, securities and loans for which the business model is neither held to collect nor held to collect
- and sell but which are not part of the trading book;
- debt instruments, securities and loans with cash flows that are not solely payment of principal and interest;
- units in investment funds;
- equity instruments for which the Bank does not apply the option granted by the standard of valuing these instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

These assets are accounted for alike "Financial assets held for trading" (see point a) Financial Assets held for trading) with the exception of gains and losses, both realised and unrealised, that are recognised in item 110. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss b) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value".

2 - Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income

A financial asset is classified among financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income if:

- its business model is held to collect and sell;
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This item also includes equity instrument, not held for trading purposes, for which at the date of initial recognition, or in the first time adoption of the principle, the Bank exercised the option, granted by the standard, to designate this instruments at fair value with an impact on Statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets measured at fair value through comprehensive income are initially recognised, at settlement date with regard to debt and equity securities and disbursement data with regard to loans, at its fair value, which is usually equal to the consideration of the transaction, plus transaction costs and income directly attributable to the instrument.

The interest accruing on interest-bearing instruments is recognised on the income statement, in net interest margin, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. This shall be calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- b) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Delay interest is taken to the income statement on collection or receipt.

After initial recognition, for debt instruments, gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in the Statement of comprehensive income and shown in item 110. "Revaluation reserves" in shareholders' equity.

These instruments are the subject to reductions / write backs in accordance with the illustration given in the next relevant section "Impairment". Gain/losses are recorded in the consolidated income statement item 130. "Impairment losses/write backs on: b) financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income" with contra-entry in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and are also shown in item 110. "Revaluation reserves" in shareholders' equity.

The time value interest are recognised in the interest margin.

In the event of disposal, the accumulated profits and losses are recognised in the income statement in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income".

With regard to equity instrument, the profits and losses from changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and shown in item 110. Revaluation reserve" in shareholders' equity.

In accordance with the provisions of IFRS9, no impairment losses on equity instruments are recognized in the income statement.

In the event of disposal, the accumulated profits and losses are recorded in item 130. "Reserves".

3 - Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is classified within the financial assets measured at at amortized cost if:

- its business model is held to collect;
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

More specifically, this item includes:

- loans to banks and customers in the various technical forms that meet the requirements of the previous paragraph;
- debt securities that meet the requirements of the previous paragraph.

This item also includes current receivables associated with the provision of financial assets and services as defined by the T.U.B. and from the T.U.F. (e.g. current receivables associated with the distribution of financial products).

Financial assets at amortized cost are initially recognised, at settlement date with regard to debt securities and disbursement data with regard to loans, at its fair value, which is usually equal to the consideration paid, plus transaction costs and income directly attributable to the instrument; the interest is recognised on the income statement, in net interest margin, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. This shall be calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- (a) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- (b) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the entity shall apply the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Delay interest is taken to the income statement on collection or receipt.

After initial recognition at fair value, these assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, which can be adjusted to take account of any write-downs/write-backs resulting from the valuation process in accordance with the illustration given in the next relevant section "Impairment". Gain/losses are recorded in the income statement item 130. "Impairment losses/write backs on: a) financial assets at amortised cost".

The time value interest are recognised in the interest margin.

In the event of derecognition, the profits and losses are recognised in the income statement in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost".

4 - Hedge Accounting

The Bank, like the UniCredit Group, has taken advantage of the option to continue to apply the existing IAS 39 hedge accounting requirements for all hedging accounts until such time as the IASB has completed its macro-hedging accounting rules project.

Hedging derivatives are those created to hedge market risks (interest-rate, currency and price) to which the hedged positions are exposed. They may be described as follows:

- fair value hedge: a hedge of the exposure to changes in fair value of a recognised asset or liability, or an identifiable portion of such an asset or liability;
- cash flow hedge: a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction which could affect profit or loss in future periods;
- hedge of a net investment in a foreign entity, whose operations are presented in a currency other than euro.

Hedging derivatives are initially recognised on trade date and are valued at their fair value.

A hedging relationship qualifies for hedge accounting if there is formal designation and documentation of the hedging relationship including the risk management objective, the strategy for undertaking the hedge, and how the hedging instrument's prospective and retrospective effectiveness will be assessed. It is necessary to assess the hedge's effectiveness, at inception and in subsequent periods, in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk.

A hedge is regarded as highly effective if, at the inception of the hedge and in subsequent periods, it is determined prospectively to remain highly effective, and the retrospectively verified that the hedge ratio (i.e. the changes in fair value of hedged items and hedging instruments) is within a range of 80-125 per cent. The hedge is assessed on an ongoing basis and thus must prospectively remain highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which the hedge has been designated.

The assessment of effectiveness is made at each balance-sheet date or other reporting date. If the assessment does not confirm the effectiveness of the hedge, from that time on hedge accounting is discontinued in respect of the hedge and the hedging derivative is reclassified as a held-fortrading instrument.

In addition, the hedging relationship ceases when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised; the hedged item is sold, expires or is repaid; or it is no longer highly probable that the forecast transaction will occur.

Hedging derivatives are measured at fair value. In particular:

- Fair Value Hedging an effective fair value hedge is accounted for as follows: the gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instrument at fair value is recognised in the income statement in item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting". The gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk adjusts the carrying amount of the hedged item and is recognised through profit or loss in the same item. Hedging ineffectiveness is represented by the difference between the change in the fair value of hedging instruments and the change in the fair value of hedged item. If the hedging relationship is terminated for reasons other than the sale of the hedged item, this is measured according to the original criterion dictated by the accounting standard applied to the relevant portfolio. In the case of interestbearing instruments, the difference between the carrying amount of the hedged item on termination of the hedging and the carrying amount it would have had if the hedge had never existed, is recognised through profit or loss in interest receivable or payable over the residual life of the original hedge. If the hedged item is sold or repaid, the portion of fair value which is still unamortised is recognised immediately in item 100. "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase" in the income statement. The difference in fair value of the hedging derivative since the latest effectiveness testing date is recognised in profit or loss under item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting";
- Cash Flow Hedging hedges are valued at fair value. Change in the fair value of a hedging instrument that is considered effective is recognised in equity item 110. "Revaluation reserves". The ineffective portion of the gain or loss is recognised through profit or loss in item 90."Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting". If a cash flow hedge is determined to be no longer effective or the hedging relationship is terminated, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that remains recognised in 110. "Revaluation reserves" from the period when the hedge was effective remains separately recognised in 110. "Revaluation reserves" until the forecast hedged transaction occurs or is determined to be no longer possible; in the latter case, the gains or losses are transferred from consolidated shareholders' equity to item 80. "Gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading" in the income statement. The overall fair value changes recorded in item 110. "Revaluation reserves" are reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- Hedging a Net Investment in a Foreign entity hedges of a net investment in a foreign entity, whose operations are presented in a currency other than euro, are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. The gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge that has been recognised directly in equity is recognised through profit or loss on disposal of the foreign entity. The fair value changes recorded in item 110. "Revaluation reserves" are also reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The ineffective portion of the gain or loss is recognised through consolidated profit or loss in item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting":
- Macro-hedged financial assets (liabilities) IAS 39 allows a fair-value item hedged against interest rate fluctuations to be not only a single asset or liability but also a monetary position contained in a number of financial assets or liabilities (or parts of them); accordingly, a group of derivatives can be used to offset fair-value fluctuations in hedged items due to changes in market rates. Macro hedging may not be used for net positions resulting from the offsetting of assets and liabilities. As for fair value micro hedging, macro hedging is considered highly effective if, at the inception of the hedge and throughout its life, changes in the fair value attributable to the hedged position are offset by changes in fair value of the hedging instrument and if the hedge ratio is retrospectively assessed falling within the range of 80-125 per cent. Net changes - gains or losses - in the value of the macro-hedged assets and liabilities attributable to the hedged risk are recognised in asset item 60. "Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items (+/-)" and liability item 50. "Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items (+/-)" respectively and offset the profit and loss item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting" in the income statement. The gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instrument at fair value is recognised in the same profit and loss item. The ineffectiveness of the hedging arises to the extent that the change in the fair value of the hedging item differs from the change in the fair value of the hedged monetary position. The extent of hedge ineffectiveness is in any case recognised in profit and loss item 90. "Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting" in the income statement.

If the hedging relationship is terminated, for reasons other than the sale of the hedged items, cumulative gain or loss in items 60 (Assets) and 50 (Liabilities) is recognised through profit or loss in interest income or expenses, along the residual life of the hedged financial assets or liabilities.

If the latter are sold or repaid, unamortised fair value is at once recognised through profit and loss in item 100. "Gains (Losses) on disposals/repurchase" in the income statement.

The Bank had in place at the reporting date only macro-hedges against the interest rate risk of mortgages loans to retail customers and fixed-rate direct deposits.

5 - Equity Investments

Equity investments are equity instruments and consequently defined as financial instruments under IAS32.

Investments in equity instruments made with the intention of establishing or maintaining a long-term operational relationship with the investee are strategic investments.

The following are the types of equity investment:

Subsidiaries

Entities, including structured entities, over which the Bank has direct or indirect control, are considered subsidiaries. Control over an entity entails the Bank's ability to exercise power in order to influence the variable returns to which the Group is exposed through its relationship with them.

In order to verify the existence of control, the Bank considers the following factors:

- the purpose and establishment of the investee in order to identify which are the entity's objectives, the activities that determine its returns and how these activities are governed;
- the power in order to understand whether the Bank has contractual rights that attribute the ability to govern the relevant activities; to this end only substantial rights that provide practical ability to govern are considered;
- the exposure held in relation to the investee in order to assess whether the Bank has relations with the investee, the returns of which are subject to changes depending on the investee's performance;
- the existence of potential "principal agent" relationships.

If the relevant activities are governed through voting rights, the existence of control is verified considering the voting rights held, including the potential ones, and the existence of any shareholders' or other agreements which attribute the right to control the majority of the voting rights, to appoint the majority of the governing body or in any case the power to determine the entity's financial and operating policies.

Subsidiaries may also include any "structured entity" in which the voting rights are not significant for establishing control, including special purpose entities and investment funds.

In the case of structured entities, the existence of control is ascertained considering both the contractual rights that enable governance of the relevant activities of the entity (or those that contribute most to the results) and the Bank's exposure to the variability of returns deriving from these activities.

Joint venture

A joint venture is an entity over which a company has:

- a joint-control agreement;
- rights to the entity's net assets.

Joint control exists only when the decisions relating to significant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

At the reporting date, the Bank held no investments in joint ventures.

Associates

An associate is a company over which the investor has significant influence and which are not wholly-owned subsidiaries or joint ventures.

It is presumed that the investor has significant influence if the investor:

- holds, directly or indirectly, at least 20 per cent of the voting power of an investee, or
- is able, also through shareholders' agreements, to exercise significant influence through:
 - representation on the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the investee;
 - participation in policy-making process, including participation in decisions about dividends or other distributions;
 - material transactions between the investor and the investee;
 - interchange of managerial personnel;
 - provision of essential technical information.

It is to be pointed out that only companies which are governed through voting rights can be classified as subject to significant influence.

At the reporting date, the Bank held no investments in associates.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost.

The purchase price of an equity investment is the sum of:

the fair value, at the date of acquisition, of the assets sold, liabilities assumed and equity instruments issued by the purchaser in exchange for control of the investee;

and

any cost directly attributable to the acquisition.

If there is evidence that an equity investment may have become impaired, its carrying value is compared with its recoverable value, which is determined on the basis of its value in use, in turn calculated by means of valuation models in general use in financial business, which discount expected future cash flow from the equity investment (Discounted Cash Flow method).

If it is not possible to obtain sufficient information the value in use is considered to be the net worth of the company. If the recovery value is less than the carrying value, the difference is recognised through profit or loss in item "220. Profit (loss) of associates". If the reasons for impairment are removed following a subsequent event occurring after the recognition of impairment, write-backs are made through same profit or loss item.

6 – Property, Plant and Equipment (Tangible Assets)

The item includes:

- land
- buildings
- furniture and fixtures
- electronical machinery and equipments
- plant and other machinery and equipments
- motor vehiclest

and is divided between:

- assets used in the business;
- assets held as investments.

Tangible assets used in the business are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes and are expected to be used during more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment also include leasehold improvements relating to assets which can be separately identified. They are classified according to the specific sub-items relating to the asset type (e.g. plants). Leasehold improvements are usually borne in order to make leased premises fit for the expected use. Improvements and additional expenses relating to property, plant and equipment identifiable but not separable are recognised in item 130. "Other assets".

Tangible assets held for investment purposes are properties covered by IAS 40, i.e. properties held in order to derive rentals and/or a capital gain.

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost including all costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into use (transaction costs, professional fees, direct transport costs incurred in bringing the asset to the desired location, installation costs and dismantling costs).

Subsequent costs are added to the carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset only when it is probable that there will be future economic benefits in excess of those initially foreseen and the cost can be reliably measured. Other expenses borne at a later time (e.g. normal maintenance costs) are recognised in the year they are incurred in profit and loss items:

160. "Administrative expenses: b) Other administrative expenses", if they refer to assets used in the business;

or:

200. "Other net operating income", if they refer to property held for investment.

After being recognised as an asset, an item of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any cumulative impairment losses.

An item with a finite useful life is subject to straight-line depreciation.

Residual useful life is usually assessed as follows:

Buildings

up to 33 years

Office furniture and fittings up to 9 years Electronic machinery and equipments up to 5 years Plants, other machinery and equipments up to 14 years Motor vehicles up to 4 years

Buildings, if separately quantifiable, are recognised separately, even if acquired together. Land is not depreciated since it usually has an indefinite useful life. Buildings, conversely, have a finite useful life and are therefore subject to depreciation.

The estimate of the useful life of an asset is reviewed at least at each accounting period-end on the basis inter alia of the conditions of use of the asset, of maintenance conditions and expected obsolescence, and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the depreciation amount for the current and subsequent financial years is adjusted accordingly.

If there is objective evidence that an asset has been impaired, the carrying amount of the asset is compared with its recoverable value, equal to the greater of its fair value less selling cost and its value in use, i.e. the present value of future cash flows expected to originate from the asset. Any impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss item 180. "Net impairment/Write-backs on property, plant and equipment" in the income statement.

If the value of a previously impaired asset is restored, its increased carrying amount cannot exceed the net carrying amount it would have had if there had been no losses recognised on the prior-year impairment.

An intangible asset is de-recognised from the consolidated balance sheet (i) on disposal or (ii) when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or sale; and any difference between sale proceeds or recoverable value and carrying value is recognised in the profit and loss item 250. "Gains (losses) on disposal of investments" or 180. "Net impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment".

7 - Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary without physical substance, controlled by the Company, which is expected to be used during more than one period and from which future economic benefits are probable.

Intangible assets mainly consist of goodwill, software and costs incurred for the creation of the new Fineco website.

Intangible assets other than goodwill are recognised at purchase cost, i.e. including any cost incurred to bring the asset into use, less accumulated amortisation and any recognised impairment losses.

An intangible asset with a finite life is subject to straight-line amortisation over its estimated useful life.

Residual useful life is usually assessed as follows:

software maximum 3 years; other intangible assets maximum 5 years.

There are no intangible assets with an indefinite life, except for goodwill.

If there is objective evidence that an asset has been impaired, the carrying amount of the asset is compared with its recoverable value, equal to the greater of its fair value less selling cost and its value in use, i.e. the present value of future cash flows expected to originate from the asset. Any impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss item 190. "Net impairment/write-backs on intangible assets" in the income statement.

If the value of a previously impaired intangible asset, other than goodwill is restored, its increased carrying amount cannot exceed the net carrying amount it would have had if there were no losses recognised on the prior-year impairment.

An intangible asset is de-recognised from the balance sheet (i) on disposal or (ii) when no additional future economic benefits are expected from its use or sale; and any difference between sale proceeds or recoverable value and carrying value is recognised in the profit and loss item 250. "Gains (losses) on disposal of investments" or 190. "Net impairment/write-backs on intangible assets".

Goodwill

In accordance with IFRS3, goodwill is the excess of the cost of a business combination over the interest acquired in the net fair value, at the acquisition date, of the assets and liabilities acquired.

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries and joint ventures (consolidated proportionately) is recognised as an intangible asset; whereas goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included in the acquisition cost and, then, shown as an increase in the value of the investments.

Specifically, the goodwill recorded under intangible assets in these consolidated financial statements - corresponding to the goodwill recorded in the Bank's annual financial statements – derives from the acquisitions of merged or acquired companies.

At a subsequent financial reporting date, goodwill is recognised net of any cumulative impairment losses and is not amortised.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually. Impairment losses on goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit and loss item 270. "Impairment of goodwill". In respect of goodwill, no write-backs are allowed.

Goodwill relates to buy-outs of divisions or companies engaged in trading activities or the distribution of financial, banking and insurance products through personal financial advisors. These activities have been fully integrated with the Bank's ordinary operations; as a result, it is not possible to isolate the contribution of each company/business division from the Bank's overall business. This means that to establish the reasonableness of the value of goodwill recognised in the financial statements it is necessary to take account of FinecoBank's comprehensive income. The cash generating unit (CGU) is the Bank as a whole including the contribution from the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC, an asset management company incorporated under Irish law, thanks a vertically integrated business model.

In view of the specific business model adopted by the Bank, which involves a high level of integration between personal financial advisors and the trading and banking platform, so that the personal financial advisors network is an integral part of the overall offer, which includes banking, brokerage and investing services, an allocation of costs/revenues to the macro areas of activity is not considered relevant or meaningful.

Please see Section 9.3 Intangible assets - Other information in Part B of these notes to the accounts for further information on goodwill and related impairment tests.

8 - Non-current assets classified as held for sale

These categories include individual assets held for disposal (tangible, intangible and financial assets) or groups of assets held for sale, with the associated liabilities, as required by IFRS 5.

Individual assets (or groups of assets held for sale) and relating liabilities are recognised in item 120. "Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale" and 70. "Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale", respectively, at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell.

The revaluation reserves relating to Non-current assets held for sale, which are recorded as a contra item to changes in value relevant for this purpose), are reported separately in the Statement of comprehensive income (see Part D – Comprehensive Income).

The net balance of profits (dividends, interest income, etc.) and losses (interest expense, etc.) attributable to groups of assets or liabilities held for sale are recognised in the income statement under item 290. "Profit (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations" in the income statement. Profits and losses attributable to individual assets held for disposal are recognised in the income statement under the most appropriate item.

At the balance sheet date, the Bank held no "non-current assets classified as held for sale".

9 - Current and Deferred Tax

Tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet respectively in asset item 100. "Tax assets" and in liability item 60. "Tax liabilities".

In compliance with the "Balance sheet liability method", current and deferred tax items are:

- current tax assets, i.e. amount of tax paid in excess of income tax due under the current national tax regulations;
- current tax liabilities, i.e. tax payables due under the current Italian tax regulations;
- deferred tax assets, i.e. amounts of income tax recoverable in future fiscal years and relating to:
 - deductible temporary differences;
 - the carry-forward of unused tax losses;
 - the carry-forward of unused tax credits;
- deferred tax liabilities, i.e. the payables for income tax due in future fiscal years in respect of taxable temporary differences.

Current and deferred tax assets and tax liabilities are calculated in accordance with local tax regulations (with reference to each company consolidated on line-by-line basis) and are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis. More specifically, for current IRES income tax, a rate of 27.50% has been calculated; for IRAP corporate tax, the rate applied was 5.57%.

In this regard, it should be noted that the effects of the reduction in the IRES income tax rate from 27.50% to 24% introduced, with effect from January 1, 2017 effective for tax periods after the period to December 31, 2016, introduced by the Stability Law for 2016 were "neutralised" for the Bank as a result of the introduction, by the same Law, of an additional 3.5 percentage points for credit institutions effective for the same tax periods.

In general, deferred tax assets and liabilities arise when there is a difference between the accounting treatment and the tax treatment of the carrying amount of an asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised applying tax rates that at the balance sheet date are expected to apply in the period when the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered or the liability will be settled on the basis of tax regulations in force, and are periodically reviewed in order to reflect any changes in regulations.

Furthermore, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be generated. In accordance with the provisions of IAS12, the probability that sufficient future taxable profit will be available, against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised, is reviewed periodically. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets should be reduced to the extent that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Deferred tax liabilities are always recognised.

Current and deferred taxes are recognised in profit and loss item 270. "Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations", except for tax referred to items that in the same or in another fiscal year are credited or charged directly to equity, such as those relating to valuation gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, whose changes in value are recognised, after tax, under the revaluation reserves directly in the statement of comprehensive income.

Current tax assets are shown in the balance sheet net of related current tax liabilities, where the following requirements are met:

- there is a right to offset the recognised amounts; and
- there is an intention to settle the asset and liability positions with a single payment on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets are shown in the balance sheet net of related deferred tax liabilities, where the following requirements are met:

- there is a right to offset the underlying current tax assets with the current tax liabilities; and
- deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis (usually under a tax consolidation agreement).

10 - Provisions for risks and charges

Provisions for risks and charges for commitments and guarantees given

The sub-item of the provisions for risks and charges in question includes the funds for credit risk recognized for commitments to disburse funds and guarantees given which fall within the scope of application of the rules on impairment in accordance with IFRS 9, according to illustrated in the next specific section "Impairment".

The effects of valuation are recognised in item 170. "Net provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given" in the income statement.

Provisions for retirement payments and similar obligations

Retirement provisions - i.e. provisions for employee benefits paid after leaving employment - are defined as defined contribution plans or defined benefit plans according to the economic nature of the plan.

In particular:

- Defined-benefit plans provide a series of benefits depending on factors such as age, years of service and compensation policies. Under this type of plan actuarial and investment risks are borne by the company.
- Defined-contribution plans are plans under which the company makes fixed contributions. Benefits are the result of the amount of contributions paid and return on contributions invested. The employer bears no actuarial and/or investment risks connected with this type of plan as it has no legal or implicit obligation to make further contributions, should the plan not be sufficient to provide benefit to all employees.

Defined-benefit plans are present-valued by an external actuary using the unit credit projection method.

This method distributes the cost of the benefit evenly over the employee's working life. The liability is determined as the present value of average future payments adjusted according to the ratio of years of service to theoretical total years of service at the time of payment of the benefit.

More specifically, the amount recognised according to IAS 19 Revised, as a net liability/asset in item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges: b) Post-retirement benefit obligations" is the present value of the obligation at the balance sheet date, less any pension charges relating to benefits already provided but not yet recognised, less the fair value at the balance sheet date of plan assets other than those due to directly settle the obligations adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. Actuarial gains or losses from the defined-benefit liabilities are recognised as a contra-entry to equity under item 110. "Revaluation reserves" are reported in the Statement of comprehensive income.

The discount rate used to discount obligations (whether financed or not) relating to benefits to be provided after retirement varies according to the currency of denomination and country where the liabilities are allocated and is determined on the basis of market yield at the balance sheet date of prime issuers' bonds with an average life in keeping with that of the relevant liability.

At the balance sheet date, there were no provisions for retirement payments and similar obligations.

Other provisions

Provisions for risks and charges consist of liabilities recognised when:

- the entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amounts recognised as provisions are the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation. The risks and uncertainties that inevitably surround the relevant events and circumstances are taken into account in reaching the best estimate of a provision.

As regards provisions for legal disputes, the estimate includes the costs of proceedings borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

This estimate was determined by the Bank, in relation to the current dispute, mainly based on the analysis of the historical trend of legal expenses incurred, by type of litigation and degree of judgment.

In addition, where the effect of the time value of money is significant (usually when the expense is expected to materialise more than 18 months after its recognition), the amount of the provision should be the present value of the best estimate of the cost required to settle the obligation. The discount rate used reflects the current market assessments.

Provisions are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it becomes clear that it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Provisions are used only for expenses for which they were originally recognised. Provisions for the year are recognised in the income statement in item 170. "Net provisions for risks and charges b) other net provisions" include increases due to the passage of time; they are also net of any reattributions.

"Other provisions" also include obligations relating to benefits due to personal financial advisors, specifically supplementary customer portfolio payments and contractual payments, which can be considered defined benefit plans; accordingly, these obligations are calculated by an actuary using the unit credit projection method (see paragraph "Retirement Payments and Similar Obligations"), and payments under non-competition agreements.

In certain cases, provisions for risks and charges (for example those related to staff expenses and administrative costs) have been recognised under their own item in the income statement to better reflect their nature.

11 - Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities valued at an amortised cost include financial instruments (other than trading liabilities and those valued at fair value), representing various forms of third-party funding.

On initial recognition, at settlement date, financial liabilities at amortized cost are measured at fair value, which is normally the consideration received less transaction costs directly attributable to the financial liability; the interest is recognised on the income statement, in net interest margin, on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

After initial recognition, these instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Hybrid debt instruments relating to equity instruments, foreign exchange, credit instruments or indexes, are treated as structured instruments. The embedded derivative is separated from the host contract and recognised as a derivative, provided that separation requirements are met, and recognised at fair value. The embedded derivative is entered at fair value, classified under financial assets or liabilities held for trading, and is then

valued at fair value, with the relative profits or losses recognised in the consolidated income statement in item 80 "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading". The difference between the total amount received and the initial fair value of the embedded derivative is attributed to the host contract.

Instruments convertible into treasury shares imply recognition, at the issuing date, of a financial liability and of the equity part, recognized in item "130. "Equity instruments", whenever the contractual terms provide for physical delivery. The equity component is initially measured at residual value, i.e., the overall value of the instrument less the separately determined value of a financial liability with no conversion clause and the same cash flow. The financial liability is recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Securities in issue are recognised net of the repurchased amounts; the difference between the book value of the liability and the amount paid to buy it, is recorded in the consolidated income statement in item 100."Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: c) financial liabilities". Subsequent disposal by the issuer is considered as a new issue which doesn't produce gains or losses.

The Bank's consolidated debts do not include covenants (see glossary in the attachments) that would cause default or restructuring events. There are no debt instruments involving convertibility to equity instruments (under IASB IFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity

At the balance sheet date, there were no debt securities in issue, hybrid debt instruments or instruments convertible into treasury shares.

12 - Financial liabilities held for trading

Financial liabilities held for trading include:

- derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments;
- obligations to deliver financial assets borrowed by a short seller (i.e., an entity that sells financial assets it does not yet own);
- financial liabilities issued with an intention to repurchase them in the near term;
- financial liabilities that are part of a portfolio of financial instruments considered as a unit and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of trading.

HFT financial liabilities, including derivatives, are measured at fair value initially and for the life of the transaction.

A gain or loss arising from sale or redemption or a change in the fair value of a HFT financial asset is recognised in income statement in item 80 "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading", including financial derivatives relating to a fair value option.

13 - Financial liabilities designated at fair value

Financial liabilities, like financial assets may also be designated or in the first time adoption of the principle, according to IFRS 9, on initial recognition as measured at fair value, provided that:

this designation eliminates or considerably reduces the discrepancy that could arise from the application of different methods of measurement of assets and liabilities and related gains or losses;

or

a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both are managed and measured at fair value under risk management or investment strategy which is internally documented with the entity's Board of Directors or equivalent body.

This category may also include financial liabilities represented by hybrid (combined) instruments containing embedded derivatives that otherwise should have been separated from the host contract.

Financial liabilities in this category, including derivatives, are valued at fair value initially, and during the life of the operation.

Changes in fair value are recognised in consolidated income statement in item 110. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss: a) financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value", except for any changes in fair value that derive from changes in the credit rating, which are shown in item 110. "Valuation reserves" in shareholders' equity unless that recognition causes a discrepancy that would result from a different valuation of assets and liabilities and related gains and losses, in which case the changes in fair value deriving from changes in credit rating are also recognised on the income statement.

At the balance sheet date, no financial liabilities classified as "Financial liabilities designated at fair value "were held.

14 - Foreign currency transactions

A foreign currency transaction is recognised at the spot exchange rate of the transaction date.

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate of the period.

Exchange differences arising from settlement of monetary items at rates different from those of the transaction date and unrealised exchange rate differences on foreign currency assets and liabilities not yet settled, other than assets and liabilities designated as measured at fair value and hedging instruments, are recognised in profit and loss item 80. "Gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading" in the income statement.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities recognised at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated at the closing rate. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised directly in equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised directly in equity. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised through profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised through profit or

All exchange differences recognised on revaluation reserves in shareholders' equity are also reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

15 - Other information

Business Combinations

A business combination is a transaction through which an entity obtains control of a company or of a business segment, thus bringing together different businesses into one reporting entity.

A business combination may result in a Parent-subsidiary relationship in which the acquirer is the Parent and the acquiree a subsidiary of the acquirer. A business combination may involve the purchase of the net assets of another entity, in which case goodwill can arise, or the purchase of the equity of the other entity (mergers).

IFRS 3 requires that all business combinations shall be accounted for by applying the purchase method, that involves the following steps:

- identifying an acquirer;
- measuring the cost of the business combination;

and

allocating, at the acquisition date, the cost of the business combination to the assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities

The cost of a business combination is the aggregate of the fair value, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued by the acquirer, in exchange for control of the acquiree.

The acquisition date is the date on which the acquirer effectively obtains control of the acquiree. When this is achieved through a single exchange transaction, the date of exchange coincides with the acquisition date.

A business combination may involve more than one exchange transaction; nevertheless, the cost of the business combination remains equal to the fair value of the total shareholding acquired. This involves the revaluation at fair value - and the recognition of the effects in the Income Statement of the equity investments previously held in the acquired entity.

The cost of a business combination is allocated by recognising the assets, the liabilities and the identifiable contingent liabilities of the acquired company at their acquisition-date fair value. Exceptions to this principle are deferred income tax assets and liabilities, employee benefits, indemnification assets, reacquired rights, non-current assets held for sale, and share-based payment transactions that are subject to review in accordance with the principle applicable to them.

The positive difference between the cost of the business combination and the acquirer's interest at fair value, net of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities, must be accounted for as goodwill.

After initial recognition, goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually.

If the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the acquirer shall reassess the fair values and immediately recognise any excess remaining after that reassessment in profit or loss. If the acquisition concerns a percentage less than 100% of the assets of the acquired company, minorities are recognised.

At the acquisition date, minorities are valued:

- at fair value, or
- as a share of minority interests in the assets, liabilities and potential liabilities that can be identified for the company acquired.

Purchased or originated Credit Impaired - POCI

When on initial recognition an exposure, presented in item 30. "Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income" or 40. "Financial assets at amortised cost", is non-performing, it is qualified as "Purchased Originated Credit Impaired - POCI". The amortised cost and the interest income generated by these assets are calculated by considering, in the estimate of future cash flows, the expected credit losses over the entire residual duration of the asset. This expected credit loss is subject to periodic review thus determining the recognition of impairment or write - backs.

Purchased Originated Credit Impaired assets are conventionally classified on initial recognition in Stage 3. If, as a result of an improvement in the creditworthiness of the counterparty, the assets become "performing" they are classified under Stage 2. These assets are never classified under Stage 1 because the expected credit loss is always calculated considering a time horizon equal to their residual duration.

At the Accounts date, no Purchased or Originated Credit Impaired - POCI were held.

Other Long-term Employee Benefits

Long-term Employee Benefits are recognised in item 80. "Other liabilities" on the basis of the measurement of the liability at the balance sheet date.

Treasury Shares

Changes in treasury shares are reported as a direct contra item to shareholders' equity, i.e. as a reduction to the latter in the amount of any purchases, and as an increase in the amount of any sales proceeds. This entails that, if treasury shares are subsequently sold, the difference between the sale price and the related post-tax repurchase cost is recognised entirely as a contra item to shareholders' equity.

Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The accounting offsetting of assets and liabilities items has been performed according to IAS 32, assessing the fulfillment of the following requirements:

- current legal enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts;
- intention either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

In accordance with IFRS 7, further information has been included in the table of the notes to the accounts, in Part B - Other information.

Those tables show the following in particular:

- the carrying amounts, before and after the accounting offsetting effects, related to the financial assets and liabilities that meet the criteria for applying those effects;
- the amount of the exposures that do not meet the above mentioned criteria, but are included in master netting agreements, or similar agreements, that create the right to set-off only under specific circumstances (e.g., default events);
- the amount of the related collateral.

Amortised cost

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is a method of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the life of a financial asset or liability. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. The calculation includes all fees and basis points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Commissions forming an integral part of the effective interest rate include loan drawdown fees or underwriting fees relating to a financial asset not designated at fair value, e.g., fees received as compensation for the assessment of the issuer's or borrower's financial situation, for valuation and registration of security, and generally for the completion of the transaction (management fees).

Transaction costs include fees and commissions paid to agents (including employees acting as selling agents), advisers, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs do not include debt premiums or discounts, financing costs or internal administrative or holding costs.

Classification of financial assets

The new standard for the classification and measurement of financial assets provided for by IFRS 9 is based on the "business model" and the financial instrument's contractual cash flows (SPPI criterion - Solely Payments of Principal and Interests).

Based on the entity's business model for managing financial instruments, the assets may be classified as:

- "held to collect" contractual cash flows ("HTC"), measured at amortised cost and subject to impairment based on expected losses;
- "held to collect cash flows and for sale" ("HTCS"), measured at fair value through comprehensive income, in an equity reserve, and subject to impairment on the basis of expected losses;
- "held as part of other business models", e.g. held for trading, measured at fair value through profit and loss.

It is also possible upon initial recognition to:

- irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at fair value through profit or loss if this eliminates or significantly reduces a mismatch ("accounting mismatch") that would otherwise arise from a different measurement of assets or liabilities or from the recognition of gains and losses on different bases;
- irrevocably designate particular investments in equity instruments, which would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss, as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income items. Upon disposal, the fair value changes recognised in a specific shareholders' equity reserve are not transferred to profit or loss, but to another shareholders' equity reserve.

Business model

With regard to the business model, IFRS 9 identifies three types of cases in relation to the manner in which cash flows are managed and sales of financial assets:

- Held to Collect (HTC): whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realize cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The inclusion of a portfolio of financial assets in this business model does not necessarily mean that it is impossible to sell the instruments even if it is necessary to consider the frequency, the value and the timing of sales, the reasons for sales and expectations regarding to future sales;
- Held to Collect and Sell (HTCS): whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Both activities (collection of contractual flows and sales) are essential for achieving the business model objective. Therefore, sales are more frequent and significant than an HTC business model and are an integral part of the strategies pursued;
- Other business models: which include both financial assets held for trading purposes and financial assets managed with a business model not attributable to previous business models.

The Bank's Business Model is determined by Key management personnel at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The entity's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not an instrument-by-instrument approach to classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation with the corporate objective of pursuing, time in time, specific performance of maximizing net interest income and accessory commissions, in order to limit credit risk, always compatible with the RAF (risk appetite framework) established annually by the Bank. However, a single entity may have more than one business model for managing its financial instruments.

For the "Held to Collect" business model, the Bank has defined the eligibility thresholds for sales that do not affect the classification (frequent but not significant, individually and in aggregate, or infrequent even if of a significant amount) and, at the same time, the parameters were established to identify sales consistent with this business model as they are attributable to an increase in credit risk.

The Bank included the following financial assets in the "HTC" business model, according to the purposes for which they are held and their expected turnover:

- customer loans (mortgages, personal loans, unsecured loans, revolving credit cards, current account credit lines and, usually, overdraft
- cash-secured securities loans to "multi-day leverage" retail customers;
- credit cards full payment of balance;
- deposits, loans and repurchase agreements;
- other trade receivables;
- proprietary securities for which the Objective pursued by the bank as part of its investment policy is the ownership of financial assets aimed at the collection of contractual cash flows with the aim of achieving medium/long-term profitability.

The "HTCS" business model includes own securities for which the Bank pursues - as part of its investment policy - the management of the its current liquidity, the maintenance of a set interest margin or the alignment of the terms of financial assets and liabilities. Sales are an integral part of this business model and, therefore, there is no turnover threshold for portfolio sales, both in terms of frequency and amount. Nevertheless, trading

activity is not allowed in order to pursue the business model and any purchases must be effected taking into account a medium to long-term time horizon.

The "Other Business Models" include any assets that do not fall into the aforementioned macro-classes: these are financial assets that are not held as part of a business model whose objective is the holding of assets aimed at the collection of contractual cash flows or whose objective is pursued through both the collection of financial cash flows and the sale of financial activities.

In particular, it involves are the following activities identified by the Bank:

- financial assets connected to internalization
- financial assets held for trading
- securities withdrawn from customers
- other securities (not included in the above points).

SPPI Test

In order to assess whether the features of contractual cash flows support either an amortised cost valuation (HTC) or at fair value through comprehensive income (HTCS) - in addition to the analysis relating to the business model - it is necessary that the contractual terms of financial assets provide for, at given dates, financial flows consisted solely of principal and interest payments on the outstanding capital share (SPPI criterion - Solely Payments of Principal and Interests).

The tests were carried out on each individual financial instrument at initial recognition in the financial statements.

Subsequent to initial recognition, and as long as it is recognized in the financial statements, the asset is no longer subject to new assessments for the purpose of the SPPI test. If a financial instrument is cancelled (derecognition) and a new financial asset is recognised, the SPPI test must be carried out on the new asset.

For the application of the SPPI test, IFRS 9 provides the following definitions:

- Principal: is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition. That principal amount may change over the life of the financial asset, for example if there are repayments of principal;
- Interest: consists of consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

For the assess of the SPPI test in the context of credit granting processes and for transactions in debt securities, a tool was developed based on an internally developed methodology (decision trees), in compliance and in line with the parent company UniCredit S.p.A..

For transactions in debt securities, the test is carried out using the previously mentioned tool at the time of purchase of the financial instrument.

For standard credit products, the SPPI test is carried out during the proposal to market a new product or to change the standard conditions of an existing product and the test result is extended to all the individual relationships referable to the same product catalog.

For credit products with contractual conditions other than those stated in standard term sheet, the SPPI test is performed at the time of disbursement of each loan/concession of a new credit line through the use of the same tool.

It should be noted that the Bank did not set minimum or false thresholds considering any clause contractual cash flow characteristics that does not comply with the SPPI requirement as a trigger that result in the test's failure, taking into account the nature of its loans and securities portfolio, consisting of plain vanilla financial assets.

Derecognition of financial assets

Derecognition is the removal of a previously recognised financial asset from an entity's balance sheet.

Before evaluating whether, and to what extent, derecognition is appropriate, under IFRS 9 an entity should determine whether the relevant conditions apply to a financial asset in its entirety or to a part of a financial asset. The standard is applied to a part of financial assets being transferred if, and only if, the part being considered for de-recognition meets one of the following conditions:

- the part comprises only specifically identified cash flows from a financial asset (or a group of similar financial assets);
- the part comprises only a fully proportionate (pro rata) share of the cash flows from a financial asset (or a group of similar financial assets):
- the part comprises only a fully proportionate (pro rata) share of specifically identified cash flows from a financial asset (or a group of similar financial assets).

In all other cases, the standard is applied to the financial asset in its entirety (or to the group of similar financial assets in their entirety).

An entity shall derecognise a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset to a third party.

Rights to cash flow are considered to be transferred even if contractual rights to receive the asset's cash flow are retained but there is an obligation to pay this cash flow to one or more entities and all the following conditions are fulfilled (pass-through agreement):

- there is no obligation on the company to pay uncollected amounts associated with the original asset;
- sale or pledge of the original asset is not allowed, unless it secures the obligation to pay cash flow;
- there is an obligation to transfer forthwith all cash flows received and may not invest them, except for liquidity invested for the short period between the date of receipt and that of payment, provided that the interest accrued in that period is paid on.

Recognition is also subject to verification of substantially transfer of all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. If the entity transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the entity shall de-recognise the asset (or group of assets) and recognise separately as assets or liabilities any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

Conversely, if the entity substantially retains all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset (or group of assets), the entity shall continue to recognise the transferred asset(s). In this case it is necessary to recognise a liability corresponding to the amount received under the transfer and subsequently recognise all income accruing on the asset or expense accruing on the liability.

The main transactions that do not allow, under the above rules, total derecognition of a financial asset are securitisations, repurchase (sell and buybacks) and securities lending transactions.

In the case of securitisations, the company does not de-recognise the financial asset on purchase of the equity tranche or provision of other forms of support of the structure which result in retention by the company of the credit risk of the securitised portfolio.

In the case of repurchase transactions and stock lending, the assets transacted are not derecognised since the terms of the transaction entail the retention of all their risks and rewards.

Lastly, it should be noted that securities lending transactions collateralised by other securities or not collateralised were recorded as off-balance sheet items.

At the reporting date, no loan securitisation transactions were present.

Impairment

General matters

Loans and debt instruments classified in the items: financial assets at amortised cost, financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income and the relevant off-balance sheet exposures (commitments and guarantees given), are subjected to an impairment calculation in accordance with IFRS 9, taking into account the integrated reference regulations of the internal regulations and policies of the UniCredit Group which regulate the credit classification rules and their transfer to the various categories.

The exposures are classified in Stage 1, Stage 2 or Stage 3 depending on their absolute or relative credit rating, compared to the initial disbursement. In particular:

- Stage 1: this includes newly originated or acquired credit exposures and exposures that have not suffered a significant deterioration in credit risk compared to the date of first recognition;
- Stage 2: this includes credit exposures that are performing but which have suffered a significant deterioration in credit risk compared to the date of first recognition;
- Stage 3: this includes impaired credit exposures.

For Stage 1 exposures, the impairment is equal to the expected loss calculated on a time frame of up to one year. For Stage 2 and 3 exposures, the impairment is equal to the expected loss calculated on a timeframe equivalent to the residual duration of the related exposure.

In order to meet the standard, he Bank refers specific models (developed by the UniCredit Group) to calculate the expected loss. These models draw on the PD, LGD and EAD criteria used for regulatory purposes, to which specific directions are made to ensure full cohesion with the accounting standard⁴⁵. In this regard, forward-looking information has also been included⁴⁶ with the elaboration of specific scenarios.

Expected loss is calculated, for the institutional counterparties common to the Group, using the methods and credit parameters developed at the centralized level.

⁴⁵ See paragraph "Parameters and definitions of risk level used in the calculation of value adjustments" for a more detailed explanation of the risk measures used within the Group to calculate the expected credit loss in

accordance with IFRS 9.

46 See paragraph "Forward-looking information used in calculating value adjustments" for a more detailed explanation of the forward-looking information and scenarios used to calculate the expected credit loss in accordance with IFRS 9.

As the retail counterparties do not have internal rating systems at their disposal, they use proxies. Segmentation by product type is carried out and the PD is replaced by the average decay rate observed by the transition matrixes defining the change to classify. This approach is based on the assumption that when there are no changes in the criteria adopted to assess the creditworthiness of the individual counterparties, the quality of the future credit will be consistent with the quality of the credit found in the time series available. To implement the requirements of the IFRS9 rule, the proxies of the parameters are corrected using forward looking information, entirely in line with the Group's approach as described below.

A key aspect of the new accounting model required to calculate the expected loss is the Stage Allocation model, the aim of which is to transfer exposures between Stage 1 and Stage 2 (as Stage 3 is equivalent to that of impaired exposures), where Stage 1 mainly includes (i) newly disbursed exposures, (ii) exposures that have no significant impairment of credit risk compared to initial recognition, and (iii) exposures with a low credit risk (low credit risk exemption) on the reporting date.

The Stage Allocation valuation model is based on a combination of relative and absolute elements. The main elements were:

- the comparison at transaction level between the PD value at the time of disbursement and the value on the reporting date, both qualified according to internal models at fixed thresholds to take into account all the key variables of each transaction that may influence the Bank's expectations about ongoing changes in PD (e.g. age, maturity, level of PD at the time of disbursement);
- absolute elements such as the backstops provided for by the regulation (e.g. 30 day Expired);
- other internal findings (forborne classification).

With reference to debt instruments, the Bank has opted to apply the low credit risk exemption on investment grade securities, in full accordance with the provisions of the accounting standard.

The criteria for determining the write-downs of receivables are based on the discounting of expected cash flows of principal and interest. In line with the business model, these can also refer to market operations; for determining the present value of cash flows, the basic requirement is the identification of estimated collections, the timing of payments and the discounting rate used.

The amount of the loss on impaired exposures classified as non-performing, unlikely to pay and past due according to the categories specified below, is the difference between the carrying value and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the original interest rate of the financial asset.

For all fixed-rate positions, the interest rate determined in this manner is also held constant in future years, while for floating rate positions the interest rate is updated according to contractual terms. If the original interest rate is not directly available, or if finding it would be excessively onerous, the interest rate that best approximates the original one is applied, including through practical expedients that do not affect the substance and ensure consistency with international accounting standards.

Recovery times are estimated on the basis of business plans or forecasts based on historical recovery experience observed for similar classes of loans, taking into account the customer segment, type of loan, type of security and any other factors considered relevant.

Parameters and definitions of risk level used in the calculation of value adjustments

As mentioned above the Group UniCredit has developed specific models to calculate the expected loss, which draw on the PD, LGD and EAD criteria, as well as the effective interest rate.

These models are used for calculating value adjustments of all the institutional counterparties common to the Group, for the most part made up of FIBS (Financial Institutions, Banks and Sovereigns) counterparties.

Specifically:

- PD (Probability of Default) expresses the percentage of estimated loss, and hence the expected recovery rate whenever a credit position default event occurs;
- LGD (Loss Given Default) expresses the percentage of estimated loss, and hence the expected recovery rate is the complement to the unit (of the LGD) whenever a credit position default event occurs;
- EAD (Exposure at Default) expresses the measurement of the exposure at the time of the credit position default event;
- Effective Interest Rate is the discount rate expressing the time value of the money.

These parameters are calculated on the basis of identical parameters used for regulatory purposes, with specific adjustments made to ensure full cohesion, net of the various regulatory requirements, between the accounting treatment and the regulatory treatment.

The main adjustments are made in order to:

- introduce point-in-time adjustments to replace the through-the-cycle adjustments required for regulatory purposes;
- include forward-looking information;
- extend the credit risk parameters to a multi-year perspective.

With regard to the lifetime PD, the through-the-cycle PD curves obtained by adapting the cumulative non-compliance rates are adjusted to reflect point-in-time provisions and forward-looking provisions with regard to the portfolio non-compliance rates.

The rate of recovery incorporated in the through-the-cycle LGD was adapted in order to remove the conservatism margin and to reflect the latest trends in recovery rates, and expectations about future trends discounted to the actual interest rate or its best approximation.

For Stage 3, this includes the corresponding impaired exposures which, in accordance with the Bank of Italy rules defined in Circular 272 of 30 July 2008 as updated, correspond to the aggregate Non-Performing Exposures referred to in ITS EBA (EBA/ITS /2013/03/rev1 24/7/2014).

Specifically, the EBA has identified Non-Performing exposures as those that satisfy either or both of the following criteria:

- material exposures which are more than 90 days past due;
- exposures for which the Bank has assessed that the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, without the enforcement and realisation of collateral, regardless of the existence of any past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures or of the number of days past

The aforementioned Circular 272 establishes that the impaired assets aggregate is divided into the following categories:

- Bad exposures, i.e., the on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures to insolvent borrowers, even if the insolvency has not been recognised in a court of law. They are measured individually (including by verifying statistically defined coverage levels for some loan portfolios below a predefined threshold) or, for individually insignificant amounts, on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposure.
- Unlikely to pay on and off-balance sheet exposures which do not meet the borrower's condition for classification as non-performing loans and for which, in the absence of actions such as the enforcement of collateral, the debtor's ability to fully meet its credit obligations (principal and/or interest) is assessed as unlikely. This assessment is made independently of any past due and unpaid amount (or instalment). The classification of an exposure as unlikely to pay is not necessarily tied to evident issues (non-repayment), but is rather linked to indicators of a potential default of the borrower. The "unlikely to pay" exposures are measured in the accounts individually (including by verifying statistically defined coverage levels for some loan portfolios below a predefined threshold) or by applying a percentage on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposures. Exposures classified as unlikely to pay and identified as forborne, may only be reclassified to unimpaired loans after at least one year has passed from the time of the forbearance and the conditions established in paragraph 157 of the EBA Implementing and Technical Standards have been met.
 - With regard to their measurement, they are generally measured on an individual basis or by applying a percentage on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposures and the resulting allowance may include the discounted cost due to renegotiation of the interest rate at a rate lower than the original contractual rate.
- Past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures on-balance sheet exposures, other than those classified as non-performing or unlikely to pay that are past due or overdrawn at the reporting date. The past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures are determined with respect to the individual debtor. Specifically, they represent the total exposure to any borrower not included in the unlikely to pay and non-performing loans categories, who at the reporting date has expired facilities or unauthorised overdrafts that are more than 90 days past due and meet the requirements set out by local supervisory regulations for their classification under the "past due exposures". Pastdue and/or overdrawn impaired exposures are valued at a flat rate on a historical/stochastic basis by applying where available the risk rating referred to Loss Given Default (LGD) under Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 (CRR) on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms.

Forward-looking information used in calculating value adjustments

The credit loss expected from the parameters described in the forgoing paragraph considers macroeconomic forecasts by applying multiple scenarios to the forward looking components.

The process defined to include macroeconomic scenarios is also fully consistent with the macroeconomic forecasting processes used by the Group UniCredit for further risk management purposes (such as the processes used to translate macroeconomic forecasts into expected credit losses based on the EBA Stress Test and the ICAAP Framework) and was also drawn from the independent work of UniCredit Research.

The forecasts in terms of change in Default rate and change in Recovery Rate provided by the Stress Test function are incorporated within the PD and LGD parameters during calibration. The credit parameters are usually calibrated over a through-the-cycle (TTC) horizon, so their point-in time (PIT) and forward-looking (FL calibration become necessary in so far as it reflects the current situation and the expectations on the future evolution of the economic cycle in these credit parameters.

Governance

The process of determining loan loss provisions for accounting purposes includes the adjustments described for the credit parameters, calculation of the expected multi-period loss, inclusion of the macroeconomic and forward-looking components and inclusion of the sales scenarios, where applicable.

A specific process for production and sharing multi-scenario and forward looking adjustments pertaining to the Group Wide loans perimeter (i.e. loans pertaining to Customers common to the Group) between Fineco and the Group has also been defined.

Repos and securities lending

Securities received in a transaction that entails a contractual obligation to sell them at a later date or delivered under a contractual obligation to repurchase are neither recognised nor derecognised. In respect of securities purchased under an agreement to resell, the consideration is recognised as financial assets at amortised cost, or as an asset held for trading; in respect of securities held in a repurchase agreement, the liability is recognised as financial liabilities at amortised cost, or as financial liabilities held for trading. Revenue from these loans, being the coupons accrued on the securities and the difference between the sale/purchase and resale/repurchase prices, is recognised in profit or loss through interest income and expenses on an accruals basis.

These transactions can only be offset if, and only if, they are carried out with the same counterparty and provided that such offset is provided for in the underlying contracts.

The same rules apply to securities lending transactions collateralised by cash fully available to the lender.

The profit or loss items connected with these transactions are booked respectively:

- in the item Interest, for the positive component (borrower) and the negative component (lender) related to the return on cash paid to the
- in the item Fees and commissions, for the negative component (borrower) and the positive component (lender) related to the service received (provided) through the provision of the security by the lender.

With reference to securities lending transactions collateralised by other securities, or not collateralised, the security lent or the security put up as collateral are still recognised as assets in the balance sheet, depending on the role - lender or borrower, respectively - played in the transaction.

Counterparty risk related to the latter types of securities lending or borrowing transactions is shown under the off-balance sheet exposures in the tables of Part E - Information on Risks and relating hedging policies - Section 1 - Credit risk - A. Credit quality.

Share-Based Payment

Equity-settled payments made to employees or other staff (in particular, personal financial advisors) in consideration of work services rendered or other goods received or services rendered, using shares of FinecoBank or the Group parent, which consist of:

- rights to receive shares upon attainment of certain objectives ("performance shares"), which are settled with equity instruments;
- Performance shares (i.e. awarded on attainment of certain objectives) settled in cash.

Considering the difficulty of reliably measuring the fair value of the services acquired against equity-settled payments, reference is made to the fair value of the instruments, measured at the date of their allocation.

The fair value of equity-settled payments or the purchase on the market of shares in FinecoBank in exchange of work or services is recognised as cost in income statement in item 160. "Administrative costs" or 50. "Fee and commission expense" as a contra-entry to item 140. "Reserves" in shareholders' equity, on an accruals basis over the period in which the services are acquired.

As for share-based payments settled in cash in favour of personal financial advisors, the services acquired and the liabilities assumed are measured at the latter's fair value, recognised in Item 50. "Fee and commission expense" as counterparty of the Item 80. "Other Liabilities". Until the liability is settled, the fair value is recalculated at each balance sheet date until the settlement date, and all changes in fair value are recognised in item 50. "Fee and commission expense".

Share based payments consisting in the payment of shares of the Parent Company Unicredit S.p.A. directly allocated to employees of the Group Companies that involve settlement with shares of the Parent Company, under arrangements between the Company and the Parent Company for their cash settlement, are measured at fair value, calculated when the related rights are assigned, recognised as a cost in income statement in item 160 "Administrative costs", as a contra entry to item 80. "Other Liabilities", on an accruals basis over the period in which the services are acquired.

Renegotiations

When, during the life of an instrument, the contractual clauses are subject to modification by the parties to the contract, it is necessary to verify whether following the renegotiation the original asset must continue to be recognized in the financial statements and accounted for using the "modification accounting" or if, on the contrary, the original instrument must be cancelled from the financial statements (derecognition) and a new financial instrument must be recognized.

To this end, the renegotiations of financial instruments that lead to a change in the contractual terms are recognised on the basis of the "substantiality" of those contractual changes.

The assessment of the substantial nature of the change must be carried out considering both qualitative and quantitative elements. In some cases it is possible to establish whether the modification introduced substantially change the characteristics and/or contractual cash flows of a given activity through a qualitative analysis, whereas in other cases, further analyses, including quantitative ones, must be carried out to appreciate the effects of the same and verify the need to proceed or not with the derecognition of the asset and the recognition of a new financial instrument.

If the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, after the modification, are not substantially transferred, the accounting representation that offers the most relevant information for the reader of the financial statements is that performed through the "modification accounting", which implies that the gross value is redetermined by calculating the present value of cash flows resulting from the renegotiation, at the original rate of the exposure. The difference between the gross value of the financial instrument prior to and after the renegotiation of the contractual terms, adjusted to consider the associated changes to the cumulative value adjustments, is recognised as a profit or loss in item 140. "Profit/loss from contractual modification without derecognition".

Otherwise, when the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, after the modification, are substantially transferred, it is necessary to proceed with the derecognition.

Renegotiations formalised by means of changes to the existing contract or by the signing of a new contract, which lead to the exclusion of the right to receive cash flows according to the provisions of the original contract, are considered to be significant. The rights to receive cash flows are considered to be excluded in the case of renegotiations that lead to the introduction of clauses resulting in a change of classification of the instrument, which result in a change in the currency and which are made at market conditions, thus not constituting a credit exposure.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments represent a residual interest in assets of the Company, net of liabilities. An instrument is classified as equity instrument if there are no contractual obligations to make payments in the form of principal, interest or other types of returns.

Specifically, instruments that meet the following requirements are classified as equity instruments:

- unlimited term or at least equal to the term of the company;
- full discretion of the issuer in coupon payments and redemptions, also advanced, of the principal outstanding.

Equity instruments include Additional Tier 1 instruments under Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 (CRR) on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms, which in addition to the above characteristics:

- maintain the issuer's full discretion as to the reinstatement of the nominal value (write-up) following a capital event that resulted in a write-
- do not include provisions that require the issuer to make payments (must pay clauses) as a result of actual events under the control of the parties.

Equity instruments other than ordinary or savings shares, are classified in item 130. "Equity instruments" for the amount received. Any coupons and transaction costs attributable to the transaction paid are deducted from Item 140. "Reserves" net of related taxes.

Provisions for employee severance pay

The "TFR" provision for Italy-based employee benefits is to be construed as a "post-retirement defined benefit". It is therefore recognised on the basis of an actuarial estimate of the amount of benefit accrued by employees discounted to present value. This benefit is calculated by an external actuary using the unit credit projection method (see Section 12 - under Provisions for Risks and Charges - Retirement Payments and Similar Obligations). This method distributes the cost of the benefit evenly over the employee's working life. The liability is determined as the present value of average future payments adjusted according to the ratio of years of service to total years of service at the time of payment of the benefit.

Following pension reform by Law 252 of December 5, 2005, TFR instalments accrued to December 31, 2006 (or to the date between January 1, 2007 and June 30, 2007 on which the employee opted to devolve their TFR to a supplementary pension fund) stay in the employer and are considered a post-employment defined benefit plan therefore incurring actuarial valuation, though with simplified actuarial assumptions, i.e., forecast future pay rises are not considered.

Part A - Accounting policies (CONTINUED)

TFR instalments accrued since January 1, 2007 (date of Law 252 coming into effect) (or since the date between January 1, 2007 and June 30, 2007) are, at the employee's discretion, either paid into a pension fund or left in the company and (where the company has in excess of 50 employees) paid into an INPS Treasury fund by the employer, and are assimilated to a defined-contribution plan.

Costs relating to TFR are recognised in the Income Statement in item 160. "Administrative costs: a) staff expenses" and include, for the part of the defined benefit plan: (i) interest cost accrued in the year, for the part of plan considered defined contribution plan (ii) the accrued instalments for the year paid into the complementary pension scheme or to the Treasury fund of INPS.

Actuarial gains and losses, defined as the difference between the carrying amount of the liability and the present value of obligations at period end, are recognised in Shareholders' equity under the Revaluation reserves in accordance with IAS 19 Revised and are also shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Write - offs

The Bank will enter a write-off by reducing the gross exposure of a financial asset if there are no reasonable expectations of recovering all or part of that asset.

The Bank will recognise a write-off in the following cases:

- there is no longer any reasonable expectation of recovering all or part of the asset despite the presence of the legal rights to recover the accrued capital and interest;
- waiver of the legal right to recover the accrued capital and interest;
- cessation of the legal right to recover capital and interest due to completion of the attempts at recovery.

RECOGNITION OF INCOME AND EXPENSES

The main revenues and costs are recorded in the income statement as follows:

- interest is recognized pro rata temporis based on the contractual interest rate or the effective interest rate if the amortized cost method is applied. Interest income (or interest expense) also includes the spreads or margins, positive (or negative), accrued up to the reporting date, relating to
 - derivative financial contracts hedging interest-bearing assets and liabilities;
 - financial derivative contracts classified in the balance sheet as held for trading, but operationally linked to financial assets and / or liabilities designated at fair value (fair value option);
 - financial derivative contracts operationally linked to assets and liabilities classified in the balance sheet as held for trading or operationally linked to "other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" and which provide for the settlement of spreads or margins with several maturities ("multi-flow contracts") ");
- default interest is taken to the income statement on actual collection;
- dividends are recognised in profit or loss in the financial year in which their distribution has been approved;
- fees and commissions from services are recognized, based on the underlying contractual agreements, in relation to the provision of the services from which they originated. The fees included in amortised cost to calculate the effective interest rate are recognized as interest;
- gains and losses on financial instrument disposal, determined as the difference between the amount paid or collected in the transaction and the fair value of the instrument, are recognized in the income statement upon recognition of the transaction if the fair value can be determined with reference to official prices available on active markets, or for assets and liabilities measured on the basis of valuation techniques using observable market parameters other than the quoted prices of the financial instrument (level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy). If the reference parameters used for valuation are not observable on the market (level 3) or the instruments are illiquid, the financial instrument is recorded for an amount equal to the transaction price; the difference with respect to fair value is recognized in the income statement over the term of the transaction;
- gains and losses from securities trading are recognized in the income statement at the time the sale is finalized, based on the difference between the amount paid or collected and the carrying amount of the instruments;
- gains and losses from the sale of non-financial assets are recognized at the time the sale is finalized, or when the performance obligation to the customer is fulfilled;
- the costs are recognized in the income statement according to the accrual principle; the costs recognized for the acquisition of contracts with customers, which the Bank would not have incurred had it not obtained the contract, are recognized as assets and systematically amortized in the income statement in line with the recognition of revenues related to the transfer to customers of the goods or services to which the asset refers.

Fees and commissions income and other operating income are accounted for in P&L as the entity satisfies the performance obligation embedded in the contract, according to "IFRS15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers" rules. In particular, revenues from commissions from services and other income are recognized in the income statement:

at a specific moment, when the entity fulfills the obligation to transfer the promised good or service ("point in time") to the customer,

or

over time, as the entity fulfils its obligation to transfer the promised good or service ("over time") to the customer.

The promised good or service, i.e. the asset, is transferred when the customer has control.

If the timing of cash-in is not aligned to the way the performance obligation is satisfied, the Bank accounts for a contract asset or a contract liability for the portion of revenue accrued in the period or to defer in the following periods.

The amount of revenues linked to fees and commissions income and other operating income is measured based on contractual provisions.

If the amount contractually foreseen is subject, totally or partially, to variability, a revenue has to be booked based on the most probable amount that the Bank expects to receive. Such amount is determined on the basis of all facts and circumstances considered relevant for the evaluation, that depend on the type of service provided and, in particular, on the presumption that it is not highly probable that the revenue recognized will not be significantly reversed.

If a contract regards different goods/services whose performance obligations are not satisfied at the same time, the revenue is allocated among the different obligation proportionally to the stand-alone price of the single item delivered. These amounts will therefore accounted for in P&L through different methods ("over time" or "point in time") on the basis of the timing of satisfaction of each obligation. If the allocation is particularly burdensome and where revenues are not material, revenue is entirely allocated to the main performance obligation.

Where envisaged, the fees to be paid to customers are recorded as a reduction in revenues from the supply of goods or services and consistently with the recognition of said goods or services.

Any revenues that include a significant funding component are adjusted to take into account the effects of the time value of money, to reflect the price that the customer would have paid if the payment had occurred upon (or gradually with) the transfer of the promised goods or services. The Bank uses the practical expedient envisaged by paragraph 63 of IFRS 15; for this reason the Bank does not adjust the promised amount to take into

Part A - Accounting policies (CONTINUED)

account the effects of a funding component when the time interval expected between the transfer of the promised good or service and the related payment is less than one year.

To this end, it is worth noting that the performance of financial services provided over a given period of time (for example, the keeping and management of current accounts, advisory services, etc.) have been considered satisfied over time, regardless of the moment the consideration is paid by the customer, while performances of financial services that require the execution of specific activities (for example, purchase, sale or placement of securities, UCITS or insurance products, execution of money transfers) have been considered fulfilled at a given time ("point in time"), even if the contract requires the service is provided for an indefinite period.

With reference to the main revenue recognized by the Bank in application of the IFRS 15 accounting standard, it should be noted that:

- the commissions for trading, order collection and placement of financial instruments are accounted for "point in time", as the service is intended provided when the service is rendered. The consideration is quantified as a fixed or percentage amount, based on the contractual conditions, on the value of the instrument traded/placed;
- advisory, portfolio management and insurance product management commissions are recorded "over time", as the service is intended provided during the term of the contract (input method). . For this type of fees, in fact, it is deemed that the input which are necessary to provide the service incorporated in the performance obligation are evenly distributed during the term of the contract. There are no performance fees on asset management instruments. With regard to placement of insurance policies, whose return is determined on the basis of the performance of the separate management on the annual recurrence of the policy, it should be noted that there is a variability determined by the performance of the separate management, which may result in a reduction in applicable rate;
- commissions related to payment systems are mainly recognized "point in time", except for some services that are recorded "over time" during the term of the contract (SEPA Electronic Database Alignment). The considerations are quantified as a fixed amount, mainly with reference to transactions carried out on behalf of customers (for example ATM withdrawals of less than €100, Visa debit extra Group withdrawals, foreign money transfers or in other currencies other than euro, postal bills, etc...), or as percentage of the value of the transaction, mainly with reference to revenues received from the circuits and generated by transactions carried out on behalf of customers (credit cards / Visa debit, Pos, etc.);
- recoveries of the stamp duty on financial assets are recorded "over time", according to the provisions in force, as the service is considered provided during the term of the contract.

A.3 Disclosure on transfers between portfolios of financial assets

IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 allow, after initial recognition, the modification of their business model for managing financial assets and, consequently, impose the reclassification of reclassify all affected financial assets.

Such changes are expected to be very infrequent. Such changes are determined by the entity's senior management as a result of external or internal changes and must be significant to the entity's operations and demonstrable to external parties. Accordingly, a change in an entity's business model will occur only when an entity either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations; for example, when the entity has acquired, disposed of or terminated a business line.

Specifically, the following may be reclassified:

- the financial assets out of the amortised cost measurement category and into the fair value through profit or loss measurement category and vice versa:
- the financial assets out of the amortised cost measurement category and into the fair value through other comprehensive income measurement category and vice versa;
- the financial assets out of the fair value through profit or loss measurement category and into the fair value through other comprehensive income measurement category and vice versa.

The following changes in circumstances are not considered reclassifications:

- (a) an item that was previously a designated and effective hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge or net investment hedge no longer qualifies as such;
- (b) an item becomes a designated and effective hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge or net investment hedge;
- (c) changes in measurement.

The following are not changes in business model:

- a) a change in intention related to particular financial assets (even in circumstances of significant changes in market conditions);
- b) the temporary disappearance of a particular market for financial assets;
- c) a transfer of financial assets between parts of the entity with different business models.

In exercise closed at 31 December 2018 the Bank has not made changes to its business models and, consequently, did not make any changes.

A.3.1 Reclassified financial assets: change of business model, book value and interest income No data to report.

A.3.2 Reclassified financial assets: change of business model, fair value and impact on comprehensive income

No data to report.

A.3.3 Reclassified financial assets: change of business model and effective interest rate No data to report.

A.4 Information on fair value

Qualitative information

This section presents a disclosure on fair value hierarchy as required by IFRS 13.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal market at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of a financial liability with a demand feature (e.g. a demand deposit) is not less than the amount payable on demand, discounted from the first date that the amount could be required to be paid.

For financial instruments listed in active markets, fair value is determined on the basis of official prices in the principal market (most advantageous) to which the Bank has access (Mark to Market).

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from a pricing service, dealer, broker, agency that determines prices or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a published price quotation in an active market does not exist for a financial instrument in its entirety, but active markets exist for its component parts, fair value is determined on the basis of the relevant market prices for the component parts.

If market quotations or other observable inputs, such as the quoted price of a similar instrument in an inactive market, are not available, the Bank should use other valuation techniques, such as:

- a market approach (e.g. using quoted prices for similar liabilities or equity instruments held by other parties as assets);
- cost approach (e.g. it reflects the amount that would be required currently to replace the service capacity of an asset, that is the current replacement cost);
- an income approach (e.g. a present value technique that takes into account the future cash flows that a market participant would expect to receive from holding the liability or equity instrument as an asset).

The Bank uses valuation models (Mark to Model) in keeping with the methods generally accepted and used by the market. Valuation models include techniques based on the discounting of future cash flows and on volatility estimates, and they are subject to revision both during their development and periodically in order to ensure their consistency with the objectives of the valuation.

These methods use inputs based on prices set in recent transactions for the instrument being valued and/or prices/quotations for instruments having similar characteristics in terms of risk profile.

Part A - Accounting policies (CONTINUED)

Indeed, these prices/quotations are relevant for determining significant parameters in terms of the credit risk, liquidity risk and price risk of the instrument being valued. Reference to these "market" parameters makes it possible to limit the discretionary nature of the valuation, and ensures that the resulting fair value can be verified.

If, for one or more risk factors it is not possible to refer to market data, the valuation models employed use estimates based on historical data as inputs.

As a further guarantee of the objectivity of valuations derived from valuation models, the Bank employs:

- independent price verifications (IPVs);
- fair Value Adjustment or FVAs.

Independent price verification requires that the prices are verified monthly by Risk Management units that are independent from the units that assume the risk exposure. This verification calls for comparing and adjusting the daily price in line with valuations obtained from independent market participants. For instruments not listed in active markets, the above verification process uses prices contributed by infoproviders as a reference, and assigns a greater weighting to those prices that are considered representative of the instrument being valued. This valuation includes: the "executability" of the transaction at the price observed, the number of contributors, the degree of similarity of the financial instruments, the consistency of prices from different sources, and the process followed by the infoprovider to obtain the information.

A.4.1 Fair value levels 2 and 3: valuation techniques and input used

To determine the fair value of Level 2 and Level 3 financial instruments that are not listed and actively traded on the market, the Bank utilises the valuation techniques widely-used in the market that are described below.

Description of valuation techniques Discounted cash flow

Discounted cash flow valuation techniques generally consist of developing an estimate of future cash flows that are expected to occur over the life of an instrument. The model requires the estimation of the cash flow and the adoption of market's parameters for the discounting: discount rate or discount margin reflects the credit and / or funding spreads required by the market for instruments with similar risk and liquidity profiles to produce a "present value". The fair value of the contract is given by the sum of the present values of future cash flow.

Market Approach

Valuation technique that uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, liabilities or groups of assets and liabilities.

Fair Value Adjustments (FVAs)

Fair value adjustment is defined as the amount to be added either to the market observed mid-price or to the theoretical price generated by a valuation model with the aim of obtaining a fair value of the position. The FVA thus ensure that fair value reflects the realisation amount from an actual possible market transaction.

A.4.2 - Valuation processes and sensitivity of fair value measurements

The Bank verifies that the value attributed to each trading position reflects the current fair value in an appropriate way. The fair value measurement of assets and liabilities is calculated using various techniques, including discounted cash flow models and internal measurement models. On the basis of the observability of the input used, all instruments are classified as Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. When a position is characterised by one or more significant inputs that are not directly observable, a further price verification procedure is implemented. These procedures include the revision of relevant historical data, the analysis of profits and losses, the individual valuation of each component for structural products and benchmarking. According to the Parent Group Market Risk Governance guidelines, in order to ensure the appropriate level of separation between the functions in charge of development activities and those in charge of validation processes, all valuation models developed by the front offices of Group companies are independently and centrally tested and validated by the Group Internal Validation functions. The aim of this independent control structure is to evaluate the model risk deriving from theoretical robustness, calibration techniques where applicable and appropriateness of the model for a specific product in a defined market point of views.

In addition to the daily mark to market or mark to model valuation, the Independent Price Verification (IPV) is applied monthly by the Bank's Market Risk with the aim of guaranteeing an independent fair value.

A.4.3 Fair value hierarchy

The IFRS 13 principle establishes a fair value hierarchy according to the observability of the input used in the valuation techniques adopted.

The fair value hierarchy level associated with assets and liabilities is defined as the minimum level among all significant inputs used. Generally, an input of valuation is not considered significant for the fair value of an instrument if the remaining inputs explain the majority of the variance of the fair value over a period of three months. In some specific cases, the significance of the limit is verified in relation to the fair value of the instrument at the measurement date.

In particular, three levels are considered:

- Level 1: the fair value of instruments classified in this level is determined based on quotation prices observed in active markets;
- Level 2: fair value for instruments classified within this level is determined according to the valuation models which use observable
 market inputs;
- Level 3: fair value for instruments classified within this level is determined according to valuation models which prevalently use significant inputs not observable on active markets.

A.4.4 Other information

Hereby we provide IFRS 13 disclosure requirements.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on recurring basis

Fixed Income Securities

Fixed Income Securities are priced in a two-tier process depending on the liquidity in the respective market. Liquid instruments in active markets are marked to market and consequently positions in these instruments are disclosed in reference to Fair Value Hierarchy under Level 1.

Instruments not traded in active markets are marked to model based on implied credit spread curves derived from the former Level 1 instruments. The model maximises the use of observable input and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. With this respect, depending on the proximity of the credit spread curve applied, the bonds are disclosed as Level 2 or Level 3 respectively; Level 3 is applied in case a significant unobservable credit spread is used.

In the global bond Independent Price Verification (IPV) process market prices of Level 1 bonds and pricing models for illiquid bonds are regularly verified for accuracy.

Structured Financial Products

The Bank determines the fair value of structured financial products using the appropriate valuation methodology given the nature of the embedded structure. Such instruments are classified as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the observability of significant inputs to the model.

OTC derivatives

Fair value of derivatives not traded in an active market is determined using a valuation technique. In such cases, where active markets exist for the components of the derivative, fair value is determined on the basis of the market prices for the individual components. Valuation techniques that are based on significant inputs that are observable are referred to as Level 2 valuations, while those based on techniques that use unobservable inputs are referred to as Level 3 valuations.

Equity Instruments

Equity Instruments are assigned to Level 1 when a quoted price is available on an active market and to Level 3 when no quotations are available or quotations have been suspended indefinitely. These instruments are classifies as Level 2 only when trading volume on the market where the instrument is quoted has decreased significantly.

For the measurement of the Visa INC class "C" preferred shares, the Bank has adopted the model developed by the Parent Company to determine the fair value that converts the market price in dollars of the Visa INC class "A" shares into euro and applies a discount factor of 6.25%, determined by estimating the litigation risk (0.25%) and the illiquidity risk (6%). The litigation risk component was extracted from historical series of data provided by Visa INC, whereas the illiquidity risk component was derived from the illiquidity of the shares, which have limitations on their transferability for a particular period. The Visa INC class "C" preferred shares were assigned a fair value hierarchy of 3.

The fair value of the equity instruments recognized with regard to intervention in favour of CariCesena, Cassa di Risparmio di Rimini (Carim) and Cassa di Risparmio di San Miniato (Carismi) and in relation to the result of the contribution made to the Voluntary Scheme set up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund, was determined considering the estimate of fair value of Berenice securitisation's notes (mezzanine and junior notes issued for the securitization of the NPLs of the three banks purchased by the Voluntary Scheme) performed by the appointed advisor from the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund for the Voluntary Scheme Report as at December 31, 2018. The model used by the advisor is based on the Discounted Cash Flow model according to the recovery forecasts made by the special servicers.

Part A - Accounting policies (CONTINUED)

On the other hand, the fair value of the equity instruments recognized with regard to the intervention in favour of Banca Carige S.p.A. was determined using internal models (Discounted Cash Flow and Market Multiples applied in a multi-scenario analisys) also referring to the valuation of the financial assets of the Voluntary Scheme (supported by the appointed advisor) included in the 2018 Report of the Voluntary Scheme.

Both the equities were classed as fair value 3.

Investment Funds

The Bank holds investments in investment funds that publish Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit and may include investments in funds managed by the Group.

Funds are generally classified as Level 1 when a quote on an active market is available.

The funds are classified as Level 2 and Level 3 depending on the availability of the NAV, the transparency of the portfolio and possible constraints/limitations.

Assets and liabilities not measured fair value or measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis

Financial instruments not measured fair value, credits and debits recorde at amortised cost included, are not managed based on fair value. For these financial instruments fair value is calculated for disclosure purposes only and does not impact the balance sheet or the profit or loss. Additionally, since these assets and liabilities are not generally traded, there is significant management judgment required to determine their fair values as defined by IFRS 13.

Financial assets recorded at amortised cost

Fair value for performing Financial assets recorded at amortised cost is determined using the discounted cash flow model adjusted for credit risk. Some portfolios are valued using simplified approaches, which however take into account their financial characteristics. Financial assets recorded at amortised cost with a duration of less than 12 months for which the fair value was estimated to be equal to the book value have been assigned the level 3 fair value hierarchy.

For the UniCredit S.p.A.securities recorded in "Financial assets at amortised cost" portfolio, fair value level 2 has been calculated using the Group's methodology based on discounted cash flow, which consists of producing an estimate of the estimated cash flows over the life of the instrument and discounting at a rate that incorporates the credit spread. The credit spread is calculated based on the credit spread curve of the issuer, constructed by selecting issues, also from the second market, with the same specific characteristics.

Financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost

Fair value for financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost, is determined using the discounted cash flow model adjusted for UniCredit S.p.A. credit risk. The Credit Spread is determined using UniCredit S.p.A. 's subordinated and non-subordinated risk curves. Financial liabilities at amortised cost with a duration of less than 12 months for which the fair value was estimated to be equal to the book value have been assigned the level 3 fair value hierarchy.

Cash and cash balances

Cash and cash balances are not carried at fair value on the Balance Sheets, but they are carried at amounts that approximate fair value, due to their short term nature and generally negligible credit risk.

Quantitative information

A.4.5 Fair value hierarchy

A.4.5.1 Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis: breakdown by level of fair value

					(Amounts in	€ thousand)	
	12.31.2018 12.31.3					1.2017	
ASSETS/LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,390	3,557	13,271				
a) financial assets held for trading	3,354	3,523	-				
b) financial assets designed at fair value	-	-	-				
c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	36	34	13,271				
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	961,767	-	5				
Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)				6,030	4,834	15	
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (ex IAS 39)				-	-	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39)				1,042,465	-	5,224	
3. Hedging derivatives	-	3,314	-	-	458	-	
4. Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5. Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	965,157	6,871	13,276	1,048,495	5,292	5,239	
Financial liabilities held for trading	1,552	669	-				
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	-	-	-				
Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39)				2,032	579	6	
Financial liabilities designated at fair value (ex IAS 39)				-	-	-	
Hedging derivatives	-	5,341	-	-	12,694	-	
Total	1,552	6,010		2,032	13,273	6	

Key: L1 = Level 1 - L2 = Level 2 - L3 = Level 3

In 2018 there were no transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy (level 1 and level 2). Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) and/or Debit Value Adjustment (DVA) have not been applied in determining the fair value of derivative financial instruments.

Part A - Accounting policies (CONTINUED)

A.4.5.2 Annual changes in assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis (level 3)

							(Amoun	ts in € thousand)
	FINANCIA	L ASSETS AT FAIR	VALUE THROUGH	PROFIT OR LOSS				
	TOTAL	of which: a) financial assets held for trading	of which: b) financial assets designated at fair value	of which: c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	HEDGING DERIVATIVES	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	INTANGIBLE ASSETS
1. Opening balance	5,234	6	-	5,228	5	-	-	-
2. Increases	16,205	5,128		11,077			-	-
2.1 Purchases	14,613	5,128	-	9,485	-	-	-	-
2.2 Profits recognised in:	1,592	-	-	1,592	-	-	-	-
2.2.1 Income Statement	1,592	-	-	1,592	-	-	-	-
- of which Unrealised gains	1,585	-	-	1,585	-	-	-	-
2.2.2 Shareholders' Equity	-	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-	-
2.3 Transfers from other levels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4 Other increases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Decreases	(8,168)	(5,134)	-	(3,034)		-	-	-
3.1 Sales	(5,135)	(5,128)	-	(7)	-	-	-	-
3.2 Redemptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.3 Losses recognised in:	(3,033)	(6)	-	(3,027)	-	-	-	-
3.3.1 Income Statement	(3,033)	(6)	-	(3,027)	-	-	-	-
- of which Unrealised losses	(3,033)	(6)	-	(3,027)	-	-	-	-
3.3.2 Shareholders' Equity	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-
3.4 Transfers to other levels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.5 Other decreases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Closing balances	13,271			13,271	5	-		

The opening balance shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after the reclassifications made following the first application of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 4 - Other matters of the Notes of the Accounts).

The sub-items 2.2.1 "Profits recognised in income statement" and 3.3.1 "Losses recognised in income statement" are included, where present, in Profit and Loss in the following items:

- Item 80: Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading;
- Item 110: Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss;
- Item 90: Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting.

The sub-items 2.2.2 "Profits recognised in equity" and 3.3.2 "Losses recognised in shareholders' equity" arising from changes in fair value of "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" are recognised, if any, in equity item 110. "Revaluation reserves" of shareholder's equity - except losses due to impairment and exchange rate gains or losses on monetary items (debt instruments) which are recognised under item 130. "Impairment losses/write backs on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" and item 80. "Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading" of the income statement, respectively - until the financial asset is sold, at which time cumulative gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in item 100.b) "Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

A.4.5.3 Annual changes in financial liabilities measured at fair value level 3 on a recurring basis

			(Amounts in € thousand)
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	HEDGING DERIVATIVES
1. Opening balance	6		-
2. Increases	-	•	-
2.1 Issues	-	-	-
2.2 Losses allocated to:	-	-	-
2.2.1 Income Statement	-	-	-
- of which capital losses	-	-	-
2.2.2 Shareholders' Equity	X	-	-
2.3 Transfers from other levels	-	-	-
2.4 Other increases	-	-	-
3. Decreases	(6)	-	-
3.1 Reimbursements	-	-	-
3.2 Repurchases	-	-	-
3.3 Profits recognised in:	(6)	-	-
3.3.1 Income Statement	(6)	-	-
- of which capital gains	(6)	-	
3.3.2 In equity	X	-	-
3.4 Transfers to other levels	-	-	-
3.5 Other decreases	-	-	-
4. Closing balances	-		

The initial balance shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after the reclassifications made following the first application of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 4 - Other matters of the notes to the accounts).

The sub-items "2.2.1 Losses through profit and loss" and "3.3.1 Profits through profit and loss from financial liabilities" are included, where present, in Profit and Loss in the following items:

- Item 80: Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading;
- Item 110: Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss;
- Item 90: Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting.

A.4.5.4 Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value or measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis: breakdown by level of fair value

							(Amounts	in € thousand)
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NOT MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	12.31.2018				12.31.2017			
OR MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE ON A NON-RECURRING BASIS	VB	L1	L2	L3	VB	L1	L2	L3
Financial assets at amortised cost	23,248,432	8,115,915	9,182,023	6,095,734				
Held to maturity investments (ex IAS 39)					4,826,390	4,855,200	-	-
Loans and receivables with banks (ex IAS 39)					13,877,651	-	11,311,889	3,038,741
Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39)					2,129,219	-	-	2,204,926
Tangible assets held for investment	2,088	-	-	2,950	2,304	-	-	3,491
3. Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held								
for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	23,250,520	8,115,915	9,182,023	6,098,684	20,835,564	4,855,200	11,311,889	5,247,158
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	23,278,873	-	3,111	23,275,766				
Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39)					926,001	-	-	926,001
Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39)					20,205,036	-	9,622	20,195,477
Debt securities in issue (ex IAS 39)					-	-	-	-
for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	23,278,873	-	3,111	23,275,766	21,131,037	-	9,622	21,121,478

L1 = Level 1 - L2 = Level 2 - L3 = Level 3 - BV = Book Value

Part A - Accounting policies (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment held for investment consist of one property held by the Bank, the fair value of which corresponds to the market value as determined by an appraisal carried out by an external and independent valuation firm. Discontinued operations refer to a property intended for

A.5 Day-one profit/loss

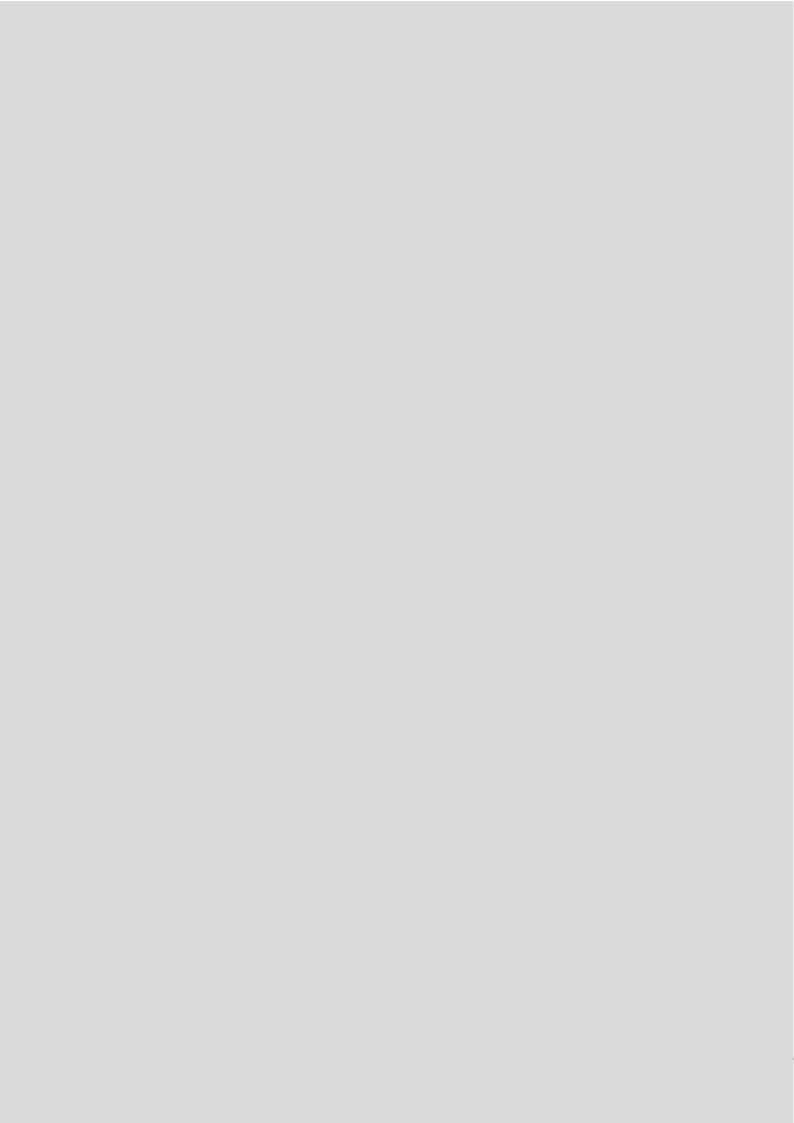
Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the recognition date.

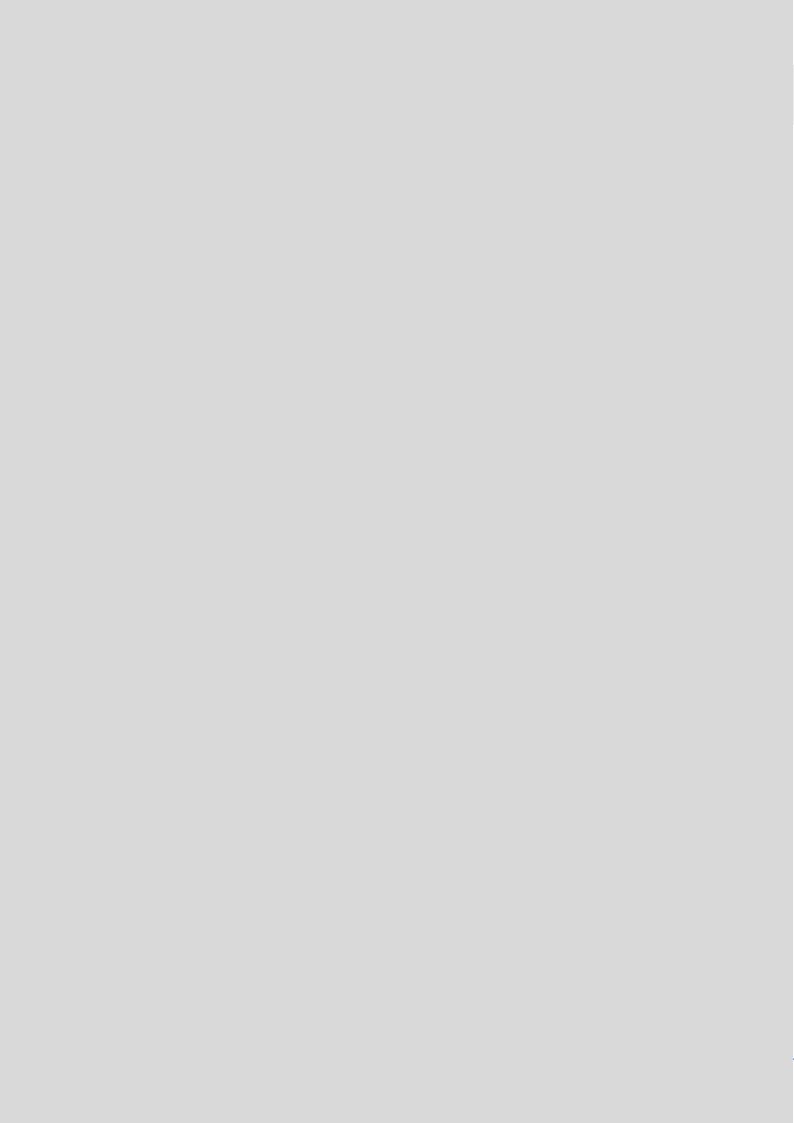
The fair value of financial instruments, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss, at the recognition date is usually assumed to be equal to the amount collected or paid.

For financial instruments held for trading and financial instruments measured at fair value, any difference from the amount collected or paid is recognised in the appropriate line items of the income statement upon initial measurement of the financial instrument.

The use of prudent valuation models, the review processes of these models and their parameters and value adjustments to reflect model risk ensure that the amount recognised in the income statement is not derived from the use of unobservable valuation parameters. In particular, the quantification of the value adjustments relating to the risk model ensures that the part of the fair value of these instruments that refers to the use of subjective parameters is not recognised through profit or loss, but rather as an adjustment to the equity value of those instruments. Accordingly, this item is only subsequently recognised through profit or loss when there is a predominance of objective parameters and, consequently, when the mentioned adjustments are no longer required.

There are no day-one profits/losses to disclose in accordance with paragraph 28 of IFRS 7.





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Assets

Section 1 - Cash and cash balances - Item 10

1.1 Cash and cash balances: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
(a) Cash	6	613
(b) Demand deposits with central banks	-	-
Total	6	613

Section 2 - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Item 20

2.1 Financial assets held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTA	L 12.31.2018	
ITEM/AMOUNTS	L1	L2	L3
A. On-balance sheet assets			
1. Debt securities	5	-	-
1.1 Structured securities	5	-	-
1.2 Other debt securities	-	-	-
2. Equity instruments	2,110	-	-
3. Units in investment funds	2	-	-
4. Loans	-	-	-
4.1 Reverse repos	-	-	-
4.2 Others	-	-	-
Total A	2,117	•	
B. Derivatives			
1. Financial derivatives	1,236	3,523	-
1.1 trading derivatives	1,236	3,523	-
1.2 related to the fair value option	-	-	-
1.3 other	-	-	-
2. Credit derivatives	-	-	-
2.1 trading derivatives	-	-	-
2.2 related to the fair value option	-	-	-
2.3 other	-	-	-
Total B	1,236	3,523	-
Total (A+B)	3,353	3,523	-

Key: L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

Financial derivatives refer to the positive valuation of CFD contracts on forex, indices, shares, interest rates, commodities and futures used for the operational hedging of CFDs on indices, interest rates and commodities. They amounted to €3,509 thousand (€4,756 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Sub-item B.1.1 "Derivative instruments - Trading financial derivatives" includes the positive valuations of spot contracts for securities that meets the definition of held for trading and currencies to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way"). They amounted to €1,250 thousand (€1,758 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

2.2 Financial assets held for trading: breakdown by issuer/borrower

ITEM/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018
A. ON-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS	
1. Debt securities	5
a) Central banks	-
b) Public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other financial companies	5
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	-
2. Equity Instruments	2,110
a) Banks	-
b) Other financial companies	175
of which: insurance	-
c) Non-financial companies	1,935
e) Other issuers	-
3. Units in investment funds	2
4. Loans	•
a) Central banks	-
b) Public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other financial entities	-
of which: insurance companies	-
e) Non-financial companies	-
f) Households	-
Total (A)	2,117
B. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	
a) Central Counterparties	73
b) Others	4,686
Total (B)	4,759
Total (A+B)	6,876

Item B. "Derivative instruments" also includes the positive valuations of spot contracts for securities classified in the HFT portfolio and currencies to be settled within times established by market practices ("regular way").

2.3 Financial assets designated at fair value: product breakdown

No data to report.

2.4 Financial assets designated at fair value: breakdown by issuer/borrower

No data to report.

2.5 Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 L3 ITEMS/AMOUNTS L1 L2 1. Debt securities 31 34 1.1 Structured securities 31 34 1.2 Other debt securities 2. Equity instruments 6 13,271 3. Units in investment funds 4. Loans 4.1 Reverse repos 4.2 Others 37 34 Total 13,271

Key:

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

The "Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" primarily consist of the Visa INC class "C" preferred shares, for an amount of €6,086 thousand, which saw a positive change in fair value in 2018 of €1,585 thousand and the residual equity exposure following the contribution paid to the Voluntary Scheme set up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund (IDGF), amounting to €7,177 thousand (of which €6,652 relating to the Banca Carige transaction and €525 thousand relating to Carim, Carismi and CariCesena transaction), with a negative effect recorded in the 2018 income statement amounting to €3,025 thousand due to the fair value measurement. For more details on the fair value measurement of financial instruments, please refer to Part A - Accounting Policies - A.4 Information on the fair value of these notes to the accounts.

Equity securities of issuers in default were classified by the Bank as non-performing in the financial statements for a total amount of €6 thousand.

2.6 Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 1. Equity instruments 13.277 of which: banks of which: other financial companies 6,087 12 of which: non-financial companies 2. Debt securities 65 a) Central Banks 29 b) Public entities 2 c) Banks d) Other financial companies of which: insurance companies e) Non-financial companies 34 3. Quote di O.I.C.R. 4. Finanziamenti a) Central Banks b) Public entities c) Banks d) Other financial companies of which: insurance companies e) Non-financial companies f) Households Total 13,342

It should be noted that item 1. "Equity instruments" includes the securities recognized as a result of the contributions paid to the Voluntary Scheme set-up by the Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund, whose total amount (equal to €7,177 thousand) has not showed in the expected details from the table above.

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 20)

2.1 Financial assets held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2017 ITEMS/AMOUNTS LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 A. On-balance sheet assets 1. Debt securities 18 30 1.1 Structured securities 3 30 1.2 Other debt securities 15 2. Equity instruments 2,288 3. Units in investment funds. 2,019 4. Loans 4.1 Reverse repos 4.2 Others Total A 4,325 30 B. Derivatives 1,705 1. Financial derivatives 4.804 1.1 trading derivatives 1,705 4,804 1.2 related to the fair value option 1.3 other 2. Credit derivatives 2.1 trading derivatives 2.2 related to the fair value option 2.3 other 1.705 4.804 Total B 15 Total (A+B) 6,030 4,834

2.2 Financial assets held for trading: breakdown by issuer/borrower

	(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2017
A. On-balance sheet assets	
1. Debt securities	48
a) Governments and Central Banks	11
b) Other public entities	
c) Banks	37
d) Other issuers	-
2. Equity Instruments	2,297
a) Banks	1
b) Other issuers:	2,296
- insurance companies	-
- financial companies	95
- non-financial companies	2,201
- other	-
3. Units in investment funds	2,019
4. Loans	•
a) Governments and Central Banks	-
b) Other public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other issuers	-
Total (A)	4,364
B. Derivative instruments	
a) Banks	346
- fair value	346
b) Customers	6,169
- fair value	6,169
Total (B)	6,515
Total (A+B)	10,879

Section 3 - Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income - Item 30

3.1 Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL	L 12.31.2018	
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	L1	L2	L3
1. Debt securities	961,767	-	-
1.1 Structured securities	-	-	-
1.2 Other debt securities	961,767	-	-
2. Equity instruments			5
3. Loans	•	-	
Total	961,767	-	5

Key: L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

"Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" consist of securities issued by sovereign states and residually of equity interests in companies in which the Bank does not exercise control or significant influence for €5 thousand for which, upon first application of IFRS 9, the "FVTOCI" option was exercised.⁴⁷ For more details, see the information on Sovereign exposures set out in Part E of the notes to the accounts.

3.2 Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand) ITEMS/AMOUNTS TOTAL 12.31.2018 1. Debt securities 961,767 a) Central banks b) Public entities 961,767 c) Banks d) Other financial companies of which: insurance companies e) Non-financial companies 5 2. Equity Instruments a) Banks b) Other issuers: 5 - other financial companies of which: insurance companies 5 - non-financial companies - other 3. Loans a) Central banks b) Public entities c) Banks d) Other financial companies of which: insurance companies e) Non-financial companies f) Households Total 961,772

⁴⁷ With regard to non-trading equity instruments, IFRS 9 provides for the possibility of measuring them at the fair value recognised through other comprehensive income (so-called FVTOCI – fair value through Other Comprehensive Income).

3.3 Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: gross exposure and total impairment

(Amounts in € thousand)

(Amounts in € thousand)

5,224

1,042,465

	GROSS AMOUNT			IMPAIR				
	FIRST STAGE	OF WHICH: INSTRUMENTS WITH LOW CREDIT RISK	SECOND STAGE THIRD S	STAGE	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE THIRD	STAGE	TOTAL PARTIAL WRITE-OFF
Debt securities	961,938	961,938	-	-	(171)	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total 31 December 2018	961,938	961,938	-	-	(171)			-
Total 31 December 2017								
of which: financial assets purchased or originated credt impaired	X	X	-	-	X	-	-	-

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 Item 40)

4.1 Available-for-sale financial assets: product breakdown

 ITEMS/AMOUNTS
 LEVEL 1
 LEVEL 2
 LEVEL 3

 1. Debt securities
 1,042,465

 1. Structured securities

 1. 2 Other debt securities
 1,042,465

 2. Equity Instruments
 5,224

 2.1 Carried at fair value
 5,219

 2.2 Carried at cost
 5

 3. Units in investment funds

4.2 Available-for-sale financial assets: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand) ITEMS/AMOUNTS TOTAL 12.31.2017 1.042.465 1. Debt securities a) Goverments and Central banks b) Public entities c) Banks 2. Equity instruments 5,224 a) Banks b) Other issuers: insurance companies - financial companies - non-financial companies 718 3. Units in investment funds 4. Loans a) Goverments and Central banks b) Public entities c) Banks d) Others entities 1,047,689

4. Loans Total

Section 4 - Financial assets at amortised cost – Item 40

4.1 Financial assets at amortised cost: product breakdown of loans and receivables with banks

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018						
	CARF	RYING AMOU		FAIR VALUE			
			PURCHASED				
			OR				
	FIRST AND		ORIGINATED				
	SECOND	THIRD	CREDIT				
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	STAGE	STAGE	IMPAIRED	L1	L2	L3	
A. Loans and receivables with Central Banks	-	-	•	•	-	-	
1. Time deposits	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
2. Compulsory reserves	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Х	
3. Reverse repos	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
4. Other	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Х	
B. Loans and receivables with banks	12,427,086			267,493	9,182,023	3,044,974	
1. Loans	3,044,974	-	-	-	-	3,044,974	
1.1 Current accounts and demand deposits	1,916,128	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
1.2 Time deposits	1,119,303	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
1.3 Other loans:	9,543	-	-	Χ	Х	Χ	
- Reverse repos	416	-	-	Х	Х	Х	
- Finance leases	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Х	
- Other	9,127	-	-	Χ	Х	Χ	
2. Debt securities	9,382,112	-	-	267,493	9,182,023	-	
2.1 Structured securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.2 Other debt securities	9,382,112	-	-	267,493	9,182,023	-	
Total	12,427,086	-	-	267,493	9,182,023	3,044,974	

Key: L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

Loans and receivables with banks for "Current accounts and demand deposits" mainly consist of accounts held with UniCredit S.p.A., with a book value of €1,887,303 thousand (€1,958,602 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and to a lesser extent, of current accounts held with other banks not belonging to the UniCredit Group for securities transactions and to manage the liquidity customers.

"Time deposits" consist of deposits held with UniCredit S.p.A. for a total of €1,119,303 thousand (€1,028,153 thousand as at December 31, 2017), including the compulsory reserve deposit.

The item "Other loans: Other" refers for €5,280 thousand to the amount of the initial and variance margins and collateral deposits placed with credit institutions for derivative transactions and repos (€14,647 thousand as at December 31, 2017), and €3,847 thousand to current receivables associated with the provision of financial services (€3,215 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

The item "Debt secutities" includes €9,115,783 thousand relating to debt securities issued by UniCredit S.p.A. (€10,838,910 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

4.2 Financial assets at amortised cost: product breakdown of loans and receivables with customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2018					
	CAR	CARRYING AMOUNT			FAIR VALUE		
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	OF WHICH: PURCHASED OR ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED	L1	L2	L3	
1. Loans	2,944,573	2,817	-	-		- 3,050,760	
1.1 Current accounts	1,016,947	1,770	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
1.2 Reverse repos	148,768	29	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
1.3 Mortgages	856,856	14	-	X	Χ	Х	
1.4 Credit cards, personal loans and wage assignment loans	749,358	783	-	Х	Х	Х	
1.5 Finance leases	-	-	-	Х	Χ	Χ	
1.6 Factoring	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
1.7 Other loans	172,644	221	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
2. Debt securities	7,873,955			7,848,422			
2.1 Structured securities	-	-	-	-			
2.2 Other debt securities	7,873,955	-	-	7,848,422			
Total	10,818,528	2,817	-	7,848,422		- 3,050,760	

Key: L1 = Level 1

L3 = Level 3

Debt securities recorded in "Financial assets at amortised cost" consist of government securities and securities issued by Supranational entities. For more details, see the information on Sovereign exposures set out in Part E of the notes to the accounts.

4.3 Finance leases

No data to report

4.4 Financial assets at amortised cost: breakdown by issuer/borrower of loans and receivables with customers

	TOTAL 12.31.	2018
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE THIRD STAGE	OF WHICH: PURCHASED OR ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED
1. Debt securities	7,873,955 -	-
a) Public entities	7,873,955 -	-
b) Other financial companies		-
of which: insurance companies		-
c) Non-financial companies		-
2. Loans with:	2,944,573 2,817	-
a) Public entities	- 8	-
b) Other financial companies	171,751 2	-
of which: insurance companies	19,028 -	-
c) Non-financial companies	908 9	-
d) Households	2,771,906 2,806	-
Total	10,818,528 2,817	-

4.5 Financial assets at amortised cost: gross exposure and total impairment

(Amounts in € thousand)

		GROSS AMOUNT				IMPAIRMENT PROVISION		
	FIRST STAGE	OF WHICH: INSTRUMENTS WITH LOW CREDIT RISK	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL PARTIAL WRITE-OFF
Debt securities	17,264,880	17,264,880	-	-	(8,812)	-	-	-
Loans	5,991,210	-	14,650	23,936	(10,319)	(5,994)	(21,118)	-
Total 31 December 2018	23,256,090	17,264,880	14,650	23,936	(19,131)	(5,994)	(21,118)	-
Total 31 December 2017								
of which: financial assets purchased or originated credit impaired	Х	Х	_	-	Х	-		-

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Held-to-maturity investments (ex IAS 39 Item 50)

5.1 Held-to-maturity investments: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2017				
		FV				
	BV	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3		
1. Debt securities	4,826,390	4,855,200	-	-		
- Structured	-	-	-	-		
- Other	4,826,390	4,855,200	-	-		
2. Loans	-	-	-	-		
Total	4,826,390	4,855,200	•			

Key FV = fair value BV = book value

5.2 Held-to-maturity investments: breakdown by issuer/borrower

TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Debt securities	4,826,390
a) Governments and Central Banks	4,726,466
b) Other public entities	99,924
c) Banks	-
d) Other issuers	-
2. Loans	-
a) Governments and Central Banks	-
b) Other public entities	-
c) Banks	-
d) Other issuers	-
Total	4,826,390
Total fair value	4,855,200

Loans and receivables with banks (ex IAS 39 Item 60)

6.1 Loans and receivables with banks: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2017			
	_		FV	
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	BV	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3
A. Loans and receivables with Central Banks	-	-	-	-
1. Time deposits	-	Х	Х	Х
2. Compulsory reserves	-	Х	X	Х
3. Reverse repos	-	Х	Х	Х
4. Other	-	X	Х	Х
B. Loans and receivables with banks	13,877,651	-	11,311,889	3,038,741
1. Loans	3,038,741		-	3,038,741
1.1 Current accounts and demand deposits	1,992,673	Х	Х	Х
1.2 Time deposits	1,028,152	Х	Х	Х
1.3 Other loans:		Х	Х	Х
- Reverse repos	54	Х	Х	Х
- Finance leases	-	Х	Х	Х
- Other	17,862	Х	Х	Х
2. Debt securities	10,838,910	-	11,311,889	-
2.1 Structured securities	-	Х	Х	Х
2.2 Other debt securities	10,838,910	Х	Х	Х
Total	13,877,651		11,311,889	3,038,741

KeyFV = fair value
BV = book value

Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39 Item 70)

7.1 Loans and receivables with customers: product breakdown

		T01	AL 12.31.2017		(/ unounto	iii e tilousariu)
	В	FAIR VALUE				
	•	IMPAIRE	D	L1	L2	L3
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/AMOUNTS	UNIMPAIRED	PURCHASED	OTHER	LI	LZ	LJ
Loans	2,126,366	-	2,853		-	2,204,926
1. Current accounts	639,726	-	1,828	Х	Х	Х
2. Reverse repos	202,620	-	81	Х	Х	Х
3. Mortgages	516,237	-	14	Х	Х	X
Credit cards, personal loans and wage assignment loans	632,249	-	799	Х	Х	Х
5. Finance leases	-	-	-	Χ	Х	Х
6. Factoring	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
7. Other loans	135,534	-	131	Х	Х	Х
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Structured securities	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
9. Other debt securities	-	-	-	Х	Х	Х
Total	2,126,366	-	2,853		-	2,204,926

7.2 Loans and receivables with customers: breakdown by issuer/borrower

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TO	TAL 12.31.2017	·
		IMPAIRED)
TYPE OF TRANSACTION/AMOUNTS	UNIMPAIRED	PURCHASED	OTHER
1. Debt securities	-		
a) Governments	-	-	-
b) Other public entities	-	-	-
c) Other issuers:	-	-	-
- non-financial companies	-	-	-
- financial companies	-	-	-
- insurance companies	-	-	-
- other	-	-	
2. Loans	2,126,366	-	2,853
a) Governments	-	-	-
b) Other public entities	-	-	-
c) Other issuers:	2,126,366	-	2,853
- non-financial companies	20,492	-	99
- financial companies	107,681	-	5
- insurance companies	16,651	-	-
- other	1,981,542	-	2,749
Total	2,126,366		2,853

Section 5 – Hedging derivatives – Item 50

5.1 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by type of hedge and by level

(Amounts in € thousand) NA 12.31.2017 FAIR VALUE 12.31.2018 FAIR VALUE 12.31.2017 NA 12.31.2018 L3 L3 L1 L1 L2 A. Financial derivatives 3,314 570,000 458 151,109 1) Fair value 3,314 570,000 458 151,109 2) Cash flows 3) Net investment in foreign subsidiaries B. Credit derivatives 1) Fair value 2) Cash flows Total 3,314 570,000 458 151,109

Key: NA = notional amount L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

5.2 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by hedged assets and risk (balance sheet value)

									(Amoı	ınts in € thousand)
		FAIR VALUE					CASH FL	.ows	NET	
			MICRO				MACRO	MICRO	MACRO	INVESTMENT IN
TRANSACTIONS/TYPE OF HEDGE	DEBT SECURITIES AND INTEREST RATE	EQUITIES INSTRUMENTS AND INDEX	CURRENCY AND GOLD	CREDIT	COMMODITY	OTHERS				FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES
Financial assets at fair value through	INIL	AND INDEX	AND GOLD	OKLDII	COMMODITI	OTTLENO				
other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	x
2. Financial assets at ammortised cost	-	Х	-	-	X	Х	Х	-	Х	X
3. Portfolio	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	-	Х	-	X
4. Other transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	-
Total assets	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
1. Financial liabilities	-	Х	-	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	X
2. Portfolio	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	3,314	Х	-	X
Total liabilities	-	-	-			-	3,314		-	-
Expected transactions	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	-	Х	X
2. Financial assets and liabilities										
Portfolio	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	X	-	-

Section 6 - Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets - Item 60

6.1 Adjustments to the value of hedged assets: breakdown by hedged portfolio

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ADJUSTMENTS TO THE VALUE OF HEDGED ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Positive changes	4,873	10,130
1.1 of specific portfolios	4,873	10,130
a) financial assets at amortised costs	4,873	10,130
b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
1.2 overall	-	-
2. Negative changes		(540)
2.1 of specific portfolios	-	(540)
a) financial assets at amortised costs	-	(540)
b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
2.2 overall	-	-
Total	4,873	9,590

Section 7 - Equity investments - Item 70

7.1 Equity Investments information on shareholders' equity

NAME	REGISTERED OFFICE	HEADQUARTERS	EQUITY %	VOTING RIGHTS %
A. Subsidiaries				
Fineco Asset Management DAC	Dublin	Dublin	100%	100%
B. Joint ventures				
C. Companies under significant influence				

7.2 Significant equity investments book value, fair value and dividends received

As required by Circular no. 262 dated December 22, 2005 and following updates: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" the information referred to in this paragraph is not provided in the individual financial statements as FinecoBank draws up the consolidated financial statements pursuant to the same Circular.

7.3 Significant equity investments: accounting data

As required by Circular no. 262 dated December 22, 2005 and following updates: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" the information referred to in this paragraph is not provided in the individual financial statements as FinecoBank draws up the consolidated financial statements pursuant to the same Circular.

7.4 Non-significant investments accounting data

No data to report.

7.5 Equity Investments annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 A. Opening balance 500 B. Increases 500 2,500 B.1 Purchases B.2 Write-backs B.3 Revaluations B. 4 Other changes C. Decreases C.1 Sales C.2 Impairment losse C.3 Writedowns C.4 Other decreases D. Closing balance 3,000 500 E. Total revaluations F. Total adjustments

7.6 Commitments to equity interests in joint ventures

No data to report.

7.7 Commitments to equity interests in companies under significant influence

No data to report.

7.8 Significant restrictions

No data to report.

7.9 Other information

No data to report.

Section 8 - Property, plant and equipment - Item 80

8.1 Property, plant and equipment used in the business: breakdown of assets carried at cost

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Owned assets	14,242	12,901
a) land	-	-
b) buildings	-	-
c) office furniture and fittings	1,608	1,480
d) electronic systems	10,869	9,798
e) other	1,765	1,623
2. Assets under financial lease		-
a) land	-	-
b) buildings	-	-
c) office furniture and fittings	-	-
d) electronic systems	-	-
e) other	-	-
Total	14,242	12,901
of which: obtained through enforcement of the guarantees received	-	-

A description of the methods used to calculate depreciation is provided in Part A – Accounting Policies of the notes to the accounts.

8.2 Property, plant and equipment held for investment: breakdown of assets carried at cost

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2017 TOTAL 12.31.2018 CARRYING **FAIR VALUE** CARRYING FAIR VALUE VALUE 11 12 13 11 13 ASSETS/AMOUNTS VALUE 1. Owned assets 2,950 3,491 a) land 2.950 2.304 3.491 b) buildings 2.088 2. Assets under finance lease a) land b) buildings 2,088 2,950 2.304 3.491 of which: obtained through enforcement of the guarantees received

Key:

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

8.3 Property, plant and equipment used in the business: breakdown of revalued assets

No data to report.

8.4 Property, plant and equipment held for investment: breakdown of assets measured at fair value

No data to report.

8.5 Inventories of property, plant and equipment regulated by IAS 2: breakdown

No data to report.

8.6 Property, plant and equipment used in the business: annual changes

					(Amounts i	in € thousand)
	LAND	BUILDINGS	OFFICE FURNITURE AND FITTINGS	ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	OTHER	TOTAL
A. Gross opening balance		-	13,873	30,710	10,360	54,943
A.1 Total net reduction in value	-	-	(12,393)	(20,912)	(8,737)	(42,042)
A.2 Net opening balance		-	1,480	9,798	1,623	12,901
B. Increases:		-	1,206	4,880	704	6,791
B.1 Purchases	-	-	1,204	4,880	704	6,788
B.2 Capitalised expenditure on improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.3 Write-backs	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.4 Increase in fair value recognised						
a) in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.5 Positive exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.6 Transfers from properties held						
for investment	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-
B.7 Other changes	-	-	2	-	-	3
C. Decreases:		-	(1,078)	(3,809)	(562)	(5,450)
C.1 Sales	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
C.2 Depreciation	-	-	(1,055)	(3,664)	(485)	(5,204)
C.3 Impairment losses recognised						-
a) in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) through profit or loss	-	-	(20)	-	(77)	(98)
C.4 Decreases in fair value recognised						
a) in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.5 Negative exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.6 Transfers to:						
a) property, plant and equipment held for investment	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	
b) assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.7 Other changes	-	-	(3)	(144)	-	(147)
D. Net closing balance	-	-	1,608	10,869	1,765	14,242
D.1 Total net reduction in value	-	-	(13,061)	(24,134)	(9,025)	(46,220)
D.2 Gross closing balance		-	14,669	35,003	10,790	60,462
E. Carried at cost	-	-	1,608	10,869	1,765	14,242

The asset classes specified in the table above are carried at cost.

8.7 Property, plant and equipment held for investment: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL	
	LAND	BUILDINGS
A. Gross opening balance	-	3,765
A.1 Total net reduction in value	-	(1,461)
A.2 Net opening balance		2,304
B. Increases		2
B.1 Purchases	-	-
B.2 Capitalised expenditure on improvements	-	2
B.3 Net increases in fair value	-	-
B.4 Write-backs	-	-
B.5 Positive exchange differences	-	-
B.6 Transfer from properties used in the business	-	-
B.7 Other changes	-	-
C. Decreases	-	(218)
C.1 Sales	-	(91)
C.2 Depreciation	-	(109)
C.3 Decreases in fair value	-	-
C.4 Impairment losses	-	-
C.5 Negative exchange differences	-	-
C.6 Transfers to other asset portfolios		
a) properties used in the business	-	-
b) non-current assets classified as held for sale	-	-
C.7 Other changes	-	(18)
D. Net closing balance	-	2,088
D.1 Total net reduction in value	-	(1,512)
D.2 Gross closing balance	-	3,600
E. Fair value measurement	-	2,950

The buildings specified in the table above are carried at cost.

8.8 Inventories of property, plant and equipment regulated by IAS 2: annual changes

No data to report.

8.9 Commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment

As at December 31, 2018 the Bank had contractual commitments to purchase property, plant and equipment amounting to €540 thousand.

We also report that there are no restrictions on the ownership of tangible assets and there are no tangible assets pledged as security for liabilities.

Section 9 - Intangible assets - Item 9

9.1 Intangible assets: breakdown by type assets

(Amounts in € thousand)

ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.	31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017	
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	FINITE LIFE	INDEFINITE LIFE	FINITE LIFE	INDEFINITE LIFE
A.1 Goodwill	Х	89,602	Х	89,602
A.2 Other intangible assets	8,705		7,909	
A.2.1 Assets carried at cost:	8,705	-	7,909	-
a) Intangible assets generated internally	-	-	-	-
b) Other assets	8,705	-	7,909	-
A.2.2 Assets carried at fair value:	-	-	-	-
a) Intangible assets generated internally	-	-	-	-
b) Other assets	-	-	-	-
Total	8,705	89,602	7,909	89,602

The useful life of software, considered for the calculation of amortisation, is 3 years, while the useful life of other intangible assets with definite life is 5 years. A description of the methods used to calculate depreciation is provided in Part A – Accounting Policies of the notes to the accounts.

9.2 Intangible assets: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GOODWILL	OTHER INTANG GENERATED I		OTHER INTANGIBLE	ASSETS: OTHER	TOTAL
		FIN	INDEF	FIN	INDEF	
A. Gross opening balance	124,729			- 79,811		204,540
A.1 Total net reduction in value	(35,127)	-		- (71,902)	-	(107,029)
A.2 Net opening balance	89,602			- 7,909	-	97,511
B. Increases				- 5,755	-	5,755
B.1 Purchases	-	-		- 5,755	-	5,755
B.2 Increases in internal intangible assets	Х	-			-	-
B.3 Write-backs	Х	-			-	-
B.4 Increases in fair value recognised:						
- in equity	Х	-			-	-
- through profit or loss	Х	-			-	-
B.5 Positive exchange differences	-	-			-	-
B.6 Other changes	-	-			-	-
C. Decreases	-	-		- (4,959)	-	(4,959)
C.1 Sales	-	-			-	-
C.2 Impairment losses						
- Amortisation	Х	-		- (4,959)	-	(4,959)
- Write-downs						
+ in equity	Х	-			-	-
+ through profit or loss	-	-			-	-
C.3 Decreases in fair value						
- in equity	Х	-			-	-
- through profit or loss	Х	-			-	-
C.4 Transfers to non-current assets						
and discontinued operations	-	-			-	-
C.5 Negative exchange differences	-	-			-	-
C.6 Other changes	-	-			-	-
D. Net closing balance	89,602	-		- 8,705		98,307
D.1 Total net impairments	(35,127)	-	•	- (76,861)	-	(111,988)
E. Gross closing balance	124,729			- 85,566	-	210,295
F. Carried at cost	89,602	-	•	- 8,705	-	98,307

Key FIN: finite life INDEF: indefinite life

The asset classes specified in the table above are carried at cost.

9.3 Other information

As at December 31, 2018 the Bank had contractual commitments to purchase intangible assets amounting to €721 thousand.

We also report that there were no intangible assets acquired through government concession; no intangible assets were used as collateral for own debts; no intangible assets were held under a finance lease; and there were no revalued intangible assets.

Other information - Impairment test

Under IAS 36, impairment testing of intangible assets with indefinite useful lives must be performed at least annually and, in any case, whenever there is objective evidence of the occurrence of events that may have reduced their value.

Recoverable value is the greater of the value in use (present value of future cash flows generated by the asset being valued) and the associated fair value, net of sales costs.

The recoverable value of the assets subject to impairment testing must be determined for the individual assets, unless both of the following conditions exist:

- the value in use of the asset is not estimated to be close to the fair value net of selling costs;
- the asset does not generate incoming cash flows largely independent of those coming from other assets (or group of assets).

If these conditions exist, the impairment test is conducted at the level of the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) of the asset, as required by the accounting principle.

According to IAS 36, when determining the value in use of assets subject to impairment testing, reference must be made to the cash flows of assets in their current conditions at the testing date and representing the best estimate by the management of the overall economic conditions in place during the residual useful life of the asset.

For the purposes of impairment testing, the value in use of the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the intangible assets have been assigned must be calculated considering the cash flows for all the assets and liabilities included in the CGU and not just those for which goodwill and/or the intangible asset has been recognised upon application of IFRS 3.

Definition of CGU

Estimating the value in use for the purposes of any impairment testing of intangible assets, including goodwill, which do not independently generate cash flows, but only in conjunction with other business assets, requires that these assets first be attributed to operating units that are relatively autonomous in the business context (from the points of view of independent cash flows generated and of internal planning and reporting). These operating units are defined as Cash Generating Units (CGU).

Goodwill recorded in these financial statements, deriving from the separate financial statements of the Bank, relates to buy-outs of divisions or companies engaged in trading activities or the distribution of financial, banking and insurance products through personal financial advisors. These activities have been fully integrated with FinecoBank's ordinary operations, as a result it is not possible to isolate the contribution of each company/business division from the Bank's overall income; this means that to establish the recoverability of the value of goodwill recognised in the financial statements it is necessary to take account of the Bank's comprehensive income.

The cash generating unit (CGU) to be considered for the impairment test is therefore the Bank as a whole (including the contribution from the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC, an asset management company incorporated under Irish law, thanks a vertically integrated business model). In view of the specific business model adopted by FinecoBank, which envisages a high level of integration between personal financial advisors and the trading and banking platform, so that the personal financial advisors network is an integral part of the overall offering of the Bank, which includes banking, brokerage and investing services, an allocation of costs/revenues per business units is not considered relevant or meaningful.

Estimating cash flows to determine the value in use of the CGU

The applicable accounting principles require that the impairment test be carried out by comparing the book value of the CGU to its recoverable value. When the latter proves to be less than the book value, a write-down must be recorded in the financial statements. The recoverable value is the greater of its fair value (net of sales costs) and the related value in use.

The recoverable amount of the CGU in this case is the greater of its fair value (net of costs to sell) and the related value in use.

Impairment test model

The calculation of the value in use for the purposes of impairment testing is made using the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The cash flows are determined by subtracting the annual capital requirement generated by the change in the risk-weighted assets from net profit. This capital requirement is determined by considering the long-term capitalisation to be achieved, also in light of the minimum regulatory capital requirements.

Cash flows

The discounted cash flow model used is based on future cash flows estimated by management in four steps:

- year 2019, in which the budget figures were considered (subject to approval by the Board of Directors on December 11, 2018);
- year 2020, which considers the financial projections of the Strategic Plan (submitted for approval by the Board of Directors of December 5, 2017);
- intermediate period of five years from 2021 to 2025, for which the projections of the financial flows are extrapolated by applying beginning in the last explicit estimate period (2020) rates of growth decreasing (from 4% to 2%) to the terminal value;
- terminal value calculated using a nominal growth rate of 2%. The average Eurozone actual GDP rate from 1996 to 2017 was 1.5%. The choice of nominal 2% as "terminal value" growth rate, i.e. corresponding to ~ 0% real growth, was made for prudential reasons.

Discount rates of cash flows

Future financial flows were discounted using a conservative estimate of the discount rate, incorporating the various risk factors linked to the business sector into the cost of equity (Ke). The discount rate is a nominal rate, net of taxes.

In particular, the cost of capital for the Bank is the sum of the following:

- Risk-free rate: the average of the last 6 years of the 5-year Bund. The six-year horizon was adopted in line with the average economic cycle in the eurozone;
- Debt risk premium: the average over the last six years of the Credit Default Swap paid by UniCredit S.p.A.;
- Risk premium on own equity: calculated using the option-based model, based on the average volatility of over the last six years of the shares of banks operating predominantly in the same sector.

Moreover, for prudential reasons, the cost of capital for the Bank was raised to the level of the Germany Commercial Banking of Unicredit Group, which was considered to be the floor value at Group level and equal to 8.11%.

The cost of capital used for the impairment testing has 4 target points (2019 budget, 2020 Multi Year Plan and Terminal Value) within which a linear convergence is calculated.

Impairment test results

The methodology for calculating the value in use described above (model, assumptions and parameters used) was approved by the Board of Directors on January 10, 2019. For the impairment testing the carrying amount of the goodwill and Shareholders' equity was compared with its value in use calculated using that methodology. The outcome of the tests (approved by the Board of Directors of February 5, 2019) confirmed the sustainability of the goodwill recognised in the financial statements as at December 31, 2018, with the value in use significantly higher than the carrying amount.

Sensitivity analysis

Given the complexity of the measurement process and the uncertainty involved in making forecasts on future profitability, especially in the long term, some sensitivity analyses were carried out assuming changes to the main parameters used in the impairment test.

The table below shows the change in the value in use, net of book value and of shareholders' equity, in relation to changes in the main parameters used in the DCF model underlying the impairment test.

	1% INCREASE OF THE	1% INCREASE OF CORE	1% DECREASE OF THE NOMINAL	5% DECREASE	USE OF CORE
	DISCOUNT RATE AFTER	TIER 1 RATIO TARGET	GROWTH RATE FOR THE	OF ANNUAL	TIER 1 RATIO AS
	TAXES (KE)		CALCULATION OF TERMINAL	EARNINGS	AT 12.31.2018
			VALUE		(21.16%)
Change of value in use	-19.1%	-0.7%	-14.1%	-6.6%	-5.9%

The results confirm the sustainability of the goodwill recognised in the financial statements, as none of the scenarios hypothesised revealed the need for a write-down, as the value in use, calculated applying those variations, was much higher than the book value.

It should also be noted, that the impairment test reaches the break-even assuming changes in the above parameters that are currently unreasonable. The impairment test reached a break-even with an absolute positive change in the discount rate after tax (Ke) of over 17 percentage points, i.e. with a reduction of over 75% of annual earnings (while maintaining all the other parameters and information used unchanged, in both

It should be noted that the value of "FinecoBank" shares resulted in a market capitalisation of €5,341 million at December 31, 2018, markedly higher than the Bank's assets and the results provided by the internal model, which confirms the implementation of prudent criteria for calculation of the value in use.

Section 10 - Tax Assets and Tax Liabilities - Asset item 100 and liability item 60

The item "Tax assets" amounting to €6,714 thousand comprises:

- "Current tax assets" of €467 thousand;
- "Deferred tax assets" of €6,247 thousand. Deferred tax assets are shown in the balance sheet net of the related deferred tax liabilities; the detail is as follows:
 - "Deferred tax assets" of €30,270 thousand recognised as a balancing entry in the income statement;
 - "Deferred tax assets" of €2,740 thousand recognised as a balancing entry of shareholders' equity;
 - "Deferred tax liabilities" of €26,560 thousand recognised as a balancing entry in the income statement;
 - "Deferred tax liabilities" of €203 thousand recognised as a balancing entry of shareholders' equity.

The item "Tax liabilities" amounting to €12,184 thousand, consists exclusively of "Current tax liabilities".

Current Tax Assets and Liabilities

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Current tax assets	467	1,765
Current tax liabilities	12,184	10,234

Prepaid/deferred tax assets/liabilities

In accordance with the law and regulations currently in force:

- the recognition of deferred tax assets for IRES income tax purposes takes into account the expected income figures of the Bank for future years, according to the decisions made by the competent company bodies;
- the recognition of deferred tax assets for IRAP corporate tax purposes takes place on the basis of the Bank's expected income figures for future years, and takes into account changes in the legal context;
- deferred tax liabilities are recognised whenever the relevant requirements are satisfied.

When calculating prepaid/deferred tax assets/liabilities, a 27.5% IRES rate was used (24% standard rate and 3.5% additional rate for banks), as well as IRAP rate of 5.57%.

There were no tax-loss carry-forwards.

10.1 Deferred tax assets: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.17
Allocations through profit or loss	26,237	26,679
Allocations through equity	2,740	6,225
Impairment losses on receivables (of which pursuant to Law 214/2011)	4,033	3,828
Total before IAS 12 offset	33,010	36,732
Offset against deferred tax liabilities - IAS 12	(26,763)	(29,271)
Total	6,247	7,461

10.2 Deferred tax liabilities: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
LIABILITIES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Allocations through profit or loss	26,560	23,982
Allocations through equity	203	5,289
Total before IAS 12 offset	26,763	29,271
Offset against deferred tax liabilities - IAS 12	(26,763)	(29,271)
Total		-

10.3 Changes in deferred tax assets (through profit or loss)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	31,446	33,223
2. Increases	3,727	3,912
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	3,727	3,508
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	206	-
c) write-backs	-	-
d) other	3,521	3,508
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	404
3. Decreases	(4,903)	(6,629)
3.1 Deferred tax assets cancelled in the year	(4,903)	(6,629)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(4,664)	(6,629)
b) write-downs of non-recoverable items	-	-
c) change in accounting policies	-	-
d) other	(239)	-
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
a) conversion of tax credits as per Law 214/2011	-	-
b) other	-	-
4. Closing balance	30,270	30,506

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

Increases/decreases in deferred tax assets recognised in the year through profit or loss mainly refer to the following items:

- allocations to and use of provisions for risks and charges.
- allocations to and use of provisions for future personnel costs.

10.3bis Changes in deferred tax assets under Law 214/2011 (through profit or loss)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	3,828	4,180
2. Increases	205	-
3. Decreases		(352)
3.1 Reversals	-	(352)
3.2 Conversion into tax credits		
a) resulting from operating losses	-	-
b) resulting from tax losses	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
4. Closing balance	4,033	3,828

Part B - Balance sheet - Assets (CONTINUED)

10.4 Changes in deferred tax liabilities (through profit or loss)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	24,069	23,278
2. Increases	2,688	712
2.1 Deferred tax liabilities arising during the year	2,688	704
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	2,688	704
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	8
3. Decreases	(197)	(8)
3.1 Deferred tax liabilities de-recognised during the year	(197)	(8)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(64)	(8)
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	(133)	-
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
4. Closing balance	26,560	23,982

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

Increases in deferred tax liabilities recorded in the financial year as a balancing item of the income statement refer to the recognition of deferred tax liabilities resulting from the accounting and tax treatment of goodwill.

10.5 Changes in deferred tax assets (through equity)

(Amounts in € thousand)

		(Allibuits III C trousariu)
	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	1,937	7,617
2. Increases	1,128	270
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	1,128	270
a) relating to prior years	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	1,128	270
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	-
3. Decreases	(325)	(1,662)
3.1 Deferred tax assets cancelled in the year	(325)	(1,662)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(325)	(1,619)
b) write-downs of non-recoverable items	-	-
c) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
d) other	-	(43)
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
4. Closing balance	2,740	6,225

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

The increase in deferred tax assets recognised during the year through equity mainly refer to the fair value valuation of debt securities booked in "Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income" item.

The decrease in deferred tax assets recognised during the year through equity refers to the recognition of deferred tax assets on actuarial gains recognised in equity revaluation reserves as per IAS 19 Revised.

10.6 Changes in deferred tax liabilities (through equity)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Opening balance	2,463	5,968
2. Increases	192	1,104
2.1 Deferred tax assets recognised in the year	192	1,104
a) relating to prior y ears	-	-
b) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
c) other	192	1,104
2.2 New taxes or increases in tax rates	-	-
2.3 Other increases	-	-
3. Decreases	(2,452)	(1,783)
3.1 Deferred tax assets cancelled in the year	(2,452)	(1,783)
a) reversals of temporary differences	(2,452)	(1,783)
b) write-downs of non-recoverable items	-	-
c) due to changes in accounting policies	-	-
3.2 Reduction in tax rates	-	-
3.3 Other decreases	-	-
4. Closing balance	203	5,289

The opening balance shown in the table is deriving from the first application of the accounting standard IFRS9.

The increase and decreases in deferred tax liabilities recognised during the year in equity related to the recognition and reversal of deferred tax liabilities as a result of the fair value measurement of debt securities booked in "Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income" item.

10.7 Other information

No information to report.

Section 11 - Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale and associated liabilities - Assets item 110 and liabilities item 70

11.1 Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale: breakdown by type assets

No information to report.

11.2 Other information

No information to report.

Part B - Balance sheet - Assets (CONTINUED)

Section 12 - Other assets - Item 120

12.1 Other assets: breakdown

(Amounts in €thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial		
assets or liabilities	4,303	2,993
Trade receivables according to IFRS15	8,489	4,985
Items in transit not allocated to relevant accounts	2	18
Items awaiting settlement:		
- notes, cheques and other documents	4,597	4,498
Items in processing:		
- other items in processing	29	99
Current receivables not associated with the provision of financial services	2,188	4,767
Definitive items not recognised under other items:		
- securities and coupons to be settled	5,131	4,617
- other transactions	25,120	16,015
Tax items other than those included in item 100:		
- tax advances	262,261	242,539
- tax credit	6,893	6,875
- tax advances on employee severance indemnities	35	28
Receivables due to disputed items not deriving from lending	119	119
Accrued income and prepaid expenses other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on		
the related financial assets or liabilities	24,513	21,132
Improvement and incremental expenses incurred on leasehold assets	6,928	6,774
Total	350,608	315,459

Please note that as a consequence of the first time adoption of the standard IFRS15, the new sub-items "Trade receivables according to IFRS 15" and "Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" have been added to above table, in order to provide a specific detail for trade receivables, as required by the par. 116 a) of the IFRS15. Furthermore, also the new sub-item "Accrued income and prepaid expenses other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities". So, the balances as at 31 December 2017 have been reclassified into the new sub-items.

The following table "Periodic Change of Accrued Income/Expenses and Prepaid Expenses/Income" discloses the changes incurred in the sub-items "Accrued income and prepaid expenses related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" and "Accrued expenses and prepaid income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" reported in the tables "Other assets: breakdown" and "Other liabilities: breakdown", respectively, as required by the par. 118 of the IFRS15.

Periodic Change of Accrued Income/Expenses and Prepaid Expenses/Income

(Amounts in € thousand)

	ACCRUED INCOME AND	ACCRUED EXPENSES
	PREPAID EXPENSES	AND PREPAID INCOME
Opening balance	2,993	1,737
INCREASES	3,454	1,895
a) changes due to business combinations	-	-
b) cumulative catch-up adjustments to revenue that affect the corresponding contract asset or contract liability, including		
adjustments arising from a change in the measure of progress, a change in an estimate of the transaction price		
(including any changes in the assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) or a contract		
modification (IFRS 15 Par 118.b)	-	-
c) reversal of impairment of a contract asset (IFRS 15 Par 118.c)	-	=
d) change in the time frame for a right to consideration to become unconditional (ie for a contract asset to be		
reclassified to a receivable) (IFRS 15 Par 118.d)	-	-
e) change in the time frame for a performance obligation to be satisfied (ie for the recognition of revenue arising from a		
contract liability (IFRS 15 Par 118.e)	-	-
f) other	3,454	1,895
DECREASES	(2,144)	(832)
a) changes due to business combinations	-	-
c) impairment of a contract asset (IFRS 15 Par 118.c)	-	-
d) change in the time frame for a right to consideration to become unconditional (ie for a contract asset to be		
reclassified to a receivable) (IFRS 15 Par 118.d)	-	-
e) change in the time frame for a performance obligation to be satisfied (ie for the recognition of revenue arising from a	•	
contract liability (IFRS 15 Par 118.e)	-	-
f) other	(2,144)	(832)
Closing Balance	4,303	2,800

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

With regard to the information required by parag. 120 of IFRS15 ("Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations"), below a quantitative disclosure will be provided with the expected duration ("within 1 year" and "over 1 year") of "Accrued income relatedo to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" and "Deferred income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities".

(Amounts in € thousand)

	EXPECTED DURANTION OF PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS		
	<= 1 YEAR	> 1 YEAR	
Unsatisfied (or Partially Unsatisfied) Performance Obligations - Duration - Other Assets (IFRS 15 Par 120a)	4,368	-	
Unsatisfied (or Partially Unsatisfied) Performance Obligations - Duration - Other Liabilities (IFRS 15 Par 120a)	935	1,865	
Total	5,303	1,865	

Lastly, please note that the aggregate amount of revenues from services to customers related to the portion of performance obligations not yet satisfied, showed in the table above "Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations" is equal to €7,168 thousand. 74% of this amount regards performance obligations expected to be satisfied by the next year-end reporting date.

Part B – Balance sheet - Liabilities

Liabilities

Section 1 - Financial liabilities at amortised cost - Item 10

1.1 Financial liabilities at amortised cost: product breakdown deposits from banks

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2018			
		VD FAIR VALUE			
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS	VD	L1	L2	L3	
1. Deposits from central banks	-	Χ	Χ	Х	
2. Deposits from banks	1,009,774	Х	Х	Х	
2.1 Current accounts and demand deposits	52,563	Χ	Х	Х	
2.2 Time deposits	-	Χ	Х	Х	
2.3 Loans	933,352	Χ	Х	Х	
2.3.1 Repos	933,352	Χ	X	X	
2.3.2 Other	-	Х	Х	Х	
2.4 Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares	-	Χ	Х	Х	
2.5 Other liabilities	23,859	Х	Х	Х	
Total	1,009,774		-	1,009,774	

Key: BV = Book value L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

The item 2.1 "Current accounts and demand deposits" consisted of reciprocal current accounts and loans with UniCredit S.p.A., amounting to €18,318 thousand (€6,093 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

The item "Repos" are represented by repos transactions with UniCredit S.p.A. amounting to €751,841 thousand (€764,353 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money with UniCredit Bank AG Munich amounting to €35,668 thousand (€40,348 thousand as at December 31, 2017)

The item "Other liabilities" included margin variations received for repos transactions with UniCredit S.p.A. amounting to €22,547 thousand (€13,340 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

1.2 Financial liabilities at amortised cost: product breakdown deposits from customers

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2018			
		VD FA			
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS		L	1 L2	L3	
Current accounts and demand deposits	22,046,700	Χ	Χ	Х	
2. Time deposits	3,106	Χ	X	Χ	
3. Loans	116,299	Х	X	Х	
3.1 Repos	116,299	Х	Х	Х	
3.2 Other	-	Χ	X	Χ	
Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares	-	Х	Х	Х	
5. Other liabilities	102,993	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Total	22,269,098		- 3,111	22,265,991	

BV = Book value

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

1.3 Financial liabilities at amortised cost: product breakdown of debt securities in issue

No data to report.

1.4 Breakdown of subordinated deposits/securities

No data to report.

1.5 Breakdown of structured deposits/securities

No data to report.

1.6 Amounts payable under finance leases

No data to report.

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39 Item 10)

1.1 Deposits from banks: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

TOTAL 12.31.2017
-
926,001
42,756
-
868,651
868,651
-
-
14,594
926,001
•
926,001
926,001

Total fair value

Part B - Balance sheet - Liabilities (CONTINUED)

Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39 Item 20)

2.1 Deposits from customers: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TRANSACTIONS TYPE/COMPONENTS OF THE GROUP

1. Current accounts and demand deposits TOTAL 12.31.2017 19.935.285 Time deposits
 Loans 9.631 146,410 146,410 3.1 Repos 3.2 Other 4. Liabilities in respect of commitments to repurchase treasury shares Other liabilities 113,710 Total 20,205,036 Fair value - level 1 Fair value - level 2 9,622 Fair value - level 3 20,195,477

Section 2 - Financial liabilities held for trading - Item 20

2.1 Financial liabilities held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

20,205,099

		TOTAL 12.31.2018			
			FAIR VALU	IE	FAIR
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS		'	L1 I	L2 L3	VALUE*
A. On-balance sheet liabilities					
1. Deposits from banks		-	-		-
2. Deposits from customers	589) 34	16		346
3. Debt securities		-	-		Х
3.1 Bonds			-		Х
3.1.1 Structured			-		Х
3.1.2 Other bonds		-	-		Χ
3.2 Other securities		•	-		Х
3.2.1 Structured		-	-		Х
3.2.2 Others		-	-		Х
Total A	589) 34	16		346
B. Derivatives					
1. Financial derivatives	>	(1,20	06 66	69 -	Х
1.1 Trading derivatives	>	(1,20	06 66	69 -	Х
1.2 Related to the fair value option	>	(-		Х
1.3 Other	>	(-		Х
2. Credit derivatives	>	(-		Х
2.1 Trading derivatives	>	(-		Х
2.2 Related to the fair value option	>	(-		Х
2.3 Other	>	(-		Х
Total B)	(1,20	06 66	69 -	Х
Total (A+B))	1,5	52 66	69 -	Х

NA = Nominal or Notional amount

Financial derivatives refer to the negative valuation of CFD contracts on forex, indices, shares, interest rates, commodities and futures used for the operational hedging of CFDs on indices, interest rates and commodities. They amounted to €699 thousand (€565 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Sub-item B.1.1 Derivative instruments - Trading financial derivatives includes the negative valuations of spot contracts for securities that meets the definition of held for trading and currencies to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way"). They amounted to €1,177 thousand (€1,670 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

FV* = Fair value calculated excluding the changes in value due to the change in the issuer's credit rating since the issue date

2.2 Breakdown of "Financial liabilities held for trading": subordinated liabilities

No data to report.

2.3 Breakdown of "Financial liabilities held for trading": structured debts

No data to report.

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December 2015.

Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 Item 40)

4.1 Financial liabilities held for trading: product breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		TOTAL 12.31.2017			
	NA	NA FV			FV*
TRANSACTIONS TYPE/AMOUNTS	INA	L1	L2	L3	
A. On-balance sheet liabilities					
1. Deposits from banks	-	-	-	-	-
2. Deposits from customers	578	382	-	-	382
3. Debt securities	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1 Bonds	-	-	-	-	Х
3.1.1 Structured	-	-	-	-	X
3.1.2 Other bonds	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2 Other securities	-	-	-	-	Χ
3.2.1 Structured	-	-	-	-	Х
3.2.2 Others	-	-	-		Х
Total A	578	382	-		382
B. Derivatives					
1. Financial derivatives	X	1,650	579	6	Х
1.1 Trading derivatives	Х	1,650	579	6	Χ
1.2 Related to the fair value option	X	-	-	-	Х
1.3 Other	Х	-	-	-	Χ
2. Credit derivatives	X	-	-	-	Х
2.1 Trading derivatives	X	-	-	-	Х
2.2 Related to the fair value option	X	-	-	-	X
2.3 Other	X	-	-	-	X
Total B	Х	1,650	579	6	Х
Total (A+B)	Х	2,032	579	6	Х

Key FV = fair value

FV* = Fair value calculated excluding the changes in value due to the change in the issuer's credit rating since the issue date

NA = Nominal or Notional amount

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2 L3 = Level 3

Section 3 - Financial liabilities designated at fair value - Item 30 No data to report.

Section 4 - Hedging derivatives - Item 40

4.1 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by type of hedge and by level

							(Amounts in •	€ thousand)
NA NA		FAIR VA	LUE 12.31.2018		NA	FAIR VA	ALUE 12.31.2017	
	12.31.2018	L1	L2	L3	12.31.2017	L1	L2	L3
A. Financial derivatives	576,477	-	5,341	-	1,085,339	-	12,694	
1) Fair value	576,477	-	5,341	-	1,085,339	-	12,694	-
2) Cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3) Net investment in foreign subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Credit derivatives	-	-	•	-	-	-		-
1) Fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2) Cash flows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	576,477	-	5,341		1,085,339	-	12,694	-

Key:

NA = notional amount

L1 = Level 1

L2 = Level 2

L3 = Level 3

The hedging derivatives as at December 31, 2017 included the negative fair value of derivatives entered into with UniCredit S.p.A. for €9,320 thousand.

4.2 Hedging derivatives: breakdown by hedged assets and risk

(Amounts in € thousand)

		FAIR MICRO	VALUE				CASH FLOWS		NET INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN
DEBT SECURITIES AND INTEREST RATE	EQUITIES INSTRUMENTS AND INDEX	CURRENCY AND GOLD	CREDIT	COMMODITY	OTHERS	MACRO	MICRO	MACRO	SUBSIDIARIES
-	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ
-	Χ	_	_	Χ	Х	Χ	_	X	Х
Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	5,341	Χ	-	Х
-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	Χ	-
					-	5,341		-	
-	Χ	-	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ	Χ
Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	-	Χ
					-	-			-
Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ
				V				•	
	SECURITIES AND INTEREST RATE	SECURITIES AND INTEREST INSTRUMENTS AND INDEX	DEBT SECURITIES AND INTEREST INSTRUMENTS AND INDEX AND GOLD - X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	DEBT SECURITIES AND INTEREST RATE EQUITIES INSTRUMENTS AND GOLD CURRENCY CREDIT -	DEBT SECURITIES EQUITIES AND INTEREST INSTRUMENTS CURRENCY AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY	DEBT SECURITIES EQUITIES AND INTEREST INSTRUMENTS CURRENCY AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS	DEBT SECURITIES EQUITIES AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS	DEBT SECURITIES EQUITIES AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY COMMODITY COMMODITY	DEBT SECURITIES EQUITIES AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY AND INDEX AND GOLD CREDIT COMMODITY OTHERS CURRENCY COMMODITY COMMO

Section 5 – Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities - Item 50

5.1 - Adjustments to the value of hedged financial liabilities: breakdown by hedged portfolio

ADJUSTMENTS TO THE VALUE OF HEDGED LIABILITIES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Positive changes to financial liabilities	2,600	-
2. Negative changes to financial liabilities	-	(3,772)
Total	2,600	(3,772)

Section 6 - Tax liabilities - Item 60

See section 10 of assets.

Section 7 – Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale – Item 70 See section 11 of assets.

Section 8 – Other liabilities – Item 80

8.1 Other liabilities: breakdown

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Accrued expenses and deferred income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial		
assets or liabilities	2,800	1,737
Other liabilities relative to employees	12,349	11,378
Other liabilities due to directors and statutory auditors	163	148
Sums available to be paid to customers	3,333	4,650
Items in processing:		
- incoming bank transfers	543	423
- other items in processing	18	57
Items awaiting settlement:		
- outgoing bank transfers	94,545	75,288
- POS and ATM cards	97	16,581
Current payables not related to the provision of financial services	23,751	23,583
Definitive items not recognised under other items:		
- securities and coupons to be settled	12,921	30,351
- payment authorisations	21,716	19,068
- other items	18,200	12,373
Payables for share-based payments or shares of the Parent Company UniCredit	338	938
Illiquid items for portfolio transactions	22,123	18,097
Tax items other than those included in item 60:		
- sums withheld from third parties as withholding agent	17,805	22,173
- other	98,167	94,342
Accrued expenses and deferred income other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on		
the related financial assets or liabilities	157	148
Social security contributions payable	6,415	6,845
Total	335,441	338,180

On December 22, 2017 the 5th update of Circular no. 262 was enacted: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" which provided that provisions for off-balance sheet exposures must be shown in liability item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges" instead of the previous liability item 100. "Other liabilities" provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262. It should be noted that as of December 31, 2017, any provisions for off-balance sheet exposures had been recorded.

Please note that as a consequence of the first time adoption of the standard IFRS15, the new sub-item "Accrued expenses and deferred income related to contracts with customers other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" has been added to above table, in order to

provide a specific detail for liabilities from contracts with customers, as required by the par. 116 a) of the IFRS15. Furthermore, also the new subitem "Accrued expenses and deferred income other than those related to contracts with customers and other than capitalised on the related financial assets or liabilities" has been added to above table. Balances as at 31 December 2017 have have been reclassified into the new sub-items.

Section 9 - Provisions for employee severance pay - Item 90

9.1 Provisions for employee severance pay: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
A. Opening balance	4,999	5,253
B. Increases	136	125
B.1 Provisions for the year	70	65
B.2 Other increases	66	60
C. Decreases	(574)	(379)
C.1 Payments made	(305)	(155)
C.2 Other decreases	(269)	(224)
of which adjustments for actuarial gains on Employee Severance Fund (IAS19R)	(234)	(211)
D. Closing balances	4,561	4,999
Total	4,561	4,999

9.2 Other information

The "TFR" provision for Italy-based employee benefits is considered to be a "post-retirement defined benefit". It is therefore recognised on the basis of an actuarial estimate of the amount of benefit accrued by employees discounted to present value. This benefit is calculated by an external actuary using the unit credit projection method (see Part A.2 - The Main Items of the Accounts).

The Provision for employee severance pay covers the amount of the rights accrued in that respect up to December 31, 2018 by employees, under current legal regulations, as well as national collective bargaining agreements and supplementary company agreements.

The financial year under review was characterised by:

- normal events relating to the employee severance pay provision in accordance with legal provisions and company agreements in force;
- changes associated with employment contracts pursuant to Article 1406 and following of the Civil Code dealing with individual mobility within the Group.

In 2007, the new supplementary pension reform pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 252/2005 became effective and, as a result the amounts accrued up to December 31, 2006 were kept with the Company, whilst the amounts of employee severance pay provision accruing as of 1 January 2007 were transferred to the supplementary pension funds or the INPS Treasury fund according to the option adopted by the employees (within June 30, 2007). The result is that:

- the employee severance fund accrued up to December 31, 2006 (or until the date of the option falling between January 1, 2007 and June 30, 2007 - adopted by the employees if the they decided to transfer their employee severance pay provision to a supplementary pension fund) continues to be a "defined-benefit" plan and therefore subject to actuarial valuation, although based on simplified actuarial assumptions which no longer take account of estimated future pay rises;
- the amounts accrued from January 1, 2007 (or from the date of the option falling between 1 January 2007 and June 30, 2007 by the employees if they decided to transfer their employee severance pay provision to a supplementary pension fund), were considered as a "defined-contribution" plan (as the Company's liability ceases at the time it pays the employee severance pay provision accrued to the pension fund chosen by the employee) and therefore the related cost for the period is equal to the amounts paid to the Supplementary Pension fund or the INPS Treasury fund.

The following table shows the main actuarial assumptions used to remeasure the liability.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MAIN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Discount rate	1.60%	1.45%
Expected inflation rate	1.20%	1.40%

(Amounts in € thousand)

		(Amounts in C mousand)
EMPLOYEE SEVERANCE PAY PROVISION: OTHER INFORMATION	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Provisions for the year	70	65
- Current service cost	-	
- Interest expense on defined benefit obligations	70	65
- Gains and losses on curtailments and settlements	-	-
- Past service cost	-	
Actuarial gains (losses) recognised in revaluation reserves (OCI)	(234)	(211)
- Actuarial gains (losses) for the year	(85)	(202)
- Actuarial gains/losses on demographic assumptions	1	-
- Actuarial gains/losses on financial assumptions	(150)	(9)

As required by IAS 19 Revised, a sensitivity analysis was conducted aimed at identifying how the present value of the liability changes when the actuarial assumptions considered most significant are changed, while keeping the other actuarial assumptions constant. A change of -25 basis points in the discount rate would result in an increase in the liability of €135 thousand (+2.96%), whereas an equivalent increase in the rate would result in a reduction of the liability of €131 thousand (-2.86%). A change of -25 basis points in the inflation rate would result in a decrease in the liability of €82 thousand (-1.79%), whereas an equivalent increase in the rate would result in an increase in the liability of €83 thousand (+1.82%).

Section 10 - Provisions for risks and charges - Item 100

10.1 - Provisions for risks and charges: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/COMPONENTS	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
1. Provisions for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	49	
2. Provisions for other commitments and other guarantees given	-	
3. Provisions for retirement payments and similar obligations	-	-
4. Other provisions for risks and charges	109,756	112,414
4.1 legal and tax disputes	32,290	34,987
4.2 staff expenses	4,809	5,690
4.3 other	72,657	71,737
Total	109,805	112,414

On December 22, 2017 the 5th update of Circular no. 262 was enacted: "The bank balance sheet: format and drafting rules" which provided that provisions for off-balance sheet exposures must be shown in liability item 100. "Provisions for risks and charges" instead of the previous liability item 100. "Other liabilities" provided for in the 4th update of Circular 262. It should be noted that as of December 31, 2017, any provisions for off-balance sheet exposures had been recorded.

Item 4.1 "legal and tax disputes" mainly includes provisions made to cover complaints and disputes for damage to customers arising from the unlawful behaviour of the Bank's personal financial advisors, provisions relating to pending disputes with personal financial advisors (generally employment-related) and other ongoing court and out-of-court litigation with customers, in relation to normal banking activities, and other parties for €28,045 thousand (€31,056 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and provisions for tax disputes (penalties and interest) for €3,885 thousand (€3,931 thousand as at December 31, 2017). This provision includes the court costs borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the estimated expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

Item 4.2 "staff expenses" includes, mainly, the provisions made for the variable remuneration to be paid to employees in subsequent years, which have an uncertain due date and/or amount.

Item 4.3 "Other" includes the Supplementary customer indemnity provision, of €64,139 thousand (€64,983 thousand as at December 31, 2017), the Provision for contractual payments, of €2,266 thousand (€2,311 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and other provisions made for risks related to the Bank's business and operations, of €6,252 thousand (€4,443 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

10.2 Provisions for risks and charges: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	PROVISIONS FOR OTHER COMMITMENTS AND OTHER GUARANTEES GIVEN	PROVISIONS FOR RETIREMENT PAYMENTS AND SIMILAR OBLIGATIONS	OTHER PROVISIONS FOR RISKS AND CHARGES	TOTAL
A. Opening balance	-		112,414	112,414
B Increases	-		9,913	9,913
B.1 Provisions for the year	-	-	9,024	9,024
B.2 Changes due to the passage of time	-	-	884	884
B.3 Changes due to variations in the discount rate	-	-	5	5
B.4 Other increases	-	-	-	-
C Decreases			(12,571)	(12,571)
C.1 Amounts used in the year	-	-	(12,125)	(12,125)
C.2 Changes due to variations in the discount rate	-	-	(9)	(9)
C.3 Other decreases	-	-	(437)	(437)
D. Closing balance	-	-	109,756	109,756

[&]quot;Other decreases" include the integration costs allocated to "Other liabilities".

10.3 Provisions for risks and charges for commitments and financial guarantees given

(Amounts in € thousand)

	PROVISIONS FOR RISKS	S AND CHARGES FOR COM	IMITMENTS AND GUA	ARANTEES GIVEN
	FIRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL
Commitments	10	-	-	10
Financial guarantees given	39	-	-	39
Total	49	•	-	49

10.4 Provisions for other commitments and other guarantees given

No data to report.

10.5 Pensions and other post-retirement defined-benefit obligations

No data to report.

10.6 Provisions for risks and charges - other provisions

(Amounts in € thousand)

		(,
	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Legal and fiscal disputes	32,290	34,987
- Pending cases	23,830	25,525
- Complaints	4,575	5,531
- Tax disputes	3,885	3,931
Staff expenses	4,809	5,690
Other	72,657	71,737
- Supplementary customer indemnity provision	64,139	64,983
- Provision for contractual payments and payments under non-competition agreements	2,266	2,311
- Other provisions	6,252	4,443
Total provisions for risks and charges	109,756	112,414

(Amounts in € thousand)

					,	
	TOTAL	USES	TRANSFERS	ACTUARIAL GAINS	NET	TOTAL
PROVISION FOR RISKS AND CHARGES	12.31.2017		AND OTHER CHANGES	(LOSSES) IAS 19R *	PROVISIONS**	12.31.2018
Legal and fiscal disputes	34,987	(3,362)	-	•	665	32,290
- Pending cases	25,525	(2,418)	248	-	475	23,830
- Complaints	5,531	(898)	(248)	-	190	4,575
- Tax disputes	3,931	(46)	-	-	-	3,885
Staff expenses	5,690	(4,471)	(437)	-	4,027	4,809
Other	71,737	(4,292)	•	(4,830)	10,042	72,657
- Supplementary customer indemnity provision	64,983	(1,646)	-	(4,823)	5,625	64,139
- Contractual payments and						
payments under non-competition agreements	2,311	(90)	-	(7)	52	2,266
- Other provisions	4,443	(2,556)	-	-	4,365	6,252
Total provisions for risks and charges	112,414	(12,125)	(437)	(4,830)	14,734	109,756

^{*} The item " IAS 19R actuarial gains (losses)" includes the actuarial gains (losses) recognised in the item "Revaluation reserves" in application of IAS 19R.

The following table shows the main actuarial assumptions used to measure the liability for the supplementary customer indemnity provision and the provision for contractual payments.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MAIN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Discount rate	1.60%	1.45%
Salary increase rate	1.00%	2.60%

As required by IAS 19 Revised, a sensitivity analysis was conducted aimed at identifying how the present value of the liability changes when the actuarial assumptions considered most significant are changed, while keeping the other actuarial assumptions constant.

With reference to the supplementary customer indemnity provision, a change of -25 basis points in the discount rate would result in an increase in liabilities of €1,707 thousand (+2.66%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would reduce the liability by €1,638 thousand (-2.55%). A change of -25 basis points in the salary base would result in a reduction in the liability of €495 thousand (-0.77%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would result in an increase in liabilities of €508 thousand (+0.79%).

With reference to the provision for contractual payments, a change of -25 basis points in the discount rate would result in an increase in liabilities of €36 thousand (+1.73%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would reduce the liability by €35 thousand (-1.67%). A change of -25 basis points in the salary base would result in a reduction in the liability of €2 thousand (-0.09%); an equivalent increase in the rate, on the other hand, would result in an increase in liabilities of €2 thousand (+0.09%).

In addition, for the other provisions recognised in the financial statements on the basis of IAS 37, where the effect of the time value of money is significant (generally when payment is to be made more than 18 months from recognition), the amount of the provision should be the present value of the best estimate of the cost required to settle the obligation. The discount rate used reflects the current market assessments. As at December 31, 2018 an analysis was conducted to assess the impact on the provision is made of a variation of +/- 25 basis points in the discount rate and no significant impacts were found.

The Provision for legal disputes includes provisions made to cover complaints and disputes for damage to customers arising from the unlawful behaviour of the Bank's personal financial advisors, provisions relating to pending disputes with personal financial advisors (generally employmentrelated) and other ongoing court and out-of-court litigation with customers, in relation to normal banking activities, and other parties. This provision includes the costs of proceedings borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the estimated expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

The Supplementary customer indemnity provision is accrued to cover the amount of severance indemnity to be paid to the PFA network pursuant to art. 1751 of the Italian Civil Code, in the event of termination of the contract for reasons not attributable to the advisor, such as, for example, when reaching retirement age.

The amount of the obligation at the end of the period was assessed with the aid of an independent actuary.

The Provision for staff expenses includes provisions made in relation to the variable remuneration to be paid to employees in subsequent years which have an uncertain due date and amount.

The Provision for contractual payments and payments under non-competition agreements is related to a limited number of personal financial advisors; these payments are contractually provided. More specifically, the non-competition agreement is an extension of the loyalty obligation at the end of the employment contract which protects the Bank from competition from former personal financial advisors; contractual payments are a special indemnity that the Bank agrees to pay to personal financial advisors, who opted to transfer the rights and obligations arising from their contract with the Bank to third parties, where these advisors continue to keep an ethical and professional conduct with the Bank after termination of

^{**} The item "Net provisions" includes the costs recognised in their own income statement item to better reflect their nature (e.g. "Staff expenses", "Administrative costs" and "Interest expenses and similar charges").

employment, with specific regard to the customer portfolio. The amount of the obligation at the end of the period relating to contractual payments was assessed with the aid of an independent actuary.

The Provision for tax disputes is allocated to cover tax demands received from the Italian Revenue Agency following tax audits carried out on the Bank over the years, in relation to which the Bank considers it has calculated the tax correctly and legitimately and has therefore submitted an appeal at various levels of proceedings.

The above provisions for risks and charges include the allocations for fines and interest for the additional tax being contested and requested by the Tax Authorities through tax bills or payment notices paid and for the estimated amount of legal expenses to be incurred in the various proceedings.

For more details, see Part E - Information on risks and hedging policies - Section 5 - Operational risk - paragraph "Risks arising from tax disputes and audits" of these Notes to the accounts.

The Other Provisions are mainly allocated to cover the risks related to the business and operations of the Bank. The provision specifically includes provisions for marketing and customer loyalty campaigns, incentive plans for the personal financial advisors and the provision for training events for the personal financial advisors.

Section 11 - Redeemable shares - Item 120

11.1 Redeemable shares: breakdown No data to report.

No data to report.

Section 12 - Group Shareholders' equity - Items 110, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170 and 180

12.1 "Share capital" and "Treasury shares": breakdown

As at December 31, 2018, share capital came to €200,773 thousand, comprising 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each.

As at December 31, 2018, the Bank held 1,401,288 treasury shares, corresponding to 0.23% of the share capital, for an amount of € 13,960 thousand. During 2018 n. 27,644 shares were purchased in relation to the "2017 PFA Incentive System" for personal financial advisors identified as "Key personnel" and n. 1,971,871 shares were purchased in relation to the "2015--2017 PFA PLAN" for selected personal financial advisors, in accordance with what was authorised by the FinecoBank Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting on April 11, 2017. During the same period, 658,624 FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio were assigned to personal financial advisors in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN".

The Bank and its subsidiary do not hold shares of its Parent Company, Unicredit S.p.A., even through other companies or third parties.

On February 6, 2018, in view of the favourable opinion provided by the Remuneration Committee in its meeting of February 5, 2018, the Board of Directors of FinecoBank approved execution of the following incentive/loyalty systems:

- 2014-2017 Top Management Multi-Year Plan for employees. In particular, we approved the allotment of 494,493 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second tranche of the Plan, assigned in 2015, and consequently a bonus issue for a total amount of €163,182.69 with immediate effect;
- 2014 and 2015 incentive systems for employees. In particular, we approved the allotment of 196,557 free ordinary shares to the beneficiaries of the second equity tranche of the 2014 Incentive System and of the first tranche of the 2015 Incentive System, and consequently a bonus issue for a total amount of €64,863.81 with effect from 30 March 2018.

In view of the above capital increases, the reserves from allocation of profit from previous years were reduced accordingly.

(Amounts in €thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2018	TOTAL 12.31.2017
Share capital	200,773	200,545
Share premium reserve	1,934	1,934
Reserves	355,673	323,932
- Legal reserve	40,155	40,109
- Extraordinary reserve	272,454	251,367
- Treasury shares reserve	13,960	365
- Other reserves	29,104	32,091
(Treasury shares)	(13,960)	(365)
Revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)
Equity instruments	200,000	-
Net Profit (Loss) for the year	227,922	214,284
Total	962,548	731,990

12.2 Share capital - Number of shares of the Parent Company: annual changes

ITEMS/TYPE	ORDINARY	OTHER
A. Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year		
- fully paid	607,713,345	-
- not fully paid	-	-
A.1 Treasury shares (-)	(60,397)	-
A.2 Shares outstanding: opening balance	607,652,948	
B. Increases		
B.1 New issues		
- against payment:		
- business combinations	-	-
- bonds converted	-	-
- warrants exercised	-	-
- other	-	-
- free		
- to employees	691,050	-
- to directors	-	-
- other	-	-
B.2 Sale of treasury shares	-	-
B.3 Other changes	658,624	-
C. Decreases		
C.1 Cancellation	-	-
C.2 Purchase of treasury shares	(1,999,515)	-
C.3 Business transfers	-	-
C.4 Other changes	-	-
D. Shares outstanding: closing balance	607,003,107	-
D.1 Treasury shares (+)	1,401,288	-
D.2 Shares outstanding at the end of the year		
- fully paid	608,404,395	-
- not fully paid	-	-

The item B.3 Other changes reports the shares allocated to the personal financial advisors under the stock granting plan ("2015-2017 PFA Plan") for FinecoBank's Personal Financial Advisors and Network Managers.

12.3 Share capital: other information

The shares are not subject to any right, privilege or constraint; there are no shares reserved for issue under option and sales contracts.

12.4 Reserves from allocation of profit from previous years: other information

The reserves from profits consist of the:

- Legal reserve, amounting to €40,155 thousand;
- Extraordinary reserve, amounting to €272,454 thousand;
- Reserve for treasury shares held, amounting to €13,960 thousand.

Shareholders' equity also includes the negative reserve recognized following the introduction of IFRS 9, amounting to €-4,868 thousand.

As previously mentioned in parag. 12.1 "Share capital and Treasury shares: breakdown", the Board of Directors of FinecoBank held on February 6, 2018, approved execution of the incentive/loyalty systems "2014-2017 Top Management Multi-Year Plan" and 2014 and 2015 Incentive systems with a consequent increase in share capital, against with the reserves from profits have been reduced fon an amount of €228 thousand.

The FinecoBank Shareholders' Meeting of April 11, 2018 approved the allocation of profit for the year 2017, amounting to €214,284 thousand, as follows:

- €46 thousand to the Legal reserve, corresponding to 0.02% of the profit for the year, having reached the limit of a fifth of the share capital:
- €40,843 thousand to the extraordinary reserve:
- to the 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33, a unit dividend of €0.285 for a total amount of €173,395 thousand.

The share of dividends not distributed to treasury shares held by the bank on the record date, equal to €25 thousand, was allocated to the Extraordinary Reserve.

As previously mentioned in parag. 12.1 "Share capital and Treasury shares: breakdown", during 2018 a total of n. 1,999,515 shares were purchased in relation to the "2017 PFA Incentive System" and in relation to the "2015--2017 PFA PLAN", for a total amount of €20,143 thousand. During the same period, 658,624 FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio were assigned to personal financial advisors in relation to the "2015-2017 PFA PLAN". Consequentely the Treasury shares item has been increased by €13,960 thousand with a simultaneous reduction in the Extraordinary

In addition, the Extraordinary Reserve was used for an amount of €5,958 thousand, net of taxes, to pay the coupon and the transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 bond described below.

Information on the availability and distribution of shareholders' equity

In accordance with art. 2427, paragraph 7-bis of the Italian Civil Code, and according to document no. 1 issued by the Italian Accounting Body on October 25, 2004, a detailed description of equity items is provided below, with a breakdown in terms of availability, eligibility for distribution and use in the last three years.

				(An	nounts in € thousand)
				SUMMARY OF THE AMOU PAST THREE	
			AMOUNT		FOR OTHER
TYPE/DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	POSSIBILE USE	AVAILABLE	TO COVER LOSSES	REASONS
Share capital	200,773	-	-	-	-
Share premium reserve	1,934	A, B, C	1,934	(1) -	_
Reserves:					
Legal reserve	40,155	В	40,155	-	-
Extraordinary reserve	272,454	A, B, C	272,454	-	5,256
Reserve related to equity-settled plans	33,972	-	-	-	8,362
Reserve for treasury shares	13,960	-	-		
Other reserves	(4,868)	-	-	-	-
Revaluation reserves:					
Revaluation reserves for financial assets at fair value through				(2)	
comprehensive income	(3,410)	-	-	-	-
Revaluation reserves for actuarial gains (losses) from defined benefit					
plans	(6,384)	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	548,586		314,543		
Undistributable amount		_	40,155		
Distributable amount			274,388		

A: for capital increase.

B: to cover losses.

C: for distribution to shareholders.

- Pursuant to Article 2431 of the Civil Code, the sum total of this reserve may be distributed only on condition that the legal reserve has reached the limit set in Article 2430 of the Civil Code.
- The reserve, when positive, is not available pursuant to article 6 of Legislative Decree 38/2005.

The uses of the reserves made in the previous three years are shown in detail below.

2015 financial year:

- use of the "Extraordinary reserve" for €80 thousand for the capital increase of the first tranche of the "2014 Plan Key People" plan;
- use of the "Reserve for treasury shares" to be purchased for €4,781 thousand for the cash payment of the first tranche of the 2014 stock granting plan ("2014 Plan PFA") to the Bank's personal financial advisors and Network Managers.

2016 financial year:

- use of the "Extraordinary reserve" for €96 thousand for the capital increase of the second tranche of the "2014 Plan Key People" plan;
- use of the "Reserve connected to the Equity settled plans" for €4,218 thousand following the allocation to the personal financial advisors and Network Manager of the Bank of FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio, as part of the second tranche of the stock granting plan " 2014 Plan PFA ".

Exercise 2017:

- use of the "Extraordinary reserve" for €300 thousand for the capital increase of the third tranche of the "2014 Plan Key People" plan, of the first tranche of the "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" plan and of the first tranche of the "Group Executive Incentive System 2014" (Bonus Pool) plan;
- use of the "Reserve related to the equity-settled plans" for €4,144 thousand following the allocation to the personal financial advisors and Network Manager of the Bank of FinecoBank ordinary shares held in the portfolio, as part of the third tranche of the stock granting plan " 2014 Plan PFA ".

12.5 Equity instruments: breakdown and annual changes

On January 31, 2018, FinecoBank issued an Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 notes issue (5.5 years, Non-Cumulative Temporary Write-Down Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Notes). The issue of the financial instrument was authorized by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on 23 January 2018. The financial instrument is a perpetual private placement 48, issued for a total of €200,000 thousand and entirely subscribed by UniCredit S.p.A.. The coupon for the first 5.5 years has been fixed at 4.82%. The decision to carry out an intra-group issuance had many advantages: effective cost savings relating, for example, to the underwriting syndicate, and shorter issue times so as not to miss the right moment, maximising the benefits of the transaction.

In view of the particularly favourable market conditions and spread levels, the Bank decided to issue an Additional Tier 1 in order to improve the diversification of its investment portfolio.

12.6 Other information

No data to report.

⁴⁸ Unrated and unlisted

Other information

1 Commitments and financial guarantees given

(Amounts in € thousand) NOMINAL VALUE OF COMMITMENTS AND FINANCIAL GUARANTEES GIVEN TOTAL 12.31.2017 TOTAL 12.31.2018 FIRST STAGE SECOND STAGE THIRD STAGE 1,037,687 1,038,120 2,904,788 1. Commitments 279 a) Central Banks b) Governments c) Banks 2,125,000 d) Other financial companies 164 164 884 311 e) Non-financial companies 147 147 279 1.037.809 1.037.376 778.593 f) Households 2. Financial guarantees given 256,827 256,827 256,732 a) Central Banks b) Governments 256,070 256,065 256.070 c) Banks d) Other financial companies e) Non-financial companies f) Households

The commitments to disburse funds mainly include the margins available on credit lines granted to customers and, to a lesser extent, commitments to disburse reverse repos.

Financial guarantees given to banks include 5 guarantees issued in 2012 on request of UniCredit S.p.A., with indefinite duration, for a total amount of €256,065 thousand.

The "Liquidity Framework Agreement", amounted to €2,125,000 thousand as at December 31, 2017, entered into with the Parent Company in previous years, expired in the first half of 2018 and was not renewed.

2 Other commitments and other guarantees given

(Amounts in € thousand)

	NOI	MINAL AMOUNT
	TOTAL 31.12.	2.2018 TOTAL 12.31.20
1. Other guarantees given		-
of which: impaired credit exposure		-
a) Central Banks		-
b) Governments		-
c) Banks		-
d) Other financial companies		-
e) Non-financial companies		-
f) Households		-
2. Other commitments	152	2,376 165,9
of which: impaired credit exposure		-
a) Central Banks		-
b) Governments		-
c) Banks		97 7
d) Other financial companies	19	9,369 26,7
e) Non-financial companies		37 8
f) Households	132	2,873 137,6

The Other commitments exclusively refer to spot contracts for the purchase and sale of securities to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way").

3. Assets given as collateral for own liabilities and commitments

(Amounts in € thousand)

Portfolios	AMOUNT 12.31.2018	AMOUNT 12.31.2017
1. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	529,725	
3. Financial assets at amortised cost	2,487,813	
4. Property, plant and equipment	-	
of which: Property, plant and equipment material assets that constitute inventories	-	

Assets given as collateral for own liabilities and commitments shown in the above table refer to:

- government securities used to enter into repos with the obligation for the buyer to resell the assets covered by the transaction upon expiration of said transaction. The securities are given as collateral for the entire duration of the transaction;
- government securities given as collateral for bankers' drafts, as guarantee for transactions in foreign markets and/or as guarantee for transactions in derivatives. Securities are used as collateral until the Bank decides to stop the transactions for which the collateral or guarantees are granted;
- debt securities issued by UniCredit S.p.A. given as collateral in securities lending transactions carried out with customers. The securities are given as collateral for the entire duration of the transaction.

As at December 31, 2017, securities were used as collateral for banker's drafts, as guarantee for transactions on foreign markets and as guarantee for derivative contract transactions; more specifically, the Bank used government bonds classified as "Available-for-sale financial assets", for a book value of €131,101 thousand.With regard to securities lending transactions with customers, UniCredit S.p.A. securities were committed, belonging to the "Loans and receivables" category", for a carrying amount of €890,325 thousand.

4. Information on operating leases

With regard to outstanding non-cancellable leases, the future payments amount to:

- €1,976 thousand up to twelve months;
- €3,077 thousand from one to five years.

There are no sub-leases in place.

5. Asset management and trading on behalf of others

	(Amounts in € thousand)
TYPE OF SERVICE	AMOUNT 12.31.2018
1. Execution of orders for customers	363,432,347
Securities	84,513,882
a) purchases	43,125,743
1. Settled	42,888,260
2. Unsettled	237,483
b) sales	41,388,139
1. Settled	41,128,733
2. Unsettled	259,406
Derivative contracts	278,918,465
a) purchases	139,439,219
1. Settled	139,139,453
2. Unsettled	299,766
b) sales	139,479,246
1. Settled	139,166,898
2. Unsettled	312,348
2. Segregated accounts	-
3. Custody and administration of securities	
a) third party securities on deposits: relating to custodian bank activities (excluding segregated accounts)	-
securities issued by the bank preparing the accounts	-
2. other securities	-
b) third party securities held in deposits (excluding segregated accounts): other	17,978,915
securities issued by the bank preparing the accounts	3,085
2. other securities	17,975,830
c) third-party securities deposited with third parties	17,978,908
d) own securities deposited with third parties	17,572,121
4. Other transactions	27,734,358
Order receipt and transmission	27,734,358
a) purchases	13,795,575
b) sales	13,938,783

6. Financial assets subject to accounting offsetting or master netting agreements or similar agreements

						(r arre	ounis in € (nousand)
		AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL	NET AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL	RELATED AMOUNTS NOT SUBJECT TO ACCOUNTING OFFSETTING			
	GROSS AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES OFFSET IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	ASSETS SHOWN IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	CASH DEPOSITS RECEIVED AS GUARANTEE	NET AMOUNT 12.31.2018	NET AMOUNT
TYPE	(A)	(B)	(C=A-B)	(D)	(E)	(F=C-D-E)	12.31.2017
1. Derivatives	998	-	998	-	640	358	-
2. Reverse repos	1,812,375	1,800,522	11,853	11,853	-	-	-
3. Securities lending	444	-	444	444	-	-	179
4. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total December 31, 2018	1,813,817	1,800,522	13,295	12,297	640	358	Х
Total December 31, 2017	179	-	179	-	-	Х	179

7. Financial liabilities subject to accounting offsetting or under master netting agreements or similar agreements

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GROSS	AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS OFFSET	NET AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	RELATED AMOUNTS NOT SUBJECT TO ACCOUNTING OFFSETTING			
	AMOUNT OF	IN THE	SHOWN IN THE	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT	CASH DEPOSITS RECEIVED AS	NET AMOUNT	
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	S	GUARANTEE	NET AMOUNT 12.31.2018	NET AMOUNT
TYPE	(A)	(B)	(C=A-B)	(D)	(E)	(F=C-D-E)	12.31.2017
1. Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,173
2. Reverse repos	2,573,577	1,800,522	773,055	763,694	-	9,361	764,353
3. Securities lending	244,373	-	244,373	234,981	-	9,392	177,878
4. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total December 31, 2018	2,817,950	1,800,522	1,017,428	998,675	-	18,753	Х
Total December 31, 2017	952,754	-	952,754	-	9,350	Х	943,404

The amount of assets and liabilities offset in the financial statements refers to the repurchase agreements executed on the MTS market. It should also be noted that, at December 31, 2018 there were swap derivative contracts with a positive fair value of €2,316 thousand and a negative fair value of €5,341 thousand, for which a positive variance margin of €2,936 thousand was paid, not shown in the table above as it is cleared at a Central Counterparty since it refers to client-trade exposures. Such exposures were subject to the prudential treatment set out in Article 305 of (EU) Regulation no. 575/2013.

8. Securities lending transactions

The Bank conducts securities lending transactions on a continuous and systematic basis, with the objective of optimising the returns of customer portfolios, satisfying the requests of institutional counterparties and obtaining a profit for the Bank. The Bank operates as the borrower, borrowing the securities of its customers and using them in repos and securities lending transactions guaranteed by cash amounts with retail and institutional customers interested in the temporary ownership of the securities.

Against securities lending transactions guaranteed by other securities, the Bank issued as collateral UniCredit S.p.A. bonds, recorded in "Financial asset at amortised cost", held in a dedicated dossier at the custodian bank for an amount higher than that of the securities borrowed by the customers, with the aim of providing a collective guarantee.

The face value of the underlying securities not recognised as assets in the accounts totalled €1,153,071 thousand, while their fair value was €1,037,085 thousand, broken down as follows:

(Amounts	in	€	thousand)

	TYPE OF SECURITIES (NOMINAL VALUE 31 DECEMBER 2018)			
SECURITIES RECEIVED ON LOAN FROM:	SOLD	SOLD N REPOS	OTHER PURPOSES	
Banks	-	-	-	
Financial companies	-	395	-	
Insurance companies	-	-	-	
Non-financial companies	-	4,999	280	
Other entities	589	1,144,410	2,398	
Total nominal value	589	1,149,804	2,678	

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TYPE OF SECURITIES (FAIR VALUE 31 DECEMBER 2018)			
SECURITIES RECEIVED ON LOAN FROM:	SOLD SOLD IN REPOS OTHER PUR			
Banks	-	-		
Financial companies	-	502	35	
Insurance companies	-	-	-	
Non-financial companies	-	5,518	294	
Other entities	347	1,023,573	6,816	
Total fair value	347	1,029,593	7,145	

9. Disclosure on joint control activities

No data to report.





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Part C - Income statement

Section 1 - Interest - Items 10 and 20

1.1 Interest income and similar revenues: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/TYPE	DEBT SECURITIES	LOANS	OTHER TRANSACTIONS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
1. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	2	LUANS	TRANSACTIONS	2010	2017
1.1 Financial assets held for trading	-	-			
1.2 Financial assets designated at fair value	-	_	_	-	
1.3 Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	2	_	_	2	
Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)	_			_	1
Financial assets at fair value (ex IAS 39)					-
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,534		Х	4,534	
Financial assets available for sale (ex IAS 39)					8,505
3. Financial assets at amortised cost	218,888	67,457	-	286,345	
3.1 loans and receivables with banks	158,908	11,667	Х	170,575	
3.2 loans and receivables with customers	59,980	55,790	Х	115,770	
Financial assets held to maturity (ex IAS 39)					23,066
Loans and receivables with banks(ex IAS 39)					188,853
Loans and receivables with customers (ex IAS 39)					41,029
4. Hedging derivatives	Х	Х	(1,947)	(1,947)	8,215
5. Other assets	Х	Х	77	77	77
6. Financial liabilities	Х	Х	Х	4,133	
Total	223,424	67,457	(1,870)	293,144	269,746
of which: interest income on impaired financial assetes	-	197	-	197	

1.2 Interest income and similar revenues: other information

1.2.1 Interest income from financial assets denominated in currency

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS/TYPE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Interest income on foreign currency financial assets	19,448	15,100

1.2.2 Interest income on finance lease transactions

No data to report.

1.3 Interest expenses and similar charges: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		DEBT SECURITIES	OTHER	TOTAL	TOTAL
ITEMS/TYPE	PAYABLES	IN ISSUE	TRANSACTIONS	2018	2017
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	(11,315)	-	-	(11,315)	
1.1 Deposits from central banks	-	Χ	Χ	-	
1.2 Deposits from banks	(396)	Χ	Χ	(396)	
1.3 Deposits from customers	(10,919)	Χ	Χ	(10,919)	
1.4 Debt securities in issue	Χ	-	Χ	-	
Deposits from central banks (ex IAS 39)					-
Deposits from banks (ex IAS 39)					3,070
Deposits from customers (ex IAS 39)					(8,235)
Debt securities in issueIAS 39)					1
Financial liabilities held for trading	-	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39)					-
Financial liabilities designated at fair value	-	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities at fair value (ex IAS39)					-
Other liabilities and provisions	Χ	Χ	-	-	
5. Hedging derivatives	Χ	Χ	-	-	
6. Financial assets	Χ	Χ	Χ	(3,126)	
Total	(11,315)	-	-	(14,441)	(5,165)

1.4 Interest expenses and similar charges: other information

1.4.1 Interest expense on liabilities denominated in currency

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS/TYPE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Interest expense on liabilities denominated in currency	(9,216)	(4,882)

1.4.2 Interest expense on finance leases

No data to report.

1.5 Hedging differentials

(Amounts in € thousand) A. Positive hedging differentials TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 20,102 3.410 B. Negative hedging differentials (5,357) (11,887) C. Balance (A-B) (1,947)

Section 2 – Fees and commissions - Items 40 and 50

2.1 Fee and commission income: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
Type of service/Amount	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
(a) guarantees given	82	67
(b) credit derivatives	-	-
(c) management, brokerage and consulting services:	487,115	484,259
1. securities trading	73,349	71,072
2. currency trading	-	-
3. segregated accounts	-	-
custody and administration of securities	895	1,079
5. custodian bank	-	-
6. placement of securities	10,511	14,307
7. reception and transmission of orders	13,114	11,862
8. advisory services	52,321	43,233
8.1. related to investments	52,321	43,233
8.2. related to financial structure		-
distribution of third-party services:	336,925	342,706
9.1. segregated accounts	269,390	280,210
9.1.1 individual	10	28
9.1.2 collective	269,380	280,182
of which maintenance commissions for UCIT units	266,055	277,309
9.2. insurance products	67,535	62,495
9.3. other products	-	1
(d) collection and payment services	31,664	28,761
(e) securitisation servicing		-
(f) factoring		-
(g) tax collection services		-
(h) management of multilateral trading systems	-	-
(i) management of current accounts	4,641	4,716
(j) other services	12,044	9,798
(k) securities lending transactions	5,156	5,713
Total	540,702	533,314

The amount of fees and commissions recognized in 2018 that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period is equal to €832 thousand

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

2.2 Fee and commission income: distribution channels for products and services

		(Amounts in € thousand)
CHANNEL/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
(a) at own branches:		
1. portfolio management	-	-
2. placement of securities	-	-
3. third-party services and products	-	-
(b) cold-calling:	326,959	331,552
1. portfolio management	-	-
2. placement of securities	8,895	11,680
3. third-party services and products	318,064	319,872
(c) other distribution channels:	20,476	25,462
1. portfolio management	-	-
2. placement of securities	1,615	2,627
3. third-party services and products	18,861	22,835

The fee and commission income described in point (c) "other distribution channels" refer to commissions earned through the online channel and also include fees and commissions collected by product companies and placement and maintenance commissions from the online subscription of units of UCITS and insurance products.

2.3 Fee and commission expense: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
SERVICE/AMOUNT	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
(a) guarantees received	-	-
(b) credit derivatives	-	-
(c) management and brokerage services:	(242,788)	(239,360)
1. securities trading	(7,547)	(7,018)
2. currency trading	-	-
3. segregated accounts:	-	-
3.1 own	-	-
3.2 delegated to third parties	-	-
custody and administration of securities	(4,931)	(4,692)
5. placement of financial instruments	-	-
6. cold-calling to offer securities, products and services	(230,310)	(227,650)
(d) collection and payment services	(21,650)	(21,674)
(e) other services	(461)	(399)
(f) securities lending transactions	(1,975)	(1,798)
Total	(266,874)	(263,231)

Item "c) management and brokerage services: 6. cold-calling to offer securities, products and services", includes costs incurred by the Bank in relation to Equity Settled and Cash Settled plans assigned to personal financial advisors, that are respectively recorded against the item 140. "Reserves" of the net equity for an amount of €310 thousand (€260 thousand as at December 31, 2017) and the item 80. "Other liabilities" for an amount of €56 thousand (€166 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

Section 3 – Dividend income and similar revenues – Item 70

3.1 Dividend income and similar revenue: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL	TOTAL 2018		2017
ITEMS/INCOME	DIVIDENDS	INCOME FROM UCITS UNITS	DIVIDENDS	INCOME FROM UCITS UNITS
A. Financial assets held for trading	52	-		
A. Financial assets held for trading (ex IAS 39)			26	-
B. Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	43	-		
B. Financial assets at fair value (ex IAS 39)			-	-
C. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-		
Financial assets available for sale (ex IAS 39)			29	-
D. Equity investments	8,000	Χ	-	Χ
Total	8,095		55	

Section 4 – Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading – Item 80

4.1 Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading: breakdown

As at December 31, 2018

				(Amounts in € thousand)
	UNREALISED	REALIZED	UNREALISED	REALIZED	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS (A)	GAINS (B)	LOSSES (C)	LOSSES (D)	[(A+B)-(C+D)]
1. Financial assets held for trading	43	119,843	(32)	(111,209)	8,645
1.1 Debt securities	-	3,366	-	(3,068)	298
1.2 Equity instruments	43	114,656	(32)	(106,475)	8,192
1.3 UCITS units	-	1,821	-	(1,666)	155
1.4 Loans	-	-	-	-	-
1.5 Other	-	-	-	-	-
2. Financial liabilities held for trading	•	951	(14)	(932)	5
2.1 Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Payables	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Other	-	951	(14)	(932)	5
Financial assets and liabilities:					
exchange differences	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	7,128
3. Derivatives	4,625	65,592	(5,168)	(46,808)	28,055
3.1 Financial derivatives:	4,625	65,592	(5,168)	(46,808)	28,055
- On debt securities and interest rates	137	1,301	(124)	(1,043)	271
- On equity securities and share indices	4,438	60,397	(5,020)	(43,405)	16,410
- On currencies and gold	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	9,814
- Other	50	3,894	(24)	(2,360)	1,560
3.2 Credit derivatives		-	-		-
of which: natural hedge related to the fair value option	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-
Total	4,668	186,386	(5,214)	(158,949)	43,833

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December

As at December 31, 2017 (ex IAS 39)

				(Amounts in € thousand)
	UNREALISED	REALIZED	UNREALISED	REALIZED	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS (A)	GAINS (B)	LOSSES (C)	LOSSES (D)	[(A+B)-(C+D)]
1. Financial assets held for trading	28	84,293	(36)	(76,448)	7,837
1.1 Debt securities	1	3,080	(1)	(2,604)	476
1.2 Equity instruments	9	80,165	(26)	(72,960)	7,188
1.3 UCITS units	18	1,048	(9)	(884)	173
1.4 Loans	-	-	-	-	-
1.5 Other	-	-	-	-	-
2. Financial liabilities held for trading	1	12	(1)	(8)	4
2.1 Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Payables	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Other	1	12	(1)	(8)	4
3. Other financial assets and liabilities:					
exchange differences	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	6,210
4. Derivatives	5,541	53,513	(5,280)	(35,134)	33,362
4.1 Financial derivatives:	5,541	53,513	(5,280)	(35,134)	33,362
- On debt securities and interest rates	176	1,465	(187)	(1,049)	405
- On equity securities and share indices	5,365	47,244	(5,093)	(31,822)	15,694
- On currencies and gold	X	Χ	Х	X	14,722
- Other	-	4,804	-	(2,263)	2,541
4.2 Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Total	5,570	137,818	(5,317)	(111,590)	47,413

Section 5 – Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting – Item 90

5.1 Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 2018 INCOME ITEMS/AMOUNTS TOTAL 2017 A. Gains on: A.1 Fair value hedging instruments 6.391 10.865 A.2 Hedged asset items (in fair value hedge relationship) 5 212 10 036 A.3 Hedged liability items (in fair value hedge relationship) 4.230 A.4 Cash-flow hedging derivatives A.5 Assets and liabilities denominated in currency Total gains on hedging activities (A) 11,603 25,131 (5,060) (20.727)B.1 Fair value hedging instruments B.2 Hedged asset items (in fair value hedge relationship) (4,385)(6.372) B.3 Hedged liability items (in fair value hedge relationship) B.4 Cash-flow hedging derivatives B.5 Assets and liabilities denominated in currency Total losses on hedging activities (B) (11,432)(25,112) C. Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting (A-B) 171 of which: net profit (loss) on net position

Section 6 – Gains (Losses) on disposals/repurchases – Item 100

6.1 Gains (Losses) on disposals/repurchases: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 2018 TOTAL 2017 NET PROFIT NET PROFIT **GAINS** LOSSES **GAINS** LOSSES (LOSS) ITEMS/INCOME ITEMS (LOSS) Financial assets 1. Financial assets at amortised cost 17 1.1 Loans and receivables with banks 17 17 1.2 Loans and receivables with customers 2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 1,666 1,666 2.1 Debt securities 1,666 1,666 2.2 Loans 1. Loans and receivables with banks 3,951 3,951 2. Loans and receivables with customers 761 3. Financial assest available for sale 761 3.1 Debt securities 761 3.2 Equity Instruments 3.3 UCITS Funds 3.4 Loans 4. Financial assets held to maturity Total assets (A) 1,683 1,683 4,712 4,712 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 1. Deposits from banks 2. Deposits from customers 3. Debt securities in issue 1. Deposits from banks 2. Deposits from customers 3. Debt securities in issue Total liabilities (B)

Section 7 – Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss – Item 110

7.1 Net change in value of other financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss: breakdown of financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value

No data to report.

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

7.2 Net change in value of other financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss: breakdown of other financial assets mandatorily at fair value

					(Amounts in € thousand)
	UNREALISED	REALISED	UNREALISED	REALISED	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	GAINS (A)	GAINS (B)	LOSSES (C)	LOSSES (D)	[(A+B)-(C+D)]
1. Financial assets	1,371	10	(3,031)	(65)	(1,715)
1.1 Debt securities	-	2	(2)		-
1.2 Equity instruments	1,371	8	(3,029)	-	(1,650)
1.3 UCITS units	-	-	-	(65)	(65)
1.4 Loans	-	-	-	-	=
2. Financial assets in currency:					
exchange differences	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	215
Total	1,371	10	(3,031)	(65)	(1,500)

Section 8 – Impairment losses - Item 130

8.1 Impairment losses on financial assets at amortised cost: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	IN	MPAIRMENT (1)		WRITE-BA	.CKS (2)	(7 tillo	İ
	FIRST AND	THIRD STA	GE	FIRST AND	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	SECOND STAGE	WRITE-OFF	OTHER	SECOND STAGE R	SECOND STAGE		
A. Loans and receivables with banks	(1,164)	-	-	4,306	-	3,142	
- Loans	(851)	-	-	1,427	-	576	
- Debt securities	(313)	-	-	2,879	-	2,566	
of which: financial assetes purchased or							
originated credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
B. Loans and receivables with customers	(6,610)	(134)	(4,306)	2,996	1,498	(6,556)	
- Loans	(5,395)	(134)	(4,306)	2,967	1,498	(5,370)	
- Debt securities	(1,215)	-	-	29	-	(1,186)	
of which: financial assetes purchased or							
originated credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	(7,774)	(134)	(4,306)	7,302	1,498	(3,414)	

8.2 Impairment losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	IMPAIRMENT (1)		WRITE-BA	CKS (2)			
		THIRD STA	AGE				
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE	WRITE-OFF	OTHER	FIRST AND SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
A. Debt securities	(115)	=	-	1	-	(114)	
B. Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- With customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- With banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	
of which: financial assetes purchased or originated credit impaired	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Total	(115)	•	-	1	-	(114)	

Hereinafter the tables drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December

Impairment losses (ex IAS 39 Item 130)

8.1 Impairment losses on loans and receivables: breakdown

							(Amou	nts in € thousand)
	IMPAIRI	IMPAIRMENT (1)		WRITE-BACKS (2)				
	SPECIFIC			SPECIF	IC	PORTFO	LIO	
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	WRITE-OFFS	OTHER	PORTFOLIO	Α	В	Α	В	TOTAL 2017
A. Loans and receivables with banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Loans and receivables with customers	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275	-	477	(5,158)
Impaired related to purchase agreements	-	-		-	-	-		-
- Loans	-	-	Х	-	-	-	Х	-
- Debt securities	-	-	Х	-	-	-	Х	-
Other loans	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275	-	477	(5,158)
- Loans	(200)	(4,857)	(2,053)	200	1,275	-	477	(5,158)
- Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Total	(200)	(4,857)	(2.053)	200	1.275	-	477	(5,158)

A = From interest

B = Other write-backs

8.2 Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

					(ranioanto in e trioadaria)
	IMPAIRMEN	IT (1)	WRITE-BAG	CKS (2)	
	SPECIFI	С	SPECIFIC		TOTAL 2017
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	WRITE-OFFS	OTHER	Α	В	
A. Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
B. Equity instruments	(8,896)	(3,995)	-	-	(12,891)
C. UCITS units	-	-	-	-	-
D. Loans to banks	-	-	-	-	-
E. Loans to customers	-	-	-	-	-
F. Total	(8,896)	(3,995)		-	(12,891)

Key A = From interest

B = Other write-backs

8.3 Impairment losses on held-to-maturity investments: breakdown

No data to report.

8.4 Net value adjustments for the impairment of other financial assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	IMPAIRMENT (1)			WRITE-BACKS (2)				
	SPECIFIC			SPECIFIC	;	PORTFOLIO		TOTAL 2017
TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS	WRITE-OFFS	OTHER	PORTFOLIO	Α	В	Α	В	
A. Guarantees given	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Commitments to disburse funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Other transactions	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	6
E. Total					6	-	-	6

A = From interest

B = Other write-backs

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

Section 9 – Profit/loss from contract changes without cancellation – Item 140

9.1 Profit/loss from contract changes without cancellation: breakdown

No data to report.

Section 10 – Administrative costs – Item 160

10.1 Payroll costs: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) TYPE OF EXPENSES/SECTORS TOTAL 2018 TOTAL 2017 (83,351) (77,430)1) Employees a) wages and salaries (54,884) b) social security contributions (14,401)c) pension costs (2.182)(912) d) severance pay (114) e) allocation to employee severance pay provision f) provision for retirements and similar provisions - defined contribution - defined benefit g) payments to external pension funds: (3.247)(3.082) defined contribution defined benefit h) costs related to share-based payments (4,192)(2,739)i) other employee benefits 2) Other staff 3) Directors and statutory auditors (1.278)(1.291)4) Early retirement costs 266 232 5) Recovery of expenses for employees seconded to other companie 6) Recovery of expenses for employees seconded to the company

Item 1 "h) Employees: costs related to share-based payments" includes costs incurred by the Bank in relation to payment agreements based on financial instruments issued by the Bank, that are recorded against the item 140. "Reserves" of the net equity for an amount of €4,168 thousand (€2,693 thousand as at December 31, 2017), and on financial instruments issued by UniCredit S.p.A., that are recorded against the item 80. "Other liabilities" for an amount of €24 thousand (€46 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

10.2 Average number of employees by category

	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Employees	1,128	1,100
(a) executives	27	27
(b) managers	349	330
(c) remaining employees	752	743
Other personnel	12	15

10.3 Pensions and other post-retirement defined-benefit obligations costs and revenues

No data to report.

10.4 Other employee benefits

		(Amounts in € thousand)
TYPE OF EXPENSES/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Leaving incentives	(120)	385
Medical plan	(1,011)	(1,477)
Luncheon vouchers	(953)	(936)
Other	(2,246)	(1,944)
Total	(4,330)	(3,972)

(84,432)

(78,852)

10.5 Other administrative expenses: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
1) INDIRECT TAXES AND DUTIES	(101,053)	(98,543
2) MISCELLANEOUS COSTS AND EXPENSES	(101,033)	(30,343
A) Advertising expenses - Marketing and communication	(16,740)	(16,041
Mass media communications	(11,264)	(11,420
Marketing and promotions	(5,124)	(4,488
Sponsorships	(22)	(95)
Conventions and internal communications B) Expenses related to credit risk	` '	(38
7	(1,399)	
Credit recovery expenses	(377)	(457
Commercial information and company searches	(1,022)	(1,129
C) Expenses related to personnel	(28,183)	(26,167
Personnel training	(473)	(479
Car rental and other staff expenses	(80)	(84
Personal financial advisor expenses	(26,885)	(25,003
Travel expenses	(693)	(534
Premises rentals for personnel	(52)	(67
D) ICT expenses	(34,498)	(32,079
Lease of ICT equipment and software	(2,359)	(2,467
Software expenses: lease and maintenance	(8,833)	(8,092
ICT communication systems	(6,614)	(5,723
ICT services: external personnel/outsourced services	(6,745)	(6,723
Financial information providers	(9,947)	(9,074
E) Consultancies and professional services	(3,353)	(4,150
Consultancy on ordinary activities	(2,753)	(2,629
Consultancy for one-off regulatory compliance projects	(23)	(86
organisational optimisation	(238)	(385
Legal disputes	(339)	(1,050
F) Real estate expenses	(18,996)	(19,373
Real estate services	(705)	(720
Repair and maintenance of furniture, machinery, and equipment	(213)	(200
Maintenance of premises	(1,009)	(1,379
Premises rentals	(14,529)	(14,387
Cleaning of premises	(519)	(509
Utilities	(2,021)	(2,178
G) Other functioning costs	(37,486)	(36,026
Surveillance and security services	(404)	(347
Postage and transport of documents	(3,585)	(3,396
Administrative and logistic services	(19,417)	(18,761
Insurance	(3,906)	(3,923
Printing and stationery	(587)	(511
Association dues and fees	(9,110)	(8,695
Other administrative expenses	(477)	(393
H) Ex-ante contribution to the Single Resolution Fund and Interbank Deposit Guarantee Fund	(14,306)	(10,566
Total	(256,014)	(244,531

Item "C) Expenses related to personnel - Personal financial advisor expenses", includes costs, incurred by the Bank in relation to the plan "PFA 2015-2017" assigned to personal financial advisors, that are recorded against the item 140. "Reserves" of the net equity for an amount of €3,778 thousand. As at December 31, 2017 this item amounted to €5,110 thousand and included the costs incurred by the Bank in relation to the plan "PFA" 2014", whose vesting period ended on June 30, 2017.

The costs posted in 2018 for contributions paid to Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGS) during the year, shown in item "Other administrative expenses" (point H) of table above, amounted to €14,306 in total and pertain to the ordinary and additional contribution and to the contribution to the Solidarity Fund for 2018. For further details, see Section A – Account policies, of the notes to the accounts.

No cost was recorded for the Single Resolution Fund (no contribution due).

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

Section 11 – Net provisions for risks and charges – Item 170

11.1 Net provisions for risks and charges relating to commitments and financial guarantees given: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) IMPAIRMENT FIRST AND SECOND WRITE-BACKS FIRST AND SECOND THIRD STAGE THIRD STAGE STAGE STAGE **TOTAL 2018** TRANSACTIONS/INCOME ITEMS **TOTAL 2017** 1. Commitments (9) 401 392 2. Financial guarantees given 11 10 Total (10) 412

11.2 Net provisions for risks and charges relating to other commitments and other guarantees given: breakdown

No data to report.

11.3 Net provisions for risks and charges: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand) **TOTAL 2017 TOTAL 2018** PROVISIONS REALLOCATIONS **PROVISIONS** REALLOCATIONS TOTAL Legal and fiscal disputes (665) (3,824)(3.713)3.048 (8.836)5.012 Supplementary customer indemnity provision (5,625)(5,625)(5,008)(5,008)Other provisions for risks and charges (1,302)518 (784) (330) 703 373 (10,640) 3,566 (14,174) 5,715 (8,459) Total (7,074)

Section 12 – Net impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment – Item 180

12.1 Impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment: breakdown

					(Amounts in € thousand)
	DEPRECIATION	WRITE-DOWNS	WRITE-BACKS	NET PROFIT (LOSS)	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
ASSETS/INCOME ITEMS	(A)	(B)	(C)_	2018 (A+B-C)	2017
A. Property, plant and equipment					
A.1 Owned	(5,313)	(98)	-	(5,411)	(5,569)
- Used in the business	(5,204)	(98)	-	(5,302)	(5,456)
- Held for investment	(109)	-	-	(109)	(113)
- Closing balances	X	-	-	-	-
A.2 Held under finance lease	-	-	-	-	-
- Used in the business	-	-	-		-
- Held for investment	-	=	-	•	-
Total	(5,313)	(98)	•	(5,411)	(5,569)

Impairment losses were recognised in the year for insignificant amounts and mainly in relation to office furniture and fittings for which a zero value in use was determined.

A description of the methods used to calculate depreciation is provided in Part A – Accounting Policies of the notes to the accounts.

Section 13 – Net impairment/write-backs on intangible assets – Item 190

13.1 Impairment on intangible assets: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	DEPRECIATION	WRITE-DOWNS	WRITE-BACKS	NET PROFIT (LOSS)	NET PROFIT (LOSS)
ASSETS/INCOME ITEMS	(A)	(B)	(C)	2018 (A+B-C)	2017
A. Intangible assets					
A.1 Owned	(4,959)	-	-	(4,959)	(4,800)
- Generated internally by the company	-	-	-	-	-
- Other	(4,959)	-	-	(4,959)	(4,800)
A.2 Held under finance lease	-	-	-	-	-
Total	(4,959)		-	(4,959)	(4,800)

Impairments on intangible assets relate to software, amortised over three years and the costs incurred to create the Fineco website, amortised over 5 years.

For the disclosures required by IAS 36 paragraph 134, d), e), f) and 135, c), d), e), see Part B paragraph 12.3 Other information.

Section 14 – Other net operating income – Item 200

14.1 Other operating expenses: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Refunds and allowances	(147)	(141)
Penalties, fines and unfavourable rulings	(1,170)	(2,427)
Improvements and incremental expenses incurred on leasehold properties	(2,293)	(2,844)
Improvements and incremental expenses incurred on group properties	(7)	(29)
Exceptional write-downs of assets	(295)	(317)
Other operating expense	(229)	(244)
Total	(4,141)	(6,002)

Exceptional write-downs of assets include costs incurred for credit card fraud of €98 thousand (€261 thousand as at December 31, 2017).

14.2 Other operating income: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

		1
	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Recovery of expenses:	96,767	93,369
- recovery of ancillary expenses - other	155	335
- recovery of taxes	96,612	93,034
Rental income from real estate investments	-	155
Other income from current year	2,141	2,828
Total	98,908	96,352

Section 15 - Profit (loss) of associates - Item 220

No data to report.

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

Section 16 – Gains (losses) on tangible and intangible assets measured at fair value – Item 230

No data to report.

Section 17 – Impairment of goodwill – Item 240

No data to report.

Section 18 - Gains (losses) on disposal of investments - Item 250

18.1 Gains (losses) on disposal of investments: breakdown

		(Amounts in € thousand)
ITEMS INCOME/AMOUNTS	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
A. Properties		
- Gains on disposal	-	-
- Losses on disposal	(18)	-
B. Other assets		
- Gains on disposal	-	9
- Losses on disposal	(143)	(517)
Net profit (loss)	(161)	(508)

Section 19 – Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations – Item 270

19.1 Tax expense (income) related to profit or loss from continuing operations: breakdown

(Amounts in €thousand) ITEMS INCOME/AMOUNTS **TOTAL 2018 TOTAL 2017** (102,274) 1. Current tax (-) (106,713) 2. Adjustment to current tax of prior years (+/-) 3,924 3. Reduction of current tax for the year (+) 3.bis Reduction of current tax for the year due to tax receivables pursuant to Law 214/2011 (+) 4. Changes in deferred tax assets (+/-) (1,142)(3,122)5. Changes in deferred tax liabilities (+/-) (696) (2.624)(102,168) 6. Tax expense for the year (-) (-1+/-2+3+ 3 bis +/-4+/-5) (110,479)

19.2 Reconciliation of theoretical tax charge to actual tax charge

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 2018 TOTAL 2017 Profit before tax 338,402 316,451 IRES IRAP TOTAL 2018 **TOTAL 2017** (18,849)(111,909) Amount corresponding to theoretical tax rate (93,060)(104,650)+ Tax effects of charges not relevant to the calculation of taxable income (788 2.822 (2,101) Tax effects of income not relevant to the calculation of taxable income (2,101)- Tax effects deriving from the use of tax losses from previous years - Tax effects deriving from the application of substitute taxes Amount corresponding to actual tax rate (87,076) (19,637) (106,713) (102,274) Section 20 – Profit (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations – Item 290 No data to report.

Section 21 – Other information

FinecoBank belongs to the UniCredit Banking Group and are subject to management and co-ordination by UniCredit S.p.A.

1.1 Designation of Parent Company

UniCredit S.p.A.

Registration in the Companies' Register of Milan-Monza-Brianza-Lodi

Registered in the Register of Banking Groups and Parent Company of the UniCredit Banking Group with code 2008.1

1.2 Registered Office of Parent Company

Registered Office and Head Office: Piazza Gae Aulenti 3 - Tower A - 20154 Milan

1.3 Key figures for the Parent Company (income statement, balance sheet, structure)

FinecoBank is subject to management and coordination of UniCredit S.p.A.; therefore, in accordance with Article 2497 bis, paragraph 4 of the Italian Civil Code the key figures of the last approved financial statements of the parent company are provided below:

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

UniCredit S.p.A. – Reclassified balance sheet as at December 31, 2017

	(Amounts in € million)
ASSETS	12.31.2017
Cash and cash balances	25,817
Financial assets held for trading	13,864
Loans and receivables with banks	27,567
Loans and receivables with customers	208,965
Financial investments	105,278
Hedging instruments	6,114
Property, plant and equipment	2,209
Goodwill	-
Other intangible assets	4
Tax assets	10,311
Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale	150
Other assets	4,701
Total assets	404,980

	(Amounts in € million)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2017
Deposits from banks	56,807
Deposits from customers and debt securities in issue	262,084
Financial liabilities held for trading	13,068
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2,738
Hedging instruments	6,279
Provisions for risks and charges	1,843
Tax liabilities	1
Liabilities included in disposal groups classified as held for sale	-
Other liabilities	8,652
Shareholders' equity	53,508
- capital and reserves	46,964
- revaluation reserves (available-for-sale financial assets - cash flow hedges - on defined benefit plans)	308
- net profit (loss)	6,236
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	404,980

UniCredit S.p.A. – Condensed Income Statement 2017

	(Amounts in € million)
	12.31.2017
Net interest	3,711
Dividends and other income from equity investments	3,808
Net fee and commission income	3,798
Net trading, hedging and fair value income	302
Net other expenses/income	(95)
OPERATING INCOME	11,524
Staff expenses	(3,139)
Other administrative expenses	(2,694)
Recovery of expenses	546
Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets	(137)
Operating costs	(5,424)
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	6,100
Goodwill	-
Net write-downs of loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments	(1,854)
NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	4,246
Other charges and provisions	(565)
Integration costs	14
Net income from investments	2,427
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	6,122
Income tax for the year	30
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	6,152
Profit (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	84
Goodwill impairment	-
NET PROFIT (LOSS)	6,236

1.4 Disclosure of auditing fees pursuant to art. 149 paragraph bis of Issuers' Regulation

The table below provides details of the fees (net of VAT and expenses) paid to the independent auditing firm Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. and entities within the network that the external auditors belongs to.

		(Amounts in €)
TYPE OF SERVICE	SERVICE PROVIDER	FEES
Accounting Audit	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	211,495
Certification services	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	90,000
Other Services	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	10,000
TOTAL		311,495

1.5 Disclosure regarding the transparency of public funding required by article 1, paragraph 125 of the Italian law 124/2017

Pursuant to article 1, paragraph 125 of Italian law 124/2017, in 2018 FinecoBank received the following public contributions from Italian entities:

Reduction of the extraordinary contribution pursuant to art. 1, paragraph 235 of Law 232 of 11 December 2016 charged to the management of welfare interventions and support for pension management

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	131
TOTAL	_	131

Contributions for the recruitment / stabilization of personnel deriving from the application of the National Labour Contract ("CCNL") for credit institutions in force from time to time

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
National Fund for supporting employment in the credit sector ("F.O.C.")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	225
TOTAL	-	225

Contributions for new recruits / stabilizations, introduced by the stability law 2018 (law No. 205/2017) and similar previous regulations

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	292
TOTAL		292

Contributions for the Ordinary section of the Solidarity Fund - benefits: Interministerial Decree 83486 of 28/07/2014 - article 10, paragraph 2

(Amount in € thousand)

ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	3
TOTAL		3

Article 8 of Legislative Decree 30/9/2005, n. 203 converted, with modifications, from the law 2 December 2005, n. 248. Compensatory measures for companies that assign the Provisions for employee severance pay ("TFR") to supplementary pension schemes and / or to the Fund for the payment of the TFR

(Amount in € thousand)

		(
ENTITY GRANTING	BENEFICIARY	AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDING
Italian National Social Security Institution ("INPS")	FinecoBank S.p.A.	260
TOTAL		260

For more information, please refer to the National State Aid Register "Transparency" section.

Part C - Income statement (CONTINUED)

Section 22 - Earnings per share

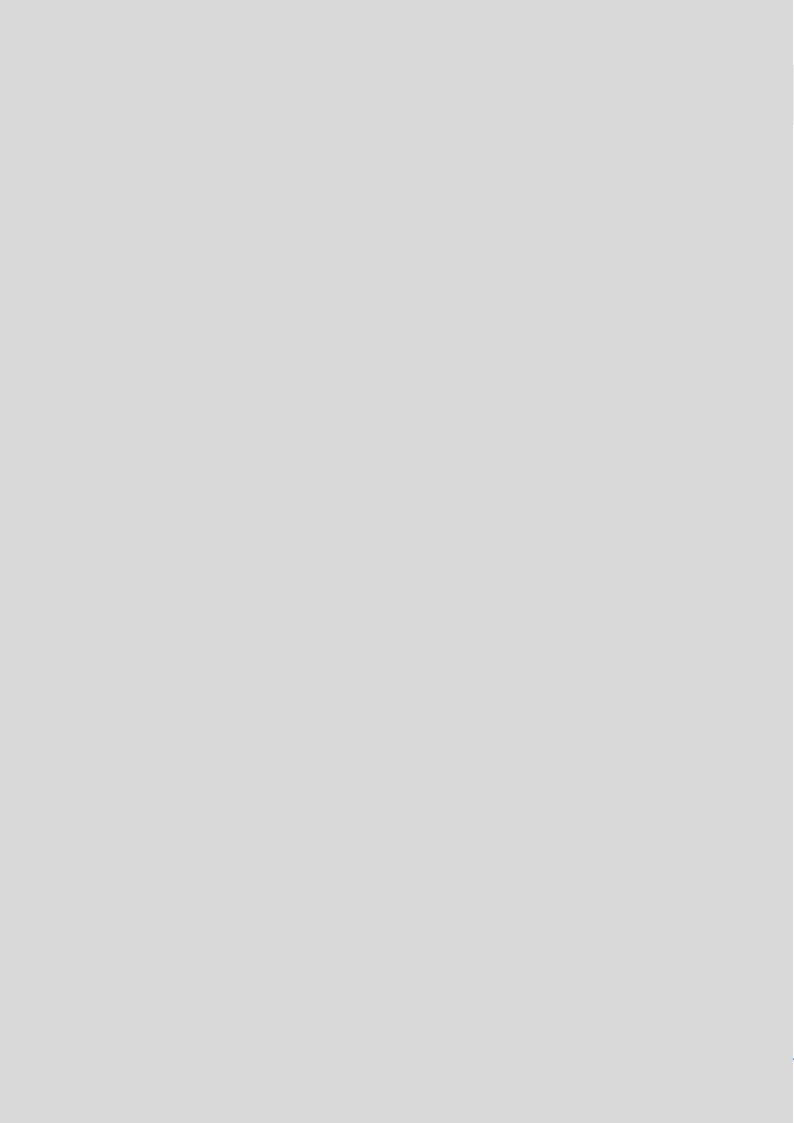
22.1 Average number of diluted ordinary shares

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit by the average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Net profit for the year (€ thousands)	227,922	214,284
Average number of outstanding shares	607,575,060	607,158,443
Average number of outstanding shares (including potential ordinary shares with dilution effect)	609,101,538	608,829,187
Basic earnings per share	0.375	0.353
Diluted Earnings Per Share	0.374	0.352

22.2 Other information

No data to report.





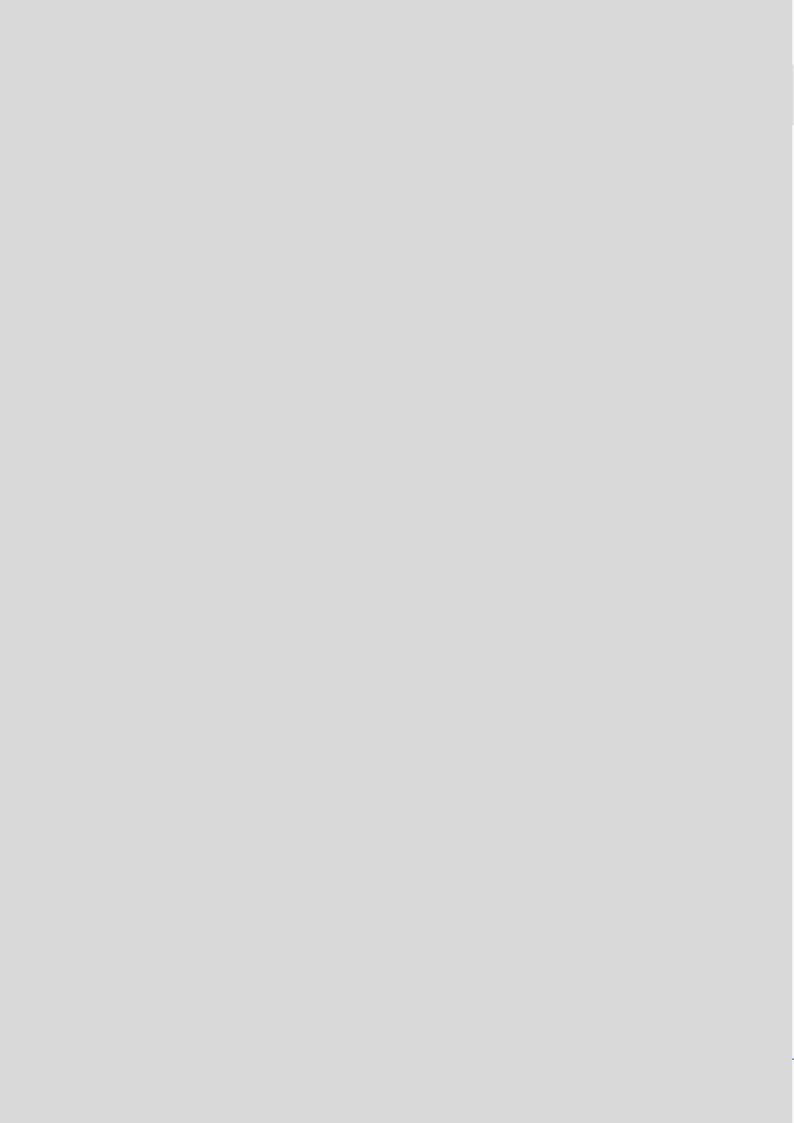
Part D – Comprehensive income

Analytic Statement of comprehensive income

214,284	
-	
-	

(Amounts in € thousand)
TOTAL 2017

ITEMS	101AL 2016	TOTAL 201
10. Net Profit (Loss) for the year	227,922	214,28
Other comprehensive income without reclassification through profit or loss		
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income:	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) transfer to other items of shareholders' equity	 	
· ·	<u> </u>	
30. Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (own creditworthiness changes):	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) transfer to other items of shareholders' equity	-	
Hedge accounting of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive		
40. income:		
a) fair value changes (hedge item)		
, , , ,		
b) fair value changes (hedge instrument)	-	
50. Property, plant and equipment	-	
60. Intangible assets	-	
70. Defined benefit plans	5,063	(5,162
80. Non-current assets classified as held for sale	-	•
90. Revaluation reserve from investments accounted for using the equity method	-	
100. Tax for the year related to other comprehensive income without reclassification through profit or loss	(1,635)	
<u> </u>	(1,033)	
Other comprehensive income with reclassification through profit or loss		
110. Hedges of foreign investments:	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes	-	
120. Exchange differences:	_	
	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes	-	
130. Cash flow hedges:	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	_	
,		
c) other changes	-	
di cui: risultato delle posizioni nette	-	
140. Hedging instruments (non-designated items):	-	
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
c) other changes	-	
150. Financial assets (different from equity instruments) at fair value through other comprehensive income:	(10,247)	
a) fair value changes	(6,565)	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	(3,682)	
- adjustments for credit risk	(1)	
- gains/losses on disposals	(3,681)	
c) other changes	-	
160. Non-current assets classified as held for sale:		
a) fair value changes		
	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss		
c) other changes		
170. Revaluation reserve from investments accounted for using the equity method:	-	·
a) fair value changes	-	
b) reclassification through profit or loss	-	
- due to impairment	+ +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
- gains/losses on disposals	-	
c) other changes	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets:		2,49
a) fair value changes		3,95
b) reclassification through profit or loss		(2,35)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(2,00
- due to impairment		/e ==
- gainglineses on disposals		(2,35
- gains/losses on disposals		
c) other changes		89
	3,389	
c) other changes	3,389 (3,430)	89 1,11 (1,54)



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Introduction

In order to ensure lean and efficient management of risks, the risk management process is structured in accordance with the organisational choices made by the Group and the provisions of the Supervisory Instructions for Banks pertaining to the internal control system.

Risk management and control is performed by the Risk Management function of the Bank in collaboration with the same function of the Parent Company, which performs its role of guidance, coordination and control of risks at Group level. The organisational model provides for a specific contact person, the Chief Risk Officer (hereinafter, "CRO") of the Parent Company, who is responsible for credit risk, market risk, operating risk and reputational risk.

The Bank is responsible for first and second-level monitoring, especially for verifying that the risk level of individual companies is compatible with the guidelines set by the Parent Company, individual company equity, and prudential supervisory rules.

Organisational structure

The Board of Directors of FinecoBank is tasked with setting the strategic policies and the guidelines for the organisational and operational structures, overseeing and monitoring their timely execution within the risk profiles of assigned. The Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and approving the methods through which risks are detected and assessed and for approving the risk management strategic direction and policies. The Board of Directors also verifies that the internal control structure is consistent with the risk tolerance established and approves policies for the management of risks.

The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager has been assigned specific powers by the Board of Directors in all the Bank's areas of activity. These powers are to be exercised in accordance with the applicable regulations and within the limits of the Parent Company directives and the policies, instructions, limits, risk assumption procedures and using the operational methods governed by the applicable information notices. The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager puts in place the necessary measures to ensure the establishment and maintenance of an efficient and effective internal control system.

The CRO Department, in line with the instructions and the guidelines of the Parent Company, is responsible for credit operations and risk management. The disclosure, at various levels, is provided by the various Bodies (Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, Board of Directors, Risk and Related Parties Committee). In relation to the Basel II Pillar 2 instructions, reputational and business risk and, in collaboration with the CFO, liquidity risk are also monitored and reported.

The CRO and the CFO are responsible for proposing and adapting the Group Risk Appetite Framework to FinecoBank and setting risk management strategies and policies, in line with the Bank's strategies and objectives, coordinating and monitoring their implementation by the units responsible, also in the various company areas.

The CRO Department ensures the control of the Bank's overall risk profile by monitoring the various types of risk exposure, in accordance with the methods established by the Parent Company.

The Risk Management Unit prevents and monitors different components of Bank risks. The function specifically controls credit, market and operational risks to which the Bank is exposed. The Risk Management function also monitors business, reputational and liquidity risk. The Risk Management Unit supports the CRO, in the area of responsibility of the Department, in monitoring and reporting to the Strategic Supervision and Management Bodies.

Given the complexity of the Bank's activities and the significant risks involved, the Board of Directors of the Bank decided to establish an Risk and Related Parties Committee to carry out internal control tasks; the committee is made up of non-executive members of the same Board and its task is to carry out adequate investigations to support the Board of Directors in its assessments and decisions on the internal control system and risk management.

Lastly, the participation by the Chief Risk Officer and Head of Risk Management in the Products Committee ensures oversight of the operational risk associated with the Bank's new business activities, as well as creating and disseminating a risk culture in the various functional areas.

Section 1 – Credit Risk

Qualitative information

1. General Matters

The Bank's objective is to provide an adequate range of products able to satisfy and encourage loyalty among customers, through a competitive and complete offer. The development of the products and of the product line must also seek to maintain portfolio quality and, in any event, adequate processes to monitor profitability.

The factors that generate credit risk are determined by acceptance and creditworthiness polices, which are always adequately correlated to the risk/return ratio and in line with the Risk Appetite defined by the Board of Directors.

The quality of the loan portfolio, which is constantly monitored and supported by risk mitigation instruments, is protected by scoring models that contribute to evaluation during the approval process, ensuring that it is consistent and controlled. In addition to adequate coverage of the risk levels, monitoring of the portfolio and its segmentation by product and seniority allow a better understanding of the best loan issue strategies. The identification of any high-risk areas permits intervention on the automated measurement systems as well as on disbursement standards, with the possibility to take measures to limit credit risk in advance.

The credit product offer has evolved over the years, especially through the offer of mortgages loans, launched in 2016, and the granting of current account credit facilities guaranteed by a pledge on securities and investment funds with the rotational clause (Credit Lombard). Credit Lombard is the solution of FinecoBank suitable for net worth clients who wish to obtain additional liquidity from their investments.

The mortgage offering mainly involves mortgages for the purchase of first and second homes (including subrogation), in addition to home-secured loans and, to a limited extent, non-residential mortgages. As at December 31, 2018, the carrying amount of mortgage loans amounted to €857 million.

The Bank, moreover, continued to develop products already included in its catalogue by issuing convenience credit cards to current account holders and granting personal loans. The latter can also be assessed using the "Instant approval", a service that allows the request to be assessed in a few moments and to provide the loan in real time to selected customers.

Choices concerning the investment of the Bank's liquidity are governed by a prudential approach aimed at containing credit risk and mainly involve deposits with UniCredit S.p.A. and the subscription of Eurozone government bonds. In order to optimise its portfolio by diversifying counterparty risk, in 2018 the Bank also increased its exposure (in terms of nominal value) to Italian government securities by €860 million, Spanish government securities by €1,179.5 million (of which ICO amounting to €14.5 million), Irish government securities by €188 million, French government securities by €285 million, German government securities by €125 million, Belgian government securities by €180 million, Austrian government securities by €205 million, Polish government securities by €29 million and Supranational securities by €436 million.

The Bank in 2017 issued and approved the policy "Issuer risk in bonds - Contingency Plan" aimed at defining principles and rules to efficiently and comprehensively evaluate, control and limit the issuer's risk associated with bonds in the banking book. In accordance with the policy, the Risk Management function monitors a series of indicators to analyse the exposure of the Bank's portfolio to issuer risk; through this analysis it is possible to identify the emergence of abnormal situations and assess the need for corrective actions to avoid deterioration of the portfolio position.

2. Credit Risk Management Policy 2.1 Organisational aspects

The credit process can be broken down into the following stages:

- assessment of creditworthiness;
- granting/disbursement of credit;
- credit monitoring;
- management of impaired loans;
- risk measurement and control.

The assessment of creditworthiness entails ascertaining the ability of the borrower to repay. It is performed by specific centralised and specialist operating units in the various product lines disbursed to customers (personal loans, credit cards, credit lines, and mortgages). On receipt of the request, the offices in question assess the reliability of documentation, evaluate the equity and income situation, and gather information, also by consulting public records, private banks and system data such as the information contained in the Bank of Italy's risk centre and in the Group archives.

In addition to an assessment of creditworthiness by the dedicated functions, credit approval also requires that they assess the compatibility of the request with the customer's overall situation, considering the amount requested and agreeing on a different amount with the Customer, where necessary, evaluate and finalise guarantees, if any, linking them to credit facilities and filing them according to specific processes. Lastly, the decision-making parties approve or reject the application on the basis of their powers or send the application to a higher decision-making body.

Credit monitoring is carried out on credit lines to check that the economic situation of the customer and the guarantor that resulted in the approval has not changed. This check may entail collecting updated system data and information, as well as information from private banks. Checks are carried out according to established processes at set intervals, and may vary according to the amount of the credit line granted.

With regard to products with payment plans and in particular for mortgages, specific measurements of outstanding amounts are made for movement between statuses. This method is also accompanied by the collection of information on the debtor customer already used when granting credit lines.

In line with the general principles laid down by the Regulatory Authority, receivables are classified on the basis of the level of impairment, which may be established on the basis of qualitative or quantitative criteria.

The management of impaired loans entails taking all action necessary to restore them to normality or to recover the credits in situations where the relationship cannot be continued. All of these measures are established by specific processes based on the type and amount of the past-due loan and the past-due period as well as taking into account any financial assets of the customer, which may be offered as collateral. Credit collection is performed through payment reminders directly carried out by the Bank as well as through reminders and debt recovery carried out by specialised, authorised external companies.

Lastly, management also entails forecasting losses on an individual basis, which is continuously updated based on the progress of recovery actions for the amounts due or based on information collected during the recovery actions.

The measurement and control of credit risk takes place at the assessment stage with the support of scoring tools that analyse the customers' sociodemographic profiles, making an assessment of individual counterparties on a statistical basis and supplementing the assessment, on one hand, with the support of credit bureaus for better knowledge of public and private data and on the other hand, with information contained in the Bank of Italy's risk centre.

Credit risk control is also performed through the systematic assessment of the performance of loan portfolios in order to estimate expected losses and intervene on disbursement policies where necessary.

2.1.1 Factors that generate Credit Risk

In the course of its credit business activities the Bank is exposed to the risk that its loans may, due to the deterioration of the debtor's financial condition, not be repaid at maturity, and thus result in a partial or full write-down. This risk is always inherent in traditional lending operations regardless of the form of the credit facility. The main reasons for default lie in the borrower's lack of autonomous ability to ensure the repayment of the debt.

In addition to the risk associated with the granting and disbursement of credit, the Bank is also exposed to counterparty risk for all clearing and preclearing operations with the institutional and banking counterparties necessary to conduct the Bank's business. Counterparty risk is defined as the risk that a counterparty to one of the transactions is in default prior to the final settlement of the cash flows involved in the transaction. The counterparties in these transactions could default as a result of insolvency, political and economic events, lack of liquidity, operating problems or other reasons.

Other transactions involving counterparty risk are:

- entering into derivative contracts;
- purchasing and selling securities, futures, or currencies;
- holding third-party securities.

In addition, "Non-Traditional Credit Risk" is generated by leverage/short transactions conducted through securities lending. Leverage/short transactions conducted through securities lending, also when there are automatic stop losses performed within the margins, can generate credit risk if the security lacks liquidity (for example, in the case of dramatic events that affect the normal functioning of markets) and/or the margin is insufficient. To anticipate such events, scenario analyses are conducted periodically to assess the impacts and implement appropriate mitigation policies.

The Bank monitors and manages the specific risk of each counterparty and the overall risk of loan portfolios through procedures, structures and rules that steer, govern and standardise the assessment and management of credit risk, in line with the Group principles and best practice, and which are capable of extending their effectiveness to all phases of the economic cycle.

The Bank reports all information to the Parent Company that can help it in its assessment of each FIBS counterparty ("Financial Institutions, Banks and Sovereigns") that the Bank intends to have dealings with and with respect to whom a risk limit (ceiling) is to be set within which the Group intends to operate.

The assessment is conducted within the risk limits assigned to the counterparty's Economic Group, i.e. considering the Group's exposure towards all the parties legally and economically linked to the counterparty. At the end of the assessment, the Parent Company assigns the Bank a risk limit that has to be monitored.

2.2 Management, measurement and control system

The measurement of credit risk during the issue process is supported by automated assessment systems (so-called credit scoring systems). These systems also incorporate all available information and facts: public and private data provided by Credit rating bureaus, Risk Center data flows or information requests submitted to the Bank of Italy, Group archives with data relating to positions shared with other Group banks and other performance information on customers, stored by the Bank. During the loan application process, attention is always focused on the possibility of optimising all information concerning customers that has been provided by the Bank, the Group and the System.

The collection of any guarantees, their assessment and the margins between the fair value of the guarantee and the amount of the loan granted are a simple kind of support to credit risk mitigation, but there is no relevant positive correlation between the value of the financial guarantee and the applicant's creditworthiness.

Starting from January 1, 2018 FinecoBank has adopted the accounting standard IFRS 9: Financial Instruments.

The project, in coordination with a similar project carried out at the UniCredit Group level and developed with the involvement of the Bank's reference functions and, lastly, the Board of Directors, introduced a new accounting model of impairment for credit exposures based on (i) an "expected losses" approach instead of the previous one based on the recognition of "incurred losses" and (ii) on the concept of "lifetime" expected loss. For each detail, refer to paragraph 2.3. Measurement methods for expected losses.

The global assessment of portfolio risks, in order to identify the sustainability of the asset and the remuneration margins, is made both with the assistance of a tool shared with the Parent Company (Credit Tableau de Board), which contains all the main risk indicators and the largest receivables of those listed, and with the support of specific product reports which identify the trend of default rates, broken down by disbursement period and default level.

The monitoring of credit risk as part of the management of the trading book is conducted by breaking it down into rating class and issuer sector, which determine the implicit risk of contracts.

2.3 Measurement methods for expected losses

Loans and debt instruments classified in the items: financial assets at amortised cost, financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income and the relevant off-balance sheet exposures (commitments and guarantees given), are subjected to an impairment calculation in accordance with

These instruments are classified in stage 1, stage 2 or stage 3 depending on their absolute or relative credit rating, compared to the initial disbursement. In particular:

- Stage 1: this includes newly originated or acquired credit exposures and exposures that have not suffered a significant deterioration in credit risk compared to the date of first recognition;
- Stage 2: this includes credit exposures that are performing but which have suffered a significant deterioration in credit risk compared to the date of first recognition;
- Stage 3: this includes impaired credit exposures.

For Stage 1 exposures, the impairment is equal to the expected loss calculated on a time frame of up to one year.

For Stage 2 and 3 exposures, the impairment is equal to the expected loss calculated on a timeframe equivalent to the residual duration of the related exposure.

In order to meet the standard, the Group has developed specific models to calculate the expected loss. These models draw on the PD, LGD and EAD criteria used for regulatory purposes, to which specific directions are made to ensure full cohesion with the accounting standard. In this regard, forward-looking information has also been included with the elaboration of specific scenarios.

Expected loss is calculated for the institutional counterparties common to the Group, using the methods and credit parameters developed at the centralized level.

As the retail counterparties do not have internal rating systems at their disposal, they use proxies. Segmentation by product type is carried out and the PD is replaced by the average decay rate observed by the transition matrixes defining the change to classify. This approach is based on the assumption that when there are no changes in the criteria adopted to assess the creditworthiness of the individual counterparties, the quality of the future credit will be consistent with the quality of the credit found in the time series available. To implement the requirements of the IFRS9 rule, the proxies of the parameters are corrected using forward looking information, entirely in line with the Group's approach as described below.

A key aspect of the new accounting model required to calculate the expected loss is the Stage Allocation model, the aim of which is to transfer exposures between Stage 1 and Stage 2 (as Stage 3 is equivalent to that of impaired exposures), where Stage 1 mainly includes (i) newly disbursed exposures, (ii) exposures that have no significant impairment of credit risk compared to initial recognition, and (iii) exposures with a low credit risk (low credit risk exemption) on the reporting date.

The Stage Allocation valuation model is based on a combination of relative and absolute elements: The main elements were:

- the comparison at transaction level between the PD value at the time of disbursement and the value on the reporting date, both qualified according to internal models at fixed thresholds to take into account all the key variables of each transaction that may influence the Bank's expectations about ongoing changes in PD (e.g. age, maturity, level of PD at the time of disbursement);
- absolute elements such as the backstops provided for by the regulation (e.g. 30 day Expired);
- other internal findings (forborne classification).

With reference to debt instruments, the Bank has opted to apply the low credit risk exemption on investment grade securities, in full accordance with the provisions of the accounting standard.

The criteria for determining the write-downs of receivables are based on the discounting of expected cash flows of principal and interest. In line with the business model, these can also refer to market operations; for determining the present value of cash flows, the basic requirement is the identification of estimated collections, the timing of payments and the discounting rate used.

The amount of the loss on impaired exposures classified as non-performing and unlikely to pay according to the categories specified below, is the difference between the carrying value and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the original interest rate of the financial asset.

For all fixed-rate positions, the interest rate determined in this manner is also held constant in future years, while for floating rate positions the interest rate is updated according to contractual terms.

If the original interest rate is not directly available, or if finding it would be excessively onerous, the interest rate that best approximates the original one is applied, including through practical expedients that do not affect the substance and ensure consistency with international accounting standards.

Recovery times are estimated on the basis of business plans or forecasts based on historical recovery experience observed for similar classes of loans, taking into account the customer segment, type of loan, type of security and any other factors considered relevant.

Parameters and definitions of risk level used in the calculation of value adjustments

As mentioned above the Group has developed specific models to calculate the expected loss, which draw on the PD, LGD and EAD criteria, as well as the effective interest rate. These models are used for calculating value adjustments of all the institutional counterparties common to the Group, for the most part made up of FIBS (Financial Institutions, Banks and Sovereigns) counterparties.

Specifically:

- PD (Probability of Default) expresses the percentage of estimated loss, and hence the expected recovery rate whenever a credit position default event occurs:
- LGD (Loss Given Default) expresses the percentage of estimated loss, and hence the expected recovery rate is the complement to the unit (of the LGD) whenever a credit position default event occurs;
- EAD (Exposure at Default) expresses the measurement of the exposure at the time of the credit position default event;
- Effective Interest Rate is the discount rate expressing the time value of the money.

These parameters are calculated on the basis of identical parameters used for regulatory purposes, with specific adjustments made to ensure full cohesion, net of the various regulatory requirements, between the accounting treatment and the regulatory treatment.

The main adjustments are made in order to:

- introduce point-in-time adjustments to replace the through-the-cycle adjustments required for regulatory purposes;
- include forward-looking information;
- extend the credit risk parameters to a multi-year perspective.

With regard to the lifetime PD, the through-the-cycle PD curves obtained by adapting the cumulative non-compliance rates are adjusted to reflect point-in-time provisions and forward-looking provisions with regard to the portfolio non-compliance rates.

The rate of recovery incorporated in the through-the-cycle LGD was adapted in order to remove the conservatism margin and to reflect the latest trends in recovery rates, and expectations about future trends discounted to the actual interest rate or its best approximation.

For Stage 3, this includes the corresponding impaired exposures which, in accordance with the Bank of Italy rules defined in Circular 272 of 30 July 2008 as updated, correspond to the aggregate Non-Performing Exposures referred to in ITS EBA (EBA/ITS /2013/03/rev1 24/7/2014).

Specifically, the EBA has identified Non-Performing exposures as those that satisfy either or both of the following criteria:

material exposures which are more than 90 days past due;

exposures for which the Bank has assessed that the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations, without the enforcement and realization of collateral, regardless of the existence of any past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures or of the number of days past

The aforementioned Circular 272 establishes that the impaired assets aggregate is divided into the following categories:

- Bad exposure i.e., the on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures to insolvent borrowers, even if the insolvency has not been recognized in a court of law. They are measured individually (including by verifying statistically defined coverage levels for some loan portfolios below a predefined threshold) or, for individually insignificant amounts, on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposure.
- Unlikely to pay on- and off-balance sheet exposures which do not meet the borrower's condition for classification as non-performing loans and for which, in the absence of actions such as the enforcement of collateral, the debtor's ability to fully meet its credit obligations (principal and/or interest) is assessed as unlikely. This assessment is made independently of any past due and unpaid amount (or instalment). The classification of an exposure as unlikely to pay is not necessarily tied to evident issues (non-repayment), but is rather linked to indicators of a potential default of the borrower. The "unlikely to pay" exposures are measured in the accounts individually (including by verifying statistically defined coverage levels for some loan portfolios below a predefined threshold) or by applying a percentage on a flat basis by type of homogeneous exposures. Exposures classified as unlikely to pay and identified as forborne, may only be reclassified to unimpaired loans after at least one year has passed from the time of the forbearance and the conditions established in paragraph 157 of the EBA Implementing and Technical Standards have been met. With regard to their measurement, they are generally measured on an individual basis and the resulting allowance may include the discounted cost due to renegotiation of the interest rate at a rate lower than the original contractual rate.
- Past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures on-balance sheet exposures, other than those classified as non-performing or unlikely Po pay that are past due or overdrawn at the reporting date. The past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures in FinecoBank are determined with respect to the individual debtor. Specifically, they represent the total exposure to any borrower not included in the unlikely to pay and non-performing loans categories, who at the reporting date has expired facilities or unauthorized overdrafts that are more than 90 days past due and meet the requirements set out by local supervisory regulations for their classification under the "past due exposures". Past-due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures are valued at a flat rate on a historical/stochastic basis by applying where available the risk rating referred to Loss Given Default (LGD) under Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 (CRR) on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms.

Forward-looking information used in calculating value adjustments

The credit loss expected from the parameters described in the forgoing paragraph considers macroeconomic forecasts by applying multiple scenarios to the forward looking components.

The process defined to include macroeconomic scenarios is also fully consistent with the macroeconomic forecasting processes used by the Group for further risk management purposes (such as the processes used to translate macroeconomic forecasts into expected credit losses based on the EBA Stress Test and the ICAAP Framework) and was also drawn from the independent work of UniCredit Research.

The forecasts in terms of change in Default rate and change in Recovery Rate provided by the Stress Test function are incorporated within the PD and LGD parameters during calibration. The credit parameters are usually calibrated over a through-the-cycle (TTC) horizon, so their point-in time (PIT) and forward-looking (FL calibration become necessary in so far as it reflects the current situation and the expectations on the future evolution of the economic cycle in these credit parameters.

2.4 Credit risk mitigation techniques

In order to mitigate risk when granting the different types of credit facilities, various types of collateral are obtained. Mortgages on property loans, pledge on shares, bonds or investment funds, insurance contracts and government bonds are used to guarantee current account overdraft facilities.

The presence of collateral does not, however, relieve the Bank from the requirement to carry out on overall assessment of the credit risk, primarily centred on the customer's income capacity regardless of the additional guarantee provided. The valuation of the lien collateral is based on its actual value, i.e. the market value for the financial instruments listed in a regulated market. The resulting value is subject to percentage haircuts, differentiated based on the financial instruments used as security and the concentration of the instrument in the customer's portfolio provided as

For real estate collateral, the principles and rules are described in the policy on the granting of residential mortgages with property collateral to current account holders of FinecoBank S.p.A.. The valuation of the assets is performed by external technical experts included in the Register of Engineers, Architects and Surveyors or industrial experts who are not therefore susceptible to conflict of interest.

Valuations, moreover, are subject to periodic reviews.

Impaired credit exposures

3.1 Management strategies and policies

Loans are classified as past due, unlikely to pay or bad exposure in accordance with the criteria set forth by the Bank of Italy and the thresholds established by the Parent Company. The classification as bad exposure, linked to the customer's insolvency, is always individual and defined on the basis of the progress of debt recovery actions. The loss estimate for positions classified as past due and unlikely to pay is also individual.

The classification criterion used for overdrawn accounts is related to the performance of debt recovery activity or the forced sale of securities to cover debts.

The reclassification of loans to a category of lower risk exposure is only authorised if the amount past due has been paid in full in observance of the original payment schedule, or if considerable payments have been made leading the Bank to believe the debt exposure is very likely to be repaid.

The procedure for the management of irregularly performing loans involves actions that may be taken to recover debts by ranking them by seniority of expiration.

3.2 Write-off

The Bank will enter a write-off by reducing the gross exposure of a financial asset if there are no reasonable expectations of recovering all or part of that asset.

As a result, the Bank will recognise a write-off in the following cases:

- there is no longer any reasonable expectation of recovering all or part of the asset despite the presence of the legal rights to recover the accrued capital and interest;
- waiver of the legal right to recover the accrued capital and interest;
- cessation of the legal right to recover capital and interest due to completion of the attempts at recovery.

3.3 Purchased or originated financial assets impaired

The current business model of the Bank and company policies approved by the Board of Directors do not provide for purchased of impaired loans or the provision of "new finance" in any form (personal loans, mortgages, current account credit facilities, etc.) to already non-performing customers.

4. Renegotiations

Renegotiations of financial instruments that lead to a change in the contractual terms are recognized on the basis of the substantiality of those contractual changes.

For renegotiations considered not to be substantial, the gross value is redetermined by calculating the present value of cash flows resulting from the renegotiation, at the original rate of the exposure. The difference between the gross value of the financial instrument prior to and after the renegotiation of the contractual terms, adjusted to consider the associated changes to the cumulative value adjustments, is recognized as a profit or loss from contractual amendments without cancellations, on the income statement.

In this regard, renegotiations achieved both by amending the original contract or by closing a new one, are considered substantial when they determine the expiry of the right to receive cash flows accordingly to the original contract. In particular, rights to receive cash flows are considered as expired in case of renegotiations that introduce contractual clauses which determine a change in the financial instrument classification, which determine a change in the currency or which are carried out at market conditions therefore without causing credit concession.

Quantitative information

A. Credit quality

A.1 Impaired and unimpaired credit exposures: amounts, impairment, changes, distribution by business activity

A.1.1 Breakdown of financial assets by portfolio and credit quality (carrying value)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	BAD		PAST DUE IMPAIRED	PAST DUE UNIMPAIRED	OTHER UNIMPAIRED	
PORTFOLIO/QUALITY	EXPOSURES	UNLIKELY TO PAY	EXPOSURES	EXPOSURES	EXPOSURES	TOTAL
Financial assest at amortised cost	1.647	617	553	11.605	23.234.010	23.248.432
2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income	-	-	-	-	961.767	961.767
Financial assets designated at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value	-	-	-	-	65	65
5. Financial instruments classified as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	
Total 31 December 2018	1.647	617	553	11.605	24.195.842	24.210.264
Total 31 December 2017	1.730	495	627	7.511	21.865.362	21.875.725

As at December 31, 2018 there were no impaired purchased loans.

A.1.2 Breakdown of financial assets by portfolio and credit quality (gross and net values)

(Amounts in € thousand) **IMPAIRED** GROSS IMPAIRMENT NET TOTAL PARTIAL GROSS IMPAIRMENT TOTAL (NET **EXPOSURE** PROVISION **EXPOSURE** WRITE-OFFS **EXPOSURE PROVISION EXPOSURE** PORTFOLIO/QUALITY EXPOSURE) 1. Financial assest at amortised 2.818 23.245.614 23.936 (21.118)23.270.740 (25.126)23.248.432 2. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive 961.938 (171)961.767 961.767 income 3. Financial assets designated at fair value Χ Χ 4. Other financial assets 65 65 mandatorily at fair value 5. Financial instruments classified as held for sale Total 31 December 2018 (21.118) 2.818 (25.297) 24.210.264 23.936 24.232.678 24.207.446 24.313 2.853 21.872.872 Total 31 December 2017 (21.460)21.883.945 (11.073)21.875.725

(Amounts in € thousand)

	ASSETS WITH OF CLEARLY PO	OR CREDIT QUALITY	OTHER ASSETS
	ACCUMULATED UNREALISED		
PORTFOLIO/QUALITY	LOSSES	NET EXPOSURE	NET EXPOSURE
Financial assets held for trading	-	-	4,764
Hedging derivatives	-	-	3,314
Total 31 December 2018	-	-	8,078
Total 31 December 2017			7,021

A.1.3 Breakdown of financial assets by past due bands (carrying value)

(Amounts in € thousand) FIRST STAGE SECOND STAGE THIRD STAGE BETWEEN 30 BETWEEN 30 BETWEEN 30 OVER 90 FROM 1 TO OVER 90 FROM 1 TO FROM 1 TO DAYS AND 90 DAYS AND 90 DAYS AND 90 OVER 90 PORTFOLIOS/STAGES 30 DAYS DAYS DAYS 30 DAYS DAYS DAYS 30 DAYS DAYS DAYS Financial assets at amortised cost
 Financial assets at fair value through other 1,634 9,573 28 65 304 12 2,557 comprehensive income Total 31 December 2018 Total 31 December 2017 28 1,634 304 9,573 65 12 12 2,557 1

A.1.4 Financial assets, commitments and financial guarantees: changes in overall impairment and overall provisions

															(Am	ounts in	€ thousand)
						TOTAL II	MPAIRMEN	T PROVISION									
_	ASSETS INC	LUDED IN T	HE FIRST S	STAGE	ASSETS INCL	.UDED IN TH	E SECOND	STAGE	ASSETS	INCLUDED IN	THE THIRD STA	GE		COMMIT	ROVISIONS MENTS AN GUARAN GIVEN	ND	
SOURCE/STAGES	INANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST	"NANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUETHROUGH OTHER Comprehensive Income	JF WHICH: INDIVIDUALLY MEASURED ALLOWANCES	DF WHICH: COLLECTIVELY MEASURED ALLOWANCES	"INANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST	"NANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER Comprehensive Income	JF WHICH: INDIVIDUALLY MEASURED ALLOWANCES	DF WHICH: COLLECTIVELY MEASURED ALLOWANCES	-INANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	DF WHICH: INDIVIDUALLY MEASURED ALLOWANCES	OF WHICH: COLLECTIVELY MEASURED ALLOWANCES	OF WHICH: FINANCIAL ASSETS PURCHASED OR ORIGINATED CREDIT IMPAIRED	FRST STAGE	SECOND STAGE	THIRD STAGE	TOTAL
Opening balance	(18,692)	(93)	•	(18,784)	(5,964)	<u> </u>	•	(5,964)	(21,043)	<u> </u>	(18,446)	(2,597)	- 0 0	(450)	<u>.</u>		(46,242)
Increases due to origination and acquisition	=	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Decreases due to derecognition other than write-off	=	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	=	=	=	-	-	
Changes due to change in credit risk (net) (+/-)	(441)	(78)	_	(519)	(31)	=	-	(31)	(2,857)	=	(1,226)	(1,632)	-	402	_	-	(3,005)
Changes due to modifications without derecognition (net)	-	-	-	=	-	-	_	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	
Changes due to update in the institution's methodology for estimation (net)		-	-	-		-	-								-	-	
Write-off	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2,782	-	2,755	28	-	-	-	-	2,783
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,071)	1,071	-	-	-	-	
Closing balance	(19,132)	(171)	<u> </u>	(19,302) -	(5,995)			(5,995) -	(21,118)		(17,988)	(3,130)		(48)	-		(46,464)
Recoveries of previously written-off amounts recorded directly to the statement of profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23)	-	(23)	-	-	-	-	-	(23)
Amounts written-off directly to the statement of profit or loss	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	134	-	94	40	-	_	_	_	134

A.1.5 Financial assets, commitments and financial guarantees: transfers between the different stages (gross amount and nominal)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GROSS CARRYNG AMOUNT/NOMINALE AMOUNT										
	TRANSFER BETWE		TRANSFER BETWE		TRANSFER BETWEEN STAGE 1 AND STAGE 3						
PORTFOLIOS/STAGES	TO STAGE 2 FROM STAGE 1	TO STAGE 1 FROM STAGE 2	TO STAGE 3 FROM STAGE 2	TO STAGE 2 FROM STAGE 3	TO STAGE 3 FROM STAGE 1	TO STAGE 1 FROM STAGE 3					
Financial assets at amortised cost	2,387	905	837	58	3,821	243					
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Commitments and financial guarantees given	18	-	4	-	148	-					
Total 31 December 2018	2,405	905	841	58	3,969	243					
Total 31 December 2017											

A.1.6 On-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet credit exposures to banks: gross and net values

(Amounts in € thousand)

	GROSS EXPOSURE				
TYPE OF EXPOSURES/AMOUNTS	IMPAIRED	UNIMPAIRED	TOTAL IMPAIRMENT	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL PARTIAL WRITE-OFF
A. On-balance sheet credit exposures					
a) Bad exposure	-	Χ	-	-	-
- of which: forborne exposures	-	Χ	-	-	-
b) Unlikely to pay	-	Χ	-	-	-
- of which: forborne exposures	-	X	-	-	-
c) Past-due impaired loans	-	Χ	-	-	-
- of which: forborne exposures	-	Χ	-	-	-
d) Past due non-impaired exposures	Х	-	-	-	-
- of which: forborne exposures	Χ	-	-	-	-
e) Other unimpaired exposures	Х	12,436,542	(9,454)	12,427,088	-
- of which: forborne exposures	Χ	-	-	-	-
Total (A)		12,436,542	(9,454)	12,427,088	-
B. Off-balance sheet exposures					
a) Impaired	-	Х	-	-	-
b) Unimpaired	Х	331,170	(38)	331,132	-
Total (B)	•	331,170	(38)	331,132	-
Total (A+B)		12,767,712	(9,492)	12,758,220	-

In the above table, item B. "Off-balance sheet exposures" includes the counterparty risk related to repos that can be classified as "Securities Financing Transactions" (SFT) defined in prudential regulations, amounting to €71,369 thousand.

There were no securities lending transactions collateralised by other securities or without a cash guarantee with banks.

A.1.7 On-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet credit exposures to customers: gross and net values

(Amounts in € thousand) **GROSS EXPOSURE TOTAL PARTIAL** IMPAIRED UNIMPAIRED TYPE OF EXPOSURES/AMOUNTS TOTAL IMPAIRMENT **NET EXPOSURE** WRITE-OFF A. On-balance sheet credit exposures 19,714 (18,067)1.647 a) Bad exposure - of which: forborne exposures 186 Χ (161) b) Unlikely to pay 2,659 Χ (2,042)617 - of which: forborne exposures 105 (74) 31 1 562 Χ 553 c) Past-due impaired loans (1.009)- of which: forborne exposures 34 (23)11 d) Past due non-impaired exposures 12,123 (518)11,605 - of which: forborne exposures Χ 73 71 (2) e) Other unimpaired exposures Χ 11,784,084 11,768,758 (15,326)- of which: forborne exposures Х 150 Total (A) 23,935 11,796,207 (36,962) 11,783,180 B. Off-balance sheet exposures 155 155 a) Impaired b) Unimpaired 1.302.513 (11) 1.302.502 155 1,302,513 (11) 1,302,657 Total (B) Total (A+B) 24,090 13,098,720 (36,973) 13,085,837

In the above table, item B. "Off-balance sheet exposures" includes the counterparty risk related to securities lending transactions collateralised by other securities and to repos that can be classified as "Securities Financing Transactions" (SFT) defined in prudential regulations, amounting to €257,363 thousand.

There were no securities lending transactions without a cash guarantee or not collateralised by other securities with customers.

A.1.8 On-balance sheet credit exposures to banks: gross changes in non-performing exposures No data to report.

A.1.8bis On-balance sheet credit exposures to banks: gross changes in forborne non-performing exposures breakdown by credit quality

No data to report.

A.1.9 On-balance sheet credit exposures to customers: gross changes in non-performing exposures

			(Amounts in € thousand)
			PAST-DUE IMPAIRED
SOURCES/CATEGORIES	BAD EXPOSURE	UNLIKELY TO PAY	LOANS
A. Opening balance - gross exposure	20,260	2,107	1,355
- of which: assets sold but not derecognised	-	-	-
B. Increases	3,260	4,849	6,562
B.1 transfers from performing exposures	18	505	5,942
B.2 transfers from financial assets purchased or originated credit impaired	-	-	-
B.3 transfers from other categories of impaired exposures	3,136	3,909	-
B.4 contractual changes without write-off	-	-	-
B.5 other increases	106	435	620
C. Decreases	(3,806)	(4,297)	(6,355)
C.1 transfers to performing exposures	-	(298)	(578)
C.2 write-off	(2,849)	(66)	(1)
C.3 collections	(891)	(786)	(1,682)
C.4 proceeds from disposals	-	-	-
C.5 losses on disposal	-	-	-
C.6 transfers to other categories of impaired exposures	-	(3,135)	(3,910)
C.7 contractual changes without write-off	-	-	-
C.8 other decreases	(66)	(12)	(184)
D. Gross exposure closing balance	19,714	2,659	1,562
- of which: assets sold but not derecognised	-	-	-

The opening balances shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after the reclassifications made following the entry into force of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 4 - Other matters of these notes to the accounts). In particular, the gross exposure was reduced by the amount of default interest (bad loans for €588 thousand, unlikely to pay for €2 thousand and impaired past due exposures for €1 thousand). Starting from January 1, 2018, default interest is recognized in gross value only if no value adjustments have been recorded on the original exposures and if deemed recoverable by the Bank.

A.1.9bis On-balance sheet credit exposures to customers: gross changes in forborne non-performing exposures breakdown by credit quality

		(Amounts in € thousand)
	FORBORNE EXPOSURE: NON	
SOURCES/QUALITY	PERFORMING	FORBORNE EXPOSURE: PERFORMING
A. Opening balance - gross exposure	297	183
- of which: assets sold but not derecognised	-	-
B. Increases	520	295
B.1 transfers from performing exposures not forborne	72	184
B.2 transfers from performing forborne exposures	144	X
B.3 transfers from impaired forborne exposures	Х	90
B.4 other increases	304	21
C. Decreases	(491)	(254)
C.1 transfers to performing exposures not forborne	Х	-
C.2 transfers to performing forborne exposures	(90)	X
C.3 transfers to impaired forborne exposures	X	(144)
C.4 write-off	(24)	-
C.5 collections	(97)	(110)
C.6 proceeds from disposals	-	-
C.7 losses on disposal	-	-
C.8 other decreases	(280)	-
D Gross exposure closing balance	326	224
- of which: assets sold but not derecognised	-	-

The opening balances shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after the reclassifications made following the entry into force of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 4 - Other matters of these notes to the accounts). In particular, the gross exposure was reduced by the amount of default interest. Starting from January 1, 2018, default interest is recognized in gross value only if no value adjustments have been recorded on the original exposures and if deemed recoverable by the Bank.

A.1.10 On-balance sheet credit exposures to banks: changes in overall impairment

No data to report.

A.1.11 On-balance sheet credit exposures to customers: changes in overall impairment

(Amounts in € thousand)

	BAD L	OANS	UNLIKEL	Y TO PAY	PAST DUE IMP	AIRED LOANS
SOURCES/CATEGORIES	TOTAL	OF WHICH: FORBORNE EXPOSURES	TOTAL	OF WHICH: FORBORNE EXPOSURES	TOTAL	OF WHICH FORBORNI EXPOSURES
A. Total opening impairment	(18,530)	(97)	(1,660)	(110)	(853)	(18
of which: assets sold but not derecognised	(10,000)	- (37)	(1,000)	(110)	-	(10
B. Increases	(3,293)	(106)	(1,903)	(66)	(968)	(22
B.1 value adjustments from financial assets purchased or	, ,	, ,	. , ,	, ,	, ,	,
originated credit impaired	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	Χ
B.2 other value adjustments	(2,198)	(45)	(1,432)	(52)	(962)	(16
B.3 losses on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	•
B.4 transfers from other categories impaired exposures	(1,071)	(61)	(463)	(6)	-	
B.5 contractual changes without write-off	-	X	-	X	-	Х
B.6 Other increases	(24)	-	(8)	(8)	(6)	(6
C. Decreases	3,756	42	1,521	102	812	17
C.1 write-backs from assessments	267	4	94	34	252	3
C.2 write-backs from recoveries	640	13	292	7	79	3
C.3 Gains on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	
C.4 write-off	2,849	25	66	-	1	
C.5 Transfers to other categories of impaired exposures	-	-	1,061	61	474	(
C.6 contractual changes without write-off	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	Х
C.7 Other decreases	-	-	8	-	6	
D. Final overall impairment	(18,067)	(161)	(2,042)	(74)	(1,009)	(23
of which: assets sold but not derecognised	-	-	-	-	-	-

The initial balance shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after restating the opening balances following the entry into force of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 4 – O4her matters of these notes to the accounts).

A.2 Breakdown of financial assets, commitments and financial guarantees given by internal and external ratings

A.2.1 Breakdown of financial assets, commitments and financial guarantees given: breakdown by external rating class (gross amount)

							(Amou	nts in € thousand)
_			EXTERNAL RATIN	G CLASSES				
EXPOSURES	CLASS 1	CLASS 2	CLASS 3	CLASS 4	CLASS 5	CLASS 6	NO RATING	TOTAL
A. Financial assets at amortised cost	1,220,146	3,791,444	15,283,153	4,158	-	-	2,995,775	23,294,676
- First stage	1,220,146	3,791,444	15,283,153	4,158	-	-	2,957,189	23,256,090
- Second stage	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,650	14,650
- Third stage	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,936	23,936
B. Financial assets at fair value								
through other comprehensive income	103,055	41,812	816,900	-	-	-		961,767
- First stage	103,055	41,812	816,900	-	-	-	-	961,767
- Second stage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Third stage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A + B)	1,323,201	3,833,256	16,100,053	4,158	-	-	2,995,775	24,256,443
of which: financial assets purchased or								
originated credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Commitments and financial								
guarantees given	-	-	256,070	-	-	-	1,038,876	1,294,946
- First stage	-	-	256,070	-	-	-	1,038,443	1,294,513
- Second stage	-	-	-	-	-	-	279	279
- Third stage	-	-	-	-	-	-	154	154
Total (C)	-	-	256,070	-	-	-	1,038,876	1,294,946
Total (A + B + C)	1,323,201	3,833,256	16,356,123	4,158	-	-	4,034,651	25,551,389

The table below shows the breakdown of on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures to counterparties with an external rating. Rating agencies provide a summary assessment on the creditworthiness of different type of counterparties: Countries, Banks, Public Bodies, Insurance Companies and Businesses, usually large-scale.

The table refers to the classification set forth in the Bank of Italy Circular no. 262/2005 regarding external ratings, which envisages 6 classes of creditworthiness

The above presentation refers to the Standard and Poor's ratings, which are also associated to the ratings of the other two main Agencies, Moody's and Fitch. When there were two credit ratings for an individual exposure provided by two rating agencies the worst rating was recognised; if there were three different ratings the two best ratings were identified and, if they were different, the worst rating from these was recognised.

As part of the calculation of statutory requirements, by using the standard risk calculation method, FinecoBank relies on the rankings of rating agencies in order to determine the weighting coefficients for exposures to Sovereign states ("Central governments and central banks", "Entities" and "Public Sector Entities" portfolio). In general, a weighting factor of 100 percent is applied to the remaining credit exposures, subject to the main exceptions established by CRR 575/2013.

Credit exposures to retail customers (consisting in personal loans, mortgages credit cards spending - both full payment of balance or revolving -, unsecured and secured loans and securities lending at December 31, 2018) were not externally ranked. Exposures with ratings to non-retail customers mainly derive from amounts due to the Parent Company for treasury activities and for hedging banking book positions through interestrate derivatives. The remaining exposures with ratings regard receivables relating to customer trading, whose counterparties are leading banks with a high credit rating.

A.2.2 Breakdown of on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet financial assets, commitments and financial guarantees given: breakdown by internal rating class (gross amount)

This table has not been included because internal ratings are not used to managed credit risk.

A.3 Breakdown of secured exposures by type of collateral

A.3.1 Secured on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures to banks

														(A	mounts i	n € thousand)
			ы	EVI GIIVI	RANTESS (1)			PEI	RSONAL	GUARA	NTEES (2)			
		_	IX.	LAL GUAI	NANT LOG ('' <u>'</u>		CREDIT	DERIVA	TIVES		SIC	SNATUR	E CRED	ITS	
								ОТН	ER DER	IVATIVES	3					
	GROSS EXPOSURE	NET EXPOSURE	PROPERTIES - MORTGAGES	MORTGAGES - FINANCE LEASES	SECURITIES	OTHER REAL GUARANTEES	CLN	CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES	BANKS	OTHER FINANCIAL ENTITIES	OTHER ENTITIES	PUBLIC ENTITIES	BANKS	OTHER FINANCIAL ENTITIES	OTHER ENTITIES	TOTAL (1)+(2)
1. Secured on-balance sheet																
exposures:																
1.1 totally secured	416	416	-	-	379	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	379
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2 partially secured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Secured off-balance sheet																
credit exposures:																
2.1 totally secured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 partially secured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_

A.3.2 Secured on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures to customers

														(Amounts	in € thousand)
			RF/	AI GIIAF	RANTESS (1	1				RSONAL	GUARA		` '			_
			11.27	TE OOM	U-1111200 (1	<u>, </u>		CREDIT	DERIVA	TIVES		SI	GNATUR	RE CREI	DITS	_
								ОТН	ER DER	IVATIVES	3					
	GROSS EXPOSURE	NET EXPOSURE	PROPERTIES - MORTGAGES	MORTGAGES - FINANCE LEASES	SECURMIES	OTHER REAL GUARANTEES	CLN	CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES	BANKS	OTHER FINANCIAL ENTITIES	OTHER ENTITIES	PUBLIC ENTITIES	BANKS	OTHER FINANCIAL ENTITIES	OTHER ENTITIES	TOTAL (1)+(2)
Secured on-balance sheet exposures:																
1.1 totally secured	1,887,667	1,884,760	856,856	_	1,026,680	1,221	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	- 1,884,757
- of which impaired	52	42	_	-	42	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		_	- 42
1.2 partially secured	2,380	2,369	-	-	1,856	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	- 1,856
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
2. Secured off-balance sheet credit exposures:																
2.1 totally secured	13,476	13,466	-	-	10,185	3,281	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			- 13,466
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
2.2 partially secured	231	231	-	-	133	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	- 171
- of which impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	

A.4 Financial and non-financial assets obtained through the enforcement of guarantees received

No data to report.

B. Distribution and concentration of credit exposures

B.1 Breakdown of on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet credit exposures to customers by sector

Exposures connected to the counterparty risk related to securities lending or borrowing transactions are not included.

									(Amounts in	€ thousand)
	PUBLIC ENTITIES			NTITIES	FINANCIAL EN (OF WHICH: INS COMPANIE	URANCE	NON FINA ENTITI		HOUSEHOLD	
EXPOSURE/COUNTERPARTY	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS
A. On-balance sheet credit exposures	_	•	_	•		•	_	·	_	
A.1 Bad loans	-	-	1	(19)	-	-	1	(5)	1,645	(18,043)
- of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	25	(161)
A.2 Unlikely to pay	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	(11)	613	(2,031)
- of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	(74)
A.3 Past-due impaired loans	-	-	1	(1)	-	-	3	(7)	549	(1,001)
- of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	(23)
A.4 Performing exposures	8,835,759	(1,826)	171,756	(460)	19,028	(46)	943	(3)	2,771,906	(13,553)
- of which: forborne exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	222	(2)
TOTAL (A)	8,835,759	(1,826)	171,758	(480)	19,028	(46)	952	(26)	2,774,713	(34,628)
B. Off-balance sheet exposures										
B.1 Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	-
B.2 Unimpaired	38	-	2,040	-	-		253	-	1,042,810	(11)
TOTAL (B)	38	-	2,040	-	-	-	253	-	1,042,965	(11)
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2018	8,835,797	(1,826)	173,798	(480)	19,028	(46)	1,205	(26)	3,817,678	(34,639)
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2017	5,869,238	-	110,976	(181)	16,651	-	21,014	(3,713)	2,024,184	(28,639)

B.2 Breakdown of on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet credit exposures to customers by geography

Exposures connected to the counterparty risk related to securities lending or borrowing transactions are not included.

	ITAL	Υ	OTHER EUR		AMERICA	1	ASIA		(Amounts in €	
EXPOSURE/GEOGRAPHICAL AREA	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS						
A. On-balance sheet exposures										
A.1 Bad loans	1,643	(18,041)	4	(26)	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.2 Unlikely to pay	617	(2,039)	1	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.3 Impaired past-due exposures	547	(996)	7	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.4 Unimpaired exposures	6,858,181	(14,925)	4,725,517	(910)	69,451	(7)	633	(1)	126,582	-
TOTAL (A)	6,860,988	(36,001)	4,725,529	(950)	69,451	(7)	633	(1)	126,582	-
B. "Off-balance" sheet exposures										
B.1 Impaired exposure	155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.2 Unimpaired exposure	1,041,777	(11)	2,984	-	74	-	278	-	28	-
TOTAL (B)	1,041,932	(11)	2,984	-	74	-	278	-	28	-
TOTAL (A + B) 31 december 2018	7,902,920	(36,012)	4,728,513	(950)	69,525	(7)	911	(1)	126,610	-
TOTAL (A + B) 31 december 2017	5,388,548	(32,508)	2,586,022	(24)	66,219	(1)	745	(1)	529	-

(Amounts in € thousand)

	NORTHWEST	ITALY	NORTH-EAST	ITALY	CENTRAL I	TALY	SOUTHERN IT ISLANI	
EXPOSURE/GEOGRAPHICAL AREA	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS
A. On-balance sheet exposures	_	•	-	'	-		_	
A.1 Bad loans	422	(4.686)	194	(2.512)	373	(3.633)	655	(7.209)
A.2 Unlikely to pay	220	(914)	67	(193)	152	(421)	177	(511)
A.3 Impaired past-due exposures	114	(231)	60	(122)	136	(267)	237	(375)
A.4 Unimpaired exposures	923.332	(4.493)	389.454	(1.446)	4.838.592	(5.286)	706.803	(3.699)
TOTAL (A)	924.088	(10.324)	389.775	(4.273)	4.839.253	(9.607)	707.872	(11.794)
B. "Off-balance" sheet exposures								
B.1 Impaired exposure	23	-	7	-	47	-	78	-
B.2 Unimpaired exposure	359.789	(4)	164.693	(2)	286.333	(2)	230.962	(2)
TOTAL (B)	359.812	(4)	164.700	(2)	286.380	(2)	231.040	(2)
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2018	1.283.900	(10.328)	554.475	(4.275)	5.125.633	(9.609)	938.912	(11.796)
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2017	692.387	(9.654)	286.683	(4.224)	3.898.429	(7.726)	511.048	(10.903)

B.3 Breakdown of on-balance sheet and off-balance-sheet credit exposures to banks by geography

Exposures connected to the counterparty risk related to securities lending or borrowing transactions are not included.

(Amounts in € thousand)

	ITALY	, 	OTHER EURO COUNTRI		AMERICA	<u> </u>	ASIA		REST OF THE	WORLD
EXPOSURE/GEOGRAPHICAL AREA	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS
A. On-balance sheet exposures										
A.1 Bad loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.2 Unlikely to pay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.3 Impaired past-due exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.4 Unimpaired exposures	12,150,092	(9,420)	175,726	(33)	-	-	-	-	101,271	-
TOTAL (A)	12,150,092	(9,420)	175,726	(33)	-			-	101,271	-
B. "Off-balance" sheet exposures										
B.1 Impaired exposure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.2 Unimpaired exposure	256,032	(38)	3,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (B)	256,032	(38)	3,462			-	-	-		-
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2018	12,406,124	(9,458)	179,188	(33)	-	-	-	-	101,271	-
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2017	16,250,074	-	9,648	•	•	-	•	-	1	-

(Amounts in € thousand)

	NORTHWEST ITALY		NORTH-EAST I	ΓALY	CENTRAL ITA	LY	SOUTHERN ITALY A ISLANDS	
EXPOSURE/GEOGRAPHICAL AREA	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	FOTAL IMPAIRMENTS	NET EXPOSURE	TOTAL IMPAIRMENTS
A. On-balance sheet exposures			_					
A.1 Bad loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.2 Unlikely to pay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.3 Impaired past-due exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A.4 Unimpaired exposures	12,150,091	(9,420)	-	-	1	-	-	-
TOTAL (A)	12,150,091	(9,420)	•	-	1	-	-	-
B. "Off-balance" sheet exposures								
B.1 Impaired exposure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.3 Unimpaired exposure	256,032	(38)	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (B)	256,032	(38)	•		•	-	-	-
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2018	12,406,123	(9,458)	•	-	1	-	-	-
TOTAL (A + B) 31 December 2017	16,250,072	-	-	•	3	•	-	-

B.4 Large exposures

At December 31, 2018 the following "risk positions" constituted "large exposures" pursuant to Circular 286 of December 17, 2013, "Instructions for the prudential reporting of banks and securities firms" issued by the Bank of Italy:

- a) book value: €22,778,758 thousand, excluding the reverse repo transactions, of which € 12,387,236 thousand with the UniCredit Group:
- b) non-weighted value: €22,797,893 thousand, of which €13,239,369 thousand with the UniCredit Group;
- c) weighted value: €223,964 thousand, none with the UniCredit Group;
- d) number of "risk positions": 15, including the UniCredit Group.

Please note that deferred tax assets within the exposure towards the Italian Central Government have been exempted and, therefore, their weighted value is null.

C. Securitisation transactions

Qualitative information

No data to report.

Quantitative information

No data to report.

D. Disclosure on structured entities (other than securitisation companies)

Qualitative information

The Bank has exposures towards unconsolidated structured entities as a result of investments in units issued by investment funds (UCITS) that qualify as structured entities according to IFRS 12.

Quantitative information

The table below shows the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet exposure to structured entities represented by unconsolidated UCITS units.

						(Amounts in € (nousand)
	ACCOUNTING	ACCOUNTING				DIFFERENCE BETWEEN EXPOSURE
BALANCE SHEET ITEMS/TYPE OF	PORTFOLIOS OF	PORTFOLIOS OF	TOTAL LIABILITIES	NET CARRYING	MAXIMUM EXPOSURE TO	TO THE RISK OF LOSS AND THE
STRUCTURED ENTITY	ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS (A)	LIABILITIES	(B)	AMOUNT (C=A-B)	LOSS (D)	CARRYING AMOUNT (E=D-C)
1 LICITS	HFT 2			2	2	

Key

HFT = Financial assets held for trading

E. Sales Transactions

A. Financial assets sold and partially derecognised

Qualitative information

The Bank carries out repos using securities of its proprietary portfolio and securities not recognised in assets, received through reverse repos and securities lending.

Securities from its proprietary portfolio used in repos were not derecognized as the Bank carries out repos with the obligation for the buyer to resell the assets covered by the transaction upon expiration of the transaction and maintains all the risks associated with ownership of the securities.

Quantitative information

E.1 Financial assets sold but not derecognised and associated financial liabilities: carrying value

						(Amounts in € thousan
	F	INANCIAL ASSETS SOLD BUT	NOT DERECOGNISED		ASS	SOCIATED FINANCIAL LIABILITIES
	CARRYNG	OF WHICH: OF WH	IICH: REPURCHASE	OF WHICH	CARRYNG	OF WHICH: OF WHICH: REPURCHAS
	AMOUNT	SECURITISATION	AGREEMENT	IMPAIRED	AMOUNT	SECURITISATION AGREEMEN
A. Financial assets held for trading	-			-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Other financial assets						
mandatorily at fair value	-	•	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Financial assets designated at						
fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income	402.933		402.933	-	401.255	- 401.25
Debt securities	402.933	-	402.933	-	401.255	- 401.25
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Financial assets at amortised						
cost	1.471.944	_	1.471.944	-	1.420.480	- 1.420.48
Debt securities	1.471.944	-	1.471.944	-	1.420.480	- 1.420.48
2. Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total al 31 december 2018	1.874.877		1.874.877		1.821.735	- 1.821.73
Total al 31 december 2017				-		-

Please note that the amount of financial liabilities in the table above has been shown gross of the accounting off-setting made according to IAS 32.

E.2 Financial assets sold partially recognized and associated financial liabilities: carrying value

No data to report.

E.3 Sales transactions relating to financial liabilities with repayment exclusively based on assets sold and not derecognised: fair value

No data to report.

B. Assets sold and fully derecognised with recognition of continuing involvement

Qualitative information

No data to report.

Qualitative information

No data to report.

E.4 Covered bond transactions

No data to report.

F. Credit Risk Measurement Models

Credit Risk Measurement - Trading Book

The monitoring of credit risk as part of the management of the trading book is conducted through the rating of all financial instruments held.

Credit Risk Measurement – Banking Book

The banking book of the Bank consists of securities, current accounts and deposits with the Parent Company. Retail customer activities are limited to the granting of personal loans, mortgages, credit cards and credit lines.

Information on Sovereign Exposures

The Bank is exposed to the sovereign debt of some countries, having invested a portion of its assets in debt securities issued by governments and recognised in "Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income" and in "Financial assets measured at amortised cost". The following table shows the face value, the book value and the fair value of these exposures as at December 31, 2018. The Bank is exposed to debt securities issued by sovereign entities which are classified under "Other financial assets mandatorily at fair value" for €29 thousand.

In addition, the Bank invested in debt securities issued by Supranational institutions and Agencies accounted for in "Financial assets at amortized cost" (for further details, see the Consolidated Report on Operations).

			(Amounts in € thousand				
	NOMINAL VALUE	CARRYING AMOUNT	FAIR VALUE	% FINANCIAL			
	AS AT 12.31.2018	AS AT 12.31.2018	AS AT 12.31.2018	STATEMENTS ITEM			
Italy	3,738,000	3,967,086	3,898,412	16.05%			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprensive income	797,000	816,900	816,900	84.94%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	2,941,000	3,150,186	3,081,512	13.55%			
Spain	3,040,000	3,411,725	3,446,946	13.81%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	3,040,000	3,411,725	3,446,946	14.68%			
Germany	125,000	127,432	129,320	0.52%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	125,000	127,432	129,320	0.55%			
Poland	73,000	79,660	80,540	0.32%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	73,000	79,660	80,540	0.34%			
France	285,000	291,215	292,530	1.18%			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprensive income	35,000	35,471	35,471	3.69%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	250,000	255,744	257,059	1.10%			
USA	69,869	67,585	67,585	0.27%			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprensive income	69,869	67,585	67,585	7.03%			
Austria	205,000	208,562	210,032	0.84%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	205,000	208,562	210,032	0.90%			
Ireland	188,000	213,515	214,331	0.86%			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprensive income	35,000	41,812	41,812	4.35%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	153,000	171,703	172,519	0.74%			
Belgium	180,000	181,983	182,394	0.74%			
Financial assets at amortised cost	180,000	181,983	182,394	0.78%			
Total Sovereing exposures	7,903,869	8,548,763	8,522,090	34.59%			

The% reported in line of the individual Sovereign states and in the item "Total Sovereign exposures" were determined on the total assets of the Bank, while the% reported in lien with the balance sheet items were determined on the total of the individual items of the financial statements.

Please note that securities in currencies other than the euro have been converted into euro at the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

As at December 31, 2018, investments in debt securities issued by Sovereign states accounted for 34.59% of the Bank's total assets. There were no structured debt securities among the sovereign debt securities held by the Bank. The Bank is therefore exposed to fluctuations in the price of the public debt securities of the countries listed above. Tensions or volatility in the government bond market could negatively impact on the Bank's financial position and performance.

The following table shows the sovereign ratings as at December 31, 2018 for countries to which the Bank is exposed, provided by Fitch Ratings, Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

	MOODY'S	FITCH RATINGS	STANDARD & POOR'S
Italy	Baa3	BBB	BBB
Spain	Baa1	A-	A-
Germany	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Poland	A2	A-	A-
France	Aa2	AA	AA
USA	Aaa	AAA	AA+
Austria	Aa1	AA+	AA+
Ireland	A2	A+	A+
Belgium	Aa3	AA-	AA

Section 2 - Market risk

Market risk derives from the effect that changes in market variables (interest rates, securities prices, exchange rates, etc.) can cause to the economic value of the Bank's portfolio, if it includes the assets held in the trading book (assets held for trading) as well as those in the banking book, i.e. the transactions connected to strategic investment choices.

Risk Management Strategies and Processes

The Board of Directors of the Parent Company, as part of its powers of management and coordination powers, sets the strategic guidelines for the assumption of market risks by defining maximum risk appetite levels.

The Board of Directors of Bank, in line with the Group's approach, approves a general framework of reference for market risk and any significant changes, relating to the organisational structure, strategies, and methods.

The Bank's strategy is to keep the minimum level of market risk in line with business needs and the limits set by the Risk Appetite Framework approved by the Board of Directors.

Market risk in FinecoBank is defined through two sets of limits:

- Overall measures of market risk (e.g. VaR): which are meant to establish a boundary to the economic capital absorption and to the economic loss accepted in trading activities; these limits must be consistent with assigned revenue targets and the defined risk taking
- Granular measures of market risk (Sensitivity limits, Stress scenario limits, Nominal limits): which exist independently of, but act in concert with the overall limits; in order to control more effectively and more specifically different risk types, desks and products, these limits are generally granular sensitivity or stress-related limits. The levels set for granular limits aim at limiting the concentration in individual risk factors and the excessive exposure in risk factors which are not sufficiently covered under VaR.

Structure and Organisation

In order to ensure the effective implementation of operations and the consistency of policies, methods and practices related to market risk in the Group legal entities, the Group model for activities related to market risk is based on the definition of specific responsibilities.

In its relations with FinecoBank, the Parent Company is mainly responsible for:

- establishing, implementing and refining appropriate measures at global level for measuring exposure to market risk;
- setting risk limits, based on measurements identified, in line with the risk appretite approved by the Group.

The Market Risk function of the Bank, within the Risk Management Unit, in full compliance with local legal and regulatory obligations, works together with the Financial Risk Management Italy Function of the Parent Company and is tasked primarily - but not exclusively - with:

- calculating the risk measurements for the global and granular measures for the Bank's portfolios;
- checking that the measurements are compatible with the approved limits:
- initiating the escalation process when limits are exceeded, engaging the Financial Risk Italy function of the Parent Company;
- discussing and approving new products with innovative and complex market risk profiles, providing the Financial Risk Italy function of the Parent Company with adequate information in order for the said function to issue a non-binding opinion on the matter.

Risk measurement and reporting systems

Trading Book

The main tool used by the Bank to measure the market risk of trading positions is Value at Risk (VaR), calculated using the historic simulation approach.

The historic simulation method involves the daily revaluation of positions on the basis of market price trends over an appropriate observation period. The resulting distribution of gains and losses is analysed to determine the effect of extreme market fluctuations on portfolios. The percentile value of the distribution corresponding to the set confidence level represents the VaR. The following parameters are used to calculate VaR: confidence level 99%; time horizon of 1 day; daily update of the time series; observation period of 500 days.

Banking Book

The primary responsibility for monitoring and controlling Market Risk management in the Banking Book lies with the Bank's competent Bodies. The Parent Company is responsible for monitoring market risk in the banking book at consolidated level, while sharing this responsibility with the relevant functions of the Legal Entities at local level.

The Parent Company, defines structure, data and frequency of the necessary Group and local level reporting.

Market risk in the banking book mainly consists of credit spread risk, interest rate risk and exchange rate risk.

Credit spread risk mainly arises from investments in debt securities held for liquidity purposes. Market risk associated with the bond portfolio is monitored and subject to limits on the notional amount, the sensitivity to Economic Value and the Value at Risk.

The management of interest rate risk focuses on stabilising this second type of risk. The banking book interest rate risk measure covers the dual aspect of the value and the net interest income/expense of the Bank. More precisely, the different, and complementary, perspectives involve:

- Economic value perspective: variation in interest rates can affect the economic value of assets and liabilities. The economic value of the Bank can be viewed as the present value of the expected net cash flows, defined as the expected cash flows on assets minus the expected cash flows on liabilities. A relevant risk measure from this perspective is the economic value sensitivity per time bucket for a 1 basis point rate shock. This measure is reported to the relevant committees to assess the economic value impact of various changes in the yield curve. The economic value sensitivity is also calculated for a 200bp parallel shock. A monitoring variable from this perspective is the value at risk resulting from interest rate risk exposure;
- Income perspective: the focus of analysis is the impact of changes of interest rates on accrual or reported Net Interest Income that is the difference between revenues generated by interest sensitive assets and the cost related to interest sensitive liabilities. An example of a measure of risks used is Net Interest Income sensitivity for a 100bp parallel shock in rates. This measure provides an indication of the impact that such a shock would have on the net interest margin over the next 12 months.

The third type of risk is exchange rate risk. This exposure mainly derives from a mismatching of assets and liabilities in USD. Exchange rate risk is hedged through the matching of assets and liabilities denominated in currency or through spot transactions in foreign currencies.

Procedures and methodologies for valuation of Trading Book positions

The Bank ensures that the value applied to each trading book position appropriately reflects the current fair (market) value, i.e. the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The fair value of each financial instrument is based on, or derived from, observable market prices or inputs. The availability of observable prices or inputs differs by product and market, and might change over time.

If observable prices or parameters are readily and regularly available (i.e. satisfying adequate liquidity requirements), they are directly employed in the determination of fair value (mark-to-market).

In non-active markets or for certain instruments, for which observable prices or inputs are not available, fair value is calculated using valuation techniques that are appropriate for the specific instrument (mark-to-model). This approach involves estimation and judgement and, therefore, might require valuation adjustments which take into account bid-ask spreads, liquidity and counterparty risk, besides the employed pricing model. In addition, each pricing model used for fair value calculation is validated by a dedicated function independent from business units.

According to the Group Market Risk Governance Guidelines, which define principles and rules for managing and controlling activities potentially involving a market risk, in order to ensure the adequate separation between functions in charge of development activities and functions in charge of validation, all valuation models developed need to be centrally tested and validated by independent functions with respect to the functions that have proceeded to development. Model validation is also carried out centrally for any novel system or analysis framework whose utilisation has a potential impact on the Bank's economic results.

In addition to daily marking to market or marking to model, Independent Price Verification (IPV) shall be performed by the Risk Management function. This is the process by which market prices or model inputs are regularly verified for accuracy and independence. While daily marking to market or marking to model may be performed by front-office dealers, verification of market prices and model inputs is performed at least monthly.

Risk measures

VaR

The VaR calculated within the measurement of the market risk of the banking and trading book uses a historical simulation approach. The choice of model adopted by the Parent Company has a series of advantages:

- easy to understand and communicate:
- does not require any explicit assumptions about the particular functional form of the distribution of yields of the risk factors:
- does not require estimation of the variance-covariance matrix of the market factors that may affect the value of the portfolio.
- captures the correlation structure reflected in the simultaneous changes in market factors, implicitly assuming that it will remain constant

On the other hand VaR models based on historical simulations do not provide any information on the amount of the loss exceeding the VaR. This why the framework established by the Parent Company uses additional instruments such as stress tests.

2.1 Interest rate risk and price risk – regulatory trading book

Qualitative information

A. General Matters

The trading book is used to hold debt securities (ordinary and subordinated, structured and plain vanilla), equity instruments, and certificates - listed and non-listed – related to brokerage activities with retail customers.

The Bank does not perform proprietary trading and does not assume speculative positions in its books. Entries in the Bank's trading book are recorded against brokerage activities with retail customers particularly during the trading of OTC instruments. Other entries in the trading book are made for the internalisation of various financial instruments when the Bank is a counterparty to the Customer. This activity is performed as a result of the options introduced by the MiFID which allow the execution of orders for financial instruments in a number of execution venues including internal execution.

B. Processes for managing and methods for measuring interest rate risk and price risk

For both a description of internal processes for monitoring and managing risk and an illustration of the approaches used to analyse exposure, please refer to the introduction.

Quantitative information

1. Regulatory trading book: distribution by maturity (repricing date) of on-balance sheet financial assets and liabilities and financial derivatives - Currency: Euro

							(Amou	nts in € thousand)
TYPE/MATURITY	ON DEMAND	UP TO 3 MONTHS	BETWEEN 3 AND 6 MONTHS	BETWEEN 6 MONTHS AND 1 YEAR	BETWEEN 1 YEAR AND 5 YEARS	BETWEEN 5 AND 10 YEARS	OVER 10 YEARS INDEF	INITE MATURITY
1. On-balance sheet assets	•	-	-	-			•	-
1.1 Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 with early redemption optic 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2 Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. On-balance sheet liabilities		-		-		142	-	-
2.1 Repos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	142	-	-
3. Financial derivatives								
3.1 With underlying security								
- Options								
+ Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
+ Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	72	-	-
- Other derivatives								
+ Long positions	551	63,559	-	-	-	463	803	-
+ Short positions	551	63,544	-	-	-	449	804	-
3.2 Without underlying security								
- Options								
+ Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
+ Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Other derivatives							_	
+ Long positions	-	42,731	260	33,910	-	-	-	-
+ Short positions	-	51,433	4,300	29,200	-	_	_	-

Item 3.1 "Financial Derivatives with underlying securities - Other Derivatives" includes spot contracts for the purchase and sale of securities, other than shares and UCITS units, to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way").

Item 3.2 "Financial Derivatives without underlying securities - Other Derivatives" includes spot contracts for the purchase and sale of foreign currencies, to be settled in times established by market practices ("regular way").

Currency: Other currencies

(Amounts in € thousand) **BETWEEN 6** UP TO 3 BETWEEN 3 AND 6 MONTHS AND 1 BETWEEN 1 YEAR BETWEEN 5 AND 10 ON OVER 10 YEARS INDEFINITE MATURITY TYPE/MATURITY DEMAND YEAR MONTHS AND 5 YEARS 1. On-balance sheet assets 1.1 Debt securities 5 - with early redemption opti-- other 5 1.2 Other assets 2. On-balance sheet liabilities 2 2.1 Repos 2 2.2 Other liabilities 3. Financial derivatives 3.1 With underlying security - Options + Long positions + Short positions Other derivatives 87,140 + Long positions 88,638 70 + Short positions 3.2 Without underlying security - Options + Long positions + Short positions - Other derivatives 89.926 5.445 57,170 + Long positions 61.132 + Short positions 81.149

The effects of changes in the yield curve on net interest margin arising from instruments in the trading book are negligible. For similar considerations regarding the banking book, see paragraph 2. Banking book: internal models and other methods of sensitivity analysis of section "2.2 Interest rate risk and price risk - banking book" below.

2. Regulatory trading book: distribution of exposures in equity instruments and share indices for the main stock market countries

						(Amoun	ts in € thousand)
	LISTED						
							UNLISTED
TYPE OF TRANSACTIONS/LISTING INDEX	USA	SWITZERLAND	ITALY	GERMANY	FRANCE	OTHER COUNTRY	
A. Equity instruments							
- Long positions	1,838	-	186	52	10	21	-
- Short positions	127	-	49	14	10	-	-
B. Unsettled transactions on equity instruments							
- Long positions	86,246	-	56,636	6,646	7	-	_
- Short positions	86,015	-	56,672	6,646	6	-	-
C. Other derivatives on equity instruments							
- Long positions	436	-	146	25	9	1,442	
- Short positions	2,721	-	263	63	11	22	-
D. Derivatives on share indices							
- Long positions	7,467	1,339	3,670	5,328	1,420	976	-
- Short positions	7,550	350	4,896	5,764	1,491	1,073	-

3. Regulatory trading book: internal models and other methods of sensitivity analysis

The Bank monitors the VaR of the Trading Book on a weekly basis.

As at December 31, 2018, the daily VaR of the trading book amounted to € 117.8 thousand.

2.2 Interest rate risk and price risk – banking book

Qualitative information

B. General aspects, management processes and measurement methods for interest rate risk and price risk Interest rate risk consists of changes in interest rates that are reflected in:

- net interest margin sources, and thus, the Bank's earnings (cash flow risk);
- the net present value of assets and liabilities, due to their impact on the present value of future cash flows (fair value risk).

In line with the Group approach, the Bank measures and monitors interest rate risk daily, within the methodological framework and the corresponding limits or thresholds set by the Parent Company. These relate to the sensitivity of the net interest margin and the economic value.

Interest rate risk has an impact on all owned positions resulting from strategic investment decisions (banking book).

The main sources of interest rate risk can be classified as follows:

- repricing risk: the risk resulting from timing mismatches in terms of the repricing of the bank's assets and liabilities. These mismatches result in a risk associated with the rate curve. This risk relates to the Bank's exposure to changes in the slope and shape of the interest rate curve. An associated risk is the basis risk. This risk derives from the imperfect correlation in lending and borrowing interest rate changes for different instruments that may also show similar repricing characteristics;
- optionality risk risk resulting from implicit or explicit options in the Group's banking book positions.

Within the organisational framework described above, the Board of Directors approves the limits on interest rate risk previously agreed with the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A.. These limits are set in terms of VaR (calculated using the methodology described above in relation to the trading book). The Bank is responsible for managing the exposure to interest rate risk within the limits assigned.

To assess effects of the change in the interest rate curve on the banking book, scenario analyses are conducted that involve the parallel shifts in the rate curve of +/- 100 bps and +/- 200 bps at weekly intervals. For more details see section 2. Banking book: internal models and other methods of sensitivity analysis

Quantitative information

+ Short positions

Banking book: distribution by maturity (by repricing date) of financial assets and liabilities - Currency: Euro

BETWEEN 6
MONTHS AND 1 BETWEEN 1 YEAR BETWEEN 5 AND UP TO 3 BETWEEN 3 AND 6 OVER 10 INDEFINITE TYPE/MATURITY ON DEMAND MONTHS MONTHS YEAR YEARS MATURITY AND 5 YEARS 10 YEARS 616,640 1. On-balance sheet assets 2,535,077 775,582 3,850,669 5,302,924 253,985 10.055.870 8.643.608 384.723 521 473 3 415 307 5.097.715 1.1 Debt securities - with early redemption option - other 8,643,608 384,723 521,473 3,415,307 5,097,715 2 1,424,000 1.2 Loans to banks 634,611 339,740 59 253,983 95 108 435 362 205,209 1.3 Loans to customers 1.111.077 777.651 51.119 - current accounts 1.017.535 121 108 156 660 - other loans 93,542 777,530 51,011 94,952 434,702 205,209 253,983 - with early 295,714 91,630 253,940 4,702 50,480 431,523 205,172 redemption option - other 88,840 481,816 531 3,322 3,179 37 43 2. On-balance sheet liabilities 21,390,361 457,241 339,283 245,128 1,364 44,262 421 2.1 Deposits from customers 21,316,631 63,618 1,364 21,231,012 - current accounts 421 44,262 63,618 1,364 - other payables 85.619 - with early redemption option 44,262 421 63,618 1,364 - other 85,619 412,979 338,862 181,510 2.2 Deposits from banks 73.730 - current accounts 49.871 - other payables 23,859 412,979 338,862 181,510 2.3 Debt securities - with early redemption option - other 2.4 Other liabilities - with early redemption option - other 3. Financial derivatives 3.1 With underlying security - Options + Long positions + Short positions - Other derivatives + Long positions + Short positions 3.2 Without underlying security - Options + Long positions + Short positions - Other derivatives 576,477 290,000 280.000 + Long positions + Short positions 580,755 10,712 21,265 172,843 188,502 172,401 4. Other off-balance sheet transactions 259 7,035 6,169 + Long positions 7,035

6,428

Currency: Other currencies

(Amounts in € thousand)

							(Allio	unts in € thousand)
TYPE/MATURITY	ON DEMAND	UP TO 3 B	ETWEEN 3 AND 6 MONTHS	BETWEEN 6 MONTHS AND 1 YEAR	BETWEEN 1 YEAR AND 5 YEARS	BETWEEN 5 AND 10 YEARS	OVER 10 YEARS	INDEFINITE MATURITY
1. On-balance sheet assets	499,874	251,647		373	67,588	1	34	
1.1 Debt securities	-	87,451	-	-	67,585	1	34	_
- with early		,				•		
redemption option	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- other	-	87,451	_	_	67,585	1	34	_
1.2 Loans to banks	497,874	148,334	_	357	-	-	-	_
1.3 Loans to customers	2,000	15.862	_	16	3	_	-	_
- current accounts	199	-	_	-	3	_	_	_
- other loans	1.801	15.862	_	16	-	_	_	_
- with early	.,	,						
redemption option	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- other	1.801	15,862	_	16	-	_	-	_
2. On-balance sheet liabilities	822,384	12,323		9			-	
2.1 Deposits from customers	819,692	12.323	_	9	-	_	-	-
- current accounts	815,688	-	-				_	-
- other payables	4.004	12.323	-	9			-	-
- with early	1,001	12,020						
redemption option	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- other	4,004	12,323	_	9	-	_	-	
2.2 Deposits from banks	2,692	-	_	-	-	_	-	_
- current accounts	2.692							_
- other payables	2,032							
2.3 Debt securities								
- with early								
redemption option	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- other			-		_	-		_
2.4 Other liabilities								
- with early								
redemption option								
- other								-
3. Financial derivatives	-		-	-		-	-	-
3.1 With underlying security								
- Options								
+ Long positions	_			-				
+ Short positions								-
- Other derivatives	-		-	-		-	-	-
+ Long positions	_		_	-				
+ Short positions								-
3.2 Without underlying security						<u> </u>		-
- Options								
+ Long positions	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-
+ Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Other derivatives								
+ Long positions	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-
+ Short positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Other off-balance sheet transaction		2.007	2.504					
+ Long positions	-	3,927	3,584	-	-	-	-	-
+ Short positions	-	3,584	3,927	-	-	-	-	-

For a description of the effects of a change in interest rates on net interest margin, profit (loss) for the year, shareholders' equity and the results of scenario analysis, see paragraph 2. Banking book: internal models and other methods of sensitivity analysis

2. Banking book: internal models and other methods of sensitivity analysis

The following table provides the results of the analyses conducted.

To measure the interest rate risk contained in the Bank's financial statements it is necessary to measure the sensibility of the loans and deposits to changes in the interest rate curve. The UniCredit Group has developed specific behavioural models aimed at estimating the maturity profile of asset and liability items that do not have a contractual maturity; indeed, what is perceived to be sight maturing in reality shows some stickiness.

The following table provides the results of the analyses conducted in all currencies.

(Amounts in € thousand)

	VALUE ANALYSIS (SHIFT + 200 BP)	VALUE ANALYSIS (SHIFT - 200 BP)	VALUE ANALYSIS (SHIFT +1 BP)	IRVAR*	INTEREST RATE ANALYSIS (+100bp)	INTEREST RATE ANALYSIS (-30bp)
12.31.2018	9,519	149,404	-147.13	1,214	109,478	-30,209

^{*1} day holding period, 99% confidence level%.

The sensitivity analysis on the value of shareholders' equity, which was conducted assuming a shift of + 200 basis points on the euro interest rate curve, showed a positive impact of €9,519 thousand. A shift of -200 basis points showed a positive impact of €149,404 thousand.

The sensitivity analysis on the value of shareholders' equity, which was conducted assuming a shift of + 1 basis point, showed a negative impact of €-147.13 thousand.

The interest rate VaR figure for the Bank came to approximately €1,214 thousand.

Total VaR, including the Credit Spread Risk component arising mainly from Italian and Spanish government securities held as investment of liquidity, amounted to € 52,594 thousand.

The sensitivity analysis on the value of shareholders' equity, which was conducted assuming a shift of +100 basis points on the euro interest rate curve, showed a positive impact of €109,478 thousand. A shift of -30 basis points would have a negative impact of €-30,209 thousand on the interest rate over the next 12 months.

2.3 Exchange Rate Risk

Qualitative information

A. General aspects, management processes and measurement methods for exchange rate risk

As part of its treasury activities, the Bank collects funds in foreign currencies, mainly US dollars, through customer current accounts, subsequently investing these funds in bonds, current accounts and time deposits, in the same currency, with the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A. The impact on the value of balance sheet items is estimated using the Forex VaR indicator.

The VaR of the Bank's positions is not used for the calculation of the Pillar 1 capital requirement because the traditional standardised approach is used. The VaR is only used for management and risk monitoring purposes.

B. Exchange rate risk hedging

Exchange rate risk is hedged through the matching of assets and liabilities denominated in currency or through spot transactions in foreign currencies.

The component of exchange rate risk that contributes to the formation of the overall VaR is usually tied to the temporal mismatch between assets and liabilities in US dollars.

Quantitative information

1. Breakdown by currency of assets, liabilities and derivatives

(Amounts in € thousand) VALUTE OTHER **US DOLLAR** POUND STERLING **SWISS FRANC** YEN CANADIAN DOLLAR **CURRENCIES** ITEMS 654,199 A. Financial assets 85.856 85,244 76 2,180 A.1 Debt securities 155,077 A.2 Equity instruments 8,090 85,493 85,197 71 71 2,133 A.3 Loans to banks 473,600 A.4 Loans to customers 17,432 356 47 46 A.5 Other financial assets 1,138 B. Other assets 660,791 C. Financial liabilities 85,751 85,652 76 146 2,429 2,170 C.1 Deposits from banks 300 76 146 660,791 C.2 Deposits from customers 85,751 85,352 259 C.3 Debt securities C.4 Other financial liabilities 413 257 D. Other liabilities 299 E. Financial derivatives - Options + Long positions + Short positions Other derivatives + Long positions 86,659 14,524 6,674 7,391 14,182 24,671 82.860 1.789 14.056 26.030 + Short positions 14.695 5.642 Total assets 740,937 100,386 91,918 7.467 14,253 27,989 Total liabilities 744,064 100,745 91,294 1,865 14,202 28,716 (3,127) (359) Balance (+/-) 624 5,602 51 (727)

The impact of changes in exchange rates are quantified by the daily Forex VaR of the overall portfolio, as described in the following paragraph.

2. Internal models and other methods of sensitivity analysis

As at December 31, 2018, the daily Forex VaR of the overall portfolio (banking and trading books) was approximately €96.2 thousand.

Section 3 - Derivative instruments and hedging policies

3.1 Trading book financial derivatives

A. Financial derivatives

A.1 Trading book financial derivatives: end of period notional amounts

							(Amour	nts in € thousand
		TOTAL 12.31.	2018			TOTAL 12.31	.2017	
	OVER THE COUNTER					OVER THE COUNTER		
		WITHOUT CENTRAL C	COUNTERPARTIES		-	WITHOUT CENTRAL	COUNTERPARTIES	
UNDERLYING ASSETS/TYPE OF DERIVATIVES	CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES	WITH NETTING AGREEMENT	WITHOUT NETTING AGREEMENT	ORGANIZED MARKETS	CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES	WITH NETTING AGREEMENT	WITHOUT NETTING AGREEMENT	ORGANIZED MARKETS
1. Debt securities and interest rate indexes		-	358	128	_		1,135	162
a) Options	-	-	4	-	-	-	71	
b) Swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c) Forwards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d) Futures	-	-	-	128	-	-	-	162
e) Others	-	-	354	-	-		1,064	
2. Equity instruments and share								
indices		-	33,506	11,588		-	49,482	14,681
a) Options	-	-	72	-	-	-	72	
b) Swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c) Forwards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d) Futures		-	-	11,588		-	-	14,681
e) Others	-	-	33,434	-	-	-	49,410	
3. Currencies and gold			195,226	561			262,317	
a) Options		-	-	-		-	-	
b) Swaps	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c) Forwards	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	
d) Futures	-	-	-	561	-	-	-	
e) Others	-	-	195,192	-	-	-	262,317	
4. Commodities		-	1,561	1,580		-		
5. Others	-	-					-	
Total	-	-	230,651	13,857		-	312,934	14,843

Letter e) Other in the "Over the counter - Without central counter-parties - not included in netting agreement" column consists of CFD derivatives.

A.2 Trading book financial derivatives: gross positive and negative fair value – breakdown by product

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 OVER THE COUNTER OVER THE COUNTER WITHOUT CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES WITHOUT CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES WITHOUT NETTING WITH NETTING WITHOUT NETTING WITH NETTING UNDERLYING ASSETS/TYPE OF CENTRAL ORGANIZED CENTRAL ORGANIZED AGREEMENT AGREEMENT COUNTERPARTIES MARKETS DERIVATIVES COUNTERPARTIES MARKETS 1. Positive Fair value a) Options b) Interest rate swap c) Cross currency swap d) Equity swap e) Forward f) Futures 43 3.466 4.733 g) Others 43 3,466 Total 4.733 23 2. Negative Fair value a) Options b) Interest rate swap c) Cross currency swap d) Equity swap e) Forward f) Futures g) Others Total

A.3 OTC trading book financial derivatives: notional amounts, gross positive and negative fair value by counterparty

(Amounts in € thousand)

	CENTRAL		OTHER FINANCIAL	Amounts in C mousand)	
UNDERLYING ASSEST	COUNTERPARTIES	BANKS	ENTITIES	OTHER ENTITIES	
Contracts not included in netting agreement					
1) Debt securities and interest rate indexes					
- notional amount	Х	-	-	358	
- positive fair value	Х	-	-	5	
- negative fair value	Х	-	-	1	
2) Equity instruments and share indices					
- notional amount	Х	-	72	33,434	
- positive fair value	X	-	-	1,437	
- negative fair value	X	-	-	362	
3) Currencies and gold					
- notional amount	Х	97,267	101	97,858	
- positive fair value	Х	144	5	1,832	
- negative fair value	Х	132	-	159	
4) Commodities					
- notional amount	Х	-	-	1,561	
- positive fair value	Х	-	-	43	
- negative fair value	Х	-	-	4	
5) Others					
- notional amount	Х	-	-	-	
- positive fair value	X	-	-	-	
- negative fair value	X	-	-	-	
Contracts included in netting agreement					
1) Debt securities and interest rate indexes					
- notional amount	-	-	-	-	
- positive fair value	-	-	-	-	
- negative fair value	-	-	-	-	
2) Equity instruments and share indices					
- notional amount	-	-	-		
- positive fair value	-	-	-	-	
- negative fair value	-	-	-	-	
3) Currencies and gold					
- notional amount	-	-	-	-	
- positive fair value	-	-	-	-	
- negative fair value	-	-	-	-	
4) Commodities					
- notional amount	-	-	-	-	
- positive fair value	-	-	-		
- negative fair value	-	-	-		
5) Others					
- notional amount	-	-	-		
- positive fair value	-	-	-	-	
- negative fair value	-	-	-		

A.4 OTC financial derivatives - residual maturity: notional values

(Amounts in € thousand)

		BETWEEN 1 AND 5		
UNDERLYING/MATURITY	UP TO 1 YEAR	YEARS	OVER 5 YEARS	TOTAL
A.1 Financial derivatives on debt securities and interest rates	354	-	4	358
A.2 Financial derivatives on equity instruments and share indices	3.698	-	29.808	33.506
A.3 Financial derivatives on exchange rates and gold	195.226	-	-	195.226
A.4 Financial derivatives on commodities	1.561	-	-	1.561
A.5 Financial derivatives on other instruments	-	-	-	-
Total 31 December 2018	200.839	-	29.812	230.651
Total 31 December 2017	267.964	-	44.970	312.934

B. Credit derivatives

No data to report.

3.2 Hedge account

Qualitative information

A. Fair value hedging

Fair value hedging strategies, with the aim of complying with the interest rate risk limits for the banking book, are implemented using non-listed derivative contracts. The latter, typically interest rate swaps, represent the family of instruments used prevalently.

The hedges adopted are generally qualified as generic, ie connected to the amounts of money contained in portfolios of assets or liabilities.

B. Cash flow hedging

Currently there are no cash flow hedging operations generated as part of the Bank's operations.

C. Hedging a net investment in a foreign entity

Currently there are no "hedging a net investment in a foreign entity" operations generated as part of the Bank's operations.

D. Hedge instrument

A generic hedging relationship of an asset / liability portfolio pursues the objective of offsetting the deviations in value of the hedged item contained in a generic portfolio of fixed-rate assets / liabilities.

The ineffectiveness of the hedge is represented by the difference between the change in the fair value of the hedging instruments and the change in the fair value of the hedged amount. The Bank uses a test method based on sensitivity analisys. To this end, the exposures of the total sensitivity of the hedged item and that relating to the hedging derivative are correlated. The sensitivity expresses the elasticity with respect to each of the rates that make up the risk-free curve and is calculated as a change in the fair value in relation to an increase in the rate equal to a basis point. The test verifies the effectiveness by analyzing the "reduction" of the sensitivity of the overall position after hedging and comparing it with respect to the same measure referred to the item being hedged.

The effectiveness test is carried out separately for interest rate swaps to hedge assets (mortgages) and for interest rate swaps to hedge liabilities (on demand items).

E. Hedge item

The hedged assets are represented by mortgages granted to fixed-rate customers accounted for in "Financial assets measured at amortized cost", while hedged liabilities are represented by direct customer current deposits (core liquidity), recorded under "Financial liabilities valued at amortized cost ", modeled according to the model of sight items adopted by the Bank.

Quantitative information

A. Hedging financial derivatives

A.1 Hedging financial derivatives: end of period notional amounts

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 OVER THE COUNTER OVER THE COUNTER WITHOUT CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES WITHOUT CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES WITH NETTING WITHOUT NETTING WITH NETTING WITHOUT NETTING CENTRAL ORGANIZED CENTRAL ORGANIZED UNDERLYING ASSETS/TYPE OF MARKETS COUNTERPARTIES AGREEMENT AGREEMENT COUNTERPARTIES AGREEMENT AGREEMENT 1. Debt securities and interest rate 896,477 250,000 632,500 indexes 603,947 a) Options 896,477 250,000 603,947 632,500 c) Forwards d) Futures 2. Equity instruments and share a) Options b) Swaps c) Forwards d) Futures e) Others 3. Currencies and gold a) Options b) Swaps c) Forwards d) Futures e) Others 4. Commodities 5. Others 896,477 250,000 603.947 632,500

A.2 Hedging financial derivatives: gross positive and negative fair value – breakdown by product

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 OVER THE COUNTER OVER THE COUNTER WITHOUT CENTRAL CO WITHOUT CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES WITH NETTING WITHOUT NETTING WITH NETTING WITHOUT NETTING ORGANIZED ORGANIZED UNDERLYING ASSETS/TYPE OF CENTRAL CENTRAL COUNTERPARTIES AGREEMENT AGREEMENT COUNTERPARTIES **AGREEMENT** AGREEMENT MARKETS DERIVATIVES MARKETS 1. Positive Fair value a) Options 2,316 998 b) Interest rate swap 458 c) Cross currency swap d) Equity swap e) Forward f) Futures g) Others 998 Total 2,316 458 2. Negative Fair value a) Options b) Interest rate swap 5,341 2,171 10,523 c) Cross currency swap d) Equity swap e) Forward f) Futures g) Others 5,341 2,171 10,523 Total

A.3 OTC hedging financial derivative: notional amounts, gross positive and negative fair value by counterparty

(Amounts in € thousand)

			,	mounts in € thousand)
	CENTRAL		HER FINANCIAL	
UNDERLYING ASSETS	COUNTERPARTIES	BANKS	ENTITIES	OTHER ENTITIES
Contracts not included in netting agreement				
1) Debt securities and interest rate indexes				
- notional amount	X	-	-	-
- positive fair value	X	-	-	
- negative fair value	X	-	-	
2) Equity instruments and share indices				
- notional amount	X	-	-	
- positive fair value	X	-	-	·
- negative fair value	X	-	-	
3) Currencies and gold				
- notional amount	X	-	-	-
- positive fair value	X	-	-	-
- negative fair value	X	-	-	
4) Commodities				
- notional amount	X	-	-	-
- positive fair value	X	-	-	-
- negative fair value	X	-	-	-
5) Others				
- notional amount	X	-	-	-
- positive fair value	X	-	-	
- negative fair value	X	-	-	-
Contracts included in netting agreement				
Debt securities and interest rate indexes				
- notional amount	896,477	250,000	-	
- positive fair value	2,316	998	-	
- negative fair value	5,341	-	-	
2) Equity instruments and share indices	-,-			
- notional amount	-	_	_	
- positive fair value	-	-	-	
- negative fair value	-	-	-	
3) Currencies and gold				
- notional amount	-	_	_	
- positive fair value		-	_	
- negative fair value		-	_	
4) Commodities				
- notional amount		-	_	
- positive fair value		-		
- negative fair value		-	-	
5) Others	-	-		
- notional amount		_		
- positive fair value	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		-
	<u> </u>			-
- negative fair value	<u>-</u>	-	-	-

A.4 OTC hedging financial derivative - residual maturity: notional values

(Amounts in € thousand)

		BETWEEN 1 AND 5		
UNDERLYING/MATURITY	UP TO 1 YEAR	YEARS	OVER 5 YEARS	TOTAL
A.1 Financial derivatives on debt securities and interest rates	42,731	462,843	640,903	1,146,477
A.2 Financial derivatives on equity instruments and share indices	-	-	-	-
A.3 Financial derivatives on exchange rates and gold	-	-	-	-
A.4 Financial derivatives on commodities	-	-	-	-
A.5 Financial derivatives on other instruments	-	-	-	-
Total 31 december 2018	42,731	462,843	640,903	1,146,477
Total 31 december 2017	19,798	711,899	504,751	1,236,448

B. Hedging credit derivatives

No data to report.

C. Hedging non derivative instruments

No data to report.

D. Hedge item

D.1 Fair value hedging

The Bank, like the UniCredit Group, has taken advantage of the option to continue to apply the existing IAS 39 hedge accounting requirements for all hedging accounts until such time as the IASB has completed its macro-hedging accounting rules project.

The Bank, therefore, does not present the disclosure required by this section as it does not apply the accounting rules of coverage in accordance with IFRS 9. For completeness of information, it should be noted that the monetary amount of "Financial assets at amortized cost" hedged amounted to € 576.5 million, referring exclusively to mortgages, while the amount of "Financial liabilities at amortized cost" covered amounted to € 570 million, referring exclusively to the hedged core deposits.

D.2 Cash flow hedging and hedging a net investment in a foreign entity

No data to report.

E. Effects of hedging transactions at shareholders' equity

No data to report.

3.3 Other information on trading book and hedging derivative instruments

A. Financial and credit derivatives

A.1 OTC financial and credit derivatives: net fair values by counterparty

No data to report.

Section 4 - Liquidity Risk

Qualitative information

A. General aspects, management processes and measurement methods for liquidity risk

Liquidity risk can be succinctly defined as the risk that the Bank, also due to unexpected future events, is unable to meet its payment obligations or to efficiently match expected cash inflows and outflows.

The different types of liquidity risk managed by the Bank are as follows:

- the short-term liquidity risk refers to the risk of non-compliance between the amounts and / or deadlines of incoming and outgoing cash flows in the short term (less than one year);
- the risk of market liquidity is the risk that the bank can face a significant and adverse price change, generated by exogenous and
 endogenous factors that result in losses, in the sale of assets considered liquid. In the worst case, the bank may not be able to liquidate
 these positions;
- the structural liquidity risk is defined as the bank's inability to procure, in a stable and sustainable manner, the necessary funds to
 maintain an adequate ratio between medium / long-term assets and liabilities (over one year) to a reasonable price without impacting the
 daily operations or the financial situation of the bank;
- the risk of stress or contingency is linked to future and unexpected obligations (for example withdrawals from deposits) and may require the bank to have a greater amount of liquidity than is considered necessary to manage the ordinary business.

To address its exposure to liquidity risk, the Bank invests the portion of liquidity that according to its internal analyses is less stable ("non-core liquidity") in liquid assets or assets readily convertible into cash, such as, for example, demand deposits, short-term loans or government bonds that can be used as a source of short-term financing with the central bank.

At the reporting date, there were no "Contingent liquidity and funding needs", such as, for example, accelerated repayment clauses or the issue of additional guarantees relating to a downgrade of the bank.

The key principles

"Fineco Liquidity Policy" approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank establishes the managerial autonomy of the Bank's Treasury department and sets forth the principles and rules that the Bank applies to both normal and emergency liquidity management in line with the UniCredit Group liquidity risk management.

Roles and responsibilities

The "Fineco Liquidity Policy" establishes the principles adopted in terms of internal governance, which envisage the involvement of the Finance, Treasury and Risk Management departments, in line with the Group's approach.

The operational management of liquidity is carried out by the Treasury department, which ensures effective and efficient management of liquidity in the short and medium/long term, monitoring of liquidity exposure and first-level controls on the management process.

The Risk Control function is responsible for monitoring compliance with limits and implementing the rules on liquidity risk, the implementation of selected risk metrics and the assessment of selected methods.

To this end, "Fineco Liquidity Policy" explicitly refers to Group rules regarding the implementation of first and second level monitoring, both from a regulatory and management standpoint:

- Short-term liquidity risk management (operational liquidity), which considers the events that may impact upon the Bank's liquidity position from one day up to one year. The primary objective is to maintain the Bank's capacity to fulfil its ordinary and extraordinary payment obligations while minimising the relevant costs.
- Structural liquidity risk management (structural risk), which considers the events that may impact upon the Bank's liquidity position over one year. The primary objective is to maintain an adequate ratio between medium/long term liabilities and medium to long-term assets, with a view to avoiding pressures on short-term funding sources (both current and future).
- Stress tests: Liquidity risk is a low probability, high impact event. Therefore stress testing is a tool to reveal potential vulnerabilities. The Bank uses several scenarios ranging from general market crisis to idiosyncratic crisis, and combinations hereof.

In this context, the Bank takes into account all of the assets, liabilities, off-balance sheet positions and present and future events that generate certain or potential cash flows, thereby protecting the Bank from risks related to the transformation of maturity.

Short term liquidity management

Short-term liquidity management aims at ensuring that the Bank remains in a position to fulfil its cash payment obligations always, whether expected or unexpected, focused on the exposure for the first twelve months.

On a daily basis, the Bank calculates the Operative Maturity Ladder, which measures the cash inflows and outflows affecting the monetary base, with details of the main temporal buckets.

The Bank's objective is to provide sufficient short-term liquidity to deal with the particularly adverse liquidity crises for at least three months.

Structural liquidity management

The objective of the Bank's structural liquidity management is to maintain an adequate ratio between medium/long term assets and liabilities (generally over one year), with a view to avoiding pressures on short-term funding sources, both current and future. To this end, the Bank adopts a prudent approach to its investments of liquidity, taking into account funding maturities. The indicators used and monitored as part of the wider Risk Appetite Framework (NSFR- and NSFR-adjusted) ensure that assets and liabilities have a sustainable maturity structure.

Liquidity Stress Test

Stress testing is a risk management technique used to evaluate the potential effects of a specific event on an entity's financial position. As a forward looking tool, liquidity stress testing diagnostics the institution's liquidity risk.

Periodically, the Bank uses scenario analysis to evaluate the impact of simultaneous changes in various risk factors, defining a hypothetical and consistent stress event whose assumptions and size are shared and agreed with the Parent Company's functions.

Behavioural modelling of Liabilities

FinecoBank has developed specific behavioural models aimed at estimating the maturity profile of liability items that do not have a contractual maturity; indeed, what is perceived to be sight maturing in reality shows some stickiness.

More specifically, modelling of liabilities aims to construct a replication profile that best reflects the behavioural characteristics of the items. An example is on demand items: estimates of the maturity profile reflect the perceived stickiness. These behavioural models are developed by FinecoBank's Risk Management function and are validated by Bank's Internal Validation Unit.

FinecoBank Contingency Liquidity Policy

A liquidity crisis is a high impact, low probability event. Therefore, a crisis-mode operating model, that can be activated effectively in case of crisis according to an approved procedure, has been defined in FinecoBank "Contingency Plan for liquidity risk".

The ability to act in time is essential to minimise the potentially disruptive consequences of a liquidity crisis. The analytics of the Stress tests form a valuable tool to identify the expected consequences and to define up front the most suitable actions in a certain crisis scenario. In combination with Early Warning Indicators (EWI) the Bank may be able to reduce the liquidity effects in the initial stages of a crisis.

FinecoBank "Contingency Plan on liquidity risk" has the objective of ensuring effective interventions also during the initial stage of a liquidity crisis, through the clear identification of individuals, powers, responsibilities, communication, and reporting criteria, with a view of increasing significantly the probability of successfully overcoming the state of emergency. This is achieved through:

- activation of extraordinary liquidity governance and operating model;
- consistent communication both internally and to the Group;
- a set of available mitigating liquidity actions;
- a set of early warning indicators that may point towards a developing crisis.

Quantitative information

1. Time breakdown by contractual residual maturity of financial assets and liabilities – Currency: Euro

TEMS/TIME BUCKETS ON DEMAND AND 7 DAYS AND 15 DAYS MONTH MONTHS MONTHS YEAR AND 5 YEARS YEARS MATURI										(Amoun	ts in € thousand
A I Government securities	ITEMS/TIME BUCKETS	ON DEMAND			DAYS AND 1	AND 3	AND 6	MONTHS AND 1			INDEFINITE MATURITY
A 2 Debt securities 625 2,942 5,073 385,070 25,128 417,161 828,236 6,984,500 772,502 - A.3 Units in investment funds	A. On-balance sheet assets	2,531,247	33,072	469,120	622,238	313,104	879,054	1,564,722	10,490,823	5,985,920	217,067
A 3 Units in investment funds	A.1 Government securities		-	-	20,358	27,812	58,832	617,197	3,016,554	4,583,010	
A 4 Loans	A.2 Debt securities	625	2,942	5,073	385,070	25,128	417,161	828,236	6,984,500	772,502	
- Banks	A.3 Units in investment funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Customers	A.4 Loans	2,530,622	30,130	464,047	216,810	260,164	403,061	119,289	489,769	630,408	217,067
B. On-balance sheet liabilities	- Banks	1,425,060	820	177,773	119,432	119,939	339,984	59	-	-	217,067
B.1 Deposits and current accounts 21,280,895 33 48 147 319 422 768 1,334 - Banks 49,871	- Customers	1,105,562	29,310	286,274	97,378	140,225	63,077	119,230	489,769	630,408	
- Banks	B. On-balance sheet liabilities	42,632,199	4,721	177,689	128,426	146,785	339,337	245,901	2,668	176	-
Customers 21,231,024 33 48 147 319 422 768 1,334 -	B.1 Deposits and current accounts	21,280,895	33	48	147	319	422	768	1,334	-	-
B.2 Debt securities 21,231,024 33 48 147 319 422 768 1,334 - B.3 Other liabilities 120,280 4,655 177,593 128,132 146,147 338,493 244,365 - 176 C.0ff-balance sheet transactions C.1 Financial derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions - 76,398 141 - 128 1,033 3 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462 1,220 3 C.3 Deposits and loans to be collected - Long positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140	- Banks	49,871	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
B.3 Other liabilities 120,280 4,655 177,593 128,132 146,147 338,493 244,365 - 176 C. Off-balance sheet transactions C.1 Financial derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions - 76,398 141 - 128 1,033 33 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 - C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462	- Customers	21,231,024	33	48	147	319	422	768	1,334	-	
C.1 Financial derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions	B.2 Debt securities	21,231,024	33	48	147	319	422	768	1,334	-	
C.1 Financial derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions - 76,398 141 - 128 1,033 3 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462 Short positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140	B.3 Other liabilities	120,280	4,655	177,593	128,132	146,147	338,493	244,365	-	176	
exchange of capital - Long positions - 76,398 141 - 128 1,033 33 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 - Short positions - 1,220 3 - Short positions 1,259 1,654 3,140	C. Off-balance sheet transactions				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
- Long positions - 76,398 141 - 128 1,033 33 - Short positions - 83,280 223 1,033 33 C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462 Short positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140 Short positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140 Short positions - 7,035	C.1 Financial derivatives with										
- Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462 Short positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140 C.3 Deposits and loans to be collected - Long positions - 7,035 - Short positions - 7,035 7,035 C.4 Irrevocable commitments to lend funds - Long positions 6,169 - 259 C.5 Financial guarantees given 6,169 - 259 C.6 Financial guarantees received	exchange of capital										
- Short positions - 83,280 223 1,220 3 C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462 Short positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140 C.3 Deposits and loans to be collected - Long positions - 7,035 - Short positions - 7,035 7,035 C.4 Irrevocable commitments to lend funds - Long positions 6,169 - 259 C.5 Financial guarantees given 6,169 - 259 C.6 Financial guarantees received	- Long positions	-	76,398	141	-	128	-	-	-	1,033	309
exchange of capital - Long positions 784 - 195 277 1,316 1,462		-		223	-	-	-	-	-	1,220	310
- Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462	C.2 Financial derivatives without									•	
- Long positions 784 195 277 1,316 1,462	exchange of capital										
- Short positions 138 - 375 - 1,259 1,654 3,140 C.3 Deposits and loans to be collected - Long positions - 7,035 Short positions - 7,035 7,035 C.4 Irrevocable commitments to lend funds - Long positions 6,169 - 259 Short positions - 6,169 - 259 C.5 Financial guarantees given C.6 Financial guarantees received C.7 Credit derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions		784	-	-	195	277	1,316	1,462	-	-	
C.3 Deposits and loans to be collected - Long positions		138	-	375		1.259			-	-	
- Long positions - 7,035 7,035						,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
- Short positions	collected										
- Short positions	- Long positions	-	7.035	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
C.4 Irrevocable commitments to lend funds - Long positions		-		-	-	-	7.035	-	-	-	
funds - Long positions							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
- Short positions - 6,169 - 259											
- Short positions - 6,169 - 259	- Long positions	-	-	-	_	_	6 169	-	259	_	
C.5 Financial guarantees given		_	6.169	_	259	_		-		_	
C.6 Financial guarantees received -		-	-,	-			-	-			
C.7 Credit derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions		-			-	_	-	-	-	-	
- Long positions	ŭ										
- Short positions			_		-	_	-	-	-	-	
C.8 Credit derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions		-									
- Long positions		ge of capital									
		• •									
		-									

Currency: Other currencies

(Amounts in € thousand) BETWEEN 1 BETWEEN 1 BETWEEN 3 BETWEEN 6 AND 3 MONTHS BETWEEN 1 BETWEEN 7 DAYS AND 1 BETWEEN 1 ITEMS/TIME BUCKETS ON DEMAND MONTHS AND 7 DAYS AND 15 DAYS MONTH YEAR AND 5 YEARS YEARS MATURITY 500,355 A. On-balance sheet assets 3,312 537 96,575 2,883 157,212 36 65,331 1,059 A.1 Government securities 393 393 69.869 184 161 701 1.059 2.117 87.336 A.2 Debt securities 35 A.3 Units in investment funds A.4 Loans 500,353 3,128 537 96,414 64,237 498,274 94,706 53,814 357 - Banks 10,423 3,128 Customers B. On-balance sheet liabilities 1,638,191 4,907 143 655 6,641 9 B.1 Deposits and current accounts 818,380 2,692 - Banks 815,688 - Customers B.2 Debt securities 815,688 B.3 Other liabilities 4,123 4,907 143 655 6,641 C. Off-balance sheet transactions C.1 Financial derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions 106,928 222 666 - Short positions 100,311 140 1,406 561 70 C.2 Financial derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions - Short positions 540 C.3 Deposits and loans to be - Long positions 3,927 - Short positions 3.927 C.4 Irrevocable commitments to lend - Long positions 3,584 - Short positions 3,584 C.5 Financial guarantees given C.6 Financial guarantees received C.7 Credit derivatives with exchange of capital - Long positions - Short positions C.8 Credit derivatives without exchange of capital - Long positions

Assets received as collateral or loaned as part of repos and securities lending

(Amounts in € thousand) TOTAL 12.31.2018 TOTAL 12.31.2017 2,025,197 258,844 Fair value of securities received as guarantee in reverse repos and securities lending with cash collateral 1.037.084 Fair value of securities received in securities lending without cash collateral Fair value of securities received and delivered through repos and securities lending with cash collateral 949 550 (1.029.844) (996,775)

Section 5 - Operating risk

Qualitative information

A. General aspects, operational processes and methods for measuring operational risk

Operational risk definition

Operational risk is defined as the risk of losses due to errors, violations, interruptions, or damage caused by internal processes, personnel, financial advisors, systems or by external events. This definition includes legal and compliance risks, but excludes strategic and reputational risk.

For example, losses arising from the following can be defined as operational: internal or external fraud, employment practices and workplace safety, customer claims, product distribution, fines and penalties for regulatory breaches, damage to the Company's physical assets, business disruption and system failures, and management of processes.

Group operational risk framework

The UniCredit Group has defined the policies and procedures for measuring and mitigating operational risk within the Group and its Subsidiaries Operational risk policies, applicable to all Group entities, are common principles that define the roles of company bodies and of the risk management function as well as the interactions with other functions involved in the process. These principles and provisions have been set out in the Group Framework for the management of operational risk and adopted in FinecoBank's Operational Risk Manual.

The methods for classifying data and verifying its completeness, scenario analysis, risk indicators and risk capital reporting and measurement are set by the Group Operational & Reputational Risks department of the Parent Company and applied by FinecoBank in its capacity as a Group Legal Entity. A pivot element of the risk control framework is the operational risk management application, allowing the collection of the data required for operational risk control and capital measurement.

The compliance of the operational risk control and measurement system with external regulations and Group standards is assessed through an internal validation process, under the responsibility of the Group Internal Validation department of the Parent Company, which is independent from the Group Operational & Reputational Risks department.

The Bank has obtained the approval of the Bank of Italy for the use of advanced approaches (AMA) to calculate its capital requirement for operational risk with effect from June 30, 2010.

Organisational structure

The Board of Directors is responsible for approving all aspects relating to the operational risk framework and verifying the adequacy of the measurement and control system and is regularly updated on changes to the risk profile and operational risk exposure.

The reports produced by Risk Management for the Board of Directors ensure that management and the control bodies are constantly updated on the trend in operational risk within the Bank and can actively intervene in the management and mitigation of the risks. The Chief Risk Officer's participation in the Products Committee also ensures oversight of the operational risk associated with the Bank's new business activities.

The Operational Risk Management (ORM) team is part of the broader Risk Management office which reports to the Chief Risk Officer of FinecoBank who in turn reports directly to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager.

The main activities carried out by the Risk Management office in terms of operational risk are:

- recognition, classification, validation and reporting of operating losses with consequent identification of problem areas;
- assessment of potential risks through scenario analyses and risk indicators (Key Risk Indicator-KRI);
- monitoring and optimisation of the internal control system;
- policies to mitigate and transfer risk through insurance cover;
- development of an operational risk culture within the Bank;
- generating reports for the Board of Directors and Senior Management on risk trends.

Internal validation process

In compliance with external regulations, the operational risk control and measurement system is subject to an internal validation process established by the Parent Company, in order to verify its compliance with minimum requirements and Group standards. This process is owned by the Operational and Pillar II Risk Validation Unit, within the Group Internal Validation department.

The use of the Advanced Measurement Approach (AMA) to calculate regulatory capital requires the preparation of an annual report on the management and control system for operational risk by the Operational Risk team. This Annual Report contains a self-assessment of the system and a detailed examination of the governance structure, the process for collecting data on losses, the scenario analyses and internal control system, as well as the operational use of the measurement system.

The Report is submitted to the approval of the Board of Directors and is validated by the Internal Audit department and Group Internal Validation (GIV). For 2018, the most recent validation, the Internal Audit department and Group GIV confirmed that adequate protection measures are in place for operating risk as well as the adequacy of the existing management and control system.

Operational risk management

Operational risk management consists of the review of processes to reduce the risks found and the management of the related insurance policies, with the identification of the suitable deductibles and limits.

From September 2011, a Permanent Work Group (PWG) has been established, which includes the CRO, the Risk Manager as well as Information Security & Fraud Manager and Organisation, to allow them to share their respective expertise in relation to the projects planned or in under way, new processes and products, or changes to them, and anything else that may affect the Bank's risk profile; the PWG's ultimate objective is to identify and then develop new mitigation measures.

As part of the prevention of operational risk and to control sales channels remotely, the Risk Management office has focused on fraud prevention measures.

The development of remote monitoring to prevent fraud has led to the creation of a system called System of Fraud Identification and Analysis (SoFIA). This system enables a larger amount of data and information on individual indicators to be analysed at the same time and enables possible irregularities to be detected on a daily basis through an alert system.

In this way, all of the names put forward to be checked are assessed at the same time with regard to all remote indicators (20 indicators).

On the basis of qualitative and quantitative assessments of these indicators, the assigned staff select any cases that need to be reported to the Network Controls Department, Monitoring and Network Services Department – reporting directly to the Chief Executive Officer – for subsequent examination.

Moreover, the Operational Risk team is updated annually on the results of the tests conducted in accordance with the Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery plans.

Risk capital measurement and allocation mechanism

UniCredit S.p.A.developed an internal model for measuring the capital requirement. The capital requirement is calculated on the basis of internal loss data, external loss data, scenario loss data and risk indicators.

The collection and classification of operating losses is managed by a Group system called Application for Risk Gauging On line (ARGO). In addition to being used for internal prevention and improvement purposes, the information gathered is also used to calculate Pillar 1 and 2 capital requirements.

In terms of risk indicators, there are currently 53 key risk indicators split into eight control areas (Legal, Claims, Credit Cards, Back Office, PFA, IT systems, Payment Systems, Compliance) that contribute to the calculation of the regulatory capital, which the Bank uses to measure its exposure to operational risk. If an indicator shows an irregular value, this may be related to changes in the exposure to operational risk.

Scenario analyses enable the Bank's exposure to operational risk, characterised by low frequency but high potential impact, to be estimated. The scenarios are identified by analysing internal losses, external events, risk indicator trends, critical processes, products and risk classes.

The inclusion of the data generated through the analyses of the scenario and of the trend of risk indicators are a forward-looking element of the risk capital calculation model.

Data collection and control is managed by the Bank, while the management and maintenance of the model to calculate regulatory capital is centralised for all Legal Entities of the Group at the Parent Company.

Risk capital for operational risk used for regulatory purposes as at December 31, 2018, amounted to € 48,292 thousand.

Risks arising from significant legal disputes

The Bank is involved in individually insignificant legal proceedings over which there is considerable uncertainty regarding the outcome and the amount of possible charges, which the Bank could be forced to incur. Where it is possible to reliably estimate the amount of possible charges and the charges are considered likely, provisions have been made in an appropriate amount based on the circumstances and consistent with international accounting standards, by making the best possible estimate of the amount that the Bank will reasonably be expected to incur in discharging its obligations. Specifically, as a precaution against these obligations and customer claims that have not yet resulted in legal proceedings, as at December 31, 2018, the Bank had a provision in place for risks and charges of €28,405 thousand. This provision includes the costs of proceedings borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute plus the estimated expenses to be paid to lawyers, any technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties. This estimate was determined by the Bank, in relation to the current dispute, mainly based on the analysis of the historical trend of legal expenses incurred, by type of litigation and degree of judgment, consistent with the methodology defined by the Parent Company in this regard.

Risks arising from tax disputes and audits

Risks arising from tax disputes and audits as at December 31, 2018 mainly relate to a notice of assessment for the year 2003 containing an objection to the use of tax credits for €2.3 million, in relation to which the bank has appealed to the Supreme Court as it considers its position to be well-founded. The bank has already paid the additional taxes and interest due.

With regard to disputes, the higher taxes, interests and penalties have already been recognised in the income statement with a contra entry, respectively, in tax liabilities and the provision for risks and charges.

Moreover, tax receivables for the amounts paid have been recognised.

In light of the foregoing, as at December 31, 2018 the Bank had in place provisions that adequately reflect the specific circumstances and are in line with international accounting standards; specifically, to tax liabilities of for a total of €5.6 million, for higher tax, and to provisions for risks and charges of €3.9 million, for penalties and interest.

The assessment of ICT operational risk

The prudential regulations require Banks to conduct an analysis, at least annually, of the Bank's ICT risk and to submit the results of the assessment made to the Board of Directors.

In particular, the regulations have introduced standards and specific requirements for managing and assessing ICT risk that require Banks to assess the exposure to these risks, not only by gathering and analysing economic losses, but also by considering additional information, such as ICT incidents occurring and information related to the riskiness of the Bank's assets (hardware and software).

The Parent Company, in performing its role of direction, coordination and control, has established a common framework for the entire Group for the assessment of ICT risk and FinecoBank Risk Management function has adopted that framework.

The results of the analysis, conducted in collaboration with the Bank's Business, ICT and Organisation departments, were reported to the Bank's Board of Directors during 2018.

Quantitative information

Internal operating loss data is the main component used to calculate capital requirements against operational risk. Loss analyses enable the ORM team to make assessments on the Bank's exposure to operational risk and to identify any critical areas. As at December 31, 2018, operating losses recorded in the accounts amounted to approximately € 1.8 million.

The main sources of operating losses are shown below by "event type", i.e. by type of event that generated them according to the Basel II Accord:

- Internal fraud: losses due to unauthorised activities, fraud, embezzlement or infringement of laws, regulations or company directives that involve at least one internal staff member of the bank or a resource hired under an agency contract (PFA);
- External fraud: losses owing to fraud, embezzlement or violation of laws by subjects external to the Bank;
- Employment practices and workplace safety: losses due to actions not compliant with the law or to agreements regarding employment, health and safety, to the payment of compensation for bodily harm, or to cases of discrimination or non-application of equality conditions;
- Customers, products and professional practices: losses arising from non-fulfilment of professional obligations towards customers or from the nature or characteristics of the products or services provided;
- Damage from external events: losses arising from external events, including natural disasters, acts of terrorism and vandalism;
- Business disruption and system failures: losses owing to business disruption and system failures or interruptions;
- Process management, execution and delivery: losses due to deficiencies in the completion of transactions or management of processes, as well as losses due to relations with commercial counterparties, vendors and suppliers.

Section 6 - Other risks

Although the types of risk described above represent the main categories, there are other types that the Bank considers important. In accordance with the provisions of Basel II Pillar 2, the Bank - with the support of the Parent Company - has identified other types of risk in addition to the credit, market, operational and liquidity risks described above:

- Business risk is defined as the distance between the Bank's expected net result and any unforeseen and adverse variances. First of all, it may be caused by a significant deterioration of market conditions, changes to competition or the Bank's cost structure;
- Strategic risk is the risk of suffering potential losses due to decisions or radical changes in the business environment, improper implementation of decisions, lack of responsiveness to changes in the business environment, which result in negative impacts to the risk profile, capital and earnings as well as the overall direction and scope of a bank over the long run;
- Reputational risk, which represents the current or future risk of a fall in profits resulting from a negative perception of the Bank's image by Customers, counterparties, shareholders, investors or Supervisory Authorities.

The Bank has not included Real Estate Risk within the Bank's scope of risk, because it does not hold significant positions in real estate, nor insurance risk, as the insurance companies are not included in its scope of consolidation.

Following the identification of the significant risks, the Parent Company establishes the best way to analyse them in qualitative and quantitative terms. The quantitative measurement is carried out by the Parent Company using data sent by the Bank and is used to calculate the Internal Capital.

Credit, market, operational and business risks are measured quantitatively by the Parent Company, using:

- economic capital, calculation of the benefit of diversification and aggregation as a component of internal capital (including prudential cushion for model risk and variability of the economic cycle);
- stress tests.

Internal Capital is the capital set aside as a buffer against the potential losses inherent in the Group's business activities and it takes into consideration all risk types that the Group has identified as measurable in terms of Economic Capital in line with Pillar II requirements.

For control purposes, Internal Capital is calculated quarterly by the Parent Company based on the periodic figures sent by the Bank.

The multi-dimensional nature of risk makes it necessary to supplement the measurement of economic capital with stress testing, not only in order to estimate losses in certain scenarios, but also to ascertain the impact of their determinants.

The stress test is one of the instruments used control significant risks in order to assess the Bank's vulnerability to "exceptional but plausible" events, providing additional information to the monitoring activities.

Stress testing, in accordance with regulatory requirements, is conducted on the basis of a set of internally defined stress scenarios and is periodically performed by specific Parent Company functions.

ICAAP - Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process

Measuring the risk profile is a fundamental element of the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process under Pillar 2 (ICAAP).

The UniCredit Group's approach to ICAAP relies on the definition of the "Risk Governance", as a preliminary requirement, while the process consists of following phases:

- defining the scope and identifying the risks;
- assessing the risk profile;
- risk appetite setting and capital allocation;
- monitoring and reporting.

Capital adequacy is assessed by considering the balance between assumed risks, both Pillar II, and the available capital. With respect to Pillar II, the relevant metric is the Risk Taking Capacity, which is the ratio of available capital (Available Financial Resources - AFR) to Internal Capital.

Risk Appetite

The main elements of the internal process for determining capital adequacy include the setting and monitoring of the risk appetite. The risk appetite is defined as the level of risk that the Bank is willing to accept for the pursuit of its strategic objectives and business plan, taking into account the interests of its customers and shareholders, capital requirements and other requirements.

The main objectives of the risk appetite are:

- explicitly assessing the risks, and their interconnections at local and Group level, that the Bank decides to assume (or avoid) in a long-term perspective;
- specifying the types of risk that the Bank intends to assume, setting targets, triggers and limits under both normal operating and stress conditions;
- ensuring a risk-return profile "ex-ante" consistent with sustainable long-term growth, as defined by the return forecasts of the strategic plan/budget;
- ensuring that the business developed within the limits of risk tolerance established by the Board of Directors, in accordance with the
 applicable national and international regulations;
- supporting discussions on future policy options with regard to the risk profile;
- guiding the vision of internal and external stakeholders towards a risk profile consistent with the strategic plan;
- providing qualitative descriptions for risks that are difficult to quantify (e.g. strategic, reputational, compliance) to strategically guide the
 review of processes and the internal control system.

The Risk appetite is defined consistently with the Bank's business model and local and Group ICAAP. For this reason, the Risk Appetite is incorporated in the budget process.

The risk appetite includes a statement and a set of KPIs. The Statement sets out the Bank's positioning in terms of strategic objectives and associated risk profiles, while the KPIs are designed to quantitatively measure the Bank's in the following categories:

- Pillar 1 KPI: regulatory requirements, to include the KPIs required by the Supervisory Authority (e.g., capital and liquidity requirements such as LCR and NSFR);
- Managerial KPI: to ensure alignment with the budget in terms of return on capital and credit quality;
- Specific Risk KPI: to ensure control of all major risks (such as Pillar 2 capital adequacy, market risk, interest rate risk and operating risk).

For each of the above mentioned factors, one or more KPIs are identified, in order to quantitatively measure the Bank's positioning under several respects: absolute values, ratio between comparable measures, sensitivity analysis on defined parameters.

The Targets represent the amount of risk that the Bank is willing to take in normal operating conditions in line with its Ambitions. The Targets should be considered as reference thresholds for business development. Triggers are the maximum acceptable deviation from the targets; they are defined to ensure operations under stress within the maximum acceptable level of risk.

Limits are the maximum level of risk that the Bank accepts to assume.

The setting of the thresholds is evaluated on a case by case basis, also through managerial decisions by the Board of Directors, in compliance with the regulatory requirements and of the supervisory bodies and considering the consistency with the Group risk appetite.

The metrics are the subject of regular monitoring and reporting, at least quarterly. The monitoring is respectively carried out by the CRO Department and the CFO Department.





Part F – Shareholders' equity

Section 1 -	Bank's Shareholders' equity	455
Section 2 -	Own funds and regulatory ratios	457

Part F – Shareholders' equity

Section 1 - Bank's shareholders' equity

Qualitative information

The Bank has made a priority of capital management and allocation on the basis of the risk assumed in order to expand its operations and create value. These activities involve the various planning and control stages and, specifically, the planning, budgeting and monitoring processes (analysis of expected and actual performance, analysis and monitoring of limits, performance analysis and monitoring of capital ratios). These activities are also planned in relation to the subsidiary Fineco AM, once it has commenced operations.

Capital and its allocation are therefore extremely important in defining strategies, since on the one hand it represents the shareholders' investment in the Bank, which must be adequately remunerated, on the other hand it is a scarce resource on which there are external limitations imposed by regulatory provisions.

Capital is managed dynamically: the Bank prepares the financial plan, monitors capital requirements for regulatory purposes and anticipates the appropriate steps required to achieve goals.

Monitoring refers, on one hand, to both shareholders' equity and the composition of own funds and, on the other hand, to the planning and performance of risk-weighted assets (RWA).

On January 31, 2018, FinecoBank issued an Additional Tier 1 Perp Non Call June 2023 notes issue (5.5 years, Non-Cumulative Temporary Write-Down Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Notes). The issue of the financial instrument was authorized by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on 23 January 2018. The financial instrument is a perpetual private placement⁴⁹, issued for a total of €200,000 thousand and entirely subscribed by UniCredit S.p.A. The coupon for the first 5.5 years has been fixed at 4.82%. The decision to carry out an intra-group issuance had many advantages: effective cost savings relating, for example, to the underwriting syndicate, and shorter issue times so as not to miss the right moment, maximising the benefits of the transaction.

In view of the particularly favourable market conditions and spread levels, the Bank decided to issue an Additional Tier 1 in order to improve the diversification of its investment portfolio.

⁴⁹ Unrated and unlisted

Quantitative information

B.1 Bank's shareholders' equity: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

ITEMS/AMOUNTS	AMOUNT 12.31.2018	AMOUNT 12.31.2017
1. Share capital	200,773	200,545
2. Share premium reserve	1,934	1,934
3. Reserves	355,673	323,932
- from earnings	321,701	291,841
a) legal	40,155	40,109
b) statutory	-	-
c) treasury shares	13,960	365
d) others	267,586	251,367
- others	33,972	32,091
4. Equity instruments	200,000	-
5. (Treasury shares)	(13,960)	(365)
6. Revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)
- Equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
- Hedging of equity securities designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
- Financial assets (other equity securities) designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	(3,410)	1,472
- Property, plant and equipment	-	-
- Intangible assets	-	-
- Hedging instruments of foreign investments	-	-
- Cash flow hedges	-	-
- Hedge instruments (non-designated elements)	-	-
- Exchange differences	-	-
- Non-current assets classified as held for sale	-	-
- Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss (changes in own creditworthiness)	-	-
- Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	(6,384)	(9,812)
- Revaluation reserves for associates carried at equity	-	-
- Special revaluation laws		=
7. Net profit (loss) for the year	227,922	214,284
Total	962,548	731,990

B.2 Revaluation reserves for financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: breakdown

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12	TOTAL 12.31.2018			
ITEMS/AMOUNTS	POSITIVE RESERVE	NEGATIVE RESERVE			
1. Debt securities	410	(3,820)			
2. Equity instruments	-	-			
3. Loans	-	-			
Total 12.31.2018	410	(3,820)			

Part F - Shareholders' equity (CONTINUED)

B.3 Revaluation reserves for financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	DEBT SECURITIES	EQUITY SECURITIES	LOANS
1. Opening balance	3,449	•	-
2. Increases	449	•	-
2.1 Fair value increases	372	-	-
2.2 Adjustments for credit risk	77	-	-
2.3 Reclassification through profit or loss of realised negative reserves	-	-	-
2.4 Transfer from other shareholder's equity item (equity securities)	-	-	-
2.5 Other changes	-	-	-
3. Decreases	(7,308)		-
3.1 Fair value reductions	(4,843)	-	-
3.2 Recoveries for credit risk	(1)	-	-
3.3 Reclassification through profit or loss of realised positive reserves	(2,464)	-	-
3.4 Transfer to other shareholder's equity item (equity securities)	-	-	-
3.5 Other changes	-	-	-
4. Closing balances	(3,410)	•	•

The initial balance shown in the table refers to the financial assets recorded at January 1, 2018 after restating the opening balances following the entry into force of IFRS 9 (for further details, see Section 5 - Other matters of these Notes of the Accounts).

B.4 Revaluation reserves on defined benefit obligations: annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

1. Opening balance (9 2. Increases 2. 1 Fair value increases 2. 2 Other Changes 3. Decreases 3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes		(
1. Opening balance 2. Increases 2.1 Fair value increases 2.2 Other Changes 3. Decreases 3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes		ACTUARIAL GAINS (LOSSES) ON DEFINED
2. Increases 2.1 Fair value increases 2.2 Other Changes 3. Decreases 3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes		BENEFITS PLANS
2. Increases 2.1 Fair value increases 2.2 Other Changes 3. Decreases 3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes	1. Opening balance	(9,812)
2.2 Other Changes 3. Decreases 3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes	2. Increases	3,428
3. Decreases 3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes	2.1 Fair value increases	3,428
3.1 Fair value reductions 3.2 Other Changes	2.2 Other Changes	-
3.2 Other Changes	3. Decreases	•
ů	3.1 Fair value reductions	-
	3.2 Other Changes	-
4. Closing balances	4. Closing balances	(6,384)

Hereinafter the table drawn up according to IAS 39 and represented according to the 4th update of Circular 262 of Bank of Italy dated 15 December

B.2 Revaluation reserves for available-for-sale financial assets: breakdown (ex IAS 39)

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12.31.2017		
ASSETS/AMOUNTS	POSITIVE RESERVE	NEGATIVE RESERVE	
1. Debt securities	10,529	(10,216)	
2. Equity instruments	1,159	-	
3. Units in investment funds.	-	-	
4. Loans	-	=	
Total 12.31.2017	11,688	(10,216)	

Section 2 - Own funds and regulatory ratios

Please refer to the information on own funds and the capital adequacy contained in the document " Disclosure by Institutions according to Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 as at December 31, 2018", as required by Regulation (EU) 575/2013, is published on the Company's website www.finecobank.com.



Part G – Business combinations

Section 1 - Business combinations completed during the year No information to report.

Section 2 – Business combinations completed after year-end No information to report.

Section 3 – Retrospective adjustments No information to report.



1.	Details of compensation for key management personnel	462
2.	Related-party transactions	462

Part H – Related-party transactions

Information on the fees paid to key management personnel and on related-party transactions, pursuant to IAS 24 is shown below.

1. Details of compensation for key management personnel

Key management personnel are persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the Companies' activities, directly or indirectly. This category includes Board members and members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, pursuant to requirements of the Bank of Italy Circular no. 262 of December 22, 2005 as amended and updated, as well as the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, the Deputy General Manager/GBS Manager, the Chief Financial Officer, the PFA Network Commercial and Private Banking Manager, the Deputy General Manager/Global Business Manager.

		(Amounts in € thousand)
	TOTAL 2018	TOTAL 2017
Fees paid to "Key Management Personnel", Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors		
a) short-term benefits	5,750	5,470
b) post-employment benefits	214	213
of which under defined benefit plans	-	-
of which under defined contribution plans	214	213
c) other long-term employee benefits	-	-
d) termination benefits	1,227	-
e) share-based payments	3,236	2,479
Total	10,427	8,162

2. Related-party transactions

The Board of Directors, in order to ensure continued compliance with applicable legal and regulatory provisions on corporate disclosure on transactions with related parties and persons in conflict of interest, during the meeting on July 31, 2018 and with the prior favorable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors approved last update of "Procedures for managing transactions with subjects in conflict of interest" (the "Procedures").

The aforementioned Procedures include the provisions to be complied with when managing:

- related parties transactions pursuant to the Consob Regulation adopted by resolution on March 12, 2010, no. 17221 as subsequently amended:
- transactions with associated persons pursuant to the regulations on "Risk activities and conflicts of interest with Associated Persons", laid
 down by Bank of Italy Circular on December 27, 2006, no. 263, Title V, Chapter 5 ("New regulations for the prudential supervision of
 banks", as amended);
- obligations of bank officers pursuant to Article 136 of Legislative Decree 385 on September 1, 1993, showing the "Consolidated Law on Banking".

Given that the Bank belongs to the UniCredit Group, the aforementioned Procedures are also based on the "UniCredit Global Policy for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest" and the relevant "Global Process Regulation" issued by UniCredit to subsidiaries as part of its management and coordination.

Considering the above, the following Significant Transactions resolved by the Board of Directors during 2018 are recorded:

- on January 23, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors authorized the issue of an Additional Tier 1 bond totaling € 200 million, fully subscribed by means of private placement by the Group Parent UniCredit S.p.A.; the duration of the loan is perpetual, linked to the statutory duration of the Bank, and the coupon for the first 5.5 years was set at 4.82%. The transaction is an "Ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions";
- on February 6, 2018 with the favorable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework Resolution related to the entering into of hedging derivative contracts with the Parent Company or companies in the UniCredit Group", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions with validity up until February 6th, 2019, which enables the Bank to enter into hedging derivatives with the Parent Company and with UniCredit Bank AG for commercial assets or liabilities that, for ALM purposes, require interest rate hedging, with a plafond of €1,000 million with the Parent Company and €1,300 million with UniCredit Bank AG;
- on May 8, 2018, with the favorable opinion by the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the:
 - o "Framework Resolution Repurchase Agreements and Term Deposits with the Parent Company", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring May 8, 2019), concerning (i) Repurchase Agreements with the Parent Company for a maximum amount of € 7.1 billion, calculated as the sum of the individual transactions in absolute value (either repos or reverse repos) and (ii) Term deposits with the Parent Company for an amount of € 6.3 billion, calculated as the sum of the individual transactions in absolute value;
 - "Framework Resolution for the transactions on current accounts held with UniCredit", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring May 8, 2019), which enables the Bank to manage transaction through specific current accounts with UniCredit S.p.A. for an maximum amount of € 1,000 million understood as a single transaction (single payment and single withdrawal);

- on June 12, 2018, with the favorable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework Resolution - Trading of financial instruments with institutional counterparties and with UniCredit, on their own account and on behalf of third parties, respectively by the Treasury and Markets functions ", an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions (expiring June 11, 2019), which enables the Bank to carry out trading in derivates with related parties institutional counterparties, up to a permitted limit of: (i) €2.7 billion with UniCredit Bank AG, (ii) €250 million with Mediobanca SpA and (iii) €1 billion with UniCredit S.p.A.;
- on September 18, 2018, with the favourable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework resolution Stock Lending Activities with institutional customers", ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions effective until September 17, 2019, related to share securities lending transactions, through which FinecoBank may implement, until the above expiry date, those transactions with a plafond of €700 million for transactions with UniCredit Bank AG and €200 million for transactions with Mediobanca S.p.A.;
- on November 6, 2018, with the favourable opinion of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Board of Directors approved the renewal of the "Framework resolution - Trading of financial instruments of the Parent Company", ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions effective until November 6, 2019 related to the purchase or sale of financial instruments issued by UniCredit with limit of € 1,530 million.

Furthermore, the Risks and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Directors, respectively on 10 and 11 December 2018, issued positive opinions, in compliance with the aforementioned Procedures, on the completion of an ordinary Significant Transaction at market conditions, proposed by the subsidiary Fineco Asset Management DAC (FAM DAC) and related to the "Framework Resolution - FAM DAC term deposits with UniCredit Bank Ireland PIc" concerning the term deposit transactions with a credit plafond of € 55 million which FAM DAC will be able to carry out with UniCredit Bank Ireland Plc until December 10, 2019.

As already mentioned in the disclosure provided in the 2017 Financial Statements, on December 5, 2017, the Board of Directors - with the favourable opinion of the Risk and Related Parties Committee - approved the signing of a new life insurance brokerage contract between FinecoBank S.p.A. and Aviva S.p.A. (related party), to replace the agreement originally signed in 2002 by UniCredit Xelion Banca S.p.A., which was replaced by FinecoBank S.p.A. as a result of the merger. The projected figures as at December 31, 2017 (€13.4 million net to be paid to the Bank) classified the transaction as "Significant typical Transaction carried out at arm's length". The contract was finalized on April 5, 2018. In the meanwhile, as part of the same agreement, in March 2018 the placement of the Aviva "Multiramo Extra" product was included, which combines with and supplements the range of other "Multi-line" products already in the catalogue.

In relation to the above transactions, the Bank provided a simplified disclosure to CONSOB pursuant to Art. 13, paragraph 3, letter c) of CONSOB Regulation on March 12, 2010, no. 17221.

As of December 31, 2018, no other transactions were undertaken with related parties that could significantly affect the Bank's asset situation and results, or atypical and/or unusual transactions, including intercompany and related party transactions.

Minor Transactions were also carried out with the Parent Company, other Group companies and/or with related parties in general, both Italian and foreign, within the ordinary course of business and related financial activities of the Bank, at market or standard conditions.

Lastly, with regard to transactions of significant financial and economic relevance, during 2012, the Bank issued 5 bank guarantees in favour of the Italian Revenue Agency upon (guaranteed) request by UniCredit S.p.A., with indefinite duration (specifically, valid until the Italian Revenue Agency issues a declaration of receipt of the payment by UniCredit S.p.A. at the end of the collection process, in the event of an unfavourable outcome for UniCredit S.p.A., or until a ruling is issued in favour of the Bank by means of final judgement), for a total amount of €256 million, plus interest accrued and accruing until request for payment from the Italian Revenue Agency. The bank guarantees were issued to secure the obligations assumed by UniCredit S.p.A. in relation to five VAT refund suspension orders issued by the Italian Revenue Agency, and entail the assumption by the Bank of an irrevocable payment commitment on demand, within 30 days and without any exceptions. In 2013, following the settlement of an overall assessment notice issued by the Regional Department of Liguria, for €4.5 million, replaced by another assessment notice issued by the same Department up to the amount settled, a guarantee already issued by the Bank was replaced, with amounts unchanged; this transaction did not change the commitments undertaken according to the forms, procedures and risks already assessed during 2012, which remained unchanged; in this regard it is specified, however, following the consolidation of the definition of pending charges linked to the aforementioned bank guarantees, in December 2018 UniCredit S.p.A. has required the almost total release (about €224.5 million) to the competent office of the Regional Department of Liguria and the Bank is waiting for the corresponding reply.

Part H - Related-party transactions (CONTINUED)

The following statement shows the outstanding assets, liabilities, guarantees and commitments as at December 31, 2018, for each group of related parties pursuant to IAS 24:

(Amounts in € thousand) AMOUNTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018 DIRECTORS, BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS AND KEY OTHER MANAGEMENT RELATED % OF CARRYING SHAREHOLD % OF CARRYING PERSONNEL **PARTIES** TOTAL **AMOUNT** 0.00% 0.00% Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivable with banks 1.002 13.113 14.115 0.13% 1.762 0.02% Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivable with customers 0.00% Other assets 0.00% 1,002 13.117 14.119 1.762 0.01% Total assets 0.06% Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks 1.641 1.641 0.16% 0.00% Financial liabilities at amortised cost b) deposits from customers 2.281 6.480 8.761 0.04% 0.00% Other liabilities 130 61 0.06% 0.00% Total liabilities 2,411 8,182 10,593 0.04% 0.00% Guarantees given and commitments 92 0.01% 0.00%

The following table sets out the impact of transactions with related parties on the main Income Statement items, for each group of related parties.

(Amounts in € thousand						
		INCOME STA	TEMENT AT	DECEMBER 31, 20	018	
	DIRECTORS, BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL	OTHER RELATED PARTIES	TOTAL	% OF CARRYING AMOUNT	SHAREHOL DERS	% OF CARRYING AMOUNT
Interest income and similar revenues	11	16	27	0.01%	-	0.00%
Interest expenses and similar charges	(1)	-	(1)	0.01%	-	0.00%
Fee and commission income	11	40,321	40,332	7.46%	7,548	1.40%
Fee and commission expenses	-	(254)	(254)	0.10%	-	0.00%
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	(20)	(20)	-0.05%	-	0.00%
Impairment losses/writebacks	(2)	(9)	(11)	0.31%	(2)	0.06%
Other administrative expenses	-	(172)	(172)	0.07%	-	0.00%
Other net operating income	36	10	46	0.05%	-	0.00%
Total income statement	55	39,892	39,947	_	7,546	

With regard to the category "Directors, Board of Statutory Auditors and Key Management Personnel", in application of the special regulations laid down in Article 136 of Legislative Decree 385/93 (Consolidated Law on Banking), the obligations established for persons that perform administrative, management and control functions pursuant to those regulations were unanimously approved by a resolution of the Board of Directors with the favourable vote of all members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, in accordance with Article 136 of said Consolidated Law on Banking.

The category "Directors, Board of Statutory Auditors and Key Management Personnel" includes their dealings with the Bank (excluding their fees, which are discussed in point 1. *Details of compensation for key management personnel*) and the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A., mainly concerning assets for credit card use and mortgages, liabilities for funds held by them with the Bank and costs and revenues generated from the aforesaid assets and liabilities.

The "Other related parties" category, where present, includes:

- close family members of key management personnel (i.e., relatives who could be expected to influence, or be influenced by the party involved);
- companies controlled (or jointly controlled) by, or associated with, "key management personnel" or their close family members;
- associates, and their subsidiaries, of the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A..

Transactions with "Other related parties", mainly refer to:

- assets for credit card use and liabilities for funds held with the Bank or securities lending transactions guaranteed by sums of money;
- assets for current receivables associated with the provision of financial services, mainly referring to fees for the placement of asset management and insurance products;
- costs and revenues generated from the above assets and liabilities, mainly referring to subscription and management fee and commission income related to the placement of asset management and insurance products and insurance premiums.

The "Shareholders" category includes shareholders and their subsidiaries holding an investment higher than 2% of voting shares of FinecoBank and of the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A.. Transactions mainly refer to operating receivables connected with the provision of financial services

referring to the commissions to be cashed for the placement of asset management products and the revenues generated by the same placement activity.

Amounts as at December 31, 2018 and the income components accrued in 2018 relating to the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A. and the UniCredit group companies are not included, as they are presented further below.

Amounts as at December 31, 2018 and the income components accrued in 2018 relating to the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A. and the UniCredit group companies are not included, as they are presented further below.

Transactions with the parent company and other unicredit group companies

		% OF CARRYING
TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH UNICREDIT GROUP COMPANIES	TOTAL 12.31.2018	AMOUNT
Assets	12,132,658	49.09%
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	12,122,439	97.55%
Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers	5,766	0.05%
Other assets	4,453	1.27%
Liabilities	1,032,511	4.18%
Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	828,401	82.04%
Other liabilities	4,072	1.21%
Provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given	38	77.55%
Equity instruments	200,000	100.00%
Guarantees and commitments	256,070	24.93%
Guarantees given and commitments	256,070	24.93%
Income statement	191,962	
Interest income and similar revenues	173,484	59.18%
Interest expenses and similar charges	(2,931)	20.29%
Fee and commission income	36,953	6.83%
Fee and commission expenses	(6,582)	2.47%
Dividend income and similar revenue	-	0.00%
Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading	-	0.00%
Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting	-	0.00%
Gains and losses on disposal or repurchase of	-	0.00%
Impairment losses/writebacks	3,144	89.12%
Administrative expenses	(12,645)	3.71%
Net provisions for risks and charges a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	412	102.49%
Other net operating income	127	0.13%

The following table summarises transactions with UniCredit group companies as at December 31, 2018.

				(Amounts in € thousand)
			GUARANTEES AND	
COMPANY	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	COMMITMENTS	INCOME STATEMENT
Unicredit S.p.A.	12,126,481	996,690	256,070	164,639
Unicredit Bank AG	85	35,668	-	764
Unicredit Bank AG Milano	-	-	-	136
UniCredit International Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.	-	-	-	27
Unicredit Factoring S.p.A.	-	-	-	81
Unicredit Leasing S.p.A.	-	-	-	6
Unicredit Business Integrated Solutions S.C.p.A.	234	137	-	(9,468)
Cordusio Società Fiduciaria per Azioni	46	16	-	24
Fineco Asset Management DAC	5,812	-	-	35,753
Total	12,132,658	1,032,511	256,070	191,962

Part H - Related-party transactions (CONTINUED)

The following tables contain a breakdown of the items relating to Assets, Liabilities, Guarantees and Commitments, Costs and Revenues for each individual Group company.

Transactions with parent company

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit S.p.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	12,126,481
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	12,122,389
Other assets	4,092
Liabilities	996,690
Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	792,733
Other liabilities	3,919
Provisions for risks and charges: a) commitments and guarantees given	38
Equity instruments	200,000
Guarantees and commitments	256,070
Guarantees given and commitments	256,070
Income statement	164,639
Interest income and similar revenues	173,318
Interest expenses and similar charges	(2,931)
Fee and commission income	506
Fee and commission expenses	(6,553)
Impairment losses/writebacks	3,167
Administrative expenses	(3,293)
Net provisions for risks and charges a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given	412
Other net operating income	13

Transactions with companies controlled by UniCredit S.p.A.

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Bank AG	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	85
Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks	50
Other assets	35
Liabilities	35,668
Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	35,668
Income statement	764
Interest income and similar revenues	149
Fee and commission income	616
Fee and commission expenses	(1)

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Bank AG Milano	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Income statement	136
Fee and commission income	136

	(Amounts in € thousand)
UniCredit International Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Income statement	27
Fee and commission income	27

	(Amounto in 6 thousand)
	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Factoring S.p.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Income statement	81
Administrative expenses	81

(Amounts in € thousand)

	(Amounts in € thousand)
Unicredit Business Integrated Solutions S.C.p.A.	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	234
Other assets	234
Liabilities	137
Other liabilities	137
Income statement	(9,468)
Administrative expenses	(9,468)

(Amounts in € thousand)

Cordusio Società Fiduciaria per Azioni	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	46
Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers	46
Liabilities	16
Other liabilities	16
Income statement	24
Fee and commission income	44
Fee and commission expenses	(28)
Administrative expenses	8

(Amounts in € thousand)

Fineco Asset Management DAC	TOTAL 12.31.2018
Assets	5,812
Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers	5,720
Other assets	92
Income statement	35,753
Interest income and similar revenues	18
Fee and commission income	35,624
Impairment losses/writebacks	(24)
Administrative expenses	21
Other net operating income	114



Part I – Share-based payments

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Part I – Share-based payments

A. Qualitative information

1. Description of share-based payments

1.1 Outstanding instruments

The Medium & Long Term Incentive Plans for employees and financial advisors of the Bank include the following types of instruments:

- Equity-Settled Share Based Payments that involve payments settled with shares of the parent UniCredit S.p.A. and of the Bank;
- Cash Settled Share Based Payments that involve payments made in cash⁵⁰.

The above categories refer to the allocation of the following plans:

- Group Executive Incentive Systems that offers eligible Group Executives a variable remuneration for which payment will be made within a maximum of five years. The beneficiaries receive a payment in cash and/or UniCredit shares, in relation to the achievement of performance conditions (other than marked conditions) stated in the Plan Rules;
- Incentive Systems (Bonus Pool), offering selected Executives and personnel identified on the basis of regulatory requirements, a bonus structure consisting of immediate payments (following performance evaluation) and deferred payments in cash and ordinary UniCredit or FinecoBank shares, over a maximum period of 6 years. This payment structure ensures that bonuses are aligned to shareholders' interests and is subject to malus clauses (which apply in the event that specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not met at Group and/or at Country/Division level) and clawback clauses (to the extent they are legally applicable) in accordance with the plan rules (both represent vesting conditions other than market conditions);
- Employee Share Ownership Plan (ESOP Let's Share), which offers eligible Bank employees the possibility to buy UniCredit ordinary shares with the advantage of involving the granting of free ordinary shares ("Free Shares" or rights to receive them) measured on the basis of the shares purchased by each Participant ("Investment Share") during the "Enrolment Period". The granting of free ordinary shares is subordinated to vesting conditions stated in the Plan Rules;
- Stock granting for employees that grants the free allocation of FinecoBank shares to beneficiaries belonging to the category of Managers with Strategic Responsibilities ("2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management"). Shares will be allocated to the beneficiaries in 4 yearly tranches starting from 2017. The plan is subject to access conditions (profitability and capital thresholds) and clawback clauses (as legally applicable) in accordance with its rules;
- 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Employees entirely based on free FinecoBank shares, to be granted to selected Bank's Employees. The Plan provides goals linked to 2020 FinecoBank targets in terms of value creation, sustainability and risk, with entry condition at Bank and Group level and clawback and malus conditions. The Plan provides a payout structure in a multi year period defined on the basis of the beneficiaries categories, in line with the regulatory provisions;
- Stock granting for personal financial advisors offering the allocation of free shares of FinecoBank to the network's personal financial advisors, subject to the achievement by the Bank's entire PFA network of a set net sales target for the three-year period 2015-2017 ("2015-2017 PFA Plan"). The shares will be allocated to the respective beneficiaries in 3 annual instalments from 2018. The plan is subject to access conditions (profitability and capital thresholds) and clawback clauses (as legally applicable) in accordance with the plan
- 2015 Incentive System for personal financial advisors, offering selected financial advisors, identified Staff in accordance with regulatory requirements, an incentive system consisting of immediate cash payments (following performance evaluation) and deferred payments and the allocation of Phantom Shares, over a period of 5 years. This payment structure ensures that bonuses are aligned to shareholders' interests and is subject to malus clauses (which apply in the event that specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not met at Group and/or at Country/Division level) and clawback clauses (to the extent they are legally applicable) in accordance with the plan rules (both vesting conditions other than market conditions);
- Incentive Systems for personal financial advisors, offering selected financial advisors, identified Staff in accordance with regulatory requirements, incentive systems consisting of immediate cash payments (following performance evaluation) and deferred payments, in cash and FinecoBank ordinary shares, over a period of 5 years. This payment structure ensures that bonuses are aligned to shareholders' interests and is subject to malus clauses (which apply in the event that specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not met at Group and/or FinecoBank level) and clawback clauses (to the extent they are legally applicable) in accordance with the plan rules (both vesting conditions other than market conditions);
- 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Financial Advisors Identified Staff that provides a bonus in cash and FinecoBank ordinary shares for the financial advisors that will be identified Staff in 2020 towards the achievement of commercial performance goal in 2018 2020. The plan provides entry conditions at Bank and Group level and malus and clawback conditions. The plan provides also a multiyear payout structure.

⁵⁰ Commensurate to the economic value of FinecoBank S.p.A.'s equity instruments.

Shares for employee incentive plans envisaging the allocation of FinecoBank shares will be issued through free capital increases in accordance with Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code.

The financial instruments for incentive plans for the Bank's financial advisors involving the allocation of FinecoBank shares will be obtained through market purchases in implementation of the authorisation of the Bank Shareholders' Meeting pursuant to Article 2357 of the Italian Civil Code and of the Supervisory Authority.

1.2 Measurement model

1.2.1 Group Executive Incentive System

The amount of the incentive is determined on the basis of the achievement of quantitative and qualitative goals stated by the plan. In particular, the overall evaluation is expressed as a percentage, from a minimum of 0% to a maximum of 150% (non market vesting conditions). This percentage, adjusted by the application of a risk/opportunity factor - Group Gate - at first payment and multiplied by the incentive, determines the actual amount that will be paid to the beneficiary.

The balance-sheet and income statement effects are spread according to the term of the Plans.

No new Plans were granted in 2018.

1.2.2 Incentive Systems (Bonus Pool)

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plans are divided into clusters, each of which may include two to three deferred share-based payment instalments according to the period defined by the plan rules. The Plans have been allocated starting from 2014 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.2.1 2017 Incentive System (Bonus Pool)

The plan was allocated in 2017 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

		FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED			
		2017 INCENTIVE SYSTEM (BONUS POOL)			
	2020 INSTALMENT	2021 INSTALMENT	2022 INSTALMENT	2023 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	09-gen-17	09-gen-17	09-gen-17	09-gen-17	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	06-feb-18	06-feb-18	06-feb-18	06-feb-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-gen-17	01-gen-17	01-gen-17	01-gen-17	
Vesting Period End Date	31-dic-17	31-dic-19	31-dic-20	31-dic-21	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.690	9.690	9.690	9.690	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-0.575	-0.894	-1.267	-1.921	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.115	8.796	8.423	7.769	

1.2.2.2 2018 Incentive System (Bonus Pool)

The 2018 Incentive System is based on a bonus pool approach, in line with regulatory requirements and market practices; this approach sets out:

- the system's sustainability, by linking it directly to business results and aligning it to relevant risk categories through specific indicators that reflect the risk appetite framework;
- the link between the bonus and the organisational structure, the bonus pool being defined at Bank level and further reviewed at Group level:
- the allocation of bonuses to beneficiaries identified as Executives and other key personnel on the basis of criteria laid down in the Regulation of the European Banking Authority (EBA), and to other specific roles, based on local regulatory requirements;
- a structure of payments spread over a period of up to 6 years and consisting of a mix of cash and shares, aligned with the latest regulatory requirements as set out in Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD IV).

The plan was assigned during the current year and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.3 Employee Share Ownership Plan

During 2018 no new plans were assigned, but the economic and equity effects referring to the Let's 2017 Plan were recorded, in line with the provisions of the regulation.

Part I - Share-based payments (CONTINUED)

1.2.4 Stock granting for employees

1.2.4.1 2014 - 2017 Multi-year - Top management Plan

The plan offers the allocation of free shares of FinecoBank to beneficiaries belonging to the Top Management with strategic responsibilities. The shares will be allocated to the respective beneficiaries, once the vesting period has elapsed and satisfaction of the conditions has been verified, in 4 annual tranches, starting in 2017.

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plan was allocated in 2014 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.5 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Employees

The Plan establishes FinecoBank targets set at 2020 in terms of value creation, sustainability and risk.

The Plan Beneficiaries are selected among the "key" Bank resources, including the Mnagers with Strategic Responsibilities.

The Plan, which is in line with regulatory requirements and market practices, includes:

- Bank goal sas EVA, Cost/Income and Cost of Risk on commercial loans;
- Bank and Group entry and malus conditions based on profitability, capital and liquidity parameters;
- Individual compliance and clawback conditions;
- a risk adjustment based on the yearly results of the CRO Dashboard.

The plan was allocated in the current exercise and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

		FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED			
	2018-2020 LC	2018-2020 LONG TERM INCETIVE PLAN- IDENTIFIED STAFF AND CEO			
	2023 INSTALMENT	2023 INSTALMENT	2024 INSTALMENT	2025 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-May-18	08-May-18	08-May -18	08-May-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-23	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.880	9.880	9.880	9.880	
Av erage Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-1.354	-1.354	-1.721	-2.084	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	8.526	8.526	8.159	7.796	

		FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED			
	2018-202	2018-2020 LONG TERM INCETIVE PLAN- OTHER PERSONNEL			
	2023 INSTALMENT	2023 INSTALMENT	2024 INSTALMENT	2025 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	10-Jan-18	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-May -18	08-May-18	08-May -18	08-May-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	01-Jan-18	
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-23	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.880	9.880	9.880	9.880	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-0.609	-0.983	-1.354	-1.721	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.271	8.897	8.526	8.159	

1.2.6 Stock granting for for personal financial advisors

1.2.6.1 2015 - 2017 PFA Plan

The amount of the incentive will be determined on the basis of the achievement of the goals stated by the plan, subject to the Bank's entire financial advisors network meeting their cumulative net sales targets for the three-year period 2015-2017.

The plan helps align the interests of beneficiaries, shareholders and other stakeholders and implement effective remuneration practices, in accordance with the applicable legislative and regulatory framework. The plan is subject to verification that the conditions established by the plan rules are satisfied.

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plan was allocated in 2014 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINEC	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED		
		2015-2017 PFA PLAN		
	2020 INSTALMENT	2021 INSTALMENT	2022 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	02-Jul-14	02-Jul-14	02-Jul-14	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-Feb-18	08-Feb-18	08-Feb-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15	
Vesting Period End Date	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-20	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	10.087	10.087	10.087	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	0.000	-0.290	-0.609	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	10.087	9.797	9.478	

1.2.7 2015 Incentive System for personal financial advisors

The amount of the incentive is determined on the basis of the achievement of the goals stated by the plan.

The balance-sheet and income statement effects are spread across the term of the Plan. The economic value of the phantom shares allocated corresponds to the market price of the FinecoBank shares.

The plan was allocated in 2015 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINEC	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED		
	2015	2015 INCENTIVE SYSTEM PFA		
	2018 INSTALMENT	2019 INSTALMENT	2020 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	10-Mar-15	10-Mar-15	10-Mar-15	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	08-Feb-16	08-Feb-16	08-Feb-16	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15	01-Jan-15	
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-18	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.690	To be defined	To be defined	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	0.000	To be defined	To be defined	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.690	To be defined	To be defined	

1.2.8 Incentive Systems for personal financial advisors

The economic value of the shares granted is measured considering the share market price at the grant date less the present value of future dividends during the vesting period.

The plans are divided into clusters, each of which may include two to three deferred share-based payment instalments according to the period defined by the plan rules. The Plans have been allocated starting from 2016 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.8.1 2017 PFA Incentive System

The plan was allocated in 2017 and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

	FINEC	FINECOBANK SHARES GRANTED		
	2017	2017 PFA INCENTIVE SYSTEM		
	2020 INSTALMENT	2021 INSTALMENT	2022 INSTALMENT	
Bonus Opportunity Economic Value Grant Date	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17	09-Jan-17	
Number of Shares - Date of Board resolution	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18	06-Feb-18	
Vesting Period Start Date	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17	01-Jan-17	
Vesting Period End Date	31-Dec-17	31-Dec-19	31-Dec-20	
FinecoBank Share Market Price [€]	9.690	9.690	9.690	
Average Economic Value of Vesting conditions [€]	-0.575	-0.894	-1.267	
Performance Shares value per share at Grant Date [€]	9.115	8.796	8.423	

1.2.8.2 2018 PFA Incentive System

The 2018 PFA Incentive System is based on a bonus pool approach, in line with regulatory requirements and market practices; this approach sets out:

- the system's sustainability, by linking it directly to business results and aligning it to relevant risk categories through specific indicators that reflect the risk appetite framework;
- the link between the bonus and the organisational structure, the bonus pool being defined at Bank level and further reviewed at Group level:

Part I – Share-based payments (CONTINUED)

- the allocation of bonuses to beneficiaries identified as key personnel based on criteria laid down in the Regulation of the European Banking Authority (EBA), and to other specific roles, based on local regulatory requirements;
- a structure of payments spread over a period of up to 5 years and consisting of a mix of cash and shares, aligned with the latest regulatory requirements as set out in Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD IV).

The plan was assigned during the current year and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

1.2.9 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Financial Advisors Identified Staff

The Plan is dedicated to the Financial Advisors that will be Bank's Identified Staff in 2020 and provides three-years (2018-2020) commercial performance goals. Moreover the Plan includes:

- entry conditions based on individual FinecoBank, and Group performance;
- FinecoBank capital, liquidity and profitability and Group capital and liquidity malus conditions
- Specific individual compliance and clawback conditions;
- a risk adjustment based on the yearly results of the CRO Dashboard;
- a balanced payment structure with upfront and deferred payments in cash and/or FinecoBank shares.

The plan was allocated in the current exercise and the income statement and balance sheet effects will be recognised during the vesting period of the instruments.

Quantitative information

1. Annual changes

(Amounts in € thousand)

	T0	TOTAL 12.31.2018			TAL 12.31.2017	
ITEMS/NUMBER OF OPTIONS AND EXERCISE PRICE	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	AVERAGE PRICES	AVERAGE MATURITY	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	AVERAGE PRICES	AVERAGE MATURITY
A. Opening balance	1,971,985	-	Jan 2019	2,937,685	-	Nov 2017
B. Increases	3,046,264	-	Χ	632,553	-	Х
B.1 New issues	3,046,264	-	Oct 2020	632,553	-	Jan 2020
B.2 Other increases	-	-	Х	-	-	Х
C. Decreases	(1,438,004)	-	Χ	(1,598,253)	-	Х
C.1 Cancelled	(61,227)	-	Χ	(4,897)	-	Х
C.2 Exercised	(1,376,777)	-	Х	(1,593,356)	-	Х
C.3 Expired	-	-	Χ	-	-	Х
C.4 Other changes	-	-	Χ	-	-	X
D. Closing balance	3,580,245	-	Sept 2020	1,971,985	-	Jan 2019
E. Vesting options at the end of the period	552,883	-	Х	718,153		Х

The number of shares specified in the above table only refers to plans for which the number of shares allotted to individual beneficiaries has already been defined. The average prices for the year have not been stated because only freely allocated shares were involved.

2. Other information

Effects on Profit and Loss

The income statement and balance-sheet effects of the incentive systems based on FinecoBank and UniCredit shares are shown below, except for the balance of the reserve related to equity-settled plans.

The income statement impact is determined each year based on the vesting period of the instruments.

Financial statement presentation related to payments based on shares of FinecoBank and of the Parent **Company UniCredit**

(Amounts in € thousand)

	TOTAL 12	TOTAL 12.31.2018		2.31.2017
	TOTAL	VESTED PLANS	TOTAL	VESTED PLANS
Costs	8,336		8,275	
- connected to Equity Settled Plans	8,280		8,109	
- connected to Cash Settled Plans	56		166	
Sums paid to UniCredit S.p.A. for vested plans		417		231
Sums collected by UniCredit S.p.A. for vested plans		64		
Payable due to UniCredit S.p.A.	179		573	
Credit accrued towards Unicredit S.p.A.	151		-	
Payable due to personal financial advisors for Cash Settled plans	159		365	

Please note that the charges relating to Equity Settled Plans were recognised as Administrative costs - Staff expenses with respect to the plans granted to employees and as Administrative costs or Fee and commission expense with regard to plans granted to personal financial advisors. Charges relating to Cash Settled Plans granted to financial advisors have been recognised as Fee and commission expense.



Part L - Segment reporting

Segment reporting information, as required by IFRS 8 is presented exclusively in consolidated form. Therefore, reference should be made to the segment reporting disclosure provided in Part L of the Notes to the consolidated accounts.



Annexes

Attachment 1 - Reconciliation of condensed accounts to mandatory reporting schedule

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Attachment 1 - Reconciliation of condensed accounts to mandatory reporting schedule

(Amounts in € thousand) AMOUNT AS AT 12.31.2017 ASSETS 12.31.2018 Cash and cash balances = item 10 613 Financial assets held for trading 6,876 8,827 20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss a) financial assets held for trading 6.876 8.827 Loans and receivables with banks 3.044.974 3.038.741 40. Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks 12,427,086 13,345,067 less: Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks - Debt securities (9, 382, 112) (10,306,326) 2.947.390 2,129,219 Loans and receivables with customers 40. Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers 10,821,345 6,955,609 less: Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers - Debt securities (7,873,955) (4,826,390) 18,234,182 16,715,541 Financial investments 20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss c) other financial assets mandatorily at fair value 13,342 539,854 30. Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income 961,773 1,042,471 70. Equity investments 3,000 500 9,382,112 Financial assets at amortised cost a) loans and receivables with banks - Debt securities 10.306.326 7 873 955 4 826 390 Financial assets at amortised cost b) loans and receivables with customers - Debt securities Hedging instruments 8,187 10,048 50. Hedging derivatives 3,314 458 60. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial assets (+/-) 4,873 9,590 Property, plant and equipment = item 80 16.330 15.205 Goodwill = item 90. Intangible assets of which: goodwill 89,602 89,602 Other intangible assets = item 90 net of goodwill 8,705 7,909 Tax assets = item 100 9,226 6.714 Other assets = item 120 350.608 315.460 Total assets 24,713,574 22,340,391

	(A	mounts in € thousand)
	AMOUNT AS A	λT ,
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	12.31.2018	12.31.2017
Deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost a) deposits from banks	1,009,774	926,001
Deposits from customers	22,269,098	20,205,036
10. Financial liabilities at amortised cost b) deposits from customers	22,269,098	20,205,036
Financial liabilities held for trading = item 20	2,221	11,936
Hedging instruments	7,941	(397)
40. Hedging derivatives	5,341	3,375
50. Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged financial liabilities (+/-)	2,600	(3,772)
Tax liabilities = item 60	12,184	10,234
Other liabilities	449,808	455,591
80. Other liabilities	335,442	338,178
90. Provisions for employee severance pay	4,561	4,999
100. Provisions for risks and charges	109,805	112,414
Shareholders' Equity	962,548	731,990
- capital and reserves	744,420	526,046
130. Equity instruments	200,000	-
140. Reserves	355,673	323,932
150. Share premium reserve	1,934	1,934
160. Share capital	200,773	200,545
170. Treasury shares (-)	(13,960)	(365)
- revaluation reserves	(9,794)	(8,340)
110. Revaluation reserves of which: financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(3,410)	1,472
110. Revaluation reserves for actuarial net gains (losses) for defined benefit plans	(6,384)	(9,812)
- net profit = item 180	227,922	214,284
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	24,713,574	22,340,391

As stated in the "Introduction to the annual reports and accounts", the balance-sheet data as at December 31, 2017 have been restated, with unchanged totals, according to the reclassified financial statement format that incorporates the changes introduced by the mentioned 5th update of Circular 262.

(Amounts in € thousand) YEAR NCOME STATEMENT 2018 2017 278.702 264.781 Net interest 30. Net interest margin 278.702 264.781 Dividends and other income from equity investments 8.042 29 70. Dividend income and similar revenue 8.094 55 less: dividends from held-for-trading equity instruments included in item 70 (52)(26)Net fee and commission income = item 60 273.828 270.083 273.828 60. Net fee and commission income 270.083 44.239 48.219 Net trading, hedging and fair value income 80. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading 43.833 19 90. Fair value adjustments in hedge accounting 171 100. Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income 1.666 110. Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (1.500)26 + dividends from held-for-trading equity instruments included in item 70 52 + gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities (unimpaired) 17 Gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities held for trading (ex IAS 39 item 80) 47.413 Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: b) available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 item 100) 761 300 3.806 Net other expenses/income 94.766 90.350 200. Other net operating income less: other net operating income - of which: recovery of expenses (96.767)(93.368)less: adjustments of leasehold improvements 2.301 2.873 100. Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost (unimpaired) 17 less: gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities (unimpaired) (17)Gains (losses) on disposal or repurchase of: a) loans and receivables (ex IAS 39 item 100) 3 951 OPERATING INCOME 605.111 586.918 Staff expenses (84.310) (79.260) 160. Administrative expenses - a) staff expenses (84.431) (78.852)(408) less: integration cost 121 (244.009) Other administrative expenses (236.839) (244.532) 160. Administrative expenses - b) other administrative expenses (256.014) less: ex-ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund (SRF) Deposit Guarantee Systems (DGS) 14.306 10.566 + adjustments of leasehold improvements (2.301)(2.873)96.767 93.369 Recovery of expenses 200. Other net operating income- of which: recovery of expenses 96.767 93.369 Impairment/write-backs on intangible and tangible assets (10.370)(10.369)180. Impairment/write-backs on property, plant and equipment (5 411) (5.569)190. Impairment/write-backs on intangible assets (4.959)(4.800)Operating costs (241.922) (233.099)OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS) 363.189 353.819 Net impairment losses on loans and provisions for guaranteed and commitments (4.392)(5.351)130. Impairment losses/writebacks on: a) financial assets at amortised cost (3.414) less: impairment losses/writebacks on: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities (1.380)130. Impairment losses/writebacks on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income less: impairment losses/writebacks on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - debt securities 114 170. Net provisions for risks and charges a) provision for credit risk of commitments and financial guarantees given 402 Impairment losses/writebacks on: a) loans and receivables (ex IAS 39 item 130) (5.357)Impairment losses/writebacks on: d) other financial assets (ex IAS 39 item 130) 6 358.797 348.468 **NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)** (21.380)(19.025) Other charges and provisions 170. Net provisions for risks and charges b) other net provision (7.074)(8.459)+ ex-ante contributions to the Single Resolution Fund (SRF) Deposit Guarantee Systems (DGS) (14.306) (10.566)408 Integration costs (121) Net income from investments 1.105 (13.399) + impairment losses/writebacks on: a) financial assets at amortised cost - debt securities 1.380 + impairment losses/writebacks on: b) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - debt securities (114)250. Gains (losses) on disposal of investments (161) (508) Impairment losses/writebacks on: b) available-for-sale financial assets (ex IAS 39 item 130) (12.891)PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS 338.401 316.452 (110.479) (102.168) Income tax for the year = item 270 NET PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS 227.922 214.284 PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

As stated in the "Introduction to the annual reports and accounts", the income statement data of the year 2017 have been restated, with unchanged totals, according to the reclassified financial statement format that incorporates the changes introduced by the mentioned 5th update of Circular 262.



Certification of annual financial statements pursuant to article 81-ter of consob regulation no. 11971 of may 14, 1999 and subsequent amendments

- 1. The undersigned, Alessandro Foti, as Managing Director and General Manager of FinecoBank S.p.A., and Lorena Pelliciari, as Nominated Official in charge of drawing up company accounts of FinecoBank S.p.A, taking into account the provisions of Article 154-bis, par. 3 and 4 of Legislative Decree 58 of February 24, 1998, do hereby certify:
 - the adequacy in relation to the Company's features and
 - the actual application

of the administrative and accounting procedures used in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

- 2. The adequacy of the administrative and accounting procedures employed to draw up the financial statements for the year has been evaluated by applying a model defined by the UniCredit Group, in accordance with the "Internal Control - Integrated Framework (CoSO)" and the "Control Objective for IT and Related Technologies (Cobit)", which are international commonly accepted standards for the internal control system and for financial reporting.
- 3. The undersigned also certify that:
- 3.1 the Annual Report and Accounts:
 - a) were prepared in compliance with applicable international accounting standards recognised by the European Community pursuant to European Parliament and Council Regulation 1606/2002 of July 19, 2002;
 - correspond to the results of the books and accounting records:
 - are suitable to provide an accurate representation of the financial position and performance of the issuer;
- 3.2. the Report on operations contains a reliable operating and financial review of the issuer, as well as the description of its exposure to the main risks and uncertainties.

Milan, February 5, 2019

FinecoBank S.p.A. The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager Alessandro Foti

FinecoBank S.p.A. The Manager Responsible for Preparing the Company's Financial Reports Lorena Pelliciari





Report of the External Auditors



Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. Via Tortona, 25 20144 Milano Italia

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF LEGISLATIVE DECREE No. 39 OF JANUARY 27, 2010 AND ARTICLE 10 OF THE EU REGULATION 537/2014

To the Shareholders of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A.

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. (the "Bank"), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2018, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the accounts.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Bank as at December 31, 2018, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of national regulations issued pursuant to art. 9 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 38/05 and art. 43 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 136/15.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the ethical requirements applicable under Italian law to the audit of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Ancona Bari Bergamo Bologna Brescia Cagliari Firenze Genova Milano Napoli Padova Palermo Parma Roma Torino Treviso Verona

Sede Legale: Via Tortona, 25 – 20144 Milano | Capitale Sociale Euro 10.328.220,00 i.v. Codice Fiscale/Registro delle Imprese Milano n. 03049560166 – REA Milano n. 1720239 | Partita IVA IT 03049560166

Il nome Deloitte si riferisce a una o più delle seguenti entità: Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, una società inglese a responsabilità limitata ("DTTL"), le member firm aderenti al suo network e le entità a esse correlate. DTTL e ciascuna delle sue member firm sono entità giuridicamente separate e indipendenti tra loro. DTTL (denominata anche "Deloitte Global") non fomisce servizi ai clienti. Si invita a leggere l'informativa completa relativa alla descrizione della struttura legale di Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited e delle sue member firm all'indirizzo www.deloitte.com/about.

Estimate of provisions for risks and charges related to legal disputes

Description of the key audit matter

Item 100 "Provisions for risks and charges: c) other provisions for risks and charges" of the balance sheet - liabilities of the financial statements as at December 31, 2018 includes provisions for legal disputes amounting to Euro 28.4 million related to complaints and disputes for damage to customers arising from the unlawful behavior of the Bank's personal financial advisors, pending disputes with personal financial advisors and other ongoing court and out-of-court litigations with customers in relation to the normal banking activity. In addition to the court costs to be borne by the Bank in the event of an adverse conclusion of the dispute, these provisions include an estimate of the expenses to be paid to lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts who assist the Bank in the disputes, to the extent that it is believed that they will not be reimbursed by the counterparties.

In Part E – *Information on Risks and Hedging Policies* - Section 5 – *Operational Risks*, paragraph "Risks arising from significant legal disputes" of the notes to the accounts, the Directors point out that, in relation to the pending legal proceedings against the Bank, which are individually irrelevant, there is considerable uncertainty about the possible outcome and the extent of the possible charge that the Bank could incur; where it is possible to reliably estimate the amount of charges and the charges themselves are considered probable, provisions have been made to the extent deemed appropriate given the specific circumstances and in accordance with the international accounting standards, making the best possible estimate of the amount that reasonably the Bank will have to pay to settle its obligations. With reference to the legal expenses, the estimate was determined by the Bank, in relation to the current disputes, based on the analysis of the historical trend of legal expenses incurred, by type of litigation and degree of judgment.

Paragraph "Risks and uncertainties related to the use of estimates" of Part A – Accounting Policies, A. 1 – General, Section 4 – Other matters of the notes to the accounts, contains information on the subjectivity and complexity of the estimation process adopted to support the carrying amount of some items subject to evaluation. For some of them, including provisions for risks and charges, the complexity and the subjectivity of the estimates are affected by the articulation of the assumptions, the number and variability of the information available and the uncertainties regarding the final future outcomes of proceedings and disputes.

Given the number of complaints and disputes, albeit physiological with respect to the Bank's typical operations, the uncertainties related to their outcome and the complexity and articulation of the estimation process, we have considered the estimate of provisions for risks and charges for legal disputes as a key audit matter of the financial statements as at December 31, 2018.

Audit procedures performed

Our audit procedures included, among others, the following:

 analysis and understanding of the relevant controls implemented by the Bank, at the various levels of its organization, in order to identify, manage and monitor complaints from customers and legal disputes with them arising from the banking operations and the activity of the Bank's personal financial advisors;

- analysis and understanding of the process adopted by the Management in
 estimating provisions, including provisions for the expected costs related to
 the activity of lawyers, technical advisors and/or experts appointed by the
 Bank, and evaluation of the reasonableness of criteria, methods and
 assumptions used;
- periodic meetings with the heads of the Bank's appointed departments for analysis and discussion of the status of litigations and complaints;
- analysis of the relevant documentation, including the register of complaints and reports prepared by control functions of the Bank;
- obtaining and examining responses to requests for information to the lawyers appointed by the Bank;
- verification, for a selection of disputes and complaints and on the basis of
 the data and information available gathered as a result of the above
 procedures, of the appropriateness of the related provision, inclusive, for the
 disputes, of the legal expenses as illustrated above, and of the accuracy and
 completeness of the data used for the estimates.

Lastly, we verified the completeness and compliance of the disclosures provided in the notes to the accounts with respect to the requirements of the relevant accounting standards.

Disbursement, classification and evaluation of financial assets at amortised cost - loans to customers

Description of the key audit matter

As represented in the notes to the accounts, Part B – *Balance Sheet* and in the report on operations, as at December 31, 2018 financial assets at amortised cost – loans to customers amount to Euro 2,947 million (net book value, including Euro 23.9 million of non-performing loans net of impairment losses of Euro 21.1 million).

As part of this item, the loans portfolio with ordinary customers, consisting mainly of personal loans, mortgages, current accounts and credit cards, shows an overall increase of 46.4% compared to the previous year, in relation to the disbursements of 2018.

Part A – *Accounting Policies* of the notes to the accounts includes the description of the processes for the classification and evaluation of credit exposures for which the Bank refers to the sector regulations, supplemented by the internal provisions governing, in accordance with the applicable accounting standards, the classification and transfer rules within the various risk categories and related evaluation methods. Part E - *Information on Risks and Hedging Policies* – Section 1 – *Credit risk* also illustrates the credit risk management policies.

Considering the significance of the amount of loans to customers recorded in the financial statements and the complexity of systems of measurement, management and control of credit risk adopted by the Bank, which include an articulated classification activity of credit exposures and an evaluation process characterized by a relevant discretionary component, we have considered the disbursement, classification and evaluation of the loans to customers as a key audit matter of the financial statements of the Bank as at December 31, 2018.

Audit procedures performed

We have preliminarily acquired a knowledge of the credit process which included, in particular, the understanding of the organizational and procedural safeguards established by the Bank's internal regulations and implemented by the Bank itself with reference to:

- · assessment of creditworthiness in order to grant the credit;
- measurement and monitoring of credit quality;
- classification and evaluation of credit exposures in compliance with the sector regulations and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

This activity included the verification of the implementation of the corresponding Bank processes and related procedures, as well as the operational effectiveness of the relevant controls regarding the credit grant and disbursement process.

The audit procedures performed included, among others, the following:

- analysis and understanding of the IT systems and applications used, also with the support of IT experts belonging to our network;
- obtaining and examining responses to requests of confirmations to the customers sent on a sample basis;
- obtaining and analysis of the monitoring reports prepared by competent Bank departments and organizational units involved;
- as regard performing loans (in stage 1 and stage 2, based on the IFRS 9 classification), verification, on a sample basis, of the classification in accordance with the sector regulations and examination of the reasonableness of the evaluation criteria and of the assumptions adopted by the Bank in determining the impairment losses;
- as regard non-performing loans (in stage 3, based on the IFRS 9
 classification), verification on a sample basis of the classification and of the
 related evaluation in compliance with the sector regulations and the
 applicable accounting standards.

Lastly, we verified the completeness and compliance of the disclosures provided in the notes to the accounts with respect to the requirements of the applicable accounting standards and the relevant legislation.

First time adoption of IFRS 9

Description of the key audit matter

The first time adoption, as of January 1 2018, of the International Financial Reporting Standard IFRS 9 "Financial instruments", has led to the classification and measurement of the Bank's financial assets and liabilities according to the new accounting categories envisaged by the standard and the definition of a methodology for determining the impairment of the financial assets based on the expected credit losses model.

The Bank decided, as permitted by the standard, to continue to apply the existing IAS 39 hedge accounting requirements for all its hedging relationships until the macro-hedging accounting project is finalised by the IASB. In addition, the Bank elected the option provided by the standard not to restate its comparative figures.

As reported in Part A – Accounting Policies - Section 4 – Other matters of the notes to the accounts, which disclose the information required by the applicable international accounting standards, including the main methodological choices made by the Bank, the first application of the standard determined, at January 1, 2018, a total negative effect on the Bank's net equity equal to Euro 2.9 million net of tax (Euro 4.9 million gross of tax). This effect was determined as a result of the implementation process of the requirements of the new standard which affected the various aspects of the Bank's internal control system.

In this context, the determination of impairment provisioning of the financial assets according to the expected credit losses model constitutes the result of a complex estimation process that includes numerous subjective variables regarding the criteria used to identify the significant increase in credit risk, that has been used for the purpose of allocating the financial assets in the standard's different stages, and the definition of the models used for measuring the expected credit losses, using different possible scenarios, assumptions and parameters which have to take into account current and forward-looking macroeconomic information.

In relation to the pervasive operational complexities connected to the transition to the new standard, the relative above mentioned effect and the inherent subjectivity of the estimation processes adopted by the Bank in the evaluation of financial assets according to the new impairment methodology, we have considered the first time adoption of the IFRS 9 as a key audit matter of the financial statements of the Bank as at December 31, 2018.

Audit procedures performed

We have preliminarily examined, also with the support of IT and credit risk experts belonging to our network, the Bank's implementation project with particular reference to the application choices adopted, in order to verify their appropriateness and compliance with the requirements of the IFRS 9, and to the related impacts.

As part of our procedures, we have performed, among others, also supported by the experts above mentioned, the following:

- obtaining and examining the minutes of meetings of the Bank's Board of
 Directors and any other documentation developed, approved and made
 available, as well as the accounting procedures consequently defined, with
 particular reference to the areas of interpretation, also through information
 gathering and interviews with the relevant departments of the Bank;
- analysis of the technical-methodological documentation underlying the identification of the Bank's business models with particular reference to the classification criteria of financial assets in such business models;
- analysis and understanding of the design, of certain relevant controls including IT controls regarding the classification and evaluation of the
 Bank's financial assets, and verification of the implementation and the
 related operational effectiveness;
- carrying out checks aimed to ascertain for certain loans and debt securities

 the correctness of the results of the Solely Payments of Principal and
 Interests test (SPPI) carried out by the Bank for the first application of the standard;

- understanding of the impairment models developed by the Bank and analysis
 of the reasonableness of the assumptions and parameters used for transfer
 logic or staging allocation models and estimation of the expected credit
 losses, as well as verification of the correctness of the related calculations;
- verification of the coherence between the information used for the estimation
 of the expected credit losses and those used in the other main decisionmaking and evaluation processes of the Bank, with particular reference to
 qualitative and macroeconomic indicators and forward-looking information;

Lastly, we have acquired the details of the quantification of the impact deriving from the first application of the standard and verified its mathematical accuracy. We have also verified the completeness and compliance of the information provided in the notes to the accounts with respect to the requirements of the applicable international accounting standards.

Responsibilities of the Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of national regulations issued pursuant to art. 9 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 38/05 and art. 43 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 136/15 and, within the terms established by law, for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they have identified the existence of the conditions for the liquidation of the Bank or for the termination of the operations or have no realistic alternative to such choices.

The Board of Statutory Auditors is responsible for overseeing, within the terms established by law, the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance, identified at an appropriate level as required by ISA Italia, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence applicable in Italy, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report.

Other information communicated pursuant to art. 10 of the EU Regulation 537/2014

The Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. has appointed us on April 16, 2013 as auditors of the Bank for the years from December 31, 2013 to December 31, 2021.

We declare that we have not provided prohibited non-audit services referred to in art. 5 (1) of EU Regulation 537/2014 and that we have remained independent of the Bank in conducting the audit.

We confirm that the opinion on the financial statements expressed in this report is consistent with the additional report to the Board of Statutory Auditors, in its role of Audit Committee, referred to in art. 11 of the said Regulation.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinion pursuant to art. 14, paragraph 2 (e), of Legislative Decree 39/10 and art. 123-bis, paragraph 4, of Legislative Decree 58/98

The Directors of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. are responsible for the preparation of the report on operations and the report on corporate governance and ownership structure of the Bank as at December 31, 2018, including their consistency with the related financial statements and their compliance with the law.

We have carried out the procedures set forth in the Auditing Standard (SA Italia) n. 720B in order to express an opinion on the consistency of the report on operations and some specific information contained in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure set forth in art. 123-bis, paragraph 4 of Legislative Decree 58/98 with the financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. as at December 31, 2018 and on their compliance with the law, as well as to make a statement about any material misstatement.

In our opinion, the above-mentioned report on operations and information contained in the report on corporate governance and ownership structure are consistent with the financial statements of FinecoBank Banca Fineco S.p.A. as at December 31, 2018 and are prepared in accordance with the law.

With reference to the statement referred to in art. 14, paragraph 2 (e), of Legislative Decree 39/10, made on the basis of the knowledge and understanding of the entity and of the related context acquired during the audit, we have nothing to report.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE S.p.A.

Signed by
Paolo Gibello Ribatto
Partner

Milan, Italy March 8, 2019

This report has been translated into the English language solely for the convenience of international readers.



Dear Shareholders,

pursuant to Art. 2429, paragraph 2, of the Italian Civil Code and Art. 153 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998 (TUF), the Board of Statutory Auditors (the "Board") of FinecoBank S.p.A. ("Finecobank" or the "Bank") reports on the supervisory activity carried out during the year ended December 31, 2018...

During 2018, the Board of Statutory Auditors performed its institutional duties in compliance with the Italian Civil Code, Italian Legislative Decree no.385/1993 (TUB), no. 58/1998 (TUF) and no. 39/2010 (Consolidated Law on Auditing), with the company Bylaws and the rules issued by the Bodies that exercise supervisory and control activities, also taking into consideration the Rules of Conduct of the Board of Statutory Auditors issued by the National Board of Accountants and Accounting Experts.

Also in compliance with the indications expressed by CONSOB, provided with communication no. DEM/ 1025564 of April 6, 2001, as amended, we specify the following.

Administrative Body – Appointment, term of office and operation.

The Board of Directors in office at the date of this Report was appointed by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank on April 11, 2017 and shall remain in office until the next Shareholders' Meeting held to approve the Financial Statements at December 31, 2019.

It should be noted that, pursuant to the applicable regulations and the Corporate Governance Code of listed companies, on February 5, 2019 the Board of Directors, with the favorable opinion of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee, carried out the annual assessment on the independence requirements applicable to the majority of Directors, with the findings listed in the Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures, as well as on ongoing compliance with the requirements of integrity, professionalism and the ban on interlocking. The Board of Statutory Auditors verified the correct implementation of the criteria and procedures used by the Board of Directors to assess the independence of its members.

Board of Statutory Auditors – Appointment, term of office and operation.

The Board of Statutory Auditors in office at the date of this Report was appointed by the FinecoBank Shareholders' Meeting of April 11, 2017 and will remain in office until the Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

On September 4, 2017, Mr Stefano Fiorini resigned from the position of Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors and, pursuant to the law and the company Bylaws, the Alternate Auditor Mrs Elena Spagnol took office on the same date as Statutory Auditor and Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

The ordinary shareholders' meeting held on April 11, 2018 filled up the vacant positions within the Board of Statutory Auditors, confirming Ms Elena Spagnol as Statutory Auditor and Chairman, in replacement of Mr. Stefano Fiorini, and appointing Gianfranco Consorti as Alternate Auditor.

Lastly, at the meeting held on January 25, 2019, the Board of Statutory Auditors assessed the independence of its members, in addition to meeting legal and statutory requirements and the absence of impediments pursuant to article 36 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 201/2011.

In compliance with the requirements of the Supervisory Bodies, in particular of Circular 285/2013 of the Bank of Italy and the Regulation of the Corporate Bodies of the Bank, on February 4, 2019 the Board of Statutory Auditors carried out a self-assessment on its composition and operation.

During the year, the Board met twenty-one times and took part in one Shareholder's Meeting, fourteen meetings of the Board of Directors and fourteen meetings of the Risk and Related Party Committee. Furthermore, at least one Statutory Auditor participated in the eleven meetings of the Remuneration Committee and eight meetings of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee.

The Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and its actual implementation

FinecoBank complies with the Corporate Governance Code for listed companies ("Code") and, as required by the Code, within the Board of Directors, the Appointments and Sustainability Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Risk and Related Party Committee perform advisory, consultative and coordination functions. The Committees consist of independent non-executive Directors. The Appointments Committee was also assigned the supervisory functions on sustainability issues with the Board of Directors' resolution of March 1, 2018.

The Board of Statutory Auditors ascertained the correct implementation of corporate governance regulations laid down in the aforementioned Corporate Governance Code.

Parent Company's direction and coordination activity.

As part of the UniCredit Group, FinecoBank S.p.A. is subject to the discipline for banking groups enshrined in the TUB and in the supervisory provisions for Banks aimed at ensuring the stability and unitarity of companies belonging to the same banking Group. In this context, UniCredit S.p.A. performs a direction and coordination activity on FinecoBank S.p.A. pursuant to Articles 2497 et seq. of the Italian Civil Code.

The Bank has exercised the option for exemption from drafting the Non-Financial Statement pursuant to art. 6, paragraph 1, of Italian Legislative Decree 254/2016 as both FinecoBank and Fineco Asset Management DAC (FAM) are included in the Integrated Report prepared by the Parent Company UniCredit S.p.A..

Compliance with the Law and company Bylaws - Sound governance principles

The Board of Statutory Auditors monitored compliance with the Law, the company Bylaws and sound governance principles both when performing its activity, including participating in meetings of the Board of Directors, the Statutory Audit Committee, and during meetings with the Management and the Heads of the Bank's various Departments and Functions.

Participation in the meetings of the Board of Directors allowed the Statutory auditors to obtain periodically information on the performed activities and the most significant economic, equity and financial transactions resolved during the year. On the basis of the information available, the Board can reasonably state that the transactions themselves are compliant with the law and the company Bylaws and are not manifestly imprudent, risky or such as to compromise the integrity of the corporate assets.

Among the significant events of the financial year, the Board of Statutory Auditors recalls that on January 23, 2018, in order to strengthen the Bank's capital structure in response to the diversification of its investment portfolio (in particular, increased purchases of government securities and development of financing products and loans to customers), the Board of Directors approved the issuance of an Additional Tier 1 bond loan, perpetual and non-callable until June 2023, for an amount of € 200 million, fully subscribed, through private placement, by UniCredit S.p.A. The coupon for the first 5.5 years was set at 4.82%.

On May 17, 2018, FAM was authorized by the Central Bank of Ireland to carry out asset management activities. On June 1, 2018 the company obtained the necessary authorizations from the Luxembourg Authority Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier to replace Amundi Luxemburg S.A. in the management of pre-existing Luxembourg-based mutual investment funds known as "CoreSeries" and starting from July 2. 2018 FAM has been fully operational.

Furthermore, on January 31, 2019 Finecobank acquired a property for office use and appurtenances from Stampa S.C.p.A. (owned by Banca Popolare di Vicenza Group); the building, located in Milan, Piazza Durante 11, is now the registered office of the Bank and was partially leased until such date. The transaction was completed for a price of € 62 million.

Participating in the Board of Directors' Meetings enabled the Board to ascertain, inter alia, that the delegated parties reported on transactions executed based on the powers granted to them, pursuant to Article 150, paragraph 1, of the TUF.

In our opinion, the frequency of the meetings of the Board of Directors, the information provided during them and the information flows in general comply with legal and statutory obligations and with the applicable regulations.

The Board of Statutory Auditors verified compliance with information obligations for regulated and privileged information, or information requested by the Supervisory Body.

During meetings of the Risk and Related Party Committee and of the Board of Directors, the Statutory Auditors examined the quarterly reports of the Bank's Control Functions and those drafted by the Financial Reporting Manager, ascertaining compliance with the reports and information set forth by supervisory regulations.

On March 5, 2019, the Board of Directors of FinecoBank approved the 2018 Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures pursuant to Article 123-bis of the TUF.

Atypical and/or unusual transactions

The Management Report, the information received during Board of Directors' Meetings and those provided by the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, the Management and the External Auditor did not reveal the existence of atypical and/or unusual transactions, including intragroup or related party transactions.

Intragroup or related party transactions – Transactions approved pursuant to Article 136 of the TUB

The intragroup or related party transactions of greatest economic, equity and financial significance are highlighted in the Management Report and in the appropriate section of the Explanatory Notes with the indication of the assets, liabilities, guarantees and commitments outstanding as of December 31, 2018, divided by the various types of related parties pursuant to IAS 24.

During the year, the Board always participated in the meetings of the Risk and Related Party Committee, which met to provide preliminary and reasoned opinions on the Bank's interest in carrying out transactions with related parties and with connected persons in compliance with the "Procedures for managing transactions with persons in conflict of interest". The current version of these procedures was approved by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on June 31, 2018, with the prior favorable opinions of the Risk and Related Party Committee and of the Board of Statutory Auditors. The aforementioned Procedures include the provisions to be complied with when managing: (i) transactions with related parties pursuant to the CONSOB Regulation adopted by resolution no. 17221 of March 12, 2010; (ii) transactions with related parties pursuant to the

Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors (CONTINUED)

regulations on "Activities at risk and with conflicts of interest with connected persons", as dictated by the new regulations for the prudential supervision of banks; (iii) the obligations of bank representatives pursuant to Art. 136 of the TUB.

The Board of Statutory Auditors supervised the compliance with the procedural rules adopted by the Bank and compliance with the provisions on transparency and information to the public and verified that the Board of Directors provided adequate information on transactions with related parties on the basis of current regulations in the Management Report and in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

With respect to detailed information about individual intragroup and related party transactions - most significant, ordinary and market price transactions - see the relevant sections of the Management Report and the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Comments on the adequacy of the organizational structure

The Board of Statutory Auditors monitored the adequacy of the organizational structure and its correct operation over the course of various meetings with the Management and the Heads of different Departments and functions; this activity did not reveal any significant organizational deficiencies.

Specifically, during 2018 the Board monitored corporate organization improvement measures and noted the changes - duly approved by the Board of Directors subject to prior opinion, where required, by the Appointments and Sustainability Committee and submitted, where required, to the assessment of the relevant Parent Company's function - made to the structures of the Headquarters and Network structures, to the Organizational Chart, with a clear identification of functions, duties and responsibilities, and to the Bank's Internal Regulations.

In particular, some activities were redistributed within the Global Business Department, the Legal & Corporate Affairs Department and the Chief Risk Officer Department (CRO), and the structures involved were restructured to improve efficiency and, where possible, reduce the number of hierarchical reports to those departments.

On March 1, 2018, the Bank's Board of Directors appointed the Data Protection, in compliance with Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data (GDPR).

In the second half of 2018, the responsibilities and activities of the Investment Services and Private Banking Department were redistributed between the Global Business Department and the PFA Network Sales Department, renamed the PFA & Private Banking Network Sales Department.

As a result, the Investment Services and Private Banking Department was eliminated. Furthermore, within the ICT Department, the department itself was reorganized, and a single governance and supervisory unit was identified for ICT and IT security processes.

The Bank's Internal Regulations, whose most up-to-date version was approved by the Board of Directors on October 18, 2018, describe the organizational model and the structure it consists of (bodies, departments, teams). In addition to the Board committees, the following managerial committees are set up as corporate bodies aimed at ensuring unitary and participatory guidelines and guaranteeing management continuity:

- Strategic Committee
- Management Committee
- **Advisory Committee**
- Internal Control Business Committee
- **Business Continuity & Crisis Management Committee**
- **Project Committee**
- Risk Committee (being canceled)
- **Network Committee**
- **Product Committee**
- **Disciplinary Committee**
- Private Banking Committee
- **Treasury Committee**
- ICT & Security Commitee
- Compliance Breaches Committee
- Managerial Committee for Sustainability.

The Board noted the ongoing transposition and the degree of implementation of the Guidelines issued by the Parent Company - to whose direction and coordination activity the Bank is subject - and the subsequent organizational changes implemented by the Bank.

The Board acknowledges the continuous updating and implementation, in line with the current provisions of the Bank of Italy Circular no. 285 and with the Global Rules issued by the Parent Company, of the Bank's Business Continuity Plan and of the actual execution, with an overall positive result, of the Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery testing scheduled annually.

In compliance with applicable law and the Policies on "Outsourcing/Internalizations", the Statutory Auditors note that the Internal Audit function has prepared the report required by the supervisory provisions concerning the controls carried out on the outsourced important operating functions or control functions and any deficiencies detected. Said document "Outsourcing of corporate functions - Annual report of the Internal Audit function", assisted by the considerations of the Board of Statutory Auditors, was approved by the Board of Directors on March 5, 2019.

Lastly, it should be noted that the Bank was admitted to the cooperative compliance regime established by Legislative Decree no. 128/2015, which can be joined by taxpayers with a tax risk measurement and control system in place.

Based on the analyzed documentation and the information gathered when performing its monitoring activities, given the presence of an Organizational Chart and related Company Regulations that detail roles and responsibilities of the organizational structures, having verified the correct implementation of the system of delegated powers issued by the Board of Directors as well as the definition, implementation and monitoring of specific company regulations aimed at performing the activities typical of each function of FinecoBank S.p.A., the Board of Statutory Auditors deems the Bank's organizational structure as overall adequate.

Comments on the adequacy of the Internal Control system

In implementing the provisions of Circular no. 285, the Bank has adopted the "Document of the Bodies and Functions with Control duties", which defines the Bank's Internal Control System with the analytical identification of the duties and responsibilities of the corporate Bodies and of the control functions

FinecoBank's Internal Control System is based on the principles of the Corporate Governance Code for Listed Companies, applicable sector regulations and best practices.

The Bank has established permanent and independent corporate control functions: i) Compliance; ii) Risk Management); iii) Internal Audit.

The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager was appointed as the Director in charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System in compliance with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code of Borsa Italiana. On February 05, 2019, the "2018 Statement on ICS Managerial Assessment" was submitted to the Board of Directors, in which the Bank's CEO stated that in light of the completed analyses, FinecoBank's Internal Control System were "Mostly Satisfactory", identifying some areas for improvement at the same time, for which suitable corrective actions have been defined and initiated.

With respect to the Personal Financial Advisers Network, the "Risk Management" organizational structure also coordinates the activity of the "Operational and reputational risks" team, which carries out systematic remote checks on the entire network of Personal Financial Advisers using Risk Indicators, submitting specific reports. Moreover, in order to manage and prevent its own Personal Financial Advisers (PFAs) from adopting conducts that are not compliant with the regulations, FinecoBank has adopted a number of first- and second-tier checks by several internal functions and an information flow that, for the purpose of the immediate implementation of any actions deemed necessary for PFAs, gathers all information on a centralized basis and forwards it to the Network Control, Monitoring and Network Service Department on behalf of Risk Management, Compliance, the Anti-Money Laundering and Anti-Terrorism Service, the Information Security and Fraud Management team, other Bank functions and Internal Audit. Every six months, in compliance with the requirements of the New Regulations for the Prudential Supervision of Banks, the Network Controls Unit – operating within the Network Control, Monitoring and Network Service Department – submits to the Audit and Related Party Committee and the Board of Directors a specific Report on the activity of Financial Advisers that details, on the basis of specific anomaly indicators, the audits performed, their findings, any critical issues and the actions aimed at eliminating them.

The Internal Audit activity for FinecoBank is outsourced to resources of the Internal Audit Department of UniCredit S.p.A. on the basis of a specific service agreement and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the relevant "Group Audit Mandate" adopted by FinecoBank's Board of Directors. The Bank's Internal Audit Manager, Mrs Patrizia Verdesca, was appointed by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2017, effective from March 13, 2017 (following the opinion of the then Remuneration and Appointments Committee and the then Audit and Related Party Committee and having heard the Board of Statutory Auditors).

We have found that the quarterly Internal Audit Activity and Results Reports prepared by Internal Audit to assess the Internal Control System - containing sections dedicated to the findings of the Audit activity on the Personal Financial Advisers Network and the Audit Findings, including their composition over time - were duly submitted to the Risk and Related Party Committee and the Board of Directors and discussed within those bodies.

In December 2018, the Board of Directors approved, with the favorable opinion of the Risk and Related Party Committee, after consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors, the 2019 Annual Audit Plan and the 2019-2023 Strategic Audit Plan.

During its activity, the Board monitored compliance with the previously defined Audit plan concerning central structures and processes as well as the Network structures, checking the actual timelines of implementation and the causes of any variances.

In 2018, twelve planned audit reports were issued on the Bank's processes, of which six with "good" assessment, four "satisfactory", one "unsatisfactory" and one not assessed, including two carried over from 2017. as regard the "unsatisfactory" audit, the Bank planned and started the necessary corrective actions to remove the detected deficiencies.

In addition to these actions, there were two annual unplanned mandatory audits, one of which was not assessed and one rated as satisfactory. Two audit reports envisaged in the 2018 Audit Plan and concerning the implementation of MIFID II regulation in the customer order management process for financial instruments and in the placement and consulting processes, were issued on February 28, 2019 with a "Satisfactory" assessment.

The audit plan for the network of financial advisers, which provided for 400 audits to be carried out, was also completed, with the issuance of 426 audit reports in 2018.

Overall, the internal control system was rated "mostly satisfactory" by the internal audit function.

The Board also took note of the "Report on FinecoBank internal audit activity" provided for by Consob Manual on disclosure obligations of supervised parties", which was drafted by the Internal Audit on the basis of its activities carried out in the year 2018 and submitted to the Risk and Related Party Committee and subsequently to the Board of Directors at the meeting of March 5, 2019.

Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors (CONTINUED)

The analyses carried out have shown that overall the process of algorithmic trading system self-assessment and validation complies with MIFID regulations and the related report prepared by the Bank's Risk Management Function correctly describes the safeguard measures adopted by the Bank in order to comply with the requirements laid down by Regulation (EU) 589/2017.

Furthermore, it was found that the incentive systems for employees and the sales network are adequately managed, in compliance with relevant external regulations and the Group Remuneration Policy. The Board of Statutory Auditors will formulate its Considerations on the above report which it will send to Consob within the prescribed deadlines.

The Board of Statutory Auditors examined the Audit Report issued by Internal Audit in 2018, using the information contained therein to carry out its activities and to monitor, with particular attention to the Managers of the organizational areas involved, the implementation of the recommendations and corrective actions contained therein, with particular attention to meeting deadlines for carrying out the planned remedial actions.

With regard to the subsidiary FAM, no critical issues were identified from the analysis of the information obtained from the CEO pursuant to art. 151, paragraph 2, of the Consolidated Finance Act (TUF) and of the audit results,

During the year, the Board of Statutory Auditors held periodic meetings with the Bank's Head of Compliance, to assess the planning of controls based on the highlighted risks and the findings of the second-level controls performed, verifying and recommending compliance with the timing set in the quarterly monitoring for the closure of the corrective actions identified from time to time and paying particular attention to the residual risks highlighted in said monitoring actions.

The Board also took note of the "Report on the 2018 activities of FinecoBank Compliance function" in which the Compliance Function issued a "mostly satisfactory" summary assessment, as no significant critical issues were detected in the activities performed by Compliance in 2018. In particular, the assessment of major non-compliance risks under the direct supervision of the Compliance function, which was carried out taking also into account the results of second level controls, the findings formulated by Audit and by the Supervisory Authorities, did not identify any regulatory area with a "Critical" risk and for the AML area, the only one with a residual "Significant" risk, the risk level is expected to be reduced by the end of the third quarter of 2019 as a result of completion of most of the planned corrective actions.

The areas subject to indirect supervision present risk levels no higher than "medium". The Board of Directors shall prepare its "Observations" that will supplement the "Compliance Report" to be forwarded to CONSOB within thirty days from the approval of the Financial Statements.

In 2018, the results of the monitoring carried out were submitted to the Risk and Related Party Committee and to the Board of Statutory Auditors through specific quarterly reports. The summary report of the monitoring carried out in the last quarter shows a "medium" risk level on most regulatory areas considered and a "significant" risk level in the AML area.

In 2018, the Compliance function provided consulting services to FinecoBank business and operating units with regard to the application of current regulations, following the entry into force of the legislation introduced by Directive 2014/65 / EU (MiFID II), EU Regulation 600/2014 (MiFIR), EU Regulation 1286/2014 (PRIIPs); it also monitored the fine-tuning of actions already carried out and the completion of those connected to the implementation of obligations becoming effective in 2018.

With specific reference to the implementation of the GDPR legislation (General Data Protection Regulation, EU Regulation No. 2016/679), Compliance constantly monitored the regulatory updates and supported the various functions involved (mainly Organization, ICT, Security) in the process of adjusting to the new Regulation through the gradual implementation of identified software solutions. The Data Protection Officer (DPO) of FinecoBank prepared the "Data Protection Officer report of FinecoBank S.p.A. - Year 2018", which was submitted to the Board of Directors on March 5, 2019, after having been examined by the Risk and Related Party Committee, and to the Board of Statutory Auditors; the purpose of the report is to summarize the results of the activities carried out and the initiatives undertaken within the Company to protect the personal data processed by the Company and manage any potential risk of breach, the ascertained malfunctions and the relative corrective actions taken, as well as the training of staff, in compliance with the requirements of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

With reference to the activity carried out by the Anti-Money Laundering function, the Board of Statutory Auditors notes that the Bank has activated - pursuant to the Bank of Italy provision entered into force in September 2011 - adequate and timely information flows to the corporate bodies and top management on the situation of the company controls in FinecoBank to prevent the risk of money laundering and terrorist financing, including the results of second-level controls.

With reference to survey activities concerning the procedures in place for the identification and due diligence of Politically Exposed Persons (so-called PEPs), carried out in the first half of 2017 by the Bank of Italy, in 2018 the Bank completed the action plan that was drawn up to cope with the deficiencies and areas for improvement detected by the Regulator.

The self-assessment carried out by the Anti-Money Laundering function, in compliance with the Bank of Italy's communication of October 21, 2015, identified the Bank's residual risk as "Significant".

The Board of Statutory Auditors also took note of the "Report on the overall situation of complaints received by FinecoBank S.p.A. in 2018", prepared by the Compliance function, concerning both the complaints related to the provision of investment services and other claims.

The "Report on complaints notes a percentage reduction in complaints received in 2018 compared to 2017; this was mainly due to the significant decrease in complaints related to "Loans and Mortgages", which remains the main complaint area, for complaints on assignment of the fifth of the salary, a type of accounts that were disposed of in 2008 and no longer marketed by FinecoBank.

Lastly, it should be noted that the Bank has an internal system for employees to report any irregularities or violations of the applicable legislation and internal procedures, guaranteeing their anonymity (so-called whistleblowing).

Compliance prepared the "Report on the internal Whistleblowing system", which was submitted to the Board of Directors on March 5, 2019, after examination by the Risk and Related Party Committee, and to the Board of Statutory Auditors; the Report summarizes the information concerning three reports received in 2018, of which two were closed during the year and one is pending as additional information was requested from the whistleblower.

FinecoBank relies on a Body set up specifically to perform the functions of Supervisory Body pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree 231/2001. The Supervisory Body was appointed by resolution of the Board of Directors on April 11, 2017, for a period of three years. Its composition was subsequently changed, by Board of Directors resolution of October 16, 2017, providing for the reduction from three to two "internal members" with the exit of the Internal Audit Manager, who continues to participate in the meetings as a permanent guest, and the appointment of a new external member, in place of the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

In 2018 the Board of Statutory Auditors met with the Supervisory Body and examined the "Information report on the activity performed by the Supervisory Body (SB) pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree no. 231 of June 08, 2001, at December 31, 2018". The activities carried out by the SB did not reveal any violations of the relevant legislation, and the same Body proposed amendments to the Organization and Management Model of Fineco (approved by the Bank's Board of Directors on November 6), examined and approved the new versions of seven decision protocols, analyzed the flows received in relation to the periodic and occasional reports regarding conduct contrary to the principles of the Decree, and examined the results of the audits carried out by Internal Audit in 2018 on four Decision Protocols.

Based on the documentation reviewed, information received and inspections performed during its supervisory activities, the Board of Statutory Auditors, despite referring to the existence of some corrective measures currently under way, deems the Internal Control System to be adequate as a whole.

Comments on the adequacy of risk management systems.

FinecoBank S.p.A. has a Risk Management function aimed at assessing and monitoring the adequacy of the measurement, control and management systems for typical risks linked to the performance of financial and banking activities, in particular, liquidity, credit, market, operational, business, as well as reputational and IT risks.

The CRO function, in compliance with the provisions of prudential supervision, presented the "Report of the activity carried out by Risk Management in the financial year 2018 and planning for the year 2019" which, among other things, notes the monitoring of the Risk Appetite Framework and the operational limits for the assumption of the various types of risk, monitoring of the risks of the activities performed by the Bank and the proposal of risk mitigation policies where deemed necessary, the quarterly monitoring of the adequacy of the Bank's internal capital (ICAAP), and the information flows to the corporate bodies and the parent company.

In this Report, the Risk Management function highlights that during the past financial year, no particular critical issues emerged.

In 2018, Risk Management was involved in fine-tuning the implementation of the new accounting standard IFRS 9 and in the detailed implementation of operating processes. Lastly, in 2018, Risk Management imported the Bank's demand deposits model, which was previously managed at Group level, thus independently carrying out execution, maintenance and management; the model was validated by the Local Validation function reporting to the CRO.

The Board of Statutory Auditors verified the effectiveness and adequacy of the information flows, including the reports that provide evidence of structural liquidity and the Bank's ability to fulfill short-term obligations, and those aimed at verifying compliance of individual limits for the management of liquidity.

In December 2017, in compliance with the Bank of Italy instructions, FinecoBank S.p.A. approved the "2018 FinecoBank Risk Appetite" document, whose metrics, which include the exchange rate risk with respect to hedging policies, were subject to an assessment by the Audit and Related Party Committee, and which also aims at monitoring consistency between the business model, the aforementioned RAF and the budgeting process.

With reference to operational risks, the Internal Audit function of the Bank in the document "Basel 2 - Operational Risk - AMA - Local Internal Audit Report on the Operational Risk Management System", issued on November 30, 2018, ascertaining the existence of the requirements established by the Bank of Italy in Circular 285/2013, expresses an overall "ggod" rating, as the audits showed an adequacy of the corporate processes aimed at identifying, managing and measuring operational risks. The Board expressed its positive opinion to the Board of Directors.

In February 2019, the Internal Audit of the Bank issued and presented to the Risk and Related Party Committee (and subsequently to the Board of Directors) the Report on the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and the Risk Appetite Framework (RAF) of Fineco Bank, in compliance with Bank of Italy Circular no. 285/2013. The Report confirms the adequacy of the controls adopted by the Bank in the procedures for defining the Risk Appetite Framework and the assessment of capital adequacy (ICAAP).

In particular, the Report highlights that the final figures relating to the RAF 2018 metrics comply with the set limits, are consistent with the 2019-2021 budget and Multi-Year Plan, and are reconciled with accounting records and supervisory reports. The RAF 2019 was approved by the Board of Directors on December 11, 2018, after assessment by the Risk and Related Party Committee.

During its activity, the Board periodically met with the Chief Risk Officer in order to assess, among other things, his work and analyze in more detail the information reports submitted by him to the Corporate Bodies.

Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors (CONTINUED)

The Board deems the risk management system overall adequate for the company's size and characteristics.

Supervisory activities pursuant to Art. 19 of Italian Legislative Decree 39/2010 - Relations with the Auditing Company

The Board of Statutory Auditors, identified by Art. 19 of Italian Legislative Decree 39/2010 in the version reformulated following the reform of external audits implemented through Italian Legislative Decree 135/2016 "Internal control and external audit committee", monitored the financial reporting process, the external audit and the independence of the external auditor, in particular as regards the provision of non-auditing services.

The Board of Statutory Auditors examined the auditing reports issued on March 8, 2019 by the auditing company Deloitte and Touche S.p.A. pursuant to Art. 14 of Italian Legislative Decree no. 39/2010 and Art. 10 of Regulation (EU) 537/2014 on the individual and consolidated financial statements of the Bank (the latter referred to the Bank and the Irish subsidiary) at December 31, 2018. In particular, the audit reports on the individual and consolidated financial statements:

- express an opinion without findings on the individual and consolidated financial statements of FinecoBank at December 31, 2018, asserting that the financial statements provide a truthful and correct representation of the equity and financial situation, the economic result and the cash flows in accordance with the IFRSs adopted by the European Union, as well as the provisions issued in implementation of Art. 9 of Italian Legislative Decree 38/2005 and of Art. 43 of Italian Legislative Decree 136/2015;
- express an opinion of consistency and compliance which shows that the Management Report accompanying the individual and consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2018, as well as the specific information contained in the Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures indicated in Art. 123-bis, paragraph 4, of the TUF, are consistent with the aforementioned financial statements and are prepared in compliance with the law;
- with reference to any significant errors in the Management Report, they declare, on the basis of the knowledge and understanding of the company and the related context acquired during the audit, that they have nothing to report.

On March 8, 2019, the Auditing Company sent the supplemental report to the Board pursuant to Art. 11 of Regulation (EU) no. 537/2014, which does not reveal significant deficiencies in the internal control system in relation to the financial reporting process deserving to be brought to the attention of those in charge of governance. Together with the Supplemental Report, the Auditing Company provided the Board with the declaration on independence (Article 6 of the aforementioned EU Regulation) which does not reveal any situations that could compromise their independence.

The Board held several periodic meetings with the Auditing Company, in compliance with Art. 150, paragraph 3, of the TUF and of the provisions introduced by Italian Legislative Decree no. 39/2010, examining the 2018 audit plan, verifying its adequacy, following its execution and promptly exchanging data and information relevant to the performance of their respective tasks, without any particular findings that required notification or facts deemed to be censurable that required formulating specific reports pursuant to Art. 155, paragraph 2, of the TUF. The Explanatory Notes include the disclosure of the external audit fees, as well as the fees for permitted services other than the audit provided in the year ended December 31, 2018, to FinecoBank by the Auditing Company and by the entities of the network that the Auditing Company belongs to.

These fees (net of VAT and expenses) are shown below:

(amounts in €)

TYPE OF SERVICE	SERVICE PROVIDER	FEES
Accounting Audit	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	211,495
Accounting Audit	Deloitte & Touche LLP	15,000
Certification services	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	90,000
Certification services	Deloitte & Touche LLP	7,500
Other services	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A.	10,000

The Certification Services refer to the development of procedures aimed at issuing the comfort letter for the ECB for the purpose of including the profit for the year in the Bank's own funds, the limited audit of the quarterly reporting package prepared by the Bank for the parent company, the activities related to the IFRS 9 adoption and the audit related to the certification of the advertising investments in order to obtain the tax credit; the other services refer to the activities related to the adreed audit procedures on analysis of the contribution to the Resolution Fund calculation.

In 2018 the Board of Statutory Auditors authorized the following:

- On January 12, 2018, the appointment of the entity in charge of "Certification of data necessary for calculating the contributions to the SRF" for each of the years of the 2018-2021 period.
- on May 24, 2018 the appointment of the entity in charge of the services related to the verification of activities implemented by the Bank with reference to IT Systems and infrastructures and accounting process, including changes to existing systems and process, as influenced by the IFRS 9 adoption;

Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors

on October 10, 2018 the appointment of the entity in charge of performing the audit of the statement of incremental advertising expenditures in daily and periodical press including online, incurred by the Bank from June 24, 2017 to December 31, 2017, which is required for accessing the tax credit under Italian Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers no. 90 of May 16, 2018.

In October 2018 a specific Circular was issued for the management of contractual relations with the Audit Company.

Supervision of the financial reporting process - Comments on the adequacy of the administrative and accounting

The Board of Statutory Auditors verified the compliance with the internal regulations pertaining to the process that allows the Financial Reporting Officer and the Chief Executive Officer to issue the certifications provided for by Article 154-bis of the TUF. The administrative and accounting procedures for the preparation of the financial statements, the consolidated financial statements and any other financial communication were prepared under the responsibility of the Financial Reporting Officer who, together with the CEO, in the periodic reporting on the same and, lastly, in the "Report on the system of internal controls on the financial reporting in compliance with Italian Law no.262/2005", approved by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2019, certifies - on the basis of the test of actual implementation of the controls - the adequacy and actual application for the preparation of the financial statements at December 31, 2018 and of the reporting package towards UCI Holding.

The Financial Reporting Manager, during his meetings with the Board of Statutory Auditors, did not report any deficiencies in the operating and control processes that may impact the assessment of adequacy and actual implementation of administrative and accounting procedures for the correct economic, equity and financial reporting of the accounting events in compliance with the adopted accounting principles. The Financial Reporting Manager periodically updates the Board of Directors on the completed activities and reports on the progress of the measures for improving the Internal Control System regarding the Financial Reporting.

During the periodic meetings aimed at the exchange of information, the External Auditor did not report significant critical aspects of the internal control system regarding the financial reporting process.

The Board notes that the Financial Statements at December 31, 2018, have been drawn up in compliance with the accounting standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, including the related SIC and IFRIC interpretative documents, approved by the European Commission until December 31, 2018, as required by European Union Regulation no. 1606/2002 of July 19, 2002, and applicable to the financial statements starting from January 1, 2017.

The separate and consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2018, consist of the Balance Sheet, the Income Statement, the Comprehensive Income Statement, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, the Cash Flow Statement and the Explanatory Notes, and are accompanied by the "Management Report" and the Certificate required by Art. 81-ter of CONSOB Regulation no. 11971 of May 14, 1999 and subsequent amendments and additions, issued on February 5, 2019. The financial statements use the statement structure and the explanatory notes required by the instructions established by the Bank of Italy with Circular no. 262 of December 22, 2005, subsequently updated and amended.

Pursuant to the Bank of Italy/CONSOB/ISVAP document no. 4 of March 3, 2010 and to the internal regulations that implemented Italian Law no. 262/2005, it is noted that the Board of Directors has approved, preliminarily and autonomously, at the time of approval of the financial statements, the impairment test procedure for the goodwill. The results confirmed the sustainability of the goodwill value recognized in the financial statements.

In 2018, the Administration Department periodically forwarded information to the Parent Company for the purposes of calculating the Regulatory Capital and the Second Pillar Capital. At December 31, 2018 the CET1 Capital ratio (Tier 1 capital / Risk-weighted assets) was 21.16% as detailed in the "Disclosure from Entities at December 31, 2018 pursuant to Regulation (EU) 575/2013" document published on the Bank website.

The Board of Statutory Auditors, in light of the information received and the documentation examined and the activity performed, assesses the process of preparation of the financial reporting as substantially adequate.

Comments on the remuneration policy

During 2018, in line with the provisions of the Supervisory Body with respect to "Remuneration and bonus policies and practices", the Board of Statutory Auditors verified the adequacy and compliance with the external legal framework of the remuneration policies and practices adopted by FinecoBank and the related corporate processes.

The Bank has implemented the 2018 Remuneration Policy and, on March 5, 2019, taking into account the favorable opinion of the Remuneration Committee, it approved the "FinecoBank Remuneration Policy for the year 2019", formulated by the Human Resources function, with the involvement of the Risk Management and Compliance functions and including the identification of the "most significant persons", so-called identified staff, which will be submitted to the approval of the Shareholder's Meeting. This document also considers the Remuneration Policy applied to the members of FinecoBank's Independent Financial Advisers network, in line with their specific remuneration policies. The definition of the 2019 Policy was also supported and validated by the independent external consultant and the Remuneration Committee.

Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors (CONTINUED)

The Internal Audit function carried out the annual verification of the Bank's variable remuneration system, in line with the provisions of the Supervisory Regulations issued by the Bank of Italy, and verified the design, implementation and effects of the remuneration process, as well as its compliance with the regulatory requirements and the Bank's remuneration policy. The payment and deferral phase relating to the incentive system of the previous year, the process of defining and distributing the bonus pool and the compliance with the limits to the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration set forth by the Bank's remuneration policy were assessed. the process of identifying the resources belonging to the most significant staff category was also examined in order to ascertain its compliance with the requirements established by the Delegated Regulation (EU) no. 604/2014. The aforementioned annual verification - .the results of which were presented to the Remuneration Committee on March, 1, 2019 – issued a "good" summary assessment.

The 2019 Remuneration Policy, including the "Annual Remuneration Report" which includes the "2019 remuneration plans based on financial instruments", has now been made available to the public pursuant to CONSOB Regulation no. 11971/1999. The report fulfills the disclosure requirements pursuant to Articles 114-bis and 123-ter of the TUF and the banking regulations' requirements at the same time.

Processing of Privileged Information

The Board of Directors, in the meeting held on April 15, 2014, approved the Procedure regarding the processing of Privileged Information aimed at preventing that such processing may take place in an untimely, incomplete or inadequate manner.

In compliance with the regulations in force, the Board of Directors, most recently on January 10, 2018, approved the current version of the Code of Conduct on internal dealing to regulate the management, processing and communication of information relating to transactions on FinecoBank listed shares and financial instruments, as well as on derivatives and related financial instruments carried out by significant persons and persons closely connected to them.

Complaints under Art. 2408 Italian Civil Code - Reports - Opinions issued pursuant to the law

During 2018, the Board did not receive any complaints under Art. 2408 of the Italian Civil Code. A report was received from a bank customer, via certified email.

The Board of Statutory Auditors sent two communications -respectively in August and October 2018 - pursuant to art. 46, paragraph 1(B), of Italian Legislative Decree 231/2017 (as amended by Italian Legislative Decree 90/2017).

The Board was asked to express its opinion in the following circumstances:

- opinion on changes to the "Procedures for managing transactions with parties in conflict of interest";
- opinion issued to the Board of Directors on the Bank's Operational Risk Management System in implementation of the AMA model.

Moreover, the Board expressed its comments about the Reports pursuant to Articles 13, 14 and 16 of the Bank of Italy and CONSOB Regulation (adopted with a provision dated October 29, 2007, in line with Article 6, paragraph 2-bis, of the TUF) and its "Remarks on the 'Outsourcing of corporate functions'.

Finally, in view of the resolutions to be adopted by the Board of Directors, the Board of Statutory Auditors issued the opinion required by the Corporate Governance Code - art. 7, criterion 7.C.1, in respect of the 2019 Internal Audit activity plan.

On the basis of the activity carried out and the information obtained, no omissions, reprehensible facts or significant irregularities were reported such as to require notification to the Supervisory Bodies or mention in this Report.

Report of the Board of Statutory Auditors

Conclusions

Based on its supervisory activity, the Board of Statutory Auditors did not find significant irregularities or omissions and/or censurable facts, nor did it become aware of transactions not based on compliance with the principles of proper administration, resolved and implemented not in compliance with the Law and the company Bylaws, not in the interest of FinecoBank, in contrast with the resolutions taken by the Shareholders' Meeting, or manifestly imprudent or risky, such as to compromise the integrity of the company's assets.

The Board of Statutory Auditors does not deem it necessary to exercise the right to submit proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting pursuant to Article 153, second paragraph, of the TUF.

Noting the results of the financial statements and the content of the "Management Report", of the content of the attestation of the individual and consolidated financial statements, signed by the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and by the Financial Reporting Manager, and considering the contents of the Reports drawn up by the Auditing Company, the Board of Statutory Auditors does not find, as regards its duties, any reasons impeding the approval of the proposed financial statements at December 31, 2018 and the proposed allocation of profits for the year formulated by the Board of Directors.

Milan, March 11, 2019

The Statutory Auditors

Elena Spagnol - Chairman Barbara Aloisi Marziano Viozzi



Glossary

Accelerated book building offering

Procedure through which particularly large shareholdings are sold to institutional investors. This type of transaction is used by majority shareholders to sell share packages or by the company to rapidly obtain capital (for acquisitions or to refinance debt).

Adjusted ROE

Ratio between net profit excluding non-recurring items and the average book shareholders' equity for the period (excluding dividends and any donations expected to be distributed and the revaluation reserves).

AMA (Advanced Measurement Approach)

Applying this methodology, operational risk requirement is obtained using calculation models based on operational loss data and other evaluation elements collected and processed by the Bank. Admittance threshold and specific suitability requirements have been established for the use of the standard and advanced approaches. For the AMA approach the requirements regard the measurement system, as well as the management system.

Assets under management

Investment funds, segregated accounts and insurance products.

Assets Under Custody

Government securities, bonds and shares.

Audit

Audit Process of controlling a company's activities and accounting, carried out either by an internal body (internal audit) or by an external firm of auditors (external audit).

Available financial resources (AFR)

AFR are the resources that can be used to safeguard the bank from insolvency. The AFR are an economic measure that consider the potential reserves, hybrid debt instruments, IFRS reserves, goodwill and other intangible assets, treasury shares held and the expected profits.

Bad exposure

Exposures to borrowers in a state of insolvency (even when not recognised in a court of law) or in an essentially similar situation, regardless of any loss forecasts made by the bank (i.e. irrespective of whether there are any – secured or personal – guarantees covering the exposures).

Banking book

Used in relation to financial instruments, particularly securities, this term identifies the portion of those portfolios intended for "proprietary" activities.

Bail-in

Resolution measures adopted by the competent authorities that can involve the conversion of debt instruments into shares or the reduction in the value of liabilities, imposing losses on certain categories of creditors in accordance with the BRRD.

Basel 2

International agreement on the capital requirements of banks in relation to the risks assumed by them. This agreement has been adopted, at national level, by the respective competent supervisory authorities, including the Bank of Italy. The new prudential regulations, which came into force in Italy in 2008, are based on three pillars.

- Pillar 1: while the objective of a level of capitalisation equivalent to 8% of the risk-weighted exposures remains unchanged, a new set of
 rules has been defined for measuring the typical risks associated with banking and financial activities (credit risk, counterparty risk,
 market risk and operational risk) which provides for alternative calculation methods characterised by different levels of complexity, with
 the ability to use internally developed models subject to prior authorisation by the Regulatory Authority;
- Pillar 2: requires banks to have processes and tools for determining the adequate level of total internal capital (Internal Capital Adequacy
 Assessment Process ICAAP) for covering all types of risk, including risks other than those covered by the overall capital requirement
 (Pillar I), within the framework of an evaluation of current and future exposure that takes account of strategies and of changes in the
 reference context. It is the Supervisory Authority's task to examine the ICAAP process, formulate an overall judgement and, where
 necessary, apply the appropriate corrective measures;
- Pillar III: introduces obligations to publish information concerning capital adequacy, exposure to risks, and the general characteristics of the systems used for identifying, measuring and managing those risks.

Basel 3

International agreement amending Basel 2 adopted in December 2010, containing amendments to the prudential rules on the capital and liquidity of banks, with the gradual entry into force of the new capital requirements from January 1, 2014 until December 31, 2019. These rules have been implemented at European level through the CRD IV "Package".

Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive or BRRD

Refers to the Directive approved by the European Parliament and the Council, respectively. On April 15 and May 6, 2014, regarding the establishment of a recovery and resolution framework for the crisis affecting credit institutions and investment firms.

Basis point

The bp or basis point represents 0.01% of a particular amount, or one hundredth of a percentage point. 100 basis points are equivalent to 1%.

Best practice

Behaviour commensurate with the most significant experience and/or the best level of knowledge achieved in relation to a given technical or professional field.

Budget

Statement forecasting the future costs and revenues of a business.

Capital conservation buffer

According to the definition contained in Article 128 of the CRD IV, this is a capital reserve whose establishment is required by the regulations – as also specified in the Supervisory Provisions – aimed at providing banks of a high quality capital buffer to be used in periods of market strain to prevent malfunctions of the banking system and avoid disruptions in the credit granting process, amounting, when fully loaded, to 2.5% of risk-weighted assets, calculated in accordance with Article 92, sub-section 3, of the CRR on an individual and consolidated basis.

CDS - Credit Default Swap

A derivative in which a seller of protection engages, for a fee, to pay the buyer of protection a fixed amount if a certain event indicating a deterioration of the creditworthiness of a reference entity occurs.

CFO

Chief Financial Officer.

CGU - Cash Generating Unit

A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Common Equity Tier 1 or CET 1

The Common Equity Tier 1 under Basel 3, mainly consisting of ordinary paid-up capital, the related share premium, operating profit, reserves and other regulatory adjustments, as provided for by the CRR regulation and the Supervisory Regulations (both during the transitional period and fully loaded).

Clawback clause

Action of repayment of the bonus received when, after its disbursement, intentional or negligent conduct of the employee emerges that, if it had been known at the time of disbursement, would have been sufficient not to satisfy the assessment of compliance, or that disbursement has been made in breach of legal or regulatory provisions.

Corporate

Customer segment consisting of medium to large businesses.

Cost/income ratio

The ratio of operating expenses to operating income. It is one of the main key performance indicators of the bank's efficiency: the lower the ratio, the more efficient the bank.

Glossary (Continued)

Cost of Risk

Cost of risk is the ratio of Net write-downs of loans and provisions for guarantees and commitments with customers to loans to customers (average of single quarters' averages). The scope only includes loans to ordinary customers. It is one of the risk indicators of bank assets: the lower the ratio, the less risky the bank assets.

CoR (incentive system)

The ratio of Net write-downs of loans with customers and Loans and receivables with customers (average of the balance at period end and the balance at December 31 of the previous year). The scope of the exposures excludes positions deriving from bonds and advances to personal financial advisors.

Countercyclical capital buffer

The countercyclical capital buffer consisting of Common Equity Tier 1 pursuant to Supervisory Regulations, according to the concept contained in Articles 128 and 130 of the CRD IV, equal to the risk weighted assets, calculated in accordance with Article 92, paragraph 3, of the CRR by the Company's countercyclical capital buffer, determined according to the criteria established by the Supervisory Regulations at an amount ranging from 0% to 2.5%.

Covenant

A loan agreement clause whereby the lender is entitled to restructure or call in the loan upon occurrence of the events specified in the clause, which ties changes in the borrower's earnings and financial performance to default events/events modifying the contractual terms and conditions (maturity, interest rates, etc.).

Covered bond

A bond which, in addition to being guaranteed by the issuing bank, may also be covered by a portfolio of mortgages or other high-quality loans transferred, for that purpose, to a specific SPV – Special Purpose Vehicle (q.v.).

Credit Quality - EL

EL%= EL/EAD

Represents the expected loss as a percentage of the exposure in the event of default (EAD) of the performing portfolio.

The perimeter is the customers of the performing portfolio.

Credit quality step

A Step, based on external ratings, which is used to assign risk weights under the standardised approach for credit risk.

CRD (Capital Requirements Directives)

EU Directives 2006/48 and 2006/49, adopted by Bank of Italy circular 263/2006 of December 27, 2006 as amended. The CRD IV "Package" has replaced the two aforementioned Directives and consists of the EU Directive 2013/36 on the taking up of the business of credit institutions and prudential supervision and the EU Regulation 575/2013 on prudential requirements, adopted by the Bank of Italy circular 285 of December 17, 2013 as amended.

Credit risk

The risk that an unexpected change in the credit rating of a counterparty, the value of the collateral they have provided, or of the amount used in the event of insolvency generates an unexpected change in the lending position of the Bank.

Credit counterparty risk

The risk that the counterparty in a transaction in financial instruments may enter default before settling all the agreed cash flows.

CRM - Credit Risk Mitigation

Credit Risk Mitigation is a set of techniques, ancillary contracts to the loan or other instruments (e.g. securities, guarantees), which reduces credit risk capital requirements.

CRO

Chief Risk Officer.

Default

A party's declared inability to honour its debts and/or the payment of the associated interest.

Direct deposits

Current accounts, repos and time deposits.

EAD - Exposure At Default

Relating to the on-balance and off-balance sheet positions, EAD is defined as the estimation of the future value of an exposure at the time of the debtor's default. Only banks that meet the requirements for adopting the "IRB - Internal Rating Based" advanced approach are allowed to estimate EAD (q.v.). Other banks are required to refer to regulatory estimations.

EBA European Banking Authority

The European Banking Authority is an independent EU Authority which works to ensure effective and consistent prudential regulation and supervision across the European banking sector.

ECA

Export Credit Agency.

ECAI

External Credit Assessment Institution.

European Central Bank. The ECB is the central bank for Europe's single currency, the euro.

Economic capital

Capital level that is required by a bank to cover the losses that may occur with at a time horizon of one year and a certain probability or confidence level. Economic Capital is a measure of the variability of the Expected Loss of the portfolio and depends on the degree of diversification of the portfolio itself.

EPS – Earnings Per Shares

An indicator of a company's profitability calculated by dividing the net profit by the average total outstanding shares (excluding treasury shares).

EPS – Diluted Earnings Per Shares

An indicator of a company's profitability calculated by dividing the net profit by the average total diluted outstanding shares (excluding treasury shares).

EVA (Economic Value Added)

EVA is an indicator of the value created by a company. It shows the firm's ability to create value; calculated as the difference between net operating profit and the figurative cost of the allocated capital, the latter was calculated using either the greater of the regulatory capital absorbed and the economic capital (in FinecoBank's case, the economic capital) or the book value of shareholders' equity.

Expected Losses

The losses recorded on average over a one year period on each exposure (or pool of exposures).

Fair value

The price at which an asset can be traded or a liability settled in a free-market transaction between independent parties at arm's length.

Forbearance/Forborne exposures

According to the EBA Implementing Technical Standard, forborne exposures are exposures in respect of which forbearance measures have been extended, consisting of concessions towards a debtor facing or about to face difficulties in meeting its financial commitments ("financial difficulties").

Funding

Provision, in various forms, of the funds necessary to finance business activities or particular financial transactions.

Glossary (Continued)

Futures

Standardised contracts through which parties undertake to exchange money, transferable securities or goods at a set price at a future date. These contracts are traded on regulated markets, where their execution is guaranteed.

Goodwill

The additional sum paid for the acquisition of an equity interest, equal to the difference between the cost and the corresponding share of net assets, for the portion not attributable to the identifiable assets of the acquired company.

Guided products & services

The Bank's products and/or services developed by investing in UCITs selected from among those distributed for each asset class taking into account customers' different risk profiles and offered to the Bank's customers under the guided open architecture model. At the date of this report, the guided products category included the "Core Series" umbrella fund of funds, "Core Funds", the Individual Savings Plans ("Piani Individuali di Risparmio" or "PIR") and the "Core Unit", "Advice Unit", "Core Multiramo" and "Advice Top Valor" and "Old Mutual" unit-linked policies, while the "Fineco Advice", "Fineco Stars" and "Fineco Plus" advanced advisory services (for investment) fall under the guided service category.

Guided Products & Services/AUM

The ratio of Guided Products & Services (q.v.) to Assets under Management (q.v.).

Guided Products & Services/TFA

The ratio of Guided Products & Services to Total Financial Assets.

HNWI

High Net Worth Individual, i.e. Private customers with TFA of over one million euros.

IAS/IFRS

International accounting standards issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB), a private international body established in April 2001, involving representatives of the accounting professions of the principal countries and, as observers, the European Union, IOSCO (International Organization of Securities Commissions) and the Basel Committee. This body is the successor of the International Accounting Standards Committee (IASC), set up in 1973 to promote harmonisation of the rules for the preparation of company accounts. When the IASC became the IASB, it was decided, among other things, to name the new accounting principles "International Financial Reporting Standards" (IFRS). At international level, work is currently underway to harmonise the IAS/IFRS with the US GAAP - United States Generally Accounting Principles (q.v.).

ICAAP – Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process

See "Basel 2 - Pillar 2".

Impairment

Within the framework of the IAS/IFRS (q.v.), this refers to the loss of value of a balance sheet asset, recorded when the book value is greater than the recoverable value, i.e. the sum that can be obtained by selling or using the asset.

Impaired loans

Loans and receivables are reviewed periodically in order to identify those that, following events occurring after initial recognition (at market value, which is, usually, equal to the amount paid including transaction costs and income directly attributable to the disbursement of the credit) show objective evidence of possible impairment. These include a loans to which the status of non-performing, unlikely to pay and past due has been assigned, according to the Bank of Italy rules in line with the IAS/IFRS (q.v.).

Internal Capital

Represents the amount of capital required to cover potential losses and is required to support the business activities and positions held. Internal Capital is the sum of the aggregated Economic Capital and a cushion that considers the effects of the cycle and model risk.

(Internal) validation

Expert unit, internal but sufficiently independent, that verifies the adequacy of internal models for internal and regulatory purposes and issues a formal opinion about their usefulness and effectiveness. Usually a prerequisite for the validation process carried out by the authorities.

Index linked

Policies whose performance at maturity depends on a benchmark parameter that may be a share index, a basket of securities or another indicator.

IRB - Internal Rating Based

Method for determining the capital needed to cover credit risk within the framework of Pillar 1 of Basel 2 (q.v). The rules are applied to the exposures of the banking book. Furthermore, in the IRB methods the risk weightings of the assets are determined on the basis of the bank's own internal evaluations of the debtors (or, in some cases, of the transactions). Using systems based on internal ratings, the banks determine the weighted risk exposure. The IRB methods consist of a basic method and an advanced method, which differ in terms of the risk parameters that the bank must estimate: in the basic method, the banks use their own estimates for "PD - Probability of Default" and the regulatory values for the other risk parameters; in the advanced method, the banks use their own estimates for "PD - Probability of Default ", "LGD - Loss Given Default", "CCF -Credit Conversion Factors" and, where provided for, "M - Maturity" (q.v.). The use of IRB methods for the calculation of capital requirements is subject to authorisation from the Bank of Italy.

IRS - Interest Rate Swap

See "Swap".

Joint venture

Agreement between two or more companies for the conduct of a given economic activity, usually through the constitution of a joint stock company.

Ke

The cost of equity is the minimum return on investment required by the shareholder. It is the sum of a risk-free rate and an additional spread remunerating the shareholder for the credit risk and the volatility of the share price. The cost of capital is based on medium-long term averages of market parameters.

KPI - "Key Performance Indicators"

Set of indicators used to evaluate the success of a particular activity or process.

Key Risk Indicators

The risk indicators are quantitative metrics that reflect exposure to Operational Risks of specific processes or products: the value expressed by an indicator should be related to changes in risk levels.

Large exposures

The sum of all the exposures towards a counterparty that are equal to or more than 10% of the eligible capital of the Issuer, when: (i) the exposures are the sum of the on-balance-sheet risk assets and the off-balance-sheet operations with a counterparty, as defined by the regulations on credit risk, without applying the weighting factors established therein (these exposures do not include the risk assets deducted in the determination of the Own Funds); (ii) a counterparty is a customer or a group of connected customers; (iii) the eligible capital is equal to the Own Funds of the Issuer.

LCP

Loss Confirmation Period.

Leasing

Contract whereby one party (the lessor) grants to another party (the lessee) for a given period of time the enjoyment of an asset purchased or built by the lessor at the discretion and according to the instructions of the lessee, with the latter having the option of acquiring ownership of the asset under predetermined conditions at the end of the leasing contract.

LGD - Loss Given Default

Expected value (which may be conditional upon adverse scenarios) of the ratio, expressed as a percentage, between the loss giving rise to the default and the amount of exposure at the time of the default ("EAD - Exposure At Default", q.v.).

Liquidity risk

The risk of the company being unable to meet its payment commitments due to the inability to liquidate assets or obtain sufficient funding from the market (funding liquidity risk) or due to the difficulty/inability to easily liquidate positions in financial assets without significantly and unfavourably affecting the price because of insufficient depth or temporary malfunction of the financial market (market liquidity risk).

Glossary (Continued)

Long and Short Margining

Margining is a trading method that allows investors to buy (long leverage) or sell (short selling) by investing only a part of the liquidity required.

Market risk

Consists of the effect that changes in market variables (interest rates, securities prices, exchange rates, etc.) can cause to the economic value of the portfolio, when it includes assets held in the trading book, as well as those posted in the banking book, both on the operations characteristically involved in commercial banking and in the choice of strategic investments.

Master servicing agreement

Type of contract under which two or more parties regulate the key terms of subsequent transactions and/or further agreements to be implemented between them in the future.

Maturity Ladder

Instrument for managing and monitoring short-term liquidity (operational liquidity), which, by offsetting assets and liabilities whose maturity falls within each individual time band, enables the identification of mismatches (periodic and cumulative) between incoming and outgoing cash flows and, therefore, to calculate the net financial requirement (or surplus) over the period of the year.

Model Risk Category

The MRCs have been introduced at the group level in order to characterise the types of operational loss in more detail. They are obtained from the combination of the seven event types established by Basel II with one or more of products offered to customers.

Non-performing exposures

According to the EBA Implementing Technical Standards, non-performing exposures are all on-balance-sheet and off-balance-sheet exposures that satisfy either or both of the following criteria:

- material exposures which are more than 90 days past due/overdrawn;
- exposures for which the debtor is assessed as unlikely to pay its credit obligations in full without realisation of collateral, regardless of the
 existence of any past-due amount or of the number of days past due.

NSFR - Net Stable Funding Ratio

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is structured to ensure that long-term assets are financed with at least a minimum amount of stable liabilities in relation to their respective liquidity risk profiles. The NSFR is aimed at limiting the excessive use of short-term wholesale deposits in periods of abundant market liquidity and encouraging a better assessment of liquidity risk based on all balance sheet and off-balance sheet items. The NSFR is defined as the ratio between the total available stable funding and the total required stable funding.

NSFR Adjusted

The NSFR Adjusted ratio is based on the regulatory ratio NSFR (Net Stable Funding Ratio) but is adjusted by maturity (i.e. by bucket) considering maturities of more than 3 and 5 years respectively. The NSFR Adjusted is therefore used to monitor and control the structural liquidity situation on maturities over the year. The NSFR is defined as the ratio between the cumulative liabilities over the year and the cumulative assets over the year.

Operational risk

The risk of losses due to errors, violations, interruptions, or damage caused by internal processes, personnel, systems or by external events. This definition includes legal and compliance risks, but excludes strategic and reputational risk. For example, losses arising from the following can be defined as operational: internal or external fraud, employment practices and workplace safety, customer claims, product distribution, fines and penalties for regulatory breaches, damage to the Company's physical assets, business disruption and system failures, and management of processes.

Option

The right, but not the commitment, acquired by the payment of a premium, to buy (call option) or sell (put option) a financial instrument at a given price (strike price) by or at a determined future date (American option/European option).

OTC - Over The Counter

Over-the-counter (OTC) trading consists of the exchange of financial instruments such as shares, bonds, derivatives or goods directly between two counterparties. The OTC markets do not have standardised contracts or buying/selling procedures and are not associated with a set of rules (admissions, controls, obligations of information, etc.) like those that govern the official markets.

Own funds or Total Capital

The own funds of a bank consist of a series of regulatory defined items (excluding the negative items to be deducted), classified based on capital quality and loss absorbing capacity. From January 1, 2014, after the CRR came into force, Own Funds consists of the sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital.

Past-due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures

i.e. on-balance sheet exposures, other than those classified as non-performing or unlikely to pay that are past due or overdrawn at the reporting date. The past due and/or overdrawn impaired exposures may be determined, alternatively, with respect to the individual debtor or the individual transaction. Specifically, they represent the total exposure to any borrower not included in the unlikely to pay and non-performing loans categories, who at the reporting date has expired facilities or unauthorised overdrafts that are more than 90 days past due and meet the requirements set out by local supervisory regulations for their classification under the "past due exposures" category (TSA banks) or "defaulted exposures" (IRB banks).

Payout ratio

The percentage of net income that is distributed to shareholders. The percentage paid out is determined mainly on the basis of the company's selffinancing needs and the return expected by shareholders.

PD - Probability of Default

Default Probability of a counterparty entering into a situation of "default" (q.v.) within a period of one year.

Private banking

Financial services aimed at "high-end" private customers for the global management of financial needs.

RARORAC - Risk adjusted Return on Risk adjusted Capital

An indicator calculated as the ratio between EVA (using either the greater of the regulatory capital absorbed and the economic capital or using the book value of shareholders' equity) and Allocated/Absorbed Capital and expresses, in percentage, the capacity to create value for unit of risk taken.

Rating

Evaluation of the quality of a company or its issues of debt securities on the basis of the company's financial soundness and prospects. This evaluation is made either by specialist agencies or by the bank on the basis of internal models.

Retail

Customer segment consisting principally of private individuals, self-employed professionals, traders and artisans.

Risk Taking Capacity

Ratio between Available Financial Resources and Internal Capital.

Risk-weighted assets

See the item "RWA - Risk-Weighted Assets".

ROAC - Return on Allocated Capital

An indicator calculated as ratio of net operating profit to allocated capital. Allocated Capital means the greater of internally calculated capital based on shared UniCredit Group models (Economic Capital) and regulatory capital or using the book value of shareholders' equity.

ROE

Ratio between net profit and the average book shareholders' equity for the period (excluding dividends and any donations expected to be distributed and the revaluation reserves).

Glossary (Continued)

RWA - Risk-Weighted Assets

It is the value of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet risk-weighted assets on the basis of different weighting factors according to the class in which the exposure is classified and its credit quality, in accordance with the banking regulations issued by the regulatory authorities for the calculation of the solvency ratios.

Sensitivity

The greater or lesser degree of sensitivity with which certain assets or liabilities react to changes in rates or other reference parameters.

Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity analysis quantifies the change in value of a financial portfolio resulting from an unfavourable change in major risk factors (interest rate, exchange rate, equity).

SME

Small and medium enterprises.

SPV - Special Purpose Vehicle

An entity - partnership, limited company or trust - set up to pursue specific objectives, such as isolating financial risk or obtaining special regulatory or tax treatment for specific portfolios of financial assets. SPV's operations are accordingly limited by a set of rules designed for this purpose. In general the SPVs' sponsors (q.v.) do not hold equity in them. The equity is held by other entities in order to ensure that there is no shareholder relationship with the Sponsor (q.v.). SPVs are usually bankruptcy-remote, in that their assets cannot be claimed by the creditors of the sponsor, even if the latter becomes insolvent.

Swap

A transaction that generally consists of the exchange of financial streams between operators according to different contractual arrangements. In the case of an interest rate swap (IRS), the counterparties exchange payment streams that may or may not be linked to interest rates, calculated on a notional principal amount (for example, counterparty pays a stream on the basis of a fixed rate, while the other does so on the basis of a variable rate). In the case of a currency swap, the counterparties exchange specific amounts in two different currencies, with these amounts being exchanged back in due course according to predefined arrangements that may concern both the capital (notional) and the streams of interest payments.

Tier 1 Capital

The most reliable and liquid part of a bank's capital, as defined by the regulatory rules.

Tier 1 Capital Ratio

The percentage of a bank's Tier 1 Capital to its risk weighted assets "RWA - Risk Weighted Assets" (q.v.).

Total Financial Assets - TFA

Assets Under Management (q.v.), Assets Under Custody (q.v.) and Direct Deposits (q.v.).

Trading Book

Positions held for trading are those held intentionally for a subsequent sale in the near term and/or assumed with the intention of benefiting, in the short term, from the differences between buying and selling prices, or other price or interest rate interest variations.

UCI – Undertakings for Collective Investment

This term includes "UCITS - Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities" (q.v.) and collective investment funds (real estate collective investment funds, closed-end investment funds).

UCITS – Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities

This term covers open-end real estate investment funds, both Italian and foreign, and investment companies with variable capital. The latter are joint stock companies that have the sole purpose of collective investment of the assets gathered through a public offer of their own shares.

Unlikely to pay

On-balance and off-balance sheet exposures that meet the definition of unlikely to pay, which do not meet the conditions to be classified as bad loans. The classification as "unlikely to pay" derives from the assessment of the debtor's unlikeliness (without actions such as realisation of collateral) to repay fully his credit obligation (principal and/or interest). This assessment is made independently of any past due and unpaid amount (or instalment). The classification of an exposure as unlikely to pay is not necessarily tied to evident issues (non-repayment), but is rather linked to indicators of a potential default of the borrower.

VaR - Value at Risk

A method used for quantifying risk. It measures potential future losses which will not be exceeded within a specified period and with a specified probability.



REPORT ON THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OWNWERSHIP STRUCTURE

pursuant to Article 123-bis of the Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998 (traditional management and control model)

Name of Issuer: "FinecoBank S.p.A."

Website:

finecobank.com

Financial year of reference of the Report: January 1, 2018 / December 31, 2018

Date of approval of the Report: March 5, 2019

This is an English translation of the original Italian document. The original version in Italian takes precedence.

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.



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GLOSSARY

Articles of Association:	the Articles of Association of the Company in force at the date of approval of this Report (available on the Company's website).		
Bank of Italy Circular:	Bank of Italy Circular no. 263 of 27 December 2006 (with <i>New regulations for the prudential supervision of banks</i>) as amended.		
Board / Board of Directors:	the Board of Directors of the Issuer.		
Board of Statutory Auditors:	the Board of Statutory Auditors of the Issuer.		
Borsa Italiana:	Borsa Italiana S.p.A.		
Civil Code:	the Italian Civil Code approved by Royal Decree no. 262 of 16 March 1942 as amended.		
Code / Corporate Governance Code:	the Corporate Governance Code of listed companies approved in July 2018 by the Corporate Governance Committee and endorsed by Borsa Italiana, ABI, Ania, Assogestioni, Assonime and Confindustria.		
Consob:	Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa (public authority regulating Italian financial markets) with headquarter in Rome, Via G.B. Martini n. 3.		
Directive CRD IV	Directive 2013/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and investment firms.		
External auditors:	Deloitte & Touche S.p.A., with registered office in Via Tortona 25, Milan, VAT no. 03049560166, tax code and Milan Companies Register no. 03049560166, Economic and Administrative Index (R.E.A.) no. 1720239, a registered auditor, appointed to independently audit the accounts of the Issuer.		
Fineco Asset Management Designated Activity Company or FAM:	The Irish company established on October 26, 2017 with the name Fineco Asset Management Limited. It is wholly owned by FinecoBank and operates in managing OICR (collective investment undertakings)		
Group or UniCredit Group:	UniCredit and its subsidiaries pursuant to article 2359 of the Civil Code, article 26 of the TUB and article 93 of the TUF.		
Instructions on Stock	instructions on Regulations for Markets organised and managed		



Exchange Regulations:	by Borsa Italiana, in force at the date of approval of this Report.		
Issuer or FinecoBank or Bank or Company:	FinecoBank S.p.A., an issuer of securities to whom the Report refers, a company of the UniCredit Banking Group, a registered Banking Group no. 02008, with registered office in Piazza Durante 11, Milan, Headquarter in Via Rivoluzione d'Ottobre 16, Reggio Emilia, VAT no. 12962340159, Tax code and Milan Companies Register no. 01392970404, Economic and Administrative Index (REA) no. 1598155, member of the National Guarantee Fund and the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits.		
Issuer Regulations:	the Regulations issued by Consob with resolution no. 11971 of 14 May 1999 (as amended), on issuers.		
Market Regulations:	the Regulations issued by Consob with resolution no. 20249 of 28 December 2017, on markets.		
MTA:	the main Stock Exchange organised and managed by Borsa Italiana, where FinecoBank shares are also traded.		
Nomination and Sustainability Committee:	Board committee established in compliance with articles 4 and 5 of the Corporate Governance Code.		
Regulations of company bodies:	the Regulations approved by the Board of Directors governing the functioning and responsibilities of the Company's Board of Directors and Board of Statutory Auditors and related information flows, in compliance with laws, regulations and the Articles of Association, as well as the principles in the Guidelines issued by UniCredit, in carrying out management and coordination as the parent company of the UniCredit Group Banking Group. This document is available on the Issuer's website www.finecobank.com ("Governance/Company Positions" Section).		
Related-Party Regulations:	the Regulations issued by Consob with resolution no. 17221 of 12 May 2010 (as amended), on related-party transactions.		
Remuneration Committee:	Board committee established in compliance with articles 4 and 6 of the Corporate Governance Code.		
Report:	this Report on corporate governance and ownership structures which companies are required to prepare pursuant to article 123-bis of the TUF.		
Risks and Related Parties Committee:	Board committee established in compliance with articles 4 and 7 of the Corporate Governance Code.		



Shareholders:	the owners of FinecoBank shares.		
Shareholders' Meeting:	Shareholders' Meeting of the Issuer.		
Stock Exchange Regulations:	the Regulations for Markets organised and managed by Borsa Italiana, approved by the shareholders' meeting of Borsa Italiana, in force at the date of approval of this Report.		
Supervisory Regulations:	the Supervisory regulations for banks as of Bank of Italy Circular no. 285 of 17 December 2013 and subsequent amendments		
Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance:	the Supervisory regulations for banks on organisation and corporate governance as of Bank of Italy Circular no. 285 of 17 December 2013, Part I, Title IV, Chapter 1 and subsequent amendments		
TUB:	Legislative Decree no. 385 of 1 September 1993 as amended (Consolidated Law on Banking).		
TUF:	Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 September 1998 as amended (Consolidated Law on Finance).		
UniCredit:	UniCredit S.p.A., with registered office in Milan, Piazza Gae Aulenti no. 3, Tower A, VAT no., tax code and Rome Companies Register of Milan-Monza-Brianza-Lodi no. 00348170101, a registered bank and Parent Company of the UniCredit Banking Group, a registered Banking Group no. 02008.1, a member of the Italian Banking Association code 02008, a member of the Interbank Fund for the Protection of Deposits.		
Year:	the financial year this Report refers to.		



INTRODUCTION

This Report has been prepared pursuant to article 123-bis of the TUF, in compliance with the "Format for corporate governance and ownership structure reports", VIII edition, January 2019, as well as Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance. The information in this Report refers to the 2018 financial year, unless otherwise indicated.

The Report, approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on March 5, 2019, is published at the same time as the Management Report on the Issuer's *website* (*Governance* Section) and is available on the website of the authorised storage system managed by Spafid Connect S.p.A. (www.emarketstorage.com).

The Report has been submitted to the External Auditors for the assessments aimed at issuing the opinion of fairness and compliance to law pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 4 of the TUF. The results of the work carried out by the External Auditors are contained in its reports, prepared pursuant to article 14 of Legislative Decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010 and article 10 of the Regulation (EU) 537/2014, and attached to the 2018 Financial Statements of the Company and consolidated.



1. PROFILE OF THE ISSUER

FinecoBank, the multichannel bank of the UniCredit Group, is one of the most important FinTech banks in Europe, listed on FTSE MIB. It offers from a single account banking, credit, trading and investment services though transactional and advisory platform developed with proprietary technologies, and combined with one of the largest financial advisory network in Italy. Fineco is a bank leader in brokerage in Europe, and one of the most important player in Private Banking in Italy, offering tailor-made advisory services. Since 2017, FinecoBank is also in UK with an offer focused on brokerage and banking services.

FinecoBank is listed on the MTA (¹).

1.1. Corporate governance model

The Company's corporate governance system is based on principles recognised by international best practices as fundamental for good governance: the central role of the Board of Directors, the correct management of conflicts of interest, an efficient internal control system and transparency in relations with the market, with particular reference to the disclosure of corporate management decisions.

FinecoBank is part of the UniCredit group and is managed and coordinated by the Parent Company UniCredit, pursuant to and for the purposes of articles 2497 and subsequent of the Civil Code.

FinecoBank's overall corporate governance structure has been defined in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, also considering recommendations in the Corporate Governance Code. The Company must also comply with Supervisory Regulations issued by the Bank of Italy and, in particular, as regards corporate governance, with Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance. Pursuant to these regulations, FinecoBank, as a listed bank and under the direct prudential supervision of the European Central Bank (ECB), qualifies as a bank of significant size or operational complexity and, therefore complies with the provisions applicable to these banks.

FinecoBank adopts a traditional administration and control system based on two bodies appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting: the Board of Directors, with strategic oversight and business management functions, and the Board of Statutory Auditors, with administration control functions. External auditors are appointed to audit the accounts, in compliance with applicable laws.

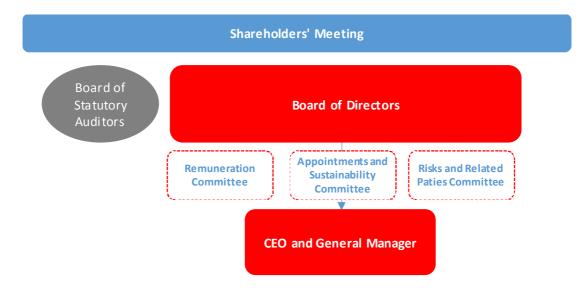
At the date of approval of this Report, the governance of FinecoBank also included the following Board Committees:

- the Risks and Related Parties Committee;
- the Remuneration Committee; and
- the Appointments and Sustainability Committee.

The diagram below illustrates the FinecoBank's governance structure:

(1) FinecoBank was admitted to trading on the MTA on July 2, 2014. Since April 1, 2016, FinecoBank has been included in the FTSE-Mib index and since March 2017 its shares are included in the STOXXEurope 600 Index.





1.1.1 Shareholders' Meeting

The Shareholders' Meeting is the body that represents the interest of all shareholders and through its decisions, the intentions of the Company.

The Shareholders' Meeting passes resolutions in ordinary and extraordinary session with the meeting and voting quorums envisaged by law and the Articles of Association, in view of specific matters to discuss.

The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting approves, among others, the financial statements and resolves on profit distribution. It appoints the Directors, the Statutory Auditors and the external auditors, establishing their fees. It also resolves on remuneration and incentive policies and practices established by current regulations.

The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting resolves on amendments to the Articles of Association, capital increases and mergers and demergers.

Holders of voting rights and for whom the Company has received notice from the intermediary holding the relative account, within the deadlines established by applicable laws (record date, the seventh open trading day prior to the date convened for the Meeting) may participate in the Shareholders' Meeting.

For further information on the Shareholders' Meeting, see Section 16

1.1.2 Board of Directors

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, the **Board of Directors** is the body given all powers, within the framework of the company object, which are not expressly assigned to the Shareholders' Meeting according to law or the Articles of Association, and that exclusively oversees business management. For this purpose, the Board of Directors is given full powers for the ordinary and extraordinary management of the Company.



Members of the Board of Directors have the professional standing, integrity and independence required by the Articles of Association and by applicable laws and regulations.

As established in the Articles of Association, members of the Board of Directors are appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting for a three-year term of office, save for a shorter term established by the Shareholders' Meeting when making appointments, based on a list voting system, to guarantee an adequate number of board directors elected by the minority.

The Board of Directors elects a **Chairman** from its members and, where considered appropriate, one or two **Deputy Chairmen**, one of whom will act as a stand-in. The Chairman and Deputy Chairmen remain in office for the entire duration of the Board. The Board of Directors also appoints a **Secretary**, who is not necessarily a board member. The Board may establish committees or commissions with advisory, decision-making or coordination functions, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Board of Directors may also appoint a **Managing Director**, establishing the term of office and relative duties and powers, as well as a **General Manager** and one or more **Deputy General Managers**, who comprise Head Office. In compliance with the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors of the Company appointed Alessandro Foti as Managing Director and General Manager of the Bank.

For further information on the Board of Directors, see Section 4

1.1.3 Board committees

To promote an efficient information and consultation system in order for the Board of Directors to evaluate issues to the best of its ability, three board committees, with advisory, decision-making or coordination functions, are established at the date of approval of this Report, in compliance with Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance and the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code; more specifically: (i) a Risks and Related Parties Committee; (ii) a Remuneration Committee; and (iii) an Appointments and Sustainability Committee.

For further information on the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Remuneration Committee and Appointments and Sustainability Committee, see Sections 7, 8 and 9

1.1.4 Board of Statutory Auditors

Pursuant to FinecoBank's Articles of Association, the **Board of Statutory Auditors** comprises three statutory and two stand-in auditors. Statutory Auditors are appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting based on a list voting system, to guarantee an auditor elected by the minority, as well as compliance with provisions on gender balance.

Auditors remain in office for three years, they may be re-elected and their term ends on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements for the third year of their appointment. The Board of Statutory Auditors performs the functions assigned to it by law and other applicable regulations. For the entire period while the Company's shares are admitted to trading on a regulated Italian market, the Board of Statutory Auditors also exercises all powers and carries out all duties provided for by special laws; with particular reference to



disclosure, Directors are required to report on a quarterly basis, pursuant to article 150 of the TUF, according to the procedures in article 15 of the Articles of Association. The Board of Statutory Auditors, acting as the "*Internal control and audit committee*", pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010 carries out all other activities provided for by this decree.

Members of the Board of Statutory Auditors are registered auditors and meet the requirements of professional standing, integrity and independence of applicable laws and statutory regulations.

For further information on the Board of Statutory Auditors, see Section 14

1.1.5 External Auditors

As established in the Articles of Association, the accounts are audited, pursuant to applicable legal provisions, by an entity that meets the requirements of applicable regulations.

The **External Auditors** represent the external control body auditing the accounts. In particular, the External Auditors are required, during the year, to verify the accounts of the company, and to give an opinion on the financial statements (including the consolidated financial statements), in a relative report.

For further information on the External Auditors, see Section 11.4

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The duties and operating procedures of company bodies are governed by law, by the Articles of Association and by decisions taken by competent bodies.

For further information on each body and/or entity comprising the Company's governance system, see specific sections of this Report.



- 2. Information on ownership structures (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1 of the TUF)
- a) Structure of Share Capital (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter a) of the TUF)

As at 31 December 2018, the share capital, fully subscribed and paid up, was equal to €200,773,450.35 divided into 608,404,395 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each.

The Board of Directors, partially exercising the authority granted to it pursuant to article 2443 of the Civil Code by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meetings of 5 June 2014, 23 April 2015, and 12 April 2016 resolved on 5 February 2019 to increase the share capital, as follows:

- (i) with effect from 5 February 2019, by a nominal amount of €110,755.92, corresponding to 335,624 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each, to service Employee incentive plans ("2014-2017 Top Management Multi-year plan" assignment of the 3rd tranche);
- (ii) with effect from 29 March 2019, by a nominal amount of €23,333.64, corresponding to 70,708 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each, to service Employee incentive plans ("2014 Group Incentive System" 5th tranche of the plan and 3rd tranche share);
- (iii) with effect from 29 March 2019, by a nominal amount of €13,878.81, corresponding to 42,057 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each, to service Employee incentive plans ("2015 Group Incentive System" 4th tranche of the plan and 2nd tranche share);
- (iv) with effect from 29 March 2019, by a nominal amount of €20,069.28, corresponding to 60,816 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.33 each, to service Employee incentive plans ("2016 Group Incentive System" 3rd tranche of the plan and 1st tranche share).

Ordinary shares are registered and are admitted for trading on the MTA. No further categories of shares, equity-based instruments, convertible or exchangeable bonds were issued.

Shares are indivisible and joint ownership is governed by law.

Shares are not subject to any privileges or constraints; there are no shares reserved for issue under option and sales contracts.

Each ordinary share carries the right to one vote in ordinary and extraordinary Shareholders' Meetings. Ordinary shares have administrative and equity rights and obligations in accordance with law.

For equity-based incentive plans, which involve free share capital increases approved by the Shareholders' Meeting, see the relative information documents drawn up pursuant to article 84-bis of the Issuer Regulations (²), as well as the Compensation Report drawn up pursuant to article 84-quater of the Issuer Regulations (³).

b) Restrictions on the transfer of securities (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1,

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⁽²) Information documents are available at the following address on FinecoBank's website:. https://images.finecobank.com/common/pub/pdf/corporate/governance/2019/Annex-2-to-Compensation-Policy.pdf

⁽³⁾ The Compensation Report is available at the following address on FinecoBank's website: https://images.finecobank.com/common/pub/pdf/corporate/governance/2019/Compensation-Policy.pdf. Moreover, the information pursuant to article 84-quarter are reported in the Annex 1 to 2019 Compensation Policy, available at the following address on FinecoBank's website:

https://images.finecobank.com/common/pub/pdf/corporate/governance/2019/Annex-1-to-Compensation-Policy.pdf.



letter b) of the TUF)

At the date of approval of this Report, there were no restrictions on the transfer of securities.

c) Significant holdings in capital (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter c of the TUF)

Based on entries in the Shareholders' Register and notices received pursuant to article 120 of the TUF, as well as other information available to the Company, direct or indirect significant holdings in share capital as at 31 December 2018 are presented below.

The table does not include entities that are exempt from the disclosure requirements of article 119-bis of the Issuer Regulations.

Declarer or entity at the top of the ownership chain	Direct shareholder	No. of ordinary shares	% Share of ordinary capital	% Share of voting capital
UniCredit S.p.A.	UniCredit S.p.A.	215,066,403	35.349%	35.349%
	UniCredit Bank AG	219,550	0.036%	0.036%
	Total	215,285,953	35.385%	35.385%
BlackRock Inc. (*)	Blackrock Netherlands B.V.	56,707	0.009%	0.009%
	BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited	1,644,404	0.270%	0.270%



Blackrock Advisors, LLC	523,420	0.086%	0.086%
BlackRock Asset Management Canada Limited	52,124	0.009%	0.009%
BlackRock Asset Management Deutschland AG	2,516,528	0.414%	0.414%
BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited	4,058	0.001%	0.001%
BlackRock Financial Management, Inc.	25,175	0.004%	0.004%
BlackRock Fund Advisors	3,510,191	0.577%	0.577%
BlackRock Institutional Trust Company, National Association	2,786,561	0.458%	0.458%
BlackRock International Limited	418,257	0.069%	0.069%
BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited	2,386	0.000%	0.000%



BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited	30,083,810	4.945%	4.945%
BlackRock Investment Management, LLC	257,244	0.042%	0.042%
Total	41,880,865	6.884%	6.884%

^(*) Type of possession: non-discretional asset management.

d) Securities conferring special rights (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter d) of the TUF)

At the date of approval of this Report, FinecoBank had not issued any shares conferring special control rights, nor adopted By-law provisions allowing multiple or increased voting rights.

e) Employee shareholdings: mechanism to exercise voting rights (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter e) of the TUF)

There is no employee share ownership scheme in which the voting right is exercised by representatives of the employees.

f) Restrictions on voting rights (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter f) of the TUF)

There are no restrictions on voting rights.

g) Shareholder agreements (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter g) of the TUF)

The Issuer is not aware of any shareholder agreements pursuant to article 122 of the TUF.

h) Change of control clauses (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter h) of the TUF and statutory provisions on Takeover bids (pursuant to articles 104, paragraph 1-ter, and 104-bis, paragraph 1)

FinecoBank has not entered into any significant agreements that become effective, are modified or are terminated in the event of a change in control of the company which is party to the agreement (4).

(4) FAM did not enter into any agreements considered significant pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter h) of the TUF.



* * *

The Bank's Articles of Association do not envisage any exceptions to the provisions on the passivity rule as of article 104, paragraphs 1 and 1-bis of the TUF, nor the application of the neutralisation provisions as of article 104-bis, paragraphs 2 and 3 of the TUF.

i) Delegated powers to increase share capital and authorisation to purchase treasury shares (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter m) of the TUF)

The Board of Directors has been authorised by the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting to carry out free capital increases, to implement the incentive plans for Bank personnel classified as "identified staff". The Board of Directors was not assigned the power to issue equity-based financial instruments.

On 12 April 2016, the Shareholders' Meeting, at the proposal of the Board of Directors, authorised the purchase and disposal of 250,000 treasury shares in favour of FinecoBank network managers and financial advisors identified as key personnel.

On 11 April 2017, the Shareholders' Meeting, at the proposal of the Board of Directors, authorised the purchase and disposal of 346,000 treasury shares to service the 2017 incentive system for FinecoBank financial advisors identified as key personnel.

On 11 April 2018, the Shareholders' Meeting, at the proposal of the Board of Directors, authorised the purchase and disposal of 297,620 treasury shares to service the 2018 incentive system for FinecoBank financial advisors identified as key personnel.

On 10 January 2019, the Board of Directors resolved to put to the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the 2018 Financial Statements, the proposal to authorise the purchase and disposal of 179,534 treasury shares to service the 2019 incentive system for FinecoBank financial advisors identified as key personnel.

As at 31 December 2018, the Company held 1,401,288 treasury shares equal to 0.23% of the share capital.

l) Management and coordination (pursuant to article 2497 and subsequent of the Civil Code)

UniCredit carries out management and coordination activities in conformity to and within the limits of the TUB and Supervisory Regulations, based, among others, on the following: (i) proposing members of the board of directors and control bodies, and managerial positions, of Group companies, to the shareholders' meetings; (ii) disseminating best practices, methodologies, procedures and IT systems in order to standardise operating procedures within the Group; (iii) defining and implementing a managerial/functional system that defines mechanisms for managerial coordination at group level, assigning the managers of parent company functions specific responsibilities and powers vis-à-vis corresponding functions of subsidiaries, in order to ensure the overall consistency of the group's corporate governance system, through adequate coordination among bodies, structures and company functions of different entities comprising the Group; (iv) defining, disseminating and implementing Group regulations for activities which are significant in terms of legal compliance and/or risk management, concerning, for example: (a) the reporting of inside information; (b) the preparation of periodic financial information; (c) the drafting of the strategic budget; (d) management control and reporting management information; (e) the structure, composition and remuneration of the Board of Directors; (f) transactions with related parties and associated



persons; (g) supplier selection; (h) personnel and personnel training.

* * *

The information required by article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter i) of the TUF is contained in the Compensation Report published pursuant to article 123-ter (5) of the TUF.

* * *

The information required by article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter 1) of the TUF regarding the appointment and replacement of directors is given in the section of this Report on the Board of Directors (Section 4.1.).

⁽⁵⁾ The Compensation Report is available at the following address on FinecoBank's website: https://images.fineco.it/pub-fineco/pdf/corporate/assemblea/2019/en/2019_CompensationPolicy.pdf



3. COMPLIANCE (PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 123-BIS, PARAGRAPH 2, LETTER A) OF THE TUF)

Starting from its IPO, FinecoBank adheres to the Corporate Governance Code and comply with it, where applicable. The Code is aligned with the main international practice and includes the corporate governance standards (based on transparency, accountability and long-term perspective) and best practices recommended by the Corporate Governance Committee, which apply to the listed companies on a "comply or explain" basis. It means that the companies shall explain in the Corporate Governance Report the reason of not complying with any recommendations of the Code.

The Code is available to the public on the website of the Corporate Governance Committee, at: http://www.borsaitaliana.it/comitato-corporate-governance/codice/2018clean.pdf.

For additional information on the corporate governance structure of FinecoBank, in addition to specific sections of this Report, see the Company's website, where the Report is published together with economic/financial information, data and documents of interest to shareholders.

* * *

The Issuer is not subject to provisions of law outside Italy that affect its corporate governance structure (6).

⁽⁶⁾ The legal provisions FAM is subject to do not affect the Issuer's governance structure.



4. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

4.1 Appointment and replacement (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter l), of the TUF)

In compliance with laws and regulations applicable to listed companies, article 13 of the Articles of Association requires the Board of Directors to be appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting, based on lists of candidates submitted by Shareholders, with each list containing the names of candidates numbered progressively, according to the procedure described below.

Shareholders can submit a list for the appointment of Directors, provided that when they submit the list they hold, alone or together with others presenting shareholders, at least the minimum shareholding established by Consob pursuant to article 147-*ter*, paragraph 1, of the TUF and in compliance with relevant provisions in the Issuer Regulations. Ownership of the minimum shareholding required is calculated based on the shares registered for each shareholder on the day when the lists are filed at the Company; relative certification may be submitted after the lists have been filed, provided this is within the deadline for publication of the lists.

Each party entitled to vote (as well as (i) entitled persons belonging to the same group, intended as a party, which need not be a corporation, exercising control pursuant to article 2359 of the Civil Code and any subsidiary controlled by, or under the control of said party, or (ii) shareholders who are party to a shareholders' agreement as of article 122 of the TUF, or (iii) entitled persons who are otherwise associated with each other in a material relationship pursuant to current and applicable statutory or regulatory provisions) may submit individually or with others only one list, likewise each candidate may be included in only one list, or otherwise be considered ineligible.

Each list that has three or more candidates must include candidates from both genders, so as to ensure compliance with at least the minimum requirements of applicable laws and regulations on gender balance.

The lists shall be filed at the registered office or head office – also by remote communication and in accordance with procedures in the notice of call, so as to allow the identification of parties submitting the list – at least twenty-five days before the date of the Shareholders' Meeting to appoint members of the Board of Directors, in single call. The Company shall ensure that lists are made public on the Company's website and by other means established by applicable provisions, at least twenty-one days prior to the above Shareholders' Meeting, in one session or on first call.

The lists also contain attachments with any additional documents and declarations required by applicable laws and regulations, as well as:

- information on the identity of parties submitting the lists, indicating the total percentage of shares held;
- information on the personal and professional characteristics of the candidates in the list;
- a statement whereby individual candidates irrevocably accept the position (subject to their appointment) and certify, under their responsibility, that there are no grounds for their ineligibility or incompatibility to stand as candidate, and that they meet the requirements of professional standing and integrity required by applicable laws and regulations;
- a statement that the independence requirements in the Articles of Association have been



met.

Lists that do not comply with the above requirements shall be considered as not submitted.

Each eligible voter may vote for one list only.

After the vote, candidates are elected from lists that have obtained the largest number of votes, with the following criteria:

- (a) a number of directors equal to the number of directors to be elected minus one shall be taken from the list that obtained the majority of votes cast, in the consecutive order in which they appear on the list. The remaining director is taken in consecutive order from the list that obtained the most votes among minority lists;
- (b) if the number of candidates in the majority list is not sufficient to ensure the appointment of all directors according to the mechanism specified in (a) above, all the candidates of the majority list shall be appointed and the remaining directors shall be taken from the list that obtained the most votes from among the minority lists, according to the consecutive order in which they appear on the list and, if necessary, from the next minority lists below the most voted minority list, in the consecutive order in which the candidates appear on the list, until the required number of directors has been appointed;
- (c) if the number of candidates included in both the majority and minority submitted lists is below that of the Directors to be appointed, the remaining Directors shall be appointed by resolution of the shareholders' meeting passed by relative majority, making sure that the independence and gender balance principles of applicable laws and regulations are complied with. In the event of a tie between candidates, the shareholders' meeting holds a second round of voting;
- (d) where only one, or no lists have been submitted, the Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve in accordance with the procedures specified in subparagraph (c) above;
- (e) if the required number of independent Directors and/or of Directors of the less represented gender is not appointed, the Directors of the most voted list and appearing first on the list and not satisfying the requirements in question are replaced by the next directors from the same list satisfying the requirement(s). In the event that, following the application of this criterion, it is still not possible to identify Directors with the mentioned characteristics, the said replacement criterion shall be applied to the progressively most voted minority lists from which any appointed candidates have been drawn;
- (f) in the event that, following the application of the replacement criterion set out in (e), it is still not possible to identify any suitable directors, the Shareholders' meeting shall resolve by relative majority. In this case, replacements shall be made starting from the most voted lists and from the candidates appearing first on the list.

In the event of death, resignation, withdrawal or removal from office for any other reason of a Director, or where a Director no longer meets the professional standing and integrity requirements, the Board of Directors can take steps to co-opt a Director, in compliance with the principles of minority representation and gender balance. If, in the above cases, the minimum number of independent Directors falls below the level required by laws and regulations in force at the time and/or the number of Directors belonging to the least represented gender falls below the level required by law, the Board of Directors shall replace them.

For the appointment of Directors needed to fill vacancies on the Board of Directors, the Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve by relative majority, ensuring that the principles of



independence and gender balance established by current law and regulations are met.

The Board of Directors shall elect a Chairman from among its members and – where appropriate – one or more Deputy Chairmen, one of which will act as a stand-in.

In compliance with applicable sector laws and regulations, the Board of Directors defines the optimal number and type of directors to effectively carry out its duties and oversee its responsibilities assigned by law, by Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance and the Articles of Association. The Board also establishes requirements applicable to FinecoBank directors, in addition to requirements of applicable laws and regulations, and provides guidance on the maximum number of positions that directors may hold in other companies.

Before appointing directors, the Board informs shareholders of the optimal board composition, so that candidates may be selected considering the professional competencies required. Shareholders may in any case make their own evaluations of the optimal board composition, and submit candidate proposals, giving reasons for any differences from evaluations made by the Board.

Succession Plans

On 11 December 2018, the Board of Directors approved the succession plan for the Managing Director and General Manager and for the other key managers, in which the professional competencies and expertise required for possible candidates are established.

For the Managing Director and General Manager, the succession plan provides information to support the appointment of the successor also in the event of early replacement, subject to UniCredit being involved in the replacement process, in its capacity as the parent company. This succession plan is submitted annually for approval to the Board of Directors by the Human Resources department, after being approved by the Appointments and Sustainability Committee. The annual review consists of detailed analysis of the competencies and requirements necessary to hold individual positions. Tools used to identify the pool of possible candidates for succession plans include assessment and development processes for staff in Band 4 or higher (EDP – Executive Development Plan) and staff with high a potential.

4.2 Composition (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) of the TUF)

Pursuant to article 13 of the Articles of Association, the Company is managed by a Board of Directors comprising a minimum of five and a maximum of thirteen Directors, elected by the Shareholders' Meeting. The Shareholders' Meeting shall also determine the term of office, on the understanding that said term may not be less than one year or more than three years from acceptance of the position and shall expire on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements relative to the last year of office. Members of the Board of Directors may be re-elected.

According to the Corporate Bodies Regulations, the number of Board Directors shall be commensurate with the size and complexity of the Bank's organisational structure, and allow for the oversight of all company operations, as regards management and controls. Moreover, the Board shall comprise (i) various representatives of the shareholder base, (ii) the professional competencies necessary to foster internal dialogue and (iii) a sufficient number of independent directors pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code. The composition of the Board shall also



guarantee a gender balance.

To ensure its proper functioning, the Board of Directors has established requirements for FinecoBank's Directors, in addition to requirements of applicable laws and regulations, and the number of positions directors may hold in other companies, as shown in the document "Qualitative and quantitative composition of the Board of Directors of FinecoBank S.p.A." (approved by the Board of Directors on February 7, 2017), published on the Company's website, to which reference is made (hereinafter, the "2017 Qualitative/Quantitative Profile").

Save for limits on the number of positions directors may hold, directors may accept a position on the board when they consider they have sufficient time to diligently carry out their duties, also considering their own work and professional commitments, as well as the number of positions held in other companies (including non-Italian firms).

Moreover, all Directors shall meet the requirements for eligibility and professional standing of applicable laws and other provisions, including regulatory and industry provisions.

Pursuant to article 147-ter and 148 of the TUF and article 16 of the Market Regulations, as well as Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance, the majority of FinecoBank's Board members shall meet the independence requirements in article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code, as the Company is managed and coordinated by another Italian company with shares listed on regulated markets (*i.e.* UniCredit).

The Board shall assess whether the independence requirements have been met with regard to the prevalence of substance over form. This assessment shall be performed:

- (i) following the appointment of a new Director who qualifies as independent; and
- (ii) annually, for all Directors.

For this purpose, the Board of Directors, based on statements provided and any other information available, shall examine the Director's direct or indirect commercial, financial or professional relationships with the Company, assessing their significance both in absolute terms and with regard to the economic and financial position of the individual concerned. The Board of Statutory Auditors shall ascertain the correct application of the criteria and procedures adopted by the Board of Directors for the above-mentioned assessment. The results of the above assessments shall be disclosed to the market.

The Board of Directors in office at the date of this Report was appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting of 11 April 2017 and shall remain in office until the next Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the Financial Statements as at 31 December 2019.

Accordingly, and in compliance with Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance, the appointment of Board members was proposed to the above Shareholders' Meeting in April 2017, after determining the number of members and their term of office. During the meeting, the Board of Directors also requested shareholders to consider the 2017 Quantitative/Qualitative Profile when submitting lists.

In compliance with applicable laws, the following lists of candidates for appointment to the Board of Directors were presented:

 List no. 1, presented by UniCredit (owner of a total of 215,066,403 ordinary shares representing 35.39% of the share capital), with Enrico Cotta Ramusino, Alessandro Foti, Francesco Saita, Manuela D'Onofrio, Maria Chiara Malaguti, Gianmarco Montanari and Patrizia Albano:



- List no. 2, presented by a number of asset management companies and institutional investors (owners of a total of 16,347,439 ordinary shares representing 2.6901% of the share capital), with Elena Biffi and Maurizio Santacroce.

The following documents were filed and published along with the two lists, according to established times and procedures:

- (i) a statement from shareholders other than shareholders that hold, even jointly, a controlling or relative majority interest, certifying the absence of any connection and/or significant relations with the latter as provided for by article 147-*ter*, paragraph 3 of the TUF and article 144-*quinquies* of the Issuers Regulation, also having examined Consob recommendations in its Communication no. DEM/9017893 of 26 February 2009;
- (ii) exhaustive information on the personal and professional characteristics of the candidates included in the list (curriculum vitae) and the list of administration, management and control positions they hold in other companies, which are relevant pursuant to law);
- (iii) statements whereby individual candidates irrevocably accepted the position (subject to their appointment) and certified, under their responsibility, that there were no grounds for their ineligibility or incompatibility to stand as candidate, and that they met the requirements of applicable laws, regulatory provisions, the Articles of Association and Corporate Governance Code;
- (iv) a statement from each candidate certifying that they met the independence requirements established by law, the Articles of Association and Corporate Governance Code;
- (v) a statement from each candidate on their knowledge and expertise in the areas indicated in the 2017 Qualitative/Quantitative Profile.

The lists, together with the above documents, were filed on the Company's website ("Governance/Shareholders' Meetings" section).

After establishing the number of Board Directors as 9, the Shareholders' Meeting of 11 April 2017 appointed Directors for the 2017-2019 period as follows:

- Enrico Cotta Ramusino, Alessandro Foti, Francesco Saita, Manuela D'Onofrio, Maria Chiara Malaguti, Gianmarco Montanari and Patrizia Albano from the list presented by UniCredit, which was voted by the majority of shareholders;
- Elena Biffi and Maurizio Santacroce from the list presented by several asset management companies and institutional investors, which was voted by the minority of shareholders.

For the percentage of votes for the above lists in relation to voting capital, see the summary report on voting, available on the Company's website ("Governance/Shareholders' Meeting" section).

The qualitative and quantitative composition of the appointed Board complied with the optimal composition defined by the Board (as described in the Qualitative/Quantitative Profile), in terms of: (i) the number of board members, optimally set by the Board as 9, in order to foster dialogue and promote the decision-making process, and which is commensurate with the size and complexity of the Company's organisational structure, for an effective oversight of all company operations; (ii) meeting requirements of integrity, professional competencies (in particular all Board members have a good knowledge and expertise of two or more areas listed) and independence (the majority of Board members are independent directors pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code); (iii) gender balance (at least one third of members on the board must comprise the least represented gender, as established in article 147–ter, paragraph 1-ter of



the TUF); (iv) complying with the limit on positions (no Board Directors exceeds the limit) and time available (based on the nature and extent of additional positions held, as well as various professional and work commitments) (7). As regards the personal and professional profile of each Director, see the information published on FinecoBank's website (www.finecobank.com, "Governance" Section).

In this regard, the Company received a positive decision from the European Central Bank (ECB) on the suitability of board members, on 15 December 2017 for non-executive directors, and on 3 January 2018 for the Chairman and the Managing Director and General Manager.

The table below presents significant information on each Board member in office at the date of approval of this Report.

Position	Members	Born in	Date of first appointment *	In office since	In office until	List **	Exec. (¹)	Non- exec.	Indep. Code	Inde p. TUF	(*)	Number of other positions ***
Chairman	Enrico Cotta Ramusino	1959	13.12. 2001	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	M		X		X	14/14 (100%)	0
Deputy Chairman	Francesco Saita	1967	15.04.2014	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	M		X	X	X	14/14 (100%)	0
Managing Director and General Manager	Alessandro Foti	1960	20.10.1999	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	M	X				14/14 (100%)	0
Director	Patrizia Albano	1953	11.04.2017	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	M		X	X	X	14/14 (100%)	1
Director	Manuela D'Onofrio	1962	08.11.2016	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	M		X			12/14 (86%)	0
Director	Elena Biffi	1966	11.04.2017	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	m		X	X	X	14/14 (100%)	1
Director	Maria Chiara Malaguti	1964	11.04.2017	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	M		X	X	X	12/14 (86%)	0
Director	Gianmarco Montanari	1972	11.04.2017	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	М		X	X	X	14/14 (100%)	0
Director	Maurizio Santacroce	1971	11.04.2017	11.04.2017	Approval of the Financial Statements as at 31.12.2019	m		X	X	X	14/14 (100%)	0

Quorum required to present lists during the last appointment: 1%

⁽⁷⁾ See Paragraph 4.2.1. below.



- * The date of the first appointment of each Director means the date when the Director was appointed for the first time (ever) to the Board of Directors of the Company.
- ** This column indicates the list on which each director was presented ("M": member from the majority list; "m": member from the minority list).
- *** Number of positions as Director or Statutory Auditor held in other companies listed on regulated markets, also abroad, in financial banking, insurance companies or companies of a considerable size (see Section 4.2.1 below, listing companies with reference to each Director).
- (1) Executive Director pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code.
- (2) Independent Director pursuant to article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code.
- (3) Independent Director pursuant to article 148, paragraph 3 of the TUF.
- (*) Percentage attendance at Board meetings (no. of attendances/ no. of meetings held during the actual period of office of the person concerned during the Year).

Diversity policies

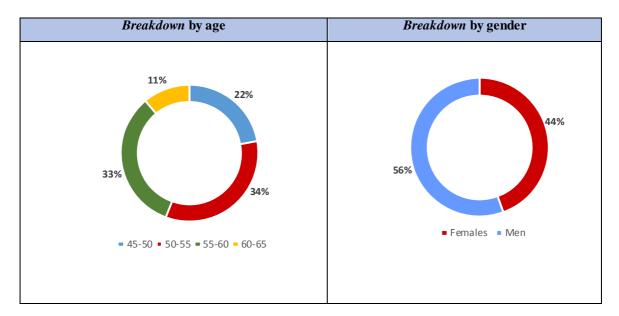
Save for applicable laws and regulations, the Board has adopted a specific policy (the latest one is dated 5 April 2018) with general guidelines on the structure, composition and remuneration of company bodies of associates and on procedures to appoint company officers, issued by UniCredit in its capacity as a steering, coordination and control body, in order to define principles, guidelines and rules to manage officers that shall be appointed in particular to the company boards of subsidiaries at a Group level.

In this regard, the process regulated by the policy establishes, among others, some guidelines on the structure of company bodies and requirements of relative members, in order to achieve a balance between internal and external (independent) members and gender, and a composition that can effectively oversee all company operations in terms of management and controls, also considering the dimensions and complexity of the organisational structure of the specific company. In this context, besides aspects concerning professional standing, integrity, independence and gender, the policy establishes, among others, general guidelines which establish a maximum age for board members as follows: (i) 75 years for the position of Chairman and Deputy Chairman; (ii) 65 years for the appointment of managing director and/or sole director.

With reference to FinecoBank, the principles and rules of this policy shall apply, considering national and EU laws and regulations on requirements for directors – and more in general the composition of the administrative body overall – and indications in the 2017 Qualitative/Quantitative Profile, previously referred to.

Members of the Board of Directors in office are broken down below, by age and gender. As regards the gender, it is to point out that 44% of the FinecoBank's Board is made by directors of the less represented gender.





With the aim of making the business increasingly sustainable and successful, FinecoBank invests in a highly diversified workforce and has adopted a global policy on gender equality, which establishes principles and guidelines to ensure a level playing field in which all employees, regardless of gender, can realize their potential.

In line with what has been implemented by UniCredit Group, FinecoBank has taken measures to promote equal treatment and gender opportunities by including a specific objective linked to the "gender balance and pay gap" in all the performance evaluation sheets of the Identified Staff.

4.2.1. Maximum number of board mandates in other companies

Based on information from Directors, the Board annually identifies and indicates, in the report on corporate governance and ownership structures, the positions of director or auditor held by the Directors in other companies and, in general, compliance with qualitative and quantitative requirements concerning time (based on the nature and extent of the positions held, as well as other work and professional commitments). The Directors shall promptly notify the Company of positions held or from which they have resigned during their term of office, as well as of any changes that may affect their availability.

In this regard, when approving the 2017 Qualitative/Quantitative Profile, the Board of Directors established new guidelines on the maximum number of positions that may be held by Company directors, in line with provisions in the Directive CRD IV.

In particular, save for additional and/or different provisions that could arise from Ministerial Decrees implementing article 26 of the TUB (as amended by Legislative Decree no. 72 of 12 May 2015 implementing Directive CRD IV in Italian law), each Director may hold the following number of positions (in any type of company, apart from organisations that are chiefly non-commercial):

- 1 executive position and 2 non-executive positions;



- 4 non-executive positions;

the following are considered as a single position as director: (a) the position of executive or non-executive director in the same group; e(b) positions are executive or non-executive director held in companies in which the entity has a qualified participation (see article 91 of the Directive CRD IV).

The table shows the overall number of positions held by Directors in office at the date of approval of this Report. The limit on the total number of positions held by Directors, as required by the Board in its 2017 Qualitative/Quantitative Profile, in line with the Directive CRD IV, was considered complied in view of requirements applicable to positions held in the same group, positions held in organisations that are chiefly non-commercial (that are not relevant for the total number of positions), statements provided by directors and the principles outlined in the document "Guide to fit and proper assessments", published by the European Central Bank (ECB) on 15 May 2017 and updated on May 2018.

The time commitment and the number of directorships held by the Board of Directors is compliant with: (i) the law decree scheme issued by the Ministry of Economy (under public consultation) laying down the requirements and criteria to be suitable to be a representative of a bank, a financial intermediary, a "confidi", an electronic money institution, a payment institution or a deposit guarantee scheme, pursuant to, inter alia, art. 26 del of the Legislative Decree 1° September 1993, no. 385, as amended by decree 12 May 2015, no. 72 which applied the 2013/36/UE Directive on banking supervision and was published on 1st August 2017; and (ii) the European Banking Authority guidelines on suitability of the management body and key personnel, issued on 21 March 2018 and effective from 30 June 2018.

Name	Total number of positions held by Directors	Number of relevant positions held		
Enrico Cotta Ramusino Chairman	3 non-executive positions	1 non-executive position (1)		
Francesco Saita Deputy Chairman	2 non-executive positions	2 non-executive positions		
Alessandro Foti Managing Director and General Manager	1 executive position and 3 non-executive positions	1 executive position and 1 non-executive position (1)		
Patrizia Albano Director	5 non-executive positions	3 non-executive positions (²)		
Elena Biffi Director	1 executive position and 3 non-executive positions	1 executive position and 2 non- executive positions (1)		



Manuela D'Onofrio Director	1 non-executive position	1 non-executive position
Maria Chiara Malaguti Director	1 non-executive position	1 non-executive position
Gianmarco Montanari Director	5 non-executive positions and 1 position as general manager	1 non-executive position (³)
Maurizio Santacroce Director	1 executive position and 1 non-executive position	1 executive position and 1 non- executive positions

⁽¹⁾ Considering the impact of positions held in organisations that are chiefly non-commercial, the total number of positions held complies with established limits.

* * *

In addition to the above, in compliance with article 36 of Law Decree no. 201 of 6 December 2011, ratified with amendments by Law no. 214 of 22 December 2011 establishing provisions on "personal crossholdings in the credit and financial markets t" it is forbidden for "those who hold offices in the management, control and supervisory bodies and the top officers of firms or groups of firms engaged in credit, insurance and financial markets, to accept or exercise similar positions in competing firms or groups of firms" (interlocking ban). Persons who hold incompatible offices must notify the option exercised within 90 days of the appointment. Otherwise, on expiry of this deadline, they shall be removed from both offices.

Directors shall annually renew the certificate stating they do not hold positions in the management, supervisory or control bodies of competing companies or groups of companies, in order to enable the Board to carry out its annual assessment. This assessment was carried out on the appointment of Directors, with a positive outcome for the year.

Directors are also required to inform the Bank regarding positions held in other companies and entities. In accordance with provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, the summary table in Paragraph 4.2 above shows the number of positions held as director/auditor by board members of FinecoBank in other companies listed on regulated markets (including foreign markets), in financial, banking, insurance or large sized companies, and notified by them.

The table below lists, instead, these positions, without listing positions held by officers in organisations/associations that are chiefly non-commercial.

⁽²⁾ Considering the impact of positions in the same group, the total number of positions held complies with established limits.

⁽³⁾ Considering the impact of positions held in organisations that are chiefly non-commercial and the position of general manager, which is not relevant for calculation purposes, the total number of positions held complies with established limits.



Name	List of positions held by FinecoBank Directors in other companies listed on regulated markets (including foreign markets), in	Companies belonging to the UniCredit Group		
	financial, banking, insurance or large sized companies	YES	NO	
Enrico Cotta Ramusino		-	-	
Chairman				
Francesco Saita		-	-	
Deputy Chairman				
Alessandro Foti		-	-	
Managing Director and General Manager				
Patrizia Albano	Non-executive director of Piaggio & C. S.p.A.	-	X	
Director				
Elena Biffi	Non-executive director of Arnoldo Mondadori	-	X	
Director	Editore S.p.A.			
Manuela D'Onofrio		-	-	
Director				
Maria Chiara Malaguti		-	-	
Director				
Gianmarco Montanari		-	-	
Director				
Maurizio Santacroce		-	-	
Director				

4.2.2. Induction and ongoing training

During the Year, at the request of the Chairman of the Board of Directors (and according to the induction plan for the fiscal year which has been approved by the Board of Directors on the basis of the assessment carried out with the advisory of the external counsel, five induction and training meetings were held on the following: i) "Brokerage"; (ii) "Cybersecurity and ICT Risk in the banking industry"; (iii) "ICT - Banking digitalization process"; (iv) "Procedures for managing transactions with parties in a conflict of interest"; (v) "Sustainability"; (vi) "Related Parties".

In addition, as required by the Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance and in compliance with the abovementioned induction plan, during 2018 two off-site meetings were held on "Brokerage" and "EVA Economic Value Added".

During the fiscal year, the Company began to systematically plan an assessment of the expertise and training of company officers.



4.3 Role of the Board of Directors (pursuant to article 123-bis, paragraph 2, letter d) of the TUF)

4.3.1 Duties

Pursuant to current regulations for companies with shares listed on regulated markets and in accordance with recommendations in the Corporate Governance Code, the Board of Directors plays a central role in the Company's governance system. As a body with strategic oversight, the Board of Directors approves the Bank's strategic guidelines and monitors their ongoing implementation.

Article 17 of the Articles of Association requires the Board of Directors to have the broadest powers for the management of the Company, except for powers reserved by applicable law, regulations and the Articles of Association to the Shareholders' Meeting.

In particular, in addition to duties and powers that cannot be delegated pursuant to law, the Articles of Association or Corporate Bodies Regulations, the Board of Directors shall have exclusive responsibility for the following:

- general guidelines, as well as the adoption and changes to the Company's industrial, strategic and financial plans, within the framework of directives from UniCredit;
- the appointment and dismissal of the Managing Director and/or the General Manager and Deputy General Manager(s) and of the Financial Reporting Officer;
- assessments on the general performance of company management (8);
- alignment of the Articles of Association with legal provisions;
- corporate mergers and demergers in cases envisaged in articles 2505, 2505-bis and 2506-ter of the Civil Code;
- capital reduction in the event of Shareholder withdrawal;
- guidelines, as well as provisions in the Articles of Association, adopted by Directors to represent the Company;
- the establishment of committees or commissions with advisory, decision-making or coordination functions;
- the risk management policies, as well as the evaluation of the functioning, efficiency and
 effectiveness of the internal control system and adequacy of the organisational,
 administrative and accounting structure within the framework of directives issued by
 UniCredit;
- the purchase and sale of investments, companies and/or business units, save for the provisions in article 2361, paragraph 2 of the Civil Code;
- the purchase and sale of property;

⁽⁸⁾ Taking into account the information received from authorised bodies, and periodically comparing results achieved with those planned. In this regard, the assessment was conducted monthly during the Year.



- the approval of and amendments to internal regulations;
- the appointment and dismissal of the heads of the Internal Audit, Compliance and Risk Control functions, after consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- the establishment and organisation for establishing powers of signature, in Italy and abroad, of secondary offices, branches, agencies and representation offices, however named, as well as their closing.

In accordance with the Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance, the Corporate Governance Code, the provisions of the Articles of Association and the Corporate Bodies Regulations, the Board of Directors, among others:

- (a) defines the nature and the level of risk consistent with the Bank's strategic objectives, including in its assessment all risks that could be relevant for the sustainability of Bank operations in the medium to long term; approves the business model while being aware of the risks to which this model exposes the Bank; formalises policies for the management of risks to which the Bank may be exposed, as well as the risk objectives and tolerance thresholds:
- (b) defines and approves the Bank's organisational and corporate governance structure, checking the correct adoption and promptly taking corrective measures in the case of any shortcomings or inadequacies; in particular, the Board of Directors is required in this framework to guarantee a clear separation of duties and functions, the prevention of conflicts of interest, the company structure and governance models/guidelines (9);
- (c) approves the accounting and reporting systems;
- (d) approves policies and processes for the assessment of company operations, and, in particular, financial instruments, ensuring ongoing adequacy; establishes the Bank's maximum exposure limits for financial instruments or products that are uncertain or difficult to measure;
- (e) approves the process for the development and validation of internal risk measurement systems not intended for regulatory purposes, periodically assessing their correct use; also approves the adoption of internal risk measurement systems for assessing capital requirements, periodically checking their validity and adopting annually, and after consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors a formal resolution regarding compliance with the use of such systems;
- (f) defines the process for the approval of new products and services, the start of new activities and entry on new markets;
- (g) approves the company policy on outsourcing company functions;

(h) in order to mitigate the Bank's operational and reputational risks and encourage the dissemination of a culture based on internal controls, the Board of Directors approves a code of ethics, which must be complied with by all members of company bodies and employees. The code defines the principles of conduct (e.g. rules of professional conduct and rules to follow in dealings with clients) on which company activities must be based;

⁽⁹⁾ For the assessment of the adequacy of the Company's organizational, administrative and accounting structure, which is prepared by the Managing Director (in particular for the internal control system and risk management) in relation to FAM as well, please refer to Par. 11.1.



- (i) approves internal systems for reporting violations;
- (j) as regards ICT, the Board of Directors approves: (i) the development strategies of the information system and reference model for system architecture; (ii) the IT security policy; (iii) guidelines on the recruitment of personnel with technical functions and the procurement of systems, software and services, including the use of external suppliers and promotes the development, sharing and updating of ICT knowledge; (iv) the organisational and methodological framework for IT risk analysis; (v) the IT risk appetite, regarding internal services and services provided to customers, in compliance with risk objectives and the reference framework to determine risk appetite defined at a company level; (vi) company documents required by law for management and supervision of the information system; the Board shall be informed at least once a year on the adequacy of services provided and the support given by these services to developments in company operations in relation to costs incurred and, promptly, in the event of serious problems for company operations due to information system incidents and malfunctions;
- (k) as regards business continuity: (i) defines the objectives and business continuity strategies of the service, ensuring adequate human, technological and financial resources; (ii) approves the business continuity plan and subsequent amendments as a result of technological and organisational change, accepting residual risks not managed by the business continuity plan, and also promoting development, periodic monitoring and updating following significant innovations, or any deficiencies/gaps or risks that may occur; (iii) appoints the business continuity plan manager; (iv) approves the annual plan for testing business continuity measures and examines the test results documented in writing;
- (l) defines the criteria for identifying the most significant transactions to be submitted for prior examination by the Risks and Related Parties Committee, and decides on transactions with related parties and associated persons pursuant to procedures adopted in this regard (¹⁰);
- (m) determines the remuneration/incentive systems in favour of key personnel and the network of financial advisors, and check that these systems do not increase business risks and are consistent with long-term strategies;

(10) Criteria to identify transactions of greater relevance are set out by the "Procedures for the management of transactions with persons ina conflict of interest" which have been approved by the Board of Directors and available on the Company's website. The Procedures also includes the rules to apply in case of transactions of greater relevance carried out by subsidiaries.

The Board resolves on the Company's transactions of greater relevance from a strategic or economic or financial perspective. With reference to the significant transactions carried out by the subsidiaries, the Board of Directors approved and implemented the *Global Policy Regulations* (issued by the Holding Company) which sets the criteria to identify the transactions of greater relevance in order to report them to the Board of Statutory Auditors. In particular, all critical or significant transactions and, whatever the case, the transactions listed below, shall be subjected to a reporting activity towards to the Company's Board of Statutory Auditors every quarter-year period: (i) new entry into, or strengthening of existing position in, a strategic sector/market; (ii) definition/modification of shareholding structures with third-parties with which there are governance agreements; (iii) decisions affecting strategic investments; (iv) decisions that have a significant influence on the organizational structure of the company or the Group; (v) the exceeding of economic/balance sheet/financial thresholds in relation to the type of transactions completed; (vi) changes to the company's capital structure; (vii) new legal proceedings and changes to previous proceedings that cause prospective liabilities that exceed the threshold as established by the Board or that are or may become significant for the business sector to which the company belongs ("pilot proceedings"). Pursuant to art. 136 of the TUB, decisions on any kind of undertaking and on SPAs between the representatives of the Company and FinecoBank are reserved to the Board of Directors.



- (n) prepares and submits the compensation and incentives policy to the Shareholders' Meeting, on an annual basis, and is responsible for its proper implementation;
- (o) approves processes concerning the provision of investment services and the periodic testing of their adequacy.

The Board also ensures that:

- (i) the Bank's structure is consistent with activities carried out and with the business model adopted, avoiding the creation of complex structures which are not justified by operating aims:
- (ii) the implementation of the relevant framework for determining the Risk Appetite Framework ("RAF") is consistent with approved risk objectives and tolerance thresholds (where identified); in this regard, the Board of Directors periodically assesses the suitability and effectiveness of the RAF and the compatibility between actual risk and risk objectives;
- (iii) the strategic plan, RAF, Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment (ICAAP) process, the budget and internal control system are consistent, also in view of changing internal and external conditions in which the Bank operates;
- (iv) the quantity and allocation of capital and liquidity held is consistent with the risk appetite, risk governance policies and risk management process;
- (v) where the Bank operates in jurisdictions lacking transparency or through especially complex structures, the Board assesses the related operational risks, especially of a legal, reputational and financial nature, identifying oversight measures to mitigate these risks and ensure they are effectively monitored;
- (vi) the Board approves, at least once a year, the plan of activities (including the audit plan) and reviews the annual reports prepared by the company control functions (Compliance, Internal Audit and Risk Management). In this context, the Board also approves the longterm audit plan.

The Board of Directors also ensures the adoption of directives issued by UniCredit in exercising the power attributed to the latter - by relevant laws and regulations - to give instructions to various Group entities.

Lastly, the Board is exclusively responsible for reporting to shareholders at Shareholders' Meetings.

4.3.2 Meetings and functioning

The Board of Directors held fourteen meetings during the Year, with an average duration of two hours and thirty-six minutes. For details of the percentage of attendance by each Director, see the table in Section 4.2 above.

Twelve meetings have been scheduled for 2019, of which three had already been held at the date of approval of this Report.

The Chairman is responsible for planning the Board's schedule with regard to the agenda, as proposed by the Managing Director and General Manager. The Chairman shall also ensure that enough time is dedicated to items on the agenda in order to have a constructive debate, encouraging Directors to actively contribute to meetings.



Article 16 of the Articles of Association requires the Company's Board of Directors to be convened, also using telecommunication facilities, at the registered office of the Company or elsewhere, provided the venue is in Italy by the Chairman (or his/her representative), usually at least once every three months, and however any time deemed necessary by the Chairman, or if requested in writing by the Managing Director and General Manager or by at least two Directors of the Board of Directors. A Board meeting may also be convened on the proposal of a Statutory Auditor.

The Board of Directors shall be validly composed even without a call notice, if all Directors and Standing Auditors are present.

Article 16 of the Articles of Association envisages the possibility for participants of Board meetings to attend remotely, through audio-visual communication systems (video conference or conference call) where the conditions are in place to identify the attendees, allow their real-time participation in discussing the topics examined and to receive, transmit and examine any documents not previously seen.

Pursuant to the Corporate Bodies Regulations, notice of meetings must be given to all Directors and Statutory Auditors within a reasonable period of time, except in urgent cases. The notice should include, except in cases where this is not possible due to confidentiality issues, the items on the agenda so that the attendees can come prepared to the meeting. The Corporate Bodies Regulations also require documentation in support of proposals and any necessary information to be given to Directors at least three business days prior to the meeting (with the exception of the financial documents, that must be given at least one business day before the meeting), so that the Directors can give an informed opinion on the issues being decided. In this regard and with reference to the Year, the above term was complied with.

The Chairman is responsible for planning the Board's schedule with regard to the agenda, as proposed by the Managing Director and General Manager. The Chairman shall also ensure that adequate information – both in terms of quality and quantity – on items on the agenda is provided to all Board members, so as to allow the Board to make informed decisions on the business to be discussed and approved; the Chairman shall also ensure that enough time is dedicated to items on the agenda in order to have a constructive debate, encouraging Directors to actively contribute to meetings.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors, also at the request of one or more Directors, may request the Managing Director and General Manager that senior managers of the issuer and of Group companies, as well as Heads of relevant company departments, attend board meetings, in order to provide appropriate additional information on items on the agenda. In this regard and with reference to the year, senior managers attended Board meetings.

Pursuant to article 15 of the Articles of Association, the General Manager, if appointed, may take part, without voting rights, in Board meetings. If a Managing Director has not been appointed, the General Manager shall take part in Board meetings with the power to make proposals.

Pursuant to article 16 of the Articles of Association, the Chairman may request Deputy General Managers and other managerial staff to take part in Board meetings.

Apart from Board meetings, the Directors attend "off-site" meetings, in order to further examine and discuss strategic issues.

The Independent Directors meet at least once a year in a closed session.



In these meetings, an Independent Director appointed at the first meeting of Independent Directors acts as Chair.

4.3.3 Self-assessment

The annual self-assessment process on the Board and its Committees, as well as on their size and composition, has been carried out in compliance with the Corporate Bodies Regulations adopted pursuant to the Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance and according to the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code.

For the performance of the self-assessment process, FinecoBank, as in the previous year, made use of the Spencer Stuart as independent external consultant, chosen by the Chairman of the Board, upon proposal of the Nomination and Sustainability Committee, entrusted with providing consultancy during each stage of the process. Said company, chosen in view of its competence and expertise as far as concerns corporate governance, is acknowledged as possessing the neutrality, impartiality and independence of judgment required by the Corporate Bodies Regulations.

As regards independence, the company advised FinecoBank for the 2017 self-assessment process and acted as advisor to the Holding Company on Human Research and Corporate Governance topics. Such situations have been assessed as not relevant for the independence taking into account the kind of service and considering the absence of any impact on the service to provide to FinecoBank and the economic irrelevance.

The process broke down into the following stages:

- examination: carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Corporate Bodies Regulations, through anonymous questionnaires and individual interviews;
- consultant assessment of the outcome of the self-assessment process and drawing up of the summary document which illustrates, inter alia, the methodologies made use of, the individuals involved and the results achieved, highlighting strengths and weaknesses, as well as any necessary corrective actions proposals;
- assessment of the summary document by the Appointments and Sustainability Committee and proposals of actions deemed appropriate to be submitted to the Board of Directors;
- assessment and approval by the Board of Directors of the summary document and the proposals.

The questionnaires and interviews, consistently with the layout followed in past two years' Board reviews, have been focused on different topics concerning the size, the composition and functioning of the Board of Directors and its Committees.

4.3.4 Competing activities

The Company has not authorised any exceptions to the non-competition clause pursuant to article 2390 of the Civil Code.

4.4 Executive bodies and officers



In accordance with FinecoBank's Corporate Bodies Regulations, powers are delegated so that the Board is not stripped of its fundamental rights and prerogatives.

The Board establishes the content of the delegated powers in a detailed, clear and precise manner, also indicating the limits in terms of quantity and amount, as well as the means of exercising the delegated powers; this also allows the Board to specifically check that delegated powers have been correctly complied with, as well the possibility to exercise its overriding executive and evocation right.

Executive bodies and officers report to the Board of Directors and Board of Statutory Auditors at least every three months, on operations carried out as part of their powers.

4.4.1 Managing Director and General Manager

Pursuant to article 15 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors may appoint a Managing Director, determining the term of office and the respective duties and powers, a General Manager and one or more Deputy General Managers, who make up Head Office, together with other employees assigned to this function.

The Managing Director or – where not appointed – the General Manager shall oversee the Head Office.

The Managing Director shall take up the powers and duties of the General Manager if the latter has not been appointed.

If a Managing Director and General Manager are appointed, both positions must be held by the same person.

The Managing Director, or where not appointed, the General Manager shall be responsible for implementing the resolutions passed by the Board of Directors, with the assistance of the Head Office.

If a Managing Director has not been appointed, the General Manager shall take part in the meetings of the Board of Directors with the power to make proposals and without voting rights.

The Managing Director and other Directors with particular responsibilities, as well as the General Manager, where no Managing Director has been appointed, report to the Board of Directors on their activities, according to the procedures and time limits established by the Board, in accordance with law.

The Managing Director, or where not appointed, the General Manager as requested by the Managing Director, is responsible for implementing the resolutions passed by the Board of Directors, with the assistance of General Management.

On April 11, 2017, the Board of Directors confirmed the appointment of Alessandro Foti as Managing Director and General Manager, assigning him powers in all sectors of Bank operations. More information on powers granted is given in the document "*Delegated powers*" available for public consultation at the Milan Companies' Register.

The Managing Director and General Manager is responsible for managing the company and does not fall within the interlocking directorate scenario envisaged by the Corporate Governance Code (Application Criterion 2.C.6.).



4.4.2 Chairman of the Board of Directors

Pursuant to article 14 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors shall elect a Chairman from its members and – where appropriate – one or two Deputy Chairmen, one of whom will act as a stand-in.

By resolution of 11 April 2017, the Board of Directors appointed Enrico Cotta Ramusino as Chairman of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with article 10 of the Articles of Association, the Chairman of the Board of Directors chairs the Shareholders' Meeting, as well as directing and moderating discussions, establishing the voting procedures and confirming the results, in compliance with provisions of applicable regulations and procedures for Shareholders' meetings.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors has not been granted any management powers and therefore does not have any executive role. He/she does not have a specific role in the development of business strategies, is not the entity mainly responsible for company management, nor has directly or indirectly, significant investments in the Company's capital share.

For additional information, see Part A, § 2.1. of the Corporate Bodies Regulations available on the Company's website www.finecobank.com ("Governance/Company positions" section)

4.4.3 Reporting to the Board of Directors

Corporate Bodies Regulations require information flows between and within company bodies as an essential condition for achieving objectives of efficient management and effective control of the company.

To ensure continual and comprehensive information flows between and within company bodies, the Board is called on to approve and oversee the maintenance and update of a structured information flow system over time, that regulates the circulation of information and ensures the correct flow in a timely and comprehensive manner, whilst respecting the responsibilities of various bodies with supervisory and control functions. The Board of Directors analytically identified these flows, their content and timing in, among others, the "Document on company bodies and functions with supervisory tasks", which it approved. As regards transactions with related parties and associates, see "Procedures for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest" ("RPT Procedures") and information flows therein (11).

The Corporate Bodies Regulations identify persons required to submit information flows to company bodies and describe the minimum content and timing of main participation flows. To implement necessary organisational controls for the proper management of information flows and provide the necessary information on other aspects (forms, tasks and duties and other content), not covered in the Corporate Bodies Regulations, specific organisational procedures are adopted that specifically describe the activities and controls related to the "Management of the Board of Directors", the "Management of inside information", in relation to the complexity of the information processed, as well "Procedures for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest".

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⁽¹¹⁾ The RPT Procedures are available at the following address on FinecoBank's website: https://finecobank.com/en/public/corporate/governance/parti-correlate.



In accordance with Article 21 of the Articles of Association, decisions made by those with delegated powers must be disclosed to the Board according to the procedures and frequency (at least quarterly) established by the Board. In particular, executive bodies and officers shall report to the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors, at least on a quarterly basis, on the general performance of the company, the business outlook, and transactions that have a significant effect on the results of operations and financial position – with particular regard to transactions that could potentially give rise to conflict of interest – carried out by the Company and its subsidiaries.

In this regard, delegated bodies reported to the Board of Directors and the Board of Statutory Auditors, on at least a quarterly basis, on activities performed as part of their delegated powers.

4.5 Other executive directors

At the date of approval of this Report, no other Directors have been granted management powers besides the Managing Director and General Manager.

4.6 Independent directors

At the date of approval of this Report, the Board of Directors had six independent Directors pursuant to article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code, as identified below.

Save for paragraph 4.2 above regarding the procedures and timing for checking the independence of directors, the Board of Directors: (i) pursuant to article 144-novies, paragraph 1-bis, of the Issuer Regulations and Application Criterion 3.C.4. of the Corporate Governance Code, assessed, at the first available opportunity after the appointment (i.e. in the meeting of 9 May 2017), that non-executive Directors met independence requirements and disclosed the results of its assessments in press release; (ii) assessed, before the approval of this Report, the continued independent status of the Directors. To enable the Board of Directors to assess the independence requirements of its members, each Director was asked to make a personal updated assessment of their independence status, taking into account the criteria in articles 147-ter, paragraphs 3 and 4, and 148 paragraphs 3 and 4 of the TUF and article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code, providing specific certification.

Subject to the opinion of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee of 25 January 2019, the Board of Directors, in its meeting of 5 February 2019, verified the existence of the independence requirements for Directors, pursuant to article 148 of the TUF and article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code. In performing the above assessments, the Board of Directors applied (among others), all the criteria established by the Corporate Governance Code.

In this regard, and with particular reference to the independence requirements referred to in the Corporate Governance Code and the Articles of Association, information on the direct or indirect relationships (loans, significant positions held, work as a paid employee and business/professional relations) of Board Directors with FinecoBank and the Parent Company were considered.

To verify the significance of the above relations, the Board of Directors decided to not only identify the financial parameters which if exceeded, "automatically" affect independence, but also subjective and objective aspects, in overall terms. For this purpose, the following criteria were identified: (i) the nature and characteristics of the relationship; (ii) the amounts of transactions in absolute and relative terms; (iii) the subjective profile of the relationship.



In particular, in evaluating the significance of the relationship, the Board considered the following information, where available:

- (a) for loans, the amount in absolute terms of the loan granted, its impact in relation to system data and, where necessary, the financial status of the borrower;
- (b) for professional/business relations, the characteristics of the transaction/relationship, the amounts involved and, where necessary, the financial status of the counter party.

In both cases, subjects involved (director or family member; FinecoBank or the Parent Company) were considered, and for relations with companies/entities, the type of "connection" with the director or family member (position held/controlling interest) was taken into account.

In view of the above, and as part of the verification process, the Board ascertained the independence requirements declared by Board Directors. In particular, with reference to Directors for whom information obtained indicated the existence of the above relations, the Board considered that the relations were not of an extent that could affect the independence requirements declared.

The results of the verification are as follows:

- Independent directors pursuant to article 148 of the TUF and article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code: Francesco Saita, Patrizia Albano, Elena Biffi, Maria Chiara Malaguti, Gianmarco Montanari, Maurizio Santacroce;
- Independent directors pursuant to article 148 of the TUF: Enrico Cotta Ramusino;
- Non-independent directors pursuant to article 148 of the TUF and article 3 of the Corporate Governance Code: Alessandro Foti, Manuela D'Onofrio.

The Board of Statutory Auditors ascertained the correct application of the assessment criteria and procedures adopted by the Board of Directors for evaluating the independence of its members. In this regard, the results of checks carried out will be made known in the annual report to the shareholders' meeting, which will be published together with the Financial Statements as at 31 December 2018 in accordance with procedures and times established by

Meeting of the Independent Directors, as of Application Criterion 3.C.6 of the Corporate Governance Code, was held on 11 December 2018. In particular, the Independent Directors met without the other Directors, to mainly discuss corporate governance issues.

4.7 **Lead Independent Director**

As the Code does not establish provisions for the appointment of this position, the Board of Directors has not appointed any independent Director as lead independent director (12).

⁽¹²⁾ Pursuant to Application Criterion 2.C.4. of the Corporate Governance Code, the Board of Director appoints an independent lead independent following director the director cases: (i) if the chairman of the board of directors is the chief executive officer of the company; (ii) if the office of chairman is held by the person that controls the issuer; (iii) if the issuer is part of the FTSE-Mib index when requested by the majority of independent directors.



5. PROCESSING OF COMPANY INFORMATION

In compliance with Stock Exchange Regulations and relative Instructions, as well as relevant provisions of the TUF and Issuer Regulations, which require Directors and Statutory Auditors to keep documents and information acquired in performing their duties confidential, the Corporate Bodies Regulations require the Board of Directors to define procedures for the internal management and disclosure of documents and information on the Company, also with reference to inside information.

The Bank adopted a procedure for the processing of relevant inside information pursuant to the EU Regulation n. 596 of April 16, 2014 on market abuses (the "market Abuse Regulation" or "MAR") and the relevant implementing law and guidelines (e.g. Consob Guidelines on the Management of inside information of October 2017) (hereinafter, the "**Procedure for processing Relevant Inside Information**").

The aim of the Procedure for processing Relevant Inside Information is to prevent the processing of such information (as defined below) in a manner, which is not prompt, is incomplete or inadequate and in any case may result in inconsistent disclosure.

In particular, the management and disclosure of Relevant Inside Information, as regulated by this Procedure, makes it possible to protect the market and investors, giving them adequate knowledge of matters concerning the Issuer, on the basis of which they may make investment decisions.

The Procedure for processing Relevant Inside Information also aims to prevent some persons or categories of persons from acquiring information, which is not in the public domain in order to carry out speculative transactions on markets to the detriment of investors, that are not aware of this information.

The Procedure explains:

- with reference to FinecoBank as the entity controlled by the listed issuer UniCredit, the process to assess relevant inside information concerning UniCredit;
- with reference to FinecoBank as a listed issuer, the process to assess and disclose relevant inside information concerning FinecoBank, as well as requirements for managing the List of Persons who have access to this information (the "Fineco List").

The Procedure regulates the management of company information (meaning all information and data concerning FinecoBank, UniCredit and/or other Group companies, which is not in the public domain, acquired by persons required to comply with the Procedure, in performing their duties), with particular reference to (i) relevant information, which are specific information, not public and concerning data, events, projects or circumstances that in any manner refer to FinecoBank and that could, also in a further stage, become inside information and (ii) inside information.

It establishes, firstly, the obligation for all persons that perform activities within the Group to keep company information acquired in performing their duties confidential and to use this information exclusively for carrying out their duties.

At present, the Procedure for processing Relevant Inside Information assigns:

(a) responsibility for assessing whether information is classified as inside information, also for the purpose of disclosure to the public, as regards information concerning both



UniCredit and the Company, to the *Chief Financial Officer* of FinecoBank (hereinafter, the "**FinecoBank CFO**") assisted by the heads of the *Legal* and Corporate Affairs Detp. and *Compliance*, for areas in their remit. In any case, the FinecoBank CFO shall notify the UCI COO (Chief Operating Officer) of its assessments, to verify whether inside information relative to the Issuer may also have an impact on UniCredit.

In particular, the Procedure for processing Relevant Inside Information establishes that anyone who has ant relevant and/or inside information regarding FinecoBank and/or UniCredit and/or the Group shall promptly report the circumstance to the FinecoBank CFO to allow for an assessment of the inside nature of the information disclosed and to take the necessary measures to correctly manage the information, including its prompt disclosure to the market, as applicable;

- (b) appropriate, effective measures to ensure the confidentiality of information until it is disclosed to the public shall be adopted.
 - To this end, FinecoBank has established a "List of persons who have access to inside information" which is price sensitive, as regards the Company's shares, in compliance with applicable regulations. It has also established a process to add data to, update and maintain the List, identifying the Compliance Officer of the Company as the entity responsible for managing the FinecoBank List.
- (c) the FinecoBank CFO (assisted by the heads of the *Legal* and Corporate Affairs Detp. and *Compliance*) shall be responsible for assessing disclosure to the public of information about the Company, and in agreement with the UCI COO the opportunity to delay disclosure to the public of Inside Information, in cases specifically indicated by the Procedure for processing Inside Information;
- (d) the FinecoBank CFO and Head of Identity&Communications shall be responsible for preparing press releases in which Inside Information is disclosed, assisted by Company units involved and with the equivalent units at UniCredit (if UniCredit is also required to disclose the same information);
- (e) the FinecoBank CFO shall be responsible for sending the prepared press release to the UCI CFO, so that he/she, if the Inside Information is also relevant for UniCredit shares, may submit it to the Board of Directors of the Parent Company for approval or, when relative to delegated transactions, to the Chairman, Managing Director, General Manager or one of the Deputy General Managers, for areas in their responsibility;
- (f) the press release shall be disclosed, subject to approval from the Managing Director of the Issuer, via the "eMarket-SDIR" system, to Borsa Italiana and Consob.

Press releases are published on the Company's website before the opening of the market on the day after disclosure and are available on the site for at least five years from publication.

In compliance with provisions set forth in article 114, paragraph 7 of the TUF and article 152-quinquies. I and subsequent of the Issuer Regulations, and in order to reflect changes in laws resulting from the entry into force of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of April 16 2014, as amended by article 56 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/1011 – on market abuse and repealing Directive 2003/6/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Directives 2003/124/EC, 2003/125/EC and 2004/72/EC - and relative



Commission Delegated Regulations (No 2016/522 and 2016/523), the Board of Directors approved the current version of the Code of conduct on *internal dealing* on 10 January 2018; the Code regulates the management, processing and disclosure of information relative to transactions on FinecoBank's listed shares and debt instruments (and on the derivatives and financial instruments connected to them) undertaken by *insiders* and by persons strictly related to them (hereinafter, the "Internal Dealing Code"). This procedure regulates disclosure obligations to be complied with and conduct to be observed by the above persons and by FinecoBank in order to ensure maximum transparency in disclosure to the market.

The main aim of the Internal Dealing Code is to improve transparency and uniformity in disclosure relative to financial transactions undertaken by the above persons, to give investors an idea of how these persons perceive the prospects of the company and/or the group it belongs to. Thus the Code does not directly address whether significant persons have acquired confidential information and used said information unlawfully (a conduct which instead constitutes the offence of insider trading), assuming that the undertaking of certain financial transactions by particular persons considered "significant" (i.e. by persons that, due to their position, are able to acquire information on matters of the company and the group it belongs to), is, per se, price sensitive.

The Internal Dealing Code identifies "Significant Persons" and "Closely-Related Persons" to the Significant Persons in compliance with the Issuer Regulations and establishes that "Material Transactions" (and thus which are subject to the disclosure obligations of the Internal Dealing Code) are transactions concerning the purchase, sale, underwriting or exchange of shares and debt instruments issued by FinecoBank (admitted to trading – or for which an application has been made for admission to trading – on a regulated market or an MTF), or derivatives or other financial instruments linked to those instruments carried out by the above persons, directly or through intermediaries, trusts or subsidiaries. The Internal Dealing Code also identifies some types of transactions, which are exempt from disclosure obligations.

The Internal Dealing Code also contains regulations on the management, processing and disclosure of information relative to these transactions. To this end it regulates:

- (a) disclosure obligations of Significant Persons to the Company;
- (b) disclosure obligations of Significant Persons and the Company to Consob;
- (c) cases in which Significant Persons are prohibited from or limited in undertaking transactions on financial instruments.

In compliance with the Internal Dealing Code, the Bank's Compliance Officer is the Officer Responsible for providing information to the public and to Consob with regard to notices received from Significant Persons.



6. BOARD COMMITTEES (PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 123-BIS, PARAGRAPH 2, LETTER D) OF THE TUF)

At the date of approval of this Report (in compliance with the Supervisory Regulations and the Corporate Governance Code) three Board committees were established, with advisory, decision-making and coordination functions, and specifically: (i) a Risks and Related Parties Committee; (ii) a Remuneration Committee; (iii) an Appointments and Sustainability Committee.

None of the functions assigned to board committees by the Corporate Governance Code was assigned to the Board of Directors. Apart from the Appointments and Sustainability Committee, as of Section 9, none of the other committees carry out multiple functions of two or more committees as provided for by the Corporate Governance Code (¹³) and functions are not assigned to various committees in a way that differs from provisions in the Code. Committee members are selected for their expertise and availability to carry out relative duties.

Save for a shorter term of office established on appointment, Committee members remain in office for the same time as the Board on which they are members. They may step down from their position on Committees, without stepping down from the Board of Directors.

If, for any reason whatsoever, a member no longer holds the position, the Board of Directors will replace the member. The expiry of the new member's term of office coincides with that of the outgoing member. If the Chairman of the Committee ceases to hold office, the Board of Directors will appoint a new Chairman with the decision to appoint the replacement member.

Committees meet regularly as scheduled and whenever deemed necessary due to particular requirements; they shall be considered duly established with the presence of the majority of its members in office and with the absolute majority vote of those present for resolutions. Committees resolve with the presence of the majority of its members in office.

Meetings are convened with a four working days notice. The notice of call can be sent also by fax or e-mail and must include the indication of the place, time and venue of the meeting, as well as the agenda. It is sent by the Chair of each Committee, also through the Secretary. In urgent circumstances, as determined by the Chair of the Committee, meetings may be convened with one day's notice. In case no notice of call is sent, Committees are duly established in case all members participate.

Committees' meetings may be held using telecommunication means, if each attendee can be identified by all the other attendees, and that each attendee is able to intervene in real time during discussions, and is able to receive, transmit and view the documents. The Secretary, who is not necessarily a Committee member, or if absent or incapacitated, a person appointed by the committee Chair to replace the secretary, shall take minutes of the meeting, which will include among others, the reasons for any disagreement expressed by Committee members. The Secretary shall retain the minutes of the meeting for consultation by Committee members who did not attend the meeting, as well as Directors and Statutory Auditors.

The Chair of each Committee shall report on the meeting during the first subsequent Board meeting.

⁽¹³⁾ In compliance with Consob indications and guidelines as of Communication no. DEM/10078683 of 24 September 2010, to adopt the Regulations on Related-party Transactions, the Company assigned its audit committee pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code to carry out the functions of the related-parties committee.



Committees also have financial resources adequate for their duties, within the limits of the budget set by the Board, which are sufficient to guarantee operating independence; in cases of particular need, these limits may be extended. The Committees may be assisted by external experts.

The Shareholders' meeting determines the annual fees for Committee members and a fee for attending committee meetings. To carry out their duties, Committees have adequate tools and information flows, guaranteed by adequate functions, which enable them to make evaluations and have access to relevant company information.

The committees established within the Board of Directors are described in paragraphs 7, 8 and 9.

7. RISKS AND RELATED PARTIES COMMITTEE

The Risks and Related Parties Committee was established on 17 June 2008 as the "Audit Committee". Over the years, the original name of the Committee, its structure and relative duties, changed, in line with developments in the legal and regulatory framework, and with industry best practices. With a resolution of April 11, 2017, the Board of Directors established an internal controls and risks committee, to oversee related-party transactions, pursuant to the Related-Parties Regulations, called the "Risks and Related Parties Committee"; this committee has functions and powers referred to in applicable Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance and the Corporate Governance Code.

The functions that the Corporate Governance Code assigns to the Control and Risks Committee have been assigned to the Risks and Related Parties Committee.

In compliance with provisions in Application Criterion 4.C.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the composition, functioning, organisation and activities of the Risks and Related Parties Committee are governed in the Corporate Bodies Regulations.

7.1. Composition

The Board of Directors appointed members of the Risks and Related Parties Committee on April 11, 2017, in compliance with provisions in article 16 of the Market Regulations (formerly article 37 of the repealed Regulation no. 16191/2007), according to which all members of the Committee must be non-executive, independent directors, as FinecoBank is managed and coordinated by UniCredit.

Furthermore, in accordance with Principle 7.P.4 of the Corporate Governance Code, under which at least one member of the committee is required to have an adequate experience in accounting and finance or risk management, the Board of Directors established that all members of the Committee, on their appointment, met the above requirements, and more in general, have the knowledge, expertise and experience to fully understand and monitor the Bank's risk strategies and guidelines.

At the date of approval of this Report, the composition of the Risks and Related Parties Committee was as follows:



Name	Executive	Non- executive	Indep. Code	Indep. TUF	% (*)	(**)
Francesco Saita		X	X	X	100% (14/14)	С
Gianmarco Montanari		X	X	X	100% (14/14)	M
Maurizio Santacroce		X	Х	X	100% (14/14)	М

----- Members no longer in office during the Year -----

N.A.

No. of Committee meetings: 14

All the members of the Risks and Related Parties Committee will end their term of office at the time of the next Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the Financial Statements as at 31 December 2019.

7.2. Functioning

The Committee shall meet, also by telecommunication means, as often as necessary to perform its functions, and at the request of any of its members or the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

In the event the Chairman is absent or incapacitated, the most senior member of the Committee shall act as Chair.

The Financial Reporting Officer, Internal Audit Officer, Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors and a Statutory Auditor nominated by the former may attend Committee meetings; Directors and senior managers of the Company may also be requested to take part in meetings for specific issues, as well as external auditors.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director and General Manager of the Company may take part in meetings.

The Corporate Bodies Regulations also establish the rules for temporary replacement of a Committee member with reference, in particular, to cases where the Committee is called on to give an opinion on transactions with related parties and/or associates.

In this regard, the Regulations, after making it clear that, for each transaction considered, members of the Risks and Related Parties Committee must be different from the counterparty

^(*) This column shows the percentage attendance at Committee meetings (no. of attendances / no. of meetings held during actual period office of the person concerned during the Year).

^(**) This column shows the position of the director on the Committee ("C": Chairman; "M": member).



and parties related thereto, establishes that, in the event a member of the Committee is a counterparty of the transaction (or a person associated to the counterparty), they must promptly inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chairman of the Committee, and refrain from taking part in any further work of the Committee concerning the relevant transaction.

In this event, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, after consulting with the Chairman of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, immediately replaces the member who is in conflict of interest by appointing, after having contacted him/her, another independent and unconnected member of the Board of Directors.

In case of transactions with related parties and/or associated persons whose completion is urgent and for which the Committee is involved in the negotiation and diligence phases and/or when issuing an opinion, the Chairman of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, after having acknowledged the urgency of the transaction and established the unavailability of the majority or of all members to meet or to carry out the required activities in time for the transaction to be concluded, shall promptly notify the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

In any case, this notice shall be given no later than the day following the day when the Chairman of the Committee received notice of the unavailability of the majority or of all members.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors, after consulting with the Managing Director and General Manager to assess the actual urgency of the transaction, shall immediately re-establish the Risks and Related Parties Committee by appointing the required number of Independent Directors, following the same procedure adopted for the temporary replacement of a member in case of a conflict of interest (appointment of the replacement(s) from independent members of the Board of Directors).

The above shall also apply if the unavailability of the majority is due to the resignation of a member of the Committee.

7.3 Duties and Responsibilities

The role of the Committee is to provide information, advice, make proposals and enquiries, with a risk-oriented approach, when defining guidelines for the entire internal control system, and to assess its effectiveness and efficiency, so that main risks are properly identified, as well as appropriately measured, managed and monitored, without prejudice to the Board of Director's power to make all relevant decisions.

The Committee helps to promote a corporate culture that values the control function, steering it towards a risk-oriented approach.

The Committee's mission also includes evaluating the correct use of accounting standards in preparing financial statements, and overseeing the effectiveness of audits and the activities of external auditors.

The Committee is also responsible for related-party transactions in accordance with the Related-Party Regulations, pursuant to applicable Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance.

The Risks and Related Parties Committee, among other things:

- (a) in relation to the model for outsourcing audits adopted by the Bank (see Section 11.2 below):
 - ensures ongoing compliance with service levels covered by the external audit



agreement, assisting the Board of Directors and appointed Director in assessing the adequacy of the service and ensuring that audit activities carried out by the Internal Audit unit are primarily based on continuously updated risk-assessment analyses;

- monitors compliance with the Group Internal Audit Framework;
- (b) identifies and proposes to the Board of Directors, the Compliance, Internal Audit and Risk Management Officers to be appointed, assisted by the Appointments and Sustainability Committee;
- (c) helps identify internal control system guidelines, based on a risk-oriented approach, so that the main risks concerning the Company are correctly identified and adequately measured, managed and monitored, making assessments and recommendations to the Board of Directors on compliance with the principles the internal controls and business organisation system must be aligned with, and the requirements to be met by the Compliance, Internal Audit and Risk Management functions, bringing any weaknesses and consequent corrective actions to adopt to the attention of the Board;
- (d) reports to the Board of Directors, at least every six months, when the annual financial statements and the half-yearly financial statements are approved, on activities carried out and the adequacy of the Company's Internal Control and Risk Management System;
- (e) previously reviews activity schedules (including the Internal Audit plan) and the annual reports of the Compliance, Internal Audit and Risk Management functions submitted to the Board;
- (f) examines the periodic reports and audit reports produced by the internal audit function, and evaluating any findings, following actions taken to remedy deficiencies/anomalies identified, as well as the adoption of corrective measures proposed and the adoption of suggested recommendations;
- (g) carries out adequate preliminary activities to support the assessments and decisions of the Board of Directors as regards the management of risks arising from detrimental events which come to the knowledge of the Board of Directors;
- (h) contributes, through assessments and opinions, to the definition of the company's policy on outsourcing control functions;
- (i) verifies that the Compliance, Internal Audit and Risk Management functions conform exactly to the indications and guidelines of the Board and assists the latter in preparing the coordination documents required by Supervisory Regulations;
- (j) evaluates the proper use of accounting standards for preparing the financial statements, in conjunction with the company financial reporting officer and external auditors;
- (k) examines the process of preparing interim reports required by law, as well as the annual financial statements, based on reports of relevant department heads;
- (1) evaluates applications of external auditors, including the amount of their fees;
- (m) oversees the audit process, reviewing the audit work plans and findings contained in audit report and any letter of recommendations;
- (n) meets with the external auditors at least once a year;
- (o) examines reports received from the Board of Statutory Auditors, from the Supervisory Board pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 8 June 2001, and the Regulatory



Authorities, assessing the findings and ensuring that any abnormal situations and possible deficiencies are remedied;

- (p) may request the Internal Audit function to make assessments on specific operating areas, informing the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Director, at the same time;
- (q) expresses its opinion on the corporate governance report to the Board of Directors, for in order to describe the main features of the Internal Control and Risk Management system, and evaluate its adequacy;
- (r) formulates preliminary opinions (binding, where appropriate) on procedures for the identification and management of transactions with related parties and/or associated persons carried out by the Company as well as on relevant changes;
- (s) formulates preliminary, reasoned opinions, when explicitly required, also in the interest of carrying out transactions with related parties and/or associated persons to be completed by the Bank or by its subsidiaries (¹⁴) and on the appropriateness and substantial fairness of the relative terms and conditions:
- (t) in case of material transactions with related parties and/or associated persons carried out by the Bank or its subsidiaries (¹⁵), the Committee is involved if considered necessary, through one or more of its members in the negotiation and preliminary phases, receiving complete and prompt information flows, and may request information from and make observations to appointed bodies and persons in charge of conducting the negotiation or preliminary phase.

With particular reference to risk management and control duties, the Committee assists the Board:

- in defining and approving strategic guidelines and risk management policies; as regards the Risk Appetite Framework (RAF), the Committee makes evaluations and suggestions so that the Board, as required by Supervisory Regulations, may define and approve risk objectives (Risk Appetite) and the tolerance threshold (Risk Tolerance);
- in checking the correct adoption of risk governance strategies and policies, and the Risk Appetite Framework (RAF);
- in defining policies and processes for evaluating company activities, including verification that the price and conditions of transactions with customers are consistent with the business model and risk strategies.

Without prejudice to the duties of the Remuneration Committee, the Risks and Related Parties Committee is involved in the process to identify the Bank's key personnel (see EBA guidelines of 27 June 2016 on "sound remuneration policies pursuant to article 74, paragraph 3, and article 75, paragraph 2, of Directive 2013/36/EU and on disclosure pursuant to article 450 of (EU) Regulation No 575/2013", § 101) and ensures that remuneration and incentive system incentives are consistent with the RAF, considering in particular risks, capital and liquidity.

The Risks and Related Parties Committee and Board of Statutory Auditors exchange all information of mutual interest and, where appropriate, coordinate to develop their duties.

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⁽¹⁴⁾ According to the Procedure.

⁽¹⁵⁾ According to the Procedure.



7.4 Activities performed

During the Year, the Committee carried out the duties assigned to it by the Board of Directors, with an advisory role as regards issues concerning the internal control and risk management system.

The Committee met fourteen times. The average duration has been three hours, analysing the results of activities carried out by the control functions (audit, compliance and risk management), with in-depth analysis of quarterly reports prepared by the functions. Minutes of each meeting were taken by the appointed Secretary.

In particular, the Committee examined the new version of Procedures for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest, providing an opinion to the Board of Directors. Besides these activities and analysis of the control function reports previously submitted, the Committee also reviewed administration and accounting procedures, as well as the accounting standards used to prepare the 2017 Financial Statements and the Interim Report (meeting with the external auditors, for this purpose), and the Corporate Governance Report submitted to the Board of Directors on 1 March 2018. The Committee spent a part of some of the meetings to fully review significant issues, such as the progress of activities to make the Bank's procedures comply with the new regulations on: (i) investment services (in relation with the MIFID II Directive and its implementing regulations and (ii) personal data protection (in relation to the GDPR), and the transposition of the IFRS9, with a particular focus, required by the Committee, on how to set parameters related to counterparties like banks, sovereign states, the transposition of ESMA "product intervention" measures on binary options and CFD trading as well as the related Consob updates, the timeline of the audit findings (with a particular focus on overdue status), procedures of incentive systems used by the Bank for employees and financial advisors authorised to offer products off Bank premises, considering significant risk factors, reviewing requests from Supervisory Authorities, proposals for amendments to the RAF and to the 2019 Audit and Compliance plans (the latter as draft version), also discussion the main related topics. Moreover, the Committee suggested some integration to the Risk Management report to the Board of Directors, particularly with reference to the analysis of the interest rate risk in the perspective of Economic Value Sensitivity (EVS) and Net Interest Income (NII). Finally, the Committee performed a self-assessment in order to highlight potential improvements.

As regards transactions with related and/or associated parties of the Bank and, in one case, of FAM, the Committee provided preventive and justified opinions on the interest in carrying out the transactions and on the appropriateness and substantial fairness of the relative conditions.

Non-committee members took part in Committee meetings upon request of the Committee's Chair and on single items in agenda. In particular, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Statutory Auditors, the Head of the Internal Audit and, on a case-by-case basis, also managers and other personnel took part to the meetings.

13 Committee meetings have been scheduled for the current year, of which 4 have already taken place.



8. REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Without prejudice to Section 6 above, at the date of approval of this Report, the composition of the Remuneration Committee was as follows:

Name	Executive	Non- executive	Indep. Code	Indep. TUF	% (*)	(**)
Gianmarco Montanari		X	X	X	100% (11/11)	С
Elena Biffi		X	X	X	100% (11/11)	M
Enrico Cotta Ramusino		X		X	100% (11/11)	M

----- Members no longer in office during the Year

N.A.

No. of Committee meetings: 11

All the members of the Remuneration Committee will end their term of office at the time of the next Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2019.

For further information on the establishment, duties and functioning of the Remuneration Committee: (i) see the section "Remuneration Committee" of the "Annual Compensation Report" published in the "2019 FinecoBank Compensation Policy" – pursuant to article 123-ter of the TUF, article 84-quater of the Issuer Regulations (last amended by resolution 18214 of 9 May 2012) and provisions in Title IV, Chapter 1, Table 15 of Bank of Italy Circular no. 263; (ii) see the Corporate Bodies Regulations of FinecoBank (Part B, § 1.2.).

Seven Committee meetings have been scheduled until the date of this Report, of which three have already been held.

^(*) This column shows the percentage attendance at Committee meetings (no. of attendances/ no. of meetings held during actual period office of the person concerned during the Year).

^(**) This column shows the position of the director on the Committee ("C": Chairman; "M": member).



9. APPOINTMENTS AND SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

The Appointments and Sustainability Committee was established on 13 May 2014 as the "Remuneration and Appointments Committee". For reasons of efficiency and simplification of the governance structure, the Company had considered it appropriate to make use of the option allowed by the Corporate Governance Code to combine the functions of its Appointments Committee and Remuneration Committee into one committee. However, in line with Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance, the Board of Directors, in the 2017 Qualitative/Quantitative Profile, had recommended, among others, establishing two separate special Board committees for "appointments" and "remuneration". With a resolution of 11 April 2017, the Board of Directors had established an independent committee for appointments, called the "Appointments Committee". With a subsequent resolution of 1 March 2018, the Board of Directors extended the duties of the Committee to include sustainability, subsequently changing the name to the current "Appointments and Sustainability Committee".

9.1. Composition

On 11 April 2017, the Board of Directors appointed the members of the current Appointments and Sustainability Committee, who are all executive, independent directors pursuant to the TUF and Corporate Governance Code, and have adequate experience and expertise as evaluated and ascertained by the Board of Directors on their appointment.

At the date of approval of this Report, the composition of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee was as follows:

Name	Executive	Non- executive	Indep. Code	Indep. TUF	% (*)	(**)
Elena Biffi		X	X	X	100% (8/8)	С
Patrizia Albano		X	X	X	100% (8/8)	M
Francesco Saita		X	X	X	100% (8/8)	M

----- Members no longer in office during the Year -----

N.A.

No. of Committee meetings: 8

(*) This column shows the percentage attendance at Committee meetings (no. of attendances/ no. of meetings held during actual period office of the person concerned during the Year).

All the members of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee will end their term of office at the time of the next Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the Financial Statements as at 31 December 2019.

^(**) This column shows the position of the director on the Committee ("C": Chairman; "M": member).



9.2. Functioning

The Committee shall meet when convened by its Chairman, whenever he/she deems necessary, or upon the request of one of its members.

The Committee shall be duly established with the presence of the majority of its members in office and with the absolute majority vote of those present for resolutions. The Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director and General Manager of the Company may take part in meetings. The Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors shall also be invited to the meetings, and may delegate another Statutory Auditor to attend.

The Committee may, when deemed appropriate, invite other individuals from within the Company to attend the meetings, in relation to the corporate functions and organisations concerned by the issues at hand, including members of other committees within the Board of Directors, or external parties, whose presence may facilitate the Committee in performing its functions.

If the Appointments and Sustainability Committee is required to urgently give an opinion on areas in its remit, the Committee Chairman, acknowledging the urgency of the matter and unavailability of the majority or of all members to meet or carry out requested activities in time, shall promptly notify said unavailability to the Chairman of the Board of Directors. In any case, this notice shall be given no later than the day following the day when the Chairman of the Committee received notice of the unavailability of the majority or of all members. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, after consulting with the Managing Director and General Manager to evaluate the urgency of the decision, shall make up the number of Committee members, contacting and indicating another independent member of the Board of Directors. The above shall also apply if the unavailability of the majority is due to the resignation of a member of the Committee.

9.3. Duties and Responsibilities

The Appointments and Sustainability Committee is assigned duties and responsibilities in compliance with the Supervisory Regulations and Corporate Governance Code. Specifically, the Appointments and Sustainability Committee has an advisory role assisting the Board as follows:

- (i) supporting the Board of Directors in the appointment and co-option of directors according to the times indicated in applicable Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance;
- (ii) providing opinions for the Board on proposals made by the Chairman or by the Managing Director and General Manager to the Board, concerning:
 - drafting policies to appoint Company Directors (including the qualitative and quantitative profile established by the Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance);
 - appointing the Managing Director and/or the General Manager and other key management personnel;
 - defining any succession plans for the Managing Director, the General Manager and other key management personnel;



- selecting candidates to the position of FinecoBank Director, in the event of cooptation, and if lists are presented by the Board, of candidates to the position of
 independent director to be submitted for the approval of the Shareholders' Meeting
 of the Company, also based on any recommendations received from shareholders;
- appointing members of Board Committees;
- overseeing various stages of the self-assessment process;
- (iii) assisting the Risks and Related Parties Committee in the process to identify and propose officers of the Compliance, Internal Audit and Risk Management control functions, to appoint;
- (iv) supporting the Board of Directors in verifying conditions as of article 26 of the TUB (requirements of company officers);
- (v) issuing opinions to the Board of Directors related to the appointment of corporate officers (i.e. members of the Boards of Directors, Boards of Statutory Auditors and Supervisory Boards) at the subsidiary companies;
- (vi) supervising the sustainability issues related to FinecoBank operations and the dynamics of interaction with all stakeholders; in particular, the Committee performs the following tasks as a support to the Board:
 - monitoring the sustainable growth strategy of the Company over time, based on relevant Group and international guidelines and principles;
 - contributing to evaluate the risks that could be significant in the medium/long term (Application Criterion 1.C.1. of the Corporate Governance Code); more specifically, the Committee monitors activities to identify risks connected with sustainability, environmental and social issues;
 - examining and, in case, formulating proposals concerning plans, objectives, rules and company procedures on social and environmental issues, monitoring implementation over time;
 - monitoring the positioning of the Company in relation to financial markets as regards sustainability issues and relations of the latter with all stakeholders;
 - analysing the content of the paragraph of the yearly Integrated Report related to FinecoBank (as well as the completeness and the transparency of the relevant information set forth in the paragraph abovementioned) to be submitted for approval to the Board of Directors, providing its own comments.

9.4. Activities performed

During the Year, the Committee met eight times. Committee meetings, with minutes taken by the appointed Secretary, lasted on average two hours.

During the meetings, the Committee – based on information and necessary clarifications from FinecoBank departments, acknowledging applicable regulations and documents supporting proposals – was requested to given an opinion, among others: (i) on the confirmation of the Board of Statutory Auditors' Chair and the designation of the Bank's stand-in Statutory Auditor (see par. 14) as well as on the designation a FAM Board member and (ii) on requirements being met by company officers.

During the Year, the Committee also monitored internal governance events/processes including the board's self-assessment, compliance with independence requirements, with applicable laws



on interlocking, the process to check candidates for the position of statutory auditor, contact with the Supervisory authorities as regards requirements for administration and control bodies, the approval of succession plans for professional development, as well as the appointment process and activities of key management personnel. Moreover, the Committee also carried out the activities related to sustainability, in particular by developing the materiality matrix. Finally, it contributed from a method perspective to the drafting of the sustainability section included in the Financial Statement, issuing the relevant opinion.

The Committee, through the Chair, had the chance to access to the info and the corporate structures in order to carry out its tasks, also by using the internal teams and external advisors.

Non-committee members took part in Committee meetings upon request of the Committee's Chair, as regards individual items on the agenda. In particular, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Statutory Auditors, the Financial Reporting Officer and, on a case-by-case basis, managers, other personnel and external counsels (in relation to the sustainability topics) took part to the meetings.

Six Committee meetings have been scheduled for the current year, of which two have already taken place.



10. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

For the information requested regarding the remuneration of executive directors, non-executive directors and key management personnel and concerning indemnities for Directors in the event of resignation, dismissal or termination of employment following a public purchase offer (as of article 123-bis, paragraph 1, letter i) of the TUF, see the chapter "Remuneration paid to members of the Management and Control Bodies, General Managers and other Key Management Personnel" contained in the "Annual Compensation Report" published – as part of the "2019 FinecoBank Compensation Policy" – according to article 123-ter of the TUF, article 84-quater of the Issuer Regulations (as amended by resolution 18214 of 9 May 2012) and provisions in Title IV, Chapter 1, Table 15 of Bank of Italy Circular no. 263.



11. INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The internal control system is a fundamental part of the overall governance system of banks. It has a central role in the organisation and ensures the effective monitoring of risk, so as to guarantee that operations are in line with company strategies and policies and based on principles of sound and prudent management.

An efficient and effective internal control system forms the basis for creating value in the medium and long term, for safeguarding the quality of operations and for a correct perception of risk and appropriate allocation of capital.

The Company's internal control system is based on the principles of the Corporate Governance Code, applicable regulations and best practices, and:

- concerns control functions and positions, involving within their area of responsibility, the Board of Directors, the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the Internal Control and Risk Management System Director, the Board of Statutory Auditors, as well as company functions with specific internal control duties;
- establishes procedures for entities involved in the internal control and risk management system to work together.

On 15 April 2014, the Board of Directors, in compliance with Stock Exchange Regulations and relative Instructions, approved: the memorandum describing the management control system adopted by FinecoBank and certified that the Company had adopted a management control system that could promptly and periodically give managers sufficiently in-depth information on the economic and financial situation of the company and main group subsidiaries, and provide for the following: (i) the monitoring of main key performance indicators and risk factors of companies and main group subsidiaries; (ii) the production of data and information with particular reference to financial information, according to analysis profiles that are adequate for the type of business, organisational complexity and specific information needs of management; (iii) the processing of forward-looking financial data for the industrial plan and budget, as well as the monitoring of company objectives being achieved, based on deviation analysis.

Board of Directors and Risks and Related Parties Committee

The guidelines of the internal control and risk management system (hereinafter, the "Internal Control and Risk System") are established by the Board of Directors. Accordingly, the Board ensures that the main risks to which the Bank is exposed are adequately identified, measured, managed and monitored.

In this context, the Board of Directors revises and updates the **Risk Appetite Framework** (or "**RAF**") on an annual basis, and in line with schedules for the budget process and definition of the financial plan, in order to guarantee a business development that has a correct risk profile and complies with national and international regulations.

During the Year, the Board approved the new "2019 FinecoBank Risk Appetite" (replacing the same document for 2018), which sets out the risk profile in relation to three areas (capital adequacy, profitability and risk, monitoring of specific risks such as credit risk, operational risk, market risk and funding and liquidity), defining reference metrics for each one.

The definition process, revised from the previous version, is structured so as to guarantee consistency with the budget, while the performance indicator (hereinafter, the "**KPIs**" or "**Key Performance Indicators**") were revised to include simple, comprehensible metrics.



FinecoBank's Risk Appetite Framework not only includes the list of relevant metrics, but also the targets, triggers and reference limits: (i) targets represent the extent of risk the Bank is prepared to undertake to achieve its budget objectives and defines constraints for business development; (ii) triggers represent alarm thresholds which activate the analysis of possible mitigation actions and must be reported to the Chief Executive Officer; (iii) limits are the values that must not be exceeded; if exceeded, the Board of Directors must be informed.

As regards competencies, the Corporate Bodies Regulations establish that the Board is responsible for the Internal Control and Risk System, and provides guidelines for and assesses the adequacy of the system, appointing from its members:

- the director for establishing and maintaining an effective internal control and risk management system (hereinafter, the "**Designated Director**");
- an internal Committee called the Risks and Related Parties Committee consisting entirely of independent directors, which assists the Board of Directors, based on adequate preliminary activities, in its assessments and decisions concerning the internal control and risk management system, as well as the approval of periodical financial reports.

The Board of Directors, with the prior approval of the Committee:

- (a) establishes the guidelines of the Internal Control and Risk Management System, assesses its consistency and adequacy in relation to the company's business and risk profile at least annually, as well as its effectiveness, in terms of its ability to take into account the evolution of business risks and their interaction, assigning the Designated Director the task of establishing and maintaining an effective Internal Control and Risk System; (see the Corporate Bodies Regulations, page 12)
- (b) appoints, after consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors, an Internal Audit Manager (hereinafter, the "Head of Internal Audit"), who ensures that the Internal Control and Risk system is functioning and adequate and that internal audit activities are carried out independently and in such a way as to guarantee their effectiveness and efficiency;
- (c) approves, at least annually, the work plan prepared by the Head of Internal Audit, after consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors and obtaining approval from the Risks and Related Parties Committee and Director;
- (d) assesses, after consulting with the Board of Statutory Auditors, the results of the external auditors in the audit opinion letter and report on audit findings.

The Board of Directors assesses, among others and at least annually, the adequacy, functioning and effectiveness of the Internal Control and Risk System, assisted by the Related Parties and Risks Committee, based on:

- reports from the Heads of: the Compliance function, Risk Management function and Internal Audit function;
- reporting from the Financial Reporting Officer on the proper use of accounting standards and their consistency for preparing consolidated financial statements;
- all useful information on the monitoring of overall company risk which is provided by relevant units and/or the External Auditors.

The Board globally monitors main company risks, assisted by the Risks and Related Parties Committee (see Section 7 above).



In accordance with Supervisory Regulations on internal control systems and in compliance with the relevant Global Policy issued by the Holding Company (¹⁶) – between September 2018 and January 2019 - the Bank carried out the annual assessment (on the financial year) on the adequacy of the internal control and risk management system as regards business characteristics and the risk profile undertaken, as well as effectiveness. As regards the results of this assessment process, the Internal Control and Risk Management System was found to be "Mostly Satisfactory" on a scale of four levels in increasing order: "Unsatisfactory", "Nearly Satisfactory", "Mostly satisfactory" and "Adequate" since, although there were some areas of improvement for which corrective actions have been identified, the components as a whole generated an overall satisfactory level as regards system functioning. The outcomes of the assessment have been presented to the Board of Directors on February 2019.

In this context, the Risks and Related Parties Committee, based on results of the above checks, and on additional projects being implemented, assessed the Internal Control and Risk Management System, considering it adequate for the size and complexity of the Bank as regards the business and operating environment and also adequate, within reasonable limits, for preventing or in any case avoiding, in a prompt manner, any material misstatements in the financial statements.

The Board of Directors also: (i) defines the objectives and business continuity strategies of the service, ensuring adequate human, technological and financial resources; (ii) approves the business continuity plan and subsequent amendments as a result of technological and organisational developments, accepting residual risks not managed by the business continuity plan, and also promotes development, periodic monitoring and updating following significant innovations, or any deficiencies/gaps or residual risks; (iii) appoints the business continuity plan manager; (iv) approves the annual plan for testing business continuity measures and examines the test results documented in writing.

Specifically, the Bank's Business Continuity and Crisis Management system provides for a plan to manage events, incidents and crises and the business continuity plan, for which the manager is appointed by the Board of Directors.

In emergency/crisis situations, the Board is informed (by the Managing Director and General Manager or by the Company Business Continuity Manager) of the trend of the crisis and in the event of serious problems for company operations due to serious incidents or malfunctions.

It is also informed, at least annually, of the planning and outcomes of controls on the adequacy of the Plans, as well as controls of business continuity measures (tests).

During the Year, the business continuity plan, which was appropriately revised, was approved by the Board of Directors and subsequently verified in test sessions, to guarantee its effectiveness and adequacy.

With specific reference to non-compliance risk (17), the Board of Directors, after consulting with

^{(&}lt;sup>16</sup>) Within its managerial, coordination and control role, UniCredit issued the *Global Policy "Group ICS Management Evaluation*" which set rules and criteria for the managerial assessment of the Group's internal controls system. The *policy* applies to directly and not directly controlled companies and establishes, inter alia, that the managing bodies shall yearly assess the control system of both the comapny and the directly controlled subsidiaries. (¹⁷) Non-compliance risk may be defined as the risk of incurring legal or administrative sanctions, financial losses or sustaining reputational damage, as a result of non-compliance with financial and banking laws, regulations, codes of conduct and good practices.



the Board of Statutory Auditors, approves risk management policies, evaluates, at least once a year and with the technical support of the Risks and Related Parties Committee, the adequacy of the organisational structure, the quality and amount of resources of the Compliance function and analyses periodic reports on its controls on non-compliance risk management.

Moreover, the Board of Directors has general responsibility for management and control of the information system, with a view to an optimal use of technological resources supporting company strategies (ICT governance). In this respect, it:

- approves the information system development strategies and architectural model, the sourcing strategies and IT risk propensity, in accordance with the risk objectives and reference framework for determining risk propensity at a company level;
- approves the IT security policy;
- approves guidelines on the recruitment of personnel with technical functions and the procurement of systems, software and services, including the use of external suppliers;
- promotes the development, sharing and updating of ICT knowledge within the company.

With specific regard to supervisory responsibility for ICT risk analysis, the Board:

- approves the organisational and methodological reference framework for ICT risk analysis, promoting the appropriate consolidation of information on technological risk within the ICT function and integration with risk measurement and management systems (concerning in particular, operational, reputational and strategic risks);
- approves the ICT risk propensity, having considered internal services and services to clients, in accordance with the risk objectives and reference framework for defining risk propensity at a company level.

With reference to the above responsibilities, the Board is informed at least annually of the adequacy of services provided in relation to costs sustained and of the ICT risk situation with regard to risk propensity.

Board of Statutory Auditors

The Board of Statutory Auditors of FinecoBank monitors the effectiveness, completeness, adequacy, functioning and reliability of the internal control and risk management system, and of the Risk Appetite Framework, in line with requirements of the Corporate Governance Code and the Supervisory Regulations.

It also monitors compliance with the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and the completeness, adequacy, functioning and reliability of the business continuity plan.

With specific reference to the Board of Statutory Auditors being able to take on supervisory board functions pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 8 June 2001, the Company considered it appropriate to assign these functions to a specifically established Body (see Section 11.3 of the Report).

The Board of Statutory Auditors establishes appropriate working relations with the Risks and Related Parties Committee to carry out joint activities, in compliance with specific areas of responsibility.

To carry out its duties, the Board of Statutory Auditors may be assisted by the company's internal control departments and functions to carry out and plan checks and necessary



assessments. To achieve this, it receives regular adequate information flows or information on specific situations/company performance. Given this close connection, the Board of Statutory Auditors is specifically consulted about decisions regarding the appointment and dismissal of heads of company control functions (Compliance, Risk Management and Internal Audit), and also about defining the essential elements of the control system's overall architecture (powers, responsibilities, resources, data flows and handling conflicts of interest). Regarding own activities, Auditors may request the Internal Audit department to carry out specific audit activities in operational areas and on company operations. The Board of Statutory Auditors verifies and investigates the causes of and remedies for operational irregularities, performance anomalies, and shortcomings in the organisational and accounting structure. Particular attention must be paid to compliance with regulations on conflicts of interest.

Control functions

FinecoBank's internal control system is based on four types of controls:

- (i) <u>level one controls</u> ("line controls"): these are controls relative to individual activities and are carried out according to specific operational procedures based on a specific internal regulation. These processes are monitored and continuously updated by "process supervisors" who put in place suitable controls to guarantee the correct performance of daily activities by staff concerned, as well as compliance with delegated powers. Formalised processes concern units that have contacts with customers and Company units that are exclusively internal;
- (ii) <u>level two controls:</u> these are controls related to daily operations connected with the process to measure quantifiable risks and are carried out by units other than operating units, on an ongoing basis. The Risk Management function controls market, credit and operational risks, as regards compliance with limits assigned to operating functions and the consistency of operations of individual production areas with established risk/yield objectives; the Compliance function controls non-compliance risks;
- (iii) <u>level three controls</u>: these controls are typical of internal auditing, based on analysis of information obtained from databases or company reports, as well as on-site controls. The purpose of these controls is to check the functioning of the overall internal control system and identify any anomalous trends, or infringements of procedures or regulations. These controls are assigned to the Internal Audit function, which operates at a central level, at UniCredit, based on a specific service agreement;
- (iv) <u>institutional supervisory controls:</u> these refer to controls by Company bodies, including in particular the Board of Statutory Auditors and Supervisory Body pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 8 June 2001.

The Risk Management function

The Risk Management function prevents and monitors different components of Bank risks. In particular the Risk Management Function controls credit, market and operational risk to which the Bank is exposed. Risk Management also involves monitoring business, reputational and liquidity risk.

The risk control function:

(i) is involved in defining the RAF, risk governance policies and various stages comprising



the risk management process, as well as establishing operating limits for various types of risk. In this context, it proposes quantitative and qualitative parameters necessary to define the RAF, which refer to stress scenarios and, in the case of changes to the bank's internal and external operating context, modifications to these parameters;

- (ii) checks the adequacy of the RAF and on an ongoing basis the adequacy of the risk management process and operating limits;
- (iii) is responsible for developing, validating and maintaining the independence of risk measurement and control systems in order to report periodically to Control Bodies, the Board of Directors and UniCredit:
- (iv) defines the metrics to use to assess operational risk in line with the RAF, coordinating with the compliance function, ICT function and business continuity function;
- (v) defines procedures for assessing and controlling reputational risk, coordinating with the compliance function and with company functions that are most exposed;
- (vi) assists company bodies in assessing strategic risk, monitoring significant variables;
- (vii) ensures the consistency of risk control and measurement systems with processes and methodologies to assess company activities, coordinating with company units concerned; develops and adopts indicators that can identify anomalies and inefficiencies in risk control and measurement systems;
- (viii) analyses the risks of new products and services and risks from entering new operating and market segments;
- (ix) gives prior opinions on the consistency of material transactions with the RAF, and obtains the opinion of other functions involved in the risk management process, depending on the nature of the transaction;
- (x) monitors actual risk undertaken by the Bank, on an ongoing basis, and consistency with risk objectives, as well as compliance with operating limits assigned to operating units in relation to the undertaking of different types of risk;
- (xi) checks the adequacy and effectiveness of measures taken to remedy inefficiencies identified in the risk management process.

The Risk Management function also develops the ICAAP – Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process – in compliance with Basel II requirements, updates to Basel III requirements and indications from the Parent Company UniCredit.

The function also carries out monitoring and reports to company bodies (Managing Director and General Manager, Board of Directors, Risks and Related Parties Committee and Board of Statutory Auditors).

Reporting to company bodies consists of the quarterly report on the Bank's risk exposure.



The Compliance Function

The Compliance function monitors non-compliance risk management (¹⁸) with a risk-based approach, referring to all company operations and ensuring that internal procedures are appropriate for preventing this type of risk.

The Compliance function assists/supports management and Company employees in managing non-compliance risk and monitoring the correct performance of business operations to ensure compliance with current regulations, internal procedures and applicable best practices.

For an effective management of non-compliance risk, the Company shall have a Compliance function. This function must be independent, with a sufficient number and quality of human and technical resources for duties to perform, and may deal freely with Senior Management and company bodies; it shall have access to all resources and company information and may report any matter directly to higher hierarchical levels, if necessary.

In February 2016 the Board of Directors approved the insourcing, with effect from 1 April 2016, of the Compliance function, previously centralised at the parent company UniCredit based on a specific outsourcing agreement and with a unit (hereinafter, the "Compliance Officer Unit") at FinecoBank, responsible for applying the methods for assessing and monitoring non-compliance risk.

In this regard, the Compliance Officer unit was reorganised and renamed the Compliance unit, the Compliance Officer was appointed (also acting as Head of the AML Department), and two new teams were set up: Advisory & Regulators and Risk Assessment & Controls, that work alongside the department for AML and financial sanctions (AML Department).

The role and requirements of the Compliance function are regulated in specific global rules issued by UniCredit and implemented by the Company.

The mission of the Compliance reference unit is to support the Company, Company Bodies and personnel in managing the risks of non-compliance with regulations as regards all company operations, checking that internal procedures are adequate in preventing this risk.

The above complies with the provisions of Supervisory Regulations and according to Global Compliance Rules and Group methods.

In particular, the risk of non-compliance with regulations is managed through:

(a) Proactive and on-request advice

- the ongoing identification of laws applicable to the Bank and consequent noncompliance risks; the definition of the relative impact on company processes and procedures, including the information system (ICT Compliance);
- an ex ante assessment of compliance with regulations applicable to products, processes, organisational structures, the incentive system, training modules and, in particular, innovative projects (including operations in new business lines and geographic areas) that the Bank intends undertaking also through participation in specifically designated committees as well as the prevention and management of conflicts of interest in various activities carried out by the Bank, with reference to

^{(&}lt;sup>18</sup>) Non-compliance risk may be defined as the risk of incurring legal or administrative sanctions, financial losses or sustaining reputational damage, as a result of non-compliance with financial and banking laws, regulations, codes of conduct and good practices.



employees and staff;

- providing opinions and prior assessments on compliance issues, requested by various internal units in relation to external regulations and assisted by them in analysing and interpreting the regulations;
- assessments, for the areas under its responsibility, of the Bank's remuneration policy and in particular of remuneration/incentive systems for personnel and the personal financial advisors network authorised for cold calling;
- participation, where required, in Group projects and work groups according to competency profiles.

(b) Communication

- promotion of a culture based on compliance with internal and external regulations and international best practices, through the adoption (subject to alignment in order to cover specific characteristics of Fineco) of Global Compliance Rules (Policies and Operational Regulation) issued by the Parent Company UniCredit, the preparation of Circulars and Service Orders, notes, memoranda, opinions and communications, and through personnel training activities;
- cooperation with other Bank functions and, in particular, with functions that oversee risk management and control (starting with Internal Audit and Risk Management), in order to improve overall consistency and ensure mutually adequate and ongoing information flows;
- definition of FinecoBank's annual training plan, in line with UniCredit guidelines.

(c) Interaction with authorities

 management of relations with Authorities together with other relevant functions (such as involvement in consultations concerning new legal and regulatory developments, assistance for preparing comments on bills, monitoring requests and inspections by the Authorities and relative corrective actions).

(d) Monitoring, surveillance and reporting

- assessment of the non-compliance risks identified (compliance risk assessment), also through level two controls, the definition of corrective actions to mitigate these, monitoring the actions and starting procedures involving relevant higher hierarchical levels (escalation) to solve critical issues identified;
- verification of the effectiveness of organisational alignments (structures, processes and procedures, operational and commercial) recommended to prevent the risk of non-compliance with regulations.

The function is directly responsible for non-compliance risk management in the case of regulations that are more significant as regards non-compliance risk, i.e. on banking and the provision of investment services, the management of conflicts of interest, transparency in customer relations and, more in general, on consumer protection and regulations for which strategic oversight at the Bank is not already provided for.

With reference to other regulations for which specific types of strategic oversight (e.g. occupational safety, tax laws, etc.) are provided, the Bank, based on an assessment of the adequacy of specialist controls for managing non-compliance risk profiles, adopted the indirect coverage model, whereby:



- the specialist unit adopts the risk assessment methodologies and second level controls defined by the Compliance function;
- the Compliance function verifies that units operate in compliance with the methodologies and procedures provided over time, ensuring suitable control of non-compliance risk and establishes and validates reporting, with the aim of providing an overall view of noncompliance risk.

In performing its duties, the Compliance function has access to all Bank operations, at both a central and peripheral level, and to all information considered significant, also through direct interviews with personnel.

Furthermore, the Bank, as an issuer on the FTSE-Mib index, has an internal system for employees to report any irregularities or violations of applicable regulations and internal procedures (*whistle-blowing*), in line with applicable national and international best practices, guaranteeing a specific, confidential information channel, and the anonymity of the whistle-blower.

Lastly, during 2018 the Board of Directors appointed the Compliance Officer as Data Protection Officer - DPO), in light of the fact that the Regulation (UE) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and the Counsil (concerning the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC), the "GDPR".

DPO has, with autonomy and independence, have the following tasks:

- to inform and advise the Bank or the employees who carry out processing of their obligations pursuant to this Regulation and to other Union or Member State data protection provisions;
- to monitor compliance with the EU Regulation, with other Union or Member State data protection provisions and with the policies of the controller or processor in relation to the protection of personal data, including the assignment of responsibilities, awareness-raising and training of staff involved in processing operations, and the related audits;
- to provide advice where requested as regards the data protection impact assessment and monitor its performance pursuant to Article 35 of the GDPR;
- to cooperate with the supervisory authority;
- to act as the contact point for the supervisory authority on issues relating to processing, including the prior consultation referred to in Article 36 of the GDPR, and to consult, where appropriate, with regard to any other matter.

With reference to Article 38 of the GDPR, the DPO shall regularly report to the Board of Directors by providing an analysis on how personal data are protected within the Company.

11.1 Director in charge of the Internal Control and Risk Management System

To comply with the recommendation in Principle 7.P.3 of the Corporate Governance Code, and with Regulations on the Prudential Supervision of Banks issued by the Bank of Italy, the Managing Director and General Manager Alessandro Foti has been appointed Internal Control and Risk Management System Director.

As part of the internal control system, the Managing Director and General Manager, acting as Internal Control and Risk Management System Director, is tasked with and is responsible for the following:



- (i) identifying the main business risks, and ensuring effective risk management and the execution of instructions from the Board of Directors in the presence of a defined, managed and monitored Internal Control System;
- (ii) defining the means and methods for implementing the control and risk system, using guidelines from the Board of Directors, undertaking the design, management and monitoring of the internal control and risk management system, establishing operating limits for different types of risk and facilitating the development and dissemination of a culture of risk, assisted by relevant functions; the Managing Director and General Manager is responsible for the annual assessment of the Internal Control and Risk System;
- (iii) ensuring the overall adequacy of the Control and Risk System, its actual functioning, amendments to take into account changes in operating conditions and the legal and regulatory framework; the Managing Director and General Manager and his/her first-line managers are called upon to provide a professional judgement on matters relating to the Internal Control System referring to their activities, taking into account the level of compliance with regulations, procedures and controls;
- (iv) establishing and overseeing the adoption of the process to approve investments in new products, the distribution of new products or services or start of new activities or entry on new markets, or the adoption of processes and methods to evaluate company operations, in particular financial instruments, overseeing ongoing updates;
- (v) defining and overseeing the implementation of company policy on the outsourcing of company functions;
- (vi) defining internal information flows to ensure that company control bodies are fully aware of and can govern risk factors and compliance with the Risk Appetite Framework;
- (vii) authorising, within the Risk Appetite Framework and where a tolerance threshold has been defined, the risk appetite being exceeded, within the tolerance threshold limit, reporting to the Board of Directors and identifying the management actions necessary to return the risk to within the established limit;
- (viii) implementing follow-up measures for the control and risk system after controls have been carried out, adopting necessary corrective measures or actions if inefficiencies or anomalies are identified, or after the introduction of new products, activities, services or processes that are significant;
- submitting proposals to the Chairman of the Board of Directors to appoint or remove from office the Head of Internal Audit, ensuring that the Manager has adequate resources to carry out his/her responsibilities;
- (x) promoting the development, periodic control of the Business continuity plan and its updating, approving the Annual plan to control business continuity measures and examining results of tests documented in a written form;
- (xi) ensuring the completeness, adequacy, functionality (in terms of effectiveness and efficiency) and reliability of the Bank's information system.

The Managing Director and General Manager implements the ICAAP (Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process), ensuring it conforms to the strategic guidelines and RAF and meets the following requirements: (a) it considers all relevant risks; (b) it includes forward-looking valuations; (c) it uses appropriate methodologies; (d) it is distributed to internal units;



(e) it is adequately formalised and documented; (f) it identifies the roles and responsibilities assigned to company functions and units; (g) it is managed by an adequate number of competent resources, in a hierarchical position appropriate for complying with planning; (h) it is an integral part of management activities.

As regards credit and counterparty risk in particular, the Managing Director and General Manager, in line with strategic guidelines, approves specific guidance to guarantee the effectiveness of the system to manage risk mitigation techniques and compliance with the general and specific requirements of these techniques.

With specific reference to internal risk measurement systems to define capital requirements, the Managing Director and General Manager has the following duties:

- responsibility for the structure and functioning of the selected system; to perform this duty, members shall have an adequate knowledge of relevant aspects;
- issuing instructions so that the selected system is developed based on identified guidelines, assigning duties and responsibilities to company functions and ensuring the formalization and documentation of risk management process stages;
- ensuring that risk measurement systems are part of decision-making processes (use tests);
- considering observations made following the validation process and internal audits.

With specific reference to non-compliance risk, the Managing Director and General Manager ensures the effective management of this risk, also establishing suitable policies and procedures for compliance with applicable regulations to be observed within the Bank, verifying, in cases of violations, whether appropriate remedies have been implemented, and establishing reporting flows to ensure that the Bank's company bodies are fully informed about procedures to manage non-compliance risk.

Assisted by the Compliance function, the Managing Director and General Manager identifies and evaluates at least annually, the main non-compliance risks to which the Bank is exposed, and plans relative management measures, also reporting at least once a year to the Board of Directors on the adequacy of non-compliance risk management.

Pursuant to the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the Managing Director and General Manager promptly reports to the Risks and Related Parties Committee (or Board of Directors) on issues and critical aspects identified while carrying out his/her activities or notified, also reporting them to the Chairman of the Board of Directors, so that the Risks and Related Parties Committee (or the Board of Directors) may take appropriate measures.

As a result of the Italian Revenue Agency upholding the application to access "compliance cooperative" conditions as of articles 3 and 7 of Legislative Decree no. 128 of 5 August 2015, in July 2017, and after informing the Board of Directors of the Bank, the tax risk management and control system is reported on a continual basis to the tax administration in order to monitor the effectiveness and adequacy of any changes to the scope of company processes. To confirm the high level of sensitivity concerning tax risks, starting from 2017 the Company formalised with Board of Directors' resolution - the tax strategyrelated to the guidelines and principles of the Bank in managing tax issues and in particular related risk (concerning both sanctions and reputation), in line with its own strategic objectives and in accordance with OECD recommendations.



11.2 Head of the Internal Audit Function

The Internal Audit function, pursuant to Supervisory Regulations for banks is independent of other company functions and reports directly on its activities to the Board of Directors (through the Risks and Related Parties Committee) and to the Board of Statutory Auditors on a quarterly basis; it attends Risks and Related Parties Committee meetings, which are usually held monthly. As already indicated (see Section 7.3), FinecoBank's Internal Audit function is outsourced to UniCredit based on a specific service agreement, which governs procedures for performing activities.

The Internal Audit function operates in compliance with the audit mandate, of which the latest version was approved by the Board of Directors on 20 September 2016; this document defines its mission, responsibilities, organisational positioning, independence, duties and authority. The Internal Audit function is an independent unit established by the Board of Directors of the Bank and is an integral part of the Internal Controls System, in which level three controls are carried out. The Internal Audit function carries out independent activities and guarantees assurance and advice in order to evaluate, give added value to and improve the Company's Internal Controls System. The Internal Audit function assists the Company in achieving its objectives, providing a systematic, structured approach to evaluating and improving the adequacy of Company operations, by evaluating and improving the effectiveness of governance, risk management and control processes.

The methodology used is based on the following main stages: (i) definition of the "Audit Universe", i.e. organisational and process analysis to identify elements involved in audit activities; (ii) risk assessment, i.e. identifying, assessing and measuring risks to which elements of the "Audit Universe" are exposed; (iii) definition of the annual and long-term audit plan, which establishes the objectives, types and frequency of audits and resources to use based on risk assessment results. For the personal financial advisors network, planning is based on a combined assessment using a risk-based approach while also considering the frequency of audits.

The audit measures carried out on the Bank and on the personal financial advisors network may include: (i) audit processes aimed at verifying the effective and efficient performance of activities and proper monitoring of risks implicit in the process being audited; (ii) audit of the personal financial advisors network, carried out within the operating points of the sales network, with the objective of verifying the definition and functioning of level 1 and 2 controls on main company processes impacting the personal financial advisors network. Remote audit activities are carried out predominantly with the support of anomaly indicators, together with subsequent on-site analysis to complete the activity; (iii) specific assessments referring to individual behaviours or types of behaviours in order to identify the causes and responsibilities for specific events, accidents or conduct (e.g., measures for cases of fraud and disloyalty belong to this type).

After completing audits and based on findings, the Internal Audit function makes suggestions to relevant company structures. It also informs other company control functions of any inefficiencies, weaknesses and irregularities identified during audits of specific areas or matters within their remit. Actions to remedy identified anomalies and inefficiencies are monitored by a systematic audit tracking process, and if particular risk situations and/or weaknesses in the internal control system are noted, by specific follow up.

The Internal Audit function may also provide advisory services, which, while not compromising its independence, aim to provide added value and support the Bank in achieving its objectives,



by offering advisory support on the design, functioning and improvement of the internal control system.

The Internal Audit function achieves its mission and carries out activities in accordance with the Group Internal Audit Framework, which include the Code of Ethics, approved by the Company's management bodies and which are based on international standards for professional auditing.

The Company has outsourced the Internal Audit function to UniCredit, through a services agreement, the last version of which was signed on 2018. Under this agreement, the Chief Audit Executive manages the agreement and this position is assigned to the Head of Internal Audit (hereinafter, the "Chief Audit Executive"), with the same duties and responsibilities as those in Application Criterion 7.C.5 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Chief Audit Executive:

- develops a flexible, annual audit plan, through an appropriate evaluation of future risks which considers aspects concerning emerging trends and risks, significant organisational changes and main services, processes, operations and areas of attention for risks or controls, special duties or projects identified by Senior Management, the Risks and Related Parties Committee and Board of Directors;
- reports directly to the Board at regular intervals, also through the Risks and Related Parties Committee and to Senior Management, summarising the results of audit activities and the implementation status of management action plans;
- carries out special investigations, also of its own initiative, of potential fraud and in the
 event of fraud at the Company and on other risk events, reporting the results to Senior
 Management and to the Board, also through the Risks and Related Parties Committee;
- ensures Internal Audit personnel that are qualified with adequate knowledge, expertise, experience and professional certification, so as to meet the requirements of this mandate;
- informs the Board of aspects to evaluate Internal Audit performance, including emerging trends and best practices in internal auditing;
- ensures adequate audit coverage, at overall costs that are reasonable, considering the activities of External Auditors and Supervisory Boards;
- communicates in an appropriate and transparent way with the Supervisory Authorities as regards audit activities.

The Internal Audit function is also responsible, coordinating with other control functions, for ensuring an adequate approach to managing risks and controls at a Group level and a process to systematically evaluate the Internal Controls System; this duty and coordination with other control functions shall not compromise the independence of the Internal Audit function.

Under the agreement, the Risks and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors of the client may request the contractor to provide complete disclosure on activities carried out to perform the agreement, to promote activities assigned to the Board of Directors and Board of Statutory Auditors by applicable primary and secondary laws and regulations.

In particular, in order to provide company bodies and Senior Management with an overall evaluation of the internal control system, the Chief Audit Executive prepares the quarterly report "Internal Audit Activities and Results (IAAR)". In addition to an assessment of the internal control system, the IAAR contains summary information on audit activities performed,



on the main risks identified and on the implementation status of Management's action plans. An update on the progress of the annual plan is also provided on a periodic basis. The Chief Audit Executive also submits Audit Reports with a "critical" or "unsatisfactory" assessment directly to the Board of Statutory Auditors and to the Risks and Related Parties Committee; in any case, it may send additional audit reports to the Risks and Related Parties Committee and the Board of Statutory Auditors, which, regardless of the overall assessment, contain significant shortcomings.

With specific reference to planning activities, the Head of the Internal Audit Function has drawn up:

- FinecoBank's 5-year audit plan based on mandatory audits and on the risk assessment of FinecoBank's Audit Universe (AU). This plan, revised annually based on the risk assessment, ensures efficient and effective coverage of the AU, in line with the Bank's risks;
- the annual audit plan, which is part of the long-term audit plan, based on results of the Risk Assessment of the Audit Universe, Group Audit Guidelines, requests from the Supervisory Authorities and from company bodies, follow up activities and mandatory audits carried out at regular intervals.

IT auditing activities are included in these plans.

The Head of Internal Audit, in compliance with Application Criterion 7.C.5 of the Corporate Governance Code for Listed Companies is not responsible for any operating area and does not report hierarchically to any operating area manager. The Head of Internal Audit also has direct access to all information useful for carrying out duties.

11.3 Compliance programme pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 8 June 2001

On 15 March 2010, the Board of Directors approved FinecoBank's Organisation Management and Control Model (hereinafter, the "Model"), pursuant to Legislative Decree no. 231 of 8 June 2001, on "Provisions for the administrative liability of company bodies, Companies and associations also without legal status" (hereinafter "Legislative Decree 231/2001"). This document was subsequently amended to take into account subsequent regulations and the current version was approved by the Board of Directors by resolution of 6 November 2018.

The Model comprises:

- (i) a **general part**, of seven chapters, describing: the scope and purposes of the Model; the applicable regulatory framework; the description of the management and control system adopted by FinecoBank to mitigate the risk of commission of offences pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/2001; the functioning of the body appointed to supervise the functioning of and compliance with the Model; the disciplinary system and related penalties; the information and training plan to be adopted in order to guarantee knowledge of the measures and provisions of the Model; the criteria for updating and adapting the Model;
- (ii) a **special part**, with decision protocols.

The Model includes the following attachments, which are an integral part:

- Attachment 1 containing the "List of predicate offences and individual criminal offences";
- Attachment 2 containing the "Code of ethics pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/01"



which sets out the rules to guarantee that the conduct of Model recipients is always based on criteria of fairness, collaboration, loyalty, transparency and mutual respect, and also to avoid a conduct that may constitute the criminal offences and predicate administrative offences;

- Attachment 3 "Information flows to the Supervisory Board".

Furthermore, on 11 May 2012, the Board of Directors resolved to adopt the Integrity Charter and Code of Conduct of the UniCredit Group (last updated by resolution of 4 July 2017), along with the supplementary FinecoBank regulations; The document combining these (hereinafter, the "Code"), integrates current regulations on banking, investment services and employment, identifying the fundamental principles of conduct for those working for the company. The Code therefore concerns all persons performing activities on behalf of the Company: members of supervisory, management and control bodies of the Company, employees, personal financial advisors authorised for cold-calling, outsourcers.

In accordance with provisions in article 6, paragraph 1 of Legislative Decree 231/2001, the Company has also established a specific body (hereinafter, the "**Supervisory Board**") to monitor the functioning of and compliance with the Model, and its continual updating.

For this purpose, the Supervisory Board, among other things: (i) has independent powers to act and carry out controls, and independent spending powers, (ii) periodically reports to the Risks and Related Parties Committee on the Model's functioning, and (iii) gives the Board of Directors, on an annual basis, a written report on the implementation status of the Model, and in particular, on controls carried out and on critical aspects and anomalies identified.

The Supervisory Board was appointed by the Board of Directors on 11 April 2017, for a term of three years; subsequently the composition was modified on 16 October 2017, by resolution of the Board of Directors, decreasing the number of "internal members" from three to two, with the outgoing Head of Internal Audit, who still participates in meetings as a permanent attendee, and the appointment of a new external member, replacing the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors. Accordingly, at the date of approval of this Report, the composition of the Supervisory Board was as follows.

NAME AND SURNAME	CATEGORY			
Marianna Li Calzi	(Chairman)			
Salvatore Messina	Member of the UniCredit Compliance Programme Supervisory Board			
Andrea Pepe	Head of Legal & Corporate Affairs			
Silvio Puchar	Head of Compliance			

The Model adopted by the Company, as described above, is available on the Issuer's website: www.finecobank.com, https://images.fineco.it/pubfineco/pdf/popup/modello_organizzazione_gestione.pdf?v=1.

11.4 External Auditors



The Shareholders' Meeting of 16 April 2013 appointed Deloitte & Touche S.p.A., pursuant to article 16, paragraph 1 of Legislative Decree no. 39 of 27 January 2010, (i) to audit the financial statements of the Issuer for the years from 31 December 2013 to 31 December 2021 (included), including the auditing of the company's accounts, and (ii) the limited auditing of interim reports from 30 June 2013 to 30 June 2021 (included). From the financial statements as at December 31, 2017, first year of presentation of the consolidated financial statements, the External Auditor is empowered also to audit the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

11.5 Financial Reporting Officer

As established by article 28 of the Articles of Association and subject to the mandatory opinion of the Board of Statutory Auditors, the Board of Directors appoints the Officer responsible for preparing the financial reports (hereinafter, the "**Financial Reporting Officer**"), pursuant to article 154-bis of the TUF.

The Financial Reporting Officer is selected by the Board of Directors from executives of the Company that have specific expertise, in administrative and accounting terms, of lending, finance, securities or insurance. This expertise, verified by the Board of Directors, shall be gained from professional experience in a position of adequate responsibility for a suitable period and in like-for-like companies. The Financial Reporting Officer shall also meet the good standing requirements of laws in force for positions indicated in the Articles of Association. If the Officer no longer meets the good standing requirements, he/she shall be removed from office.

As provided for by article 154-bis of the TUF, the Financial Reporting Officer is responsible for: (i) preparing adequate administrative and accounting procedures for preparing financial statements and as well as any other kind of financial disclosure; (ii) including a written statement with the documents and notices required by law or disclosed to the market, containing information and data on the financial position and performance of the Company, that said information and data is truthful; (iii) arranging for the preparation of the financial statements, interim reporting and (iv) within relative areas of responsibility, representing the Bank in relations with the international financial community.

By resolution of 11 April 2017, subject to approval from the Board of Statutory Auditors and in compliance with article 154-bis, paragraph 1 of the TUF and article 28 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors of the Company confirmed for a three year period Lorena Pelliciari (the Chief Financial Officer of the Bank) as the Financial Reporting Officer of the Company, who is in charge of the duties established in article 154-bis of the TUF described above.

Lorena Pelliciari has gained considerable experience as Chief Financial Officer of FinecoBank and therefore has an excellent knowledge of processes for preparing the Company's accounting and financial documents. She therefore meets the professional standing requirements established in article 28 of the Articles of Association.

The Board of Directors also gave Lorena Pelliciari the following powers, in order for her carry out her duties as Financial Reporting Officer:

- (i) having free access to all information considered relevant for her duties, within the Company;
- (ii) taking part in Board Meetings dealing with issues in her area of responsibility;



- (iii) engaging with the Company's administrative and control bodies;
- (iv) approving company procedures, when they have an impact on the financial statements or other documents which are certified;
- (v) being involved in the design of information systems that have an impact on the financial position and performance of the Company;
- (vi) using the internal auditing, organisation and compliance function to map and analyse processes within her area of responsibility and carry out specific controls;
- (vii) using information systems;
- (viii) updating, amending and supplementing, also with the assistance of external advisors, procedures on: (a) the standardisation of information flows to the Financial Reporting Officer; and (b) the preparation of financial statements and all other types of financial disclosure.

Lastly, the Board of Directors, in exercising its supervisory powers, established that the Financial Reporting Officer shall report at least quarterly to the Board of Directors on activities carried out, as well as on any critical aspects identified.

Financial reporting process

As regards the main characteristics of the Internal Control and Risk System in relation to financial reporting, including the reporting of consolidated information, under article 154-bis of the TUF, the Financial Reporting Officer of FinecoBank is responsible for preparing and adopting adequate administrative and accounting procedures for the preparation of the financial statements and the consolidated financial statements, as well as all other forms of financial reporting to the market.

The Financial Reporting Officer, along with the Managing Director and General Manager, in a report on the financial statements (including the consolidated financial statements) and condensed half-year financial statements shall also certify:

- the adequacy and actual adoption of administrative and accounting procedures;
- compliance with applicable international accounting standards endorsed by the European Community pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002;
- the consistency of accounting records;
- the accurate representation of the financial position and performance of the Company;
- the inclusion in the Directors' report on operations of reliable analysis of the company's performance, operations and situation, along with a description of main risks and uncertainties to which it is exposed.

As established by article 28 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors ensures that the Financial Reporting Officer has adequate powers and resources to carry out the duties established by current regulations, and to comply with administrative and accounting procedures. In carrying out his/her duties, the Financial Reporting Officer may be assisted by all Bank units.

11.6 Coordination of entities involved in the internal control and risk management



system

Procedures for interaction among company functions and entities involved in the risk management and control system have been planned to prevent overlapping or gaps as far as possible, or to alter, even in substance, the main responsibilities of company bodies as concerns the risk management and control system.

Specifically, the Company has significantly consolidated cooperation among control functions, through specific formalised information flows on internal regulations and through managerial committees dedicated to control issues.

Interaction among level two and level three control functions is part of a more general framework of ongoing, proactive cooperation, which is mainly formalized in specific regulations/internal regulations and includes:

- involvement in the process to define and/or update internal regulations on risks and controls:
- the exchange of information flows, documents or data, as well as access to all resources or company information in line with the control requirements of functions;
- involvement in board and managerial Committees, systematically or on request;
- involvement in working parties, which are set up from time to time for risk and control issues.

The purpose of improved interaction between control functions and continual reporting to company bodies is to ultimately establish a corporate governance system that guarantees sound and prudent management, also through a more effective monitoring of risk, at all company levels.

To ensure coordination and interaction among various functions and bodies with control duties (required by company, accounting or supervisory regulations), the Board of Directors, after examination by the Risks and Related Parties Committee, issued a specific document "Document on Bodies and functions with supervisory tasks" — sent to all areas involved — outlining duties and responsibilities of the various bodies and control functions and methods of coordination/collaboration, as well as information flows between them pursuant to Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance.



12. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Board of Directors approved the Procedures governing transactions with related parties and associated persons (hereinafter, the "**Procedures**"), updated with resolution of July 31, 2018.

The Procedures were previously reviewed and approved by the Risks and Related Parties Committee.

The Procedures address governance issues, the scope of the procedures and the procedural and organisational profiles relative to managing transactions with related parties, associated persons and corporate officers pursuant to applicable regulations, as regards the operations of the Issuer and FAM (further to the latest update of the Procedures).

The Procedures cover the following:

- the identification, updating and ongoing monitoring of persons in conflict of interest;
- the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest, with reference to, among others:
 - the identification of transactions;
 - management of the decision-making process;
 - reporting and transparency obligations.

They also define:

- procedures for the management of transactions with persons in conflict of interest;
- the organisational structures of FinecoBank and the Parent Company involved and their relative role;
- internal and external information flows, also to the market:
- monitoring and control activities and methods to update the Procedures.

The Procedures to manage transactions with persons in conflicts of interest, in line with the Global Policy and Global Process Regulation issued by UniCredit, are adopted for transactions undertaken by FinecoBank with parties in the "Combined Perimeter" which means related parties and associated persons of UniCredit ("UniCredit Perimeter"), of FinecoBank ("FinecoBank Perimeter") and of other banks and intermediaries supervised by UniCredit ("Banks and Supervised Intermediaries Perimeter") combined.

The FinecoBank perimeter includes persons defined as "Consob Related Parties", pursuant to the Related-Parties Regulations, and "Associated Persons", or related parties identified as such pursuant to the Bank of Italy Circular no. 263 of 27 December 2006, as well as persons connected to them, in addition to persons who are included in the Perimeter on a voluntary and discretionary basis and not in accordance with current regulations.

In compliance with Related-Parties Regulations, the Procedures identify, as regards the materiality threshold, material transactions, non-material transactions and minor transactions.

As regards transactions with members of the Single Perimeter, the Procedures require specific information flows to:

- the FinecoBank oversight unit;
- the Board of Directors and Board of Statutory Auditors;



- the Risks and Related Parties Committee;
- the Compliance Function;
- the CFO;
- The Parent Company central oversight unit (i.e. UniCredit).

The full text of the Procedures, to which reference is made for further details, is available on the Issuer's website: https://images.finecobank.com/common/pub/pdf/corporate/conflitto-interessi en.pdf.

* * *

Save for the principle in article 2391 of the Civil Code concerning the interests of company directors and procedures for transactions with related parties and associated persons, FinecoBank is a banking company and therefore complies with article 136 of the TUB, according to which officers cannot take on any obligation, directly or indirectly, with the bank they manage, direct or control, unless approved unanimously by the supervisory body and with the favourable vote of members of the controlling body, without prejudice to the requirements of the Civil Code regarding the interests of company Directors.

Accordingly, corporate officers are required to report the names of individuals or companies with whom the establishment of relations might constitute an indirect obligation substantially related to bank officers.



13. APPOINTMENT OF STATUTORY AUDITORS

In accordance with the recommendations in Criterion 8.C.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, Statutory Auditors shall be chosen from qualified, independent persons, also based on criteria in the above Code with reference to directors.

In compliance with laws and regulations applicable to listed companies, article 23 of the Articles of Association requires the Board of Statutory Auditors to be appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting, based on lists of candidates submitted by Shareholders (each list shall contain the names of the candidates numbered progressively), according to the procedure described below.

Shareholders can submit a list for the appointment of Auditors, provided that when they submit the list they hold, alone or in conjunction with other presenting shareholders, at least the minimum percentage of share capital established by laws and regulations in force at the time. Ownership of the minimum shareholding required is calculated based on the shares registered for each shareholder on the day when the lists are filed at the Company; relative certification may be submitted after the lists have been filed, provided this is within the deadline for publication of the lists.

Each party entitled to vote (as well as (i) entitled persons belonging to the same group, intended as a party, which need not be a corporation, exercising control pursuant to article 2359 of the Civil Code and any subsidiary controlled by, or under the control of the said party, or (ii) shareholders who are party to a shareholders' agreement as per article 122 of the TUF, or (iii) entitled persons who are otherwise associated with each other in a material relationship pursuant to current and applicable statutory or regulatory provisions) may submit individually or with others only one list, just like each candidate can be included in only one list, or otherwise be considered ineligible.

Lists shall be divided in two sections, containing respectively up to three candidates for the position of Statutory Auditor and up to two candidates for the position of Stand-in Statutory Auditor.

At least the first two candidates for the position of Statutory Auditor and the first candidate for the position of Stand-in Statutory Auditor in the respective lists must be entered in the Register of Auditors and have experience as statutory auditors.

Each list for the position of regular statutory auditor and alternate statutory auditor must include a number of candidates of the less represented gender such to ensure such list satisfies at least the minimum gender balance required by the applicable laws and regulations.

In order to be valid, the lists must be filed at the Registered Office or Head Office, also by means of remote communication and in accordance with procedures stated in the notice of call which allows for the identification of parties filing the lists, no later than twenty-five days before the date of the Shareholders' Meeting (or within a different deadline according to applicable laws) and must be made available to the public at the registered office, on the Company's website and through other channels provided for under current laws at least twenty-one days prior to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting (or within a different deadline according to applicable laws).

Minority shareholders who are not affiliated with the Shareholders concerned shall be entitled to extend the deadline for presenting lists in the circumstances and according to the procedures in applicable laws and regulations.



Each eligible voter may vote for one list only.

The members of the Board of Statutory Auditors shall be elected as follows:

- (a) 2 (two) Statutory Auditors and 1 (one) Stand-in Auditor are taken from the list that has obtained the highest number of votes cast by entitled persons, in the order in which they appear on the list;
- (b) the remaining Statutory Auditor and Stand-in Auditor shall be taken from the list that has obtained the most votes after the one referred to in (a) and the first candidates of the relevant section shall be appointed as the Statutory Auditor and Stand-in Auditor, respectively.

The Chairmanship of the Board of Statutory Auditors will go to the first candidate of the minority list of Statutory Auditors receiving the most votes.

If, in accordance with the deadlines and procedures set forth above, only one list or no list has been presented, or the lists do not contain the required number of candidates to be elected, the Shareholders' Meeting shall pass a resolution for the appointment or completion of the Board of Statutory Auditors by relative majority. If there is a tie vote between several candidates, a run-off election shall be held between them with a further vote of the Shareholders' Meeting. The Shareholders' Meeting shall be required to ensure compliance with the provisions of applicable laws and regulations concerning gender balance.

In the event the death, resignation, withdrawal or removal from office for any other reason of a Statutory Auditor, he/she shall be replaced by the Stand-in Statutory Auditor, from the same list as the outgoing Auditor, in the order in which they appear on the list, complying with the minimum number of members entered in the Register of Auditors who have been engaged in auditing activities, and in compliance with gender balance principles. If this is not possible, the outgoing Auditor shall be replaced by the Stand-in Statutory Auditor meeting the specified requirements, drawn from the minority list which obtained the most votes, following the order in which they appear on the list. Where the appointment of Auditors is not carried out using the list voting system, the Stand-in Statutory Auditor shall take over pursuant to statutory provisions. Should it be necessary to replace the Chairman, the Stand-in Statutory Auditor taking over shall also serve as Chairman. The Shareholders shall appoint or replace Auditors in meetings called in accordance with article 2401, paragraph 1 of the Civil Code in compliance with the principle of adequate representation of minority shareholders and gender balance. Where the appointment of the Stand-in Statutory Auditor in lieu of the Statutory Auditor is not confirmed by the Shareholders' Meeting, he/she shall return to his/her position as Stand-in Auditor.



14. COMPOSITION AND FUNCTIONING OF THE BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS

Pursuant to article 23 of the Articles of Association and in compliance with current rules and regulations, at least 2 Statutory Auditors and 1 Stand-in Auditor must have been entered in the Register of Auditors for at least three years and have at least three years' experience as a statutory auditor. Auditors who are not entered in the Register of Auditors must have gained at least three years' experience in:

- (a) professional activities as a certified public accountant or lawyer, rendered primarily to the banking, insurance and financial sectors;
- (b) performing university teaching on subjects relating to in the legal field banking, commercial, tax and financial markets law and in the business / finance field banking operations, business economics, accountancy, economics of the securities market, economics of financial and international markets, corporate finance;
- (c) performing managerial duties in public entities or public administrations, in the credit, financial and insurance sector or in the provision of investment services or in collective asset management, as both defined by the TUF.

All Auditors must meet the eligibility, professional competence and integrity requirements provided for by law and any other applicable regulations.

Furthermore, in application of the recommendations in Application Criterion 8.C.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the Auditors of FinecoBank must meet the independence requirements in article 3 of the Corporate Governance, as well as the requirements in article 148, paragraph 3 of the TUF.

In application of article 144-novies of the Issuer Regulations and the above Criterion, the competent body is responsible for evaluating whether members of the Board of Statutory Auditors meet the requirements specified above: (i) following appointment, the outcome of which shall be disclosed to the market by means of a press release; (ii) on an annual basis, reporting the results thereof in the annual corporate governance report.

The Company's Board of Statutory Auditors currently in office was appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting held on 11 April 2017 and shall remain in office until approval of the 2019 Financial Statements.

The Auditors were appointed based on a list voting system, pursuant to article 23 of the Articles of Association and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. In particular, the following lists of candidates for appointment to the Board of Statutory Auditors were presented:

- List no. 1, presented by UniCredit (owner of a total of 215,066,403 ordinary shares representing 35.39% of the share capital): (a) Barbara Aloisi, Marziano Viozzi and Giuseppe Grazia for the position of Statutory Auditor; (b) Federica Bonato and Marzio Duilio Rubagotti for the position of Stand-in Auditor;
- List no. 2, presented by UniCredit (owner of a total of 16,347,439 ordinary shares representing 2.6901% of the share capital): (a) Stefano Fiorini and Paola Carrara for the position of Statutory Auditor; (b) Elena Spagnol and Giorgio Mosci for the position of Stand-in Auditor.

The following documents were filed and published along with the two lists, according to established times and procedures:

(vi) a statement from shareholders other than shareholders that hold, even jointly, a



controlling or relative majority interest, certifying the absence of any connection and/or significant relations with the latter as provided for by article 147-*ter*, paragraph 3 of the TUF and article 144-*quinquies* of the Issuers Regulation, also having examined Consob recommendations in its Communication no. DEM/9017893 of 26 February 2009;

- (vii) exhaustive information on the personal and professional characteristics of the candidates included in the list (curriculum vitae) and the list of administration, management and control positions they hold in other companies, which are relevant pursuant to law);
- (viii) statements whereby individual candidates irrevocably accepted the position (subject to their appointment) and certified, under their responsibility, that there were no grounds for their ineligibility or incompatibility to stand as candidate, and that they met the requirements of applicable laws, regulatory provisions, the Articles of Association and Corporate Governance Code.

The lists, together with the above documents, were filed on the Company's website ("Governance/Shareholders' Meetings" section).

The Shareholders' meeting of 11 April 2017 therefore appointed the Board of Statutory Auditors (comprising three Statutory Auditors and two Stand-in Auditors) for the 2017-2019 period as follows:

- from the list submitted by UniCredit, which was voted by the majority of shareholders,
 Barbara Aloisi and Marziano Viozzi were appointed as Statutory Auditors, and Federica
 Bonato was appointed as Stand-in Auditor;
- from the list presented by a number of asset management companies and institutional investors, which was voted by the minority of Shareholders, Stefano Fiorini was appointed as Statutory Auditor and Elena Spagnol as Stand-in Auditor.

For the percentage of votes for the above lists in relation to voting capital, see the summary report on voting, available on the Company's website ("Governance/Shareholders' Meeting" section).

The Board also confirmed the annual fees it had already established for the previous term of office of the Board of Statutory Auditors, also based in information from the outgoing Board of Statutory Auditors, to enable shareholders and candidates to evaluate their adequacy. In this context, the fees are commensurate with activities required, the significance of the role hold as well as the size and sector of the company.

On 4 September 2017, Stefano Fiorini resigned from his position as Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors of the Bank, with immediate effect, and in compliance with laws and the Articles of Association, the Stand-in Auditor Elena Spagnol, also from the minority list, took over the position of Statutory Auditor and Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors, on the same date, until the next Shareholders' Meeting. Consequently, the Shareholders' Meeting held on 11 April 2018, in ordinary session, has completed the Board of Statutory Auditors by confirming Elena Spagnol as Statutory Auditor (replacing Stefano Fiorini) and appointing Gianfranco Consorti as stand-in Statutory Auditor. Such roles will expire at the expiration date of the Board of Statutory Auditors, i.e. at the Shareholders' Meeting called to approve 2019 financial statements. The appointments have been approved by the majority required by law and without the "voting by slate" mechanism. Minorities and gender diversity criteria set by the law have been complied with. Elena Spagnol - as a representative of the minorities – has been appointed as Chair.

The table below provides relevant information about each member of the Board of Statutory



Auditors in office as of the date of this Report.

Position	Members	Born in	Date of first appointment *	In office since	In office until	List **	Inde p. Corporate Governan ce Code	Participation in Board of Statutory Auditors' meetings ***	Number of other positions ****
Chair	Elena Spagnol	1968	11.04.2017 (Initially appointed as stand-in auditor; then appointed on 4/09/2017 until the 11.04.2018 Shareholders' Meeting)	11.04.2018	Shareholders' Meeting called to approve 2019 financial statement	m	X	14/14 (100%)	2
Statutory Audit or	Barbara Aloisi	1967	17.04.2012	11.04.2017	Shareholders' Meeting called to approve 2019 financial statement	M	X	21/21 (100%)	7
Statutory Audit or	Marziano Viozzi	1946	16.04.2013	11.04.2017	Shareholders' Meeting called to approve 2019 financial statement	M	X	19/21 (90%)	3
Stand-in Statutory Audit or	Federica Bonato	1955	15.04.2014	11.04.2017	Shareholders' Meeting called to approve 2019 financial statement	M	X		3
Stand-in Statutory Audit or	Gianfranco Consorti	1950	11.04.2018	15.04.2014	Shareholders' Meeting called to approve 2019 financial statement		X		7

Quorum required to present lists during the last appointment: 1%

Diversity policies

Save for applicable laws and regulations, the Board has adopted a specific policy with general guidelines on the structure, composition and remuneration of company bodies of investees and of procedures to appoint company officers, issued by UniCredit in its capacity as a steering, coordination and control body, in order to define principles, guidelines and rules to manage officers that shall be appointed in particular to the company boards of subsidiaries at a Group level.

In this regard, the process regulated by the policy establishes, among others, some guidelines on company bodies and requirements of relative board members, in order to achieve a balance between internal and internal members and gender, and a composition that can effectively

^{*} The date of first appointment of each Statutory Auditor means the date when the statutory auditor was appointed for the first time (ever) to the Board of Statutory Auditors of the Company.

^{**} This column indicates the list on which each Auditor was presented ("M": member from the majority list; "m": member from the minority list).

^{***} Percentage attendance at meetings (no. of attendances/ no. of meetings held during the actual period office of the person concerned during the Year).

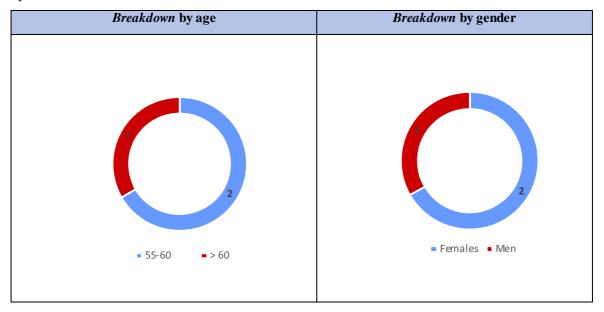
^{****} Number of offices pursuant to article 148-bis of the TUF and relevant provisions implementing the Issuer Regulations.



oversee all company operations in terms of management and controls, also considering the dimensions and complexity of the organisational structure of the specific company. In this context, the policy, among other things, establishes criteria for professional standing, integrity, independence and gender for members of control bodies.

With reference to FinecoBank, the principles and rules of this policy shall apply considering the provisions of national and EU laws and regulations on requirements for auditors, and, more in general, on the composition of the Board of Statutory Auditors, overall.

A breakdown of the members in office of the Board of Statutory Auditors by age and gender is provided below.



* * *

Members of the Board of Statutory Auditors meet the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Save for indications below, on 15 December 2017, the Company was informed of the positive decision of the European Central Bank (ECB) on the suitability of its Board of Statutory Auditors.

As regards the personal and professional profile of each Auditor, see the information published on FinecoBank's website (www.finecobank.com, "Governance" Section).

Members of the Board of Statutory Auditors have not provided advisory services to the Issuer.

After appointment, the Board of Statutory Auditors checks that each member meets the independence requirements of the TUF and the Corporate Governance Code and forwards the outcomes to the Board of Directors.

During the meeting held on 25 January 2019, the Board of Statutory Auditors verified the independence of its members in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code and article 148 of the TUF and article 144-*novies* of the Issuer Regulation, and forwarded outcomes to the Board of Directors.

In the assessment of independence requirements, no additional criteria were used apart from criteria in article 148, paragraph 3 of the TUF, in applicable industry regulations (if any), and in



the Corporate Governance Code. Outcomes were published in a notice to the market.

The Statutory Auditors are subject to the limit on the number of positions held pursuant to article 144-terdecies of the Issuer Regulations. To the best of the Company's knowledge, none of the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors exceeds the limits on the number of board mandates referred to in article 144-terdecies of the Issuer Regulations, at the time of writing (including the mandate in FinecoBank). In addition to the above, the table shows the overall number of positions held by Auditors in office at the date of approval of this Report. The limit on the total number of positions held as Auditors, in line with the Directive CRD IV and principles outlined in the document "Guide to fit and proper assessments", published by the European Central Bank (ECB) on 15 May 2017 and updated on May 2018, was considered in view of requirements applicable to positions held in the same group, to positions held in non-commercial organisations (that are not relevant for the total number of positions), and statements provided by auditors.

The time commitment and the number of directorships held by the Board of Statutory Auditors is compliant with: (i) the law decree scheme issued by the Ministry of Economy (under public consultation) laying down the requirements and criteria to be suitable to be a representative of a bank, a financial intermediary, a "confidi", an electronic money institution, a payment institution or a deposit guarantee scheme, pursuant to, inter alia, art. 26 del of the Legislative Decree 1° September 1993, no. 385, as amended by decree 12 May 2015, no. 72 which applied the 2013/36/UE Directive on banking supervision and was published on 1st August 2017; and (ii) the European Banking Authority guidelines on suitability of the management body and key personnel, issued on 21 March 2018 and effective from 30 June 2018.

Name	Total number of positions held by the Auditors	Number of relevant positions held
Elena Spagnol Chairman	3 non-executive positions	3 non-executive positions
Barbara Aloisi Statutory Auditor	8 non-executive positions	4 non-executive positions (1)
Marziano Viozzi Statutory Auditor	4 non-executive positions	4 non-executive positions

⁽¹) Considering the impact of positions in the same group and that positions in companies having as objects to segregate and manage the own family assets are not relevant, the total number of positions complies with established limits.

Auditors shall also take into account provisions of article 36, Decree law no. 201 of 6 December 2011, converted with amendments into Law no. 214 of 22 December 2011 with provisions on



"personal crossholdings in the credit and financial markets" it is forbidden for "those who hold offices in the management, control and supervisory bodies and the top officers of firms or groups of firms engaged in credit, insurance and financial markets, to accept or exercise similar positions in competing firms or groups of firms" (interlocking ban). Those who hold incompatible offices must notify the option exercised within 90 days of the appointment. Otherwise, on expiry of this deadline, they shall be removed from both offices. As regards the above, incompatibility due to interlocking does not apply to any of the Auditors in office.

The special authorisation procedure as of article 136 of the TUB applies, in the case of obligations of any kind or sale transactions undertaken by members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, directly or indirectly, with the bank in which they hold a position.

Statutory Auditors that have an interest in a specific transaction of the Issuer, on their own or on others' behalf, shall promptly inform other Statutory Auditors and the Chairman of the Board of Auditors in detail as to the nature, terms, origin and extent of their interest.

* * *

In accordance with Article 24 of the Articles of Association, and in order to properly perform its tasks, and in particular meet its obligation to promptly inform the Bank of Italy, and other Supervisory Authorities if required, on management irregularities or violations of the law, the Board of Statutory Auditors has broadest powers provided for by applicable laws and regulations.

The Board of Statutory Auditors, without prejudice to any other or more specific duty and power assigned to it by primary and secondary laws and regulations in force, monitors compliance with laws, regulations and the Articles of Association, as well as correct administration, adequacy of organisational and accounting arrangements of the Bank, the risk management and control system, as well as the functioning of the overall internal control system, external auditing of the accounts, the independence of external auditors and financial reporting process. The Board of Statutory Auditors works in close cooperation with the corresponding body of UniCredit.

In performing its duties, the Board of Statutory Auditors liaises with the Internal Audit function and the Risks and Related Parties Committee, through ongoing communication and the exchange of information, as well as by taking part in meetings of the above mentioned Committee.

* * *

The Chairman of the Board of Directors ensures that Auditors may take part, after their appointment and during their term of office, in the most appropriate way, in initiatives to give them adequate knowledge of the sector in which the Issuer operates, of company dynamics and their evolution, principles of correct risk management as well as applicable legal and self-regulatory framework. During the Year, all Statutory Auditors took part in "induction and training courses" referred to in section 4.2.2. of this Report, and in specific cases in external courses.

* * *

The Board of Auditors met twenty one times during the Year. Each meeting lasted on average one hour and fifty minutes. 23 meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors have been scheduled for 2019, of which 7 had already taken place at the date of approval of this Report.



For further information on the establishment, duties and functioning of the Board of Statutory Auditors, see the chapter "Board of Statutory Auditors" of FinecoBank's company bodies Regulations, available on the Issuer's website.

Self-assessment

The Board o Statutory Auditors carried out its annual self-assessment pursuant to the Corporate Bodies Regulations adopted in compliance with the Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance and the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code. It reported this to the Board of Directors in its meeting held on March 5, 2019.

15. RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company considers it fitting in its own interests and a duty for the market engage with its shareholders and institutional investors, in compliance with the procedure for disclosing company documents and information to the market, and in general in compliance with laws and regulations that govern the disclosure of inside information applicable to listed companies.

In this context, the Company, in compliance with article 9 of the Corporate Governance Code, considers the Shareholders' Meeting an important opportunity for Shareholders and Directors to engage, and consequently adopts measures that encourage shareholders to take part in the Shareholders' Meeting and exercise their right to vote. In this respect, save for Paragraph 16, below, Shareholders' Meeting are held on single call, in accordance with article 7 of the Articles of Association, unless the Board of Directors establishes that meetings are to be held in more than one session.

Pursuant to article 135-undecies of the TUF, the Company may appoint, for each Shareholders' Meeting, with information given in the notice of meeting, a person (company-appointed representative), that shareholders may appoint to act as proxy with instructions to vote on all or some items on the agenda, according to terms and procedures established by law.

Pursuant to Application Criterion 9.C.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, relations with institutional investors are instead overseen by the Investor Relator. In this regard, on 6 October 2016, Stefania Mantegazza was identified as Head of Investor Relations of the Company (Investor Relator).

The Investor Relator reports continually to Company's Senior Management on requirements concerning disclosure to the financial market and in particular to investors.

The Investor Relator is therefore the point of contact between the Issuer and the market and works with the entire company to maintain and promote compliance with regulations on corporate reporting.

* * *

The Company has created a specific section on its website www.finecobank.com – which is easily identifiable and accessible – with information on the Company that is significant for shareholders, to enable them to exercise their rights in an informed manner. In particular, the section includes updated information on the Company and services offered, key documents on corporate governance, as well as all press releases on main company events, in addition to financial and accounting data. Information on the website is updated as promptly as possible, to guarantee the transparency and effectiveness of disclosure to the public.



16. SHAREHOLDERS MEETINGS (PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 123-BIS, PARAGRAPH 2, LETTER C) OF THE TUF)

In compliance with regulatory and legal provisions in force, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, pursuant to the Articles of Association, is convened at least once a year, within 120 (one hundred and twenty) days from the end of the financial year, to resolve on items in its remit as established by laws in force and the Articles of Association. The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting is convened whenever there is a need to resolve on items in its remit as established by the applicable regulations.

The Shareholders' Meeting is convened as one session in compliance with laws in force, however in order to maintain adequate organisational flexibility, the Articles of Association establish that the Board may convene several sessions for individual Shareholders' Meetings.

Meetings are convened according to law, by notice published on the Company's Internet Site, as well as by other procedures required by law. The Agenda is established according to law and the Articles of Association, by the person with powers to convene Shareholders' Meetings.

Before the deadline for publishing the notice convening the meeting, based on each item on the agenda – or another term established by law – the Board of Directors shall make available to the public a report on each item on the Agenda.

The Agenda may be supplemented – according to the circumstances, procedures and terms established by laws in force – by shareholders that, even jointly, represent at least 2.5% of the share capital. Shareholders that request an item on the agenda to be added shall prepare a report stating the reasons for proposals to resolve on new items. Shareholders may also submit further proposals for resolutions on items already on the Agenda, giving relative reasons.

The Shareholders' Meeting meets at the Registered Office of the company or at another venue in Italy, indicated in the notice of meeting, and resolves with the majorities established by laws in force.

Quorums are not established in the Articles of Association, therefore in order for the Shareholders' Meeting to be duly established and for resolutions to be passed, laws in force shall be observed.

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, and in line with laws in force on remuneration and incentive policies and practices issued by Consob, and, for banks and banking groups, issued by the Bank of Italy, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting establishes the fees of the bodies it appoints, and also approves: (i) remuneration policies for Board Directors, employees and persons working for the company on a self-employed basis; (ii) remuneration plans based on financial instruments; (iii) payments agreed on in the event of the early termination of employment or early termination of an appointment, including the limits established for said fees in terms of annual fixed remuneration.

When approving remuneration policies, the Shareholders' Meeting may increase the limit of the ratio between variable and fixed remuneration up to a maximum of 2:1 or, if lower, to the maximum allowed by applicable laws in force. The Shareholders' Meeting votes on the Company's policy on the remuneration of Board Directors, the General Manager and Key Management Personnel, and the procedures used to adopt and implement this policy.

16.1 Legitimation, procedures for taking the floor and voting

Pursuant to applicable regulations, referred to in article 8 of the Articles of Association, persons



may take part in the shareholders' meeting and exercise their voting rights following notification sent to the Company, within the legal established time limits, by the intermediary authorised by law to keep the accounts, based on entries in accounting records relative to the end of the accounting day of the seventh open market day prior to the date established for the Shareholders' Meeting convened as a single session, or as a first session if the Board of Directors has planned for further sessions to take place.

The Articles of Association enable shareholders to take part in the Shareholders' Meeting using telecommunication means and to exercise voting rights digitally. The decision to activate these means is to be taken by the Board of Directors for each Shareholders' Meeting.

Pursuant to article 8 of the Articles of Association, each shareholder who may take part in Shareholders' Meetings can be represented by written proxy by another person, who is not necessarily a shareholder, provided this complies with legal provisions. Voting by proxy may also be authorised by a document signed digitally pursuant to laws in force and notified to the Company at the email address and according to procedures indicated in the notice of meeting, or by another procedure established by current laws in force.

In compliance with the Application Criterion 9.C.2 of the Corporate Governance Code, which recommends the involvement of directors in Shareholders' Meetings as an important opportunity for director/shareholder engagement, all directors usually take part in the Shareholders' Meetings of the Company. On these occasions, the Board of Directors, in particular, reports on past and planned activities and ensures shareholders are given sufficient information on items necessary for them to make informed decisions during shareholders' meetings.

The Board reports to the Shareholders' Meeting on past and planned activities within the context of the Directors' Report on Operations. It acts to ensure shareholders are given sufficient information on items necessary for them to make informed decisions during shareholders' meetings, in particular making sure that reports of Directors and additional information are made available in the times required by provisions of applicable laws and regulations.

7 Directors, the Chair of the Board of Statutory Auditors and the Statutory Auditors took part to the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

16.2 Proceedings of shareholdings' meetings

In accordance with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code (Application Criterion 9.C.3), as proposed by the Board of Directors, the Shareholders' Meeting adopted regulations for the orderly and functional proceedings of shareholders' meetings (hereinafter, the "**Regulations for Shareholders' Meetings**"). The Regulations for Shareholders' Meetings are available on the Company's website ("*Governance/Documents*" section).

Under article 8 of the Regulations for Shareholders' Meetings, persons who are entitled to take part in shareholders' meetings may take the floor as regards each item to discuss. Persons intending to take the floor shall request permission from the Chairman, submitting a written request with details of the issue the request refers to, after the Chairman has read the items on the Agenda and before he declares discussions, the request to take the floor refers to as closed. The Chairman may authorise requests to take the floor to be made with a show of hands, and in this case persons take the floor in the alphabetical order of their surnames.

Article 10 of the Articles of Association also establishes that the Chairman is assisted by a Secretary, selected by the attendees, who may also be a non-shareholder, by majority of those



attending. In addition to cases provided for by law, when the Chairman considers it appropriate, a notary may perform the function of Secretary, selected by the Chairman.

16.3 Significant changes in capitalisation and ownership structure

The capitalisation of FinecoBank went up by €153,740 during the Year, reaching €5,34,573 as at 31 December 2018.

No significant changes in the ownership structure have been made during the Year.

No proposals were made to the Shareholders' Meeting for amendments to the Articles of Association regarding the percentages established for the exercise of the shares and the prerogatives imposed for the protection of non-controlling interests.



17. ADDITIONAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Corporate governance practices – in addition to those already indicated above – and besides obligations provided for by laws or regulations, include the Company adopting a system for the internal reporting of violations (whistle-blowing), in compliance with Supervisory Regulations on Corporate Governance (Part I, Title IV, Chapter 3, Section VIII).

In this context, the Company has appointed the head of the compliance function as the person responsible for the whistle-blowing process, with necessary autonomy and independence from control functions; this position ensures proper management of the procedure and reports directly and without delay to company bodies on information reported, where relevant.



18. CHANGES AFTER THE END OF THE YEAR

No changes in the corporate governance structure had occurred after the end of the reporting period.



19. CONSIDERATIONS ON THE LETTER OF 21 DECEMBER 2018 OF THE CHAIR OF THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Chairman of the Board of Directors received and informed the Board, during the meeting of 10 January 2019, of recommendations in the letter of 21 December 2018 of the Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee. The contents of this letter were reported to the Appointments and Sustainability Committee, the Risks and Related Parties Committee and Remuneration Committee, in meetings of 25 January and 1 February 2019. Recommendations have also been submitted to the Board of Statutory Auditors.

The Directors, having examined the issues and the principles of the letter, took into consideration the general system and the rules of corporate governance adopted by the Company, believe that the Company's governance is consistent with the considerations referred to in the letter and they had no further considerations to make or initiatives to take.



ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING AND EXTRAORDINARY MEETING

DIRECTORS' REPORT

"Please note that this is a convenient translation of an Italian document provided for information purposes only. Therefore, the Italian version of such document shall prevail in all respects on the English translation."

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

DIRECTORS' REPORT

APPROVAL OF THE FINECOBANK S.P.A. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT DECEMBER $31^{\rm ST}$, 2018 AND PRESENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

ALLOCATION OF FINECOBANK S.P.A. 2018 NET PROFIT OF THE YEAR.

Dear Shareholders.

We have called this Ordinary Meeting to resolve, *inter alia*, on the approval of the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2018 and the allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A (the "Company" or "FinecoBank").

In connection with the above, the proposals submitted for your approval are described below.

1. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND ALLOCATION OF FINECOBANK S.P.A. 2018 NET PROFIT OF THE YEAR 2018

The Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 show a profit of Eur 227,922,325.69. While reference is made to the Board of Directors' report, which will be published in the manner and within the deadline set out by law as later explained, we hereby propose to approve the financial statements as at December 31, 2018, in its entirety and to allocate the aforesaid profit as follows:

- (i) Eur 33,607.46, equal to 0,015% of the net profit for the year, to the legal reserve, one fifth of the share capital having been reached;
- (ii) Eur 43,387,897.43 to the Extraordinary Reserve;
- (iii) to distribute a dividend of Eur 0,303, amounting to a total of Eur 184,500,820.80, to the 608,913,600 ordinary shares, having a par value of Eur 0.33 each, making up the share capital as at the Shareholders' Meeting date and, therefore, inclusive of the 509,205 shares resulting from the share capital increase approved by the Board of Directors of February 5, 2019.

The dividend approved by the Shareholders' meeting shall be paid, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, on April 25, 2019 with "ex-dividend" date on April 23, 2019. Pursuant to Art. 83-terdecies of Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998 ("Consolidated Law on Finance"), therefore, those who appear as shareholders on the basis of the accounting records at the end of the accounting day of April 24, 2019, shall be entitled to receive the dividend.

The Board of Directors clarifies that the portion of undistributed dividends with respect to the treasury shares held by the Bank at the abovementioned accounting date, shall be transferred to the extraordinary reserve.

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING ITEMS 1 AND 2 ON THE AGENDA

The documentation envisaged by art. 154-ter of the Consolidated Law on Finance shall be made available to the public at least twenty-one days prior to the date of the shareholders' meeting in single call. (i.e. by March 19, 2019).

2. RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED TO THE ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Dear Shareholders, if you agree with the content shown in this report, we ask you to pass the following resolution:

- 1. to approve the Financial Statements as at December 31, 2018, in their entirety;
- 2. to approve the allocation of the net profit for the year of Eur 227,922,325.69, as follows: (i) to the Legal Reserve Eur 33,607.46 equal to 0.015% of the profit for the year, one fifth of the share capital having been reached; (ii) to the Extraordinary Reserve Eur 43.387.897,43; (iii) to the 608,913,600 ordinary shares having a par value Euro 0.33 each, making up the share capital and, therefore, inclusive of the 509,205 shares resulting from the share capital increase approved by the Board of Directors on February 5, 2019 a dividend per share of Eur 0.303, corresponding to total Eur 184,500,820.80.

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDER'S MEETING

DIRECTORS' REPORT ON 2019 COMPENSATION POLICY

Dear Shareholders,

We called you at the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting to submit to you the proposal for approval of the "2019 FinecoBank Compensation Policy" (hereafter also the "2019 Compensation Policy"), reported in the attached document which forms an integral part of this Report, prepared in compliance with the provisions of in the Bank of Italy Circular no. 285 of 17 December 2013 on the "Supervisory Provisions for Banks" (hereafter, the "Supervisory Provisions") which provide that the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting approve, among other things, the remuneration policy for the members of the Board of Directors, employees and collaborators not linked to the company by subordinated employment relationships (that in FinecoBank are the financial advisors authorized to offer off-site services). Approval of the compensation policy and incentive systems must be consistent with respect to prudent risk management and long-term strategies, also providing for a correct balance between the fixed and variable components of the remuneration as required by the applicable regulations; with regard to the latter, risk weighting systems and mechanisms aimed at ensuring the connection of the remuneration with actual and lasting results.

Furthermore, again in compliance with the Supervisory Provisions, the 2019 Compensation Policy provides information on the implementation of the 2018 FinecoBank compensation policy, approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on 11 April 2018 (see Section III of the 2019 Compensation Policy, containing the "Annual Report on Remuneration").

It is therefore proposed that this Shareholders' Meeting approve the 2019 Compensation Policy which defines the principles and standards that FinecoBank applies and which are used to define, implement and monitor the compensation policy and systems. The proposal was formulated by the Human Resources function, with the contribution of the Compliance, Risk Management, Finance and Network Control, Monitoring and Network Services functions, with regard to the topics whose description falls within their competence. Shareholders are invited to consult information regarding the implementation of the FinecoBank 2018 Compensation Policy approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on 11 April 2018.

The document is also prepared in fulfillment of the obligations prescribed by Article 123-ter of Legislative Decree 58/98 (also "TUF").

2019 Compensation Policy

The relevant pillars of the 2019 Remuneration Policy, which are confirmed with respect to those approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on 11 April 2018, are summarized below:

"Please note that this is a convenient translation of an Italian document provided for information purposes only. Therefore, the Italian version of such document shall prevail in all respects on the English translation."

¹ 25th update of Circular 285 of 26 October 2018

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING ITEM 3 ON THE AGENDA

- (a) clear and transparent governance;
- (b) compliance with regulatory requirements and principles of good professional conduct;
- (c) continuous monitoring of market trends and practices;
- (d) sustainable pay for sustainable performance;
- (e) motivation and retention of all staff, with particular focus on talents and key players;

Furthermore, in line with national and international regulations, the main contents of the 2019 Compensation Policy are:

- (a) compensation structure and performance of the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager
- (b) updates on the regulatory framework as well as on the reference peer group for remuneration benchmarking
- (c) the ratio between variable remuneration and fixed remuneration. In particular, for employees who belong to the business functions, the maximum level approved by the Fineco Shareholders' Meeting of 5 June 2014 equal to 2:1 has not been changed; for the remaining part of employees, a maximum ratio of 1:1 is generally adopted, with the exception of the Corporate Control Functions Identified Staff, for which the variable remuneration is expected to not exceed one third of the fixed remuneration. For the Head of Human Resources and the Financial Reporting Manager in charge for preparing financial statements, fixed remuneration is expected to be a predominant component of total remuneration. With regard to the Financial Advisors Identified Staff, the ratio 2:1 applies between the so-called non-recurring remuneration and the recurring remuneration. The adoption of the 2:1 ratio between variable and fixed remuneration has no implications on the Bank's ability to continue to comply with prudential rules and in particular with regard to own funds requirements;
- (d) information on the role and activities of the Remuneration Committee, as well as the role of the Compliance, Audit and Risk Management functions;
- (e) the definition of Identified Staff 2019 for both employees and Financial Advisors;
- (f) a complete description of the implementation of the FinecoBank 2018 Incentive Systems reserved for the Identified Staff (employees and Financial Advisors);
- (g) a complete description of the new 2019 Short-Term Incentive Systems reserved for the Identified Staff (employees and Financial Advisors);
- (h) a complete description of the new 2018-2020 Long-Term Incentive Systems reserved for selected employees and for Financial Advisors Identified Staff;
- (i) complete information on the data requested by national and international regulators.

* * *

Dear Shareholders,

if you share the contents and the arguments presented in this Report, we invite you to take the following resolutions:

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING ITEM 3 ON THE AGENDA

- 1. to approve also pursuant to art. 123-ter of the TUF the "2019 Compensation Policy" of FinecoBank, in the text of the attached document that forms an integral part of this Report, in order to define the principles and standards that FinecoBank applies in determining, implementing and monitoring the policy and remuneration plans for members of the Board of Directors, employees and Financial Advisors authorized to offer off-site services;
- 2. to confer to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, all the most appropriate powers to make all the additions and amendments to the aforesaid 2019 Compensation Policy that may be required by the competent supervisory authorities or that may become necessary against changes in the relevant legal and / or regulatory framework or in the event that, in the light of changes to the Group Policy by the UniCredit Shareholders' Meeting, which will be called to approve the 2018 financial statements, the 2019 Compensation Policy of FinecoBank was no longer consistent with the Group one.

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDER'S MEETING

DIRECTORS' REPORT ON TERMINATION PAYMENTS POLICY

Dear Shareholders,

We have called this ordinary Shareholders' Meeting to request your approval of the renewal of the "FinecoBank Termination Payments Policy" (hereinafter "Severance Policy" or the "Policy"), set out in the attached document which forms an integral part of the present Report, in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Part I, Title IV Chapter 2, "Remuneration policies and practices" of the Bank of Italy's Circular n. 285 ("Supervisory Provisions concerning Banks") which provide that the Ordinary Shareholder's Meeting has to approve, amongst other items, the criteria to determine the compensation to be granted in case of early termination of the employment or office, including the limits to such compensation in terms of annual fixed remuneration and the maximum amount deriving from their application.

It is recalled that on 11 April 2017 the Ordinary Shareholder's Meeting approved the Severance Policy currently in force that – amongst other items – provides that the termination payments, represented by the Severance Payments and by the possible indemnity in lieu of notice (or equivalent amount) do not exceed twenty-four months of total compensation and that the portion additional to notice does not in any case exceed 18 months of remuneration and that the absolute maximum limit for severance pay remains at \in 5.1 million. These provisions had been revised restrictively with respect to the past in order to ensure alignment with market practices and the conservative approach to remuneration.

On 23rd October 2018 the Bank of Italy published the 25th update of Circular 285, in order to incorporate into Italian law the provisions contained in the Guidelines on remuneration policies issued in June 2016 by the European Banking Authority. Some of the changes introduced impact the Severance Policy, among which the most relevant are:

- 1. categorization of the amounts defined in view of or upon conclusion of the employment relationship as variable remuneration, subject to the relevant provisions;
- 2. obligation for the Bank, while granting possible Severance Payments, to assess and to document the consistency of the amounts with:
 - a) the performance, net of risks, and behaviors at the individual level;
 - b) the performance, net of risks, and capital and liquidity levels of the bank;
- 3. inclusion of the severances in the calculation of the limit of the variable to fixed ratio of the last year, with the exception of the amounts agreed and paid:

¹ The value of the yearly compensation used to calculate the Severance is set, unless more restrictive practices are locally in place, considering the current fixed remuneration plus the average of the incentives actually received – on a cash basis – during the last three years prior to the termination, inclusive of the value of those parts disbursed in equity

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ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING ITEM 4 ON THE AGENDA

- a) on the basis of a non-competition agreement, for the portion that, for each year of duration of the agreement, does not exceed the last year of fixed remuneration;
- b) as part of an agreement between the bank and the personnel, wherever reached, for the settlement of a current or potential dispute related to employment termination, if calculated on the basis of a specific predefined formula, indicated in the Policy.

In consideration of the changes introduced by the legislation, Fineco Severance Policy is updated - in line with the similar Policy defined at Group level and with market practices - providing, in particular:

- confirmation of all the main terms of the current Policy and in particular that termination payments, including notice, do not exceed 24 months of total remuneration, and that the portion additional to notice does not in any case exceed 18 months of total remuneration. The absolute maximum limit for severance pay, including notice, is confirmed
- introduction of a predefined formula for the calculation of the severance that provides without prejudice to the aforementioned 24 and 18 month limits a monthly salary for each year of service, with a minimum of 5 years and a maximum of 18 years, with the provision of a corrective factor that takes into account the following elements: Performance, Risks, Behaviors, Social impacts (family and age), Possession of pension requirements, Minimum contractual commitments, Assumption of non-standard / additional commitments, Specific circumstances and corporate interests. The corrective factor thus determined can reduce the severance until completely zeroed it or increased it up to a maximum of + 50%
- without prejudice to the overall limit of 24 months possibility of entering into, to be excluded from the limit of variable remuneration, pacts limiting the employee's activities after employment termination (providing, as an example only, for the commitment of the former employee not to establish, for a certain period after termination, employment relationships and / or collaboration in any form with competitors and / or avoid the distraction of employees, customers, relationships or assets under management to the advantage of competitors) – which provide for compensation of up to one year's fixed remuneration

* * *

Dear Shareholders,

If you agree with the above, you are invited to approve the proposal on the agenda and, as a result, to adopt the following resolutions:

- 1. to approve the renewal of "FinecoBank Termination Payments Policy", as per the attached document and which form an integral part of this Report, in order to define the general principles, the limits, the criteria and procedures for payment of compensation to be granted in the case of early termination of the employment relationship or early termination of the position.
- 2. to confer to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, every opportune power of attorney to make any additions and/or modifications to the above Policy that will be eventually required by the regulators or changes of the Group Policy made by the Shareholders' Meeting of UniCredit that will be called to approve the 2018 Financial Report, which would render 2019 Termination Payments Policy of FinecoBank no longer consistent with that of the Group.

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDER'S MEETING

DIRECTORS' REPORT ON 2019 INCENTIVE SYSTEM FOR EMPLOYEES IDENTIFIED STAFF

Dear Shareholders,

We have called you to the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting to submit the proposal for the approval of the 2019 Incentive System aimed at assigning an incentive, in cash and / or in free ordinary shares, to be paid over a multi-year period to FinecoBank employees Identified Staff, according to the methods described below and subject to the achievement of specific performance targets (hereafter, the "2019 System" or "2019 Incentive System").

This proposal is prepared in compliance with the provisions of art. 114-bis of Legislative Decree no. 24 February 1998, n. 58 and also taking into account the implementing rules issued by Consob regarding the allocation of compensation plans based on financial instruments to corporate officers, employees or collaborators; moreover, in compliance with the aforementioned provisions, the information document pursuant to art. 84-bis of Consob Regulation 11971/99 and subsequent amendments that was made available to the public within the terms of the law and to which reference should be made for the detailed description of the Incentive System illustrated in this Report.

The proposal is also in line with FinecoBank's Compensation Policy, with the new provisions issued by the Bank of Italy on remuneration and incentive policies and practices ¹, with the provisions contained in Directive 2013/36 / EU (Capital Requirements Directive or CRD IV), as well as the guidelines issued by the EBA (European Banking Authority). In this regard, it should be noted that, in compliance with the aforementioned provisions, FinecoBank has established the adoption, for employees belonging to the business functions, of a ratio between the variable component and the fixed component equal to 2:1, except of course the application a lower limit according to the provisions of current legislation.

1. 2019 INCENTIVE SYSTEM FOR EMPLOYEES IDENTIFIED STAFF

GOALS

The 2019 System is aimed at incentivizing, retaining and motivating the beneficiaries, in compliance with the provisions issued by national and international authorities with the aim of reaching - in the interest of all stakeholders - remuneration systems aligned with Company's long-term strategies and objectives, linked with company results, adjusted in order to consider all kind of risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive excessive risk taking for the bank and the system in its whole.

¹ 25th update to the Circular n. 285 of 23rd October 2018

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BENEFICIARIES

The following potential beneficiaries of the 2019 System are identified - in line with the criteria set out in the European Commission Regulation no. 604/2014 of 4 March 2014 - as "Identified Staff":

- the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager (CEO/GM), the Deputy General Managers (DGM), the Executive Vice President (EVP), the Senior Vice President;
- employees with total remuneration more than € 500,000 in the last year;
- employees included within 0.3% of staff with the highest remuneration at local level;
- other selected roles (including new hires).

The total number of beneficiaries, as of 10 January 2019, is 13².

ELEMENTS OF THE 2019 SYSTEM

Below, the main elements of the 2019 system. In particular:

- (a) In line with the approach adopted in 2018, the 2019 System is based on the concept of "bonus pool" for determining the variable remuneration that will be paid in 2020. The link between profitability, risk and remuneration is guaranteed by directly linking the bonus pool with the company results (at Group and local level), the cost of capital and the relevant risk profiles as defined in the relevant framework for determining the risk appetite;
- (b) the bonus pool will be defined on the basis of the performance of FinecoBank and the Group and assigned to the Identified Staff according to the individual performance;
- (c) the 2019 System in addition to attracting, retaining and motivating the beneficiaries confirms the alignment with national and international regulatory requirements, providing for:
 - the assignment of a variable incentive defined on the basis of the established bonus pool, the valuation of the individual performance and the internal benchmark for specific roles, as well as consistent with the ratio between the fixed and variable components defined by the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting;
 - the definition of a balanced structure of "upfront" (made at the time of performance evaluation) and "deferred" payments, in cash and shares;
 - payments in shares consistent with the applicable regulatory provisions, which require periods of unavailability on them. In fact, the defined payment structure provides for the deferred allocation of shares (one year for "upfront" and "deferred" payments)
 - risk-weighted measures, in order to guarantee long-term sustainability with reference to the Bank's financial position and to ensure compliance with the Authority's expectations;
 - entry and malus conditions of capital, liquidity and profitability of FinecoBank and of the Group, specific individual compliance conditions and a specific clawback clause;
- (d) the individual performance assessment is based on the achievement of specific goals linked to the five fundamental elements of the UniCredit Group's competency model: "Customers First"; "People Development"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "Execution & Discipline";

² the overall number of Identified Staff of FinecoBank is 14, including the CEO of Fineco Asset Management DAC, beneficiary of the FAM Incentive System 2019

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- (e) the payment of the total incentive so defined will be executed over a multi-year period (2020 2025), as indicated below and on condition that the beneficiaries are in service at the time of each payment:
 - in 2020 the first installment of the overall incentive ("1st tranche"), as well as the first tranche in shares (without prejudice to the retention period) in absence of any individual values/compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal/external findings by the competent Functions or Authorities (i.e. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
 - in the period 2021-2025 the residual amount of the total incentive will be paid in several installments in cash and / or FinecoBank free ordinary shares; each individual tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor related to the year of competence and to the verification of compliance by each beneficiary with the compliance rules and with the principles of conduct and behavior, also considering the seriousness of any internal / external inspections by the competent Functions or Authorities (i.e. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob and / or similar local authorities);
- (f) the assessment of the Group and local "sustainable performance" parameters (entry and malus conditions) and the alignment between risk and remuneration are examined by the Remuneration Committee, as well as by the Risk and Related Parties Committee and defined by the Board of Directors;
- (g) the percentages of cash and shares payments are established according to the category of beneficiaries, as shown in the following table:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
CEO/GM and other roles provided by law with "significant amount" of total variable	20% cash	20% shares	12% cash	12% shares	12% shares	12% cash 10% shares
Other roles provided by law ⁴ with not significant amount of total variable	25% cash	25% shares	10% cash	10% shares	10% shares	10% cash 10% shares
Other identified staff with significant amount ⁵ of total variable remuneration	20% cash	5% cash 20% shares	5% cash 15% shares	20% cash 15% shares	-	-
Other identified staff with non significant amount of total variable	30% cash	30% shares	10% shares	20% cash 10% shares	-	-

³ Threshold of € 430,000 defined at Group level according to the provisions of the law, equal to 25% of the total remuneration of the Italian High Earners according to the latest EBA report available (Benchmarking and High Eaners Report). The threshold is adopted at UniCredit Group level and includes both short and long term yearly pro-quota variable pay. Said threshold has been chosen since – as provided by law – is less than 10 times the average 2017 total remuneration of Group employees.

⁴ For instance the first reporting line of Management Body (CEO) and responsible of main business areas.

⁵ See note 3

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- (h) in line with 2018, there is a minimum threshold below which no deferral will be applied (i.e. € 75,000.00 which will be paid in cash);
- (i) the 2019 System may be offered also during the recruitment of Identified Staff from the external market. In the event that new hires are already holders of deferred incentive plans ("buy-out" bonus), the payment scheme offered will reflect the deferment methods defined by the previous employer, in any case in compliance with current legislation;
- (j) the number of shares to be paid in the respective tranches will be defined in 2020 on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing prices of the FinecoBank ordinary shares recorded in the month prior to the Board resolution that evaluates the results achieved in 2019. The maximum estimated shares assignment is equal to n. 360,772 FinecoBank free ordinary shares, representing approximately the 0.06% of FinecoBank's share capital, of which a maximum of no. 36,077 FinecoBank ordinary shares will eventually be allocated to hiring Identified Staff from the external market;
- (k) the FinecoBank free ordinary shares assigned will be freely transferable.

CHANGES TO THE 2019 SYSTEM

In order to ensure compliance with the current legal and regulatory provisions (including fiscal matter), during the implementation of the 2019 System, it deems appropriate to propose delegation of powers to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, to make any changes to the 2019 System that do not alter the substance of the resolutions of the Board of Directors and the Shareholders' Meeting, also by resorting to different solutions, which in full compliance with the 2019 System principles, enable the same results to be achieved (i.e. a different percentage distribution of the payments of the different tranches, a different deferral period, a period of restriction on the sale of the shares, the extension of the 2019 System to other beneficiaries considered equivalent to the Identified Staff, also using trust companies; of instruments other than FinecoBank's shares where required by the regulations, the payment of an equivalent amount in cash instead of the allocation of shares, to be determined on the basis of the market value of FinecoBank shares, taking into account the arithmetic mean of the official market prices of the ordinary shares recorded in the month preceding each board resolution related to the actual allocations).

It is understood that the aforementioned changes will in any case be adopted in compliance with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions pro tempore in force.

2. SHARES REQUESTED FOR THE 2019 INCENTIVE SYSTEM FOR EMPLOYEES IDENTIFIED STAFF

The issue of free ordinary shares necessary for the implementation of the 2019 System, as in the past, will be carried out in compliance with the provisions of art. 2349 of the Italian Civil Code on the basis of the delegation granted to the Board of Directors, pursuant to art. 2443 of the Italian Civil Code.

For this reason, Shareholders' Meeting in extraordinary session will be called to approve the proposal to assign such delegation to the Board of Directors.

In particular, for the purpose of issuing FinecoBank ordinary shares for the 2019 System, the proposal to grant a delegation to the Board of Directors pursuant to art. 2443 of the Civil Code to proceed with the increase in share capital, in compliance with the provisions of art. 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of Euro 95,021.85 (to be allocated entirely to capital), by issuing a maximum number of 287,945 new ordinary shares with a nominal value of Euro 0.33 each, with the same characteristics as those in circulation with regular dividend entitlement.

Pursuant to the provisions of art. 2443 of the Italian Civil Code, pursuant to which the Directors may exercise the right to increase the capital for a maximum period of five years from the date of registration of the Shareholders 'Meeting resolution granting the delegation (and therefore with respect to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting resolution up to 2024), for the allocation of the last tranche of shares envisaged for 2025, the proposal to integrate the delegation already conferred on the Board of Directors must be submitted to a future Shareholders' Meeting, so as to complete the execution of the 2019 System.

The issue of free ordinary shares necessary for the implementation of the 2019 System will be made through the use of the special reserve called "Provisions Linked to the Medium-Term Incentive System for the staff of FinecoBank" which, if necessary, may be reconstituted or increased by allocating a portion of available statutory profits or reserves created as a result of the allocation of Company profits which will be identified by the Board of Directors upon exercise of the delegation.

In the event that it is not possible to proceed with the issue (full or partial) of the shares serving the 2019 System (including the case in which the "Provisions Linked to the Medium-Term Incentive System for the staff of FinecoBank" is not enough), the beneficiaries will receive an equivalent amount in cash to be determined on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official market prices of the FinecoBank ordinary shares recorded in the month preceding every Board resolution regarding the bonus payment.

Dear Shareholders,

if you agree with the above, we invite you to approve the proposal on the agenda and, therefore, to take the following resolution:

"The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank S.p.A., having heard the proposal of the Board of Directors,

RESOLVES

- 1. to adopt the 2019 Incentive System, which provides for the allocation of an incentive, in cash and / or FinecoBank ordinary shares, to be carried out within the month of April 2025, to selected beneficiaries Identified Staff, within the terms and with the methods illustrated above;
- 2. to confer to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, every opportune power of attorney to implement the present resolution and the documents which represent part of it, also rendering any amendments and/or integrations which should be necessary to enact the present deliberations of today's Shareholders' Meeting (not changing substantially the content of the resolutions)".

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDER'S MEETING

DIRECTORS' REPORT

ON

2019 INCENTIVE SYSTEM FOR PERSONAL FINANCIAL ADVISORS (PFA) IDENTIFIED STAFF

AND ON

AUTHORIZATION TO PURCHASE AND DISPOSE OF TREASURY SHARES. RELATED AND CONSEQUENT RESOLUTIONS

(prepared pursuant article 73, Consob Regulation)

2019 INCENTIVE SYSTEM FOR PERSONAL FINANCIAL ADVISORS (PFA) IDENTIFIED STAFF

Dear Shareholders.

We have called this ordinary Meeting to request your approval of the 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors (hereinafter "Personal Financial Advisors" or "PFA"), aimed at allocating an incentive in cash and/or in FinecoBank free ordinary shares, to be granted over a multi-year period to a selected group of FinecoBank Personal Financial Advisors Identified Staff, according to the conditions described below.

This proposal has been formulated in compliance with the provisions of section 114-bis of Decree 58 dated February 24th, 1998, and in accordance with the provisions set forth by Consob with reference to incentive plans based on financial instruments assigned to corporate officers, employees and collaborators; for this purpose, a document describing the details of the incentive systems has been prepared pursuant to Section 84-bis of the Consob Regulation no. 11971/99 and subsequent amendments, and has been made available to the public under the terms of law and reference is made to detailed description of the 2019 Incentive System described in this report.

The proposal is also in line with FinecoBank Compensation Policy, the new regulation issued by Bank of Italy¹ on remuneration policies and practices and the direction set by the European Directive 2013/36/UE (Capital Requirements Directive or CRD IV) and by EBA (European Banking Authority) guidelines. With this regards, it should be recalled that FinecoBank, in respect to these provisions, has defined the adoption of a ratio between the variable and the fixed remuneration equal to 2:1 for the Personal Financial Advisors Identified Staff, within the regulatory limit.

GOALS

The 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors Identified Staff (hereinafter also the "2019 PFA System") aims to retain and motivate the Personal Financial Advisors, in compliance with

¹ Circular nr. 285 of December, 17th, 2013. 25th update of October 23rd 2018

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ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING ITEMS 6 AND 7 ON THE AGENDA

national and international regulatory requirements and with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems aligned with long term company strategies and goals, linked to Company results, adjusted in order to consider all kind of risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive excessive risk taking for the Bank and the system in its whole.

BENEFICIARIES

The potential beneficiaries of the 2019 PFA System, as provided by the criteria issued by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 604/2014 of March 4th, 2014, are:

- personal Financial Advisors with a total remuneration ("recurring" and "non-recurring") greater than Eur 750,000 in the last year and with an impact on Bank risk profiles;
- personal Financial Advisors Area Manager who coordinate a structure to which is linked an overall portfolio equal or greater than 5% of total network assets and with an impact on Bank risk profiles;

The total estimated number of beneficiaries, as on the date of January 10th, 2019, is 10.

ELEMENTS OF 2019 PFA SYSTEM

- (1) The 2019 PFA System is based on the "bonus pool approach" to define variable remuneration to be paid in 2020. The link between profitability, risk and reward is assured by linking directly bonus pool with company results (at Group and local level), cost of capital and relevant risk profiles as stated in the Risk Appetite Framework;
- (m) the Bonus pool will be defined based on FinecoBank and Group performance and assigned to beneficiaries according to individual performance;
- (n) the 2019 PFA System besides its aims to retain and motivate beneficiaries confirm the alignment of FinecoBank to the national and international regulatory requirements providing for:
- the allocation of a variable incentive defined on the basis of the available bonus pool, of the individual performance evaluation as well as in coherency with the bonus cap set by the ordinary Shareholder's meeting;
- the definition of a balanced structure of upfront (done at the moment of performance evaluation) and deferred payments, in cash and in FinecoBank ordinary shares (also "shares");
- the distribution of share payments, coherently with the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods. The payment structure defined requires one year retention period on upfront and deferred shares;
- risk adjusted metrics in order to guarantee long-term sustainability with respect to company's financial position and to ensure compliance with regulatory expectations; entry and malus condition of capital, liquidity and profitability at FinecoBank level and of capital & liquidity at Group level, specific individual compliance and clawback clauses are also provided;
- (o) incentive payouts will be made over a multi-year period (2020-2023), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:
 - in 2020 the first instalment of the overall incentive will be provided in cash ("1st instalment") as well as the first tranche in shares (without prejudice to the retention period) in absence of any individual

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- values/compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal/external findings by the competent Functions or Authorities (i.e. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- over the period 2021-2023 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares; each further instalments will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual /values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal/external findings by the competent Functions or Authorities (i.e. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- (p) the final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters of the Group and of the Bank (entry and malus condition) and risk-reward alignment are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, by the Risk and Related Parties and defined by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank;
- (q) the percentages of payments in cash and shares are defined as described in the following tables:

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Personal Financial Advisors Identified Staff with "relevant" ² amount of non recurring remuneration	20% cash	5% cash 20% Shares	5% cash 15% Shares	20% cash 15% Shares

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Personal Financial Advisors Identified Staff with "non relevant" amount of non recurring remuneration	30% cash	30% Shares	10% Shares	20% Cash 10% Shares

- (r) *i*n coherence with the 2018 PFA System, it is foreseen a specific minimum threshold below which deferral mechanism will not be applied (Eur 75,000 that will be paid in cash);
- (s) the number of ordinary shares to be allocated with the second, third and fourth instalments will be defined in 2020, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing price of FinecoBank ordinary shares during the month following the Board resolution that verifies 2019 performance achievements;
- (t) the estimated allocation is maximum number of 179,534 FinecoBank ordinary shares, representing about 0.03% of FinecoBank share capital, therefore, well below the maximum limit of 20% provided by the applicable regulation, also taking into consideration the number of 1,401,288 treasury shares owned by the Company at the date of the present report, equal to 0.2% of share capital, and also the maximum number of treasury shares that at the moment is estimated to be assigned to support Incentive Systems already approved or that will be approved in the future, or other needs not foreseeable at the moment;

² I.e. € 430,000, equal to 25% of total remuneration of Italian High Earner pursuant to the last EBA report (Benchmarking and High Earners Report). The threshold is adopted at UniCredit Group level and includes both short and long term yearly pro-quota variable pay. Said threshold has been chosen since – as provided by law – is less than 10 times the average 2017 total remuneration of Group employees.

(u) the FinecoBank ordinary shares to be allocated will be freely transferable.

CHANGES TO THE 2019 PFA SYSTEM

In order to guarantee the compliance with regulatory and legal dispositions (also in fiscal matter), during the implementation of 2019 PFA System, it deems appropriate to empower the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, with every opportune power to implement any eventual change to the 2019 PFA System that do not change substantially the content of resolutions of Board and today's General Shareholders' Meeting, also through alternative solutions that fully comply with the principles of 2019 PFA System and allow achievement of the same results (e.g.: a different percentage distribution of the various instalments of payments; a different period of deferral; the payment of an equivalent amount in cash in lieu of granting shares, to be determined on the basis of the market value of FinecoBank shares, considering the arithmetic mean of the official closing price of FinecoBank ordinary shares during the month following each Board resolution to execute the actual grant; extension of 2019 PFA System application to other beneficiaries considered as equivalent to identified staff).

It is understood that these amendments will be adopted in any case in accordance with the applicable regulatory provisions.

Dear Shareholders,

If you agree with the above proposal, you are invited to approve it by adopting the following resolution:

"FinecoBank's ordinary shareholders' meeting, having heard the Board of Directors proposal,

RESOLVES

- 3. to adopt the 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors (PFA) Identified Staff which provides for the allocation of an incentive in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares, to be performed by July 2023, to selected PFA beneficiaries in the manner and terms described above;
- 4. to confer to the Chief Executive Officer and General Managerevery opportune power of attorney to implement the present resolution and the documents which represent part of it, also rendering any amendments and/or integrations which should be necessary to enact the present deliberations of to-day's Shareholders' Meeting (not changing substantially the content of the resolutions)."

AUTHORIZATION TO PURCHASE AND DISPOSE OF TREASURY SHARES. RELATED AND CONSEQUENT RESOLUTIONS

Dear Shareholders,

We have called this ordinary Meeting to request your approval of the authorization to purchase and to dispose of treasury shares. Related and consequent resolutions.

SUPPLY RELATED TO THE 2019 PFA SYSTEM

In order to acquire the financial instruments needed to carry out the 2019 PFA System for the Personal Financial Advisors, it is needed to propose to the Shareholders' Meeting the authorization, pursuant article 2357 civil Code, to purchase and to dispose of treasury shares. In this way the Company will have, by purchasing them on the market, the shares needed to support the 2019 Incentive System for PFA through the assignment of those shares to the beneficiaries who have the right to receive them.

The proposal foresees to confer to the Board of Directors the faculty to carry out repeated and subsequent transactions to buy and sell (or other kind of disposals) treasury shares on a revolving base, also for fractions of the maximum amount authorized, so that, at any time, the number of shares of the purchase proposed and in the Company's ownership does not exceed the limits set by the law and by the authorization provided by the Shareholders' Meeting.

(a) The authorization request is for maximum number of 179,534 ordinary shares, equal to 0.03% of share capital and, therefore, well below the maximum limit of 20% provided by the applicable regulation, also taking into consideration the nr. 1,401,288 treasury shares owned by the Company at the date of the present report, equal to 0.2% of share capital, and also the maximum number of treasury shares that at the moment is estimated to be assigned to support Incentive Systems already approved or that will be approved in the future, or other needs not foreseeable at the moment.

The purchase of treasury shares will be executed within the limits of the distributable earnings and of available supply consequent to the last annual report approved at the moment of the disposal of purchasing operations.

The purchasing of treasury shares reduces the net worth of an equal amount, through the inclusion in the balance sheet of a specific passive item, with negative sign.

The proposal foresees that purchasing and disposition orders of treasury shares have to be made on regulated capital markets, according to art. 132 of the Consolidated Finance Act (TUF) and to art. 144-*bis* (1) (b) of Consob regulation, with the same operational procedures described in the guidelines of organization and management of such markets in order to guarantee equality in treatment between Shareholders and which do not allow the direct matching of purchase orders against pre-determined sell orders; in particular, these purchases will have to be made:

(i) by public offering for purchase or trade;

ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING ITEMS 6 AND 7 ON THE AGENDA

- (ii) on regulated capital markets, according to the operational procedures described in the guidelines of organization and management of such markets, which do not allow the direct matching of purchase orders against pre-determined sell orders;
- (iii) by allocating to Shareholders, proportionally to their own shares, a put option to be exercised during the period of the authorization granted by the Shareholders' Meeting to purchase treasury shares.

Sell operations of treasury shares in portfolio instead will be executed in the manner deemed recommendable for the Company's interest, including transfer and/or the assignment to execute stock granting incentive plans.

With reference to the amount of the purchasing operations, it is proposed that it should not be below the nominal per share value, equal to a nominal value of Eur 0.33 and not above, as a maximum, to the official closing price of FinecoBank ordinary shares registered in the MTA ("Mercato Telematico Azionario" – Milan Stock Exchange) in the day preceding the purchase, increased by 5%.

Regarding the disposal of the treasury shares, the Board of Directors will establish from time to time criteria for the definition of the corresponding fees and/or modalities, terms and conditions of purpose of treasury shares in portfolio, taking into consideration the procedure followed, the share price trend in the period prior to transactions and the best interest of the Company.

Finally it is proposed that the authorization to purchase is released for a period of eighteen months from the date of the Shareholders' Meeting that passed the resolution for authorization.

Dear Shareholders.

If you agree with the above proposal, you are invited to approve it by adopting the following resolution:

"FinecoBank's ordinary shareholders' meeting, having heard the Board of Directors proposal, according to the provisions of articles 2357 and 2357-ter of the Civ. Cod., 132 D, Lgs. D. n. 58/1998 and 114-bis of Consob Regulation

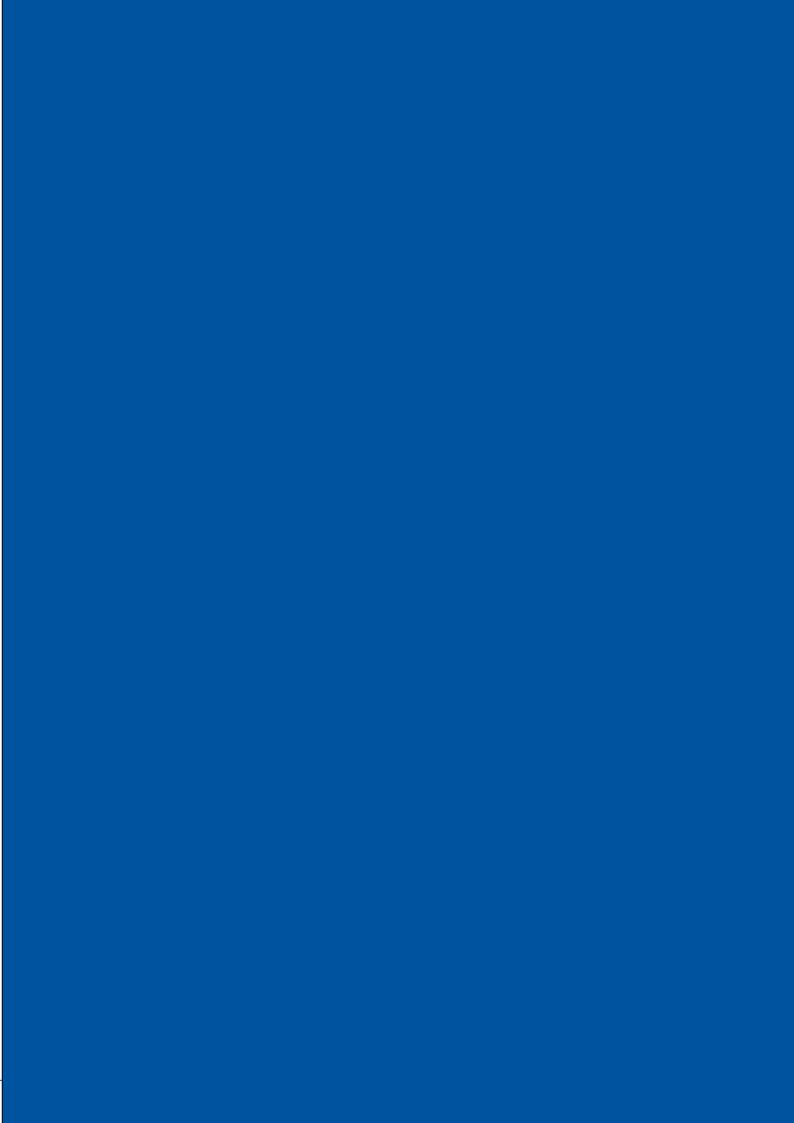
RESOLVES

- 1. to authorize the purchase and the dispose of a maximum of number *179,534* treasury shares, equal to a nominal value of Eur 0.33 each, for the purposes of "2019 PFA System" under the terms and conditions described above, considering that buy back operations of treasury shares could be executed after having received the necessary authorization of the Regulator, according to articles *77-78* Reg. UE n°575/2013 (CRR) dated June 26th, 2013;
- 2. to confer to the Board of Directors and consequently to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, every opportune power of attorney to implement the present resolution and to communicate to the market, in accordance with applicable regulations.



2019 COMPENSATION POLICY

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.



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Letter from the Chairman of the remuneration committee



Dear Shareholders.

as Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, I am pleased to present you the FinecoBank Compensation Policy for 2019.

The document is divided into three sections: an "Executive Summary", which summarizes the features of the new Remuneration Policy and the main results achieved in 2018; the "Compensation Policy", which describes the key principles of our approach to the remuneration and incentive systems for Employees and Financial Advisors in 2019; finally, the "Annual Remuneration Report", which provides detailed information on FinecoBank remuneration practices and the results of the processes implemented in 2018.

Also this year, pursuing the goal of guaranteeing the utmost clarity in remuneration policies, we propose a transparent and easily accessible Policy, oriented towards rewarding merit and promoting the value of diversity and sustainability. Our pillars are based on the concept of transparency, as an element able to protect and strengthen our reputation and to create value over long term, in the interest of all the Bank's stakeholders.

Also 2018 closed for Fineco with particularly positive results, an important element because it was obtained in a challenging and complex context for the financial markets.

The results show how our well-diversified business model is able to face every stage of the market, thanks to a strategy oriented towards a path of long-term sustainable growth and capable of generating value for all our stakeholders. Results are the confirmation of a relational approach with customers guided and inspired by criteria of integrity, transparency, equity and cooperation.

In this context, our Bank is constantly engaged in combining values such as development, responsibility and business activities, which are fundamental for improving risk management and being highly competitive on the market.

The guiding principles of our way of doing business have always been at the base of our Compensation Policy, which - in turn confirms that it is a key tool for guiding behaviors, both in the short and long term.

The goal of our remuneration policy is to attract, motivate and retain the best resources, rewarding merit and talent, ensuring a solid process of performance assessment, while avoiding excessive risktaking.

In this context we have worked with a view to consolidation and continuous improvement, involving - in the definition phase of the incentive plans - the main corporate Bodies and Functions. Our model of remuneration governance is aimed at ensuring adequate control of all the Bank's remuneration processes, ensuring that informed decisions are taken independently and promptly, in order to avoid conflicts of interest.

In order to better respond to its tasks, the Remuneration Committee took part in each phase of the remuneration processes, including, in fact, the project, with the objective of guaranteeing an architecture suited to the Bank's remuneration strategy, in line with the regulations and consistent with best market practices.

In light of the 25th update of Bank of Italy Circular 285 "Supervisory Provisions for banks", we generally aligned the remuneration policies with the new discipline. In particular, the pay-out mechanism for bonuses for the Identified Staff has been reviewed with regard to short-term systems and the "particularly high" threshold of variable remuneration to which the most prudential rules apply has been identified.

The new provisions also led to the update of the Termination Payments Policy.

In general, in the definition of the 2019 Remuneration Policy we have taken into consideration the sectorial regulations also in light of the company's international developments.

Having said that, in light of the favorable opinion of the shareholders collected by the 2018 Remuneration Policy and taking into account the benchmark analyses, we considered appropriate to maintain the structure of the Remuneration Policy, preserving the main elements and the functioning mechanisms of the incentive systems adopted last year, still considered to be already very effective for the achievement of the results defined in the strategic plan.

On behalf of the Remuneration Committee, I would like to thank you Shareholders for the constant willingness to compare and share each need and point of view, and for the time you will spend reading our 2019 Policy, trusting in your positive appreciation

Sincerely.

GIANMARCO MONTANARI

Chairman of the Remuneration Committee



SECTION I -

EXECUTIVESUMMARY

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.

FinecoBank S.p.A. - Member of Unicredit

Our Compensation Policy

The implementation of the principles set in our Compensation Policy provides the framework for the design of reward programs across the Bank.

FinecoBank compensation approach, coherent with the regulations, the best market practices and with the approach of the Holding UniCredit S.p.A, guarantees the link to the performance, the market framework, the alignment with business strategy and the long-term shareholders' interest.

The key principles of our Compensation Policy (Section II) reflect the most recent regulations in terms of remuneration and incentive policies and practices, in order to build, year-by-year - in the interest of all stakeholders - remuneration systems aligned with long-term strategies and goals. These are linked with company results and adequately adjusted in order to take into account all risks consistent with capital and liquidity levels needed to support all the activities, and to avoid distorted incentives that could lead to a breach of law or to excessive risk taking.

Our 2019 remuneration approach, and main 2018 results

Key elements of 2019 Compensation Policy

Fundamentals

- Clear and transparent governance
- Compliance with regulatory requirements and principles of good professional conduct
- Continuous monitoring of market trends and practices
- Sustainable pay for sustainable performance
- Motivation and retention of all staff, with particular focus on talents and mission-critical resources

Compensation Benchmarking

Update of the peer group for compensation benchmarking, performed by the independent advisor of the Remuneration Committee

3. Identified Staff definition

Application of qualitative and quantitative criteria which are common at European level defined by EBA Regulatory Technical Standards

Ratio between fixed and variable remuneration

In compliance with the regulatory requirements, the 2:1 ratio represents the maximum limit to the ratio between variable and fixed components of the remuneration for all employees belonging to business functions, including Identified Staff

Description

Details - Section II

- Our Compensation Policy Fundamentals ensure a correct definition of competitive compensation levels, internal equity and transparency
- Compensation Policy is aligned to the national and international regulatory requirements. Full compliance of compensation policies and processes is assured through involvement of Company Control Functions: such as Compliance and Risk Management, that also guarantee the coherence with the Risk Appetite Framework, in line with sector regulations¹

Details - Section III paragraph 3

The Remuneration Committee, with particular reference to the population of FinecoBank's Identified Staff, through the support of an independent external consultant identifies the peer group, defined considering the main Italian and European peers on which specific comparative analyzes are carried out (Benchmark). As a policy objective, the fixed component of the remuneration for Identified Staff takes as reference the market median, with individual positioning defined taking into account the specific performance, potential and strategic decisions on FinecoBank people and performance over time.

Details - Section III paragraph 5.1

Aso for 2019 the definition of the Identified Staff has followed a structured assessment process both at Group and local level, involving Compliance and Risk Management functions of FinecoBank. The self-evaluation brought to a total number of Identified Staff for 2019 equal to 14 employees and 8 Financial Advisors

Details - Section II paragraph 3.1

- In compliance with applicable regulations, the adoption of a maximum ratio between variable and fixed remuneration of 2:1 has not changed for the employees belonging to the business functions. For the rest of the employees, a maximum ratio between the components of remuneration equal to 1:1 is usually adopted, except for the Identified staff of the Company Control Functions², for which it is provided that the variable remuneration cannot exceed 1/3 of the fixed remuneration For the Head of HR and the Manager in charge for financial statement, the remuneration is predominantly fixed. For the aforementioned Functions the incentive mechanisms are consistent with the assigned tasks as well as independent of results from areas under their control.
- With reference to applicable regulations, regarding the Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff, the 2:1 ratio will be adopted between the nonrecurring and the recurring component of the remuneration.
- The adoption of a ratio of 2:1 between variable and fixed compensation don't have any implication on bank's capacity to continue to respect all prudential rules, in particular capital requirement.
- This approach allows FinecoBank to maintain a strong link between pay and performance, as well as to avoid the rigidity of the cost structure derived from a possible increase of fixed costs and to guarantee the alignment with multi-year performance, through the deferral of variable compensation

i.e. Capital Requirement Directive IV (CRD IV); EBA Regulatory Technical Standards (RTS); Bank of Italy "Disposizioni di vigilanza per le Banche", 25th update to the Circular n. 285 of 23th October 2018.

² Meaning Risk Management, Compliance. Audit is outsourced in UniCredit S.p.A.

Short Term Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

- The FinecoBank 2019 Incentive System, that confirms the "bonus pool" approach, provides for a strong link between remuneration, risk and sustainable profitability
- Such system provides for an overall performance assessment both at individual level and at Group and local level

6. 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Employees

- A share-based Long Term Incentive Plan for the three years performance period 2018-2020, has been defined in 2018, to incentive, motivate and retain selected Employees
- The Plan provides performance goals set at 2020, in terms of Value Creation, Industrial sustainability and Risk, and the payment of a bonus in shares in installments, in a multi-year period

Share Ownership Guidelines

Share ownership guidelines are confirmed for the Chief Executive Officer and the other Executives with strategic responsibilities in order to align the Top Management and the Shareholders interests

Severance Payments

Termination pay-outs take into consideration long-term performance, in terms of shareholder added-value, do not reward failures or abuses and shall not exceed in general 24 months of total compensation (including the indemnity in lieu of notice)

New

Performance Measurement

Review of the "KPI (Key Performance Indicators) Bluebook", that supports manager and incumbent to define the Performance Screen that refers to the annual Incentive System for the employees Identified Staff

Details - Section III paragraph 5.3

- Bonus pool whose size is linked to the Bank profitability
- Entry and malus conditions: defined on the basis of performance indicators in terms of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at both Group and local
- Risk adjustment on the basis of indicators coherent with Fineco's Risk Appetite Framework
- Bonus allocation: incentives are allocated taking into consideration the available bonus pool and the individual performance evaluation based on specific performance indicators
- Pay-out: individual bonuses composed of cash and shares pursuant to law; pay-out over a multi-year period, ensuring alignment with shareholders' interests; each payment is subject to malus and claw-back conditions, as well as to compliance assessment of individual behaviours

Details - Section III paragraph 5.4

- Performance goals at Bank level set at 2020 considering specific targets and thresholds for EVA (Economic Value Added), C/I (Cost/Income Ratio) and CoR (Cost of Risk on commercial loans) indicators
- Entry and malus conditions: defined on the basis of performance indicators in terms of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at both Group and local
- Risk adjustment on the basis of indicators coherent with Fineco's Risk Appetite Framework
- Individual bonus payment in Fineco shares, in installments, in a multi-year period, subject to malus and claw-back condition and to compliance assessment of individual behaviours

Details - Section II paragraph 3.5

The Chief Executive Officer and the other Executives with strategic responsibility, should ensure appropriate levels of personal investment in FinecoBank shares (equal to 100% of fixed remuneration for the Chief Executive Officer and to 50% for the other Executives with strategic responsibility)

Details - Section II paragraph 3.3

The update of the Termination Payments Policy - approved by the 2017 AGM - is submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting of April 10th 2019, to implement some amendments to the regulation set forth in the 25th update of Bank of Italy Circular n. 285, issued on October 23th 2018. The changes are mainly related to the introduction of a predefined formula for the calculation of the "severance" and to better specify some elements of detail, while they do not involve changes as regards the main criteria or limits.

Details - Section III paragraph 5.3.1

The KPI Bluebook supports the definition of Performance Screens providing a set of performance indicators and guidelines. The categories of the main indicators of financial and non-financial Group performance, annually defined within the KPI Bluebook, are certified with the involvement of Group functions Human Capital, Finance, Risk Management, Compliance, Group Sustainability, Group Stakeholder Insight and Audit, which reflect the Bank's core operating profitability and risk profile. Also this year the KPI Bluebook has been structured and clustered on the basis of the different Group's business

10. Short Term Incentive for Financial Advisors Identified Staff

- The provisions of FinecoBank Compensation Policy also apply to the members of the Financial Advisors Network, in line with the Advisors
- In line with the incentive model provided for the Employees, The 2019 PFA³ System provides for a strong link between remuneration, risk and sustainable profitability
- Such system provides for an overall performance assessment both at individual level and at Group and local level

11. 2018-2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for Financial Advisors **Identified Staff**

- A Long Term Incentive Plan for the three years performance period 2018-2020 has been defined in 2018, to incentive, motivate and retain selected Financial Advisors
- The Plan aims at rewarding the extra performance in relation to commercial goals and provides the payment of a bonus in cash and shares in installments, in a multi-year period

Details - Section III paragraph 5.5

- Bonus pool whose size is linked to the Bank profitability
- Entry and malus conditions: defined on the basis of performance indicators in terms of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at Group and local level
- Risk adjustment on the basis of indicators coherent with Fineco's Risk Appetite Framework
- Bonus allocation: incentives are allocated taking into consideration the available bonus pool and the individual performance evaluation based on specific performance indicators
- Pay-out: individual bonuses composed of cash and shares, pursuant to law, paid out over a multi-year period, ensuring alignment with shareholders' interests; each payment is subject to malus and claw-back conditions, as well as to compliance assessment of individual behaviours.

Details - Section III paragraph 5.6

- Individual performance goals defined on the basis of commercial targets cumulated within the three-years performance period
- Entry and malus conditions: defined on the basis of performance indicators in terms of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at individual, Bank and both Group level
- Risk adjustment on the basis of indicators coherent with Fineco's Risk Appetite Framework
- Individual bonus payment in cash and Fineco shares, in installments, in a multi-year period. Each payment is subject to malus and claw-back condition and to compliance assessment of individual behaviours.

³ PFA - Personal Financial Advisors.

Our compensation disclosure

The Annual Compensation Report (Section III) - issued pursuant to art. 123-ter of Legislative Decree 58/1998 (Consolidated Text of Finance" -"TUF") - provides the description of our compensation practices and the implementation outcomes of FinecoBank Incentive Systems, as well as remuneration data, with a focus on the Identified Staff, defined in line with regulatory requirements.

Full disclosure on compensation payout amounts, deferrals and ratio between variable and fixed components of remuneration for the Identified staff is provided in the Annual Compensation Report (Section III - paragraph 6.1), including data regarding Directors, General Managers and other Executives with strategic responsibility.

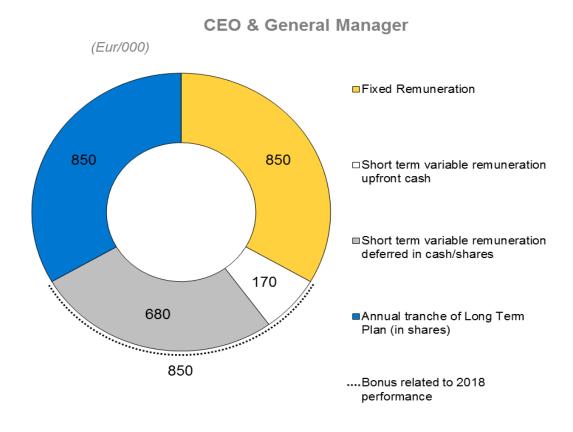
Data pursuant sect. 84-quarter Consob Issuers Regulation Nr. 11971, Compensation report - Section III, as well as the information on incentive systems under 114-bis of legislative decree 58/1998 ("Consolidated Text of Finance" - "TUF") are included in this document as well as in the annexes of the 2019 FinecoBank Compensation Policy.

Chief Executive Officer and General Manager variable and fixed compensation data

2018 Performance evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager's individual goals resulted excellent ("Exceeds Expectations"), on the basis of elements reported in section III - paragraph 5.2.1 and evaluated by the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of February 1th and 5th, 2019.

In 2018, also considering the excellent business results – the incidence of the short and long term variable remuneration on fixed remuneration for the CEO and General Manager has been equal to 200%.

Here is detailed the remuneration structure of the FinecoBank CEO and General Manager for 2018.



Looking forward to 2019, the goals for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager defined and approved by the Board of Directors are

#	GOAL NAME	PERIMETER	REFERENCE TARGET	LINK TO 5 FUNDAMENTALS	KPI BB/ CUSTOM	RISK CORRELATION SUSTAINABILITY GOAL
1	ROAC / EVA	FinecoBank	vs. budget	Execution & Discipline		S ASJUSTED
2	New Business EL %	FinecoBank	vs. target	Risk Management	•	S AND THE PER
3	OPEX	FinecoBank	vs. budget Operating costs as reported in reclassified P&L, i.e.: Staff expenses + Other Administrative Expenses (direct + indirect) - Expenses Recovery + Depreciations.	Execution & Discipline	•	
4	Net new clients	FinecoBank	vs. target	Customers First		8
5	Net sales of Guided Products	FinecoBank	vs. budget	Execution & Discipline		
6	New Strategic Plan preparation	FinecoBank	vs. qualitative assessment based on: • contribution to the preparation of the new MYP • development of Proof of Concepts on the effective implementation of new technologies (e.g.: Artificial Intelligence, big data, etc.) in own domain	Execution & Discipline	•	8
7	Gender balance and pay gap	FinecoBank	vs. qualitative assessment based on: • Group-wide % of women in EVP roles vs. 2019 target • Y/Y delta on % of women in VP, FVP, SVP roles • Y/Y delta on gender pay-gap	People Development		
8	Tone from the top on conduct and compliance culture	FinecoBank	vs. qualitative assessment based on:	Risk Management	•	





SECTION II -

COMPENSATION POLICY

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.

FinecoBank S.p.A. - Member of Unicredit



SECTION II – COMPENSATION POLICY

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1. Introduction

Our set of values is based on integrity as a condition to transform profit into value for our stakeholders.

By upholding the standards of sustainability behaviours and values which drive our mission, our compensation strategy represents a key enabler to enhance and protect our reputation and to create long-term value for all stakeholders.

Also through appropriate compensation mechanism, we aim to create a work environment which is comprehensive of any form of diversity and which foster and unlock individual potential, to attract, retain and motivate highly qualified employees, capable of creating a competitive advantage and to reward those who reflect our standards of consistently ethical behaviour in conducting sustainable business.

Relying on our governance model, our Compensation Policy sets the framework for a common and coherent design, implementation and monitoring of compensation practices across our Company that reinforce sound risk management policies and our long-term business strategy. In so doing, we most effectively meet the specific and evolving needs of our different businesses and populations, and ensure that business and people strategies are always appropriately aligned with our remuneration approach.

To ensure the competitiveness and effectiveness of remuneration as well as transparency and internal equity, the key principles of our Compensation Policy were confirmed:

- Clear and transparent governance, through efficient corporate and organizational governance structures, as well as clear and rigorous systems and governance rules.
- Compliance with regulatory requirements and principles of good professional conduct, by protecting and enhancing our company reputation, as well as avoiding or managing conflicts of interest between roles within the Bank or towards customers.
- Continuous monitoring of national and international market trends and practices, aimed at sound formulation of competitive compensation ensuring transparency and internal equity.
- Sustainable pay for sustainable performance, by maintaining consistency between remuneration and performance, and between rewards and value creation, as well as enhancing both the actual result achieved and the way by which they are achieved.
- Motivation and retention of all staff, with particular focus on talents and key players, to attract, motivate and retain the best resources capable of achieving our company mission according to Bank's values.

2. Governance

Our compensation governance model aims to assure clearness and reliability in the governance processes related to remuneration through a right control of Company's remuneration practices by ensuring that decisions are made in an independent, informed and timely manner at appropriate levels, avoiding conflicts of interest and guaranteeing appropriate disclosure in full respect of the general principles defined by Regulators.

2.1 Role of the Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors established a Delegation of Powers system to appropriately regulate effective decision-making processes throughout the organization.

In particular, the Remuneration Committee is vested with the role of providing advice and opinions to the Board of Directors with regard to FinecoBank Remuneration Strategy, also with the support of Risk and Compliance functions, as well as of an independent external advisor, if required and needed, in order to make the incentives underlying the remuneration system consistent with the management of risk, capital and liquidity profiles by the Bank.

The main topics discussed by the Committee are also submitted to the attention of the Board of Statutory Auditors, in advance over their submission to the Board of Directors. The Remuneration Committee, consists of 3 non-executive members⁴.

2.2 Market Benchmark

With specific reference to Identified Staff, an independent external advisor supports the Remuneration Committee on the definition of a list of selected competitors that represent our peer group with regards to whom compensation benchmarking analysis is performed, considering our main national and European competitors in terms of market capitalization, total assets, business scope and dimension, to assure a competitive alignment with the market of reference.

The results of this analysis will be at FinecoBank Remuneration Committee's disposal, in order to support the formulation of opinions to the Bodies of the Bank responsible for taking such decisions.

On the basis of constant benchmarking, we aim at adopting a competitive compensation structure for effective retention and motivation of our critical resources, as well as payments consistent with long-term value for stakeholders.

FinecoBank salary and compensation structures defined on the basis of business or market-specific benchmarking must, in any case, be fully aligned with the general principles of the Group Compensation Policy, with particular reference to the pillars of compliance and sustainability.

2.3 FinecoBank Compensation Policy definition

The FinecoBank Compensation Policy, as drawn up by the Human Resources function, with the involvement of Risk Management, Finance and Network Controls, Monitoring and Service Department functions for all related aspects, is validated by the Compliance and Risk Management functions for all compliance-related aspects, before being submitted to the Remuneration Committee. On annual basis the Compensation Policy, as proposed by the Remuneration Committee, is submitted to the Board of Directors for approval and then presented to the Shareholders' Meeting for approval, in line with the regulatory requirements.

The principles of FinecoBank Compensation Policy, coherently with the Group's ones, are applicable to the entire organization and includes:

- all categories of employees, considering that the Group Compensation Policy, with specific reference to Identified Staff defined according to the regulatory requirements of the European Banking Authority (EBA), provides for a centralized, and homogeneous compensation and incentive system guidelines defined at Group level;
- members of the Company's Financial Advisors' Network, in line with the specific pay conditions applicable to them.

2.4 Role of Compliance Function

Compliance function operates in close co-ordination with the Human Resources function, in order to support the design and the definition of compensation policy and processes and to evaluate them for the profiles in scope.

In this framework, Compliance function verifies the consistency with "the goal of complying with regulations, articles of association and any other code of ethics or other standards of conduct applicable to the bank, so that legal and reputational risks mostly embedded in the relationship with customers are duly contained" (ref. Bank of Italy, 285 Circular).

In particular, Compliance function, evaluates, for all aspects that fall within its perimeter, the FinecoBank Compensation Policy and - referring to applicable regulations - the incentive systems for Bank staff as drawn up by Human Resources function for the employees and by PFA Network & Private Banking Department / Network Controls, Monitoring and Service Department for the Financial Advisors, providing input - as far as it is concerned - for the design of compliant incentive systems. Furthermore, Compliance function, for all aspects that fall within its perimeter, is involved in the process for the identification of Bank's risk takers.

⁴ For details on composition and activities of the Remuneration Committee, please refer to the specific section of the Annual Compensation Report

In accordance with the regulatory framework and our governance, the guidelines for the definition of the incentive systems for non-Identified Staff population are arranged, in collaboration with Compliance function:

- by Human Resources function for the employees
- by PFA Network & Private Banking Department / Network Controls, Monitoring and Service Department for the Financial Advisors

2.5 Role of Risk Management Function

FinecoBank ensures consistency between remuneration and accountable and sustainable risk assumption. This policy is ensured through rigorous governance processes based on informed decisions taken by Corporate Bodies. Compensation plans include the risk adjustment appetite defined through the evaluation of the consistency with the results achieved and the FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework, which is consistent with Group Risk Appetite Framework.

The Risk Management function is constantly involved in the definition of the remuneration policy, the incentive system and compensation processes as well as in the identification of objectives, in the performance appraisal and in the identification of Bank's Identified Staff. This involvement implies explicit link between the Bank incentive mechanisms, selected metrics of the Risk Appetite Framework, the validation of performance and pay, so that the incentives are consistent with the risk assumption identified and approved by the Board of Directors.

2.6 Role of Audit Function

Within the remuneration governance process, the Audit function⁵ yearly verifies the implementation of Fineco policies and practices and carries out controls on data and processes. The function provides a final judgement on remuneration practices, providing recommendations aimed at improving the processes, informing the competent Bodies on the possible findings, in order to adopt the corrective measures.

⁵ Outsourced in UniCredit S.p.A

3. Fundamentals

3.1 Ratio between variable and fixed compensation

- Compensation levels and ratio between fix and variable component of overall remuneration for Identified Staff are managed and monitored based on our business strategy and also aligned with FinecoBank relative performance over time.
- In compliance with the applicable regulations⁶, the adoption of the maximum pay ratio of 2:1⁷ for personnel pertaining to business functions is
- For the rest of the employees, a maximum ratio between the components of remuneration equal to 1:1 is usually adopted, except for the Identified Staff of the Company Control Functions8, for which it is provided that the variable remuneration could not exceed 1/3 of the fixed remuneration. For the Head of Human Resources and the Manager in charge for preparing financial statements, the remuneration is predominantly fixed. For the aformentioned Functions, the incentive mechanisms are consistent with the assigned tasks as well as independent of results from areas under their control.
- With reference to applicable regulations, regarding the Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff, the 2:1 ratio will be adopted between the non-recurring and the recurring component of the remuneration.
- The adoption of a ratio of 2:1 between variable and fixed compensation doesn't have any implication on bank's capacity to continue to respect all prudential rules, in particular capital requirements.

3.2 Sustainability of the variable compensation

- Performance is evaluated in terms of risk-adjusted profitability and provide for risk-weighted systems and mechanisms.
- Incentive systems must not in any way induce risk-taking behaviours in excess of strategic risk appetite; in particular they should be coherent to the Risk Appetite Framework ("RAF").

3.2.1 Definition of performance Targets

- Consider the customer as the central focus of our mission, placing customer satisfaction in the forefront of all incentive systems, at all levels, both internally and externally;
- design forward-looking incentive plans which balance internal key value driver achievement with external measures of value creation relative to the market;
- consider performance on basis of annual achievements and on their impact over time;
- include elements reflecting the impact of individual's / business units' performance on the overall value creation of related business groups and organization as a whole;
- include both absolute and relative performance measures based on the comparison of the results achieved with those of competitors;
- individual performance appraisal cannot be based only on financial criteria9, but should be also based on non-financial criteria, considering the specificity of the various roles;
- maintain an adequate balance between economic and non-economic objectives, also considering performance targets such as risk management, adherence to the Bank's values or other behaviors;
- it is crucial to avoid, in individual scorecards, goals linked to economic results for Company Control Functions (Risk Management¹⁰ and Compliance,) for the Head of Human Resources and for the Manager in charge for preparing financial statements;
- the approach for Company Control Functions is also recommended where possible conflicts may arise due to the function's activities. In particular, this is the case of functions (if any) performing control activities pursuant to internal / external regulations such as some structures that perform accounting / tax activities;
- assure independence between front and back office functions in order to guarantee the effectiveness of cross-checks and avoid conflict of interest, with a particular focus on trading activities, as well as ensuring the appropriate independence levels for the functions performing control activities;
- set an appropriate mix between short and long-term variable compensation, coherently with the Company strategy, as relevant on the basis of market and business specifics, and in line with long-term interests of the Bank.

⁶ For Fineco Asset Management DAC (FAM) Employees not identified as Bank's risk takers - taking into account the current regulatory framework - the sectorial regulation applies, not providing a pre-determined maximum cap to the variable remuneration.

⁷ As approved by the Fineco Shareholders Meeting on June 5th 2014. The rationales of the originary request did not change, thus no further maximum ratio approval is requested.

8 Meaning Risk Management and Compliance. Audit is outsourced in UniCredit S.p.A..

⁹ As provided by the CRDIV art 94, 1 a) financial criteria includes performance indicators reported in the annual financial report and in particular linked with the profit and loss report, the balance sheet and relevant components or indicators.

10 Where CRO roles cover both *Underwriting* and *Risk Management* functions, goals assigned must not represent a source of conflict of interest between Risk Management and Underwriting activities.

3.2.2 Performance appraisal

- Base performance evaluation upon profitability, financial strength and other drivers of sustainable business with particular reference to risk, cost of capital and efficiency;
- design flexible incentive systems such as to manage pay-out levels in consideration of Group and FinecoBank performance results and individual achievements, adopting a meritocratic approach to selective performance-based reward;
- design incentive systems to set minimum performance thresholds below which zero bonus will be paid. With regard to the Company Control Functions and in order to maintain the adequate independence level and provide a maximum threshold for the progressive reduction of the bonus pool, which can be phased out to zero only in presence of an exceptionally negative situation¹¹, within an approval process including a governance step in the Board of Directors;
- guarantee that evaluations and appraisals linked to compensation are, as far as possible, available for the scrutiny of independent checks and controls;
- assess all incentive systems, programs and plans against in order to avoid the risk that our Company reputation may be jeopardized.

3.2.3 Payment of the variable compensation

- Defer, as foreseen by regulatory requirements, performance-based incentive pay-out to coincide with the risk timeframe of such performance by subjecting the pay-out of any deferred component of performance-based compensation to the actual sustainable performance demonstrated and maintained over the deferral timeframe, so that the variable remuneration takes into account the time trend of the risks assumed by the Bank (e.g. malus mechanisms);
- consider claw-back actions as legally enforceable on any performance-based incentive paid out on the basis of a pretext subsequently proven to be erroneous;
- include clauses for zero bonus in circumstances of non-compliant behaviour or qualified disciplinary action, subjecting pay-out to the absence of any proceeding undertaken by the company for irregular activities or misconduct of the employee with particular reference to risk underwriting, sales processes of banking and financial products and services, internal code of conduct or values breach;
- Employees are required to undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their remuneration arrangements. Such obligation is also reported in the detailed rules of Incentive Systems. In order to ensure compliance with this provision, the Corporate Control and HR Departments conduct random checks on the internal custody or administration accounts for the most important personnel and request the communication of the existence of custody and administration accounts with other intermediaries and any transactions and financial investments made.

Focus on compliance breach, individual Malus and Claw-Back

Fineco reserves the right to activate malus and claw-back mechanisms, meaning respectively the reduction/cancelation and the return of any form of variable compensation.

The malus mechanisms, (i.e. the reduction/cancelation of all or part of the variable remuneration) can be activated with reference to the variable remuneration to be paid or awarded but not already paid, related to the performance period in which the compliance "violation" is referable. In case the variable pay affected is not enough to ensure an adequate malus application, the reduction can be referred also to other components of variable remuneration.

The claw-back mechanisms, (i.e. the restitution of all or part of the variable remuneration) can be activated with reference to the overall variable remuneration already paid, awarded for the performance period to which the "violation" is referable, without prejudice to more restrictive local laws

The claw-back mechanisms can be activated for a period up to 5 years after the payment of each tranche, also after the termination of the employment relationship and/or of the role and take into account of the legal, pension and tax aspects and the time limits provided by law and practices locally applicable.

The claw-back mechanisms can be activated, in the case of verification of behaviours adopted in the reference period for which the variable remuneration has been awarded (performance period), in which the employee for which the employee 12:

- contributed with fraudulent behaviour or gross negligence to incurring significant financial losses, or by his conduct had a negative impact on the risk profile or on other regulatory requirements at Group or Bank level;
- engaged in misconduct and/or fails to take expected actions which contributed to significant reputational harm to the Group or the Bank, or which were subject to disciplinary measures by the Authority;
- is the subject of disciplinary measures and initiatives envisaged in respect of fraudulent behaviour or characterized by gross negligence during the reference period;

¹¹ For instance: Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio dropping under the minimum regulatory limit, in a persistent "recession" scenario.
12 Employees and Personal Financial Advisors.

infringed the requirements set out by articles 26 TUB and 53 TUB, where applicable, or the obligations regarding remuneration and incentives.

Moreover, the malus mechanisms are activated to take into account the performance adjusted for the risks actually taken and the liquidity and capital conditions of the bank.

In the year 2018 the Compliance Breaches Committee was established 13, composed of the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, the Head of Human Resources and the Head of Compliance¹⁴.

With reference to Fineco's Identified Staff, the Committee has the function of assessing the severity of any anomalous behavior / violations due to non-compliance by the parties involved, following notification by Bank or Internal Audit structures. On the basis of the analyzes carried out and in relation to the seriousness of the violation, the Committee proposes to the Remuneration Committee and to the Board of Directors - on the basis of the established governance - the consequent measures to be adopted with reference to the variable remuneration of the Identified Staff (reduction / cancellation - malus - or return - clawback). The establishment of the Committee and the functioning process respond to the guidelines defined by UniCredit.

3.3 Termination Payments

- In compliance with the regulatory provisions contained in Circular no. 285 of the Bank of Italy, a specific remuneration policy in the event of early termination of the employment relationship ("Severance Payments Policy" - so-called "Severance") has been approved by the Shareholders' Meeting in 2017, updating the document original approved in 2015.
- On October 23, 2018, the Bank of Italy published the 25th update of Circular 285 which, among other things, establishes that the amounts agreed in sight or upon the early termination of the relationship - with the exception of the notice required by law and Severance Payments constitute variable remuneration and should therefore be included in the calculation of the variable remuneration limit for the most important personnel, with the exception of:
 - fees for non-competition agreements that do not exceed a fixed annual remuneration for each year of the term of the agreement;
 - amounts for the settlement of a current or potential litigation related to the termination of the employment relationship, if calculated on the basis of a predefined formula in the Policy.

As a consequence, a further update of the policy of payments for severance pay is submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting on 10 April 2019 which, without changing the main criteria and limits, incorporates the new regulations, providing - among other things - a predefined formula for the calculation of severances that, if used, allows not to compute them within the maximum limit set for variable remuneration.

Reference is made to the aforementioned Policy regarding criteria, limits and authorization processes in relation to termination payments:

- Generally speaking, the calculation of any severance pay-outs prescribed or suggested by the specific market of reference takes into consideration the long-term performance in terms of shareholder added-value, as well as any local legal requirements, collective / individual contractual provisions, and any individual circumstances, including the reason for termination.
- According to the Severance Policy, it is provided that the maximum limit of termination payments inclusive of the indemnity in lieu of notice - is equal to 24 months of total compensation¹⁵, calculated considering the average of the incentives actually received in the 3 years preceding the termination, after the application of the malus and claw-back clauses. In any case, the termination payments do not exceeds the limits foreseen by the laws and collective labour agreements.
- As a rule, discretionary pension benefits are not granted and, in any case, even if they may be provided in the context of local practices and/or, exceptionally, within individual agreements, they are paid consistently with the specific and applicable laws and regulations.
- The individual contracts must not contain clauses envisaging the payment of indemnities, or the right to keep post-retirement benefits, in the event of resignations or dismissal / revocation without just cause or if the employment relationship is terminated following a public purchase offer. In case of early termination of the mandate, the ordinary law provisions would therefore apply.

3.4 Non-standard compensation

- Non-standard compensation are those compensation elements not usually provided under our Compensation Policy and are considered exceptions (for instance welcome bonus, quaranteed bonus, special award, retention bonus).
- These awards are limited only to specific situations related to hiring phases, launch of special projects, achievement of extraordinary results, high risk of leaving for critical / strategic people / roles.

 ¹³ For the PFA Identified Staff, the functions of Compliance Breaches Committee are made by the competente Disciplinary Committee
 ¹⁴ The Head of Audit (outsourced in UniCredit S.p.A.) is permanent guest of the Committee, without any voting rights.
 ¹⁵ In any case, the amount of payments in addition to the indemnity in lieu of notice does not exceed 18 months of total compensation

Moreover, these awards must in any case be in accordance with regulations time to time in force (e.g. cap on the ratio between variable and fix remuneration, technical features fixed by regulation where applicable for bonus pay-out) and subject to Group and FinecoBank governance processes, periodically monitored and disclosed and must be subject to malus conditions and claw-back actions, as legally enforceable.

3.5 Share Ownership Guidelines

Share ownership guidelines set minimum levels for company share ownership by covered Executives, aiming to align managerial interests to those of shareholders by assuring appropriate levels of personal investment in FinecoBank shares over time. As part of our total compensation approach, we offer equity incentives that provide for opportunities of share ownership, in compliance with the applicable laws.

The ownership of shares by our Company leaders is a meaningful and visible way to show our investors, clients and employees that we believe in our Company.

FinecoBank's Board of Directors approved in 2017 specific share ownership guidelines, as shown in the following table, for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and for the other Executives with strategic responsibilities, in order to reinforce the alignment between managerial and shareholders' interests in the achievement of goals.

Population	Share ownership	
CEO/General Manager	1 x annual fixed pay	
Executives with strategic responsibilities	0,5 x annual fixed pay	

The established levels described in the above table, should be reached, as a rule, within 5 years from first appointment in the covered role and they should be maintained for the entire duration of the role covered.

The established levels should be reached through a linear pro-rata approach during the 5-year period, providing for a minimum portion every year.

Involved Executives are also expected to refrain from entering into schemes or arrangements that specifically protect the unvested value of equity granted under incentive plans ("hedging").

Any violation of the share ownership guidelines and any form of hedging, shall be considered in breach of compliance rules with such consequences as provided for under enforceable rules, provisions and procedures.

3.6 Compliance Drivers

TO SUPPORT THE DESIGN OF REMUNERATION AND INCENTIVE SYSTEMS, THE FOLLOWING "COMPLIANCE DRIVERS" HAVE BEEN **DEFINED:**

- maintenance of an adequate ratio between economic and noneconomic goals, depending on the role (in general, at least one goal should be non-economic)
- qualitative measures must be accompanied by an ex-ante indication of objective parameters to be considered in the evaluation, the descriptions of expected performance and the person in charge for the evaluation
- non-economic quantitative measures should be related to an area for which the employee perceives a direct link between her/his performance and the trend of the indicator
- among the non-financial goals (quantitative and qualitative), include, where relevant, goals related to Risk as well as to Compliance (e.g. credit quality, operational risks, application of MIFID principles, products sale quality, respect of the customer, Anti Money Laundering requirements fulfillment)
- set and communicate ex-ante clear and pre-defined parameters as drivers of individual performance
- avoidance of incentives with excessively short timeframes (e.g. less than three months)
- promotion of a customer-centric approach which places customer needs and satisfaction at the forefront and which will not constitute an incentive to sell unsuitable products to clients
- take into account, even in remuneration systems of the external networks (Financial Advisors), the principles of fairness in relation with customers, management of legal and reputational risks, protection and loyalty of customers, compliance with the provisions of law, regulatory requirements, and applicable self-regulations
- create incentives that are appropriate in avoiding potential conflicts of interest with customers, considering fairness in dealing with customers and the endorsement of appropriate business conduct
- for Control Functions¹⁶, HR and Manager in charge for preparing financial statements, economic goals must be avoided and individual goals set for employees in these functions shall reflect primarily the performance of their own function and be independent of results of monitored areas, in order to avoid conflict of interest
- define for personnel providing investment services and activities - incentives that are not only based on financial parameters, but also take into account the qualitative aspects of the performance; this in order to avoid potential conflicts of interest in the relationship with customers¹⁷
- the approach for Company Control Functions is also recommended where possible conflicts may arise due to function's activities. This is the case in particular of functions of the Company (if any) performing control activities pursuant to internal/external regulations¹⁸
- avoidance of incentives on a single product / financial instrument or specific categories of financial instruments, as well as single banking product
- for the purpose of granting incentive, take also into account any disciplinary sanctions and/or sanctions by regulatory authorities imposed on the resource. In the presence of these measures, the possible allocation of the incentive will require a written explanation, which will make possible a case-by-case verification of the managerial decisions
- for Commercial Network Roles, goals shall be defined including drivers on quality / riskiness / sustainability of the products sold, in line with client risk profiles. Particular attention shall be paid to the provision of non-economics goals for customer facing roles selling products covered by MiFID Directive; for those roles, incentives must be set in order to avoid potential conflict of interest with customers
- all rewarding system communication and reporting phases shall clearly indicate that the final evaluation of the employee achievements will also rely, according to local requirements on qualitative criteria such as:
- compliance to external (i.e. laws / regulations) and internal rules (i.e. policies) and company values
- mandatory training completion
- existence of disciplinary procedures officially activated and/or

¹⁶ Company Control Functions meaning Risk Management and Compliance. Where CRO covers both Underwriting and Risk Management activities, the goas assigned shall not be source of conflict of interests between Underwriting and Risk Management. Audit function is outsourced in UniCredit S.p.A.

¹⁷ For instance — ESMA Guidelines on remuneration policies and practices— MiFID;

ESMA Technical Advise on MiFID II (Final Report 2014/1569); MiFiD II Directive provisions for remuneration/incentives of relevant subjects.

¹⁸ For instance, functions covering accounting and tax functions

disciplinary sanctions actually applied

- maintenance of adequate balance of fixed and variable compensation elements also with due regard to the role and the nature of the business performed. The fix portion is maintained sufficiently high in order to allow the variable part to decrease, and in some extreme cases to drop down to zero
- the entire evaluation process must be conveniently put in writing and documented
- in case of individual performance evaluation systems are fully or partially focused on a managerial discretional approach, the evaluation parameters should be defined ex-ante, should be clear and documented to the manager at the beginning of the evaluation period. Such parameters should reflect all applicable regulation requirements¹⁹. The results of managerial discretional evaluation should be formalized for the adequate and predefined monitoring process by the proper functions

Within network roles incentive systems, particular attention is put on all commercial initiatives that involve the Personal Financial Advisor network²⁰.

Such initiatives may be organized after the evaluation and authorization of the competent Company's Bodies. They represent business actions aimed at providing guidance to the sales network towards the achievement of the period's commercial targets (also intermediate) and with a direct impact on the budget and related incentive systems.

Among the distinctive features of the initiatives, there is the expectation of an award - in cash or non-monetary reward. The initiatives can also have the function to accelerate the achievement of certain objectives of the incentive system. The grant of awards related to the initiatives will be subordinated to behaviours compliant with the external and internal regulations.

Under no circumstances may the system of remuneration and evaluation of the sales network employees constitute an incentive to sell products unsuitable to the financial needs of the clients.

In particular the following "compliance drivers" have been defined:

- setting-up of the incentive mechanisms using criteria which are consistent with the best interest of the client and which avoid in any case conditions of potential conflicts of interest with customers, and coherently with relevant regulatory provisions (e.g. MiFID);
- ensuring consistency with the AML regulation;
- ensuring consistency between an initiative's objectives with the objectives set when defining the budget and when assigning targets to the sales network;
- avoidance of initiatives on a single product / financial instrument, or on a single Banking product;
- inclusion of clauses for zero bonus payment in case of relevant non-compliant behaviour or qualified disciplinary actions;
- avoidance of initiatives which not being grounded an objective and customer interests related basis may directly or indirectly lead to breaching the rules of conduct regarding clients;
- avoidance of initiatives lacking a clear indication of the targets and of the maximum level of incentive to be granted for achieving those
- avoidance in general of initiatives that link incentives not only to the targets assigned to specific roles / structures but also to higher hierarchical levels or to the budget of the higher territorial structure.

¹⁹ Also in line with the regulation references reported in the note above

²⁰ As described in paragraph 4.2.2

4. Compensation Structure

4.1 Employees

Within the framework provided by the "FinecoBank Compensation Policy", FinecoBank is committed to ensure fair treatment in terms of compensation and benefits regardless of age, race, culture, gender, disability, sexual orientation, religion, political belief and marital status. Our total compensation approach provides for a balanced package of fix and variable, monetary and non-monetary elements, each designed to impact in a specific manner the motivation and retention of employees.

In line with the applicable regulations, particular attention is paid to avoid incentive elements in variable compensation which may induce behaviours not aligned with the company's sustainable business results and risk appetite.

As policy target, fix compensation for Identified Staff considers as a reference the market median, with individual positioning being defined on the basis of specific performance, potential and people strategy decisions.

With particular reference to Identified Staff - within the governance defined according to the applicable laws and regulations - the Board of Directors, upon proposal of the Remuneration Committee, establishes the compensation structure for top positions, defining the mix of fix and variable compensation elements, consistently with market trends and internal analyses performed.

Moreover, the Board of Directors annually approves the criteria and features of *Identified Staff* incentive plans, ensuring the appropriate balance of variable reward opportunities within the pay-mix structure.

TYPE OF REMUNERATION **PURPOSES FEATURES**

4.1.1. FIXED COMPENSATION

The fixed compensation is the part of the remuneration which Is stable and unrevocable, predetermined and payed on the basis of predefined and non discretionary criteria such as in particular the professional experience and responsabilities, and does not create incentive to risk assumptions and does not depend on the Bank's performance.

Fixed salary is appropriately defined for the specific business in which an individual works and skills the talent, and competencies that the individual brings to the Bank.

relevance of fixed compensation weight is sufficient to reward the activity rendered even if the variable part of the remuneration package is not paid due to non-achievement of performance goals such as to reduce the risk of excessively risk-oriented behaviours. discourage initiatives focused on short-term results and to allow a flexible bonus approach.

Specific pay-mix guidelines for the weight of fix versus variable compensation are defined with respect to each target of employee population.

With particular reference to Identified Staff, the Remuneration Committee proposes to the Board of Directors:

- the criteria and guidelines to perform market benchmarking analysis for each position in terms of compensation levels and pay-mix structure, including the definition of a specific peer group at local level and the identification of an external consultant to provide "executive compensation" services
- the positioning in terms of compensation, in line with relevant market's competitive levels, defining operational guidelines to perform individual compensation reviews as necessary.

For the Identified Staff in Control Functions, it is foreseen the introduction of specific Role Based Allowance (or RBA) in cash, defined ex ante on the basis of the "band"21 and Function, pursuant to UniCredit S.p.A Guidelines.

In case of changes in the banding, the RBAs can be increased, decreased or zeroed.

RBAs are not linked to performance and consequently cannot be discretionally reduced, suspended or cancelled as far as the employee covers a specific roles providing the allowance.

Pursuant to law the RBA are considered fixed remuneration. The RBA are introduced in 2019 and assigned individually to the employees upon the appointment in the Control Function Role and revoked in case of movement to position for which no RBA is provided.

²¹ Pursuant to the Global Job Model: an advanced organizational system that describes, standardizes and calibrates all the roles within UniCredit Group. The "Banding" system (Global Banding Structure) is one of the elements of the Global Job Model and it is constituted by 9 bands

4.1.2. VARIABLE COMPENSATION

The variable compensation includes payments depending on performance, independently from how it is measured (profitability goals, volumes, or on other parameters length of service), discretionary pension benefits and amounts agreed between the bank and personnel in view or upon the early termination of or office the employment (excluding termination benefits and indemnity in lieu of notice), carried interests and more generally any other form of remuneration that is not uniquely qualifiable as fixed remuneration.

Variable compensation aims to remunerate achievements by directly linking pay performance outcomes in the short, medium and long-term, and risk adjusted.

To strengthen the alignment of shareholders' interest and the interests of management and employees, performance measurement reflects the actual results of the Company overall, the business unit of reference and the individual. As such, variable compensation constitutes a mechanism of meritocratic differentiation and selectivity.

- Adequate range and managerial flexibility in performance-based pay-outs are an inherent characteristic of well-managed, accountable and sustainable variable compensation, which may be awarded via mechanisms differing by time horizon and typology of reward.
- Incentives remunerate the achievement of performance objectives, both quantitative and qualitative, by providing for a variable bonus payment.
- An appropriately balanced performance-based compensation element is encouraged for all employee categories as a key driver of motivation and alignment with organizational goals, and is set as a policy requirement for all business roles.
- The systems features, including performance measures and pay mechanisms, must avoid an excessive short-term focus by reflecting the principles of this policy, focusing on parameters linked to profitability and sound risk management, in order to guarantee sustainable performance in the medium and longterm.
- The Identified Staff contracts provide only the "eligibility" to the variable compensation. The amounts related to the variable compensation and all the technical details of the pay-out (instruments, pay-out structure, timing) are included in a specific communication not included in the Identified Staff contract and are managed in strict coherence with the governance and the rules of the delegation of authorities.
- More details on the design of remuneration and incentive systems, with particular reference to Control Functions, are reported in the section "Compliance Drivers".

Incentive Systems linked to yearly performance (Short Term Incentives or STI)

Aim to attract, motivate and retain strategic resources and maintain full alignment with national and international regulatory requirements and with best market's practices.

- Pay-out is based on a "bonus pool" approach providing for a comprehensive performance measurement at individual and at Group and local level.
- Reward is directly linked to performance, which is evaluated on the basis of results achieved and on the alignment with our leadership model and values.
- The Executive Development Plan (EDP) as the Group-wide framework for Identified Staff performance management is a cornerstone of fair and coherent appraisal across the organization.
- For the remaining employees within the bonus pool logic as described above - annual incentives are determined on a discretionary basis according to the individual performance appraisal (e.g. Performance Management) that foresees a yearly, written, and documented process for the goals setting, self-assessment, managerial assessment and the definition of an individual development plan.
- Where foreseen by regulations, the pay-out is phased to coincide with an appropriate risk time horizon. The design features of incentive plans for Identified Staff are aligned with shareholder interests and long-term, firm-wide profitability, providing for an appropriate allocation of a performance related incentive in cash and in shares, upfront and deferred
- Each year, detailed information about our compensation governance, key figures and the features of our incentive systems, is fully disclosed in the Annual Compensation Report.
- The individuals' behaviours (compliance with internal and external rules and regulations, absence of disciplinary actions and completion of mandatory training) are also elements on which individual incentives award is based.

Long-term Incentive plans (Long Term Incentive or LTI)

The aim of these plans is to strengthen the link between variable pay and long term results and to further align the interests of Management to those of Shareholders

- For 2018-2020 three years performance period, a share based Long Term Incentive Plan for selected Employees considered "key roles", has been approved.
- The plan is based on Bank's goals with targets set at 2020, in terms of value creation, business sustainability and risk, coherently with the long term Fineco goals.
- The Plan provides entry and malus conditions set at Bank and Group level, a claw-back condition and a specific risk adjustment.
- The Plan provides for the payment of a bonus in Fineco shares, in a multi-year period.
- For the Plan details, please refer to the specific section of the Annual Compensation Report.

4.1.3. BENEFIT

Include welfare benefits supplementary to social security plans, and are intended to provide substantial guarantees for the well-being of staff and their families during the active career as well as the retirement. In addition, special terms and conditions of access to various FinecoBank and UniCredit Banking products and other services may be offered to employees in order to support them during different stages of their lives

Benefits aim to reflect internal equity and overall coherence of our remuneration systems, catering to the needs of different categories as appropriate and relevant.

In coherence with Group governance framework and Global Job Model, benefits are aligned against general common criteria for each employee category, while benefits plans are established on the basis of FinecoBank practices.

4.2 Financial Advisors

Financial Advisors are tied to the Company by an agency agreement, under which the Advisor is engaged on a permanent basis (without representation) to provide independent services, exclusively for the Bank, for the promotion and placement of financial instruments and Banking / financial services in Italy, as well as insurance and welfare products or any other products indicated in the contract. Advisors are also responsible for diligently monitoring the assistance to the existing and/or allocated customers in order to fulfil the Company's objectives.

In accordance with existing regulations, contractual relationships with customers acquired by the Financial Advisor, and any other that is subsequently allocated, are conducted exclusively between the customer and the Bank.

FinecoBank's Network of Financial Advisors is composed by:

- Financial Advisors
- **Group Managers**
- Area Managers

The Group Managers and the Area Managers are Financial Advisors with the accessory assignment to coordinate other Financial Advisors. In particular, Area Managers are responsible for coordinating Advisors in their geographic area, for growing the business and for reaching the targets set by Commercial Department, and are supported - for the purposes of coordination activity - by Group Managers.

The Commercial Department uses Company's internal structures, to provide support to the network. Their tasks are to control the local activities and provide support for commercial activity.

As mentioned in the preamble, the provisions of this Compensation Policy also apply to the members of the Financial Advisors' Network, in line with the Advisors' specific remuneration.

Financial Advisors are freelancers and their remuneration is entirely variable. The regulatory requirements, in order to adapt the same employees' rules on compensation structure, based on a fixed and on a variable component, established for Financial Advisors a distinction between a "recurring" and a "non-recurring" pay component.

TYPE OF REMUNERATION	PURPOSES	FEATURES				
4.2.1. RECURRING REMUNERATION	4.2.1. RECURRING REMUNERATION					
This is the most stable and ordinary part of the total remuneration, equivalent to the fixed salary of employees	Recurring remuneration is sufficient to reward the activity rendered even if the variable part of the remuneration package is not paid due to non-achievement of performance goals such as to reduce the risk of excessively risk-oriented behaviours, to discourage initiatives focused on short-term results and to allow a flexible bonus approach.	 Sales commission, in other words the payment to the Financial Advisor of a percentage of the sales charge, paid by the customer at the time of purchase of investment instruments. It is paid on an individual basis or as a supplement if the Advisor has been given coordination tasks. Management and maintenance commission, in other words the Financial Advisor monthly remuneration for assistance provided to customers during the contract, commensurate with the average value of the investments and the type of product, paid on an individual basis or as a supplement if the Advisor has coordination tasks. 				

4.2.2. NON RECURRING REMUNERATION

Incentive Systems linked to short term performance.

This is the incentive element, in other words it is tied to reach certain goals, equivalent to the variable compensation of employees

Aims at motivating, retaining and rewarding Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network, in full alignment with the regulatory requirements.

- Pay-out is based on a "bonus pool" approach providing for a comprehensive performance measurement at individual and at Group and local level.
- Reward is directly linked to performance, which is evaluated on the basis of results achieved.
- For the Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff, a dedicated incentive system ("PFA Incentive System") was defined, whose pay-out, as foreseen by regulations, is phased to coincide with an appropriate risk time horizon. The design features of the plan is aligned with shareholder interests and long-term, firm-wide profitability of the Bank, providing for an appropriate allocation of a performance related incentive in cash and in shares, upfront and deferred.
- For all the Financial Advisors not belonging to Identified Staff, specific incentive systems were defined, as, for example, "Incentive Plans for PFA-Area Managers-Group Managers", and specific retention initiatives such as the "Additional Future Program". This plan, in particular, is dedicated to selected PFA and network Managers not Identified Staff and provides the accrual of annual awards (subject to the achievement of specific performance conditions and the compliance of individual behaviours) in specific insurance policies. The release of those awards is provided at the reach of the retirement age.
- All the incentive systems provide for ex-ante ("entry conditions") and ex-post (malus on any deferred components) adjustment mechanisms and claw-back clauses.
- The individual behaviours (compliance with internal and external rules and regulations and absence of disciplinary actions) are also evaluation elements to assign individual incentives.

Long Term Incentive Plans (Long Term Incentive or LTI)

The long term Incentive Plans aim at retaining and rewarding selected Financial Advisors and Network Managers towards commercial Network goals for the 2018-2020 performance period.

Within a wider long-term incentive and retention program for the Financial Advisors network in 2018-2020 three years performance period, the following Plans have been approved by the Board of Directors:

- A long term Incentive Plan with bonuses in cash and Fineco shares for Financial Advisors that will be qualified as Identified Staff in the performance year 2020.
 - The Plan is based on commercial goals with cumulated target in the three years 2018-2020, coherently with the long term goals of Fineco Network.
 - The Plan provides specific entry conditions at individual, Bank and Group level, a claw-back condition and a risk adjustment mechanism.
 - At last, the Plan provides the payment of a bonus in cash and Fineco shares, in a multi-year period, as provided by law. The Plan details are described in the specific section of the Annual Compensation Report.
- A Long Term cash-based Incentive plan for selected Financial advisors not belonging to Identified Staff
 - The Plan is based on the same logics of the LTI Plan described above, including - for the purpose of bonus provision - a further permanence duty after the payment of at least 36 months.

4.3 Non Executives members of Administrative and Auditing Bodies

For non-executives members of Board of Directors and for the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors, in line with the regulatory provisions, stock option based or more in general, instrument based incentives are avoided. The remuneration of said subjects is fixed, and determined on the basis of the relevance of the role, of possible additional duties, and of the requested efforts for carrying out the assigned tasks and is not linked to

As provided by Bank of Italy provisions on remuneration policies and practices, the Board of Directors' Chairman remuneration is not higher than the fixed one provided for the Chief Executive Officer.

SECTION III -

ANNUAL COMPENSATION REPORT

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.

FinecoBank S.p.A. - Member of Unicredit



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1. Introduction

The Annual Compensation Report (hereinafter, the "Annual Report") discloses all relevant FinecoBank compensation-related information and methodologies with the aim to increasing Stakeholders' awareness of our compensation policies, practices and outcomes, demonstrating their coherence with business strategy and performance, responsible remuneration and sound risk management.

The Report provides ex-post information on 2018 outcomes, as well as ex-ante disclosure for 2019 approach, covering our Identified Staff population (both employees and Financial Advisors) and Corporate Bodies' members. Remuneration solutions implemented in 2018 provided for:

- compliance of incentive strategies with all relevant regulations, including deferred pay-outs and incentives based on financial
- comprehensive performance measurement to foster sound behaviours aligned with different types of risk.

Over the years we constantly kept abreast of ongoing changes in national and international regulations (see, for instance, EBA Guidelines on Remuneration Policies and practices).

The most recent changes in the regulatory framework include the issuance by the Bank of Italy of the update (25th update) of Circular 285, with reference to the rules on remuneration and incentive policies and practices in banks and banking groups. The new provisions have been fully implemented within the scope of the present Remuneration Policy and the Termination Payments Policy

During 2018 and early 2019, we continued the annual structured dialogue process with international investors and proxy advisors, receiving valuable insights on our compensation approach and specific suggestions for effective public disclosure, based on of Italian and international standards

The Annual Report, a unique document providing complete and comprehensive information on compensation, includes details referring to Members of Administrative and Auditing bodies, General Manager and Executives with strategic responsibilities.

Data pursuant section 84-quater approved with resolution of the Italian National Commission for Listed Companies (Consob) no.11971, dated May 14th 1999 (as subsequently modified), providing the rules for Issuers (so called "Issuers Regulation"), as well as the information on incentive systems pursuant to section 114-bis of the Legislative Decree issued on February 24th n. 58 (the Consolidated Text on Finance -"TUF"), and to the provisions of the Issuers Regulation on information that have to be communicated to the market on compensation plans based on financial instruments, are included in this document, further to be included in the Annexes to the 2019 FinecoBank Compensation Policy

To this regard, is highlighted that the aforementioned information are provided also pursuant to the Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures, issued pursuant to art. 123-bis of TUF.

2. Governance and Compliance

2.1 Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee, established by the Board of Directors' resolution on April 11th, 2017, performs a strategic role in supporting Board of Directors' oversight of FinecoBank Compensation Policy and plans design.

According to the internal provisions approved by the Board of Directors, ruling the functioning and competencies of corporate bodies and related information flows (hereinafter the "Corporate Governance Rules"), this Committee is composed by 3 non-executive members, Mr. Gianmarco Montanari, Ms. Elena Biffi and Mr. Enrico Cotta Ramusino.

As provided by law, at least a Committee Member has adequate knowledge and experience in finance or accounting topics or remuneration policies.

The FinecoBank Board of Directors verified the Directors independence requirements pursuant to art. 148 TUF and art. 3 of the Corporate Governance Code. Pursuant to this, with reference to the Remuneration Committee members:

- Mr. Gianmarco Montanari and MS Elena Biffi resulted Independent Directors pursuant to art. 148 TUF and art. 3 of Corporate Governance Code:
- Mr. Enrico Cotta Ramusino resulted independent pursuant to art. 148 TUF.

The Committee meetings held in 2018 have been coordinated by the Chairman Mr Gianmarco Montanari.

In performing its duties and if important and suitable, also availing itself with the support of an external consultant, The Remuneration and Committee:

- (i) presents proposals or issues opinion to the Board for the definition of a general remuneration policy for the CEO, the General Manager, and other Managers with Strategic Responsibilities and the identified staff, also with reference to the identification process, so that the Board is also able to prepare the Report on Remuneration to be presented to the Shareholders' Meeting on an annual basis and to periodically assess the suitability, overall consistency and effective application of the general remuneration policy approved by the Board;
- (ii) presents proposals or issues opinion to the Board relating to the overall remuneration of the CEO, the General Manager, and other Managers with Strategic Responsibilities, and the identified staff and for determining criteria for the remuneration of the Company's senior management, including the relevant performance targets related to the variable component of the remuneration;
- (iii) monitors the implementation of the decisions adopted by the Board and specifically verifies that the performance targets are actually achieved;
- (iv) examines any share-based or cash incentive plans for employees and financial advisors of the Company and strategic staff development
- (v) directly supervises the correct application of the remuneration rules related to the persons in charge of the Company's control functions, in close liaison with the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- (vi) cooperates with the other Committees, in particular with the Risk and Related Parties Committee, which, with reference to the remuneration and incentive policies, examines whether the incentives provided by the remuneration system take into account the risks, share capital and liquidity, provided that this does not affect the tasks assigned to the Remuneration Committee, with which adequate coordination must be ensured;
- (vii) ensures the involvement of the relevant business functions in the process of drawing up and monitoring remuneration and incentive policies and practices;
- (viii) provides an adequate reporting on the activities carried out by the Corporate Bodies, including the Shareholders' Meeting

In 2018 the Remuneration Committee met 11 times. The meetings had an average duration of two hours. From the beginning of 2019 and until the approval of the present 2019 Compensation Policy, 3 meetings of the Committee have been held this year. Minutes are taken of each meeting and placed on record by the Secretary designated by Committee itself. From the approval of "Corporate Goverance Rules", the Chairman of the Committee provided time by time the information on the Committee meetings to the subsequent Board meeting.

From December 2014 on the Committee, by means of its budget assigned for the year (amounting to 35.000 € for 2018), has started a collaboration with an external advisor - whose independence has been previously verified - who is invited to the Committee's meeting when required.

The Committee may, when it deems it appropriate, invite other individuals from within the Company to attend the meetings, in relation to the corporate functions and organizations concerned by the issues at hand, including members of other committees within the Board of Directors, or external parties. The Committee shall meet when convened by its Chairman, whenever he/she deems necessary, or upon the request of one of its

members. In any case the Committee has always been able to access the information and the Company Functions necessary to perform its activities.

In 2018 the Head of Human Resources has been always invited to Committee's meetings. The Chairman has also invited the Head of Legal & Corporate Affairs for the matters within the competence, and the Head of Network Controls, Monitoring and Service Department for topics related to PFA network (see for instance the Incentive Systems and related rules for the PFA population). In addition to the aforementioned Functions, the Chairman invited - to specific Committee's meetings and for topics in the respective competence perimeters - the CRO, CFO and Compliance Officer of FinecoBank. In particular the CRO and CFO participated in the meetings regarding the 2018 Incentive Systems evaluation while the Compliance Officer has been invited, among the others, to participate in the discussions related to the Identified Staff definition.

The Chairman has also invited the Internal Audit²² function to the meeting related to the annual audit performed on FinecoBank remuneration policies and practices.

During 2018 the key activities of the Remuneration Committee included:

	MAIN COMMITTEE'S ACTIVITIES IN 2018
January	 2018 Employees Identified Staff and related 2018 Incentive System 2018-2020 LTI for the Employees 2018-2020 LTI for the Financial Advisors Identified Staff 2018-2020 LTI for selected Financial Advisors Non Identified Staff 2018 Incentive System for PFA Identified Staff New Contest "Qualità"
February	 "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" implementation Bonus Pool 2017 and 2017 and previous years Incentive Systems implementation 2018 Performance goals of Employees Identified Staff 2018 Incentive System Rules for Employees Identified Staff 2018-2020 LTI for Employees Rules 2018 PFAs Identified Staff definition Stock Granting "2015-2017 Plan PFA" implementation 2017 Bonus Pool and 2017 and previous years Incentive Systems implementation for PFAs Identified Staff 2018 Incentive System Rules for PFAs Identified Staff 2018-2020 LTI Rules for PFAs Identified Staff 2018-2020 LTI Rules for PFAs Non Identified Staff 2017 Incentive Plans and Additional Future Program for PFAs implementation 2018 Incentive Plans for PFAs 2018 FinecoBank Compensation Policy Identified Staff Salary Review Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structures - for the section related to the Directors remuneration
April	New "Contest Qualità"
May	 Review of the "Additional Future Program" Rules for PFAs 2018-2020 LTI for Employees – grant of shares to the beneficiaries
July	 New "Contest Qualità" Report to the Board of Committee's activities in the 1H of 2018
October	New "Contest Qualità"
November	Identified Staff Salary Review
December	 2019 Guidelines for PFAs Incentive System Compliance Breaches Committee

²² Internal Audit function is outsourced in UniCredit and works based on a specific service contract.

- Selection of the Independent Advisor of the Committee in 2019
- Report to the Board of Committee's activities in the 2H of 2018

The main topics discussed by the Committee are also submitted to the attention of the Board of Statutory Auditors, in advance over their submission to the Board of Directors.

Moreover, at least a member of the Board of Statutory Auditors, attended to the meetings of the Committee in 2018.

We highlight that the Directors do not participate in the Committee meetings in which are made the proposals to the Board concerning their remuneration.

The following table summarizes the composition of the Committee in 2018 and, in addition to the information on the independency of the members, provides details regarding their attendance to the meetings that have been called during the year.

Name	Executive	Non executive	Indip. Code	Indip. TUF	% (*)	(**)
Gianmarco Montanari		X	Х	Х	100%	С
Elena Biffi		Х	Х	Х	100%	М
Enrico Cotta Ramusino		Х		Х	100%	М

N. Comittee meetings: 11

^(*) in this column is indicated the percentage of participation of the directors in the Committee's meetings (n. of presences/n. of meetings held during the actual period in which the director was in charge, in the Exercise).

^(**) In this column is reported the qualification of the director in the Committee ("C" Chairman; "M" member)

2.2 The Role of Company Control Functions: Compliance, Risk Management and Audit

Key contributions in 2018 of FinecoBank Compliance function, for all aspects that fall within its perimeter, included:

- validation of the 2018 Compensation Policy submitted to the Board of Directors for subsequent approval of the Shareholders' Meeting on April 11th, 2018;
- validation of the 2018 Incentive System for employees of FinecoBank belonging to Identified Staff,
- validation of the 2018 Incentive System for Financial Advisors of FinecoBank belonging to Identified Staff,
- preparation in collaboration with the Human Resources function and distribution of FinecoBank guidelines for the development and management of incentive systems for the population not belonging to Identified Staff (ref. FinecoBank Internal Regulation 14/2018);
- participation in specific initiatives of Human Resources function (e.g.: review of definition of Identified Staff for the application of Incentive System).

In 2019, the Compliance function will continue to operate in close co-ordination with the Human Resources function to support not only in the validation but also in the design and definition of compensation policy and processes.

The link between compensation and risk has been maintained in 2018 with the involvement of the Risk Management function in compensation design and the definition of an explicit framework to base remuneration within an overarching FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework, which is consistent with Group Risk Appetite Framework, so that incentives to take risk are appropriately constrained by incentives to manage risk. In particular, the Board of Directors and Remuneration Committee draw upon the input of involved functions to define the link between profitability, risk and reward within FinecoBank incentive systems.

Internal Audit Report on the 2018 FinecoBank remuneration policies and practices

Internal Audit performed the annual audit on the Bank variable remuneration system, aimed at verifying the design, implementation and effects of the remuneration process, as well as its compliance with relevant regulatory requirements and Bank compensation policy.

The audit verified the payment and deferral phase of previous year incentive system, the bonus pool definition and distribution process and the procedures to respect the variable/fixed remuneration caps defined by the Bank remuneration rules.

The audit scope included also the Identified Staff definition process, with the aim to check its compliance with the requirements provided by Delegated Regulation (EU) No 604/2014. Furthermore, a follow up of the previous audit recommendation was performed. Main audit results were presented to the Remuneration Committee on 1st March 2019.

The audit tests have been performed on a sample of population including the following groups within FinecoBank compensation policy:

- 1. employees belonging to the Identified Staff at 31/12/2018, with the exception of one resource for which Audit verified the compliance with the regulation of the severance paid by the Bank, following the consensual resolution of the employment relationship;
- 2. a sample of 212 employees non-Identified Staff (the so called "below executives"), selected considering the roles to whom a bonus higher than € 5.000 has been granted in 2018 (19% ca of the overall population as on 31/12/2018);
- 3. Corporate Bodies members:
- 4. Bank's Financial Advisors, with specific focus on categories of "non recurring" remuneration named "bonus on net sales" and "additional future program", equal to the 75% ca of 2018 total incentives.

The Internal Audit "good" evaluation was based on the overall correct application of the 2018 "bonus pool" approach and Bank Remuneration Committee/Board of Directors relevant decisions.

With regard to the Personal Financial Advisors Network, the process provided the inclusion in the Identified Staff category of the Financial Advisors with a total remuneration, recurring and nonrecurring, higher than Euro 750,000, as well as of the Managers coordinating Financial Advisors that manage assets equal or higher than 5% of overall network assets, on the basis of quantitative criteria defined in the EU Regulation and of a qualitative criteria based on business risk (reduction of Bank's profitability as a consequence of Advisors leaving and the subsequent loss of customers' portfolios). The Bank evaluation performed with the aim of excluding from the Identified Staff category roles with total compensation between Euro 500,000 and 750,000, subject to communication to ECB, is consistent with the internal accounting figures and with the risk profiles of Personal Financial Advisors activities.

3. Continuous Monitoring of Market Trends and Practices

Key highlights of the Compensation Policy defined this year with the support of external benchmarking and trends analysis provided by the independent external advisor to the Remuneration Committee include:

- the definition of Compensation Policy for the Identified Staff, both employees and Financial Advisors, with particular reference to the design of the 2019 incentive systems
- the pay recommendations based on specific benchmarking analysis versus our defined peer group to inform any decision.

The peer group used to benchmark compensation policy and practice with particular reference to employees Identified Staff has been defined by the Remuneration Committee upon proposal of the independent external advisor on the basis of criteria including: comparability of size, complexity and business model, presence in customer, talent and capital markets, risk and legal-social-economic environment.

The main peer group is subject to annual review to assure its continuing relevance. For 2019 it has been defined a national peer group that includes:

- Generali Group and Banca Generali
- Mediolanum Group
- **BNL**
- **BPER**
- Credem
- Banco BPM
- Mediobanca Group (CheBanca and Banca Esperia)
- Intesa SanPaolo
- **UBI Banca**
- Banca Finint Group
- Banco Posta
- Banca Iccrea Group

In addition to what mentioned above, for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and for the Executives with strategic responsibilities it will be realized a benchmark also with European market, based on a sample of European Banks.

4. Compensation paid to Members of the Administrative and Auditing Bodies, to General Managers and to other Executives with strategic responsibilities

The remuneration for members of the administrative and auditing Bodies of FinecoBank is represented only by a fix component, determined on the basis of the importance of the position and the time required for the performance of the tasks assigned.

This policy applies to non-Executive Directors and to the Supervisory Body members that are not employees of FinecoBank or other Legal Entities of UniCredit Group, as well as to Statutory Auditors.

The compensation paid to non-Executive Directors, to the Supervisory Body members and to the Statutory Auditors is not linked to the economic results achieved by FinecoBank and none of them take part in any incentive plans based on stock options or, generally, based on financial instruments.

BENEFICIARY	REMUNERATION COMPONENT	APPROVED BY AMOUNT (€) ²³		REMARKS	
Non-Executive Directors	Only fixed compensation	Shareholders' Meeting and Board of Directors of April 11th, 2017	Compensation for each year of activity: ■ € 330.000 for the Board of Directors²⁴ ■ € 50.000 for Board Committees ■ € 20.000 and € 15.000 for the Chairman and member of the Supervisory Board²⁵ ■ € 300 as attendance fee for partecipating to each meeting of²⁵: - Board of Directors - Board Committees	The compensation is determined on the basis of the importance of the position and the time required for the performance of the tasks assigned	
		Board of Directors of April 11th, 2017, persuant to sect. 2389 of the Civil Code par. 3and Articles of Association, heard the opinion of Statutory Auditors	■ € 200.000 for each year of activity, split between: - Board Chairman - Board Vice Chairman		
		Shareholders' Meeting of April 11th 2017	Compensation for each year of activity ²⁷ : ■ € 50.000 for the Chairman of Board of Statutory Auditors ■ € 40.000 for each Standing Auditor ■ € 300 as attendance fee for partecipating to each meeting of the Board of Directors		
Executives with strategic responsabilities ²⁸	Fixed and variable compensation	Board of Directors	2018 Compensation level: ■ € 850.000 fixed + € 850.000 variable for the CEO and GM ■ € 1.416.053 fixed + € 1.813.166 bonuses for the other 4 Executives with strategic responsabilities	Fixed and variable remuneration components of the CEO/GM and of the other Executives with strategic responsibilities are balanced, through the ex-ante definition of the maximum ratio between variable and fixed remuneration component.	

²³ 2018-2020 LTI Plan is not included since it is long term performance and it has not been evaluated.

 ^{24 2015 2011} Plan is not included since it its long term performance and it in as not been evaluated.
 25 2015 21 Total compensation for the entire Board of Directors (Executive Directors included) approved by the Shareholders' Meeting is equal to Eur 370.000.
 25 With the resolution of the Board of Directors on April 11 2017, have been nominated as Chairman and as member of Corporate Governance 231/2001 external members persuant of the new Unicredit guidelines related to the update "modello di organizzazione, gestione e controllo ex D. Lgs. 231/2001".
 26 Even if these meetings held in the same day
 27 Alternate Auditors do not receive any compensation unless they are actually asked to join the Board of Statutory Auditors in substitution of a standing member.
 28 the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, the Deputy General Manager and Head of Global Business, the Head of Commercial PFA Network & Private Packing as well as the Chief Eigenical Officer.

Private Banking as well as the Chief Financial Officer.

Further details on compensation of Executives with strategic responsibilities

For 2018, according to our Compensation Policy, in line with regulatory provisions, it has been defined ex-ante the maximum ratio between variable and fix component of the compensation both for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager (the sole executive director sitting on the Board of Directors and employee of the Company) and for the other Executives with strategic responsibilities.

The balance between variable and fixed components has been defined considering also the Company's strategic goals, risk management policies and other elements influencing firm's business.

With reference to the above table, for Executives with strategic responsibilities it is specified that:

-the fix component is defined taking into opportune consideration market information and in such a way to be sufficient to reward the activity rendered even if the variable part of the remuneration package were not paid due to non-achievement of performance goals;

-in line with the latest regulatory requirements, the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager - as well as the Executives with strategic responsibilities - have a balanced part of their remuneration linked to the overall profitability of FinecoBank and the Group, weighted by risk and cost of capital, as well as sustainability goals (based on capital and liquidity ratios) of FinecoBank and the Group.

The variable compensation considers the achievement of specific goals which are previously approved by the Board of Directors upon proposal of the Remuneration and Committee and having informed the Board of the Statutory Auditors.

In particular, ex-ante defined specific metrics that reflect categories of our FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework, which is consistent with Group Risk Appetite Framework, align the remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and of the others Executives with strategic responsibilities to sustainable performance and value creation for the shareholders in a medium / long term perspective. Specific individual goals are set out taking into consideration the market practices and the role assigned within the Bank, through the systematic use of specific indicators aimed at strengthening the sustainability of business, such as, for example, risk and financial sustainability indicators and profitability measures²⁹.

→ More information regarding our performance management and evaluation are provided further in chapter 5.3.1

It is also foreseen the deferral in cash and shares of minimum 60% of the incentive. All the instalments are subject to the application of malus and/or claw-back conditions, if legally enforceable, 2018 Incentive System provides for 50% of the annual incentive to be deferred and paid in the five following years through the granting of Fineco shares. The number of such shares is set at the beginning of the deferral period, thus creating a link between the evolution of the share price and the actual value of the incentive.

→ More information regarding the 2018 incentive plan implementation and outcomes are provided further in chapter 5.2.

The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, on top of 2018 Incentive System, benefits also from:

"2014 Incentive System" (hereinafter also "Group Incentive System 2014")

"2015 Incentive System" (hereinafter also "Group Incentive System 2015")

"2016 Incentive System" (hereinafter also "Group Incentive System 2015")

"2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management"

"Long Term Incentive Plan 2018-2020"

→ More information regarding the plans above mentioned are provided further in chapters 6 and in the Annexes.

The measure and duration of the deferral are aligned with the provisions set by regulators and are consistent with the characteristics of the business and with the Company's risk profiles.

For the Heads of the Company Control Functions, HR and Manager in charge for preparing financial statement the goals, pursuant to the provisions of Bank of Italy, are established by the Board of Directors in line with the tasks assigned to them and avoiding, unless good reasons exist, goals connected to the Bank's performance.

²⁹ Since the CFO- included in the Executives with Strategic Responsibilities - cover also the activities related to the Finacial Statements - the individual goals are defined in coherence with the assigned tasks

Indemnities to directors in the event of resignations, dismissal or termination of employment following a public purchase offer (as per section 123/bis, paragraph 1, letter i), of TUF)

None of the Directors have contracts containing clauses envisaging the payment of indemnities, or the right to keep post-retirement benefits, in the event of resignations or dismissal / revocation without just cause or if the employment relationship is terminated following a public purchase offer. In case of early termination of the mandate, the ordinary law provisions would therefore apply.

The individual employment, as Executive, of the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, Mr. Alessandro Foti, is today governed - also with regards to the event of resignations, dismissal / revocation or termination - by the ordinary provisions of the law and National Labor Agreement for Banking Industry Executives. In such context, the annual remuneration used to define the possible indemnity due in the above mentioned instances would include the fix remuneration, any other continuative compensation and the average of the variable pay (inclusive of the components paid in equity - such as for example free shares, restricted shares, performance shares - with the only exclusion of the valorisation of the stock options potentially assigned within long-term incentive plans) received in the last three years prior to the termination. The actual amount of such indemnity – in terms of months of compensation considered – is then bound to vary depending on the events which led to the termination and on the relationship's duration and is anyway subjected to provisions of the "Severance Policy" of FinecoBank approved by Shareholders' Meeting.

Non-executive Directors do not receive, within incentive plans, stock options or others equities. For the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager no specific provisions are provided with reference to the right to keep, in case of termination, the options received and the plans' provisions apply.

For none of the Directors currently in office, provisions exist regarding the establishment of advisory contracts for a term following the termination of the directorship, nor the right to keep post retirement perks. No agreements exist either providing compensation for non-competition undertakings.

5. Compensation Systems

5.1 Target Population

FinecoBank, starting from 2014 conducted, in alignment with specific regulation, the annual self-evaluation process to define Identified Staff population, both employees and Financial Advisors, to whom, according to regulators, specific remuneration rules apply.

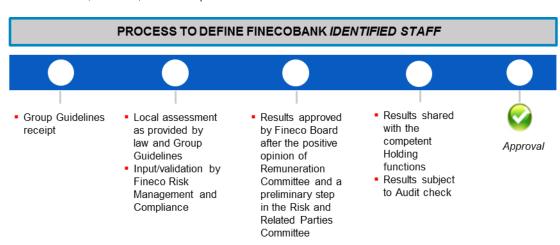
The definition of 2019 Identified Staff, pursuant to the European criteria foreseen in the European Banking Authority Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS)³⁰, followed a structured and formalized assessment process both at Group and local level, based on the guidelines provided by the Group functions Human Capital with the contribution of Risk Management and Compliance, to guarantee a unique and common approach at Group level.

In line with the regulatory provisions, the criteria used to define the Identified Staff are those defined by the aforementioned European standards, and incorporated into the national legislation (Circular 285 of the Bank of Italy). In line with the Group guidelines, FinecoBank - for the purposes of identifying the Identified Staff - adopts the additional criterion for the "band" for Employees, including all Employees with band 5 (Senior Vice President)³¹ or higher, in the risk takers category.

The recognition of subjects with significant impact on risk, further to be finalized to the definition of Bank's Identified Staff, is subject to the consolidation activity performed by the Holding Company, for the definition of Group Identified Staff.

This is valid, in particular for the Employees, while the PFAs are not included in the consolidation perimeter, as considered Identified Staff just at a Bank level32.

As every year, the assessment performed took into account the role, the decision-making power, the effective responsibilities of the employees and of the Financial Advisors and, in addition, the total compensation level



The result of the assessment process, submitted to Internal Audit scrutiny and documented into FinecoBank Compensation Policy, brought to the identification of a total number of 14 employees and 8 Financial Advisors³³ for 2019³⁴.

Regarding the employees, as a result of the analysis and as approved by the Board of Directors upon Remuneration Committee proposal, the following categories of employees have been defined for 2018 as Identified Staff: Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, Executives with

³⁰ European Banking Authority (EBA) Regulatory Technical Standards on criteria to identify categories of staff whose professional activities have a material impact on an institution's risk profile under Article 94 (2) of Directive

According to Global Job Model

³² The qualification of Group Identified Staff or local Identified Staff does not prejudice the application of all the criteria defined by the regulation for the Identified Staff remuneration.
³³ Vs 16 Employees and 7 Financial Advisors identified in 2018

³⁴ Identified Staff data refers to the population at the date of February 2019, providing for an ex-ante definition, in line with regulatory requirements

strategic responsibilities, executive positions in Company Control Functions (Compliance, Risk Management) and other positions that are responsible at local level for strategic decisions which may have a relevant impact on the Bank's risk profile35.

Regarding the Financial Advisors, FinecoBank has applied a qualitative criteria to select those belonging to Identified Staff, on the basis of their impact on business risk (represented by the risk that the Bank's profitability decreases consequently to the exit of Advisors from the Network and the related loss of customers and assets), the only type of risk that the Bank considers attributable to PFA, due to the absence of power of attorney they have to assume any other kind of risks.

→ Compensation data and vehicles used for the target population in 2018 are disclosed in chapter 6 and in the Annexes .

As a result of the analysis and as approved by the Board of Directors upon Remuneration Committee proposal as shown above, the following categories of Financial Advisors have been identified for 2019 as Identified Staff:

- for the single PFA the criteria above mentioned has been applied selecting those Advisors who have a total yearly compensation higher/equal to Euro 750,000;
- for PFA who have a managerial role have been selected Managers that coordinate Advisors with a total asset higher/equal to 5% of the total asset of the PFA Network.

Pursuant to the regulatory requirement and the process defined at EU level36 the exclusion from Identified Staff of 17 PFA whose total remuneration in 2018 is equal or exceeds € 500,000 is submitted to the European Central Bank and to Bank of Italy.

5.2 Implementation and Outcomes of 2018 Incentive Systems

5.2.1 2018 Incentive System for employees belonging to Identified Staff

The 2018 Incentive System, approved by FinecoBank Board of Directors on January 9th, 2018, provides - in continuity with 2017 System - for a "bonus pool" approach which directly links bonuses with Company results at Group and local level, ensuring the link between profitability, risk and reward.

The System, implemented within the framework of our policy and governance, provides for the allocation of a performance related bonus in cash and/or free ordinary shares over maximum 6 years

Bonus Pool sizing

The bonus pool dimension is related to the actual profitability measure multiplied for the percentage of the bonus pool funding rate defined in the budgeting phase.

This calculation determines the so called "theoretical bonus pool" that, during the year of performance, has been adjusted based on the effective performance trend.

2018 Group and Local Entry Conditions

For the purpose of alignment with regulatory requirements, specific indicators are set at both local and Group level to measure profitability, solidity and liquidity on an annual basis that act as access conditions. In particular, the indicators and thresholds that are defined as access conditions for the 2018 Incentive System - which confirm, reduce or cancel immediate and deferred payments - are as follows:

Group Level	Local Level
Net Operating Profit adjusted ≥ 0 and	Net Operating Profit adjusted ≥ 0 and
Net Profit ≥ 0 and	Net Profit ≥ 0 and
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio transitional > 10,43% and	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio transitional > 10,43% and
Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% and	Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% and
Net Stable Funding Ratio > 101%	Net Stable Funding Ratio > 101%

³⁵ The list of FinecoBank and Group Identified Staff includes also the Fineco Asset Management DAC CEO 36 ECB Decision (EU) 2015/2218 dated November 20th 2015; EBA RTS chapter 4, §4

- Net Operating Profit adjusted to measure the profitability, is the NOP excluding income from buy-back of own debt and from the fair value accounting of own liabilities.
- Net Profit to measure profitability considering the results stated in the balance sheet excluding any extraordinary item as considered appropriate by the Board of Directors upon Remuneration Committee proposal.
- Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio Transitional to measure the bank's solidity in terms of highest quality common equity introduced by Basel 3, consistent with regulatory limits and conservation buffers.
- Liquidity Coverage Ratio: quarantees the maintenance of an adequate level of "high quality liquid assets" non binding in appropriate amount to cover the "net cash outflows" within 30 calendar days in a high stress scenario defined by the Authorities.
- Net Stable Funding Ratio: represents the ratio between the available amount of stable funding and the required amount of stable funding

According to the actual results, verified and approved by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on February 1st 2019, the relevant entry conditions have been achieved both at Group and local level, confirming the theoretical³⁷ FinecoBank bonus pool.





Bonus Pool Risk Adjustment

Once the entry conditions have been verified, the effective bonus pool for FinecoBank's employees was confirmed, also in light of the overall assessment of the performance of the s.c. "CRO dashboard"38, carried out by the Fineco CRO on the basis of a specific methodology defined at Group level.

This method provides a quarterly monitoring of the progress of the indicators included in the Dashboard and an annual assessment.

Evaluation and pay-out for Identified Staff

In line with FinecoBank governance, 2018 evaluations and pay-outs for Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, Deputy General Managers, other Executives with strategic responsibilities and other Identified Staff have been approved by the Board of Directors, based on the positive opinion of Remuneration Committee.

The Board of Directors of FinecoBank on February 5th, 2019, has approved the allocation of a total number of shares equal to 168,897 to be assigned in 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024.

On the same date, the Board of Directors also approved the implementation - in 2019 - of the Incentive Systems 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and the "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management Plan"39.

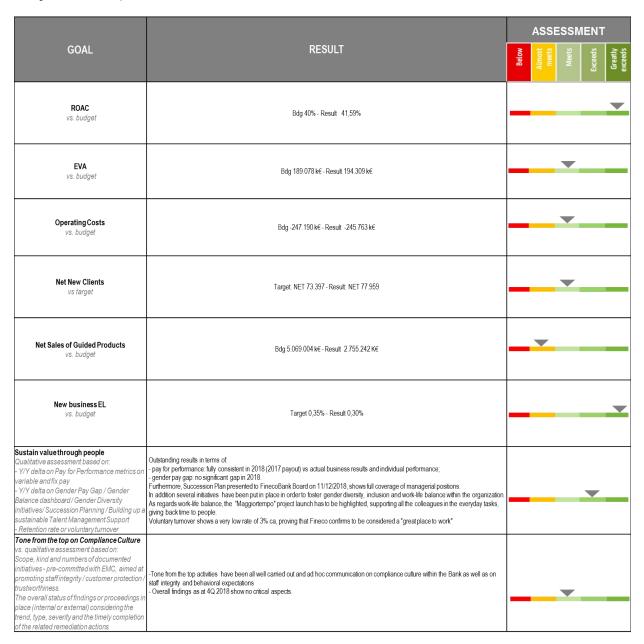
³⁷ Calculated applying the funding rate percentage to the profitability results

³⁸ The CRO Dashboard 2018 is a set of indicators selected among the Risk Appetite Framework KPIs, plus a single indicator on operational risks; the threshold values have been approved by the Board of Directors at the beginning of the year (January 2018).

39 The data relating to the assignments are included in the information reported in chapter 6 of the Annual Compensation Report and in the Annexes

Focus on CEO and General Manager performance evaluation

The Board of Directors, upon positive opinion of Remuneration Committee, assessed the 2018 performance of FinecoBank CEO and General Manager as Exceeds Expectations. Below the details of the individual scorecard assessment



Considering the performance assessment and the results of the KPIs in the Entry Conditions, the Board of Directors approved for the CEO and General Manager a bonus amounting to Euro 850,000⁴⁰.

⁴⁰ For the picture presenting the total remuneration package of CEO and General Manager, see the Executive Summary section.

5.2.2 2018 Incentive System for Financial Advisors Identified Staff

The 2018 Incentive System PFA, approved by FinecoBank Board of Directors on January 10h 2018, takes into consideration all the national and international regulatory requirements for the sales networks incentives and directly links bonuses with the objectives of growth in the medium and long term, in a general framework of overall sustainability. In the same way as for the Employees, the 2018 PFA System is based on a Bonus Pool approach which directly links bonuses with Company results at Group and local level, ensuring the link between profitability, risk and reward.

The System, implemented within the framework of our policy and governance, provides for the allocation of a performance related bonus in cash and/or shares over 5 years.

Bonus Pool sizing

The bonus pool dimension is related to the actual profitability measure multiplied for the percentage of the bonus pool funding rate defined in the budgeting phase.

This calculation determines the so called "theoretical bonus pool", that, during the year of performance, has been adjusted based on the effective performance trend.

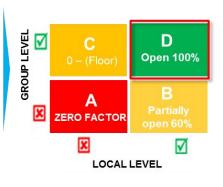
2018 Entry Conditions at Group and Local level

In order to align to regulatory requirements, specific indicators measuring annual profitability, solidity and liquidity results had been set both local and Group level as Entry Conditions. In particular, metrics⁴¹ and thresholds for 2018 PFA Incentive System as defined within the Entry Conditions that confirm, reduce or cancel upfront and deferred pay-outs are:

Group Level	Local Level
	Net Operating Profit adjusted ≥ 0 and
	Net Profit ≥ 0 and
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio transitional > 10.43% and	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio transitional > 10.43% and
Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% and	Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% and
Net Stable Funding Ratio > 101%	Net Stable Funding Ratio >101%

According to the actual results, verified and approved by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on February 5th 2019, the relevant entry conditions have been achieved both at local and Group level, confirming the theoretical⁴² FinecoBank PFA bonus pool

	ENTRY CONDITIONS	RESULT	
<u>₽</u>	CET 1 Ratio Transitional > 10,43%	✓	
GROUP	Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101%	✓	
	NSFR > 101%	✓	
	ENTRY CONDITIONS	RESULT	
	Net Profit ≥ 0 €/mln	✓	
FINECO	NOP Adjusted ≥ 0 €/mln	✓	
	CET 1 Ratio Transitional > 10,43%	✓	
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101%	✓	
	NSFR > 101%	✓	



Bonus Pool Risk Adjustment

Once the entry conditions have been verified, the effective bonus pool for FinecoBank's Financial Advisors was confirmed, also in light of the overall assessment of the performance of the s.c. "CRO dashboard"43, carried out by the Fineco CRO on the basis of a specific methodology defined at Group level.

⁴¹ For the KPIs definition see chapter 5.2.1

⁴² Calculated applying the funding rate percentage to the profitability results

⁴³ The CRO Dashboard is a set of indicators selected among the Risk Appetite Framework KPIs, plus a single indicator on operational risks; the threshold values have been approved by the Board of Directors at the beginning of the year (January 2018). The assessment methodology is the one used for Employees

Evaluation and pay-out for Identified Staff

In line with FinecoBank governance, 2018 evaluations and pay-outs for PFA Identified Staff have been approved by the Board of Directors, based on the positive opinion of Remuneration Committee.

On the basis of the resolutions of the Board of Directors of 5 February 2019, the total number of shares serving the 2018 Incentive System for Financial Advisors is 17,300 to be assigned in 2021, 2022, 2023.

On the same date, the Board of Directors also approved the implementation - in 2019 - of the Incentive Systems 2015, 2016 and 2017⁴⁴.

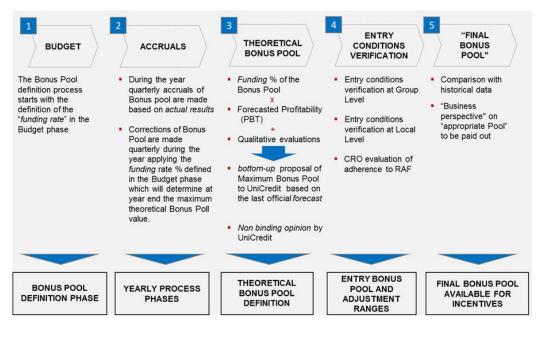
5.3 2019 Incentive System for employees belonging to Identified Staff

As in the past years, the 2019 Incentive System, as approved by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank on January 10th, 2019, is based on a "bonus pool" approach which takes into consideration the national and international regulatory requirements and directly links bonuses with Company results at Group and local level, ensuring the link between profitability, risk and reward.

In particular, the system provides for:

- allocation of a variable incentive defined on the basis of the determined bonus pool, of the individual performance appraisal and of the
 internal benchmarking on similar roles as well as compliant with the ratio between fixed and variable remuneration approved by the
 Shareholder's Meeting;
- definition of a balanced structure of "upfront" (following the moment of performance evaluation) and "deferred" payments, in cash and/or in shares⁴⁵, to be paid over a period of up to maximum 6 years;
- distributions of share payments which take into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods. In fact the payment structure defined requires a retention period on shares (of 1 year for upfront and deferred shares);
- risk adjusted measures in order to guarantee long-term sustainability, regarding Company financial position and to ensure compliance with regulations:
- a malus clause (Zero Factor) which applies in case specific thresholds (profitability, capital and liquidity) are not met at both Group and FinecoBank level. In particular, the bonus pool of 2019 will be zeroed, while previous systems deferrals could be reduced from 50% to 100% of their value, based on final effective results.

The bonus pool process includes the following steps



^{*} Risk Appetite Framework

⁴⁴ The data relating to the assignments are included in the information reported in chapter 6 of the Annual Compensation Report and in the Annexes

⁴⁵ In compliance with sector regulations, the Chief Executive Officer of Fineco Asset Management DAC - Identified Staff of the Company, the Bank and the Group - is the beneficiary of the FAM Incentive System 2019, for which the use UCITS compliant instruments is envisaged.

Budget

Bonus pool process starts with the definition of the "funding rate" during budgeting phase. The funding rate for FinecoBank is a percentage of the Net Operating Profit (net of Provisions for Risk and Charges, corresponding to Profit Before Tax) considering: historical data analysis, expected profitability, business strategy and previous year pool. The bonus pool is submitted for approval to the Board of Directors of FinecoBank.

Accruals

- During the year of performance, quarterly accruals are based on the actual results;
- on a quarterly basis bonus pool is adjusted applying the % of funding rate fixed during budgeting phase that set by the end of the year the maximum theoretical bonus pool.

Theoretical bonus pool, entry conditions verification and risk adjustment

- Consistency with FinecoBank performance and sustainability is ensured through specific "Entry Conditions" set at both Group and local level;
- application of a Zero Factor/malus clause in case specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not reached at Group and local level;
- the distribution is risk adjusted in order to guarantee sustainability with respect to FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework;
- the bonus pool is proposed by FinecoBank on the basis of the year forecast risk-adjusted both at Group and local level.

The Entry Conditions are the mechanism that determines the possible application of Zero Factor on the basis of performance indicators in terms of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at both Group and local level. The entry conditions defined for 2019 - working also as malus conditions for the previous incentive systems deferrals - are reported in the following table

Group Level	Local Level		
Net Operating Profit adjusted ≥ 0 and	Net Operating Profit adjusted ≥ 0 and		
Net Profit ≥ 0 and	Net Profit ≥ 0 and		
Common Equity Tier 1 Fully Loaded > 11.1% and	Common Equity Tier 1 Fully Loaded > 11.1% and		
Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% (2019 RAF limit) and	Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% (2019 RAF limit) and		
Net Stable Funding Ratio > 101% (2019 RAF limit)	Net Stable Funding Ratio >101% (2019 RAF limit)		

Compared to the 2018 system, the Capital indicator is changed in a more conservative sense, moving from the CET1 Ratio Transitional to the CET1 Fully Loaded Ratio, in line with the recommendations of the European Central Bank.

The matrix of access conditions and the related effects on the Fineco Bonus Pool follow the same logic as 2018, as shown below.



- A. In case the Entry Conditions are not met both at Group and Local level, a Zero Factor is determined for the Identified Staff, while for the rest of population a portion of pool could be kept for retention purposes or to guarantee the competition on the market
- B. In case the Entry Conditions are not met at Group Level, it is possible to have a pool at local level, if results are achieved, considering also the multiplier effect and the discretion of Remuneration Committee and Board.
- C. In case the Entry Conditions are not met at Local Level, but are met at Group Level, a minimum pool ("floor") for retention purposes can be set up.
- D. In case the Entry Conditions are met both at Group and Local Level, the bonus pool can be confirmed or increased, with the possibility to award the extra performance, considering -also in this case - the multiplier effect and the discretion of Remuneration Committee and Board.

In the "matrix" logic, in the hypotheses described in the boxes A and B (Entry Conditions not met at Group Level) the bonus for the CEO and General Manager of FinecoBank is zeroed.

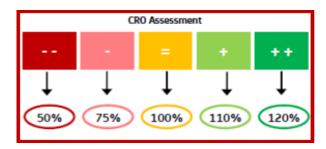
To activate the "multiplier" the CRO dashboard assessment is confirmed, pursuant to the defined methodology.

The CRO dashboard (defined in coherence with the FinecoBank and Group Risk Appetite Framework) includes KPIs taken from FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework, measured with reference to the respective relevant thresholds (*limit*, *trigger* and *target*). Here below a sample of the content of the dashboard

DIMENSION		2019	019		
DIME	NSION	INDICATORS	Target	Trigger	S _{AMPL} Limit
Capital	CET1 Ratio (%)				
Pillar 1 KPIs	Liquidity	LCR (%)			
Lie	Liquidity	NSFR (%)			
Managerial KPIs	Risk & Return	ROAC Return on Allocated Capital (%)			
		EL stock (%)			
	Credit	EL new business (%)			
		Coverage on Impaired (%)			
Specific Risk KPIs	Interest Rate Risk on Banking Book	EV Sensitivity (%)			
	Operational	ELOR			

The "multiplier" effect deriving from the evaluation of overall CRO dashboard outcome made by the FinecoBank CRO – and verified by the FinecoBank Remuneration Committee and by the FinecoBank Board – applies to the bonus pool in the cases described in the boxes D and B. The dashboard evaluation is carried out pursuant to a methodology defined at Group level by the Risk Management function and approved by the FinecoBank Board of Directors

The bonus pool corrections ranges deriving from the CRO Dashboard assessment are not modified compared to the 2018 Incentive System, as follows.



The fully positive "++" rating can only be granted in the case of positive EVA at the end of the financial year (or EVA> 0 if the budget is equal to 0). As provided in the 2018 System, a further range of discretion up to +20% is in the faculty of Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors, while no limits to downward discretionally the bonus pool with respect to theoretical value is foreseen.

In any case, as requested by regulations as per Bank of Italy provisions, the final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters and the alignment between risk and remuneration will be assessed by Remuneration Committee and defined under the governance and accountability of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors does not take into account, when deciding bonus, balance sheet extraordinary items which do not impact operational performance, regulatory capital and liquidity (e.g. goodwill impairment, extraordinary contributions to deposit guarantee schemes, etc.).

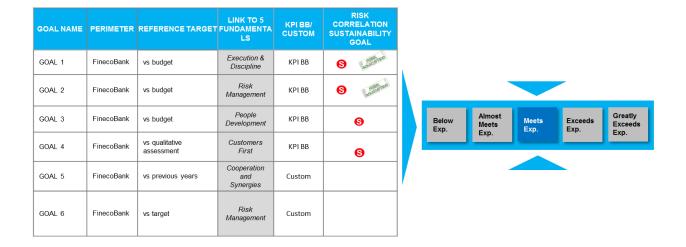
Moreover, following potential changes in current regulations and/or in relation to potential extraordinary and/or unpredictable contingencies which can impact the Group, the Company or the market in which it operates, the Board of Directors, having heard the opinion of Remuneration Committee, maintains the right to amend the system and relevant rules.

Individual bonus allocation

- Individual bonus will be allocated to beneficiaries considering bonus pool, the individual performance appraisal, the internal benchmarking analysis on similar roles and the maximum ratio between variable and fix compensation as approved by Shareholder's Meeting;
- individual performance appraisal is based on 2019 performance screen: a minimum of 5 and maximum 8 goals of which 4-6 selected from the catalogue of main key performance indicators ("KPI Bluebook") and linked to the 5 Fundamentals⁴⁶ of Group Competency Model⁴⁷. Goals selected from the KPI Bluebook reflect the Bank and Group strategy and have a weight of 70% on the individual performance screen. In the individual performance screen can be provided up to 2 further "individual" goals", linked to the individual specific activity. The "individual" goals weigh 30% of the performance screen. Competencies and behaviours considered as relevant can be taken into account by the manager for the overall performance appraisal;
 - → Further details in chapter 5.3.1.
- the goals appraisal system is based on a 5 values scale with a descriptive outcome (from "Below Expectations" to "Greatly Exceeds Expectations").

Sample of 2019 Scorecard

Sample of 2019 evaluation



For the individual bonus allocation the 2019 Incentive System provides a prior verification of the completion -by the beneficiaries- of the mandatory Compliance training.

Bonus payment

- As approved by the Board of Directors on January 10, 2019, compared to the payment structure, the Identified Staff will be divided into 4 groups according to the regulations.
- Payment of the incentives will be made through immediate and deferred tranches in cash or in Fineco ordinary shares over a period of up to 6 years:
 - in 2020 the first portion of the overall incentive ("1st tranche") will be paid in cash, after verifying the compliance and adherence at the individual level of compliance rules and principles of conduct and behavior⁴⁸;
 - the remaining amount of the total incentive will be paid in several installments in cash and / or Fineco free ordinary shares in the period:

⁴⁷ Group Competency Model represents the framework in which the Executives are assessed within the Executive Development Plan process. The 5 Fundamental are: Customers First, Execution & Discipline, Cooperation

and Synergies, Risk management, People Development.

48 Considering also the seriousness of possible internal / external inspections (ie Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob and / or similar authorities), and in general, according to the paragraph "Focus on violation for non-compliance, individual Malus and Claw- back

- 2021-2025 for the CEO / DG, and for the other roles foreseen by the legislation (eg first reports of the CEO and DG)
- 2021-2023 for other Identified Staff
- Payment systems, in particular, are based on two time horizons (4 and 6 total years) differentiated on the basis of the target population and of the total amount of variable remuneration received in the performance year, according to the schemes described below.
 - For CEO/GM and other roles provided by law⁴⁹ with "significant amount" of total variable pay in the performance year ⁵⁰ (> 430,000 €) a 5 years payout scheme applies with an overall payout structure of 6 years, with 60% of bonus deferred

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash	20% upfront		12% deferred			12% deferred
Shares		20% upfront		12% deferred	12% deferred	12% deferred

For the other roles provided by law⁵¹ with not significant amount of total variable remuneration (≤ 430,000€) a 5 years payout scheme applies with an overall payout structure of 6 years, with 50% of bonus deferred

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash	25% upfront		10% deferred			10% deferred
Shares		25% upfront		10% deferred	10% deferred	10% deferred

For other identified staff with significant amount of total variable remuneration a 3 years payout scheme applies with an overall payout structure of 4 years, with 60% of bonus deferred;

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Cash	20% upfront	5% deferred	5% deferred	20% deferred
Shares		20%	15% deferred	15%

At last, for other identified staff with non significant amount of total variable remuneration a 3 years payout scheme applies with an overall payout structure of 4 years, with 40% of bonus deferred.

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Cash	30% upfront			20% deferred
Shares		30% upfront	10% deferred	10% deferred

Every tranche will be subject to the Zero Factor related to the year of competence and to the verification of the compliance of individual behaviours.

- all the instalments are subject to the application of claw-back conditions;
- in coherence with 2018, a minimum threshold⁵² will be introduced, below which no deferral mechanisms will be apply;
- the number of shares to be allocated in the respective instalments shall be defined in 2020, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing market price of Fineco ordinary shares during the month preceding the Board resolution that evaluates 2019 performance achievements;
- free Fineco ordinary shares that will be allocated will be freely transferable;
- the payment structure has been defined in line with Bank of Italy provisions requiring a share retention period for upfront and deferred shares. In particular, the implementation of the share retention periods may be carried out in line with the fiscal framework, either via the allocation of restricted shares or the promise of shares that shall subsequently be allocated at the end of the intended retention period;

 ⁴⁹ For instance the first reporting line of Management Body (CEO) and responsible of main business areas.
 50 Threshold of € 430,000 defined at Group level according to the provisions of the law, equal to 25% of the total remuneration of the Italian High Earners according to the latest EBA report available (Benchmarking and High

⁵² Equal to Euro 75,000 that will be paid in cash.

- the 2019 Incentive System provides for an expected impact on FinecoBank share capital of approximately 0.06%, assuming that all free shares for employees have been distributed. The current overall dilution for all other outstanding FinecoBank equity-based plans both for Employees and Financial Advisors is 0.8% ca;
- the beneficiaries cannot activate programs or agreements that specifically protect the value of unavailable financial instruments assigned within the incentive plans. Any form of coverage will be considered a violation of compliance rules and imply the consequences set out in the regulations, rules and procedures.

5.3.1 Comprehensive performance measurement

The 2019 Incentive System, described in the chapter 5.3, is supported by an annual performance measurement framework assuring coherence, consistency and clarity of performance objectives with business strategy, and encouraging and rewarding desired behaviours and risk orientation. Our performance management process ensures that to all Identified Staff are assigned at the beginning of the year their own individuals goals and includes a rigorous review of their goals achievements.

A specific process is performed annually at Group level with the involvement of key relevant functions (Human Capital, Finance, Risk Management, Compliance, Group Sustainability, Audit, Group Stakeholder Insight) to review the so-called KPI Bluebook.

The KPI Bluebook serves as the framework for the definition of performance goals coherent, high quality based, aligned to business strategy, compliant with regulatory requirements and consistent with our corporate values and Group Competency model. Therefore it supports the employees and their managers in the definition of individual Performance Screen.

KPI Bluebook includes a list of indicators certified at Group level, as well as specific guidelines related to:

- the selection of goals based on yearly priorities and customizable goals for Business/Division
- the use among the KPIs selected from the KPI Bluebook of risk-adjusted goal (e.g. select at least one KPI belonging to "Risk category" or related to risk management / risk-adjusted profitability)
- the use among the KPIs selected from the KPI Bluebook of sustainability objectives (e.g. at least half of the goals should be related to sustainability)
- the definition of the target of reference, in case objectives not included in certified list are selected (e.g. use clear and pre-defined parameters for future evaluation of performance)
- the selection of goals for the Company Control Functions, HR and Manager in charge for preparing financial statements in order to ensure their independence (e.g. avoid KPI linked to economic measure).

The KPI Bluebook maps 11 categories of drivers that include a list of goals (KPI Dashboard):



The 11 categories represent financial and non-financial performance and are mapped into the different clusters of business of the Group (Asset Gathering included) to help identifying the most relevant standardized KPIs (all certified by relevant Group functions) for each role assigned, with specific focus on risk-adjusted, sustainability-driven metrics and economic measures. For each KPI included in the catalogue a link to one of the "5 fundamentals" of the Group Competency Model (as shown above) is pre-set, conferring a specific qualitative connotation to the goal itself.

2019 CEO and general manager scorecard

2019 KPIs defined and approved by FinecoBank Board of Directors as the core drivers of performance for FinecoBank Chief Executive Officer and General Manager include goals related to Bank profitability, with particular focus on risk, consistency with *Risk Appetite Framework* and sustainability. In continuity with 2018, also for 2019, a specific KPI has been provided, with reference to "Tone from the top" related to integrity towards conduct principles and spread of compliance culture among the organization.

#	GOAL NAME	PERIMETER	REFERENCE TARGET	LINK TO 5 FUNDAMENTALS	RISK CORRELATION SUSTAINABILITY GOAL
1	ROAC / EVA	FinecoBank	vs. budget	Execution & Discipline	S ASJUSTED
2	New Business EL %	FinecoBank	vs. target	Risk Management	S Autot Tree
3	OPEX	FinecoBank	vs. budget Operating costs as reported in reclassified P&L, i.e.: Staff expenses + Other Administrative Expenses (direct + indirect) - Expenses Recovery + Depreciations.	Execution & Discipline	
4	Net new clients	FinecoBank	vs. target	Customers First	8
5	Net sales of Guided Products	FinecoBank	vs. budget	Execution & Discipline	
6	New Strategic Plan preparation	FinecoBank	vs. qualitative assessment based on: • contribution to the preparation of the new MYP • development of Proof of Concepts on the effective implementation of new technologies (e.g.: Artificial Intelligence, big data, etc.) in own domain	Execution & Discipline	8
7	Gender balance and pay gap	FinecoBank	vs. qualitative assessment based on: • Group-wide % of women in EVP roles vs. 2019 target • Y/Y delta on % of women in VP, FVP, SVP roles • Y/Y delta on gender pay-gap	People Development	
8	Tone from the top on conduct and compliance culture	FinecoBank	vs. qualitative assessment based on: •Scope, kind and numbers of documented initiatives - pre-committed with EMC, aimed at promoting staff integrity / customer protection / trustworthiness •The overall status of findings or proceedings in place (internal or external) considering the trend, type, severity and the timely completion of the related remediation actions	Risk Management	

For the other *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank KPIs that include profitability and risk management are reflected also in their Performance Screens, with differences given by the relevant activities. It is understood in any case the rule pursuant to which no economic goals must be provided for the Control Functions, HR and Manager in charge for preparing financial statements.

5.4 2018 - 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan for employees

With the aim of rewarding, motivating and retaining selected Bank Employees, in line with the 2020 objectives of Fineco in terms of value creation, sustainability and risk, a long-term equity plan has been defined, also in order to align the long-term interests of the Bank's Management with the long-term value creation for shareholders.

The beneficiaries of the Plan are selected Employees with "key roles" within the organization (about 65 resources, including Managers with Strategic Responsibilities).

The Heads of the Company Control Functions (CRO, Head of Compliance) and the Head of Human Resources are excluded from the Beneficiaries of the Plan

The structure of the Plan, described below in detail, provides for:

- performance goals at Bank level such as the EVA, the Cost/Income and the Cost of Risk on commercial loans;
- entry and malus conditions of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at FinecoBank and Group level;

- specific individual compliance and claw-back conditions;
- a risk adjustment linked to the annual assessment of the CRO Dashboard, evaluated according to the methodology defined by Group Risk Management;
- individual bonuses defined taking into account the roles of the beneficiaries;
- a payment structure over a multi-year period defined according to the categories of beneficiaries, in line with the regulatory provisions.

Performance goals

The performance targets, as defined above, will be assessed in relation to specific targets and will have a specific percentage weight on the total bonus and their valuation (with the exception of the Cost of Risk for which an "on-off" threshold is envisaged) will be based on progressive thresholds, which will correspond to increasing percentages of bonuses from 0 to 100% with a linear progression⁵³, as shown below.

	KPI	PERIMETER	WEIGHT	TARGET	ASSESSMENT	CRITERIA
					Threshold	Payout
					≥ 200 M€	100%
VALUE CREATION	EVA	FINECO	50%	2020	180 M – 200 M€	0 - 100%
					≤180 M€	0%
					400%	
INDUSTRIAL	COST/ INCOME	FINECO	35%	2020	≤ 39%	100%
SUSTAINABILITY	RATIO	FINECO	3370	2020	42% - 39%	0 - 100%
	101110				≥ 42%	0%
RISK	CoR*	FINECO	15%	2020	≤ 40 bps	100%
					:	

^{*}Calculated on commercial loans

Entry and malus conditions

In order to comply with current regulations, are defined

- appropriate Fineco and Group Entry Conditions that will be measured within the performance period of the Plan and may confirm, reduce or cancel the individual bonus as detailed below, and
- appropriate Fineco and Group malus conditions measured during the deferral period, which may confirm, reduce or cancel the deferred shares, as detailed below

In full compliance with the regulations in force, and for the purposes set out above, specific Group and Fineco indicators have been identified to measure profitability, capital strength and liquidity.

The indicators of capital and liquidity (Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio Fully Loaded 64, Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio) will be calculated annually, while a "cumulative" assessment of profitability indicators is envisaged.

In 2019 - in line with the provisions for the short-term Incentive System and in accordance with the provisions of the Plan Regulations - the Capital and Liquidity Conditions CET1 Ratio Fully Loaded, LCR and NSFR have been changed for the year of performance.

⁵³ For example, with EVA at 12/31/2020 equal to 190 million, the payment of the corresponding bonus portion would be equal to 50% of what is expected in case of EVA equal to 200 million.

⁵⁴ It's the Class 1 Capital of the Institution expressed in percentage of the overall amount of the risk exposure. It's the CET1 requirement recommended by ECB in its communication on variable remuneration.

Performance					
Entry Conditions					
Group	Fineco				
Σ 2018-2020 NOP Adj >0	Σ 2018-2020 NOP Adj >0				
Σ 2018-2020 Net Profit >0	Σ 2018-2020 Net Profit >0				
CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%*	CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%**				
LCR > RAF Limit (101%) *	LCR > RAF Limit (101%)**				
NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)*	NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)**				

- 1) if the annual access conditions at the Group level are not achieved, a bonus reduction of 10% per year is envisaged (a reduction of 30% if the cumulative Group conditions are not met). Therefore, the maximum reduction envisaged for failure to achieve Group conditions - annual and / or cumulative - is equal to 30%.
- 2) In the event that Fineco's cumulative conditions are not met, the bonus will be canceled
- 3) If Fineco's annual conditions are not met, a pro-rata bonus reduction is

Deferral					
Malus					
Group	Fineco				
Σ NOP Adj >0	Σ NOP Adj >0				
Σ Net Profit >0	Σ Net Profit >0				
CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%*	CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%**				
LCR > RAF Limit (101%) *	LCR > RAF Limit (101%)**				
NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)*	NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)**				

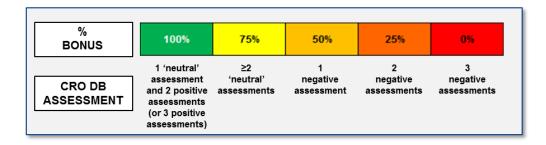
- 1) in the event of failure to meet the conditions at Group level (both cumulated and annual), a deferred portion is expected to be reduced, in any case not more than 30% (see attachment)
- 2) If Fineco's cumulative conditions are not met, the deferred portion is expected to be reset
- 3) If Fineco's annual conditions are not met, it is provided the zeroing of the deferred portion for the year of competence

Each payment related to the Plan is subject to the preliminary compliance check of individual behaviors.

The bonus payment is subject to claw-back⁵⁵.

Risk adjustment

For the purposes of the appropriate Plan correction for the Bank's Risk, the results of the annual CRO Dashboard assessments for the purposes of short-term incentive systems will be taken into consideration for each year of the Plan's performance. The presence of several 'neutral' annual assessments⁵⁶ or negative assessments will result in a proportional reduction of individual bonuses, as shown below



Bonus payout

Maximum bonuses have been defined on the basis of the categories of beneficiaries of the Plan. The amounts were established in line with the applicable regulatory provisions and the FinecoBank Compensation Policy.

Individual bonuses - in particular - confirm compliance with the maximum limits for the variable remuneration envisaged for the Plan Beneficiaries, also taking into account the short-term variable remuneration attributable in each year of performance. Within the aforementioned limits, it is planned, in detail:

^{*} In line with the Group RAF 2019 (Trigger for CET1, Limit for LCR and NSFR). In the event of more restrictive regulatory changes in the

performance years of the Plan, the defined thresholds will be updated accordingly

** Values aligned to those of the Group. In the event of more restrictive regulatory changes in the performance years of the Plan, the defined thresholds will be updated accordingly

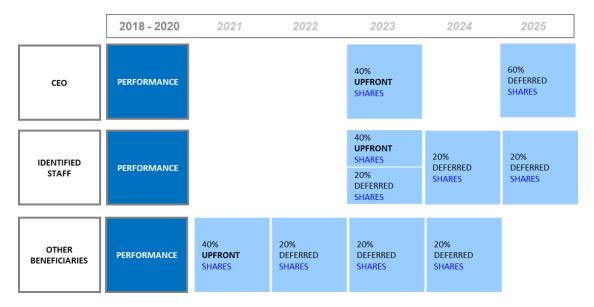
⁵⁵ See par. 3.2, section II

⁵⁶ See paragraphs 5.3 and 5.5

- for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, a maximum percentage impact of the bonus relating to the Plan equal to 50% of the maximum variable remuneration attributable in each year of performance;
- for the other Executives with Strategic Responsibilities, a maximum percentage of the bonus of the Plan equal to 30% of the maximum variable remuneration attributable in each year of performance.

For the other Beneficiaries the target bonus is defined individually, always in compliance with the maximum limits set by the regulations and FinecoBank Compensation Policy.

As mentioned, the bonuses will be paid entirely in Fineco free ordinary shares⁵⁷, according to the payment schemes shown below.



For the Beneficiaries of the Plan included in Identified Staff holding periods on the shares are provided, equal to two years for the upfront shares, assigned after the end of the performance period, and one year for deferred shares.

For the other Beneficiaries the assignments of the shares and their availability are concomitant during the deferral period.

The evaluation of the results and the conditions for the individual assignment of the shares will be carried out by the Board of Directors, upon the proposal of the Remuneration Committee, according to the established governance⁵⁸.

The Board of Directors does not take into account, when deciding bonus, balance sheet extraordinary items which do not impact operational performance, regulatory capital and liquidity (e.g. goodwill impairment, extraordinary contributions to deposit guarantee schemes, etc.).

The maximum number (905,066) of shares to be allocated in the respective instalments – at the conditions stated above - has been defined in 2018, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing market price of Fineco ordinary shares during the month preceding the Board resolution that executed the Shareholders Meeting resolution related to the Plan.

The Plan provides for an impact on FinecoBank share capital of approximately 0.1%, assuming that all free shares for employees have been distributed. The current overall dilution for all other outstanding FinecoBank equity-based plans both for Employees and Financial Advisors equals to 0.8% ca.; the beneficiaries cannot activate programs or agreements that specifically protect the value of unavailable financial instruments assigned within the incentive plans. Any form of coverage will be considered a violation of compliance rules and imply the consequences set out in the regulations, rules and procedures.

⁵⁷ The Bank reserves the possibility to assign different instruments from the FinecoBank ordinary shares, where requested by law.

¹⁸ It is provided the possibility for the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors to increase bonuses up to 20% (within the maximum bonuses provided by the Plan) or to reduce the bonuses without limits, considering indicators as the Total Shareholders Return (absolute and relative) or other indicators, as the market context and trends on remuneration, or events with reputational impacts. The correction "in positive" does not apply in case of non-achievement of Group entry conditions, as described in this paragraph

Moreover, following potential changes in current regulations and/or in relation to potential extraordinary and/or unpredictable contingencies which can impact the Group, the Company or the market in which it operates, the Board of Directors, having heard the opinion of Remuneration Committee, maintains the right to amend the Plan and relevant rules.

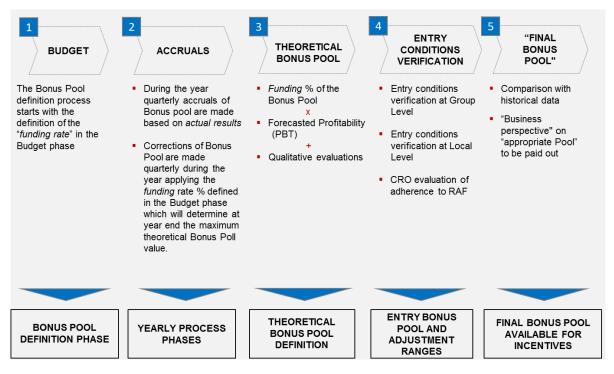
5.5 2019 Incentive System for Financial Advisors Identified Staff

Given the differences in the forms of remuneration and in the modalities of its generation (see paragraph 4.2, Section II), also for the PFA population in FinecoBank, mirroring what is designed for the Employees, is provided a specific Incentive System based on a bonus pool approach, which takes into account the national and international regulatory requirements and directly links bonuses with Company results at Group and local level, ensuring the link between profitability, risk and reward.

In particular, the 2019 System for PFA Identified Staff – as approved by the Board on January 10th 2019 - provides for:

- allocation of a variable incentive defined on the basis of the determined bonus pool, of the individual performance appraisal as well as compliant with the ratio between fixed and variable remuneration approved by the Shareholder's Meeting;
- definition of a balanced structure of "upfront" (following the moment of performance evaluation) and "deferred" payments, in cash and/or in shares, to be paid over a period of up to maximum 4 years;
- distribution of share⁵⁹ payments which take into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods. In fact the payment structure defined requires a retention period on shares (1 year for upfront and deferred shares);
- risk adjusted measures in order to guarantee long-term sustainability, regarding Company financial position and to ensure compliance with regulations;
- a malus clause (Zero Factor) which applies in case specific thresholds (profitability, capital and liquidity) are not met at both Group and local level. In particular, the bonus pool of 2019 will be zeroed, while previous systems deferrals could be reduced from 50% to 100% of their value, based on final effective results.

In coherence with what previously described for the Employees, also for the PFA the process of bonus pool definition includes the following steps:



⁵⁹ Unlike what happens in the Incentive System for Employees, the FinecoBank shares used for the purposes of payments to the PFA, are not generated by a free capital increase, but are purchased directly on the market, pursuant to section 2357 of Italian Civil Code.

Budget phase

Bonus pool process starts with the definition of the "funding rate" during budgeting phase. The funding rate for FinecoBank is a percentage of the Net Operating Profit (net of Provisions for Risk and Charges, corresponding to Profit Before Tax) considering: historical data analysis, expected profitability, business strategy and previous year pool. The bonus pool is submitted for approval to the Board of Directors of FinecoBank.

Accruals

- During the year of performance, quarterly accruals are based on the actual results;
- on a quarterly basis the bonus pool is adjusted applying the % of funding rate fixed during budgeting phase that set by the end of the year the maximum theoretical bonus pool.

Theoretical bonus pool, entry conditions verification and risk adjustment

- Consistency with FinecoBank performance and sustainability is ensured through specific "Entry Conditions" set at both Group and local level;
- application of a malus clause in case specific profitability, liquidity and capital thresholds are not reached at Group and local level;
- the distribution is risk adjusted in order to guarantee sustainability with respect to FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework;
- the bonus pool is proposed by FinecoBank on the basis of the year forecast risk-adjusted both at Group and local level.

The Entry Conditions are the mechanism that determines the possible application of the Zero Factor on the basis of performance indicators in terms of capital and liquidity defined at both Group and local level (at local level is considered also the profitability). The entry conditions provided for 2019 working also as malus conditions for the deferrals of previous years incentive systems - are reported in the following table

Group Level	Local Level
	Net Operating Profit adjusted ≥ 0 e
	Net Profit ≥ 0 e
Common Equity Tier 1 Fully Loaded > 11.1% e	Common Equity Tier 1 Fully Loaded > 11.1% e
Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% (2019 RAF limit) e	Liquidity Coverage Ratio > 101% (2019 RAF limit) e
Net Stable Funding Ratio > 101% (2019 RAF limit)	Net Stable Funding Ratio >101% (2019 RAF limit)

Compared to the 2018 system, the Capital indicator is changed in a more conservative sense, moving from the CET1 Ratio Transitional to the CET1 Fully Loaded Ratio, in line with the recommendations of the European Central Bank.

The Entry Conditions matrix and related effects on Fineco Bonus Pool follows the same logics provided in 2018, as shown below.



- A. In case the Entry Conditions are not met both at Group and Local level, a Zero Factor is determined for the Identified Staff, while for the rest of population a portion of pool could be kept for retention purposes or to guarantee the competition on the market
- B. In case the Entry Conditions are not met at Group Level, it is possible to have a pool at local level, if results are achieved, considering also the multiplier effect and the discretion of Remuneration Committee and Board.
- In case the Entry Conditions are not met at Local Level, but are met at Group Level, a minimum pool ("floor") for retention purposes can be set up.
- In case the Entry Conditions are met both at Group and Local Level, the bonus pool can be confirmed or increased, with the possibility to award the extra performance, considering -also in this case - the multiplier effect and the discretion of Remuneration Committee and Board.

In continuity with the 2018 System, in case the pool is in the box "B" the starting percentage of bonus pool is higher than the one provided for the Employee's System⁶⁰.

To activate the "multiplier" the CRO dashboard assessment is confirmed, pursuant to the defined methodology.

The CRO dashboard (defined in coherence with the FinecoBank and Group Risk Appetite Framework) includes KPIs taken from FinecoBank Risk Appetite Framework (plus one indicator related to operational risk), measured with reference to the respective relevant thresholds (*limit*, *trigger* and *target*)⁶¹.

The "multiplier" effect deriving from the evaluation of overall CRO dashboard outcome made by the FinecoBank CRO – and verified by the FinecoBank Remuneration Committee and by the FinecoBank Board – applies to the bonus pool in the cases described in the boxes D and B. The dashboard evaluation is carried out pursuant to a methodology defined at Group level by the Risk Management function and approved by the FinecoBank Board of Directors, as for the Employees System.

The bonus pool corrections ranges deriving from the CRO Dashboard assessment are not modified compared to the 2018 Incentive System, as follows:



The fully positive "++" rating can only be granted in the case of positive EVA at the end of the financial year (or EVA> 0 if the budget is equal to 0). As provided in the 2018 System, a further range of discretion up to +20% is in the faculty of Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors, while no limits to downward discretionally the bonus pool with respect to theoretical value is foreseen.

In any case, as requested by regulations as per Bank of Italy provisions, the final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters and the alignment between risk and remuneration will be assessed by Remuneration Committee and defined under the governance and accountability of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors does not take into account, when deciding bonus, balance sheet extraordinary items which do not impact operational performance, regulatory capital and liquidity (e.g. goodwill impairment, extraordinary contributions to deposit guarantee schemes, etc.).

Moreover, following potential changes in current regulations and/or in relation to potential extraordinary and/or unpredictable contingencies which can impact the Group, the Company or the market in which it operates, the Board of Directors, having heard the opinion of Remuneration Committee, maintains the right to amend the system and relevant rules.

Bonus payment

For the Financial Advisors belonging to the Identified Staff, the payment mechanism provides for a 3 year deferral. The payment of the potential bonus 2019 will therefore take place over a maximum period of 4 years. In particular:

- in 2020 the first portion of the overall incentive ("1st tranche") will be paid in cash, after verifying the compliance and adherence at the individual level of compliance rules and principles of conduct and behavior⁶²;
- over the period 2021-2023 the remaining amount of the total incentive will be paid in several installments in cash and / or Fineco shares; each individual tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor relating to the year of competence and to the verification of compliance by each beneficiary with the compliance rules and the principles of conduct and behavior.

⁶⁰ The choice is due to the necessity of retention for Financial Advisors (tied to FinecoBank by an agency agreement) and consequently to safeguard a Company asset.

⁶² Considering also the seriousness of possible internal / external inspections (i.e. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob and / or similar local authorities)

The payment systems, in particular, are differentiated on the basis of the total amount of variable remuneration⁶³ received in the performance year, according to the schemes described below:

For roles with significant amount of total variable remuneration, a 3 years payout scheme applies with an overall payout structure of 4 years, with 60% of bonus deferred;

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Cash	20% upfront	5% deferred	5% deferred	20% deferred
Shares		20% upfront	15% deferred	15% deferred

For roles with non significant amount of total variable remuneration, a 3 years payout scheme applies with an overall payout structure of 4 years, with 40% of bonus deferred

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Cash	30% upfront			20% deferred
Shares		30% upfront	10% deferred	10% deferred

- all the instalments are subject to the application of claw-back conditions, as legally enforceable;
- in coherence with 2018, a minimum threshold⁶⁴ will be introduced, below which no deferral mechanisms will be apply;
- the number of shares to be allocated in the respective instalments shall be defined in 2020, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing market price of Fineco ordinary shares during the month after the Board resolution that verifies the 2019 performance achievements;
- free Fineco ordinary shares that will be allocated will be freely transferable;
- the 2019 Incentive System provides for an expected impact on FinecoBank share capital of approximately 0.03%, assuming that all free shares for Financial Advisors have been assigned.
- The current overall dilution for all other outstanding FinecoBank equity-based plans both for Employees and Financial Advisors equals 0.8% ca. However, the 2019 PFA Incentive System does not have a proper dilution impact as the FinecoBank shares awarded are purchased on the market and are not generated through a free capital increase.

The beneficiaries cannot activate programs or agreements that specifically protect the value of unavailable financial instruments assigned within the incentive plans. Any form of coverage will be considered a violation of compliance rules and imply the consequences set out in the regulations, rules and procedures.

5.5.1 Comprehensive performance measurement

Taking into account the specificities of the PFA business, and in continuity with the previous years Incentive Plans in terms of business objectives, for the purposes of the 2019 Incentive System for PFA⁶⁵ the performance assessment of Financial Advisors included in the Identified Staff will be based on the following indicators:

- total net sales goal (difference between the invested and disinvested assets by FinecoBank customers);
- development activities (for instance planned and structured meeting with customers);
- percentage of achievement of the overall group goal by the managed Financial Advisors and percentage of sales in Guided Products⁶⁶ in comparison with the group overall goal⁶⁷;
- percentage of achievement of individual net sales goal and percentage of net sales of asset under management in comparison with the individual goal68;
- value generated by the requalification of assets in liquidity and asset under custody in Guided Products.

For the purpose of evaluating individual performance, the Scorecard provides a specific indicator to reflect the quality of the work of the Financial

Finally, the payment of the bonus is subject to the preliminary verification of compliance with anti-money laundering regulation.

⁶³ The definition of the overall variable remuneration threshold (> € 430,000) follows the same logic described in the 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff.

Equal to Euro 75,000 that will be paid in cash.
 Always taking into account the individual compliance condition, as described above.

⁶⁶ Guided products refer to high added value products and developed services, considering the different customers risk profiles 67 For the Financial Advisors with managerial positions with more than 5 PFA coordinated.

⁶⁸ For PFAs and Financial Advisors with managerial position and less than 5 PFA coordinated

5.6 2018 - 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan (LTI) for Financial Advisors Identified Staff

With the aim of rewarding, motivating and retaining selected Financial Advisors and Network Managers⁶⁹, in line with the commercial goals of the three-year period 2018 - 2020 and with the aim of creating value for Shareholders, a long-term plan has been defined. in cash and Fineco shares.

The Plan is dedicated to Financial Advisors who will be qualified as Identified Staff in the year 2020. At the moment, 15 beneficiaries are estimated 70.

The Plan - whose characteristics are described below in detail - provides:

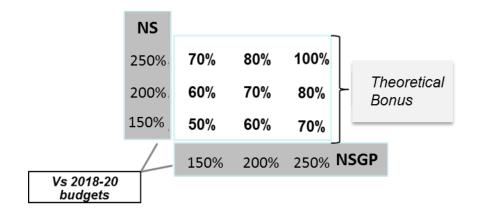
- three-year performance targets (2018-2020) linked to Total Net Sales (NS), Net Sales of Guided Products (NSGP) and, for PFAs and Group Managers, also to the ratio between Guided Products (GP) as at December 31st 2020, on Total Financial Asset (TFA) as at December 31st 2019;
- entry conditions based on individual FinecoBank and Group performance;
- malus conditions of capital, liquidity and profitability at FinecoBank lavel and of Group capital and liquidity;
- specific individual compliance and claw-back conditions;
- a risk adjustment linked to the annual evaluation of the CRO Dashboard, assessed according to the methodology defined at Group level.
- a balanced structure of "upfront" and "deferred" payments, in the form of cash and/or shares (which will be purchased on the market).

Performance goals

Performance goals are defined on the basis of increasing targets as a percentage of the cumulative budget for the three-year period of the Plan, in terms of Total Net Sales (NS) and Net Sales of Guided Products (NSGP). Through the evaluation system, as described below, the Plan aims at rewarding the extra performance towards the defined goals.

Performance indicators work in a general "matrix" logic with different specificities, depending on the target population (PFA / Group Manager and Area Manager) as shown below.

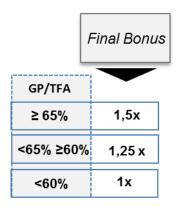
For Group Manager and PFA population, increasing bonuses are expected up to a theoretical maximum when 250% of the cumulated budgets in terms of Total Net Sales and Net Sales of Guided Products are reached 71.



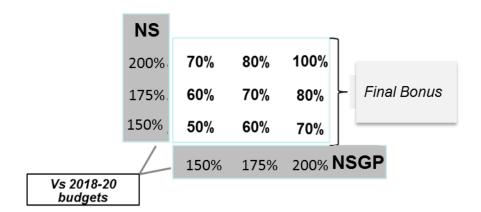
⁶⁹ Group Managers and Area Managers (Financial Advisors with accessory assignment of other PFAs coordination)

¹⁰ Identified pursuant to the regulation in place at the time 11 Group Manager that at December 31st 2020 have reached the personal targets as described in the matrix, in order to access the bonus shall have also achieved the goal of 100% of Total Net Sales and Net Sales of Guide Products in the period of the coordinated PFAs

For the purposes of determining the final maximum bonus a "multiplier" is also provided based on the ratio between Guided Products and Total Financial Asset, as shown below



For the Area Managers the performance evaluation follows the same logics with targets "vs budget" measured in a different way, as shown below. Differently from Group Manager and PFAs, in facts, the further multiplier is not provided 72



Malus and entry conditions

For the purposes of the Plan, specific entry conditions are defined at individual, Bank and Group level as detailed below.

Individual and Bank entry conditions

In order to access the bonus, is provided at individual level the achievement of specific thresholds in terms of Net Sales of Asset under Management⁷³, namely:

- Net Sales of Asset under Management >150% of individual target for PFAs e Group Managers with individual portfolios
- Net Sales of Asset under Management >100% of group target for Area Managers and Group Managers with group portfolio.

In addition to the above individual conditions, in order to access the bonus, it is provided at Bank level the achievement of a EVA threshold equal or higher than € 180 Mio.

Entry and Malus conditions at Bank and Group level

In order to comply with regulatory provisions, are defined:

specific "Entry Conditions" at Fineco and Group level that will be measured within the Plan performance years and can confirm, reduce or cancel the individual bonuses pursuant to what is detailed below, and

⁷² The multiplier is not provided for Area Manager in consideration of the scope of the role and considering challenging the achievement of the over-performance in terms of Total Net Sales and Net Sales of Guided Products.

⁷³ Measured at 31/12/2020 as "cumulated" within the Plan performance years

specific Fineco and Group Malus conditions measured within the deferral period that can confirm, reduce or cancel the deferred portions, pursuant to what is detailed below.

For these purposes, specific Group and Fineco capital and liquidity indicators and Fineco profitability indicators have been defined. Capital and liquidity indicators (Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio Fully Loaded, Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio) will be assessed yearly, while is provided a "cumulated" assessment of the profitability indicators (Net Operating Profit Adjusted and Net Profit). Below is shown the functioning mechanism of entry and malus conditions provided by the Plan:

Perf	ormance	Deferral			
Entry (Conditions	Ma	alus		
Group	Fineco	Group	Fineco		
	Σ 2018-2020 NOP Adj >0		Σ NOP Adj >0		
	Σ 2018-2020 Net Profit >0		Σ Net Profit >0		
CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%*	CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%**	CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%*	CET 1 Fully loaded > 11,1%**		
LCR > RAF Limit (101%) *	LCR > RAF Limit (101%)**	LCR > RAF Limit (101%) *	LCR > RAF Limit (101%)**		
NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)*	NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)**	NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)*	NSFR > RAF Limit (101%)**		
Group level, a reduction of the bon 2) In the event that Fineco's curr bonus will be canceled	th the annual access conditions at us of 5% per year is proposed. ulative conditions are not met, the are not met, a pro-rata bonus	reduction of the deferred portion of	access conditions at Group level, a 5% is proposed al conditions are not met, the deferred		

In line with the Group RAF 2019 (Trigger for CET1, Limit for LCR and NSFR). In the event of more restrictive regulatory changes in the

In 2019 - in line with the provisions for the short-term Incentive System and in accordance with the Plan Regulations - the Capital and Liquidity conditions CET1 Fully Loaded Ratio, LCR and NSFR were changed for the year of performance.

The conditions must all be met for the purpose of awarding the maximum bonus (including deferrals).

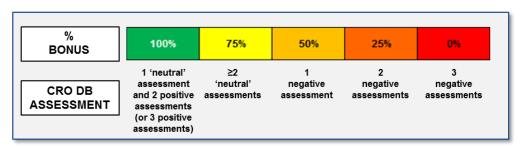
The verification - in every year of performance of the Plan and in each year of bonus assignment - of the persistence of the agency relationship remains valid.

Each payment related to the Plan is subject to prior verification of the compliance of the behavior at individual level. The bonus payment is subject to claw - back⁷⁴.

Risk adjustment

reduction is expected

For the purposes of the appropriate Plan correction for the Bank's Risk, the results of the annual CRO Dashboard assessments for the purposes of short-term incentive systems⁷⁵ will be taken into consideration for each year of the Plan's performance. The presence of several 'neutral' annual assessments or negative assessments will result in a proportional reduction of individual bonuses, as shown below:



⁷⁴ See paragraph 3.2.

performance years of the Plan, the defined thresholds will be updated accordingly

** Values aligned to those of the Group. In the event of more restrictive regulatory changes in the performance years of the Plan, the defined thresholds will be updated accordingly

⁷⁵ See paragraphs 5.3 and 5.5

Bonus payment

A maximum bonus target of equal amount has been defined for all the participants of the plan, in line with the provisions of the applicable regulatory provisions and the FinecoBank Compensation Policy.

Individual bonuses - in particular - confirm compliance with the maximum limits for the variable remuneration envisaged for the Plan Beneficiaries, also taking into account the short-term variable remuneration attributable to each year of performance.

The bonuses will be paid 40% in cash and 60% in Fineco shares, according to the payment scheme shown below:



- In 2021 the first installment of the total incentive will be paid in cash once verified the compliance at the individual level with rules and principles of conduct and behavior, considering the severity of any internal / external inspections (ie Audit, Consob and / or similar local authorities);
- in 2022-2025 the remaining amount of the total incentive will be paid in several installments in cash and shares; each individual tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor relating to the year of competence and to the verification of compliance by each beneficiary with rules and the principles of conduct and behavior.

As per regulations, there are periods of unavailability on the shares assigned equal to two years for the shares allocated upfront and one year for deferred shares.

The evaluation of the results and the conditions for the individual awarding of bonuses will be carried out by the Board of Directors, upon the proposal of the Remuneration Committee, according to the established governance⁷⁶.

The Board of Directors does not take into account, when deciding bonus, balance sheet extraordinary items which do not impact operational performance, regulatory capital and liquidity (e.g. goodwill impairment, extraordinary contributions to deposit guarantee schemes, etc.).

The maximum number of shares to be assigned with the third, fourth and fifth tranches of the bonus shall be defined in 2021, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing market price of Fineco ordinary shares during the month after the Board resolution that verifies the performance achievements in 2020.

The Plan provides for an expected impact on FinecoBank share capital of approximately 0.08%, assuming that all free shares for Financial Advisors have been assigned. The current overall dilution for all other outstanding FinecoBank equity-based plans both for Employees and Financial Advisors eguals 0.8% ca. However, the Plan does not have a proper dilution impact as the FinecoBank shares awarded are purchased on the market and are not generated through a free capital increase.

The beneficiaries cannot activate programs or agreements that specifically protect the value of unavailable financial instruments assigned within the incentive plans. Any form of coverage will be considered a violation of compliance rules and imply the consequences set out in the regulations, rules and procedures.

Moreover, following potential changes in current regulations and/or in relation to potential extraordinary and/or unpredictable contingencies which can impact the Group, the Company or the market in which it operates, the Board of Directors, having heard the opinion of Remuneration Committee, maintains the right to amend the system and relevant rules

⁷⁶ It is possible for the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors to increase bonuses up to 20% (within the maximum bonus provided by the Plan) or to correct them in negative without limits, in the presence of extraordinary conditions and taking into account elements such as for example behaviors with significant reputational impact. The 'positive' correction does not apply if the Group entry conditions are not reached, as described in this paragraph.

6. Compensation Data

6.1 2018 Compensation Outcomes

Employees

F١	iro	1	n	n	ı

Euro/ 000
Population
Chief Executive Officer and General Manager (CEO) *
Non-executives Directors**
Executives with strategic responsibilities***
Other Identified staff

No.	Fix
1	850
8	753
5	1.622
10	1.710

	2018	3 Varia	ble
Upf	ront	D	eferred
€	Shares	€	Shares****
170	-	255	425
•	-	·	
363	-	544	906
421	-	159	285
			-

De		riable from prev rcises****	ious
Vested	l in 2018	Unveste	ed
€	Shares	€	Shares
85	1.737	452	2.674
-	-	-	-
149	3.006	791	4.646
42	134	221	447

from previo	paid in 2018 ous exercises ****
€	Shares
226	2.394
-	-
396	4.167
478	279

Euro/ 000

Population	
Identified Staff belonging to business functions * Identified Staff belonging to support functions Identified Staff belonging to control functions	

		2018\	/ariable		Defe	rred variabl exerci		evious	Variable 2018	e paid in from
Fix	Upfr	ont	De	ferred	Veste	d in 2018	Unv	ested		exercises *
	€	Shares	€	Shares***	€	Shares	€	Shares	€	Shares
2.357	520	-	780	1.299	218	4.421	1.158	6.821	629	6.125
1.223	234	-	178	317	58	395	224	829	270	528
601	200	-	-	-	-	61	82	117	200	188

^{*10 %} of the amount of the CEO has been paid by UniCredit S.p.A.. Included also an Executive with strategic responsibilities whose the employment relationship termination occurred during the year

The vested component refers to cash and equity awards to which the right matured in 2018 as the performance conditions were achieved:

- -vested cash payments refer to 2017 Group Incentive System;
- -vested equity payments refer to 2014, 2015, 2016 Group Incentive System and to "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management".

The unvested component refer to cash and equity awards for which the right did not matured in 2018 and for which any potential future gain has not been yet realized and remains subject to future performance:

- -unvested cash payments refer to 2015, 2016 and 2017 Group Incentive System;
- -unvested equity payments refer to 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 Group Incentive System and "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management".

The value of the shares shown as 2018 variable and deferred variable from previous exercises is calculated considering:

-for 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 Group Incentive System and for "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management", the arithmetic mean of the official closing prices of Fineco ordinary shares from January 4th to February 4th, 2019;

^{* 10 %} of the amount has been paid by UniCredit S.p.A.

^{**} Included member employee of Unicredit Group. The fix amount of member employee of Unicredit Group has been defined In compliance with the in force policy "Policy in materia di struttura, composizione e remunerazione degli Organi Sociali delle Società di Gruppo".

^{***} Included an Executive with strategic responsibilities whose the employment relationship termination occurred during the year

 $^{{\}color{red}^{*****}}\,2018\text{-}2020\,LTI\,Plan\,is\,not\,included\,since\,it\,is\,long\text{-}term\,performance\,and\,it\,has\,not\,been\,evaluated$

^{*****} The shares amounts related to UniCredit Group Incentive System Plans are expressed with convertion rate and after Capital increase resolved on March, 13th 2017

^{**} The shares amounts related to UniCredit Group Incentive System Plans are expressed with convertion rate and after Capital increase resolved on March, 13th 2017

^{*** 2018-2020} LTI Plan is not included since it is long-term performance and it has not been evaluated

-for 2014 Group Incentive System based on UniCredit shares, the arithmetic mean of the official closing prices of UniCredit ordinary shares from January 22nd to February 22nd, 2019.

Variable paid in 2018 from previous exercises includes pay-outs based on demonstrated multi-year performance achievements related to Group Incentive Systems plans based on Fineco and UniCredit shares and to the "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management".

All stock options granted under existing Group LTI plans represent zero gain for the beneficiaries as long as the entry conditions will not allow the exercise.

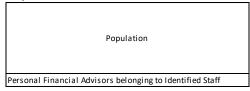
The Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and 4 Executives with strategic responsibilities (included an Executive with strategic responsibilities whose the employment relationship termination occurred during the year) for 2018 have been rewarded with more than 1 mln Euros.

In the end, it is underlined that in 2018 any non standard remuneration has been paid for the Identified Staff.

Severance defined in 2018 for an Identified Staff amounted to € 1.623.194.

Financial Advisor

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	2018 V	ariable	**	Defer	red variable exercise				ole paid in om previous
Upt	front	De	eferred	Vest	ed in 2018	ı	Unvested	exer	cises **
€	Shares	€***	Shares** *	€	Shares****	€	Shares****	€	Shares****
186	0	71	178	117	350	87	556	345	355

The vested component refers to cash, equity and phantom shares awards to which the right matured in 2018 as the performance conditions were achieved. In

- vested cash payments refer to 2015 Group Incentive System PFA and 2017 Group Incentive System PFA for Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network
- vested equity and phantom share payments refer to 2015 Group Incentive System PFA, 2016 Group Incentive System PFA and "2015-2017 Plan PFA" for Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network Identified Staff.

The unvested component refer to cash, equity and to Phantom shares to which the right did not matured in 2018 and for which any potential future gain has not been yet realized and remains subject to future performance. In particular:

- -the unvested cash payment refer to 2016 Group Incentive System PFA and to 2017 Group Incentive System PFA for Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network Identified Staff;
- -the unvested phantom shares refer to 2015 Group Incentive System PFA for Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network Identified Staff;
- -the unvested equity refer to 2016 Group Incentive System PFA, 2017 Group Incentive System PFA and to "2015-2017 Plan PFA" for Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network Identified Staff.

The value of the shares shows as 2018 variable is calculated considering the arithmetic mean of the official closing prices of Fineco ordinary shares from February 6th to March 6th 2019 The value of the shares / Phantom shares shown as deferred variable from previous exercises is calculated considering the arithmetic mean of the official closing prices of Fineco ordinary shares from January 4th to February 4th, 2019.

Variable paid in 2018 from previous exercises includes pay-outs based on actual performance achievements related to 2015 Group Incentive System PFA, to 2016 Group Incentive System PFA, 2017 Group Incentive System PFA and to "2015-2017 Plan PFA" for Financial Advisors and Managers of the Network Identified Staff.

^{*} Recurring remuneration (benefits and other compensations in kind included)
** Non-recurring remuneration

^{*** 2018-2020} LTI Plan is not included since it is long-term performance and it has not been evaluated

^{****}Equity and Phantom share

6.2 2018 Compensation Policy

Total compensation policy for non-Executive Directors, Identified Staff and for the overall employee population demonstrates in particular how:

- remuneration of the non-Executive Directors, as approved by the Shareholders' Meeting, does not include variable performance-related pay;
- Identified Staff are offered opportunities for variable compensation in line with their strategic role, regulatory requirements and our pay for performance culture;
- the general employee population is offered a balanced pay-mix in line with the role, scope and business or market context of reference.

COMPENSATION PAY-MIX

	COIVII EI197111	0111711 111171
	FIX AND OTHER NON - PERFORMANCE RELATED PAY	VARIABLE PERFORMANCE - RELATED PAY
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS		
Chairman and Vice Chairman	100%	0%
Directors	100%	0%
Statutory Auditors	100%	0%
OVERALL EMPLOYEE POPULATION	•	
Business areas	75%	25%
Support function	91%	9%
Overall Company	88%	12%

6.3 Benefit Data

Our employees enjoy welfare, healthcare and life balance benefits that supplement social security plans and minimum contractual requirements. These benefits are intended to provide substantial guarantees for the well-being of staff and their family members during their active careers as well as in retirement.

In Italy, among the complementary pension plans, there are defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans. In most cases, benefits are paied out once retirement requirements are satisfied: in the first ones the benefit's calculation is known in advance, while in defined contribution plans the benefit depends on allocated asset management results.

Complementary pension plans are external pension funds, legally autonomous from the Group. These plans are closed and do not allow new subscriptions, the only exception is represented by the defined contribution plan section of the "Fondo Pensione per il Personale delle Aziende del Gruppo UniCredit".

Within this section subscribers can distribute contribution, depending on their own risk appetite, among four investment lines (Insurance, Short, Medium and Long Term) characterized by different risk / yield ratios. In addition, always in this section, the enrolled employees may open complementary pension plan positions in favour of their family members dependent for tax purposes.





ANNEX 1

TO 2019 FINECOBANK COMPENSATION POLICY

INFORMATION TABLES PURSUANT ART. 84-QUATER "ANNUAL REPORT -SECTION II" OF THE REGULATION N° 11971 ISSUED BY COMMISSIONE NAZIONALE PER LE SOCIETÀ E LA BORSA (CONSOB)

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.

FinecoBank S.p.A. - Member of Unicredit



7.1 Disclosure as per section 84-quater of the Italian National Commission for Listed Companies (Consob) Issuers Regulation no.11971

A set of tables presents in the following pages the information that the Company is required to provide as per Section 84-quater of Consob's Issuers Regulation nr.

For a more detailed understanding of the methodological criteria underlying the information reported in the various tables, reference is made to Annex 3A of the said Consob Regulation.

Here below a brief information on the contents of the various tables is reported:

TABLE 1: Compensation paid to members of the Administrative and Auditing Bodies, to General Managers and to other Executives with strategic responsibilities

Provides, at an individual level and on an accrual basis, the details of the compensation paid to the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, to the members of the Board of Directors and of the Board of Statutory Auditors.

For the other 5 Executives with strategic responsibilities (included an Executive with strategic responsibilities whose the employment relationship termination occurred during the year) the information is provided on an aggregate basis.

The overall compensation paid by FinecoBank to the Board of Directors for 2018 amounts to Euro 1.864.064.

The overall compensation paid by FinecoBank to the Board of Statutory Auditors for 2018 amounts to Euro 185.823.

The "Fair value of equity compensation" (column 7) does not represent a value actually paid to/gained by the beneficiaries of equity plans, being instead the cost that the Company is booking - on an accrual basis and during the vesting period - in consideration of the provision of the incentives based on financial instruments. More details on such plans are provided at the following Table 2 and Table 3A.

TABLE 2: Stock Options assigned to the members of the Administrative Body, to General Managers and other Executives with strategic responsibilities

Nor the non-executive members of the Board of Directors, nor the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors benefit from any incentive plan, be it based on financial instruments or cash.

Only the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and the Executives with strategic responsibilities benefit from Stock Option/Performance Stock Options plans launched by UniCredit Group in the previous years.

At current prices, all stock options, for which it could be possible to exercise the right ("vested"), are largely underwater.

TABLE 3A: Incentive plans based on financial instruments other than stock options, in favour of members of the Administrative Body, General Managers and other Executives with strategic responsibilities

The table reports - additionally to the shares granted within medium and/or long term incentive and retention equity plans - also the number of shares promised and/or granted in connection with the deferral of the annual incentive systems.

TABLE 3B: Monetary Incentive Plans in Favour of Members of the Administrative Body, General Managers and other Executives with strategic responsibilities

Provides the details of all the cash incentives accrued during the year in favour of the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and of the other Executives with strategic responsibilities. Neither the non-executive members of the Board of Directors, nor the Statutory Auditors receive any variable compensation.

Information on the investments held by the members of the Administrative and Auditing Bodies, by General Managers and by other Executives with strategic responsibilities

Table 1 and Table 2, drafted in compliance with schedule 7-ter, provide the shareholding in FinecoBank held by the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, the other members of the Board of Directors, the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors and the other Executives with strategic responsibilities.

Consob Issuers Regulation nr. 11971 - Annex 3A / Schedule 7-bis

Continue to the continue to	Amounts in Euro	in Euro				IABLEL: Compensation paid to members of the administrative and auditing bodies, to general managers and to other executives with strategic responsibilities	to members or the ad	ministrative a	nd auditing bodie	s, to general manage	ers and to other ex	ecutives with strai	tegic responsibilit	es						
Part		(A)	(8)	(C)		(D)				(1)			(2)	(3)		(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Particular Par									Fixed cor	mpensation				Variable non compensi	-equity tion					Severance
	Name	and surname	Office	Period of which o		Office expiry		Attendance	Lump sum	Compensation for	- moloumou		Compensation for committee		_		Other	Total	Fair Value of equity	indemnity for end of office or termination of
Commont of the contract of t								tokens	re inbursements	sec. 23889 Italian Civil Code	fixed salary	Total	partedpation						compensation	employment
	Enrico Cot	tta Ramusino	Chairman of the Board of Directors	01/01/2018		approv. AR at 31/12/19	50.000	4.200	5.877	150.000		210.077						210.077		
State of the content of the conten			(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements			and the second section in	65.000	7.500	5.877	150.000	٠	228.377		•				228.377		
Controller Con			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates (III) Total				02009	7.500	5.877	150.000		228,377						228.377		•
Control Cont	Francesco	Saita	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors	01/01/2018		approv. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	3.900		000'05		93.900			l			93.900		
1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,			Chairman of Risk and Related Parties Committee	01/01/2018	/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	20.000	3.900				23.900						23.900		
1,11,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,111,1			Member of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee (I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements		/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	15.000	2.100		000 05		134.900				-		17.100		
1,11,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12,12			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates					8		0000										
	Alaceande	1	(III) Total Chint Eusenstiun Office of Canadal Managanatis	_		AB at 31/13/10	75.000	9.900		20,000	- 000 000	134.900		. 355,000	1			134,900	1 100 222	
Fection to the control description of the contro	MISSAIM	-	(i) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements	groz tro tro		appiov. An at 31/14/19		•		•	850.000	850.000		255,000	•	6.288	•	1.111.288	1.192.232	•
1,112,1213 approx. Act at 1,121,213 approx			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates									. !						. !		
Control Cont			(III) Total								850.000	820.000		255.000	•	6.288		1.111.288	1.192.232	
Control Cont	Manuela	D'Onofrio *	Member of the Board of Directors (I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements			approv. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	3.600 3.600				43.600				•		43.600		
OLIVIDIDIS SEPTION S			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates (III) Total				40.000	3,600				43.600						43.600		
100 (101/2018) 31/12/2018 3000v. Alta 131/29 2000 2300	Gianmaro	to Montanari	Member of the Board of Directors	01/01/2018		approv. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	3.900	5.197			49.097						49.097		
State of the property property by the financial statement 10/00/2013 3/12/2013 sprov. Akst 3/1			Member of Risk and Related Parties Committee	01/01/2018	/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	15.000	3.900				18.900						18.900		
Per centros de sont de			Charman of the remuneration committee (i) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements		/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	25.000	10.500	5.197			22.700						90.697		
Secretors Control of the control			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates				i	0												
Particular Par		the section of the second	(III) IOMI			000000	000.07	70.500	/STC			30.007						30.097		
Vercification of substitution of vercification of v	MariaChi.	iara Malaguti	Member of the Board of Directors (I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements	01/01/2018		approv. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	3.600	3.761	•	٠	47.361		•				47.361		
Company preparing the financial statement of monthly and statement of			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates				40,000	3.600	3.761			- 47.361						47.361		
the and Statishically Committee	Patrizia Al	dbano	Member of the Board of Directors		31/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	3.900	41			43.941						43.941		
The control of member of statements and statements of member of me			Member of the Appointments and Sustainability Committee	01/01/2018	31/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	15.000	2.100	٠			17.100						17.100		
rectors: 24/02/2018 31/12/201			(1) for a compensation in the company preparing the infancial statements (11) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates				000.88	nnr9	7			150.10						140.		
Percent Perc			(III) Total				25.000	6.000	41			61.041						61.041		
12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13	Elena Biff		Member of the Board of Directors	01/01/2018	/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	40,000	3.900				43.900						43.900		
the company preparing great framed statement and associates to statement and associates are associated as a supplication of the company preparing great framed statement and associated framed associated framed statement and associated framed framed associated framed framed associated framed			Member of the Remuneration Committee	01/01/2018	/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	15.000	3.000				18.000						18,000		
Section Sect			(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements				75.000	9.000				84.000						84.000		
Company Properties Company			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates				900	000				. 60						. 64		
18 communication communication communication composition communication composition composi	Maurizio	Santacroce	Member of the Board of Directors	01/01/2018	31/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	3.900				43.900			1	l		43.900		
the company preparing the financial statements \$5.000 7.800 .			Member of Risk and Related Parties Committee	01/01/2018	31/12/2018	approv. AR at 31/12/19	15.000	3.900				18.900						18,900		
builduries and absociates success to the complainment with the inforce policy Policy in matter a districtural, composations e remunerations degli Organi Social delle Social d			(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements		•		55.000	7.800	•	•		62.800	•	•		•		62.800	•	•
is amount of member employee of Unional Group has been defined in complaince with the in force policy. Policy in materia al structura, compositione e removeratione degli Organi Social delle Social del			(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates				25,000	7.800				- 2900			-			- 62.800		
the company preparing the financial statements absolute or 15/500 14677 1600 1460776 1600 1600776 1600 1600776 1600 1600	* Included	memberemployer	Liny rocks: te of Unicredit Group. The fix amount of member employee of Unicredit Gro	roup has been defin	ned In compliance	with the in force policy "Pol	cy in materia di struttu	ura, composizi	one e remunerazi	one degli Organi Soo	ciali delle Società									
(1) Total compensation in the company properties the financial steements (2) Companyation from total steements (3) Compa	**10% of t	the amount has be-	en paid by UniCredit S.p.A.																	
	ATOT		(f) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial statements (II) Componenting from subsidiaries and associates				480.000	27.900	14.876	200.000	850.000	1.602.776		255.000		6.288		1.864.064	1.192.232	
	ā	NRECTORS	(III) Total																	

Companie Amounts in curo			-	TACK. L. Compensation part to memors of the administrative and administrative with stategic esponsibilities.	id to members or o	200	ve and adding o	ones, to general ma	magers and to our	i executives with	suadear agains		ŀ						
Period of which office was been at 15 office ceptive received by the conjugated by the conjuga	(A)	(8)	(C)		(D)				(1)			(2)	(3)		(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)
Precided with ordine was held Critice each ordine was held Critice each ordine was held Critice with ordine was held Critical with ordine was held with with ordine was held with weaking Critical with with with weaking Critical with weaking Critical with weaking Critical was was held with weaking Critical with weaking Critical was								Fixedco	npensation				Variable non compensa	-equity tion					Severance
	Name and surname	Office	Period of which office w.		Office expiry	Emoluments resolved by the Shareholdes' Meeting	Attendance tokens	Lump sum expense reinbursements			Total	Compensation for committee partecipation	Bonuses and other incentives			Other	Total	Fair Value of equity compensation	office or termination of employment
	Elena Spagnol	Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors	H	2018	. AR at 31/12/19	20,000	006'6	3.151			63.051				6.077		69.128		
Cliffold Styte Styte Store S		(i) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial state	hements .			20.000	9.900	3.151	•		63.051		•		6.077	•	69.128		
G1/01/2018 31/11/2018 papron Administral/19/19 G1/000 E1/200 E1		(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates				0000	000				. 6						. 65		
A	Barbara Aloisi	Chardian Auditor	H	2010	AD a+ 31/13/10	90,000	9.300	307			60.031				2709		55.674		
C1/10/2018 31/11/2018 195700-Abt 31/11/2018 19	Dalibara Artora	Samuel Samuel	oroz tro t	0707	. AN 81 31/17/13	2000	10.200	60			161.00				100		1000		
CI (VI) (VI) (VI) S (VI) (VI) (VI) S (VI) (VI) (VI) S (VII) S (VII) (VII) S (VIII) S (VIIII) S (VIII) S (VIIII) S (VIII) S (VIIII) S (VIII)		(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial stat. (II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates	tements			40.000	10.200	397			50.597				6.077		56.674		
Control Cont		(III) Total				40.000	10.200	397	•		50.597	•	•	•	6.077	•	56.674		
A	Marziano Viozzi	Standing Auditor		2018	. AR at 31/12/19	40.000	9.300	4.645			53.945				720'9		60.021		
CIGUI/2018 31/11/2018 Species And 11/11/2018 Species And 11/11/		(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial state	ements			40.000	9.300	4.645	•		53.945	•	•		6.077	•	60.021		•
OLIVIZOUS 31/12/2018 Sprov. AR.H. 31/12/19 Alboo S.30 Al-66		(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates																	
All	(III) Total				40.000	9.300	4.645			53.945				6.077		60.021			
	Federica Bonato	Alternate Auditor	Т	2018	. AR at 31/12/19														
11/04/2018 31/12/2018 45prov. Afait31/12/19 15acon 25.400 8.19 167.59 167.59 167.59 167.50		(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial stat.	tements			•		•	•	•									
11/04/2018 31/12/2018 approv. Ash 11/12/2018 approv. Ash 11/12/		(II) Compensation from substituties and associates							٠										
18000 25.40 8.19 10.759 15.21 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 .	Gianfranco Consorti	Alternate Auditor	H	2018	. AR at 31/12/19														
Intervent 138.000 25.400 8.159		(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial state	ements						•				•			•			
Interment 15.000 25.400 8.159		(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates																	
18600 28.40 8.19		(III) Total						٠	•			٠							
130.000 25.400 8.159		(I) Total compensation in the company preparing the financial state	ements			130.000	29.400	8.193			167.598				18.231				
130000 25.400 8.159	TOTAL BOARD OF	(II) Compensation from subsidiaries and associates							•				•		•				
080).	STATUTORY AUDITORS	(III) Total				130.000	29.400	8.193			167.598				18.231	•		٠	
	*** To be considered as ex	xpense reimbursements "a piè di lista" and reimbursement per Km ed to the fringe benefit of the insurance policy Directors & Officers (Di	80).																
							Ī						****	ŀ			****		

Amounts in euro			TABLE 2: St	ock Option as	TABLE 2: Stock Option assigned to the Members of the Administrative Body, to General Managers and other Executives with Strategic Responsabilities	s of the Adn	ninistrative B	ody, to Gene	ral Managers a	nd other Execu	utives with Strategi	c Responsat	ilities				
			Opzions h	eld at the beg	Opzions held at the beginning of the year			Opzions ass	Opzions assigned during the year	he year		Options e	ercised du	Options exercised during the year			
(A)	(8)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(12)	(16)
Name and sumame	Office	Pian	Number of Options*	Exercise Price**	Period of Possible Exercise(from to)	Number of Options	Exercise	Period of Possible Exercise (from to)	Fair Value at Assignment Date	Assignment Date	Market Price of Underlying Shares upon Assignment of Options	Number of Options	Exercise Price	Market Price of Exercise Underlying Price Shares on Exercise Date	Options Lapsed during the year (Number)*	Options held at the end of the year (Number)*	Options held Options at the end of relevant to this the year year (Fair (Number)* Value)
Alessandro Foti	Chief Executive Officer/ General Manager																
(I) Compensation in the	I) Compensation in the Company preparing the Financial	LTI Unicredit - Plan			2102/20/60												
Statement		2008 Stock Options	7.738	117,019	09/07/2018										7.738		
(II) Compensation from	I) Compensation from Subsidiaries and Associates																
(III) Total			7.738												7.738		
Other Executives with S	Other Executives with Strategic Responsibilities																
	n. 2 Executives***	LTI Unicredit - Plan 2005 Stock Options	1.626	134,691	26/11/2009											1.626	
(I) Compensation in the Company preparing the Financial Statement	n. 2 Executives***	LTI Unicredit - Plan 2006 Stock Options	1.229	166,399	28/06/2010 31/12/2019											1.229	
	n. 5 Executives***	LTI Unicredit - Plan 2008 Stock Options	6.961	117,019	09/07/2012										6.961		
(II) Compensation from	I) Compensation from Subsidiaries and Associates																
(III) Total			9.816												196.9	2.855	
* The data is referred to	The data is referred to the number of Financial instruments underlying the notions assigned and have been adjusted because of the rapital one-ration resolved by InitCredit General Meeting on 29. April 2009 (script dividend) on 15. November 2013 on 16. December 2011 and on 12. January 2017	sunderlying the options	assigned and ha	ve he en adius	thed because of the can	ital operation	on resolved	v UniCredit	Peneral Meeti	Pon 29. April	2009 (script dividen	d) on 15 No	vember 20	109. on 16. Decer	mber 2011 and	on 12. Januar	v 2017.

Amounts in euro		I ABLE 3A: Incentive Plans based on	ed on tinancial instr	uments other than	stock options, in favou	ur of Members of	the Administrative	Body, General N	lanagers and ot	financial instruments other than stock options, in favour of Members of the Administrative Body, General Managers and other Executives with Strategic Responsibilities	tegic Responsibilities		
			Financial instrul during previous ye during t	Financial instruments assigned during previous years and not vested during the year		Financial instrum	Financial instruments assigned during the year	g the year		Financial instruments vested during the year and not assigned	Financial instruments vested during the ye ar and assignable	nts vested during assignable	Financial instruments relevant to the year
€	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Name and sumame	Office	Plan	Number and type of financial instruments	Vesting period	Number and type of financial instruments	Fair Value on assignment date	Vesting period	Assignment date	Market price upon assignment	Number and type of financial instruments	Numbe r and type of financial instruments	Value on maturity date	Fair Value
Alessandro Foti	Chief Executive Officer/ General												
In (I) Compensation in th Statement	Manager (I) Compensation in the Company preparing the Financial Statement	Unicredit shares - 2013 Group Incentive System*									2.401	40.663	
		Fineco shares - 2014 Group Incentive System									35.978	361.687	
		Fineco shares - 2015 Group Incentive System									24.404	245.333	
		Fineco shares - 2014 2017 Multy year Plan Top Management - 2^ tranche									179.894	H.	
		Fineco shares promised -2014 Group incentive System	53.968	50% 31.12.2018 50% 31.12.2019									38.440
		Fineco shares promised -2014 2017 Multy year Plan Top Management	275.728	44% 31.12.2018 56% 31.12.2019									314.222
		Fineco shares promised -2015 Group incentive System	36.606	34% 31.12.2017 33% 31.12.2018 33% 31.12.2019									32.081
		Fineco share promised - 2016 Group Incentive System	30.432	34% 31.12.2018 33% 31.12.2019 33% 31.12.2020						20.289			38.058
		Fineco share promised - 2017 Group Incentive System	26.313	34% 31.12.2019 33% 31.12.2020 33% 31.12.2021						17.543			38.228
		Fineco share promised - 2018 Group Incentive System			44.406	424.965	40% 31.12.2018 20% 31.12.2020 20% 31.12.2021 20% 31.12.2022	05/02/2019	9,57				236.583
		Fineco share promised - 2018- 20120 LTI Plan			258.096	2.549.988	40% 31.12.2020 60% 31.12.2023	08/05/2018	88′6				494,619
) Compensation from	II) Compensation from Subsidiaries and Associates												
(III) Total	(III) Total					2.974.954				37.832		2.394.454	1.192.232

Amounts in euro		TABLE 3A: Incentive Plans based on financial instruments other than stock options, in favour of Members of the Administrative Body, General Managers and other Executives with Strategic Responsibilities	ed on financial inst	uments other than	stock options, in favo	ur of Members of t	he Administrative	Body, General N	Aanagers and ot	her Executives with Strat	tegic Responsibilities		
			Financial instru during previous ye during 1	Financial instruments assigned during previous years and not vested during the year		Financial instrume	Financial instruments assigned during the year	g the year		Financial instruments vested during the year and not assigned	Financial instruments vested during the year and assignable	s vested during ssignable	Financial instruments relevant to the year
(4)	(B)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Name and surname	Office	Plan	Number and type of financial instruments	Vesting period	Number and type of financial instruments	Fair Value on assignment date	Vesting period	Assignment date	Market price upon assignment	Number and type of financial instruments	Number and type of financial instruments	Value on maturity date	Fair Value
Other Executives with	Other Executives with Strategic Responsibilities												
(I) Compensation in n. 5 Executives** the Company	n. 5 Executives**	Fineco shares - 2014 Group Incentive System									67.997	683.574	
Preparing the Financial Statement n. 5 Executives**	n. 5 Executives**	Fineco shares - 2015 Group Incentive System									42.632	428.579	
-	n. 5 Executives**	Fineco shares -2014 2017 Multy year Plan Top Management 2^ tranche									314.599	3.054.756	
-	n. 5 Executives**	Fineco shares promised -2014 Group incnetive System	87.448	50% 31.12.2018 50% 31.12.2019									62.288
	n. 5 Executives**	Finecoshares promised -2014 2017 Multy year Plan Top Management	482.675	44% 31.12.2018 56% 31.12.2019									550.060
	n. 5 Executives**	Fineco share promised - 2015 Group Incentive System	63.945	34% 31.12.2017 33% 31.12.2018 33% 31.12.2019									56.040
-	n. 5 Exe cutives**	Fineco share promised - 2016 Group Incentive System	53.268	34% 31.12.2018 33% 31.12.2019 33% 31.12.2020						35.515			66.616
-	n. 5 Executives**	Finecoshare promised - 2017 Group Incentive System	46.059	34% 31.12.2019 33% 31.12.2020 33% 31.12.2021						30.708			66.916
-	n. 4 Executives	Fineco share promised - 2018 Group Incentive System			94.722	4 906.490 2 2	40% 31.12.2018 20% 31.12.2020 20% 31.12.2021 20% 31.12.2022	05/02/2019	9,57				511.623
-	n. 4 Executives	Fineco share promised - 2018- 20120 LTI Plan			220.981	4 2.183.292 ² 2	40% 31.12.2020 20% 31.12.2021 20% 31.12.2022 20% 31.12.2023	08/05/2018	88'6				474.971
(II) Compensation fro.	(II) Compensation from Subsidiaries and Associates	-											
(III) Total						3.089.782				66.223		4.166.910	1.788.514

(A)	(B)	(1) (2) (3)		(2)			(3)		(4)
				Annual Bonus			Previous years Bonuses	nses	
			(A)	(B)	(c)	(4)	(B)	(0)	
Name and surname	Office	Plan	Payable / Paid	Deferred	Deferral period	Non longer payable	Payable / Paid	Still deferred	Other Bonuses
No.	Chief Executive Officer/								
		2018 Group Incentive System	170.000	255.000	33% 31.12.2019 255.000 67% 31.12.2023				
(I) Compensation in the	(I) Compensation in the Company preparing the	2017 Group Incentive System					85.000	170.000	
Financial	Financial Statement	2016 Group Incentive System						112.200	
		2015 Group Incentive System						170.000	
I) Compensation from Su	(II) Compensation from Subsidiaries and Associates								
(III) Total			170.000	255.000			85.000	452.200	
Other Executives with Strategic Responsabilities	ategic Responsabilities								
	n. 4 Executives	2018 Group Incentive System	362.632	543.948	33% 31.12.2019 543.948 67% 31.12.2023				
(I) Compensation in the	n. 5 Executives*	2017 Group Incentive System					148.798	297.594	
	n. 5 Executives*	2016 Group Incentive System						196.412	
	n. 5 Executives*	2016 Group Incentive System						297.000	
I) Compensation from Su	[II] Compensation from Subsidiaries and Associates								
III) Total			200 000	240 040			001	700 101	

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	TABLE 1: Investments of the Membe	ers of the Adminis	trative and Au	estments of the Members of the Administrative and Auditing Bodies and General Managers	neral Managers		
					Number of shares	f shares	
Name and surname	Office	Investee Company	Type of shares	Held at the end of 2017	Acquired*	Sold	Held at the end of 2018

BOARD OF DIRECTORS							
Enrico Cotta Ramusino	Chairman	FinecoBank Ord.	Ord.	65.000		65.000	1
Francesco Saita	Vice Chairman			-			-
Alessandro Foti	Chief Executive Officer / General Manager	FinecoBank Ord.	Ord.	123.330	240.276	123.828	239.778
Patrizia Albano	Director			-			-
Elena Biffi	Director			-			1
Manuela D'Onofrio	Director			-			1
Maria Chiara Malaguti	Director			-			1
Gianmarco Montanari	Director			-			-
	indirect ownership (spouse)	FinecoBank Ord.	Ord.	100			100
Maurizio Santacroce	Director			1			1

BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS	NITORS					
Elena Spagnol	Chairman of the Board Statutory Auditors	FinecoBank	Ord.	1		•
Barbara Aloisi	Standing Auditor			,		1
Marziano Viozzi	Standing Auditor			-		ı
Federica Bonato	Alternate Auditor			-		-
Gianfranco Consorti	Alternate Auditor			-		-

	TABLE 2: Investments of Other Executives with Strategic Responsibilities	r Executives wit	h Strategic Re	sponsibilities		
Number of Executives with		,		Numbe	Number of shares	
Strategic responsibilities	Investee Company	Type of shares	Held at the end of 2017	Acquired*	Sold	Held at the end of 2018
4	FinecoBank	Ord.	142.985	341.672	209.608	275.049

*including shares related to the assignments of Incentive Systems Plans



ANNEX 2

TO 2019 COMPENSATION POLICY FINECOBANK

2019 COMPENSATION SYSTEMS BASED ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR FINECOBANK STAFF

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.

FinecoBank S.p.A. - Member of Unicredit



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Annex 2 to 2019 Compensation policy

1. Introduction

Pursuant to the provision set forth in Article 114-bis of legislative decree no. 58 of February 24th, 1998 as well as to the provisions of the issuer adopted by Consob with resolution no. 11971 of May 14th, 1999 (the "Issuers Regulations") regarding the information to be disclosed to the market in relation to the granting of awarding plans based on financial instruments, the Board of Directors of FinecoBank (the "Board of Directors") prepared this information memorandum which will be reported to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank on April 10th, 2019 which is called to resolve, *inter alia*, upon the approval for 2019 of the following new incentives plans:

- "2019 Incentive System" defined in order to reward employees, belonging to Identified Staff, with an incentive payable in cash and/or free
 Fineco ordinary shares over a multi-year period, according to the modalities described below and subject to the achievement of specific
 performance objectives;
- "2019 Incentive System for Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff" defined in order to reward Financial Advisors, belonging
 to Identified Staff, with an incentive payable in cash and/or Fineco ordinary shares over a multi-year period, according to the modalities
 described below and subject to the achievement of specific performance objectives;

This Information Memorandum – prepared in compliance with Scheme 7 of Annex 3A to the Issuers Regulation – was also prepared for the purpose of giving information concerning the execution of the following "FinecoBank Compensation Systems" already approved by the Shareholders' Meetings of April 11th, 2018, April 11th, 2017, of April 12th, 2016, of April 23rd, 2015 and of June 5th, 2014, and defined in order to assign free shares to selected resources of FinecoBank, according to the modalities described below and subject to the achievement of specific performance objectives:

- 2018 Incentive System for Financial Advisors
- 2018 Incentive System
- 2018 2020 LTI plan for personal financial advisors "identified staff"
- 2018-2020 LTI plan for Finecobank employees
- 2017 Incentive System for Financial Advisors
- 2017 Incentive System
- 2016 Incentive System for Financial Advisors
- 2016 Incentive System
- 2015 Incentive System for Financial Advisors
- 2015 Incentive System
- 2014 Incentive System
- "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management"
- "2015-2017 Plan PFA"

Pursuant to the definition set forth in article 84-bis of the issuer regulations, the above mentioned incentive plans, in consideration of their beneficiaries, have the nature of "relevant plans".

Annex 2 to 2019 Compensation policy

2. 2019 Incentive System

In compliance with the Bank of Italy provisions set forth in Circular 285, December 17th, 2013 (Section "Regulations on remuneration and incentive policies and practices of Banks and Banking groups") – 25° Update of October, 26, 2018, First Part, Title IV, Chapter 2, implementing the Capital Requirements Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD IV) and in line with the guidelines issued by European Banking Authority (EBA), FinecoBank defined compensation systems based on financial instruments in order to align shareholders and management interests, reward long-term value creation, share price appreciation and motivate and retain key resources of FinecoBank. For this purpose it was proposed the adoption of the Plan "2019 Incentive System" (hereinafter also "2019 System"), which provides for the allocation of an incentive – in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares – to be granted in a multi-year period, subject to the achievement of specific performance objectives.

2.1 Beneficiaries of the plan

The employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the 2019 Incentive System are 13¹ Identified Staff whose activities have impacts on Bank's risks as specified in section 2.1.2.

On the basis of the criteria established by Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors will be delegated to identify the actual beneficiaries belonging to the categories described in this section 2.1.

2.1.1 Indication of the name of beneficiaries who are members of the Board of Directors of FinecoBank and of the companies directly or indirectly controlled by FinecoBank

Mr. Alessandro Foti, Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank, is among the beneficiaries of 2019 Incentive System.

2.1.2 The categories of employees or collaborators of FinecoBank and companies controlling or controlled by this issuer

The employees of FinecoBank that are defined as *Identified Staff* and benefit from the 2019 Incentive System are defined based on criteria provided by *European Banking Authority* (EBA) *Regulatory Technical Standards* issued on December 16th, 2013, as follows:

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and General Manager (GM), Deputy General Managers (DGM), Executive Vice Presidents (EVP), Senior Vice Presidents (SVP);
- Employees with total remuneration greater than € 500,000 in the last year;
- Employees included within 0,3% of staff with the highest remuneration at local level;
- Other selected roles (including new hires).

2.1.3 Individuals who benefit from the Plan belonging to the following groups:

a) General Manager of FinecoBank

Mr. Alessandro Foti, Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank, is among the beneficiaries of 2019 Incentive System.

b) other Executives with strategic responsibilities of FinecoBank not classed as "small", in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, if they have, during the course of the year, received total compensation (obtained by adding the monetary compensation to the financial instrument-based compensation) in excess of the highest total compensation assigned to the members of the Board of Directors or Management Board, and to the General Manager of FinecoBank

None of FinecoBank Executives with strategic responsibilities meet the description; therefore no information is provided in connection thereto.

¹ The total number of Identified Staff of FinecoBank is 14, including the CEO of Fineco Asset Management DAC, who is beneficiary of 2019 FAM Incentive System.

Annex 2 to 2019 Compensation policy

c) natural persons controlling FinecoBank, who are employee or collaborator of FinecoBank

No individual controls FinecoBank and, therefore, no information is provided in connection thereto.

- 2.1.4 Description and numerical indication, broken down according to category:
- a) Executives with strategic responsibilities other than those specified under lett. b) of paragraph 2.1.3

Amongst the beneficiaries of the 2019 Incentive System, along with the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, there are n. 4 executives of FinecoBank who have regular access to privileged information and are authorized to take resolutions capable of influencing the development and prospects of FinecoBank:

- the Deputy General Manager and Head of Global Banking Services, Mr. Fabio Milanesi
- the Deputy General Manager and Head of Global Business, Mr. Paolo Di Grazia
- the Head of Commercial PFA Network & Private Banking, Mr. Mauro Albanese
- the Chief Financial Officer, Mrs. Lorena Pelliciari
- b) in the case of "small" companies, in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, the indication for the aggregate of all Executives with strategic responsibilities of the financial instrument issuer

This provision is not applicable.

c) other categories of employees or collaborators for which different characteristics are envisaged for the plan (e.g. executives, middle management, employees etc.)

There are no classes of employees to which different characteristics of the 2019 Incentive System apply.

2.2 The reasons for the adoption of the plan

2.2.1 The targets which the parties intend to reach through the adoption of the plan

The 2019 Incentive System aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define - in the interest of all stakeholders - incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole.

The 2019 Incentive System is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the national and international regulatory requirements providing for:

- allocation of a variable incentive defined based on available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation, internal benchmark for specific roles and bonus cap as set by the Ordinary Shareholder's meeting;
- definition of a balanced structure of "upfront" (done at the moment of performance evaluation) and "deferred payments", in cash and in shares;
- distribution of share payments, coherently with the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods. In fact the payment structure defined requires a retention period on shares (of 1 year for upfront shares and of 1 year for deferred shares);
- risk-adjusted metrics in order to guarantee long-term sustainability with respect to Company's financial position and to ensure compliance with regulatory expectations;
- entry and malus condition of capital, liquidity and profitability at FinecoBank level and at Group level, specific individual compliance and clawback clauses are also provided.

2.2.2 Principal factors of variation and performance indexes taken into account for the assignment of plans based on financial instruments.

Individual bonuses will be allocated on the basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customer First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2020-2025) subject to continuous employment at each date of payment and as follows:

- in 2020 will be paid the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st installment") in cash and the first tranche share (considering the share price retention period), in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob and/or other local authorities);
- over the period 2021-2025 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or FinecoBank free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob and/or other local authorities);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

2.2.3 The factors assumed as basis for the determination of the compensation based upon financial instruments, or the criteria for the determination of the aforesaid compensation.

In 2019 Incentive System the link between profitability, risk and reward is assured by linking directly bonus pool with Company results (at Group and local level), cost of capital and risk profiles relevant for the Bank as stated in the *Risk Appetite Framework*.

At this stage, the 2019 Incentive System does not contain an exact indication of the value of free shares to be actually allocated to the beneficiaries, rather it merely fixes the maximum number of the free shares to be issued with reference to the Plan. In any case, are already established the criteria that the Board of Directors should follow, in the resolutions that after the Shareholders' Meeting approval will execute the Plan, to define the actual number of beneficiaries and the number of free shares to be granted.

The 2019 Incentive System provides that in 2020 will be formulated the promise to pay the incentive in cash and shares. The percentages of the payments in cash and shares are linked to the beneficiaries' categories as described in the following points of this document.

The final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters of the Group and of the Bank (entry and malus condition) and risk-reward alignment are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, by the Risk and Related Parties and defined by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank.

2.2.4 The reasons justifying the decision to assign compensation plans based on financial instruments not issued by FinecoBank, such as financial instruments issued by its subsidiaries, its parent companies or third parties; in the event the aforesaid financial instruments are not negotiated on regulated markets, the issuer shall provide information as to the criteria adopted for the calculation of the value attributable to such financial instruments

At this stage, the 2019 Incentive System does not contemplate the allocation of similar financial instruments.

2.2.5 The evaluations, with respect to the relevant tax and accounting implications, taken into account in the definition of the plans

The 2019 Incentive System definition was not influenced by significant tax or accounting consideration.

2.2.6 The indication as to whether the plan enjoys any support from the special fund for encouraging worker participation in the companies, as provided for under Article 4, paragraph 112, of Law December, 24 2003 n. 350

The 2019 Incentive System is not currently supported by the special fund for encouraging worker participation in the companies, as provided for under sect. 4, paragraph 112, of Law December 24, 2003 n. 350.

2.3 Procedure for the adoption of the plan and timeframe for the assignment

2.3.1 Powers delegated to the Board of Directors by the Shareholders' Meeting for the implementation of the plan

The Board of Directors, on January 10th, 2019, approved the proposal related to the 2019 Incentive System to be submitted to the General Shareholder's Meeting called on April 10th, 2019. Furthermore, the Board of Directors, in the same meeting, formulated the proposal to provide to the Board of Directors the delegation of power to carry out a free capital increase for the 2019 Incentive System, to be executed by 2024, with the possibility to submit to a future Shareholders' Meeting approval the proposal aimed at integrating this power to carry out a further capital increase for the 2019 Incentive System, in order to assign the last share instalment foreseen for 2025.

2.3.2 Indication of the individuals in charge of the management of the plan, their powers authority

"Human Resources" function of FinecoBank is in charge for the management of the 2019 Incentive System, as well as of the definition of the FinecoBank Compensation Policy.

2.3.3 Procedures for the amendment of the plans, if any, also in connection with potential variation of the original targets

No specific procedures for the amendment of the 2019 Incentive System are provided for, other than the power of attorney that is provided by the Shareholders' Meeting to the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, also separately, to possibly make changes to the 2019 System.

2.3.4 Description of the modalities for the determination of the availability and assignment of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan

The best solution identified to execute the 2019 Incentive System is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2443 of the Civil Code, the faculty to increase share capital as described in the Director's Report presented to the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting called for on April 10th, 2019 (in single call).

In force of this delegation, the Board of Directors could resolve:

- on one or more occasions for a maximum period of five years starting from the date of the Shareholders' resolution, to carry out a free capital increase, pursuant to Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of Euro 95.021,85(to be allocated in full to share capital at Euro 0.33 per share, corresponding to the nominal value per share), corresponding to up to 287,945 FinecoBank ordinary shares, to be granted to employees of FinecoBank. Such an increase in capital shall be carried out using the special reserve known as "Provisions Linked to the Medium-Term Incentive System for the staff of FinecoBank" set up for this purpose, which, if case, may be restored or increased via allocation of profits or a portion of available statutory reserves, formed from the distribution of company profits that shall be identified by the Board of Directors at the moment of share issuance;
- Related to section 2443 of Civil Code that provides that the Directors can exercise the right to carry out a free capital increase for a maximum period of five years starting from the date when the Shareholders' Meeting resolution providing the delegation of power was registered and therefore, until 2024, in order to assign the last share instalment provided for 2025 it will be necessary to submit to a future Shareholders' Meeting approval a proposal aimed at integrating the delegation of power already provided to the Board of Directors so that the implementation of 2019 System can be completed.

The number of shares to be allocated in the respective instalments (as described at paragraph 2.4.1.) shall be defined in 2020, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official market closing prices of Fineco ordinary shares during the month preceding the Board resolution that evaluates 2019 performance achievements. The allocation of a maximum number of 360,772 FinecoBank free ordinary shares is proposed, representing about 0,06% of FinecoBank share capital, of which a maximum n° of 36,077 FinecoBank ordinary shares for the possible hiring of *Identified Staff* from external market.

Over the period 2021-2025 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Fineco free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the *Zero Factor* for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob).

Distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

2.3.5 The influence exercised by each director in the determination of the characteristics of the plans; the potential conflict of interest which may trigger the obligation for the relevant director to abstain from exercising his vote in the relevant resolution

In the determination of the proposal submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors identified the essential characteristics of the 2019 Incentive System, unanimously approved, following the guidelines and criteria elaborated by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank.

Since the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank is among the potential beneficiaries of the 2019 Incentive System, he did not participated in the definition of the 2019 Incentive System.

2.3.6 The date on which the Board of Directors of FinecoBank resolved upon the assignment of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan

The Board of Directors, on January 10th, 2019 approved the proposal related to the 2019 Incentive System to be submitted to FinecoBank Shareholders' Meeting.

Furthermore, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 2.3.1, the Board of Directors will resolve in one or more occasions to allocate the financial instruments related to the 2019 Incentive System.

2.3.7 The date on which the Remuneration Committee resolved upon the Plan of FinecoBank

The Remuneration Committee on January 9th, 2019 positively resolved upon the criteria and the methodology elaborated for the definition of the 2019 Incentive System, sharing the reasons and motivations.

2.3.8 The market price of Fineco ordinary shares, on the dates mentioned in points 2.3.6 and 2.3.7

The market price of Fineco ordinary shares, registered on the date of Board of Directors approval of 2019 Incentive System proposal (January 10^{th} , 2019) and on the date of the positive opinion released by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank (January 9^{th} , 2019), resulted equal to $\in 9,36$ and equal to $\in 9,43$.

2.3.9 In which terms and modalities FinecoBank takes into account, in the determination of the timeframe for the assignment of the plans, of the possible time-coincidence between:

- i) such assignment or the decision, if any, adopted thereon by the Remuneration Committee, and
- ii) the dissemination of relevant information, if any, pursuant to sect. 114, paragraph 1 of Legislative Decree 58/98; for instance, in cases in which such information is:
- a. not already public and capable to positively affect the market quotation, or
- b. already published and capable to negatively affect the market quotation

In relation to the foregoing it is clarified that the resolution of the Board of Directors which approved the proposal to be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting, was communicated to the markets, in compliance with the current regulations. It is also clarified that analogous information to the market, if required, will be made available upon any other following resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the 2019 Incentive System.

The resolutions related to the incentive plans based on financial instruments are examined by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank in advance to provide for the positive opinion to the Corporate Bodies, the information to the market is given, if needed, after the relevant resolution of the Board of Directors.

2.4. The characteristics of the financial instruments assigned

2.4.1 Description of the compensation plan

Individual bonuses will be allocated on the basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customers First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

The final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters and risk-reward alignment will be reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and defined under the responsibility and governance of the Board of Directors.

The 2019 Incentive System provides that in 2020 the Board of Directors - once verified the achievement of the goals defined for 2019 - will define the percentage of payments in cash and shares established for each category of beneficiaries, as illustrated in the table below:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
CEO/GM and other roles provided by law with "significant amount" of total variable pay	20% cash	20% shares	12% cash	12% shares	12% shares	12% cash 12% shares
Other roles provided by law³ with not significant amount of total remuneration	25% cash	25% shares	10%cash	10% shares	10% shares	10% cash 10% shares
Other identified staff with significant amount ⁴ of total variable remuneration	20% cash	5% cash 20% shares	5% cash 15% shares	20% cash 15% shares	-	-
Other Identified Staff with non significant amount	30% cash	30% shares	10% shares	20% cash 10% shares	-	-

The number of shares to be allocated in the respective instalments shall be defined in 2019, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official market closing prices of Fineco ordinary shares during the month preceding the Board resolution that evaluates 2019 performance achievements. The maximum number of Fineco free ordinary shares to service the 2019 System is estimated at 360,772 representing about 0.06% of FinecoBank share capital, of which maximum n° of 36,077 Fineco ordinary shares for the possible hiring of *Identified Staff* from external market.

Pay-outs in shares comply with the applicable regulatory provisions in terms of holding period.

2.4.2 Indication of the time period for the implementation of the plan also indicating different cycles, if any, of its implementation

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2020-2025) in a balanced structure of upfront (following the moment of performance evaluation) and deferred payments, in cash and in shares, subject to what mentioned above and continuous employment at each date of payment. The free shares related to the 2019 Incentive System will be allocated by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (as shown in the table above) subject to the Board assessment in 2020 of the goal achievement set for 2019.

2.4.3 The termination date of the plan

The 2019 Incentive System will lapse by July 2025.

2.4.4 The overall maximum number of financial instruments, also in the form of options, assigned over any fiscal years with respect to the beneficiaries namely identified or identified by categories, as the case may be

The maximum number of Fineco free ordinary shares is estimated at 360.772, representing about 0.06% of FinecoBank share capital, of which maximum n° of 36.077 FinecoBank ordinary shares for the possible hiring of Identified Staff from external market.

² Le.Eur 430.000, equal to 25% of the total remuneration of the italian High Erarners according to the latest EBA report available (Benchmarking and high earners report). The threshold has been defined at Group level 3 Eg. For instance the first reporting line of Management Body (CEO) and responsible of main business areas

For the assignment of the last instalment of shares planned for 2025 it will be submitted to one of the future Shareholders' Meetings the proposed integration of the power of attorney, already provided to the Board of Directors, for capital increase to service the above mentioned 2019 System.

At this stage it is not possible to indicate the maximum number of free shares allocated in each fiscal year during the life of the 2019 Incentive System, since the actual definition will be done by the Board of Directors on the basis of the criteria approved by the Shareholders' Meeting.

2.4.5 The procedures and clauses for the implementation of the plan, specifying whether the assignment of the financial instruments is subject to the satisfaction of certain specific conditions and, in particular, to the achievement of specific results, including performance targets; a description of the aforesaid conditions and results

Bonus pool is defined as a percentage of the specific funding KPI (Net Operating Profit, net of Provisions for Risk and Charges, corresponding to Profit Before Tax) at local level, taking into consideration the "Entry Conditions" criteria assessment (based on forecasted results – risk-adjusted – both at Group and local level) and local risk assessment.

The Entry Conditions are the mechanism that determines the possible application of *malus* clause (*Zero Factor*) on the basis of performance indicators in terms of profitability, capital and liquidity defined at both Group and local level. In particular the bonus pool of 2019 will be zeroed, while previous systems deferrals could be reduced from 50% to 100% of their value, based on final effective results.

In order to align to regulatory requirements, in case both at Group and local level set KPIs are not met, a Zero Factor will apply to the *Identified Staff* population whereas for the rest of the population, a significant reduction will be applied. In case Zero Factor is not activated, bonus pool adjustments will be applied within respective ranges based on the assessment of local and Group performance and risk factors.

In case the Entry Conditions are not met at local level, but at Group level they are, a floor might be defined for retention purposes and in order to maintain the minimum pay levels needed to play in the market.

2.4.6 Indication of the restrictions on the availability of the financial instruments allocated under the plan or of the financial instruments relating to the exercise of the options, with particular reference to the time limits within which the subsequent transfer of the stocks to the issuer or third parties is permitted or prohibited

The 2019 Incentive System provides that the free FinecoBank ordinary shares that will be allocated will be freely transferable, considering the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods, as described in section 2.2.1.

2.4.7 Description of any condition subsequent to the plan in connection with the execution, by the beneficiaries, of hedging transactions aimed at preventing the effects of potential limits to the transfer of the financial instruments assigned there under, also in the form of options, as well as to the transfer of the financial instruments relating to the exercise of the aforesaid options

In accordance with national regulatory guidelines and the 2019 Compensation Policy, beneficiaries are required to undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their remuneration arrangements. Involvement in any form of hedging transaction shall be considered in breach of the Bank compliance policies and therefore the relevant rights under the plan shall automatically expire.

2.4.8 Description of the consequences deriving from the termination of the employment or working relationship

The 2019 Incentive System provides that the Board of Directors will have the faculty to identify, in the resolution that will execute the 2019 System, the termination of the beneficiary with the Bank, as cause for the expiring of the right to receive the free shares, coherently with the Plan rules.

2.4.9 The indication of any other provisions which may trigger the cancellation of the plan

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for any provision which may trigger its cancellation.

2.4.10 The reasons justifying the redemption, pursuant to sect. 2357 and followings of the Italian Civil Code, by FinecoBank, of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan; the beneficiaries of such redemption, indicating whether the same is limited only to certain categories of employees; the consequences of the termination of the employment relationship with respect to such redemption rights

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for the redemption by FinecoBank with reference to the free shares.

2.4.11 The loans or other special terms that may be granted for the purchase of stocks pursuant to sect. 2358, paragraph 3, of the Italian Civil Code

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for a loan or other special terms for the purchase of the shares.

2.4.12 The evaluation of the economic burden for FinecoBank at date of the assignment of the plan, as determined on the basis of the terms and conditions already defined, with respect to the aggregate overall amount as well as with respect to each financial instrument contemplated by the plan

The estimation of the overall cost expected by FinecoBank in relation to the 2019 Incentive System at the grant date of the free shares, was made on the basis of the IAS principles, considering the accounting assumptions on the probability to achieve the performance targets related to the allocation of the free shares.

On the basis of these estimations, the overall expected cost for FinecoBank (IAS cost) on the basis of the effective performance conditions met, could be equal to € 4.138.016 to be split in 6 years. Nevertheless, at this stage it is not possible to define the exact cost in each year of life of the 2019 Incentive System, since the definition of the actual incentive to be allocated is subject to the Board of Directors resolution.

2.4.13 The indication of any dilution on the corporate capital of the issuer resulting from the compensation plan, if any

The maximum impact of the 2019 Incentive System on FinecoBank share capital shall be approx. 0,06% in case of the potential allocation of all free shares to employees.

2.4.14 Any limitation to the voting and to the economic rights

At this stage, the 2019 Incentive System does not provide for any limitation to the voting or economic rights for the shares allocated.

2.4.15 In the event the stocks are not negotiated on a regulated market, any and all information necessary for a complete evaluation of the value attributable to them

The 2019 Incentive System provides only for the use of shares negotiated on regulated markets.

2.4.16 The number of financial instruments belonging to each option

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.17 The termination date of the options

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.18 The modalities, time limits and clauses for the exercise of the options

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.19 The strike price of the options or the criteria and modalities for its determination, with respect in particular to:

- a) the formula for the calculation of the exercise price in connection with the fair market value; and to
- b) the modalities for the calculation of the market price assumed as basis for the calculation of the exercise price

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.20 In case the strike price is different from the fair market value as determined pursuant to point 2.4.19.b, the indication of the reasons for such difference

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.21 The criteria justifying differences in the exercise prices between the relevant beneficiaries or class of beneficiaries

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.22 In the event the financial instruments underlying granted options are not negotiated on a regulated market, the indication of the value attributable to the same or of the criteria for its determination

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for options.

2.4.23 The criteria for the adjustments required in connection with any extraordinary transaction involving the corporate capital of the issuer as well as in connection with transaction triggering a variation in the number of the financial instruments underlying granted options

The 2019 Incentive System does not provide for adjustments applicable in connection with extraordinary transactions involving FinecoBank corporate capital (saving the provisions that the Board of Directors may define in the resolution in which the Board will exercise the delegation received from the Shareholders' Meeting).

3. 2019 incentive system for financial advisors belonging to identified staff (hereafter also "2019 incentive system pfa")

In compliance with the Bank of Italy provisions set forth in Circular 285, December 17th, 2013 (Section "Regulations on remuneration and incentive policies and practices of Banks and Banking groups") – 25° Update of October 26th, 2018, First Part, Title IV, Chapter 2, implementing the Capital Requirements Directive 2013/36/EU (CRD IV), FinecoBank defined compensation systems based on financial instruments in order to align shareholders and management interests, reward long-term value creation, share price appreciation and motivate and retain key resources of FinecoBank. For this purpose it was proposed the adoption of the Plan "2019 Incentive System for Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff", which provides for, to selected Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff, the allocation of an incentive – in cash and Fineco ordinary shares – to be granted in a multi-year period, subject to the achievement of specific objectives.

3.1 Beneficiaries of the plan

The total estimated number of beneficiaries of Financial Advisors of FinecoBank that benefit from the 2019 Incentive System PFA, as on the date of January 10th, 2019, is 10 *Identified Staff* whose activities have impacts on Bank's risks based on criteria provided by *European Banking Authority (EBA) Regulatory Technical Standards* issued on December 16th, 2013. In particular the following criteria were applied:

- Personal Financial Advisors with a total remuneration ("recurring" and "non-recurring") more than Euro 750,000 in the last year and with an impact on Bank risk profiles;
- Personal Financial Advisors Area Manager who coordinate a structure which is linked an overall portfolio equal to or more than 5% of total network assets and with an impact on Bank risk profiles.

3.1.1 Indication of the name of beneficiaries who are members of the Board of Directors of FinecoBank and of the companies directly or indirectly controlled by FinecoBank

There are no members of the Board of Directors that benefit from the 2019 Incentive System PFA; therefore this provision is not applicable.

3.1.2 The categories of employees or collaborators of FinecoBank and companies controlling or controlled by this issuer

There are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the 2019 Incentive System PFA; therefore this provision is not applicable.

- 3.1.3 Individuals who benefit from the Plan belonging to the following groups:
- a) General Manager of FinecoBank

Mr. Alessandro Foti, Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank, is not among the beneficiaries of 2019 Incentive System PFA.

b) other Executives with strategic responsibilities of FinecoBank not classed as "small", in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, if they have, during the course of the year, received total compensation (obtained by adding the monetary compensation to the financial instrument-based compensation) in excess of the highest total compensation assigned to the members of the Board of Directors or Management Board, and to the General Manager of FinecoBank

None of FinecoBank Executives meet the description; therefore this provision is not applicable.

c) natural persons controlling FinecoBank, who are employee or collaborator of FinecoBank

No individual controls FinecoBank and meet the description; therefore this provision is not applicable.

3.1.4 Description and numerical indication, broken down according to category:

a) Executives with strategic responsibilities other than those specified under lett. b) of paragraph 3.1.3

None of FinecoBank Executives meet the description; therefore this provision is not applicable.

b) in the case of "small" companies, in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, the indication for the aggregate of all Executives with strategic responsibilities of the financial instrument issuer

This provision is not applicable.

c) other categories of employees or collaborators for which different characteristics are envisaged for the plan (e.g. executives, middle management, employees etc.)

No classes of employees meet the description; therefore this provision is not applicable.

3.2 The reasons for the adoption of the plan

3.2.1 The targets which the parties intend to reach through the adoption of the plan

The 2019 Incentive System PFA aims to retain and motivate beneficiary Advisors in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole.

The 2019 Incentive System PFA is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the national and international regulatory requirements providing for:

- allocation of a variable incentive defined based on available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and bonus cap as set by the Ordinary Shareholder's meeting;
- definition of a balanced structure of "upfront" (done at the moment of performance evaluation) and "deferred payments", in cash and in FinecoBank ordinary shares;
- distribution of Fineco share payments, coherently with the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods. In fact the payment structure defined requires a retention period on Fineco shares (of 1 years for upfront shares and of 1 year for deferred shares);
- risk-adjusted metrics in order to guarantee long-term sustainability with respect to Company's financial position and to ensure compliance with regulatory expectations;
- entry and malus condition of capital, liquidity and profitability at FinecoBank level and at Group level, specific individual compliance and clawback clauses are also provided.

3.2.2 Principal factors of variation and performance indexes taken into account for the assignment of plans based on financial instruments

Individual bonuses will be allocated based on available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Total incentive pay-out as defined will be made over a multi-year period (2020-2023), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:

- in 2020 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);

- over the period 2021-2023 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares;
 each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance
 breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

3.2.3 The factors assumed as basis for the determination of the compensation based upon financial instruments, or the criteria for the determination of the aforesaid compensation

In 2019 Incentive System PFA the link between profitability, risk and reward is assured by linking directly bonus pool with Company results (at Group and local level), cost of capital and risk profiles relevant for the Bank as stated in the *Risk Appetite Framework*.

At this stage, the 2019 Incentive System PFA does not contain an exact indication of the value of free shares to be actually allocated to the beneficiaries, rather it merely fixes the maximum number of the free shares to be issued with reference to the Plan. In any case, are already established the criteria that the Board of Directors should follow, in the resolutions that after the Shareholders' Meeting approval will execute the Plan, to define the actual number of beneficiaries and the number of free shares to be granted.

The 2019 Incentive System PFA provides that in 2020 will be formulated the promise to pay the incentive in cash and shares.

The final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters of the Group and of the Bank (entry and malus condition) and risk-reward alignment are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, by the Risk and Related Parties and defined by the Board of Directors of FinecoBank.

3.2.4 The reasons justifying the decision to assign compensation plans based on financial instruments not issued by FinecoBank, such as financial instruments issued by its subsidiaries, its parent companies or third parties; in the event the aforesaid financial instruments are not negotiated on regulated markets, the issuer shall provide information as to the criteria adopted for the calculation of the value attributable to such financial instruments

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not contemplate the allocation of similar financial instruments.

3.2.5 The evaluations, with respect to the relevant tax and accounting implications, taken into account in the definition of the plans

The 2019 Incentive System PFA definition was not influenced by significant tax or accounting consideration.

3.2.6 The indication as to whether the plan enjoys any support from the special fund for encouraging worker participation in the companies, as provided for under Article 4, paragraph 112, of Law December, 24 2003 n. 350

The 2019 Incentive System PFA is not currently supported by the special fund for encouraging worker participation in the companies, as provided for under sect. 4, paragraph 112, of Law December 24, 2003 n. 350.

3.3 Procedure for the adoption of the plan and timeframe for the assignment

3.3.1 Powers delegated to the Board of Directors by the Shareholders' Meeting for the implementation of the plan

The Board of Directors, on January 10th, 2019, approved the proposal related to the 2019 Incentive System PFA to be submitted to the General Shareholder's Meeting called on April 10th, 2019. Furthermore, the Board of Directors, in the same meeting, formulated the proposal to provide the delegation of power to purchase and to dispose of treasury shares, after having received the necessary authorization of the Regulator.

3.3.2 Indication of the individuals in charge of the management of the plan, their powers authority

"Human Resources" function and "Network Controls, Monitoring and Service Department" function of FinecoBank are in charge for the management of the 2019 Incentive System PFA, as well as of the definition of the FinecoBank Compensation Policy for Financial Advisors.

3.3.3 Procedures for the amendment of the plans, if any, also in connection with potential variation of the original targets

No specific procedures for the amendment of the 2019 Incentive System PFA are provided for, other than the power of attorney that is provided by the Shareholders' Meeting to the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, also separately, to possibly make changes to the 2019 Incentive System PFA.

3.3.4 Description of the modalities for the determination of the availability and assignment of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan

To execute the 2019 Incentive System PFA, in 2020 the Board of Directors will define the number of shares to assign for the 2nd, 3rd and 4th instalments (as described in paragraph 4.4.1), taking into consideration the arithmetic mean of the official closing price of the shares on each trading day at the electronic stock market organised and managed by Borsa Italiana S.p.A. on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing price of FinecoBank ordinary shares during the month following the Board resolution that verifies 2019 performance achievements.

The maximum number of Fineco free ordinary shares is estimated at 179.534, representing about 0,03% of FinecoBank share capital that will be purchased from the market, after having received the necessary authorization of the Regulator.

Over the period 2021-2023 each instalments of shares assigned will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities).

Distribution of shares payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of retention periods.

3.3.5 The influence exercised by each director in the determination of the characteristics of the plans; the potential conflict of interest which may trigger the obligation for the relevant director to abstain from exercising his vote in the relevant resolution

In the determination of the proposal submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors identified the essential characteristics of the 2019 Incentive System PFA, unanimously approved, following the guidelines and criteria elaborated by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank.

Since the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank is not among the potential beneficiaries of the 2019 Incentive System PFA, he participated in the definition of the 2019 Incentive System PFA.

3.3.6 The date on which the Board of Directors of FinecoBank resolved upon the assignment of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan

The Board of Directors, on January 10th, 2019 approved the proposal related to the 2019 Incentive System PFA to be submitted to FinecoBank Shareholders' Meeting.

3.3.7 The date on which the Remuneration Committee resolved upon the Plan of FinecoBank

The Remuneration Committee on January 9th, 2019 positively resolved upon the criteria and the methodology elaborated for the definition of the 2019 Incentive System PFA, sharing the reasons and motivations thereof.

3.3.8 The market price of Fineco ordinary shares, on the dates mentioned in points 3.3.6 e 3.3.7

The market price of FinecoBank ordinary shares, registered on the date of Board of Directors approval of 2019 Incentive System PFA proposal (January 10^{th} , 2019) and on the date of the decision made by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank (January 9^{th} , 2019), resulted equal to \in 9,36 and equal to \in 9,43.

3.3.9 In which terms and modalities FinecoBank takes into account, in the determination of the timeframe for the assignment of the plans, of the possible time-coincidence between:

- i) such assignment or the decision, if any, adopted thereon by the Remuneration Committee, and
- ii) the dissemination of relevant information, if any, pursuant to sect. 114, paragraph 1 of Legislative Decree 58/98; for instance, in cases in which such information is:
- a. not already public and capable to positively affect the market quotation, or

b. already published and capable to negatively affect the market quotation

In relation to the foregoing it is clarified that the resolution of the Board of Directors which approved the proposal to be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting, was communicated to the markets, in compliance with the current regulations. It is also clarified that analogous information to the market, if required, will be made available upon any other following resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the 2019 Incentive System PFA.

The resolutions related to the incentive plans based on financial instruments are examined by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank in advance to provide for the positive opinion to the Corporate Bodies, the information to the market is given, if needed, after the relevant resolution of the Board of Directors.

3.4. The characteristics of the financial instruments assigned

3.4.1 Description of the compensation plan

Individual bonuses will be allocated based on available bonus pool and individual performance evaluation.

The final evaluation of sustainable performance parameters and risk-reward alignment will be reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and by the Risks and Related parties Committee and defined under the responsibility and governance of the Board of Directors.

The 2019 Incentive System PFA provides that in 2020 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the goals defined for 2019 – will define the payments in cash and shares, as illustrated in the table below:

	2020	2021	2022	2023
Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff with significant amount of total variable remuneration	20% cash	5% cash 20% shares	5% cash 15% shares	120% cash 15% shares
Other Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff with significant amount of total variable remuneration	30% cash	30% shares	10% shares	20% cash 10% shares

The number of ordinary shares to be allocated with the second, the third and the fourth instalments will be defined in 2020, on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the official closing price of FinecoBank ordinary shares during the month following the Board resolution that verifies 2019 performance achievements.

The maximum number of Fineco free ordinary shares is estimated at 179.534, representing about 0,03% of FinecoBank share capital.

Pay-outs in shares comply with the applicable regulatory provisions in terms of holding period.

3.4.2 Indication of the time period for the implementation of the plan also indicating different cycles, if any, of its implementation

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2020-2023) in a balanced structure of upfront (following the moment of performance evaluation) and deferred payments, in cash and in shares, subject to what mentioned above and continuous employment at each date of payment. Shares related to the 2019 Incentive System PFA will be allocated by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (as shown in the table above) subject to the Board assessment in 2020 of the goal achievement set for 2019.

3.4.3 The termination date of the plan

The 2019 Incentive System PFA will lapse by July 2023.

3.4.4 The overall maximum number of financial instruments, also in the form of options, assigned over any fiscal years with respect to the beneficiaries namely identified or identified by categories, as the case may be

The maximum number of FinecoBank free ordinary shares is estimated at 179.534, representing about 0,03% of FinecoBank share capital.

At this stage it is not possible to indicate the maximum number of shares allocated in each fiscal year during the life of the 2019 Incentive System PFA, since the actual definition will be done by the Board of Directors on the basis of the criteria approved by the Shareholders' Meeting.

3.4.5 The procedures and clauses for the implementation of the plan, specifying whether the assignment of the financial instruments is subject to the satisfaction of certain specific conditions and, in particular, to the achievement of specific results, including performance targets; a description of the aforesaid conditions and results

Bonus pool is defined as a percentage of the specific funding KPI (Net Operating Profit, net of Provisions for Risk and Charges, corresponding to Profit Before Tax) at local level, taking into consideration the "Entry Conditions" criteria assessment (based on forecasted results – risk-adjusted – both at Group and local level) e and local risk and performance assessment.

The Entry Conditions are the mechanism that determines the possible application of *malus* clause (*Zero Factor*) on the basis of performance indicators in terms of capital and liquidity defined at both Group and local level (at local level also profitability will be considered). In particular the bonus pool of 2019 will be zeroed.

In order to align to regulatory requirements, in case both at Group and local level set KPIs are not met, a Zero Factor will apply to the *Identified Staff* population whereas for the rest of the population, a significant reduction will be applied. In case Zero Factor is not activated, bonus pool adjustments will be applied within respective ranges based on the assessment of local and Group performance and risk factors.

In case the Entry Conditions are not met at local level, but at Group level they are, a floor might be defined for retention purposes and in order to maintain the minimum pay levels needed to play in the market.

3.4.6 Indication of the restrictions on the availability of the financial instruments allocated under the plan or of the financial instruments relating to the exercise of the options, with particular reference to the time limits within which the subsequent transfer of the stocks to the issuer or third parties is permitted or prohibited

The 2019 Incentive System PFA provides that the FinecoBank ordinary shares that will be allocated will be freely transferable, considering the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods, as described in section 3.2.1.

3.4.7 Description of any condition subsequent to the plan in connection with the execution, by the beneficiaries, of hedging transactions aimed at preventing the effects of potential limits to the transfer of the financial instruments assigned there under, also in the form of options, as well as to the transfer of the financial instruments relating to the exercise of the aforesaid options

In accordance with national regulatory guidelines and the 2019 Compensation Policy, beneficiaries are required to undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their remuneration arrangements.

3.4.8 Description of the consequences deriving from the termination of the employment or working relationship

The 2019 Incentive System PFA provides that the Board of Directors will have the faculty to identify, in the resolution that will execute the 2019 plan, the termination of the agency relationship of beneficiary with the Bank, as cause for the expiring of the right to receive the shares, coherently with the Plan rules.

3.4.9 The indication of any other provisions which may trigger the cancellation of the plan

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for any provision which may trigger its cancellation.

3.4.10 The reasons justifying the redemption, pursuant to sect. 2357 and followings of the Italian Civil Code, by FinecoBank, of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan; the beneficiaries of such redemption, indicating whether the same is limited only to certain categories of employees; the consequences of the termination of the employment relationship with respect to such redemption rights

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for the redemption by FinecoBank.

3.4.11 The loans or other special terms that may be granted for the purchase of stocks pursuant to sect. 2358, paragraph 3, of the Italian Civil Code

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for a loan or other special terms for the purchase of the shares.

3.4.12 The evaluation of the economic burden for FinecoBank at date of the assignment of the plan, as determined on the basis of the terms and conditions already defined, with respect to the aggregate overall amount as well as with respect to each financial instrument contemplated by the plan

The estimation of the overall cost expected by FinecoBank in relation to the 2019 Incentive System PFA at the grant date of the shares, was made on the basis of the IAS principles, considering the accounting assumptions on the probability to achieve the performance targets related to the allocation of the shares.

On the basis of these estimations, the overall expected cost for FinecoBank (IAS cost) on the basis of the effective performance conditions met, could be equal to € 2.000.000 to be split in 4 years. Nevertheless, at this stage it is not possible to define the exact cost in each year of life of the 2019 Incentive System PFA, since the definition of the actual incentive to be allocated is subject to the Board of Directors resolution.

3.4.13 The indication of any dilution on the corporate capital of the issuer resulting from the compensation plan, if any

Considering that the shares for 2019 Incentive System PFA will be purchased from the market, impact on FinecoBank share capital is not foreseen.

3.4.14 Any limitation to the voting and to the economic rights

At this stage, the 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for any limitation to the voting or economic rights for the shares allocated.

3.4.15 In the event the stocks are not negotiated on a regulated market, any and all information necessary for a complete evaluation of the value attributable to them

The 2019 Incentive System PFA provides only for the use of FinecoBank ordinary shares negotiated on regulated markets.

3.4.16 The number of financial instruments belonging to each option

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.17 The termination date of the options

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.18 The modalities, time limits and clauses for the exercise of the options

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.19 The strike price of the options or the criteria and modalities for its determination, with respect in particular to:

- a) the formula for the calculation of the exercise price in connection with the fair market value, and to
- b) the modalities for the calculation of the market price assumed as basis for the calculation of the exercise price

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.20 In case the strike price is different from the fair market value as determined pursuant to point 3.4.19.b, the indication of the reasons for such difference

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.21 The criteria justifying differences in the exercise prices between the relevant beneficiaries or class of beneficiaries

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.22 In the event the financial instruments underlying granted options are not negotiated on a regulated market, the indication of the value attributable to the same or of the criteria for its determination

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for options.

3.4.23 The criteria for the adjustments required in connection with any extraordinary transaction involving the corporate capital of the issuer as well as in connection with transaction triggering a variation in the number of the financial instruments underlying granted options

The 2019 Incentive System PFA does not provide for adjustments applicable in connection with extraordinary transactions involving FinecoBank corporate capital (saving the provisions that the Board of Directors may define in the resolution in which the Board will exercise the delegation received from the Shareholders' Meeting).

4. Execution of "finecobank compensation systems"

4.1 Beneficiaries of the plan

With reference to the Board of Directors' resolutions of:

- February 5th, 2019
- January 10th, 2018 and May 8th, 2018
- February 6th, 2018
- February 7th, 2017
- February 8th, 2016
- February 9th, 2015

for the execution of 2018 Incentive System PFA, of 2018 Incentive System, of LTI Plan 2018 – 2020 LTI plan for personal financial advisors "identified staff", of 2018-2020 LTI plan for Finecobank employees, of 2017 Incentive System PFA, of 2017 Incentive System, of 2016 Incentive System, of 2016 Incentive System, of 2016 Incentive System, of 2016 Incentive System, of "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" and of "2015-2017 Plan PFA" (hereinafter "FinecoBank Compensation Systems"), approved by the Shareholders' Meetings of April 11th, 2018, of April 11th, 2017, of April 12th, 2016, of April 23rd, 2015 and of June 5th, 2014,

were identified the following beneficiaries for the respective plans:

- 2018 Incentive System PFA, foresees an incentive payable in cash and/or ordinary shares for the Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 5 years (2019-2023), after the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);
- 2018 Incentive System, distinguished in two different plans depending on the category of beneficiaries, foresees an incentive payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares for the employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 6 years (2019-2024), after the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);
- **2018-2020** Long Term Incentive Plan for Personal Financial Advisors belonging to Identified Staff", which provides for Personal Financial Advisors that will be identified as "identified Staff" in the 2020 performance year, the allocation of an incentive in cash and Fineco ordinary shares to be granted in a multi-year period, subject to the achievement of specific performance objectives;
- 2018-2020 LTI plan for Finecobank employees which provides for the allocation of an incentive in free FinecoBank ordinary shares to be granted in a multi-year period, subject to the achievement of specific performance objectives for "key" roles in the Bank's organization, including the Managers with Strategic Responsibilities;
- 2017 Incentive System PFA, foresees an incentive payable in cash and/or Phantom shares for the Financial Advisors Identified Staff
 of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 5 years (2018-2022), after the verification of the achievement of specific performance
 goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);
- 2017 Incentive System, distinguished in two different plans depending on the category of beneficiaries, foresees an incentive payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares for the employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 6 years (2018-2023), after the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);

- 2016 Incentive System PFA, foresees an incentive payable in cash and/or Phantom shares for the Financial Advisors Identified Staff of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 5 years (2017-2021), after the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);
- 2016 Incentive System, distinguished in two different plans depending on the category of beneficiaries, foresees an incentive payable in cash
 and/or free Fineco ordinary shares for the employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 6 years (2017-2022), after
 the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no
 compliance breach);
- 2015 Incentive System PFA, foresees an incentive payable in cash and/or Phantom shares for the Financial Advisors Identified Staff of
 FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 5 years (2016-2020), after the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of
 entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);
- 2015 Incentive System, distinguished in two different plans depending on the category of beneficiaries, foresees an incentive payable in cash
 and/or free Fineco ordinary shares for the employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 6 years (2016-2021), after
 the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no
 compliance breach);
- 2014 Incentive System, distinguished in two different plans depending on the category of beneficiaries, foresees an incentive payable in cash
 and/or free Fineco ordinary shares for the employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank over a multi-year period of maximum 6 years (2015-2020), after
 the verification of the achievement of specific performance goals, of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no
 compliance breach);
- "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management", foresees an incentive linked to FinecoBank IPO payable in free Fineco ordinary shares, for the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager and for the Executives with strategic responsibilities of FinecoBank over a multi-year period (2017-2020) subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions. This plan foresees, inter alia, that the assignment of the 1st instalment of shares promised in 2014 will be done in 2017, the other instalments will be done in 2018, in 2019 and in 2020 respectively, after the verification of the achievement of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach);
- "2015-2017 Plan PFA, foresees to determine an amount to be granted over a multi-year period (2018-2020) through the assignment of ordinary shares to Managers of the Network and Financial Advisors of FinecoBank that, during the performance years of the Plan, met specific performance goals. This plan foresees, inter alia, that the amount and the shares' calculation will be done in 2018 and that the assignment of the bonus will be done in three instalments in 2018, 2019 and 2020, after the verification of the achievement of specific performance goal, of the entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach).

4.1.1 Indication of the name of beneficiaries who are members of the Board of Directors of FinecoBank and of the companies directly or indirectly controlled by FinecoBank

Mr. Alessandro Foti, Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank, is among the beneficiaries of 2018 Incentive System, of 2018-2020 LTI Plan, of 2017 Incentive System, of 2016 Incentive System, of 2015 Incentive System, of 2014 Incentive System and of "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management".

The Chief Executive Officer of FAM DAC is among the beneficiaries of 2018 Incentive System and of 2018-2020 LTI Plan.

4.1.2 The categories of employees or collaborators of FinecoBank and companies controlling or controlled by this issuer

The employees of FinecoBank that benefit from FinecoBank Compensation Systems (along with the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank) are:

For the 2018 Incentive System:

- the Deputy General Managers, the other Executives with strategic responsibilities and the other Identified Staff 2018 of FinecoBank

for the 2018-2020 LTI Plan:

-the Deputy General Managers, the other Executives with strategic responsibilities, the other Identified Staff 2018 of FinecoBank and the "key" roles in the Bank's organization,

for the 2017 Incentive System:

- the Deputy General Managers, the other Executives with strategic responsibilities and the other Identified Staff 2017 of FinecoBank

for the 2016 Incentive System:

- the Deputy General Managers, the other Executives with strategic responsibilities and the other Identified Staff 2016 of FinecoBank

for the 2015 Incentive System:

- the Deputy General Managers, the other Executives with strategic responsibilities and the other Identified Staff 2015 of FinecoBank

for the 2014 Incentive System:

- the Deputy General Managers, the other Executives with strategic responsibilities and the other Identified Staff 2014 of FinecoBank

for the plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management":

- the Deputy General Managers and the other Executives with strategic responsibilities of FinecoBank;

for **2018 Incentive System PFA** there are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the plan. It is highlighted that the beneficiaries are 1 Financial Advisor, 1 Group Manager and 5 Area Managers belonging to Financial Advisors Identified Staff 2018 of FinecoBank;

for LTI 2018-2020 PFA there are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the plan. It is highlighted that the beneficiaries will be the Personal financial advisor that will be identified as "Identified Staff" in the 2020 performance year,

for **2017 Incentive System PFA** there are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the plan. It is highlighted that the beneficiaries are 1 Financial Advisor, 1 Group Manager and 5 Area Managers belonging to Financial Advisors Identified Staff 2017 of FinecoBank;

for **2016 Incentive System PFA** there are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the plan. It is highlighted that the beneficiaries are 4 Financial Advisors, 2 Group Manager and 4 Area Managers belonging to Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* 2016 of FinecoBank;

for **2015 Incentive System PFA** there are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the plan. It is highlighted that the beneficiaries are 1 Group Manager and 4 Area Managers belonging to Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* 2015 of FinecoBank;

for the plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA" there are no employees of FinecoBank that benefit from the plan. It is highlighted that the beneficiaries are 834 Financial Advisors, 68 Group Manager and 19 Area Managers.

4.1.3 Individuals who benefit from the Plan belonging to the following groups:

a) General Manager of FinecoBank

Mr. Alessandro Foti, Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank, is among the beneficiaries of 2018 Incentive System, of 2018-2020 LTI Plan, of 2017 Incentive System, of 2016 Incentive System, of 2015 Incentive System, of 2014 Incentive System and of the plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management".

b) other Executives with strategic responsibilities of FinecoBank not classed as "small", in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, if they have, during the course of the year, received total compensation (obtained by adding the monetary compensation to the financial instrument-based compensation) in excess of the highest total compensation assigned to the members of the Board of Directors or Management Board, and to the General Manager of FinecoBank

None of FinecoBank Executives meet the description; therefore this provision is not applicable.

c) natural persons controlling FinecoBank, who are employee or collaborator of FinecoBank

No individual controls FinecoBank and, therefore, this provision is not applicable.

4.1.4 Description and numerical indication, broken down according to category:

a) Executives with strategic responsibilities other than those specified under lett. B) of paragraph 4.1.3

Amongst the beneficiaries of FinecoBank Compensation Systems, along with the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, there are n. 4 executives of FinecoBank who have regular access to privileged information and are authorized to take resolutions capable of influencing the development and prospects of FinecoBank.

Benefit from the 2018 Incentive System, from the 2018-2020 LTI Plan, from the 2017 Incentive System, from the 2016 Incentive System, from the 2014 Incentive System and from the plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management":

- 1. the Deputy General Manager and Head of Global Banking Services, Mr. Fabio Milanesi
- 2. the Deputy General Manager and Head of Global Business, Mr. Paolo Di Grazia
- 3. the Head of Commercial PFA Network & Private Banking, Mr. Mauro Albanese
- 4. the Chief Financial Officer, Mrs. Lorena Pelliciari

Regarding the 2018 Incentive System PFA, the 2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan, the 2017 Incentive System PFA, the 2016 Incentive System PFA, the 2015 Incentive System PFA and the "2015-2017 Plan PFA" there are no beneficiaries among the Executives with strategic responsibilities.

b) in the case of "small" companies, in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, the indication for the aggregate of all Executives with strategic responsibilities of the financial instrument issuer

This provision is not applicable.

 other categories of employees or collaborators for which different characteristics are envisaged for the plan (e.g. executives, middle management, employees etc.)

This provision is not applicable.

4.2 The reasons for the adoption of the plan

4.2.1 The targets which the parties intend to reach through the adoption of the "FinecoBank Compensation Systems"

The **2018 Incentive System PFA** aims to retain and motivate beneficiary Advisors, taking into account the objectives of growth in the medium and long term, in a general framework of overall sustainability. The 2018 Incentive System PFA is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The 2018 Incentive System aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole. The 2018 Incentive System PFA is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The **2018-2020 Plan** aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole.

The 2018-2020 PFA Plan for Personal Financial Advisors aims to incentive, retain and motivate beneficiary Advisors in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole.

The 2017 Incentive System PFA aims to retain and motivate beneficiary Advisors, taking into account the objectives of growth in the medium and long term, in a general framework of overall sustainability. The 2017 Incentive System PFA is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The **2017 Incentive System** aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole. The 2017 Incentive System is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The **2016 Incentive System PFA** aims to retain and motivate beneficiary Advisors, taking into account the objectives of growth in the medium and long term, in a general framework of overall sustainability.

The 2016 Incentive System PFA is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements. The **2016 Incentive System** aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole.

The 2016 Incentive System is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The **2015 Incentive System PFA** aims to retain and motivate beneficiary Advisors, taking into account the objectives of growth in the medium and long term, in a general framework of overall sustainability. The 2015 Incentive System PFA is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The **2015 Incentive System** aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole. The 2015 Incentive System is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The **2014 Incentive System** aims to attract, retain and motivate FinecoBank beneficiaries in compliance with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements with the aim to define – in the interest of all stakeholders – incentive systems in line with long-term Company strategies and goals, linked to Bank results, adjusted in order to consider all risks, in coherence with capital and liquidity levels needed to cover the activities in place and, in any case, able to avoid misleading incentives that could drive to regulatory breaches or to assume excessive risks for the Bank and the system in its whole.

The 2014 Incentive System is compliant with FinecoBank Compensation Policy and with the most recent national and international regulatory requirements.

The plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" is a special award for Top Management of FinecoBank, linked to the Initial Public Offering. It aims to build retention of the Top Management, taking into account the objectives of growth in the medium and long term.

The plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA" is a special award for Managers of the Network and Financial Advisors of FinecoBank, with the aim to retain and incentive them, taking into account the objectives of growth in the medium and long term.

4.2.2 Principal factors of variation and performance indexes taken into account for the assignment of plans based on financial instruments

The 2018 Incentive System PFA foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated based on individual performance evaluation.

Total incentive pay-out as defined will be made over a multi-year period (2019-2023), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:

- in 2019 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- over the period 2020-2023 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Phantom shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the *Zero Factor* for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities).

The 2018 Incentive System foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated on the internal basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customer First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2019-2024) subject to continuous employment at each date of payment and as follows:

- in 2019 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- over the period 2020-2024 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Fineco free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

The 2018-2020 LTI Plan foresees that The individual bonuses will be assigned in relation to Performance goals at Bank level set at 2020 considering specific targets and thresholds for EVA (Economic Value Added), C/I (Cost/Income Ratio) and CoR (Cost of Risk on commercial loans) indicators. The performance targets, will be assessed in relation to specific targets and will have a specific percentage weight on the total bonus and their valuation (with the exception of the Cost of Risk for which an "on-off" threshold is envisaged) will be based on progressive thresholds, which will correspond to increasing percentages of bonuses from 0 to 100% with a linear progression.

The **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan** foresees that total incentive pay-out as defined will be made over a multi-year period (2021-2025), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:

- in 2021 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- over the period 2022-2025 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual /values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);

The 2017 Incentive System PFA foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated based on individual performance evaluation.

Total incentive pay-out as defined will be made over a multi-year period (2018-2022), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:

- in 2018 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- over the period 2019-2022 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares;
 each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities).

The 2017 Incentive System foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated on the internal basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customers First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2018-2023) subject to continuous employment at each date of payment and as follows:

in 2018 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);

- over the period 2019-2023 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Fineco free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

The 2016 Incentive System PFA foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated based on individual performance evaluation.

Total incentive pay-out as defined will be made over a multi-year period (2017-2021), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:

- in 2017 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- over the period 2018-2021 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or FinecoBank ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities).

The 2016 Incentive System foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated on the internal basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customer First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2017-2022) subject to continuous employment at each date of payment and as follows:

- in 2017 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") will be paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- over the period 2018-2022 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Fineco free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the *Zero Factor* for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

The 2015 Incentive System PFA foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated based on individual performance evaluation.

Total incentive pay-out as defined will be made over a multi-year period (2016-2020), as indicated below and provided that the agency relationship of the beneficiaries is in place at the time of each payment:

- in 2016 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("instalment") is paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities);
- over the period 2017-2020 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Phantom shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Consob and/or analogous local authorities).

The 2015 Incentive System foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated on the internal basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customer First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2016-2021) subject to continuous employment at each date of payment and as follows:

- in 2016 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") is paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);

- over the period 2017-2021 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Fineco free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the *Zero Factor* for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

The 2014 Incentive System foresees that individual bonuses will be allocated on the basis of available bonus pool, individual performance evaluation and internal benchmarking for specific roles.

Individual performance appraisal is based on specific goals, linked to the 5 fundamentals of UniCredit Group competency model: "Customer First"; "Execution and Discipline"; "Cooperation and Synergies"; "Risk Management"; "People Development".

Incentive pay-outs shall be made over a multi-year period (2015-2020) subject to continuous employment at each date of payment and as follows:

- in 2015 the first instalment of the overall incentive ("1st instalment") is paid in cash, in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- over the period 2016-2020 the remaining amount of the overall incentive will be paid in several instalments in cash and/or Fineco free ordinary shares; each subsequent tranche will be subject to the application of the Zero Factor for the year of allocation and in absence of any individual / values compliance breach, considering also the gravity of any internal / external findings (e.g. Audit, Bank of Italy, Consob);
- distribution of share payments takes into account the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

The plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" foresees that the assignment of the 1st instalment of shares promised in 2014 will be done in 2017 for the 6 beneficiaries of FinecoBank, the other instalments will be done in 2018, in 2019 and in 2020 respectively, after the verification of the achievement of entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach).

The "2015-2017 PFA Plan" foresees that the assignment of the 1st instalment of shares promised in 2015 will be done in 2018 and the other instalments will be done in 2019 and in 2020, after the verification of net inflows goal for the entire Advisors' Network, of the entry conditions and of those individual (continuous employment and no compliance breach).

4.2.3 The factors assumed as basis for the determination of the compensation based upon financial instruments, or the criteria for the determination of the aforesaid compensation

Here below the general criteria that the Board of Directors followed, in the resolutions that after the Shareholders' Meeting approval executed the Plans, to define the actual number of beneficiaries and the number of free shares to be granted.

The **2018 Incentive System PFA** provides that in 2019 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2018 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the 3rd, 4th and 5th instalments.

The **2018 Incentive System** provides that in 2019 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2018 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the respective instalments for each category of beneficiaries.

The **2018-2020 LTI Plan** provides that in 2018 the Board of Directors will define the number of shares to be paid in the respective instalments for each category of beneficiaries once verified the achievement of the performance conditions. The percentages of the payments in shares are linked to the beneficiaries categories.

The **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan** provides the maximum number of shares to be allocated in the respective instalments – at the conditions stated above – shall be defined in 2021.

The **2017 Incentive System PFA** provides that in 2018 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2017 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the 3rd, 4th and 5th installments.

The **2017 Incentive System** provides that in 2018 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2017 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the respective instalments for each category of beneficiaries.

The **2016 Incentive System PFA** provides that in 2017 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2016 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the 3rd, 4th and 5th instalments.

The **2016 Incentive System** provides that in 2017 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2016 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the respective instalments for each category of beneficiaries.

The **2015 Incentive System PFA** provides that in 2016 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2015 – will define the number of Phantom shares to be paid in the 3rd, 4th and 5th instalments.

The **2015 Incentive System** provides that in 2016 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2015 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the respective instalments for each category of beneficiaries.

The **2014 Incentive System** provides that in 2015 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions, of the individual performance conditions and of the goals defined for 2014 – will define the number of shares to be paid in the respective instalments for each category of beneficiaries.

The plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" provides that in 2017 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of the entry conditions and of those individual – will authorize the assignment of the 1st instalment of shares allocated in 2014 and will define the individual assignments of the 4rd instalment of shares to be granted in 2020, adjusting the shares promised in 2017 respect the ratio between fixed and variable remuneration.

The plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA" provides that in 2018 the Board of Directors – once verified the achievement of net inflows goal for the entire Advisors' Network, of the entry conditions and of those individual – will authorize the assignment of the 1st instalment of shares allocated in 2015.

4.2.4 The reasons justifying the decision to assign compensation plans based on financial instruments not issued by FinecoBank, such as financial instruments issued by its subsidiaries, its parent companies or third parties; in the event the aforesaid financial instruments are not negotiated on regulated markets, the issuer shall provide information as to the criteria adopted for the calculation of the value attributable to such financial instruments

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not contemplate the allocation of similar financial instruments.

4.2.5 The evaluations, with respect to the relevant tax and accounting implications, taken into account in the definition of the plans

The FinecoBank Compensation Systems definition was not influenced by significant tax or accounting consideration.

4.2.6 The indication as to whether the plan enjoys any support from the special fund for encouraging worker participation in the companies, as provided for under Article 4, paragraph 112, of Law December, 24 2003 n. 350

FinecoBank Compensation Systems are not currently supported by the special fund for encouraging worker participation in the companies, as provided for under sect. 4, paragraph 112, of Law December 24, 2003 n. 350.

4.3 Procedure for the adoption of the plan and timeframe for the assignment of the financial instruments

4.3.1 Powers delegated to the Board of Directors by the Shareholders' Meeting for the implementation of the plan

The General Shareholder's Meetings of April 11th, of April 11th, 2017, of April 12th, 2016, of April 23rd, 2015 and of June 5th, 2014 provided to the Board of Directors the delegation of power:

- for the Compensation Systems for the employees Identified Staff (2018 Incentive System, 2018-2020 LTI Plan, 2017 Incentive System, 2016 Incentive System, 2015 Incentive System, 2014 Incentive System and "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management"), on one or more occasions, to carry out a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code;
- for the Compensation Systems for the Financial Advisors:
 - (i) for the 2018 Incentive System PFA pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, to purchase and dispose of Fineco ordinary shares
 - (ii) for the 2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, to purchase and dispose of Fineco ordinary shares
 - (iii) for the 2017 Incentive System PFA pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, to purchase and dispose of Fineco ordinary shares
 - (iv) for the 2016 Incentive System PFA pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, to purchase and dispose of Fineco ordinary shares
 - (v) for the 2015 Incentive System PFA to allocate Phantom shares
 - (vi) for the plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA", pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, to purchase and dispose of Fineco ordinary shares

4.3.2 Indication of the individuals in charge of the management of the plan, their powers authority

"Human Resources" function and "Network Controls, Monitoring and Service Department" function, of FinecoBank are in charge for the management of FinecoBank Compensation Systems.

4.3.3 Procedures for the amendment of the plans, if any, also in connection with potential variation of the original targets

No specific procedures for the amendment of FinecoBank Compensation Systems are provided for.

4.3.4 Description of the modalities for the determination of the availability and assignment of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan

The best solution identified to execute FinecoBank Compensation Systems for the employees is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2443 of the Civil Code, the faculty to increase share capital as described in the Director's Reports presented to the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meetings of April 11th, 2018, of April 11th, 2017, of April 12th, 2016, of April 23rd, 2015 and of June 5th, 2014.

In force of this delegation, the Board of Directors could resolve:

- for the 2018 Incentive System, on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 412.218 FinecoBank ordinary shares;
- for the **2018-2020 LTI Plan**, on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 984.070 FinecoBank ordinary shares;
- for the 2017 Incentive System, on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 390.000 Fineco ordinary shares;
- for the 2016 Incentive System, on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 268.000 Fineco ordinary shares;
- for the **2015 Incentive System**, on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 496.816 Fineco ordinary shares;
- for the 2014 Incentive System, on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 420.000 Fineco ordinary shares;

- for the plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management", on one or more occasions, a free capital increase, as allowed by section 2349 of the Italian Civil Code, for a maximum amount of 2.900.000 Fineco ordinary shares;

Regarding the execution of **2018 Incentive System PFA**, the best solution identified is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, the faculty to buy and carry out disposals for maximum no. 297.620 ordinary shares.

Regarding the execution of **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan**, the best solution identified is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, the faculty to buy and carry out disposals for maximum no. 423.767 ordinary shares.

Regarding the execution of **2017 Incentive System PFA**, the best solution identified is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, the faculty to buy and carry out disposals for maximum no. 346.000 ordinary shares.

Regarding the execution of **2016 Incentive System PFA**, the best solution identified is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, the faculty to buy and carry out disposals for maximum no. 250.000 ordinary shares.

Regarding the execution of **2015 Incentive System PFA**, the best solution identified is to delegate the Board of Directors the faculty to authorize the assignment of 45.171 Phantom shares.

Moreover, regarding the execution of the plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA", the best solution identified is to delegate the Board of Directors, pursuant to sect. 2357 of the Civil Code, the faculty to buy and carry out disposals for maximum no. 5.520.000 ordinary shares.

4.3.5 The influence exercised by each director in the determination of the characteristics of the plans; the potential conflict of interest which may trigger the obligation for the relevant director to abstain from exercising his vote in the relevant resolution

The Board of Directors verified the entry conditions to FinecoBank Compensation Systems as well as the criteria related to the financial instruments assignment to FinecoBank staff, on the basis of the positive opinion of the Remuneration Committee.

Since the Chief Executive Officer and General Manager of FinecoBank is among the beneficiaries of the 2018 Incentive System, of the 2018-2020 LTI Plan, of the 2017 Incentive System, of the 2016 Incentive System, of the 2014 Incentive System and of "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management", he abstained from participating in the decision on the granting of the mentioned plans.

4.3.6 The date on which the Board of Directors of FinecoBank resolved upon the assignment of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan

To execute the **2018 Incentive System PFA**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 5th, 2019 approved the promise to grant no. 17.300 Fineco ordinary shares to Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2018 Incentive System**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 5th, 2019 approved the promise to grant no. 168.897 FinecoBank ordinary shares to employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2018-2020 LTI Plan**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on May, 8th, 2018 approved the promise to grant no. 905.066 FinecoBank ordinary shares to employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the entry and performance Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan**, the Board of Directors in 2020 will ask the delegation to the Shareholders' Meeting, in order to grant 423.767 FinecoBank ordinary shares after the verification of the achievement of the entry and performance Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2017 Incentive System PFA**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 6th, 2018 approved the promise to grant no. 27.644 Fineco ordinary shares to Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2017 Incentive System**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 6th, 2018 approved the promise to grant no. 142.290 Fineco ordinary shares to employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2016 Incentive System PFA**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 7th, 2017 approved the promise to grant no. 57.740 Fineco ordinary shares to Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2016 Incentive System**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 7th, 2017 approved the promise to grant no. 152.034 Fineco ordinary shares to employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2015 Incentive System PFA**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 8th, 2016 approved the promise to grant no. 45.171 Phantom shares to Financial Advisors *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2015 Incentive System**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 8th, 2016 approved the promise to grant no. 210.288 Fineco ordinary shares to employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the **2014 Incentive System**, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 9th, 2015 approved the assignment of no. 269.728 Fineco ordinary shares to employees *Identified Staff* of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3.

To execute the "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" plan, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 9th, 2015, on February 8th, 2016, on February 7th, 2017 and on February 6th, 2018 approved the assignment of no. 630.850; 494.493; 335.624; 422.779 Fineco ordinary shares to the 6 beneficiaries of FinecoBank, after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3

To execute the "2015-2017 Plan PFA" plan, in exercising the delegation received by the Shareholders' Meeting, as described in point 4.3.1, the Board of Directors on February 6th, 2018 approved the assignment of number of Fineco shares, equal to Eur 19.968.999,99 determined on the basis of the market value of FinecoBank shares, considering the arithmetic mean of the official closing price of FinecoBank ordinary shares during the month preceding the Board resolution to execute the actual grant; considering the date of the assignment the 31st July 2018 and after the verification of the achievement of the Entry Conditions foreseen for the beneficiaries, ad described in point 4.2.3.

4.3.7 The date on which the Remuneration Committee resolved upon the Plan of FinecoBank

The Remuneration Committee on February 1st, 2019 positively resolved upon the criteria to be applied for the execution of FinecoBank Compensation Systems, sharing the reasons and motivations thereof.

4.3.8 The market price of Fineco ordinary shares, on the dates mentioned in points 4.3.6 e 4.3.7

The market price of Fineco ordinary shares, registered on the date of Board of Directors' approval of FinecoBank Compensation Systems' execution (February 5^{th} , 2019) and on the date of the decision made by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank (February 1^{st} , 2019) resulted equal to $\le 9,80$ and to $\le 9,36$ respectively.

4.3.9 In which terms and modalities FinecoBank takes into account, in the determination of the timeframe for the assignment of the plans, of the possible time-coincidence between:

- i) such assignment or the decision, if any, adopted thereon by the Remuneration Committee, and
- ii) the dissemination of relevant information, if any, pursuant to sect. 114, paragraph 1 of Legislative Decree 58/98; for instance, in cases in which such information is:
- a. not already public and capable to positively affect the market quotation, or
- b. already published and capable to negatively affect the market quotation

In relation to the foregoing it is clarified that the resolution of the Board of Directors which approved the execution of FinecoBank Compensation Systems was communicated to the markets, in compliance with the current regulations.

The resolutions related to the incentive plans based on financial instruments are examined by the Remuneration Committee of FinecoBank in advance to provide for the positive opinion to the Corporate Bodies, the information to the market is given, if needed, after the relevant resolution of the Board of Directors.

4.4. The characteristics of the financial instruments assigned

4.4.1 Description of the compensation plan

The 2018 Incentive System PFA foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2019-2023), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The **2018 Incentive System** foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2019-2024), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions

The 2018-2020 LTI Plan foresees an incentive – payable in free FinecoBank ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2021-2025), subject to the achievement of specific conditions

The 2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or in free FinecoBank ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2021-2025), subject to the achievement of specific conditions

The 2017 Incentive System PFA foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2018-2022), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The **2017 Incentive System** foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2018-2023), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions

The 2016 Incentive System PFA foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2017-2021), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The **2016 Incentive System** foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2017-2022), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions

The 2015 Incentive System PFA foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or Phantom shares – over a multi-year period (2016-2020), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The **2015 Incentive System** foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2016-2021), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The **2014 Incentive System** foresees an incentive – payable in cash and/or free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2015-2020), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" foresees an incentive – payable in free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2017-2020), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

The plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA" foresees an incentive – payable in free Fineco ordinary shares – over a multi-year period (2018-2020), subject to the achievement of specific entry conditions.

4.4.2 Indication of the time period for the implementation of the plan also indicating different cycles, if any, of its implementation

The free shares for the **2018 Incentive System PFA** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2021-2023) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2018 Incentive System** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2021-2024) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2023-2025) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the 2018-2020 LTI Plan will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2021-2025) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2017 Incentive System PFA** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2020-2022) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2017 Incentive System** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2020-2023) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2016 Incentive System PFA** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2019-2021) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2016 Incentive System** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2020-2022) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The Phantom shares for the **2015 Incentive System PFA** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2018-2020) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the **2015 Incentive System** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2018-2021) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 6.2.3.

The free shares for the **2014 Incentive System** will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2017-2020) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The free shares for the "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" plan will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2017-2020) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

The shares for the "2015-2017 Plan PFA" plan will be assigned by FinecoBank in multiple instalments (in the period 2018-2020) subject to the Board assessment of specific entry conditions, as described in point 4.2.3.

4.4.3 The termination date of the plan

The 2018 Incentive System PFA will lapse by July 2023.

The 2018 Incentive System will lapse by July 2024.

The **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan** will lapse by July 2025.

The 2018-2020 LTI Plan will lapse by July 2025.

The 2017 Incentive System PFA will lapse by July 2022.

The 2017 Incentive System will lapse by July 2023.

The 2016 Incentive System PFA will lapse by July 2021.

The 2016 Incentive System will lapse by July 2022

The **2015 Incentive System PFA** will lapse by July 2020.

The 2015 Incentive System will lapse by July 2021.

The 2014 Incentive System will lapse by July 2020.

The plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" will lapse by July 2020.

The plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA" will lapse by July 2020.

4.4.4 The overall maximum number of financial instruments, also in the form of options, assigned over any fiscal years with respect to the beneficiaries namely identified or identified by categories, as the case may be

The maximum number of shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2018 Incentive System PFA** is equal to no. 297.620 shares.

The maximum number of shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2018 Incentive System** is equal to no. 412.218 shares.

The maximum number of shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan** is equal to no. 984.070 shares.

The maximum number of shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2018-2020 LTI Plan** is equal to no. 423.767 shares.

The maximum number of shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2017 Incentive System PFA** is equal to no. 346.000 shares.

The maximum number of free shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2017 Incentive System** is equal to no. 390.000 shares.

The maximum number of shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2016 Incentive System PFA** is equal to no. 250.000 shares.

The maximum number of free shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2016 Incentive System** is equal to no. 335.000 shares.

The maximum number of Phantom shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate for the **2015 Incentive System PFA** is equal to no. 45.171 Phantom shares.

The maximum number of free shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2015 Incentive System** is equal to no. 496.816 shares.

The maximum number of free shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the **2014 Incentive System** is equal to no. 420.000 shares.

The maximum number of free shares that the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate within the power of the delegation received by Shareholders' Meeting of FinecoBank for the "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management" is equal to no. 2.900.000 shares.

Regarding the execution of "2015-2017 Plan PFA", the Board of Directors is authorized to buy and carry out disposals for maximum no. 5.520.000 ordinary shares.

At this stage it is not possible to indicate the maximum number of free shares allocated in each fiscal year during the life of FinecoBank Compensation Systems, since the actual definition will be done by the Board of Directors on the basis of the criteria approved by the Shareholders' Meeting.

4.4.5 The procedures and clauses for the implementation of the plan, specifying whether the assignment of the financial instruments is subject to the satisfaction of certain specific conditions and, in particular, to the achievement of specific results, including performance targets; a description of the aforesaid conditions and results

Considering the criteria described in the point 4.2.2, the allocation and the exercise of the free shares is subject to the achievement of the performance targets set by the Board of Directors. The assessment of the goals achievement should be done by the Board of Directors at the end of the performance period described in point 4.4.2.

4.4.6 Indication of the restrictions on the availability of the financial instruments allocated under the plan or of the financial instruments relating to the exercise of the options, with particular reference to the time limits within which the subsequent transfer of the stocks to the issuer or third parties is permitted or prohibited

FinecoBank Compensation Systems provides that the free Fineco ordinary shares that will be allocated will be freely transferable, considering the applicable regulatory requirements regarding the application of share retention periods.

4.4.7 Description of any condition subsequent to the plan in connection with the execution, by the beneficiaries, of hedging transactions aimed at preventing the effects of potential limits to the transfer of the financial instruments assigned there under, also in the form of options, as well as to the transfer of the financial instruments relating to the exercise of the aforesaid options

In accordance with national regulatory guidelines and the 2019 Compensation Policy, beneficiaries are required to undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in their remuneration arrangements. For employees, Involvement in any form of hedging transaction shall be considered in breach of the Bank compliance policies and therefore the relevant rights under the plan shall automatically expire.

4.4.8 Description of the consequences deriving from the termination of the employment or working relationship

FinecoBank Compensation Systems provides that the Board of Directors will have the faculty to identify, in the resolutions that will execute each plan, the termination of the beneficiary with the Bank, as cause for the expiring of the right to receive the free shares, coherently with the Plans rules.

4.4.9 The indication of any other provisions which may trigger the cancellation of the plan

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for any provision which may trigger their cancellation.

4.4.10 The reasons justifying the redemption, pursuant to sect. 2357 and followings of the Italian Civil Code, by FinecoBank, of the financial instruments contemplated by the plan; the beneficiaries of such redemption, indicating whether the same is limited only to certain categories of employees; the consequences of the termination of the employment relationship with respect to such redemption rights

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for the redemption by FinecoBank or other Legal Entities of the Group with reference to the free shares.

4.4.11 The loans or other special terms that may be granted for the purchase of stocks pursuant to sect. 2358, paragraph 3, of the Italian Civil Code

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for a loan or other special terms for the purchase of the shares.

4.4.12 The evaluation of the economic burden for FinecoBank at date of the assignment of the plan, as determined on the basis of the terms and conditions already defined, with respect to the aggregate overall amount as well as with respect to each financial instrument contemplated by the plan

The estimation of the overall cost expected by FinecoBank in relation to the adoption of FinecoBank Compensation Systems at the grant date of the free shares, was made on the basis of the IAS principles, considering the accounting assumptions on the foreseeable beneficiaries exits before the allocation of the free shares and on the probability to achieve the performance targets related to the allocation of the free shares.

On the basis of these estimations, the overall expected cost for FinecoBank at the grant date of the target number of free shares is equal to a total amount of € 85.632.794, split in:

- Euro 2.500.000, split in 4 years, for the 2018 Incentive System PFA
- Euro 4.489.911, split in 6 years, for the 2018 Incentive System

- Euro 7.991.831, split in 6 years, for the **2018-2020 LTI Plan**
- Euro 1.008.000 split in 6 years, for the **2018-2020 PFA LTI Plan**
- Euro 2.500.000, split in 4 years, for the 2017 Incentive System PFA
- Euro 3.700.000, split in 6 years, for the 2017 Incentive System
- Euro 3.000.000, split in 4 years, for the 2016 Incentive System PFA
- Euro 4.000.000, split in 6 years, for the 2016 Incentive System
- Euro 1.500.000, split in 5 years, for the 2015 Incentive System PFA
- Euro 3.666.500, split in 6 years, for the 2015 Incentive System
- Euro 2.598.909, split in 6 years, for the 2014 Incentive System
- Euro 9.336.580, split in 6 years, for the plan "2014-2017 Multi-year Plan Top Management"
- Euro 19.968.999,99, split in 6 years, for the plan "2015-2017 Plan PFA"

4.4.13 The indication of any dilution on the corporate capital of the issuer resulting from the compensation plan, if any

The maximum impact of FinecoBank Compensation Systems on FinecoBank share capital shall be approx. 0,8%.

4.4.14 Any limitation to the voting and to the economic rights

At this stage, FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for any limitation to the voting or economic rights for the shares allocated.

4.4.15 In the event the stocks are not negotiated on a regulated market, any and all information necessary for a complete evaluation of the value attributable to them

FinecoBank Compensation Systems provide only for the use of shares negotiated on regulated markets.

4.4.16 The number of financial instruments belonging to each option

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.17 The termination date of the options

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.18 The modalities, time limits and clauses for the exercise of the options

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.19 The strike price of the options or the criteria and modalities for its determination, with respect in particular to:

- a) the formula for the calculation of the exercise price in connection with the fair market value, and to
- b) the modalities for the calculation of the market price assumed as basis for the calculation of the exercise price

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.20 In case the strike price is different from the fair market value as determined pursuant to point 4.4.19.b, the indication of the reasons for such difference

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.21 The criteria justifying differences in the exercise prices between the relevant beneficiaries or class of beneficiaries

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.22 In the event the financial instruments underlying granted options are not negotiated on a regulated market, the indication of the value attributable to the same or of the criteria for its determination

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for options.

4.4.23 The criteria for the adjustments required in connection with any extraordinary transaction involving the corporate capital of the issuer as well as in connection with transaction triggering a variation in the number of the financial instruments underlying granted options

FinecoBank Compensation Systems do not provide for adjustments applicable in connection with extraordinary transactions involving FinecoBank corporate capital (saving the provisions that the Board of Directors may define in the resolution in which the Board will exercise the delegation received from the Shareholders' Meeting).

INCENTIVE PLANS BASED ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Table no. 1 of scheme 7 of Annex 3A Regulation no. 11971/1999 Date: March 5/03/2019

		Box 1 Financial Instruments other than Stock Opion (8)									
		Section 1 Instruments related tooutstanding plans, approved by previous shareholders meetings' resolutions									
Name or category (1)	Capacity	Date of Shareholders' Meeting resolution	Type of financial Instruments (12)	Number of financial Instruments (11)	Assignment date (10)	Purchase price of financial Instruments, if any	Market price at the assignment date	Vesting period (14)			
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	05/06/2014	FinecoBank	53.968	05/02/2015 cpr 09/02/2015 cda/oc	0	4,725	09/02/2015 31/12/2019			
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	23/04/2015	FinecoBank	36.606	29/01/2016 cpr 08/02/2016 cda/oc	0	6,966	08/02/2016 31/12/2019			
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	12/04/2016	FinecoBank	50.721	02/02/2017 cpr 07/02/2017 cda/oc	0	5,530	07/02/2017 31/12/2020			
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	11/04/2017	FinecoBank	43.856	05/02/2018 cpr 06/02/2018 cda/oc	0	9,690	06/02/2018 31/12/2021			
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	05/06/2014	FinecoBank	275.728	27/05/2014 cpr 15/07/2014 cda/oc	0	3,700	15/07/2014 31/12/2019			
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	11/04/2018	FinecoBank	258.096	04/05/2018 cpr 08/05/2018 cda/oc	0	9,880	08/05/2018 31/12/2023			
5 Executives with strategic responsibilities *		05/06/2014	FinecoBank	87.448	05/02/2015 cpr 09/02/2015 cda/oc	0	4,725	09/02/2015 31/12/2019			
5 Executives with strategic responsibilities *		23/04/2015	FinecoBank	63.945	29/01/2016 cpr 08/02/2016 cda/oc	0	6,966	08/02/2016 31/12/2019			
5 Executives with strategic responsibilities *		12/04/2016	FinecoBank	88.783	02/02/2017 cpr 07/02/2017 cda/oc	0	5,530	07/02/2017 31/12/2020			
5 Executives with strategic responsibilities *		11/04/2017	FinecoBank	76.767	05/02/2018 cpr 06/02/2018 cda/oc	0	9,690	06/02/2018 31/12/2021			
5 Executives with strategic responsibilities *		05/06/2014	FinecoBank	482.675	27/05/2014 cpr 15/07/2014 cda/oc	0	3,700	15/07/2014 31/12/2019			
4 Executives with strategic responsibilities		11/04/2018	FinecoBank	220.981	04/05/2018 cpr 08/05/2018 cda/oc	0	9,880	08/05/2018 31/12/2023			
Cathegory of other employees: Executives		13/05/2014	Unicredit	890 **	09/04/2015 cpr 09/04/2015 cda/oc	0	6,269	09/04/2015 31/12/2019			
Cathegory of other employees: Executives		23/04/2015	FinecoBank	25.620	29/01/2016 cpr 08/02/2016 cda/oc	0	6,966	08/02/2016 31/12/2019			
Cathegory of other employees: Executives		12/04/2016	FinecoBank	12.530	02/02/2017 cpr 07/02/2017 cda/oc	0	5,530	07/02/2017 31/12/2020			
Cathegory of other employees: Executives		11/04/2017	FinecoBank	21.667	05/02/2018 cpr 06/02/2018 cda/oc	0	9,690	06/02/2018 31/12/2021			
Cathegory of other employees: Executives - Middle Management		11/04/2018	FinecoBank	369.818	04/05/2018 cpr 08/05/2018 cda/oc	0	9,880	08/05/2018 31/12/2023			
Cathegory of non-employees collaborators Financial Advisors		23/04/2015	FinecoBank	18.068 ***	29/01/2016 cpr 08/02/2016 cda/oc 02/02/2017 cpr	0	6,966	08/02/2016 31/12/2018 07/02/2017			
Cathegory of non-employees collaborators Financial Advisors		12/04/2016	FinecoBank	57.740	07/02/2017 cda/oc	0	5,530	31/12/2019			
Cathegory of non-employees collaborators Financial Advisors		11/04/2017	FinecoBank	27.644	05/02/2018 cpr 06/02/2018 cda/oc	0	9,690	06/02/2018 31/12/2020			
Cathegory of non-employees collaborators Financial Advisors		05/06/2014	FinecoBank	1.971.871	05/02/2018 cpr 06/02/2018 cda/oc	0	10,087	06/02/2018 30/06/2020			

Name or category (1)	Capacity			on of*: meeting iion (9)				
		Date of Shareholders' Meeting resolution	Type of financial Instruments (12)	Number of financial Instruments (11)	Assignment date (10)	Purchase price of financial Instruments, if any	Market price at the assignment date	Vesting period (14)
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	11/04/2018	FinecoBank	44.406	01/02/2019 cpr 05/02/2019 cda/oc	0	9,570	05/02/2019 31/12/2022
4 Executives with strategic responsibilities		11/04/2018	FinecoBank	94.722	01/02/2019 cpr 05/02/2019 cda/oc	0	9,570	05/02/2019 31/12/2022
Cathegory of other employees: Severance		11/04/2018	FinecoBank	41.356	01/02/2019 cpr 05/02/2019 cda/oc	0	9,570	
Cathegory of other employees: Executives		11/04/2018	FinecoBank	29.769	01/02/2019 cpr 05/02/2019 cda/oc	0	9,570	05/02/2019 31/12/2022
Cathegory of non-employees collaborators Financial Advisors		11/04/2018	FinecoBank	178.220,61*	01/02/2019 cpr 05/02/2019 cda/oc	0	n.d.	05/02/2019 31/12/2021

^{*} Total amount assigned to the beneficiaries. Total number of ordinary shares will be defined by March 2019 as provided by the plan rules

		Box 2 Stock Option								
		Sezione 1 Options relating to outstanding plans approved on the basis of previous shareholders meetings' resolutions(8)								
Name or category (1)	Capacity	Date of Shareholders' Meeting resolution	Type of financial Instruments (12)	Number of financial Instruments (11) *	Financial instruments underlying the otions exercised(13)	Assignment date (10)	Exercise price	Market price of underlying shares at the assignment date	Period of possible exercise (from - to)	
2 Executives with strategic responsibilities ***		04/05/2004	Unicredit	1.626	0	10/11/2005 cpr 18/11/2005 cda/oc	134,691	5,266	26/11/2009 31/12/2018	
2 Executives with strategic responsibilities ***		12/05/2006	Unicredit	1.229	0	07/06/2006 cpr 13/06/2006 cda/oc	166,399	5,626		

^{*} The data is referred to the number of Financial instruments underlying the options assigned and not forfeited accordingly to the long term incentive plans and have been adjusted beccause of the capital operation resolved by UniCredit General Meeting on 29, April 2009 (script dividend), on 15, November 2009, on 16, December 2011 and on 12, January 2017.

** The market price of the financial instruments at the assignment date for plan 2005 and 2006 has not been adjusted because of the capital operation.

**** Included an Executive with strategic responsibilities whose the employment relationship termination occurred during the year

Name or category	Capacity	Box 2 Stock Option Section 2 Options to be assigned on the basis of the decision of: BoD as to proposed to shareholders meeting competent Body to implement shareholders meeting resolution (9)							
(1)		Date of Shareholders' Meeting resolution	Instrument description (12)	Number of options	Assignment date (10)	Exercise price	Market price of underlying shares at the assignment date	Period of possible exercise (from - to)	
Alessandro Foti	CEO/GM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Executives with strategic									
responsibilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Category of other employees: Executives, Middle Management, Professional		_	_	_	_	_		_	

Annex 2 to 2019 Compensation policy

FOOTNOTES TO THE TABLE:

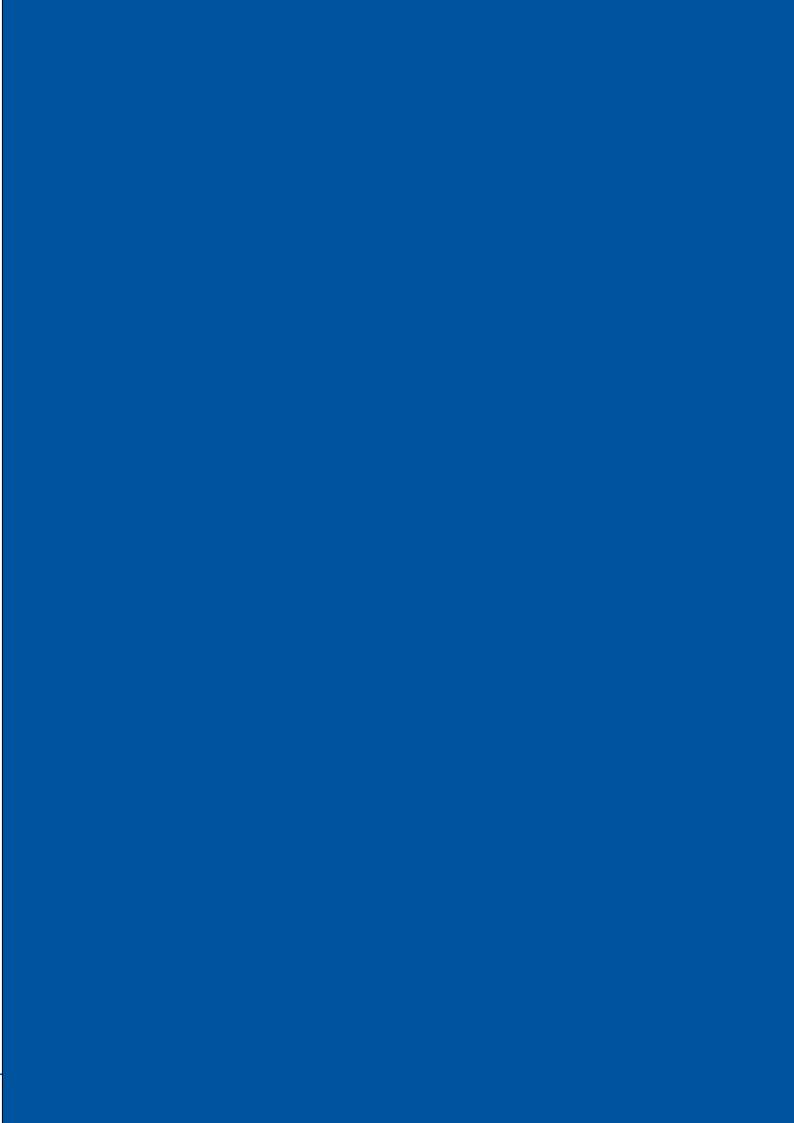
- (1) The issuer shall fill-in a line for each beneficiary namely identified as well as for each category contemplated by the plan; for each individual or category shall be indicated a specific line for: i) each type of financial instrument or option granted (e.g., different exercise prices and/or exercise dates imply different type of options); ii) each plan approved by different shareholders' meetings.
- (2) Indicate the name of the members of the board of directors or management body of the issuer and of its subsidiaries or parent companies.
- (3) Indicate the name of the General Manager of the shares issuer.
- (4) Indicate the name of the individuals controlling the issuer of stocks, who are employee or who render their services to the issuer of stock without being employee of the same.
- (5) Indicate the name of other executives with strategic responsibilities of the shares issuer not classed as "small", in accordance with Article 3, paragraph 1, letter f) of Regulation no. 17221 of 12 March 2010, if they have, during the course of the year, received total compensation (obtained by adding the monetary compensation to the financial instrument-based compensation) in excess of the highest total compensation assigned to the members of the board of directors or management board, and to the general managers of the financial instrument issuer.
- (6) Indicate the category of executives with strategic responsibilities for whom there is an indication by category is.
- (7) Indicate the category of other employees and the category of collaborators not employed by the issuer. The issuer shall fill-in different lines in connection with the categories of employees or collaborators for which the plan provides for different characteristics (e.g., managers, officers, employees).
- (8) The relevant data shall refer to financial instruments relating to plans approved by means of:
 - i. shareholders' resolutions adopted prior to the date on which the competent corporate body approves the proposal to the shareholders' meeting and/or
 - ii. shareholders' resolutions adopted prior to the date on which the competent corporate body implements the shareholders' resolution; therefore the table shall indicate:
 - in the event under i) above, data adjourned as at the date of the competent body's proposal to the shareholders' meeting (in which case the table is attached to the information document prepared for the shareholders' meeting called to approve the plan);
 - in the event under ii) above, data adjourned as at the date of the competent body's resolution implementing the plan, (in which case the table is attached to the information documents to be published following the competent body's resolution implementing the plan);
- (9) The data may refer to:
 - a. the resolution of the board of directors preceding the shareholders' meeting, as to the table attached to the information document submitted to the same; in such event the table shall indicate only the characteristics already defined by the board of directors; b. the resolution of the corporate body which resolves upon the implementation of the plan following the approval by the shareholders' meeting, in the event the table is attached to the press release to be issued following such last resolution implementing the plan. In both the aforesaid cases the issuer shall cross out the corresponding box relating to this footnote No. 9. For the data not available the issuer shall indicate in the corresponding box the code "N.A." (Not available).
- (10) In case the date of the assignment is different from the date on which the remuneration body (comitato per la remunerazione), if any, makes the proposal relating to such assignment, the issuer shall indicate also the date of such proposal highlighting the date of the board of directors or the competent corporate body's resolution with the code "cda/oc" (for the board of directors/competent body) and the date of the proposal of the remuneration body (comitato per la remunerazione) with the code "cpr" (for the remuneration body)."
- (11) The number of options held at the end year, preceding the date in which the shareholder's meeting is called resolve the new allocation.
- (12) Indicate for example, in box 1: i) stock of issuer X, ii) financial instrument indexed to issuer Y stock value, and in box 2: iii) option on issuer W stock with physical settlement; iv) option on issuer Z stock with cash settlement, etc.
- (13) The number of option exercised from the beginning of the plan until the end year, preceding the date in which the shareholder's meeting is called to resolve a new stock option plan.
- (14) Vesting period means the period between the moment in which the right to participate to the incentive system is granted and the moment in which the right may be exercised.





SEVERANCE PAYMENT POLICY

FINECO. SIMPLIFYING BANKING.



Contents

Main new features

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Main new features

This document represents the update of the Group Termination Payments Policy – hereinafter the "Policy" – that was approved by the Shareholders Meeting of April 11th, 2017.

The changes introduced are mainly aimed at incorporating the variations in the regulatory framework introduced by the Bank of Italy with the 25th update of Circular 285 (Supervisory Provisions for Banks) of 23 October 2018.

The main features of the proposed update are as follows:

- confirmation of all the main terms of the current Policy and in particular that termination payments, including notice, do not exceed 24 months of total remuneration, that the portion additional to notice does not in any case exceed 18 months of remuneration and that the absolute maximum limit for severance pay remains at € 5.1 million, without the possibility of exceptions;
- categorization of the amounts defined in view of or upon conclusion of the employment relationship as variable remuneration, subject to the relevant provisions, and their inclusion in the maximum limit relating to the variable remuneration of the last year;
- introduction of a predefined formula for the calculation of the amount additional to notice for the settlement of current or potential disputes relating to the resolution of the employment. The amounts thus defined, which may not exceed the general limit of 18 months' pay, shall not be taken into account in the calculation of the maximum limit of variable remuneration for the last year;
- possibility of entering into pacts limiting the employee's activities after employment termination related to customers or employees, to be
 excluded from the limit of variable remuneration, which provide for compensation of up to one year's fixed remuneration for each year of
 duration. It is also provided for the possibility of excluding from deferred payment the consideration of such agreements up to the overall
 maximum of one year's fixed remuneration;
- exclusion in principle of the payment of discretionary pension benefits;
- exclusion of the redundancy incentives defined for all employees as part of restructuring plans from the scope of the Policy.

1. Principi Generali

This Policy refers to the amounts agreed between the Bank and its personnel in view of or upon the early termination of the employment or office hereinafter the "Severance Payments" - irrespective of their title, legal qualification or economic rationale under which they are awarded.

Those amounts - inclusive of those possibly granted in view of pacts limiting the employee's activities after employment termination or within an agreement for the settlement of present or potential dispute, whatever the setting in which they are made - represent variable remuneration and are subject to the relevant regulatory provisions.

They are not variable remuneration and - except what below provided in relation to the consideration of the indemnity in lieu of notice within the overall limit for termination payments – are not therefore subject to the provisions of this policy:

- a) the deferred statutory pay (Italian Trattamento Fine Rapporto TFR) foreseen by the general employment law, or other deferred pay systems having a similar nature;
- b) the indemnity in lieu of notice, within the limits foreseen by the law or collective labor agreements;
- c) the amounts autonomously defined by a third subject having the power to do that (such as judicial and/or arbitrary authority) in relation to disputes related to the resolution of the employment relationship;
- d) accessory elements of limited material value granted based on local practices and customs.

Within FinecoBank, in line with UniCredit Group policy, severance payments may be in principle provided for in favor of subjects whose employment or office is resolved (in the case of fixed term contracts, before their natural expiry) upon company's initiative or in the interest of the same, and are aimed at provisionally supporting the income of the recipient and/or to foster specific corporate interests.

No severance payment is foreseen if the resolution is due to voluntary resignation and/or the same is not consistent with the company's interests.

Severance payments consider the long-term performance, in terms of value creation for the shareholders and do not reward failures or abuses.

Each single severance payment is defined consistently with, and without ever exceeding, the rules concerning lay-offs as provided by regulations, contracts and practices of the specific markets of reference, considering as well any other local requirement and provisions of applicable national bargaining and individual contracts.

The compensation defined, at any title, at the time of the termination is set consistently with the overall applicable rules, even of regulatory nature, and in the company's interest, identifying time by time those solutions that - respecting regulations, corporate values and peoples - allow to optimize the achievement of business objectives, at the same time minimizing costs and risks, both current and prospective.

2. Limits and criteria

2.1. Maximum limits

It is confirmed the restrictive approach of the previous Policy, that takes into account the evolution of national and international regulatory provisions, the prevailing practices and Investors' expectations.

In principle the termination payments, represented by the Severance Payments and by the possible indemnity in lieu of notice (or equivalent amount) and any other amount defined upon or in the occasion of the resolution of the employment – do not exceed the lower between twenty-four months of total compensation ^{1 2} or the maximum limits foreseen by the laws and collective labor agreements locally applicable in case of lay-off.

Furthermore, the sole Severance Payments – as defined at paragraph 1 – do not exceed eighteen months of compensation. This limitation does not apply only if local regulations do not provide for the payment of the indemnity in lieu of notice.

This Policy has a global nature, defines the maximum limits for Severance Payments and does not in any way imply the right or even only the expectation of overcoming any possibly more restrictive limit or criteria foreseen by the laws, collective contracts and/ or practices locally applicable in case of layoff.

2.2. Remuneration of reference for severance payment calculation

The value of the yearly compensation used to calculate the Severance is set, unless more restrictive practices are locally in place, considering the current fixed remuneration plus the average of the incentives actually received – on a cash basis – during the last three years prior to the termination, inclusive of the value of those parts disbursed in equity. For the latter, the value considered is the one current at the time the shares became disposable for the employee, at the end of the vesting / deferral period.

Further elements (such as the value of fringe benefits possibly granted to the employee) may be included in the computation of the above mentioned basis if this is required or foreseen by regulations, laws, contracts or common practices locally applicable.

The monthly remuneration is calculated dividing by 12 the annual one.

considered within the specific legal and contractual framework, including:

2.3. Criteria

Severance payments, due to the mechanism for the calculation of the compensation used for their determination, which includes the bonuses actually cashed-in after the application of malus clauses, are as a matter of fact already differentiated on the basis of risk-adjusted individual performances. The number of months of average total compensation to which the severance corresponds is in any case defined with the goal of supporting in the best possible way the achievement of corporate goals, minimizing at the same time costs and risks, current and prospective.

Such a definition is made assessing, on a case by case basis, the specific objective and subjective circumstances of the relationship resolution,

- the actual duration of the employment, with significant reductions of the severances in case of particularly short relationships;
- the fact that the subject has provided, especially if repeatedly, performances qualitatively / quantitatively below reasonable expectations;
- the fact that the person has assumed risks deemed to be not consistent with Fineco Risk Appetite Framework, which is coherent with UniCredit Group Risk Appetite Framework;
- the fact that the person has enacted behaviors and or demonstrated attitudes not aligned with corporate values;
- the social and personal impacts of the employment termination, especially for those subjects who are in particular age or personal situations;
- any other fact / circumstance / attitude / behavior related to the individual, the company and the social context which have an impact on the decision to come to the termination of the relationship;
- the availability of the subject to undertake additional commitments (e.g. confidentiality, non-competition, post-termination collaboration for the management of files in which he/she were previously involved) versus the basic ones provided by law and/or contract;
- the rationale at the base of the decision to terminate the employment (also with reference to the concepts of cause and justified reason according to the parameters time by time applicable), considered at the light of the corporate interest to come anyway to a consensual resolution of the relationship rather than a unilateral one through the payout of an amount whose cost, calculated on the basis of adequate procedures and elements (and possibly as indicated by third competent subjects, such as judicial and/or arbitrary authority) is not higher than the one that would be presumably borne if the subject were laid-off and would apply to the judge to protect his /her interests.

In any case, the above criteria are, depending on the peculiarities of each actual case, carefully weighed and balanced among them, always in the perspective of the best corporate interest.

¹ With the only aim of meeting the regulatory provisions contained in the Circular 285 of the Bank of Italy, which require the Banks to set a maximum limit to the severance payments also in terms of number of years of fixed compensation and in an absolute amount, it is reported that – in view of the maximum 2:1 ratio between variable and fixed remuneration – two years of total compensation could arrive to correspond to a merely theoretical value of six years of fixed compensation in the case, purely hypothetic and improbable, of a subject who in the last three years prior to the termination has always received bonuses in a measure equal to 200% of his/her fixed compensation (BS):

(Fixed [1 year BS] + Average Bonus [2 years BS]) x 2 = 6 years BS

The value of the severance thus determined will not in any case exceed € 5.1 million inclusive of notice.

² Such limit is automatically increased to the lowest value – if higher than 24 months - compulsorily due in compliance with law, national contract or collective labor agreements.

3. **Payout modalities**

The overall termination payment is disbursed under the technical forms and with the juridical qualifications that – in full respect of the law – allow the best optimization of costs and pursue of corporate goals.

Severances, defined overall on the basis of the criteria previously outlined, are paid out in forms and with timings fully consistent with the discipline, also regulatory, time by time applicable to the specific case.

Moreover Severance Payments, unless deriving from law or pre-existing contractual obligation, or still from a judicial or arbitration decision, must be defined within a comprehensive agreement foreseeing:

- the inclusion of claw-back clauses, operating up to five years after each payment, covering the cases of fraud / negligence to the damage of the Bank / Group and which, during the employment, would have represented valid ground for a dismissal for cause;
- the faculty for the company to exercise responsibility actions for facts / behaviors representing fraud and/or negligence, unknown at the time of the resolution;
- the waiver of all claims towards the company.

4. Severance payments for Identified Staff

The Severance Payments, represented by monetary amounts or other benefits, in favor of Identified Staff represent the so-called "Golden Parachutes", to which the more restrictive regulatory provisions of the Bank of Italy apply, as long as this is consistent with the legal and regulatory framework and practices locally applicable.

4.1. Criteria

While granting possible Severance Payments to Identified Staff, the Bank assesses and documents the consistency of the amounts, additionally to the criteria set out at paragraph 3, also with:

i) the performance, net of risks, and behaviors at the individual level. To those ends have a particular relevance, leading to a substantial reduction of the Severance Payment that can get up to its zeroing, also through the application of malus and/or claw-back, the Employee having enacted or contributed to enact:

- 1. behaviors that do not comply with the provisions of the law, the regulations or the articles of association or any ethical or conduct codes applicable to the Bank, resulting in a significant loss for the Bank or for its customers;
- 2. any other conduct that does not comply with the provisions of the law, the regulations or the articles of association or any ethical or conduct codes applicable to the Bank, in the cases that may possibly be envisaged;
- 3. violations of the obligations imposed pursuant to article 26 or, when the subject is an interested party, article 53, paragraphs 4 et seq., of the TUB (Testo Unico Bancario Unified Banking Law) or obligations regarding remuneration and incentives;
- 4. fraudulent behavior or gross negligence to the detriment of the Bank.

ii) the performance, net of risks, and capital and liquidity levels of the Bank. To such ends it has a particular relevance the eventuality that the Bank is beneficiary of an exceptional public intervention, or subject to early intervention measures, extraordinary administration, resolution or compulsory administrative liquidation, or does not have, due to significant losses, a solid capital base.

4.2. Inclusion of golden parachutes on the maximum limit to variable remuneration

Without prejudice to the general limit of 18 months of remuneration referred to in paragraph 2.1, the Golden Parachutes are included in the calculation of the limit of the variable to fixed ratio for the various categories of employees / collaborators, with the exception of the amounts agreed and paid:

- i) on the basis of a non-competition agreement, for the portion that, for each year of duration of the agreement, does not exceed the last year of fixed remuneration:
- ii) as part of an agreement between the Bank and the personnel, wherever reached, for the settlement of a current or potential dispute related to employment termination, if calculated on the basis of the following formula:

One Month of Total Comp x Years of Service x Overall Corrective Factor,

i.e.

Severance = $TC \times Y \times (100\% + CF)$

Where:

TC =	Total monthly average compensation calculated according to the criteria set out at paragraph 2.2
Y =	Full years of service within the Group. Irrespective of the actual duration of the employment, they will be conventionally considered in a measure not lower than 5 and not higher than 18
CF =	Corrective factor set with motivated discretion, with reference to historical data and/or objective factors, by algebraically adding up individual factors related to: Performance Risks Behaviors Social impacts (family and age) Possession of pension requirements Minimum contractual commitments Assumption of non-standard / additional commitments Specific circumstances and corporate interests. The Bank's internal rules detail analytically the ranges and criteria for the single factors. The corrective factor thus set may range between -100% and +50%

The overall Severance Payment coming from the multiplication of the years of service times the corrective factors cannot in any case exceed the limit of 18 months of compensation.

To the Severance Payments calculated with the present formula, are applied the exemptions possibly foreseen for deferred payments, without accumulation with the other forms of variable compensation.

4.3. Pacts limiting the employee's activities after employment termination

In cases where - especially with reference to top / senior management positions or business / commercial roles - it may be objectively necessary or appropriate to enter into agreements limiting the performance of the former employee for a period following the termination (providing, as an example only, for the commitment of the former employee not to establish, for a certain period after termination, employment relationships and / or collaboration in any form with competitors and / or avoid the distraction of employees, customers, relationships or assets under management to the advantage of competitors), it will be proposed to enter into specific agreements to protect the Bank.

In relation to this, it is possible - without prejudice to the overall limit of 24 months total remuneration for severance indemnity payments referred to in paragraph 2.1 and what foreseen at point 4.2 with reference to non-competition covenants - to provide for the payment of a specific remuneration which, on the basis of the regulatory provisions in force, subject to the rules regarding variable remuneration for the quota that does not exceed one year's fixed remuneration.

Moreover, while granting the status of "good leaver", for the purposes of maintaining any deferment of bonuses and incentives, it will be possible to consider (without prejudice to the relevant terms and conditions of the existing plans) the availability of the beneficiary to enter, where proposed by the Bank, of the aforementioned agreements for a duration of not less than six months.

4.4. Payout modalities

Severance Payments for persons belonging to the Identified Staff population are made with modalities and schemes similar to those of the short term variable remuneration (bonus) of such a category of employees and therefore possibly subject to deferred payout mechanisms, in cash and equity, with ex-post correction mechanisms.

With reference to what provided at point 4.3 above, such modalities do not apply to the consideration for non-competition covenants for the part not exceeding one year of fixed remuneration.

All amounts are subject to claw-back and those deferred in cash or shares, whose payout is split in yearly installments during the deferral period, are subject to malus clauses - based on what said at paragraph 4.1 points i) and ii) - that provide for their reduction / revocation in case of discovery of fraud or negligence, unknown at the time of the termination agreement's sign-off, to the damage of the Bank / Group and which during the employment would have represented valid ground for a dismissal for cause, or otherwise if serious negative economic consequences - equally unknown and directly linked to the activities of the beneficiary in the period preceding the termination - should manifest themselves or, still, for the parts still deferred the minimum capital and liquidity requirements as foreseen by the regulations time by time applicable should not be met.

In case of deferrals in equity instruments, the company reserves the right to use equivalent monetary instruments (e.g. phantom share).

5. Discretional pension benefits

In principle, discretionary pension benefits are not granted.

In the event that they are exceptionally recognized to persons belonging to the Identified Staff, they must be paid in compliance with the regulatory provisions in force and therefore:

- if they are assigned to personnel who interrupt the relationship before the pension entitlement matures, they are invested in financial instruments of the Bank and held in custody by the Bank for a period of five years during which the claw-back will be exercisable;
- in the event that the employment relationship ceases with entitlement to the pension, the benefits are recognized in financial instruments of the Bank and subject to retention of five years.

6. **Derogations**

The provisions of this Policy do not apply to any redundancy and/or early retirement plans, aimed at all or defined groups of employees, in the context of extraordinary transactions or corporate restructuring processes, defined on the basis of trade union agreements and which comply with all the following conditions:

- respond to the logic of cost containment and / or rationalization of personnel;
- foster the application of support measures provided for by the law or collective bargaining for all employees;
- they are such as not to produce distorting effects on staff behavior;
- provide claw-back mechanisms, which cover at least the cases of fraudulent behavior or serious negligence to the detriment of the Bank.

The above plans shall be drawn up taking into account the laws and regulations in force from time to time.

7. **Exceptions**

In particular circumstances it might be opportune / necessary, in the framework of the due pursue of company's interest, to exceed the limits and/or to deviate from the criteria for the definition or the modalities of disbursement of the severances provided for by this Policy, in particular as far as the stipulation of non-competition / non solicitation covenants is regarded.

In such cases it is foreseen a particular authorization process which envisages:

- the explanation in the single proposal of rationale and/or advantages for company which suggest the deviation, accompanied by the opinion of the head of the internal labor law function and/or external lawyer;
- the opinion of the global (for identified staff) or local (for the remaining staff) Compliance function;
- the final approval by the manager hierarchically one level higher than the one to whom would normally belong the decision based on the powers configuration and related delegations;
- disclosure to the Remuneration Committee on the exceptions thus approved (for identified staff only);
- disclosure on severance payments for identified staff within the annual compensation report, including exceptions approved.

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018

Attendees:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

n° **495,657,638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		%OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	%OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	%SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	494,746,123	99.816100	99.816100	81.250628
Against	505,500	0.101986	0.101986	0.083017
SubTotal	495,251,623	99.918086	99.918086	81.333645
Abstention	405,302	0.081771	0.081771	0.066561
Not Voting	713	0.000144	0.000144	0.000117
SubTotal	406,015	0.081914	0.081914	0.066679
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.35.43

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018

AGAINST

Surname

6125 ESPOSITO MARCO

**D FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM

Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy
0 0 0
505,500 0 505,500

Total votes505,500Percentage of voters%0.101986Percentage of share capital0.083017

Page 1

Shareholders:

² DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{1 **}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.35.43

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018

ABSTENTION

0

Tot. Votes On own behalf Surname Proxy 6946 CLERICI CAMILLA 0 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302

Total votes 405,302 0.081771 Percentage of voters % Percentage of share capital % 0.066561

¹ People:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018

NON VOTING

Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
	CLERICI CAMILLA MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	CLERICI CAMILLA 0 MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP 664	CLERICI CAMILLA 0 0 0 MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP 664 0

Total votes 713 0.000144 Percentage of voters % Percentage of share capital % 0.000117

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018 IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	92,780	0	92,780
**D	JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723	0	167,723
**D	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	516,112	0	516,112
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206	0	1,633,206
**D	T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460	0	169,460
**D	NORDEA 1 SICAV	669,864	0	669,864
**D	SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484	0	3,484
**D	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT	3,196	0	3,196
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994	0	7,994
**D	CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	0	41,700
**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055	0	236,055
**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	0	35,202
**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	203,567
**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830	0	349,830
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150	0	142,150
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND	43,411	0	43,411
**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
**D	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	0	1,998
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488	0	4,488
**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 4 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014
**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828	0	1,401,828
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
**D	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	0	99,816
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
**D	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	0	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	0	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	0	107,829
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
**D	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	0	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D **D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
۵.۵	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	U	230,113

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People:

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	7,552	0	7,552
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	34,987	0	34,987
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190
**D	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	0	166,784
**D	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	0	7,880
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B.V.	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
**D	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	0	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	16,243	0	16,243
**D	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800	0	4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	232,394	0	232,394
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
**D	BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N,A, INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473	0	2,177,473
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899	0	9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	104,321	0	104,321
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538	0	4,538
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365
**D	C.R. HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020	0	36,020
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	0	178,698
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325
D	End and a second	323	ŭ	323

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RL* legal representation to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962
**D			0	
_	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	· ·	68,156
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
_			0	
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	•	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	0	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	4	0	4
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280	0	50,280
**D	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325	0	40,325
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	7,584	0	7,584
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,878	0	53,878
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874	0	112,874
**D	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026	0	5,026
**D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	0	32,234
**D			0	
۵ - ۵	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNI	ON EMPLOYEES 8,546	U	8,546
	т	Dogo 9		

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 8 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER	54,891	0	54,891
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483	0	11,483
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESQUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U,S, IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EQUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188	0	198,188
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
**D	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000	0	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500	0	1,500
**D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EQ ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956
**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
**D	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	0	528,371
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310	0	82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	0	2,033,717
**D	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	0	25,311

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**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527
**D	BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695	0	333,695
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634
**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	1,262
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	320,242	0	320,242
**D	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233	0	2,913,233
**D	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	61,656	0	61,656
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983
**D	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	237,443
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	0	70,196
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EQFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051
**D	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737	0	45,737
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205	0	118,205
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433
**D	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	0	48,163
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918	0	353,918
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335	0	35,335
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579	0	5,524,579
**D	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	0	28,810
**D	AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900
**D **D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858 257,660	0	795,858 257,660
עייי	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,000	U	257,00U

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000
**D	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336	0	24,336
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	1	0	1
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116
**D	FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	0	0	0
DE*	UNICREDIT S.P.A.	215,066,403	0	215,066,403
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	3	0
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0
RA	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART,135 UNDECIES TUF)	1,726,930	0	1,726,930
6689	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	6,371	0
6811	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	373	0
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6941	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	1	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054	0	82,054
**D	JAMES W DERRICK	10,950	0	10,950
**D	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST	77,215	0	77,215
**D	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210	0	5,210
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC, OVE RS EAS SERIES	760,510	0	760,510
**D	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	1,107,600	0	1,107,600
**D	MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	4,135	0	4,135
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6	13,315	0	13,315
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES	470	0	470
**D	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC	221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN	320	0	320
**D	ANTHONY K. KESMAN TRUSTEE	685	0	685
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050	0	2,050
**D	SUSAN M, SNYDER	315	0	315
**D	WILLIAM J. BLEIL	515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410	0	104,410
**D	ALFRED F. KRAUSE	155	0	155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY	220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830	0	8,830
**D	LISA FRIEDLANDER	1,610	0	1,610
**D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE	125	0	125
ט	ALLED AND INTINCINE IMMODE	120	U	123

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MARTIN J. FARRELL	1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	441,441	0	441,441
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298	0	127,298
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS	138,740	0	138,740
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC	2,328	0	2,328
**D	RWC FUNDS	179,029	0	179,029
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793	0	157,793
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL	15,540	0	15,540
**D	BLACKROCK EUROFUND	243,856	0	243,856
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456	0	72,456
**D	CIPAV ALOIS	69,622	0	69,622
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455	0	995,455
**D	COLISEE IFC	164,400	0	164,400
**D	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930	0	196,930
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300	35,146	0	35,146
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	46,396	0	46,396
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300	0	11,300
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168	0	9,168
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280	0	467,280
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167	0	139,167
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904	0	39,904
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802	0	2,411,802
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561
**D	I.2.C. ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000
**D	ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000	0	133,000
ע	GROOTIAN INVENTIL AND CAL BORO	133,000	O	133,000

Shareholders: 757 People: 14 Shareholders by Shareholders on own

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 12 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

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RL* legal representation to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

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	INTAVOR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000
**D	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	0	134,000
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	0	226,000
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567
**D	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	0	356,514
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560	0	275,560
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000	0	142,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150	0	83,150
**D	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	0	20,977
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534
**D	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628
**D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606
**D	NORGES BANK	95,217	0	95,217
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891	0	490,891
**D	AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
**D	AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922	0	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT,PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326	0	326
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144	0	157,144
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	395,504	0	395,504
**D	JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	67,802	0	67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988	0	89,988
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	0	8,597
**D	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	0	273,095
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275

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**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX)- TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII:FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
**D	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD,AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EQFD	187,364	0	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174	0	5,174
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279	0	23,279
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162	0	24,162
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC, INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378	0	646,378
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082	0	396,082
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC, - GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254	0	15,254
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854
**D	SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS, SOC ANON DE CAPITAL VARIABLE	536,261	0	536,261
**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500	0	65,500
**D	CAREFIRST, INC, RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D	UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST	69,119	0	69,119
**D	SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577	0	7,577
**D	CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND	115,510	0	115,510

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	Surname	Tot. Vote	es On own behalf	Proxy
**D	CALVERT RESP INX SRS, INC,-CLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U,S, RSP		0	2,736
**D	XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	8,483	0	8,483
**D	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	54,394	0	54,394
**D	MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN	269,031	0	269,031
**D	VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893	0	2,893
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407	0	42,407
**D	PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950	0	8,950
**D	EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857	0	21,857
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUIT	TY TRUST 30,000	0	30,000
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE ETF	3,280	0	3,280
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF	12,735	0	12,735
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL LIBERTY INT OPPORTU	IN ETF 10,759	0	10,759
**D	FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U,K, INDEX ETF	7,203	0	7,203
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEI	OGED ETF 195	0	195
**D	TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO	4,241	0	4,241
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST	53,000	0	53,000
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND	27,000	0	27,000
**D	ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200	0	85,200
**D	GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND	121,981	0	121,981
**D	GAM STAR FUND P.L.C.	4,296,530	0	4,296,530
**D	E,SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CA	AP GR F 20,498	0	20,498
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	418,556	0	418,556
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340	0	91,340
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383	0	1,045,383
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550	0	199,550
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559	0	1,037,559
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	401,687	0	401,687
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000	0	125,000
**D	TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583	0	14,583
**D	MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND	90,977	0	90,977
**D	GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063	0	7,063
**D	JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132	0	1,208,132
**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PI	FF 9,932	0	9,932
**D	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108	0	63,108
**D	INVESCO V,I, INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078	0	1,550,078
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793	0	713,793
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275	0	1,752,275
**D	KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900	0	123,900
**D	KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	25,442	0	25,442
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT	PLAN 19,330	0	19,330
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	4,020
**D	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942	0	16,942
**D	MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	46,112	0	46,112
**D	MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766	0	81,766
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	48,544	0	48,544

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RL* legal representation to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018 IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P	2,713	0	2,713
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	919,578	0	919,578
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742	0	28,742
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958	0	54,958
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077
**D	STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	208,513
**D	NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN	70,716	0	70,716
**D	FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926	0	8,926
**D	PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF	955	0	955
**D	GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238	0	16,238
**D	FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983	0	1,983
**D	PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	1,422	0	1,422
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910	0	31,910
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113	0	22,113
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,969	0	16,969
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
**D	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS,LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190	0	44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
**D	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	0	20,300
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323	0	31,323
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509	0	653,509
**D	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	0	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450	0	95,450
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf:

proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018 IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	13,703	0	13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	0	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L.P.	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EQUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING QP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491	0	2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751
**D	VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S,A, FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
**D	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 17 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018 IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	0	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	0	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	0	8,959
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	166,595	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638	0	330,638
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	268,260	0	268,260
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	53,187	0	53,187
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286	0	95,286
**D	MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	26,733
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	0	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE	222,120	0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	1,198,085	0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	97,652	0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416	0	165,416
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150	0	11,150
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961	0	9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PENSION SCHEME	10,969	0	10,969
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	33,251	0	33,251
**D	STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS	56,707	0	56,707
**D	VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD EX - UK EQT IND FD	72,671	0	72,671
**D	VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE DEV EUROPE EX-UK EQ INDEX F	134,143	0	134,143
**D	VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213	0	1,213
**D	SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907	0	1,907
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446	0	20,446
**D	PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029	0	24,029
**D	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD	175,900	0	175,900
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946	0	280,946
**D	BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240	0	12,240
**D	TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795	0	135,795

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

proxy:

behalf:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018 IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR	45,732	0	45,732
**D	MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST	45,328	0	45,328
**D	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	4,261	0	4,261
**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
**D	STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141	0	7,141
**D	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
**D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
**D	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D	NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	0	10,336
**D	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	0	5,051
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	0	217,100
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND	223,845	0	223,845
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377	0	104,377
**D	BLUE SKY GROUP	100,000	0	100,000
**D	NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND	26,728	0	26,728
**D	RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	15,316	0	15,316
**D	PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS	28,446	0	28,446
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST	15,170	0	15,170
**D	THE HEALTH FOUNDATION	25,840	0	25,840
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	5,169	0	5,169
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	2,542	0	2,542
**D	STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD	18,758	0	18,758
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST	79,500	0	79,500
**D	NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST	416,265	0	416,265
**D	NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST	368,110	0	368,110
**D	SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	388,300	0	388,300
**D	EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS	37,833	0	37,833
**D	GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY	60,671	0	60,671
**D	LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	41,051	0	41,051
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	191,724	0	191,724
**D	MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	81,100	0	81,100
**D	MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000	0	700,000
**D	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	63,829	0	63,829
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181	0	1,181
**D	IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500	0	135,500
**D	TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637	0	369,637
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCHEME	665,609	0	665,609
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761	0	2,761
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	161,116	0	161,116
**D	COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50	13,187	0	13,187
**D	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO	9,866	0	9,866
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND	1,487	0	1,487
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442	0	241,442
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634	0	26,634

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Approval of the FinecoBank S.p.A. financial statements as at December 31, 2018 IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR					
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy		
**D	AMG FUNDS PLC	110,700	0	110,700		
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912	0	912		
**D	SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST	14,274	0	14,274		
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669	0	669		
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	5,796	0	5,796		
**D	BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968	0	277,968		
**D	STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	161,245	0	161,245		
**D	LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000	0	97,000		
**D	VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413	0	60,413		
**D	STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG	2,719	0	2,719		
**D	UNIVEST	100	0	100		
**D	RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193	0	9,193		
**D	THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001	0	40,001		
**D	LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462	0	319,462		
**D	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160	0	160		
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638		
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ETF	1,796	0	1,796		
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD ,	216,750	0	216,750		
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300	0	10,300		
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600	0	6,600		
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820		
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342	0	29,342		
**D	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	0	409,668		
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	21,821	0	21,821		
**D	CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	30,407	0	30,407		
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352	0	741,352		
**D	AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539	0	12,362,539		
**D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS	139,170	0	139,170		
**D	INDEXIQ	37,382	0	37,382		
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS	639,019	0	639,019		
**D	KIEGER FUND I	19,599	0	19,599		
6949	FOGLI MAURIZIO	769	769	0		
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	6,500	0		
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	2	0		
6984	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	2,000	0		
7602	DE TOMASI PAOLA	6,000	6,000	0		
7790	TIMUS ANDREEA	5	5	0		

Totale voti 494,746,123 Percentuale votanti % 99.816100 Percentuale Capitale % 81.250628

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own 14 Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

Page 20 DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 757 People:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

Attendees:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

n° **495,657,638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		%OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	% OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	%SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	495,152,138	99.898014	99.898014	81.317306
Against	505,500	0.101986	0.101986	0.083017
SubTotal	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323
Abstentions	0	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000
Not voting	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
SubTotal	0	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.38.53

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

AGAINST

Surname

Shareholders:

behalf:

Shareholders on pwn

6125 ESPOSITO MARCO

**D FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy 505,500 0 505,500

Total votes 505,500 Percentage of voters% 0.101986 Percentage of share capital % 0.083017

DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number 1 People:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.38.53

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Surname

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

ABSTENTIONS

Tot. Votes

On own behalf

Proxy

Total votes 0

Percentage of voters% 0.000000 Percentage of share capital % 0.000000

Shareholders:

 $[\]label{eq:page-2} Page\ 2$ DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number 0 People:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.38.53

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

NON VOTING

Surname Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy

Total votes 0

Shareholders:

behalf:

Shareholders on own

Percentage of voters % 0.000000 **Percentage of share capital %** 0.000000

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 3} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$

⁰ People:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	92,780	0	92,780
**D	JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723	0	167,723
**D	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	516,112	0	516,112
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206	0	1,633,206
**D	T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460	0	169,460
**D	NORDEA 1 SICAV	669,864	0	669,864
**D	SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484	0	3,484
**D	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT	3,196	0	3,196
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994	0	7,994
**D	CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	0	41,700
**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055	0	236,055
**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	0	35,202
**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	203,567
**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830	0	349,830
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150	0	142,150
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND	43,411	0	43,411
**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
**D	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	0	1,998
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488	0	4,488
**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
ט	ADDITION LONDO LIVA	07,030	U	0,050

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 4 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders on own

Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014
**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828	0	1,401,828
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D			0	
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	· ·	99,816
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
**D	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	0	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	0	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	0	107,829
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
**D	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	0	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
**D	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	0	230,113
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	7,552	0	7,552

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 5 \\ DE* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	34,987	0	34,987
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190
**D	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	0	166,784
**D	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	0	7,880
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B,V,	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
**D	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	0	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	16,243	0	16,243
**D	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800	0	4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	232,394	0	232,394
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
2		101,000	· ·	

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 6 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
**D	BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N,A, INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473	0	2,177,473
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899	0	9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	104,321	0	104,321
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538	0	4,538
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365
**D	C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020	0	36,020
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	0	178,698
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
_		,		,

Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders on own behalf:

Shareholders by

proxy:

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962
**D	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	0	68,156
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	0	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	0	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	731,014	0	731,614
**D			0	
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280	0	50,280
_	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325		40,325
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	7,584	0	7,584
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,878	0	53,878
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874	0	112,874
**D	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026	0	5,026
**D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	0	32,234
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION F		0	8,546
**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO (SATEWAY CENTER 54,891	0	54,891

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 8 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483	0	11,483
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESOUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U,S, IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FOND INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EQUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D		•	0	198,188
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188 3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL		0	
**D	PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
_	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000	· ·	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500	0	1,500
**D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EQ ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956
**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
**D	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	0	528,371
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310	0	82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	0	2,033,717
**D	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	0	25,311
**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527

Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 9} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	IVFAVOUR					
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy		
**D	BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695	0	333,695		
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634		
**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	1,262		
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62		
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637		
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719		
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712		
**D		320,242	0	320,242		
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	•	0			
_	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233		2,913,233		
**D	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	61,656	0	61,656		
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452		
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187		
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692		
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983		
**D	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	237,443		
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	0	70,196		
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517		
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484		
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771		
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EOFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560		
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740		
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199		
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051		
**D		•	0			
	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737	0	45,737		
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205		118,205		
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433		
**D	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	0	48,163		
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799		
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905		
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918	0	353,918		
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335	0	35,335		
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579	0	5,524,579		
**D	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071		
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	0	28,810		
**D	AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900		
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100		
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403		
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858	0	795,858		
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660	0	257,660		
**D	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000		
**D			0			
	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336		24,336		
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033		
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626		
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228		
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000		
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000		

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 10 \\ DE* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	1	0	1
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116
**D	FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	0	0	0
DE*	UNICREDIT S.P.A.	215,066,403	0	215,066,403
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	3	0
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0
RA	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART,135 UNDECIES TUF)	1,726,930	0	1,726,930
6689	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	6,371	0
6811	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	373	0
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6941	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	1	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054	0	82,054
**D	JAMES W DERRICK	10,950	0	10,950
**D	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST	77,215	0	77,215
**D	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210	0	5,210
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC. OVE RS EAS SERIES	760,510	0	760,510
**D	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	1,107,600	0	1,107,600
**D	MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	4,135	0	4,135
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6	13,315	0	13,315
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES	470	0	470
**D	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC	221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN	320	0	320
**D	ANTHONY K. KESMAN TRUSTEE	685	0	685
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050	0	2,050
**D	SUSAN M. SNYDER	315	0	315
**D	WILLIAM J. BLEIL	515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410	0	104,410
**D	ALFRED F. KRAUSE	155	0	155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY	220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830	0	8,830
**D	LISA FRIEDLANDER	1,610	0	1,610
**D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE	125	0	125
**D	MARTIN J. FARRELL	1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	441,441	0	441,441
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298	0	127,298
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS	138,740	0	138,740
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC	2,328	0	2,328
**D	RWC FUNDS	179,029	0	179,029
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793	0	157,793

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number 760 People: Shareholders:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL	15,540	0	15,540
**D	BLACKROCK EUROFUND	243,856	0	243,856
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456	0	72,456
**D	CIPAV ALOIS	69,622	0	69,622
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455	0	995,455
**D	COLISEE IFC	164,400	0	164,400
**D	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930	0	196,930
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300	35,146	0	35,146
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	46,396	0	46,396
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300	0	11,300
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168	0	9,168
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280	0	467,280
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167	0	139,167
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904	0	39,904
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802	0	2,411,802
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EOUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561
**D	I,2,C, ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000
**D	ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000	0	133,000
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000
**D	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	0	134,000
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	0	226,000
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567
ע	EDITI NOTIONO BONO	317,307	V	317,301

Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 12 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	0	356,514
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560	0	275,560
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000	0	142,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150	0	83,150
**D	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	0	20,977
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534
**D	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628
**D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606
**D	NORGES BANK	95,217	0	95,217
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891	0	490,891
**D	· ·	•	0	
**D	AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
_	AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922	· ·	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT, PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326	0	326
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144	0	157,144
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	395,504	0	395,504
**D	JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	67,802	0	67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988	0	89,988
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	0	8,597
**D	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	0	273,095
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) - TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	MAN OUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER OIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
**D	MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
ט	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWIN TOND	0,333,003	0	0,333,003

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number 760 People: Shareholders: Shareholders on own

Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII:FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
**D	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD,AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EOFD	187,364	0	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174	0	5,174
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL. INC. STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279	0	23,279
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL. INC. STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162	0	24,162
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC. INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378	0	646,378
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082	0	396,082
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254	0	15,254
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854
**D	SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS, SOC ANON DE CAPITAL VARIABLE	536,261	0	536,261
**D		65,500	0	
**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	•	0	65,500
**D	CAREFIRST, INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D		69,119	0	69,119
**D	SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577	0	7,577
_	CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND	115,510		115,510
**D	CALVERT RESP INX SRS, INC,-CLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U.S. RSP INX FD	2,736	0	2,736
**D	XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	8,483	0	8,483
**D	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	54,394	0	54,394
**D	MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN	269,031	0	269,031
**D	VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893	0	2,893
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407	0	42,407
**D	PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950	0	8,950
**D	EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857	0	21,857
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUITY TRUST	30,000	0	30,000

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 14 \\ DE* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE ETF	3,280	0	3,280
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF	12,735	0	12,735
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL LIBERTY INT OPPORTUN ETF	10,759	0	10,759
**D	FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U,K, INDEX ETF	7,203	0	7,203
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED E	TF 195	0	195
**D	TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO	4,241	0	4,241
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST	53,000	0	53,000
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND	27,000	0	27,000
**D	ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200	0	85,200
**D	GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND	121,981	0	121,981
**D	GAM STAR FUND P.L.C.	4,296,530	0	4,296,530
**D	E,SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR		0	20,498
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	418,556	0	418,556
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340	0	91,340
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383	0	1,045,383
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550	0	199,550
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559	0	1,037,559
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	401,687	0	401,687
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000	0	125,000
**D	TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583	0	14,583
**D	MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND	90,977	0	90,977
**D	GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063	0	7,063
**D	JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132	0	1,208,132
**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF	9,932	0	9,932
**D	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108	0	63,108
**D	INVESCO V.I. INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078	0	1,550,078
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793	0	713,793
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275	0	1,752,275
**D	KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900	0	123,900
**D	KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	25,442	0	25,442
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN	19,330	0	19,330
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	4,020
**D	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942	0	16,942
**D	MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	46,112	0	46,112
**D	MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766	0	81,766
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	48,544	0	48,544
**D	GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P	2,713	0	2,713
**D	MERCER OIF CCF	919,578	0	919,578
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742	0	28,742
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958	0	54,958
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	208,513
**D	NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN	70,716	0	70,716
**D	FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926	0	8,926
**D	CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST	405,302	0	405,302
**D	PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ E		0	955
עיייי	FINCO EQUITE SERIES.FINCO RAFT DINAMIC MODIT-FACTOR INT EQ E	955	U	933

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238	0	16,238
**D	FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983	0	1,983
**D	PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	1,422	0	1,422
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910	0	31,910
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK POND THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	-	22,113	0	22,113
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	16,969
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,969	0	•
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
_	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS, LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190		44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
**D	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	0	20,300
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323	0	31,323
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509	0	653,509
**D	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	0	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450	0	95,450
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	13,703	0	13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
-		1,123	-	1,123

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 760 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	0	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L.P.	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EQUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D		•	0	
_	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING QP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491		2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751
**D	VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S,A, FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
**D	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	0	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	0	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	0	8,959
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	166,595	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638	0	330,638
D	COLLEGE TELLIFICATION LOND	333,030	ŭ	330,030

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 17 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 760 People:

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Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf:

RESULTS OF VOTING

behalf:

Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	268,260	0	268,260
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	53,187	0	53,187
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286	0	95,286
**D	MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	26,733
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	0	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE	222,120	0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	1,198,085	0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	97,652	0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D		165,416	0	165,416
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	•
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150	0	11,150
_	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961		9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PENSION SCHEME	10,969	0	10,969
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	33,251	0	33,251
**D	STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS	56,707	0	56,707
**D	VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD EX - UK EQT IND FD	72,671	0	72,671
**D	VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE DEV EUROPE EX-UK EQ INDEX F	134,143	0	134,143
**D	VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213	0	1,213
**D	SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907	0	1,907
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446	0	20,446
**D	PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029	0	24,029
**D	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD	175,900	0	175,900
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946	0	280,946
**D	BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240	0	12,240
**D	TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795	0	135,795
**D	DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR	45,732	0	45,732
**D	MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST	45,328	0	45,328
**D	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	4,261	0	4,261
**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
**D	STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141	0	7,141
**D	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
**D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
**D	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D	NTGI-OM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	0	10,336
**D	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	0	5,051
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	0	217,100
ב	TIDDLITT IDVICOR CHRIDO VIII TIDDLITT ADVICOR CVERCHAS FORD	217,100	O	21,,100

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IN FAVOUR

	INFAVOR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND	223,845	0	223,845
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377	0	104,377
**D	BLUE SKY GROUP	100,000	0	100,000
**D	NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND	26,728	0	26,728
**D	RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	15,316	0	15,316
**D	PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS	28,446	0	28,446
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST	15,170	0	15,170
**D	THE HEALTH FOUNDATION	25,840	0	25,840
**D		5,169	0	5,169
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	•	0	2,542
	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	2,542		•
**D	STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD	18,758	0	18,758
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST	79,500	0	79,500
**D	NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST	416,265	0	416,265
**D	NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST	368,110	0	368,110
**D	SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	388,300	0	388,300
**D	EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS	37,833	0	37,833
**D	GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY	60,671	0	60,671
**D	LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	41,051	0	41,051
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	191,724	0	191,724
**D	MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	81,100	0	81,100
**D	MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000	0	700,000
**D	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	63,829	0	63,829
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181	0	1,181
**D			0	
_	IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500		135,500
**D	TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637	0	369,637
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCHEME	665,609	0	665,609
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761	0	2,761
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	161,116	0	161,116
**D	COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50	13,187	0	13,187
**D	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO	9,866	0	9,866
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND	1,487	0	1,487
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442	0	241,442
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634	0	26,634
**D	AMG FUNDS PLC	110,700	0	110,700
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912	0	912
**D	SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST	14,274	0	14,274
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669	0	669
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	5,796	0	5,796
**D	BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968	0	277,968
**D		•	0	
_	STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	161,245		161,245
**D	LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000	0	97,000
**D	VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413	0	60,413
**D	STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG	2,719	0	2,719
**D	UNIVEST	100	0	100
**D	RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193	0	9,193
**D	THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001	0	40,001

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 760 People:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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Subject: Allocation of the net profit for the year 2018 of FinecoBank S.p.A.

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462	0	319,462
**D	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160	0	160
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ETF	1,796	0	1,796
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD ,	216,750	0	216,750
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300	0	10,300
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600	0	6,600
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342	0	29,342
**D	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	0	409,668
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	21,821	0	21,821
**D	CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	30,407	0	30,407
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352	0	741,352
**D	AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539	0	12,362,539
**D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS	139,170	0	139,170
**D	INDEXIQ	37,382	0	37,382
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS	639,019	0	639,019
**D	KIEGER FUND I	19,599	0	19,599
6949	FOGLI MAURIZIO	769	769	0
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	6,500	0
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	2	0
6984	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	2,000	0
7602	DE TOMASI PAOLA	6,000	6,000	0
7790	TIMUS ANDREEA	5	5	0

Total votes 495,152,138 Percentage of voters% 99.898014 Percentage of share capital % 81.317306

 $Page\ 20$ DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 760 People:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.54.40

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject : 2019 Compensation Policy

Attendees:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

n° **495,657,638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		% OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	% OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	%SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	481,485.078	97.140655	97.140655	79.072807
Against	14,172.187	2.859269	2.859269	2.327455
SubTotal	495,657.265	99.999925	99.999925	81.400262
Abstentions	373	0.000075	0.000075	0.000061
Not voting	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
SubTotal	373	0.000075	0.000075	0.000061
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

AGAINST

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828	0	1,401,828
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	0	99,816
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
**D	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM	505,500	0	505,500
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D		•	0	
	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	· ·	7,880
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
**D	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	0	68,156
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	0	32,234
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION EMPLOYEES	8,546	0	8,546
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	0	28,810
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054	0	82,054
**D	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	0	356,514
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PENSION SCHEME	10,969	0	10,969
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	33,251	0	33,251
**D	BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240	0	12,240

 $\label{eq:page-1} Page \ 1$ DE^* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number 48 People: Shareholders:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.54.40

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

Surname

**D

Shareholders:

behalf:

Shareholders on own

**D	RIVI	ER AND	MEL	RCAI	A.T.T.F	GLOBAL	HIGH	I ALPHA	F'UND
**D	THE	HEALTH	FC	INUC	DATIC	N			
**D	THE	TRUSTE	ES	OF	THE	LEVERHUI	LME T	RUST	

Total votes 14,172,187 Percentage of voters % 2.859269 Percentage of share capital % 2.327455

INDEXIQ

AGAINST

Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
15,316	0	15,316
25,840	0	25,840
79,500	0	79,500
37,382	0	37,382

⁴⁸ People:

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.54.40

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

Cognome

6811 AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA

Total votes 373 0.000075 Percentage of voters % Percentage of share capital % 0.000061

ABSTENTIONS

Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy 373 373

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 3} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

Cognome

Total votes 0

Percentage of voters% 0.000000 Percentage of share capital % 0.000000

NOT VOTING

Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy

0 People:

Shareholders by proxy:

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 4 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	92,780	0	92,780
**D	JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723	0	167,723
**D	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	516,112	0	516,112
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206	0	1,633,206
**D	T. ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460	0	169,460
**D	NORDEA 1 SICAV	669,864	0	669,864
**D	SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484	0	3,484
**D	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT	3,196	0	3,196
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994	0	7,994
**D	CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	0	41,700
**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055	0	236,055
**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	0	35,202
**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	
**D		349,830	0	203,567 349,830
**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND		0	
	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150		142,150
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND	43,411	0	43,411
**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
**D	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	0	1,998
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488	0	4,488
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 5 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 712 People:

13 Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014
**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
**D	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	0	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	0	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	0	107,829
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
**D	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	0	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
**D	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	0	230,113
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	7,552	0	7,552
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	34,987	0	34,987
**D	TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190
**D	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	0	166,784
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B.V.	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D		•	0	•
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
_	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	O .	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 712 People: 13 Shareholders by Shareholders on own

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	16,243	0	16,243
**D	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800	0	4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	232,394	0	232,394
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
**D	BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N.A. INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473	0	2,177,473
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899	0	9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	104,321	0	104,321
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538	0	4,538
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365
**D	C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020	0	36,020
-		30,020	ŭ	55,520

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 7 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ 712 People: Shareholders: 13 Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	0	178,698
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EOUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	0	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	Ö	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
_		-:=/000	-	,

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 8 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ 712 People: Shareholders:

13 Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	INFAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	4	0	4
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280	0	50,280
**D	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325	0	40,325
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	7,584	0	7,584
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,878	0	53,878
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874	0	112,874
**D	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026	0	5,026
**D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	AST TRY DIVERS REAL GWIH PORT PDMO ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER		0	
_		54,891		54,891
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D **D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
_	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483		11,483
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESQUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U.S. IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EOUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188	0	198,188
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
ע	TO THE PAYABLE MAKE DA OF OWNERS LOKE	25,550	O	25,550

712 People: Shareholders: 13 Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf:

proxy:

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 9 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

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IN FAVOUR

	INFAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000	0	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500	0	1,500
**D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EO ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956
**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
**D	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	0	528,371
**D			0	
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310		82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	0	2,033,717
_	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	•	25,311
**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527
**D	BLL AOUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EOUITY	333,695	0	333,695
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634
**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	1,262
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	320,242	0	320,242
**D	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233	0	2,913,233
**D		61,656	0	61,656
**D	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	•	•	,
_	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983
**D	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	237,443
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	0	70,196
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EQFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051
**D	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737	0	45,737
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205	0	118,205
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433
**D	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	0	48,163
**D		•	0	,
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799
_	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918		353,918
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335	0	35,335
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579	0	5,524,579

 $\label{eq:page_prop} Page~10$ $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DE^*}}$ proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number 712 People: Shareholders:

13 Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071
**D	AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858	0	795,858
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660	0	257,660
**D	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000
**D	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336	0	24,336
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	1	0	1
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116
**D	FRODENITAL INVESTMENT FORTFOLIO 2 FRODENITAL QUA INTE DEVELOPED MIRRIS INDEX FOND FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	2,300,000	0	2,300,000
DE*	UNICREDIT S.P.A.	215,066,403	0	215,066,403
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	213,000,403	3	0
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0
RA	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART.135 UNDECIES TUF)	1,726,930	0	1,726,930
6689	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	6,371	1,720,930
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6941	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	10	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	JAMES W DERRICK	10,950	0	10,950
**D		•	0	•
_	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST	77,215	0	77,215
**D	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210	•	5,210
**D **D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC, OVE RS EAS SERIES	760,510	0	760,510
_	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	1,107,600	0	1,107,600
**D	MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	4,135	0	4,135
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6	13,315	0	13,315
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES	470	0	470
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC	221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN	320	0	320
**D	ANTHONY K, KESMAN TRUSTEE	685	0	685
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050	0	2,050
**D	SUSAN M. SNYDER	315	0	315
**D	WILLIAM J. BLEIL	515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410	0	104,410
**D	ALFRED F. KRAUSE	155	0	155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY	220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830	0	8,830

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 11 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 712 People: 13 Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

Subject.	IN FAVOL	J R		
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	LISA FRIEDLANDER	1,610	0	1,610
**D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE	125	0	125
**D	MARTIN J. FARRELL	1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	441,441	0	441,441
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298	0	127,298
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS	138,740	0	138,740
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC	2,328	0	2,328
**D	RWC FUNDS	179,029	0	179,029
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793	0	157,793
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL	15,540	0	15,540
**D	BLACKROCK EUROFUND	243,856	0	243,856
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456	0	72,456
**D	CIPAV ALOIS	69,622	0	69,622
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455	0	995,455
**D	COLISEE IFC	164,400	0	164,400
**D	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930	0	196,930
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300	35,146	0	35,146
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	46,396	0	46,396
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300	0	11,300
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168	0	9,168
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280	0	467,280
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167	0	139,167
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904	0	39,904
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802	0	2,411,802
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561
**D	I,2.C. ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000
**D	E.UREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000	0	133,000
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522

Shareholders: 712 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 12 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RL* legal representation to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

RESULTS OF VOTING

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IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000
**D	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	0	134,000
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	0	226,000
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560	0	275,560
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000	0	142,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150	0	83,150
**D	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	0	20,977
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534
**D	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628
**D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606
**D	NORGES BANK	95,217	0	95,217
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B.V	490,891	0	490,891
**D	ALGON CUSTODI B.V AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
**D	AHL GENESIS Z LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	9,922	0	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT, PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
**D	, ,	326	0	326
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND		0	157,144
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE.	157,144	0	•
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	395,504 67,802	0	395,504 67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL		0	•
**D		89,988	0	89,988
_	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	₹	8,597
**D	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	0	273,095
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) - TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 13 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ 712 People: Shareholders: 13 Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
**D	MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII: FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D			0	
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
_	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD.AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EQFD	187,364	ŭ	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL. INC. STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174	0	5,174
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279	ŭ	23,279
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162	0	24,162
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC. INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378	0	646,378
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082	0	396,082
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254	0	15,254
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS. SOC ANON DE CAPITAL VARIABLE	536,261	0	536,261
**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500	0	65,500
**D	CAREFIRST. INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D	UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST	69,119	0	69,119
**D	SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577	0	7,577
**D	CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND	115,510	0	115,510
**D	CALVERT RESP INX SRS. INCCLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U.S. RSP INX FD	2,736	0	2,736
**D	XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	8,483	0	8,483
**D	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	54,394	0	54,394
**D	MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN	269,031	0	269,031
_		===, ===	-	,

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 14 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 712 People:

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IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893	0	2,893
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407	0	42,407
**D	PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950	0	8,950
**D	EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857	0	21,857
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUITY TR	UST 30,000	0	30,000
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE ETF	3,280	0	3,280
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF	12,735	0	12,735
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL LIBERTY INT OPPORTUN ET	•	0	10,759
**D	FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U.K. INDEX ETF	7,203	0	7,203
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED	,	0	195
**D	TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO	4,241	0	4,241
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST	53,000	0	53,000
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND	27,000	0	27,000
**D	ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200	0	85,200
**D	GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND	121,981	0	121,981
**D	GAM STAR FUND P.L.C.	4,296,530	0	4,296,530
**D	E,SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR		0	20,498
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	418,556	0	418,556
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340	0	91,340
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383	0	1,045,383
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550	0	199,550
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559	0	1,037,559
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	401,687	0	401,687
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000	0	125,000
**D	TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583	0	14,583
**D	MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND	90,977	0	90,977
**D	GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063	0	7,063
**D	JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132	0	
**D		9,932	0	1,208,132 9,932
**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF	,	0	
**D	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108	0	63,108
_	INVESCO V,I, INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078		1,550,078
**D **D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793	0	713,793
_	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275	0	1,752,275
**D	KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900	0	123,900
**D	KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	25,442	0	25,442
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN	,	0	19,330
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	4,020
**D	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942	0	16,942
**D	MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	46,112	0	46,112
**D	MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766	0	81,766
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	48,544	0	48,544
**D	GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P.	2,713	0	2,713
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	919,578	0	919,578
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742	0	28,742
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958	0	54,958
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 15 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 712 People:

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	208,513
**D	NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN	70,716	0	70,716
**D	FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926	0	8,926
**D	CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST	405,302	0	405,302
**D	PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF	955	0	955
**D	GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238	0	16,238
**D	FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983	0	1,983
**D	PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	1,422	0	1,422
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910	0	31,910
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113	0	22,113
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,969	0	16,969
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
**D	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS, LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190	0	44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
**D	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	0	20,300
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D		31,323	0	31,323
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY		0	
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509		653,509
**D	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	0	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450		95,450
_	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	13,703	0	13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 16 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ 712 People: Shareholders: 13 Shareholders by Shareholders on own

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^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	0	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L.P.	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EQUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING OP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491	0	2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751
**D	VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S.A. FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
**D	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	0	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	0	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	0	8,959
D		0,733	V	3,737

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 17 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ 712 People: Shareholders: 13 Shareholders by Shareholders on own

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	166,595	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638	0	330,638
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	268,260	0	268,260
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	53,187	0	53,187
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286	0	95,286
**D	MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	26,733
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	0	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF D		0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE		0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE		0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416	0	165,416
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150	0	11,150
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961	0	9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
**D	STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS	56,707	0	56,707
**D	VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD EX - UK EOT IND FD	72,671	0	72,671
**D	VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE DEV EUROPE EX-UK EO INDEX F	134,143	0	134,143
**D	VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213	0	1,213
**D	SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907	0	1,907
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446	0	20,446
**D	PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029	0	24,029
**D	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD	175,900	0	175,900
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946	0	280,946
**D	TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795	0	135,795
**D	DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR	45,732	0	45,732
**D	MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST	45,328	0	45,328
**D	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	4,261	0	4,261
**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
**D	STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141	0	7,141
**D	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
**D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
**D	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D	NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	0	10,336
**D	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	0	5,051

Shareholders: 712 People: 13 Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	0	217,100
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND	223,845	0	223,845
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377	0	104,377
**D	BLUE SKY GROUP	100,000	0	100,000
**D	NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND	26,728	0	26,728
**D	PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS	28,446	0	28,446
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST	15,170	0	15,170
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	5,169	0	5,169
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	2,542	0	2,542
**D	STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD	18,758	0	18,758
**D	NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST	416,265	0	416,265
**D	NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST	368,110	0	368,110
**D	SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	388,300	0	388,300
**D	EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS	37,833	0	37,833
**D	GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY	60,671	0	60,671
**D	LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	41,051	0	41,051
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	191,724	0	191,724
**D	MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	81,100	0	81,100
**D	MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000	0	700,000
**D	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	63,829	0	63,829
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181	0	1,181
**D	IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500	0	135,500
**D	TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637	0	369,637
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCHEME	665,609	0	665,609
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761	0	2,761
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	161,116	0	161,116
**D	COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50	13,187	0	13,187
**D	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO	9,866	0	9,866
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND	1,487	0	1,487
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442	0	241,442
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634	0	26,634
**D	AMG FUNDS PLC	110,700	0	110,700
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912	0	912
**D	SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST	14,274	0	14,274
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669	0	669
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	5,796	0	5,796
**D	BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968	0	277,968
**D	STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	161,245	0	161,245
**D	LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000	0	97,000
**D	VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413	0	60,413
**D	STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG	2,719	0	2,719
**D	UNIVEST	100	0	100
**D	RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193	0	9,193
**D	THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001	0	40,001
**D	LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462	0	319,462
-		327, 102	ŭ	515,102

712 People: Shareholders: 13 Shareholders by Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 19 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Compensation Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160	0	160
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ETF	1,796	0	1,796
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD	216,750	0	216,750
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300	0	10,300
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600	0	6,600
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342	0	29,342
**D	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	0	409,668
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	21,821	0	21,821
**D	CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	30,407	0	30,407
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352	0	741,352
**D	AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539	0	12,362,539
**D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS	139,170	0	139,170
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS	639,019	0	639,019
**D	KIEGER FUND I	19,599	0	19,599
6949	FOGLI MAURIZIO	769	769	0
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	6,500	0
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	2	0
6984	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	2,000	0
7602	DE TOMASI PAOLA	6,000	6,000	0
7790	TIMUS ANDREEA	5	5	0

Total votes 481,485,078 Percentage of voters % 97.140655 Percentage of share capital % 79.072807

behalf:

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 20 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 712 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

proxy:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.56.20

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

Attendees:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

n° **495.657.638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		% OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	% OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	%SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	468,898,196	94.601225	94.601225	77.005703
Against	25,026,141	5.049078	5.049078	4.109966
SubTotal	493,924,337	99.650303	99.650303	81.115668
Abstentions	1,733,301	0.349697	0.349697	0.284655
Not voting	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000
SubTotal	1,733,301	0.349697	0.349697	0.284655
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

AGAINST

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828	0	1,401,828
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	0	99,816
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
**D	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM	505,500	0	505,500
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	0	7,880
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	AVIVA BITE & TENDIONS ON BINITED AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FONDS TOVE AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	4,538	0	4,538
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
**D	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	0	68,156
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874	0	112,874
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	0	32,234
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASIER RETIRES MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION EMPLOYEES	8,546	0	8,546
**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	•
**D			0	1,262 2,913,233
**D	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233	0	
_	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	61,656	ŭ	61,656
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	0	28,810
6946 **D	CLERICI CAMILLA	0 356 514	0	0
_	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	~	356,514
**D **D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT, PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
ת ״ ״	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	U	273,095

55 People: Shareholders: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

 $[\]label{eq:page-1} Page \ 1$ DE^* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.56.20

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

AGAINST

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583	0	14,583
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PENSION SCHEME	10,969	0	10,969
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	33,251	0	33,251
**D	BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240	0	12,240
**D	RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	15,316	0	15,316
**D	THE HEALTH FOUNDATION	25,840	0	25,840
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST	79,500	0	79,500

Total votes 25,026,141 Percentage of voters % 5.049078 Percentage of share capital % 4.109966

Shareholders: 55 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf:

proxy:

 $\label{eq:page-2} Page\ 2$ DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.56.20

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

ABSTENTIONS

on own behalf Surname Tot. Votes Proxy *RA* FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART.135 UNDECIES TUF) 1,726,930 1,726,930 6689 CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO 6,371 6,371

Total votes 1,733.301 Percentage of voters % 0.349697 Percentage of share capital % 0.284655

Shareholders: 5 People:

Shareholders on own Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 3} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

Surname

Total votes 0

Percentage of voters % 0.000000 Percentage of share capital % 0.000000

NOT VOTING

Tot. Votes on own behalf Proxy

Shareholders by proxy:

⁰ People:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

SEPOSITO MARCO		Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
THE COLOR THORSE 167,723 167					
D	_				
### PRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS 1,633,206 1,633,206 1,633,206 170,221 0 170,22	_	JPMORGAN FUNDS		· ·	
T. ROWE PRICE FINIS SICAY T. ROWE PRICE FINIS SICAY T. CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND NORDEA 1 SICAY ON NORDEA 1 SICAY SCHOODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND NORDEA 1 SICAY T. ROWER SELEC MES ACCOUNT T. ROWER SELEC MES ACCOUNT T. ROWER SELECTION FUND NEMBS SELEC MES ACCOUNT T. ROWER SELECTION FUND T. ROWER SELECTION	_	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS			
CADITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	_	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206		1,633,206
NORDER 1 SICAW	_	T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
SCHENDER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	_	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	•	· ·	169,460
***D	_		•	-	,
1-10				•	
CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSIGNE FUND IT 1,700	_	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT		-	
C C AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	_	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS			
**D CC AND L 0 130/30 FUND II **D CC AND L 0 US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND **D CCLAIL STRATEGIES FUND **C CAND L O US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND **D CCLAIL STRATEGIES FUND **D WELLINSTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS **D IND DIRECT **S COND COND COND COND COND COND COND COND	_	CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	•	41,700
**D CC AND L Q US QUITY EXTENSION FUND **D CCLA LAL STRATEGISS FUND **D NELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS **D NELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS **D NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I **D NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I **D HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC **D HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D WALLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TENTS **D VANGUAGD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUAGD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D AGAINER INJURANCE PROPOUNTS FUND INJURNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D VANGUAGD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VARIBLE INJURANCE PROPOUNTS FUND INJURNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D VARIBLE INJURNACE PROPOUNTS FUND INJURNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D LACM WORD SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D LACM WORD SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D LACM WORD SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORD SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORD SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORD SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY DROP **D PINERTICE BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D ARITER TRUST ERROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D ALLIANGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANGI FONDS PP2	**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D CCL ALL STRATEGIES FUND **D WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS **D INSDIRECT **D NATIKIS INTERTY FUNDS LUX I **D NATIKIS INTERTY FUNDS LUX I **D NATIKIS INTERTY FUNDS LUX I **D HUNTINISTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COMP INDEX FD **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COMP INDEX FD **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COMP INDEX FD **D FIRET TRUST BANK OF JABAN IND **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D PIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D WANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D RAINER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TE FUND **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D SURGELINGTON EQUITY SELECT ETF **D SURGELINGTON EQUITY SELECT ETF **D SURGELINGTON EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARICHASE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D VARICHASE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D SURGELINGTON EQUITY SELECT ETF **D ALLIANZGI FONDS SATE ALLOCATION FUND **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN IND **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LE **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN IND **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN IND **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LE **D JAPAN TRUSTE EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D JAPAN TRUSTE EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNESTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
**D MELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTPOLIOS **D ING DIRECT **D ING DIRECT **D NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I **D NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I **D HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SWALL- COMP INDEX FD **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SWALL- COMP INDEX FD **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OWN COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D WANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D EVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INDEX PORTPOLIO **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTPOLIO **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTPOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTPOLIO **D LACK WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LOT **D JAPAN	**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D ING DIRECT 35,202 0 35,202 **D NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I 103,000 0 103,000 **D HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC 8,270 0 8,270 **D SCHMAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COMP INNEX FD 39,889 0 39,889 **D SCHMAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COMP INNEX FD 39,889 0 39,889 **D THE MASTER TRUSTE RENOR JAPAN LTD 29,373 0 29,373 **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND 215,544 0 215,544 **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND 169,970 0 169,970 **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP 137,909 0 137,909 **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP 137,909 0 137,909 **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC 203,567 0 203,567 **D RAINIER INT SWALL CAP EQUITY COLT FUND 349,830 0 349,830 **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC 142,150 0 142,150 **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC 142,150 0 142,150 **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC 142,150 0 142,810 **D EPIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND 43,411 0 43,411 **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF 2,020 0 2,020 **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND 43,411 0 43,411 **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND 16,894 0 16,894 **D THEM MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD 61,894 **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP 61,894 **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD 5,360 0 61,815 **D JAPAN TRUSTES ESVICES BANK LTD 5,360 0 52,148 **D JAPAN TRUSTES ESVICES BANK LTD 5,360 0 73,489 **D JAPAN TRUSTES ESVICES BANK LTD 5,360 0 73,600 **D JAPAN TRUSTES ESVICES BANK LTD 5,360 0 73,600 **D DEAK MASTER HERK I 73,600 0 73,600 **D DEKA MASTER HERK I 8 **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND 73,600 **D DEKA MASTER HERK I 8 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 6 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 6 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 6 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 6 60,014 0 60,014	**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I 103,000 0 103,000	_	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS		0	
**D HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC 8,270 0 8,270 **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL—COMP INDEX FD 39,889 0 39,889 **D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COMP INDEX FD 39,889 0 39,889 **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LITD 29,373 0 29,373 **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND 215,544 0 215,544 **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND 16,970 0 16,9970 **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP 137,909 0 137,909 **D WANGUARD FUNDS PLC 203,567 0 203,567 **D WANGUARD FUNDS PLC 203,567 0 203,567 **D RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND 349,830 0 349,830 **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC 142,150 0 142,150 **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND 143,411 0 43,411 **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF 2,020 0 2,020 **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO 1,313 0 1,313 **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO 1,531 0 16,894 **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP 1,998 0 1,998 **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP 1,998 0 1,998 **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 52,148 0 52,148 **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 52,148 0 52,148 **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 5,360 0 7,360 **D FIRST TRUST EUROZOME ALEHADEX ETF 5 70,666 0 7,0666 **D LILIANGI FONDS BAT LS 70,666 0 7,666 **D ALLIANGI FONDS BAT LS 70,600 **D ALLIANGI FONDS BAT LS 70,600 **D ALLIANGI FONDS AFE 6 64,768 0 6 64,768 **D ALLIANGI FONDS PTV2 6 60,044 0 60,044 **D ALLIANGI FONDS PFV2 6 60,044 0 60,044	**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	•	35,202
**D SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL COME INDEX FD **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D WELLINFOON TRUST COME COMM TRUST INT OPP **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D EVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D THE MASTER TRUST ENRICO TAPAN LTD **D THE MASTER TRUST: BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D SALEMAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUSTE EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D GORRESTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D FIRST TRUSTE EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D OERA MASTER TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D DEX MASTER TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D DEX MASTER TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D DER AMSTER TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D DER AMSTER TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX FF **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D PIONERR FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D PIONERR FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D VANGUARD FUNDS DLC 203,567 **D RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D CORNEESTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D CORNEESTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D DERA MASTER HAEK I **D DERA MASTER HAEK I **D DERA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D WANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD INDESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D LACM MORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND **D WBLLINGTON TRUST COMP COMP TRUST INT OPP **D WBLLINGTON TRUST COMP COMP TRUST INT OPP **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **ARINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D PEDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D EVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D HEMASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LID **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LID **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEERIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D PINEERIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTES ERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTES ERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL FUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D VANGUARD FUNDS PLC **D RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND **D RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF 2,020 0 2,020 **D VARIBABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D VARIBABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D GORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF5 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF7	**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTES ERRVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTES ERRVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTES ERRVICES BANK LTD **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND **D EVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF 2,020 **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D JAPAN TRUSTE SERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	203,567
**D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND 43,411 0 43,411 **D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF 2,020 0 2,020 **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO 1,313 0 1,313 **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL SPORTFOLIO 1,313 0 16,894 **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL STREET TRUST: FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL 1,998 0 16,894 **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP 1,998 0 1,998 **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD 61,815 0 61,815 **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 52,148 0 52,148 **D FIRST TRUST EUROZOME ALPHADEX ETF 37,489 0 37,489 **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND 5,360 0 5,360 **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND 44,488 0 4,488 **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND 44,488 0 4,488 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS 70,686 0 70,686 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS 73,600 0 73,600 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE 64,768 0 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE 64,768 0 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTY2 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 60,014 0 60,014 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830	0	349,830
**D DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PFI **D ALL	**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150	0	142,150
**D VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO **D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND	43,411	0	43,411
**D FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL **D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTE SERVICES BANK LTD **D JAPAN TRUSTE SERVICES BANK LTD **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP 1,998 0 1,998 **D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD 61,815 0 61,815 **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 52,148 0 52,148 **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF 37,489 0 37,489 **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND 37,360 0 5,360 **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND 4,488 **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I 70,686 0 70,686 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS 73,600 0 73,600 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD 61,815 0 61,815 **D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 52,148 0 52,148 **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF 37,489 0 37,489 **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND 5,360 0 5,360 **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND 4,488 **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I 70,686 0 70,686 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS 73,600 0 73,600 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE 64,768 0 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 99,043 0 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 9,043 0 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
**D JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD 52,148 **D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF 37,489 0 37,489 **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND 5,360 0 5,360 **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND 4,488 0 4,488 **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I 70,686 0 70,686 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS 70,686 0 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE 89,056 0 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 9,043 0 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 60,014 0 60,014	**D	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	0	1,998
**D FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF **D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND **D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D DEKA MASTER HAEK I **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D DEKA MASTER HAEK I 70,686 0 70,686 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS 73,600 0 73,600 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE 64,768 0 64,768 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 89,056 0 89,056 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 9,043 0 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 60,014 0 60,014	**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS **D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488	0	4,488
**D ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 9,043 0 9,043 **D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 60,014 0 60,014	**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768
**D ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2 60,014 0 60,014	**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
5 122111101 10120 111	**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043
**D ALLIANZ GI FONDS OUONIAM SMC 271.622 0 271.622	**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014
= 12/022	**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 5 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
**D	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	0	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	0	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	0	107,829
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	0	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
**D	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	0	230,113
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL P	ENSION FUND 7,552	0	7,552
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTO	RY PENSION FUND 34,987	0	34,987
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190
**D	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	0	166,784
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B.V.	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
**D	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	0	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	16,243	0	16,243

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 701 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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	INFAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800	0	4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D		232,394	0	
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND		0	232,394
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
_	BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N,A, INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473	ŭ	2,177,473
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899	0	9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	104,321	0	104,321
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365
**D	C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020	0	36,020
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938
		•		•

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**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	0	178,698
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	0	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	0	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	4	0	4
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280	0	50,280

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325	0	40,325
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	7,584	0	7,584
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,878	0	53,878
**D	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026	0	5,026
**D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER	54,891	0	54,891
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483	0	11,483
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESOUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U,S, IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EQUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188	0	198,188
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
**D	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000	0	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500	0	1,500
**D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EQ ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 9 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
**D	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	0	528,371
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310	0	82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	0	2,033,717
**D	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	0	25,311
**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IO 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	IO 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527
**D	BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695	0	333,695
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	320,242	0	320,242
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983
**D	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	237,443
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	0	70,196
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EOFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051
**D	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUNI		0	45,737
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205	0	118,205
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433
**D	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	0	48,163
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918	0	353,918
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335	0	35,335
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579	0	5,524,579
**D	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071
**D	AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858	0	795,858
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660	0	257,660
**D	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000
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**D	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336	0	24,336
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	. 1	0	. 1
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116
**D	FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	_,,,,,,,,	0	0
DE*	UNICREDIT S.P.A.	215,066,403	0	215,066,403
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	3	0
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0
6811	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	373	0
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6941	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	1	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054	0	82,054
**D	JAMES W DERRICK	10,950	0	10,950
**D	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST	77,215	0	77,215
**D	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210	0	5,210
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC, OVE RS EAS SERIES	760,510	0	760,510
**D			0	
**D	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	1,107,600 4,135	0	1,107,600 4,135
**D			0	
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6	13,315 470	0	13,315 470
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES		0	
_	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC	221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN	320	o o	320
**D	ANTHONY K. KESMAN TRUSTEE	685	0	685
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050	0	2,050
**D	SUSAN M. SNYDER	315	0	315
**D	WILLIAM J. BLEIL	515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410	0	104,410
**D	ALFRED F. KRAUSE	155	0	155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY	220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830	0	8,830
**D	LISA FRIEDLANDER	1,610	0	1,610
**D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE	125	0	125
**D	MARTIN J. FARRELL	1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	441,441	0	441,441
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298	0	127,298

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**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS	138,740	0	138,740	
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC	2,328	0	2,328	
**D	RWC FUNDS	179,029	0	179,029	
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793	0	157,793	
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL	15,540	0	15,540	
**D	BLACKROCK EUROFUND	243,856	0	243,856	
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000	
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456	0	72,456	
**D	CIPAV ALOIS	69,622	0	69,622	
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455	0	995,455	
**D	COLISEE IFC	164,400	0	164,400	
**D	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930	0	196,930	
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300	35,146	0	35,146	
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	46,396	0	46,396	
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300	0	11,300	
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168	0	9,168	
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280	0	467,280	
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167	0	139,167	
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904	0	39,904	
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802	0	2,411,802	
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399	
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007	
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767	
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596	
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000	
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900	
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561	
**D	I.2.C. ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000	
**D	ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000	
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154	
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940	
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492	
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500	
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100	
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000	
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000	
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516	
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075	
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332	
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166	
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000	0	133,000	
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522	
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402	
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000	
**D	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628	
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	0	134,000	

Shareholders by

proxy:

DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders: 701 People: Shareholders on own behalf:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	On Own Denair	226,000
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567
**D		·	0	
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560	0	275,560
_	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000		142,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150	0	83,150
**D	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	0	20,977
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534
**D	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628
**D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606
**D	NORGES BANK	95,217	0	95,217
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891	0	490,891
**D	AHL DIRECTIONAL EOUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
**D	AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922	0	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326	0	326
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144	0	157,144
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	395,504	0	395,504
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	67,802	0	67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988	0	89,988
**D			0	
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
_	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	· ·	8,597
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX)- TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
**D	MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 13 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy: RL* legal representation to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII: FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL	FD 158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
**D	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD, AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP E	OFD 187,364	0	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL CONS F	~	0	5,174
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL MODERATE F	•	0	23,279
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	,	0	24,162
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC. INTL OPPORTUNITIES		0	646,378
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP		0	396,082
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC GLO SMALL CAP FI		0	15,254
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854
**D	SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS, SOC ANON DE CAPITAL VARIABLE	536,261	0	536,261
**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500	0	65,500
**D	CAREFIRST, INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D	UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST	69,119	0	69,119
**D	SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577	0	7,577
**D	CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND		0	115,510
**D	CALVERT RESP INX SRS, INCCLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U.S. RSP INX	•	0	2,736
**D	XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	8,483	0	8,483
**D	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	54,394	0	54,394
**D	MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN	269,031	0	269,031
**D	VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893	0	2,893
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407	0	42,407
**D	PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950	0	8,950
**D	EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857	0	21,857
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUITY TR		0	30,000
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE ETF	3,280	0	3,280
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF	12,735	0	12,735
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL LIBERTY INT OPPORTUN ET	,	0	10,759
_		20,7.05	-	,

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 14 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People: Shareholders on own

Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

PRANKLIN PESS EUROPE EX U.K. INDEX EFF 1,203 0 7,203 1,203		Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
***PAX - MARAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FORTPOLIO	**D	FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U.K. INDEX ETF	7,203	0	7,203
**************************************	**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF	195	0	195
THE GABRILI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND 27,000 27	**D	TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO	4,241	0	4,241
## ALLIANY ACTIONS EURO PME-ETT	**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST	53,000	0	53,000
#**D GMARTAR TRUB P.L.C. 4.296,530 0 4.296,530 ***D MASTAR TRUB P.L.C. 4.296,530 0 4.296,530 ***D E.SUN COMM BANK LID IN ITS CAP ANC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR F 20,498 0 20,498 ***D HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 418,556 0 418,556 ***D THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND 1.045,343 0 91,340 ***D THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND 1.045,343 0 1,045,340 ***D THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND 1.045,343 0 1,045,343 ***DD HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND 1.045,343 0 1,045,343 ***DD HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 1.045,343 0 1,045,350 ***DD HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 1.045,343 0 1,045,350 ***DD HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 1.055,000 ***DD HARTFORD HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 1.055,000 ***DD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD 1.055,000 ***DD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD HARTFORD H	**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND	27,000	0	27,000
CAM STAR FUND P.L.C. 1,205,330 2,295,330 2,295,330 2,04,98 20,4	**D	ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200	0	85,200
S.DIN COMM BANK LID IN TIS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR F 20,498 0	**D	GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND	121,981	0	121,981
HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HIS FUND	**D	GAM STAR FUND P.L.C.	4,296,530	0	4,296,530
THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	**D	E.SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR F	20,498	0	20,498
THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPCORTUNITIES FUND	**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	418,556	0	418,556
HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340	0	91,340
MAREICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUNDS 1,037,559 0 1,037,559 1,037,55	**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383	0	1,045,383
**D AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND 125,000 0 125,000 125,0	**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550	0	199,550
***D	**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559	0	1,037,559
**D MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND 90.977 **D GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND 7,063 0,7063 0,7063 1,208,132	**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND		0	
**D	**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000	0	125,000
**D GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND **D JNL/INVSCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 1,208,132 **D ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA NELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF 2,932 **D ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA NELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF 3,932 **D ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D INVESCO GLORAL GROWTH FUND **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P **D MARKER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCRE GLORAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D STATE OF MONTHANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D FIGHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D FIGHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D FIGHER GLO	**D		90,977	0	90,977
**D	**D		•	0	•
**D ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF **D ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D INVESCO CLORAL GROWTH FUND **D INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND **D INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND **D INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D KP INTERNATIONAL GUITY FUND **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D MERCER GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D CITAL PUNCENCE FUND FUND TRUST **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D CITAL PUNCENCE FUND FUND TRUST **D STATE GO FORE FERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D CITAL PUNCENCE FUND FUND TRUST **D STATE GO FORE FUND CAPET DUNG MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D CITAL PUNCENCE FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND	**D			0	•
**D ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D INVESCO V.I. INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND **D INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER QIF CCF **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P **D MERCER QIF CCF **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENTS **D STATE GO MONTANA BOARD OF ON THE STATEMENT SAVENT SAVEN	**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF		0	
**D INVESCO V.I, INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND 1,550,078 0 1,550,078 **D INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND 713,793 0 713,793 **D INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND 1,752,275 0 1,752,275 **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 123,900 0 123,900 **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 123,900 0 123,900 **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 123,900 0 123,900 **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SEFERED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN 19,330 0 19,330 **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SEVINGS PLAN 14,020 0 4,020 **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM 16,942 0 16,942 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 16,942 0 16,942 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 18,766 **D MGI FUNDS PLC 18,766 0 81,766 **D MGI FUNDS PLC 27,13 0 2,713 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 18,854 0 81,854 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 28,742 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 108,526 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 18,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D STATE OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D PHMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO CAFFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INTE QETF **D FIRST GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D PHMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO CAFFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INTE QETF **D FIRST GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D PHMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO TAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INTE QETF **D PHMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO TAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PHMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO TAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTO	**D			0	
**D INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	**D			0	
**D INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND 1,752,275 0 1,752,275 **D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 123,900 0 123,900 **D KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND 25,442 0 25,442 0 25,442 **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN 19,330 0 19,330 0 19,330 **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN 19,330 0 19,330 0 19,330 **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM 16,942 0 16,942 **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM 16,942 0 16,942 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 46,112 0 46,112 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 46,112 0 48,544 **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 21,713 **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 2,713 **D MERCER QIF CCF 4 88,544 0 48,544 **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 2,713 **D MERCER QIF CCF 5 919,578 0 919,578 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 28,742 0 28,742 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NOW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D STATE OF NOW SETS TO EFFERED COMPENSATION PLAN **D NEW YORK STATE DEFFERED COMPENSATION PLAN **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 89,26 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D STATE OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D STATE OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D STATE OF SUPERISES: PHONO APEI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D PIMC EQUITY SERIES: PHONO APEI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D PIMC EQUITY SERIES: PHONO APEI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PIMC EQUITY SERIES: PHONO APEI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PIMC THAN APPEIL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EX	**D			0	
**D KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D KAP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PERSION SYSTEM **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PERSION SYSTEM **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER OF CCF **D MERCER OF CUP **D MERCER OF CUP **D MERCER OF CUP **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS *	**D			0	
**D KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER QIF CCF **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF NON JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D PINCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D FINCE GUITTY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D FINCE FURL THERMATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	**D			0	
D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN 19,330 0 19,330 **D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN 4,020 0 4,020 **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM 16,942 **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM 16,942 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 46,112 **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 46,112 **D MGI FUNDS PLC 81,766 0 81,766 *D MERCER OIF CCF 48,544 0 48,544 ***D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 2,713 ***D MERCER QIF CCF 919,578 0 919,578 ***D MERCER QIF COF 919,578 0 919,578 ***D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 28,742 ***D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 ***D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 ***D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 30,026,077 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF IN	**D			0	
**D COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MGI FUNDS PLC **D MERCER QIF CCF **D MERCER QIF COF **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY MIDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL TOTAL TRADES TO THE TOTAL TRADES TO THE TOTAL TRAD	**D		•	0	
**D MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM **D MERCER GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D MERCER QIF CCF **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D PISHER GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D PISHER GLOBAL SNALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D PINCO EQUITY SERIES: PINCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE—TRADED FDS—PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	
**D MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 46,112 0 46,112 **D MGI FUNDS PLC 81,766 0 81,766 **D MERCER QIF CCF 48,544 0 48,544 **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 2,713 **D MERCER QIF CCF 919,578 0 919,578 **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST 28,742 0 28,742 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0	**D		16,942	0	•
**D MGI FUNDS PLC **D MERCER QIF CCF **D MERCER QIF CCF GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P **D MERCER QIF CCF MERCER QIF CCF **D MERCER QIF CCF **D MERCER QIF CCF **D MERCER QIF CCF **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP GTAA PINTERINDAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D PINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	**D		•	0	•
**D MERCER QIF CCF 48,544 0 48,544 **D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 2,713 **D MERCER QIF CCF 919,578 0 919,578 **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST 28,742 0 28,742 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NOW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 16,238 0 16,238 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-	**D			0	
**D GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P 2,713 0 2,713 **D MERCER QIF CCF 919,578 0 919,578 **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST 28,742 0 28,742 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES: PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D			0	•
**D MERCER QIF CCF 919,578 0 919,578 **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST 28,742 0 28,742 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 955 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D			0	
**D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST 28,742 0 28,742 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 6,736 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D			0	
**D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 54,958 0 54,958 **D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D	~	•	0	•
**D STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS 206,077 0 206,077 **D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D		•	0	•
**D STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D 208,513 0 208,513 **D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077
**D NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN 70,716 0 70,716 **D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 0 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D	STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	
**D FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND 8,926 **D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST 405,302 0 405,302 **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D		•	0	•
**D CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST **D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D		8,926	0	•
**D PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF 955 0 955 **D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP 16,238 0 16,238 **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	**D			0	
**D GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP **D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 16,238 0 16,238 1,983 0 1,983 1,422 0 1,422	**D			0	
**D FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF 1,983 0 1,983 **D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	_				
**D PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF 1,422 0 1,422	_		•	-	•
, ,	**D		•	0	•
D DIE TENTOTE DE LE CONTROL DE LA CONTROL DE	**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 15 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910	0	31,910
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113	0	22,113
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,969	0	16,969
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
**D	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS, LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190	0	44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
**D	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	0	20,300
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323	0	31,323
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509	0	653,509
**D	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	0	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450	0	95,450
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	13,703	0	13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
		,	-	- · , -

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 16 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	0	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L.P.	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EQUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING OP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491	0	2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751
**D	VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S.A. FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
**D	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	0	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	0	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	0	8,959
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D		166,595	0	
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	,	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT COMPANY PURCELL INTERN DEVELOPED MYTER	330,638	0	330,638
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	268,260 53,187	0	268,260 53,187
**D		95,286	0	95,286
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	95,286 26,733
ת	MUDIT-STIDE, MUDIT-MANAGER FUNDS FIC	20,733	U	20,733

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 17 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ 701 People: Shareholders:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	0	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST. EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE	222,120	0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	1,198,085	0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	97,652	0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416	0	165,416
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150	0	11,150
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961	0	9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
**D	STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS	56,707	0	56,707
**D	VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD EX - UK EQT IND FD	72,671	0	72,671
**D	VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE DEV EUROPE EX-UK EQ INDEX F	134,143	0	134,143
**D	VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213	0	1,213
**D	SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907	0	1,907
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446	0	20,446
**D	PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029	0	24,029
**D	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD	175,900	0	175,900
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946	0	280,946
**D	TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795	0	135,795
**D	DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR	45,732	0	45,732
**D	MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST	45,732	0	45,732
**D	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	45,328	0	4,261
**D			0	
**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
**D	STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141	0	7,141
_	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
**D **D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
_	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D	NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	•	10,336
**D	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	0	5,051
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	0	217,100
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 F		0	223,845
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377	0	104,377
**D	BLUE SKY GROUP	100,000	0	100,000
**D	NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND	26,728	0	26,728
**D	PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS	28,446	0	28,446
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST	15,170	0	15,170
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	5,169	0	5,169

Shareholders: 701 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 18 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH POP	RTFOLIO 2,542	0	2,542
**D	STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD	18,758	0	18,758
**D	NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST	T 416,265	0	416,265
**D	NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST	368,110	0	368,110
**D	SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	388,300	0	388,300
**D	EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS	37,833	0	37,833
**D	GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY	60,671	0	60,671
**D	LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	41,051	0	41,051
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	191,724	0	191,724
**D	MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	81,100	0	81,100
**D	MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000	0	700,000
**D	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	63,829	0	63,829
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181	0	1,181
**D	IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500	0	135,500
**D	TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637	0	369,637
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCH		0	665,609
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761	0	2,761
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	161,116	0	161,116
**D	COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50	13,187	0	13,187
**D	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO	,	0	9,866
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND	1,487	0	1,487
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442	0	241,442
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634	0	26,634
**D	AMG FUNDS PLC	110,700	0	110,700
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912	0	912
**D	SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST	14,274	0	14,274
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669	0	669
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	5,796	0	5,796
**D	BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968	0	277,968
**D	STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	161,245	0	161,245
**D	LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000	0	97,000
**D	VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413	0	60,413
**D	STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG		0	2,719
**D	UNIVEST	100	0	100
**D	RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193	0	9,193
**D	THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001	0	40,001
**D	LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462	0	319,462
**D	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160	0	160
**D	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITI INDEX ETF MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ET	,	0	1,796
**D		216,750	0	216,750
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD ,		0	
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300 6,600	0	10,300
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	,	0	6,600
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342	0	29,342
עריי	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	U	409,668

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 19 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 701 People:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: Termination Payments Policy

Su	rname
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL
**D	CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND
**D	AXA WORLD FUNDS
**D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS
**D	INDEXIQ
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS
**D	KIEGER FUND I
6949	FOGLI MAURIZIO
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO
6984	AMADEI STEFANO
7602	DE TOMASI PAOLA
7790	TIMUS ANDREEA

Total votes 468,898.196 Percentage of voters% 94.601225 Percentage of share capital % 77.005703

IN FAVOUR

Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
21,821	0	21,821
30,407	0	30,407
741,352	0	741,352
12,362,539	0	12,362,539
139,170	0	139,170
37,382	0	37,382
639,019	0	639,019
19,599	0	19,599
769	769	0
6,500	6,500	0
2	2	0
2,000	2,000	0
6,000	6,000	0
5	5	0

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 20 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.58.01

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

Attendees:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

n° **495,657,638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		% OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	% OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	% SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	485,834,051	98.018070	98.018070	79.787026
Against	9,822,434	1.981697	1.981697	1.613108
SubTotal	495,656,485	99.999767	99.999767	81.400134
Abstentions	1,153	0.000233	0.000233	0.000189
Not voting	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
SubTotal	1,153	0.000233	0.000233	0.000189
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.00000	81.400323

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

AGAINST

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM	505,500	0	505,500
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637
6689	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	6,371	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	0	226,000
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854

Total votes9,822,434Percentage of voters %1.981697Percentage of share capital %1.613108

Shareholders:

Page

²¹ People: 4 DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}Dproxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.58.01

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULTS OF VOTING

Total votes

Percentage of voters %

Percentage of share capital %

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

1,153

0.000233

0.000189

ABSTENTIONS

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6811	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	373	0
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6941	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	1	0
6949	FOGLI MAURIZIO	769	769	0

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Shareholders: Shareholdes on oen behalf: 4 Teste:

4 Azionisti in delega:

Page 2

DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Surname

Shareholders:

behalf:

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

NOT VOTING

Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy

Total votes 0

Percentage of voters% 0.000000 Percentage of share capital % 0.000000

 $[\]begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 3} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	92,780	0	92,780
**D	JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723	0	167,723
**D	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	516,112	0	516,112
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206	0	1,633,206
**D	T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460	0	169,460
**D	NORDEA 1 SICAV	669,864	0	669,864
**D	SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484	0	3,484
**D	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT	3,196	0	3,196
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994	0	7,994
**D	CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	0	41,700
**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055	0	236,055
**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	0	35,202
**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	203,567
**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830	0	349,830
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150	0	142,150
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND	43,411	0	43,411
**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
**D	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	0	1,998
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488	0	4,488
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1 ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014
ט	INDITION TO THE TIPE	00,014	U	00,014

Shareholders: 736 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

proxy:

behalf:

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 4 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	INFAVOR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D			0	
	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828		1,401,828
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	0	99,816
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
**D	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	0	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	0	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D		•	0	•
	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	ŭ	107,829
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
**D	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	0	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
**D	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	0	230,113
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	7,552	0	7,552
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	34,987	0	34,987
**D	TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190
**D			0	
۵ " ۵	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	U	166,784

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 5 \\ DE* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	0	7,880
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B.V.	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
**D	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	0	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	16,243	0	16,243
**D	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800	0	4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	232,394	0	232,394
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS IT BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N.A. INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	•	0	
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	2,177,473 9,899	0	2,177,473 9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717
עייי	MADITINGION STATE INVESTMENT DOWN	10,/1/	U	10,/1/

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR.	104,321	0	104,321
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538	0	4,538
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365
**D	C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020	0	36,020
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	0	178,698
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962
**D	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	0	68,156
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
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Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	0	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	0	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	4	0	4
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280	0	50,280
**D	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325	0	40,325
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EOUITY INDEX ETF	7,584	0	7,584
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,878	0	53,878
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874	0	112,874
**D	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026	0	5,026
**D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	0	32,234
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION EMPLOYEES	8,546	0	8,546
**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EOUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER	54,891	0	54,891
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483	0	11,483
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESQUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
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Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U.S. IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EQUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188	0	198,188
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
**D	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000	0	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500	0	1,500
**D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EO ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956
**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
**D	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	0	528,371
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310	0	82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	0	2,033,717
**D	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	0	25,311
**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IO 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	10 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527
**D	BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695	0	333,695
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634
**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	1,262
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	320,242	0	320,242
**D	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233	0	2,913,233
**D	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	61,656	0	61,656
2		01,000	V	01,000

Shareholders: 736 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983
**D	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	237,443
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	0	70,196
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EOFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051
**D	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737	0	45,737
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205	0	118,205
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433
**D	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	0	48,163
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918	0	353,918
**D		35,316	0	35,335
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	5,524,579	0	
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD		0	5,524,579
_	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	•	28,810
**D	AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858	0	795,858
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660	0	257,660
**D	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000
**D	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336	0	24,336
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	1	0	1
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116
**D	FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	0	0	0
DE*	UNICREDIT S.P.A.	215,066,403	0	215,066,403
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	3	0
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0

Shareholders: 736 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	2,111,001	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
RA	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO E	X ART.135 UNDECIES TUF)	1,726,930	0	1,726,930
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	,,	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA		82,054	0	82,054
**D	JAMES W DERRICK		10,950	0	10,950
**D	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST		77,215	0	77,215
**D	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N		5,210	0	5,210
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC, OVE RS EAS SERIES		760,510	0	760,510
**D	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND		1,107,600	0	1,107,600
**D	MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION		4,135	0	4,135
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6		13,315	0	13,315
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES		470	0	470
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC		221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN		320	0	320
**D	ANTHONY K, KESMAN TRUSTEE		685	0	685
**D				0	
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INCBLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES		2,050	0	2,050
_	SUSAN M. SNYDER		315		315
**D	WILLIAM J, BLEIL		515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES		104,410	0	104,410
_	ALFRED F. KRAUSE		155		155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY		220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES		8,830	0	8,830
**D	LISA FRIEDLANDER		1,610	0	1,610
**D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE		125	0	125
**D	MARTIN J. FARRELL		1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL		1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI		441,441	0	441,441
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH		127,298	0	127,298
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS		138,740	0	138,740
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC		2,328	0	2,328
**D	RWC FUNDS		179,029	0	179,029
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA		157,793	0	157,793
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL		15,540	0	15,540
**D	BLACKROCK EUROFUND		243,856	0	243,856
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP		72,456	0	72,456
**D	CIPAV ALOIS		69,622	0	69,622
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP		995,455	0	995,455
**D	COLISEE IFC		164,400	0	164,400
**D	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP		196,930	0	196,930
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300		35,146	0	35,146
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX		46,396	0	46,396
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY		11,300	0	11,300
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE		9,168	0	9,168
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX		467,280	0	467,280
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER		139,167	0	139,167
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS		39,904	0	39,904
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL		2,411,802	0	2,411,802
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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	IVFAVOUR					
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy		
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399		
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007		
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767		
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596		
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000		
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900		
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561		
**D	I.2.C. ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000		
**D	ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000		
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154		
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940		
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492		
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500		
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100		
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000		
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516		
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075		
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332		
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166		
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	133,000	0	133,000		
**D			0			
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522		
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402		
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000		
_	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628		
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	•	134,000		
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349		
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800		
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567		
**D	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	0	356,514		
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560	0	275,560		
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000	0	142,000		
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280		
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150	0	83,150		
**D	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078		
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900		
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	0	20,977		
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980		
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500		
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561		
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534		
**D	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628		
**D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224		
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606		
**D	NORGES BANK	95,217	0	95,217		
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891	0	490,891		
**D	AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177		

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 12 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 736 People:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
**D	AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922	0	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT,PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326	0	326
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144	0	157,144
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	395,504	0	395,504
**D	JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	67,802	0	67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988	0	89,988
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	0	8,597
**D	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	0	273,095
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX)- TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	MAN OUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER OIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
**D	MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII:FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
**D	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD,AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EOFD	187,364	0	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174	0	5,174
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL. INC. STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279	0	23,279
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL. INC. STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162	0	24,162
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Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

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 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 13 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ person \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC, INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378	0	646,378
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082	0	396,082
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS, INC, - GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254	0	15,254
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS, SOC ANON DE CAPITAL VARIABLE	536,261	0	536,261
**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500	0	65,500
**D	CAREFIRST, INC, RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D	UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST	69,119	0	69,119
**D	SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577	0	7,577
**D	CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND	115,510	0	115,510
**D	CALVERT RESP INX SRS, INC,-CLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U,S, RSP INX FD	2,736	0	2,736
**D	XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	8,483	0	8,483
**D	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	54,394	0	54,394
**D	MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN	269,031	0	269,031
**D	VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893	0	2,893
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407	0	42,407
**D	PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950	0	8,950
**D	EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857	0	21,857
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUITY TRUST	30,000	0	30,000
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE ETF	3,280	0	3,280
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF	12,735	0	12,735
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL LIBERTY INT OPPORTUN ETF	10,759	0	10,759
**D	FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U.K. INDEX ETF	7,203	0	7,203
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF	195	0	195
**D	TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO	4,241	0	4,241
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST	53,000	0	53,000
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND	27,000	0	27,000
**D	ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200	0	85,200
**D	GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND	121,981	0	121,981
**D	GAM STAR FUND P.L.C.	4,296,530	0	4,296,530
**D	E,SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR F	20,498	0	20,498
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	418,556	0	418,556
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340	0	91,340
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383	0	1,045,383
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550	0	199,550
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559	0	1,037,559
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	401,687	0	401,687
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000	0	125,000
**D	TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583	0	14,583
**D	MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND	90,977	0	90,977
**D	GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063	0	7,063
**D	JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132	0	1,208,132

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IN FAVOUR

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**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF	9,932	0	9,932
**D	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108	0	63,108
**D	INVESCO V.I. INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078	0	1,550,078
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793	0	713,793
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275	0	1,752,275
**D	KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900	0	123,900
**D	KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	25,442	0	25,442
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN	19,330	0	19,330
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	4,020
**D	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942	0	16,942
**D	MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	46,112	0	46,112
**D	MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766	0	81,766
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	48,544	0	48,544
**D	GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P	2,713	0	2,713
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	919,578	0	919,578
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742	0	28,742
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958	0	54,958
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077
**D	STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	208,513
**D	NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN	70,716	0	70,716
**D	FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926	0	8,926
**D	CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST	405,302	0	405,302
**D	PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ E		0	955
**D	GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238	0	16,238
**D	FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983	0	1,983
**D	PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX E	•	0	1,422
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,701	0	31,910
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENI AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUILI FUND THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113	0	22,113
**D		16,969	0	16,969
_	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO		-	
**D **D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
**D	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS, LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190	0	44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
ע^^	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	U	20,300

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

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IN FAVOUR

	INFAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323	0	31,323
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509	0	653,509
**D		•	0	
_	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	•	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED. LLC	95,450	0	95,450
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D		13,703	0	
	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	•		13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D			0	
_	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	•	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND. L.P.	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EQUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D			0	
_	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING QP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491	-	2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S.A. FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
_		·	ŭ	
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
**D	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	0	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	0	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
**D		•		,
_	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	0	8,959
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	166,595	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638	0	330,638
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	268,260	0	268,260
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	53,187	0	53,187
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286	0	95,286
**D	MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	26,733
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D		·	0	
_	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	· ·	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE	222,120	0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	1,198,085	0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	97,652	0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416	0	165,416
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D		•	0	
_	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150		11,150
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961	0	9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PENSION SCHEME	10,969	0	10,969
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	33,251	0	33,251

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

 $[\]begin{array}{c} Page \ 17 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS	56,707	0	56,707
**D	VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD EX - UK EQT IND FD	72,671	0	72,671
**D	VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE DEV EUROPE EX-UK EQ INDEX F	134,143	0	134,143
**D	VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213	0	1,213
**D	SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907	0	1,907
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446	0	20,446
**D	PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029	0	24,029
**D	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD	175,900	0	175,900
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946	0	280,946
**D	BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240	0	12,240
**D	TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795	0	135,795
**D	DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR	45,732	0	45,732
**D	MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST	45,328	0	45,328
**D	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	4,261	0	4,261
**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
**D	STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141	0	7,141
**D	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
**D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
**D	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D	NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	0	10,336
**D	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	0	5,051
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	0	217,100
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND	223,845	0	223,845
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377	0	104,377
**D	BLUE SKY GROUP	100,000	0	100,000
**D	NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND	26,728	0	26,728
**D	RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	15,316	0	15,316
**D	PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS	28,446	0	28,446
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST	15,170	0	15,170
**D	THE HEALTH FOUNDATION	25,840	0	25,840
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	5,169	0	5,169
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO	2,542	0	2,542
**D	STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD	18,758	0	18,758
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST	79,500	0	79,500
**D	NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST	416,265	0	416,265
**D	NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST	368,110	0	368,110
**D	SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	388,300	0	388,300
**D	EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS	37,833	0	37,833
**D	GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY	60,671	0	60,671
**D	LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	41,051	0	41,051
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	191,724	0	191,724
**D	MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	81,100	0	81,100
**D	MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000	0	700,000
**D	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	63,829	0	63,829
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181	0	1,181
D		1,101	v	-,

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500	0	135,500
**D	TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637	0	369,637
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCHEME	665,609	0	665,609
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761	0	2,761
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	161,116	0	161,116
**D	COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50	13,187	0	13,187
**D	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO	9,866	0	9,866
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND	1,487	0	1,487
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442	0	241,442
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634	0	26,634
**D	AMG FUNDS PLC	110,700	0	110,700
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912	0	912
**D	SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST	14,274	0	14,274
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669	0	669
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	5,796	0	5,796
**D	BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968	0	277,968
**D	STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	161,245	0	161,245
**D	LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000	0	97,000
**D	VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413	0	60,413
**D	STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG	2,719	0	2,719
**D	UNIVEST	100	0	100
**D	RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193	0	9,193
**D	THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001	0	40,001
**D	LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462	0	319,462
**D	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160	0	160
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EST INDEX EIF	1,796	0	1,796
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD ,	216,750	0	216,750
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300	0	10,300
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600	0	6,600
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820
**D		29,342	0	29,342
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	0	409,668
**D	-	21,821	0	21,821
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	,	0	•
**D		30,407	0	30,407
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352	0	741,352
_	AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539	•	12,362,539
**D **D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS	139,170	0	139,170
_	INDEXIQ	37,382	0	37,382
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS	639,019	0	639,019
**D	KIEGER FUND I	19,599	0	19,599
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	6,500	0
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	2	0
6984	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	2,000	0
7602	DE TOMASI PAOLA	6,000	6,000	0
7790	TIMUS ANDREEA	5	5	0

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

736 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.58.01

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

Tot. Votes

On own behalf

Proxy

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Employees Identified Staff

IN FAVOUR Surname

Total votes 485,834,051 Percentage of voters % 98.018070 Percentage of share capital % 79.787026

 $Page\ 20$ DE^* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

Attendees:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

 n° **495.657.638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		% OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	% OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	%SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	486,339,561	98.120058	98.120058	79.870044
Against	9,317,307	1.879787	1.879787	1.530153
SubTotal	495,656,868	99.999845	99.999845	81.400197
Abstentions	770	0.000155	0.000155	0.000126
Not voting	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
SubTotale	770	0.000155	0.000155	0.000126
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

AGAINST

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637
6689	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	6,371	0
6811	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	373	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	0	226,000
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854

Total votes 9,317.307 Percentage of voters % 1.879787 Percentage of share capital % 1.530153

Shareholders:

behalf:

Shareholders on own

 $[\]begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 1} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$

²¹ People: 2 Shareholders by proxy:

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.59.38

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULT OF VOTING

Shareholders:

behalf:

Shareholders on own

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

ABSTENTIONS

 Surname
 Tot. Votes
 On own behalf
 Proxy

 6941
 ZACCARDI ANTONELLA
 1
 1
 1
 0

 6949
 FOGLI MAURIZIO
 769
 769
 0

Total votes770Percentage of voters%0.000155Percentage of share capital %0.000126

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 2 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$

proxy:

³ DE

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.59.38

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

NOT VOTING

Surname Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy

Total votes 0

Percentage of voters % 0.000000 Percentage of share capital % 0.000000

0 People:

behalf:

Pagina 3
DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

Shareholders by proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	. 0	0	0
**D	MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	92,780	0	92,780
**D	JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723	0	167,723
**D	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	516,112	0	516,112
**D			0	
_	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206		1,633,206
**D	T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460	0	169,460
**D	NORDEA 1 SICAV	669,864	0	669,864
**D	SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484	0	3,484
**D	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT	3,196	0	3,196
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994	0	7,994
**D	CC AND L US O MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	0	41,700
**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
_	-			
**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055	0	236,055
**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	0	35,202
**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	203,567
**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830	0	349,830
**D		•	0	
_	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	142,150		142,150
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND	43,411	0	43,411
**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
**D	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	0	1,998
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D		•	0	
_	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488		4,488
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 4 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828	0	1,401,828
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	0	99,816
**D			0	
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	· ·	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	· ·	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	0	107,829
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
**D	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	0	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
**D	FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM	505,500	0	505,500
**D	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	0	230,113
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	7,552	0	7,552
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	34,987	0	34,987
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	0	166,784
**D	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	0	7,880
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B,V,	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
**D	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	0	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D		16,243	0	16,243
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	•	0	•
_	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800		4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	232,394	0	232,394
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
**D	BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N,A, INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473	0	2,177,473
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899	0	9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	IVIAVOUR					
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy		
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717		
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312		
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730		
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873		
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159		
**D		104,321	0	104,321		
_	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,					
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929		
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302		
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354		
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538	0	4,538		
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362		
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866		
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100		
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394		
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365		
**D	C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073		
**D		•	0			
	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020		36,020		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799		
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277		
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288		
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384		
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191		
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877		
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288		
**D			0			
_	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	ŭ	178,698		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456		
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325		
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050		
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661		
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180		
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519		
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740		
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674		
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632		
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000		
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962		
**D			0			
ת	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	U	68,156		

Shareholders: Shareholders on own behalf:

738 People: Shareholders by proxy:

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	0	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	0	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	4	0	4
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	50,280	0	50,280
**D	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	40,325	0	40,325
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	7,584	0	7,584
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY	53,878	0	53,878
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	112,874	0	112,874
**D	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	5,026	0	5,026
**D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	0	32,234
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION EMPLOYEES	8,546	0	8,546
**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER	54,891	0	54,891
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483	0	11,483
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESQUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
		-,,		-,

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 8 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders on own

Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U,S, IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EOUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188	0	198,188
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FR DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
**D	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	226,502	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	400,000	0	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
**D	AMG TIMESSOUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500	0	1,500
**D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EQ ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956
**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
**D	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	0	528,371
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310	0	82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	0	2,033,717
**D	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	0	25,311
**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IO 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	IO 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527
**D	BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695	0	333,695
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634
**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	1,262
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	320,242	0	320,242
**D	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233	0	2,913,233
2		2,713,233	· ·	2,,23,233

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Page 9} \\ \textbf{DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number} \end{array}$ Shareholders: 738 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	IVIAVOUR					
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy		
**D	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	61,656	0	61,656		
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452		
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187		
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692		
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983		
**D		•	0	237,443		
_	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	•		
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	-	70,196		
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517		
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484		
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771		
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EQFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560		
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740		
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199		
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051		
**D	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737	0	45,737		
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205	0	118,205		
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433		
**D		•	0	,		
_	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	-	48,163		
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799		
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905		
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918	0	353,918		
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335	0	35,335		
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579	0	5,524,579		
**D	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071		
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	0	28,810		
**D	AMG CHICAGO EOUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900		
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100		
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403		
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858	0	795,858		
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660	0	257,660		
**D	-	•				
_	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000		
**D	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336	0	24,336		
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033		
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626		
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228		
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000		
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000		
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	1	0	1		
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577		
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288		
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116		
**D	FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000		
_		2,300,000	0	2,500,000		
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	_	0	•		
DE*	UNICREDIT S,P,A,	215,066,403		215,066,403		
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	3	0		
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0		

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0
RA	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART,135 UNDECIES TUF)	1,726,930	0	1,726,930
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054	0	82,054
**D	JAMES W DERRICK	10,950	0	10,950
**D		77,215	0	77,215
**D	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST		0	
_	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210		5,210
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,OVE RS EAS SERIES	760,510	0	760,510
**D	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	1,107,600	0	1,107,600
**D	MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	4,135	0	4,135
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6	13,315	0	13,315
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES	470	0	470
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC	221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN	320	0	320
**D	ANTHONY K, KESMAN TRUSTEE	685	0	685
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050	0	2,050
**D	SUSAN M, SNYDER	315	0	315
**D	WILLIAM J, BLEIL	515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410	0	104,410
**D	ALFRED F, KRAUSE	155	0	155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY	220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830	0	8,830
**D		•	~	,
_	LISA FRIEDLANDER	1,610	0	1,610
**D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE	125	0	125
**D	MARTIN J, FARRELL	1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	441,441	0	441,441
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298	0	127,298
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS	138,740	0	138,740
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC	2,328	0	2,328
**D	RWC FUNDS	179,029	0	179,029
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793	0	157,793
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL	15,540	0	15,540
**D	BLACKROCK EUROFUND	243,856	0	243,856
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456	0	72,456
**D	CIPAV ALOIS	69,622	0	69,622
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455	0	995,455
**D			0	
**D	COLISEE IFC	164,400	0	164,400
_	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930	~	196,930
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300	35,146	0	35,146
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	46,396	0	46,396
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300	0	11,300
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168	0	9,168
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280	0	467,280
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167	0	139,167

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904	0	39,904
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802	0	2,411,802
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561
**D	I,2,C, ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000
**D	ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000	0	133,000
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000
**D	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	0	134,000
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567
**D	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	0	356,514
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560	0	275,560
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000	0	142,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150	0	83,150
**D	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	0	20,977
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534
**D	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628
**D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606
**D	NORGES BANK	95,217	0	95,217
_		,	-	,

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 12 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 738 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders by Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891	0	490,891
**D	AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
**D	AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922	0	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT, PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326	0	326
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144	0	157,144
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	395,504	0	395,504
**D	JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	67,802	0	67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988	0	89,988
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	0	8,597
**D	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	0	273,095
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX)- TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	MAN OUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER OIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
**D	MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII:FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
**D	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD, AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EQFD	187,364	0	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174	0	5,174
		•		•

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders on own

Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

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MERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL MORESATE F		Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
MARICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC. TINI OPPORTUNITIES 646,378 396,082 39	**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279	0	23,279
MERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDE INC NIT NIT SM MID CAF F MARRICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDE. INC GLO SMALL CAF FD AMBRICAN CENTURY REFIREMENT DATE FUNDET MARRICAN CENTURY REFIREMENT FUNDET CENTURY REFIREMENT FUNDET MARRICAN CENTURY REFIREMENT FUNDET CENTURY REFIREMENT FUNDET CENTURY REFIREMENT STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS MARRICAN CENTURY REFIREMENT STRUBST FUNDET CENTURY REFIREMENT STRATEGIES INVESTMENT STRUBST FUNDET CENTURY REFIREMENT STRUBST FUNDET CENTURY	**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162	0	24,162
Ph	**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC. INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378	0	646,378
**B AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST **D ANIMA FUNDS PIC **D STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT SHEADS **D THE CARTIVE INVESTORS FUND **D THE CARTIVE INVESTORS FUND **D THE CARTIVE INVESTORS FUND **D CHEMPIRST. INC. RETIREMENT SHAN TRUST **D PACK ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTORS FUND **D SCPAC REGGE PLAN **D SCHAC REGGE PLAN **D SCHAC REGGE PLAN **D CALVERT RESD INV. SES. INCCLAVET INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D CALVER RESD INV. SES. INCCLAVET DVD MRKTS EX-U.S. RSP INX FD **D CALVER RESD INV. SES. INCCLAVET DVD MRKTS EX-U.S. RSP INX FD **D THE REGERTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA **D HICKOSOFT CORDANIA SAMILAGE FUND **D VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND **D PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL ROUTHY FUND **D PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL ROUTHY FUND **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE EUROPE EFF **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE FUND EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE INTO EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE INTO EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE INTO EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE INTO EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANKLIN FISE INTO EFF TRUST **D FARMILIN TEMPLETON EFF TRUST - FRANK	**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082	0	396,082
**D NIME TUNDS DIC **D NIME TUNDS DIC **D SINTE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS 17,051 **D SISTEORE XXI BANGETS CONS. SOC ANDS DE CAPITAL VARIABLE 536,261 **D SISTEORE XXI BANGETS CONS. SOC ANDS DE CAPITAL VARIABLE 65,500 **D CAREFIERT. INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST 105,000 **D CAREFIERT. INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST 105,000 **D CAREFIERT. INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST 105,000 **D UBS UIS) GROUP TRUST 108,000 **D UBS UIS) GROUP TRUST 109,100 **D CAREFIERS, INCCALVET DUB MERTS EX-U.S. RSP INK FD 109,100 **D CANVERT ERESP INK SS. INCCALVET DUB MERTS EX-U.S. RSP INK FD 100 **D CALVERT ERESP INK SS. INCCALVET DUB MERTS EX-U.S. RSP INK FD 100 **D KTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COUPANY 100 **D CALVERT ERESP INK SS. INCCALVET DUB MERTS EX-U.S. RSP INK FD 100 **D KTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COUPANY 100 **D KILDS AND ACCURATION SAVINGS PUBLIC ACCURATION SAVINGS PUBLIC ACCU	**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC, - GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254	0	15,254
**D STATE OF ALASKA RETIFEMENT AND RENEFITS PLANS **D SIFFORE XXI REMORTE CORN SOC AND DE CAPITAL VARIABLE **D THE CAPITVE INVESTORS SUND **THE CAPITVE INVESTORS SUND **D THE CAPITVE INVESTORS SUND **D THE CAPITVE INVESTORS SUND **D PACE ALIERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS **D PACE ALIERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS **D PACE ALIERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS **D UNN RETIFER MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST **D UNN RETIFER MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST **D CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND **D XTRACKER (IE) PUBLICA LIMITED COMPANY **D THE REGENITS OF THE UNIVESTIT OF CALFERNIA **D HICKOSOPY COMPONATURE SUN SES. INC - CALFERNIA **D HICKOSOPY COMPONATURE SUN SES. INC - CALFERNIA **D HICKOSOPY COMPONATURE SUN SES. INC - CALFERNIA **D PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL SUNLINGS FUND **D PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL SUNLING FUND **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE HEDGED ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE HEDGED ETF **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE HEDGED ETF **D THE GRABELIN GIORAL SAND ALL CAP FUND **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FISE BURGOPE HEDGED ETF **D THE GRABELIN GIORAL SAND ALL CAP FUND **D GURGOLARI I	**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
***D	**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND **D CAREFIRST. INC., RETIREMENT FLAN TRUST **D PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS **D PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS **D 14,000 0 105,000 **D PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS **D 14,000 0 14,000 **D 148 (US) GROUP TRUST **D 158 (US) GROUP TRUST	**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	**D			0	
**D	**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500	0	
**D	**D	CAREFIRST. INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D SCEME RECORN FLAN	**D			0	
CALUERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALUERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND	**D			0	
**D	**D		•	0	•
**D	**D			0	•
THE RECENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA				-	•
MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN 269 031			•		
**D				0	
FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	**D			0	
**D PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND 8,950 **D EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND 21,857 0 21,857 **D EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND 30,000 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUITY TRUST 30,000 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN FASE EUROPE BTF 3,280 0 3,000 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETT TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE BTF 3,280 0 12,735 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETT TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE BTF 12,735 0 12,735 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETT TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE TALLY ETT 12,735 0 12,735 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETT TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF 10,759 0 10,759 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETT TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF 195 0 195 **D FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETT TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF 195 0 195 **D TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO 4,241 0 4,241 **D TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO 5,000 **D THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST 53,000 0 5,000 **D THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST 53,000 0 6,500 **D ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI 6,000 0 85,200 **D GUARDLIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND 121,981 0 121				0	
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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063	0	7,063
**D	JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132	0	1,208,132
**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF	9,932	0	9,932
**D	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108	0	63,108
**D	INVESCO V.I. INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078	0	1,550,078
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793	0	713,793
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275	0	1,752,275
**D	KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900	0	123,900
**D	KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	25,442	0	25,442
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN	19,330	0	19,330
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	4,020
**D	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942	0	16,942
**D	MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EOUITY FUND	46,112	0	46,112
**D	MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766	0	81,766
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	48,544	0	48,544
**D	GTAA PANTHER FUND L.P	2,713	0	2,713
**D	MERCER OIF CCF	919,578	0	919,578
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742	0	28,742
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958	0	54,958
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077
**D		•	0	
**D	STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	208,513
**D	NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN	70,716	0	70,716
_	FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926	•	8,926
**D	CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST	405,302	0	405,302
**D	PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF	955	0	955
**D	GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238	0	16,238
**D	FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH QUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983	0	1,983
**D	PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	1,422	0	1,422
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910	0	31,910
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113	0	22,113
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,969	0	16,969
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
**D	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS.LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190	0	44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
**D	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	0	20,300
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323	0	31,323
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509	0	653,509
**D	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	0	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450	0	95,450
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	13,703	0	13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	0	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST. NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND. L.P.	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EQUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING QP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491	0	2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
		,	-	,

Page 16
DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders on own

Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	INTAVOUR			
	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751
**D	VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S.A. FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
**D	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	0	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
**D		•	0	,
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	0	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
_	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	•	8,959
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	166,595	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638	0	330,638
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	268,260	0	268,260
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	53,187	0	53,187
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286	0	95,286
**D	MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	26,733
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	0	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE	222,120	0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	1,198,085	0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	97,652	0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416	0	165,416
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150	0	11,150
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961	0	9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
2	node in thousand for book and the state of t	31,73,73	Ü	311,313

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 17 \\ DE^* \ proxy \ to \ the \ natural \ pers \ on \ above \ mentioned \ with \ the \ badge \ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

THE TRUSTERS OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PRINTS SCHEME		Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
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***D			•	0	
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PINBERLICK GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND				0	
PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND 24,029 0	_		•		•
CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOADD 175,900 175,9	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	O .	
THE TRUSTERS OF BP PENSION FUND				•	
BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE				ŭ	
TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBE CORPORATION 135,795 0 135,795			•		
DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR DUPONT AND RELATED CENTRE OF THIS 16,328 3,328	_		·		•
MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST					
### WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND ### UNLITED MINE NORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST ### UNLITED MINE NORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST ### UNLITED MINE NORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST ### UNLITED MINE NORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST ### UNLITED MINE NORKERS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI ### 10 STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS ### 14 40,552 0 40,552 ### 15 THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI ### 15 THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI ### 15 THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI ### 16 D FIDE LEQUITY (PASSIVE) ### 16 D FID LEQUITY (PASSIVE) ### 16 D FID LEQUITY (PASSIVE) ### 16 D FID LEGUITY (PASSIVE) ### 17 D FID LEG					
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**D STATE OF UTAH. SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS **D THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI **D BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION **D BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION **D DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE) **D DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE) **D NTGI-QM COMMOND DAILY ALL COUNND EX-US INV MRT INDEX F NONLEND **D NTGI-QM COMMOND DAILY ALL COUNND EX-US INV MRT INDEX F NONLEND **D STATES OF GUENNEY SUPERAMNUATION FUND **D STATES OF GUENNEY SUPERAMNUATION FUND **D HIDELITY INVESTMENT FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DAVISOR OVERSEAS FUND **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DAVISOR OVERSEAS FUND **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DAVISOR OVERSEAS FUND **D FISHER INVESTMENT SCHOBAL SMALL CAS UNIT TRUST FUND **D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAS UNIT TRUST FUND **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERAMNUATION FUND **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERAMNUATION FUND **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERAMNUATION FUND **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT THANS **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWINER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEW	_	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	•		
### THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI ### 40,552 0 40,552	**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
#*D BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION 752 **D DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE) 1,693 **D NTGI-OM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWE EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND 10,336 **D STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND 5,051 **D STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND 5,051 **D INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN 369,111 **D FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND 217,100 **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DAVISOR OVERSEAS FUND 223,845 **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DAVISOR OVERSEAS FUND 104,377 **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DAVISOR OVERSEAS FUND 104,377 **D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND 104,377 **D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND 100,000 **D NEW ZEALAND SUERANNUATION FUND 100,000 **D NEW ZEALAND SUERANNUATION FUND 100,000 **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND 15,316 **D FYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS 28,446 **D FYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS 28,446 **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST 15,170 **D HARDING LOEVER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVER FUNDS. INC. GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 **D STATE OF IDAKO ENNOMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 500 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT BOARD 37,833 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT TRUST 37,833 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 37,833 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 37,833 **D GENERAL PERSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 40,011,724 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT TRUST 37,833 **D GENERAL PERSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 40,011,724 **D LOS CANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT TRUST 37,833 **D GENERAL PERSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 41,051 **D MONTGORMEN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT TRUST 41,051 **D LOS CANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT TRUST 41,051 **D MONTGORMEN TRUST COLORATION MASTER TRUSEMENT TRUST 41,051 **D MONTGORMEN TRUST GLOBAL			7,141	•	7,141
Process	**D	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
NOTIC ON COMMON DAILY ALL COUNND EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND 10,336 0 10,336 10 336 10 336 10 336 10 336 10 336 10 336 10 336 10 336 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	**D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
**D	**D	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN **D FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND **D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY IDVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND **D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND **D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST **D HARDING LOEVENER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEVENER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION **D STATE OF IDANO ENDOMMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	**D	NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	0	10,336
**D	**D	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	0	5,051
**D FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND **D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND **D BLUE SRY GROUP **D BLUE SRY GROUP **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST **D HARDING LOEWER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEWER FUNDS. INC. GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS BOARD **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT TRUST **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
FideLity investment trust fideLity diversified international k6 fund 104,377 104	**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	0	217,100
**D FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND 104,377 0 104,377 **D BLUE SKY GROUP 100,000 0 100,000 **D NEW EARLAND SUPERANNUATION FUND 26,728 0 26,728 **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND 15,316 0 15,316 **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS 28,446 0 28,446 **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST 15,170 0 15,170 **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION 25,840 0 25,840 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 18,758 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D	**D		223,845	0	
#*D BLUE SKY GROUP **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND **D NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION **D HARDINS LOCUNER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDINS LOCUNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOCUNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST **D NATIONAL RALLROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR	**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND		0	
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D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS 28,446 0 28,446 **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST 15,170 0 15,170 **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION 25,840 0 25,840 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 18,758 0 18,758 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 378,833 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT TRUD OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 61,051 **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST <t< td=""><td>D</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td></t<>	**D			0	
**D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC. INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS. INC GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTM **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR **D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR			•		
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**D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR 81,100 0 81,100	_		•	-	•
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**D MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND 700,000 0 700,000	_			ŭ	•
	**D	MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND	700,000	0	700,000

Shareholders: 738 People: Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	63,829	0	63,829
**D	FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA. LIMITED PENSION TRUST	1,181	0	1,181
**D	IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN	135,500	0	135,500
**D	TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY	369,637	0	369,637
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCHEME	665,609	0	665,609
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN	2,761	0	2,761
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO	161,116	0	161,116
**D	COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50	13,187	0	13,187
**D	MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO	9,866	0	9,866
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND	1,487	0	1,487
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST	241,442	0	241,442
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST	26,634	0	26,634
**D	AMG FUNDS PLC	110,700	0	110,700
**D	HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC	912	0	912
**D	SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST	14,274	0	14,274
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV	669	0	669
**D	LEGAL & GENERAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	5,796	0	5,796
**D	BLACKROCK AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME I	277,968	0	277,968
**D	STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	161,245	0	161,245
**D	LGPS CENTRAL AUTHORISED CONTRACTUAL SCHEME	97,000	0	97,000
**D	VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I	60,413	0	60,413
**D	STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG	2,719	0	2,719
**D		100	0	100
**D	UNIVEST		0	
**D	RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL	9,193	0	9,193
_	THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY	40,001		40,001
**D **D	LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	319,462	0	319,462
_	MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF	160		160
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ETF	1,796	0	1,796
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD ,	216,750	0	216,750
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300	0	10,300
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600	0	6,600
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342	0	29,342
**D	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	0	409,668
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	21,821	0	21,821
**D	CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	30,407	0	30,407
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352	0	741,352
**D	AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539	0	12,362,539
**D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS	139,170	0	139,170
**D	INDEXIQ	37,382	0	37,382
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS	639,019	0	639,019
**D	KIEGER FUND I	19,599	0	19,599
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	6,500	0
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	2	0
6984	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	2,000	0

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 738 People:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

FinecoBank S.p.A. April 10, 2019 11.59.38

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of April 10, 2019

RESULT OF VOTING

Subject: 2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors "Identified Staff"

IN FAVOUR

On own behalf

6,000

5

Proxy

0

Surname Tot. Votes 7602 DE TOMASI PAOLA 6,000 7790 TIMUS ANDREEA

486,.339,561 Total votes Percentage of voters % 98.120058 Percentage of share capital % 79.870044

DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

behalf:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 **Incentive System**

The counting of votes produced the following results:

n° 761 shareholders entitled to vote took part in the voting on own behalf or by proxy

n° **495,657,638** ordinary shares

The counting of votes produced the following results:

		% OF ORINARY SHARE CAPITAL PRESENT (Voting Quorum)	% OF ORDINARY SHARE ENTITLED TO VOTE	% SHARE CAPITAL
Favour	492,518,752	99.366723	99.366723	80.884834
Against	3,137,733	0.633044	0.633044	0.515300
SubTotal	495,656,485	99.999767	99.999767	81.400134
Abstentions	1,153	0.000233	0.000233	0.000189
Not voting	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000
SubTotal	1,153	0.000233	0.000233	0.000189
Total	495,657,638	100.000000	100.000000	81.400323

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System

AGANIST

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	NATIXIS INTERNT FUNDS LUX I	103,000	0	103,000
**D	DEKA MASTER HAEK I	70,686	0	70,686
**D	FCP SCANDIUM	62,500	0	62,500
**D	CAISSE DES DEPOTS ET CONSIGNATIONS	8,508	0	8,508
**D	VGV POOLFONDS METZLER	342,000	0	342,000
**D	MI-FONDS 392	368,900	0	368,900
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOOR HUISARTSEN	28,704	0	28,704
**D	ALBERTA TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND BOARD	404,454	0	404,454
**D	FCP BRONGNIART AVENIR	120,000	0	120,000
**D	MI FONDS K12 SPK	25,637	0	25,637
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	THE BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY UNION AND INDUSTRY INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	120,215	0	120,215
**D	METZLER INTERNATIONAL INVESTME	690,000	0	690,000
**D	CNP ASSUR SMALL CAP	193,000	0	193,000
**D	OSTRUM ACTIONS SMALL MID CAP EURO	226,000	0	226,000
**D	STICHTING PGGM DEPOSITARY	373,275	0	373,275
**D	BMO GLOBAL BANKS HEDGED TO CAD INDEX ETF	854	0	854

Totale votes3,137,733Percentage of voters %0.633044Percentage of share capital %0.515300

Page

Shareholders: 16 People:
Shareholders on own 0 Shareholders b

behalf:

0 Shareholders by proxy:

3 DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number

^{6 **}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System

ABSTENTIONS

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own benali	Proxy
6811	AUSILIO ROSA GIUSEPPINA	373	373	0
6875	BONETTI EMANUELE	10	10	0
6941	ZACCARDI ANTONELLA	1	1	0
6949	FOGLI MAURIZIO	769	769	0

Total votes 1,153 Percentage of voters% 0.000233 Percentage of share capital % 0,000189

Shareholders: 4 People:

^{**}D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations)

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System

NOT VOTING

Surname Tot. Votes On own behalf Proxy

Total votes 0

Shareholders:

behalf:

Shareholders on own

Percentage of voters% 0.000000 Percentage of share capital % 0.000000

Page 3

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RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
6121	ROSSI MARCO	73,439	73,439	0
6125	ESPOSITO MARCO	0	0	0
**D	MOMENTUM INVESTMENT FUNDS SICAV SIF	92,780	0	92,780
**D	JPMORGAN FUNDS	167,723	0	167,723
**D	JPMORGAN INVESTMENT FUNDS	516,112	0	516,112
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENT FUNDS	1,633,206	0	1,633,206
**D	T, ROWE PRICE FUNDS SICAV	170,221	0	170,221
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT SOLUTIONS	89,194	0	89,194
**D	CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL FUND	169,460	0	169,460
**D	NORDEA 1 SICAV	669,864	0	669,864
**D	SCHRODER INTERNATIONAL SELECTION FUND	3,484	0	3,484
**D	NMM3 EUEQ MFS ACCOUNT	3,196	0	3,196
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INVESTORS	7,994	0	7,994
**D	CC AND L US Q MARKET NEUTRAL ONSHORE FUND II	41,700	0	41,700
**D	CC AND L Q GLOBAL EQUITY MARKET NEUTRAL MASTER FUND LTD	1,500	0	1,500
**D	CC AND L Q 130/30 FUND II	30,200	0	30,200
**D	CC AND L Q US EQUITY EXTENSION FUND	175	0	175
**D	CC&L ALL STRATEGIES FUND	500	0	500
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT PORTFOLIOS	236,055	0	236,055
**D	ING DIRECT	35,202	0	35,202
**D	HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK TAXABLE ACC	8,270	0	8,270
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAM INTER SMALL- COMP INDEX FD	39,889	0	39,889
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	29,373	0	29,373
**D	PIONEER FLEXIBLE OPPORTUNITIES FUND	215,544	0	215,544
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROPE ALPHADEX FUND	169,970	0	169,970
**D	WELLINGTON TRUST COMP COMM TRUST INT OPP	137,909	0	137,909
**D	VANGUARD FUNDS PLC	203,567	0	203,567
**D		•	0	349,830
**D	RAINIER INT SMALL CAP EQUITY COL TR FUND	349,830 142,150	0	142,150
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENT SERIES PLC	43,411	0	43,411
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: SPARTAN TOTAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX FUND		0	
**D	DEVELOPED INTERNATION EQUITY SELECT ETF	2,020	0	2,020
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND II: INTERNATIONAL INDEX PORTFOLIO	1,313	0	1,313
**D	FIDELITY SALEM STREET TRUST: FIDELITY ZERO INTERNATIONAL	16,894	0	16,894
_	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	24,032	0	24,032
**D **D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	110,427	0	110,427
_	LACM WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND LP	1,998	· ·	1,998
**D	THE MASTER TRUST BANK OF JAPAN LTD	61,815	0	61,815
**D	JAPAN TRUSTEE SERVICES BANK LTD	52,148	0	52,148
**D	FIRST TRUST EUROZONE ALPHADEX ETF	37,489	0	37,489
**D	CORNERSTONE ADVISORS GLOBAL PUBLIC EQUITY FUND	5,360	0	5,360
**D	PINEBRIDGE DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	4,488	0	4,488
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS BAT LS	73,600	0	73,600
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS AFE	64,768	0	64,768
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PTV2	89,056	0	89,056
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF1	9,043	0	9,043

 $\begin{array}{c} Page \ 4 \\ DE*\ proxy\ to\ the\ natural\ person\ above\ mentioned\ with\ the\ badge\ number \end{array}$ Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) 10 Shareholders by Shareholders on own

behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	ALLIANZGI FONDS PF2	60,014	0	60,014
**D	ALLIANZ GI FONDS QUONIAM SMC	271,622	0	271,622
**D	AXA ASSICURAZIONI SPA	43,000	0	43,000
**D	PARVEST	2,947,903	0	2,947,903
**D	JANUS HENDERSON HORIZON FUND	379,884	0	379,884
**D	JANUS HENDERSON FUND	269,847	0	269,847
**D	BNP PARIBAS A FUND	36,427	0	36,427
**D	BNP PARIBAS L1	37,114	0	37,114
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION GROWTH	230,127	0	230,127
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION STABILITY	103,258	0	103,258
**D	METROPOLITAN RENTASTRO	393,186	0	393,186
**D	BNP PARIBAS B PENSION BALANCED	1,401,828	0	1,401,828
**D	JANUS HENDERSON INSTITUTIONAL EUROPEAN INDEX OPPORTUNITIES FUND	42,487	0	42,487
**D	JANUS HENDERSON EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES FUND	316,699	0	316,699
**D	INFO COMMUNI MEDIA DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,482	0	5,482
**D	BNP PARIBAS MIDCAP EUROPE	184,370	0	184,370
**D	TOTAL GESTION FLEX PATRI	46,511	0	46,511
**D	FCP BNPP ACTIONS ENTREPRENEURS	784,336	0	784,336
**D	FCP HELIUM	160,000	0	160,000
**D	BNP PARIBAS ACTIONS PME	453,128	0	453,128
**D	FCP CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EURO	857,446	0	857,446
**D	FCP CNP ASSUR SMID CAP EUROPE	99,816	0	99,816
**D	BNP PARIBAS SMALL CAP EUROLAND	1,720,372	0	1,720,372
**D	FCP AXA EURO VALEURS RESPONSABLES	199,300	0	199,300
**D	COMPT EUROPE	80,000	0	80,000
**D	AXIVA ACTION 1	26,976	0	26,976
**D	AXA VALEURS EURO	2,083,000	0	2,083,000
**D	FCPE TOTAL ACTIONS EUROPEENNES	700,000	0	700,000
**D	CARDIF BNPP IP SMID CAP EUROPE	169,778	0	169,778
**D	FCP FCE INVEST EURO	107,829	0	107,829
			0	
**D	BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT (FRANCE)	117,031	0	117,031
**D	FRANCE PLACEMENT EURO	659,500	0	659,500
**D **D	FCP AVIVA INVESTORS SMALL & MID CAPS EUR	179,414	0	179,414
_	FCP CNP ACTIONS EMU UBS	132,136	· ·	132,136
**D	AXA OPTIMAL INCOME	1,857,910	0	1,857,910
**D	SAKKARAH 7	8,716	0	8,716
**D	AFER ACTION PME	778,661	0	778,661
**D	FCP FRANCE PLACEMENT INTERNATIONAL	400,000	0	400,000
**D	IPA CORPORATE ACTIONS AND INCOME	134,634	0	134,634
**D	FONDS DE RESERVE POUR LES RETRAITES	651,243	0	651,243
**D	FCP VILLIERS ACTIONS EDRAM	505,500	0	505,500
**D	PICTET - SMALL CAP EUROPE	230,113	0	230,113
**D	MOVESTIC SICAV	53,500	0	53,500
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL INTERNATIONAL PENSION FUND	7,552	0	7,552
**D	SHELL TRUST (BERMUDA) LTD AS TRUSTEE OF THE SHELL OVERSEAS CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	34,987	0	34,987

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK	38,304	0	38,304
**D	STATE OF CALIFORNIA SAVINGS PLUS PROGRAM MASTER TRUST	223,190	0	223,190
**D	UBS ASSET MANAGEMENT LIFE LTD	166,784	0	166,784
**D	MANAGED PORTFOLIO SERIES INTERNATIONAL SHARES FUND3	7,880	0	7,880
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENTS MONEY MANAGEMENT INC	2,792	0	2,792
**D	UNITED GLOBAL INNOVATION FUND	4,506	0	4,506
**D	MERIFIN CAPITAL B,V,	44,600	0	44,600
**D	FONDO CONSOLIDADO DE RESERVAS PREVISIONALES	80,112	0	80,112
**D	WESTPAC WHOLESALE UNHEDGED INT SHARE FUN	43,815	0	43,815
**D	VANGUARD ETHICALLY CONSCIOUS INTERNATIONAL SHARES INDEX FUND	3,402	0	3,402
**D	JEFFREY LLC	77,313	0	77,313
**D	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK - PB - UNITED STATES TRUSTS - CRA TREATY	1,320	0	1,320
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	98,531	0	98,531
**D	ISHARES ALLCOUNTRY EQUITY INDEX FUND	2,386	0	2,386
**D	EUROPACIFIC GROWTH FUND	18,278,998	0	18,278,998
**D	CAPITAL WORLD GROWTH & INCOME FUND INC	7,750,000	0	7,750,000
**D	STICHTING PENSIOENFONDS VOPAK	146,456	0	146,456
**D	ABU DHABI RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	28,431	0	28,431
**D	T, ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FU	4,575,580	0	4,575,580
**D	FLEXSHAR, MORN, DEV, MARK, EX-US FAC, TILT IN	6,110	0	6,110
**D	MFS INTERNATIONAL NEW DISCOVERY FUND	2,502,438	0	2,502,438
**D	T ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX	14,257	0	14,257
**D	T ROWE PRICE GLOBAL ALLOCATION FUND INC	16,243	0	16,243
**D	FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,580,600	0	1,580,600
**D	GOLDMAN SACHS TRUST - GOLDMAN SACHS ABSOLUTE RETURN TRACKER FUND	4,800	0	4,800
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO	131,178	0	131,178
**D	SANLAM LIFE AND PENSIONS UK LIMITED	84,019	0	84,019
**D	JPMORGAN LIFE LIMITED	36,589	0	36,589
**D	AVIVA LIFE & PENSIONS UK LIMITED	107,107	0	107,107
**D	SHELL PENSIONS TRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF SHELL CONTRIBUTORY PENSION FUND	56,654	0	56,654
**D	VANGUARD ESG INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	5,147	0	5,147
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK INDEX FUND	6,121,446	0	6,121,446
**D	MTB FOR GOVERNMENT PENSION FD45828	114,264	0	114,264
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL EXPLORER FUND	1,063,800	0	1,063,800
**D	ALLIANZGI-FONDS DSPT	10,596	0	10,596
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST: FIDELITY OVER	2,899,200	0	2,899,200
**D	VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS FUND OVERSEAS FUND	557,100	0	557,100
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR RETIREMENT FUND	4,664	0	4,664
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	5,818	0	5,818
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR PENSION FUND	14,010	0	14,010
**D	BUREAU OF LABOR FUNDS-LABOR INSURANCE FUND	232,394	0	232,394
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC AVIVA INVESTORS INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRACK	191,899	0	191,899
**D	ARTEMIS EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND	831,083	0	831,083
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME PORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FUNDS II	305,563	0	305,563
**D	BLACKROCK MULTI-ASSET INCOME FORTFOLIO OF BLACKROCK FORDS IT BLACKROCK INSTITUTIONAL TRUST COMPANY N,A, INVESTMENT FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS	2,177,473	0	2,177,473
ע	DEACTOOK INDITIOITORE INOSI COMPANI NAA, INVESTMENI PONDS POK EMPEDITEE BENEFII INOSIS	2,111,113	U	2,111,113

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MSCI WORLD SMALL CAP EQUITY ESG SCREENED INDEX FUND B	9,899	0	9,899
**D	AMERICAN UNIVERSITY	2,401	0	2,401
**D	AMEREN HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST	121,276	0	121,276
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	16,717	0	16,717
**D	AXA BELGIUM S A	312	0	312
**D	JPMORGAN BETABUILDERS EUROPE ETF	139,730	0	139,730
**D	VANGUARD INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES INDEX FUND	40,873	0	40,873
**D	JP MORGAN CHASE RETIREMENT PLAN	75,159	0	75,159
**D	ENTERGY CORP, RETIREMENT PLANS MASTER TR,	104,321	0	104,321
**D	T ROWE INTL SMALL CAP EQUITY TRUST	466,929	0	466,929
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	53,302	0	53,302
**D	EQ ADVIS TR EQ INVESCO INTL GROWTH PORTF	192,354	0	192,354
**D	AVIVA INVESTORS FUND LLC	4,538	0	4,538
**D	CANADA POST CORPORATION REGISTERED PENSION PLAN	12,362	0	12,362
**D	SUN LIFE MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FU	1,866	0	1,866
**D	CC&L ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	2,100	0	2,100
**D	RBC GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT INC	7,394	0	7,394
**D	IA CLARINGTON GLOBAL MULTI ASSET FUND	4,365	0	4,365
**D	C,R, HYDRO-QUEBEC - TEMP2	92,160	0	92,160
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	48,455	0	48,455
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM MODERATE GROWTH PORTF	42,073	0	42,073
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM GROWTH PORTFOLIO	36,020	0	36,020
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM DIVERSIF INCOME PORTF	2,504	0	2,504
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM CONSERVATIVE PORTFOLI	11,373	0	11,373
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM BALNCED PORTFOLIO	24,938	0	24,938
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EMBLEM AGRRESSIVE GROW PORT	9,799	0	9,799
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM IF	277	0	277
**D	THE EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	261,288	0	261,288
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG9	18,384	0	18,384
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG8	1,191	0	1,191
**D	EMPIRE UL PHANTOM SEG5	7,877	0	7,877
**D	EMPIRE PENSION EQUITY FUND	18,480	0	18,480
**D	EMPIRE LIFE PREMIER EQUITY FD	25,486	0	25,486
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INTL EQUITY FUND	171,100	0	171,100
**D	EMPIRE LIFE INCOME FUND	27,288	0	27,288
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	178,698	0	178,698
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL DIV GROW FD	102,189	0	102,189
**D	EMPIRE LIFE GLOBAL BALANCED FD	146,456	0	146,456
**D	EMPIRE LIFE EQUITY GROW FD 3	325	0	325
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA	2,914,050	0	2,914,050
**D	ANIMA SGR SPA ANIMA CRESCITA ITALIA	760,661	0	760,661
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INV EURO SMALL CAP	29,180	0	29,180
**D	INVESTERINGSF NORDEA INVEST EUROPA	146,519	0	146,519
**D	NORDEA PRO EUROPEAN FUND	382,740	0	382,740
**D	NORDEA EUROPE FUND	754,674	0	754,674
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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	STICHTING SHELL PENSIOENFONDS	110,632	0	110,632
**D	FIDUCIARY TRUST COMPANY INTERNATIONAL AS	102,000	0	102,000
**D	INTERNATIONAL GROWTH AND INCOME FUND	3,542,962	0	3,542,962
**D	WSSP INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES TRUST	68,156	0	68,156
**D	TCORPIM INTERNATIONAL SHARE (UNHEDGED) F	93,781	0	93,781
**D	ONEPATH GLOBAL SHARES - SMALL CAP UNHEDGED) INDEXPOOL	26,862	0	26,862
**D	BT WHOLESALE MULTI-MANAGER INTERNATIONAL SHARE FUND	16,746	0	16,746
**D	SCHRODER PENSION MANAGEMENT LTD	14,865	0	14,865
**D	CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	42,720	0	42,720
**D	SCHRODER ADVANCED BETA GLOBAL EQUITY SMA	44,410	0	44,410
**D	NEW MEXICO STATE INVESTMENT COUNCIL	31,421	0	31,421
**D	STEADYHAND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	13,400	0	13,400
**D	LOMBARD ODIER FUNDS (SWITZERLAND) SA	24,386	0	24,386
**D	HSBC GROUP HONG KONG LOCAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME	3,732	0	3,732
**D	FTSE ALL WORLD INDEX FUND	22,272	0	22,272
**D	AI STRATEGIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	46,699	0	46,699
**D	REASSURE LIMITED	106,860	0	106,860
**D	AI GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	59,463	0	59,463
**D	FRIENDS LIFE AND PENSIONS LIMITED	46,015	0	46,015
**D	FRIENDS LIFE FUNDS LIMITED	77,941	0	77,941
**D	HSBC EUROPEAN INDEX FUND	100,896	0	100,896
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON EUROPEAN FUND	70,000	0	70,000
**D	AXA FRAMLINGTON FINANCIAL FUND	164,157	0	164,157
**D	TR EUROPEN GROWTH TRUST PLC	471,060	0	471,060
**D	METZLER ASSET MANAGEMENT GMBH	731,814	0	731,814
**D	GLG EUROPEAN LONG-SHORT FUND	731,614	0	731,614
**D	FCP ASTORG CROISSANCE MID CAP	42,345	0	42,345
**D		50,280	0	50,280
**D	FCP LBPAM ACTIONS EURO MIDCAP	40,325	0	40,325
**D	RAVGDT DIVERSIFIE II LBPAM	7,584	0	7,584
**D	RBC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF		0	
**D	CITI RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN	53,365	0	53,365
**D	UWF TROW INTL DISCOVERY STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SICAV II	53,878	0	53,878
**D		112,874 5,026	0	112,874 5,026
_	SUBSIDIZED SCHOOLS P FUND NORTHERN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	,
**D **D	INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	29,089	0	29,089
_	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST	32,234	ŭ	32,234
**D	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEM RETIREE MEDICALTRUST FOR CERTAIN UNION EMPLOYEES	8,546	0	8,546
**D	55016 UP INTERNATIONALE AKTIER	240,915	0	240,915
**D	FIRST TRUST IPOX EUROPE EQUITY OPPORTUNITIES ETF	1,592	0	1,592
**D	GREAT WEST CORE STRATEGIES- INTERN	55,000	0	55,000
**D	AST TRP DIVERS REAL GWTH PORT PDMO	1,728	0	1,728
**D	ADVANCED SERIES TRUST AST T ROWE PRICE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO GATEWAY CENTER	54,891	0	54,891
**D	GLOBAL TR CO TS INTL SMLL CP 309779	82,400	0	82,400
**D	BNYMTD CF MITON EUROPEAN OPPS FUND	1,445,322	0	1,445,322
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL UCITS ETF PLC	11,483	0	11,483

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) 10 Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	NATIONAL BANK TRUST	617,632	0	617,632
**D	VANGUARD FTSE ALL-WORLD EX US INDEX FUND	691,690	0	691,690
**D	VANGUARD EUROPEAN STOCK INDEX FUND	768,166	0	768,166
**D	TIMESQUARE FOCUS FUND LP	3,500	0	3,500
**D	ALLEGHENY COLLEGE	8,300	0	8,300
**D	ERIE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION	11,300	0	11,300
**D	1171 APG DME CCL	276,400	0	276,400
**D	1216 APG DME FINANC	1,030,888	0	1,030,888
**D	UNISYS MASTER TRUST	38,021	0	38,021
**D	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUND PLAN	10,058	0	10,058
**D	CF DV ACWI EX-U.S. IMI FUND	2,133	0	2,133
**D	BCT POOLED INVESTMENT FUND SERIES SMARTEUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	15,964	0	15,964
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC RAINIER INTERNATIONAL DISCOVERY FUND	875,930	0	875,930
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN BALANCED FUND	267,206	0	267,206
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH CLASS	232,194	0	232,194
**D	INVESCO CANADIAN PREMIER GROWTH FUND	269,480	0	269,480
**D	INVESCO CORE CANADIAN BALANCED CLASS	27,316	0	27,316
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH CLASS	73,204	0	73,204
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH CLASS	83,158	0	83,158
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH CLASS	460,692	0	460,692
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	398,089	0	398,089
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FOND INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH EQUITY POOL	4,231	0	4,231
**D	NYKREDIT ENGROS GLOBAL OPPORTUNTIES	69,971	0	69,971
**D	EIR EIE WELLINGTON INT	93,495	0	93,495
**D	WILM MULTI MGR INTL FD OBERWEIS	198,188	0	198,188
**D	PS FTSERAFI EUSM UCITS ETF BNYMTCIL	3,206	0	3,206
**D	PS FT DEVEL MARK EX US SMALL PORT	25,356	0	25,356
**D		•	0	226,502
**D	GREAT WEST MFS INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND GREAT WEST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH	226,502 400,000	0	400,000
**D	COX ENTERPRISES INC MASTER TRUST	56,588	0	56,588
			0	
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE GLOBAL SMALL CAP FUND	1,500		1,500
**D **D	BNYMTCIL GLG EUROPEAN EQ ALTER TRAD	7,956	0	7,956
**D	AST RCM WORLD TRENDS PORT PDBF	164,000	0	164,000
_	PENSION RESERVES INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	528,371	ŭ	528,371
**D	WELLINGTON MGMT CY LLPQUALITY EDUC FD	82,310	0	82,310
**D	BLACKROCK GLOBAL FUNDS	2,033,717	ŭ	2,033,717
**D	PFI GLB MULTI STRATEGY WELLINGTON	25,311	0	25,311
**D	CTJ RE STANLIB GLOBAL EQUITY FD AB	4,000	0	4,000
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	86,600	0	86,600
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE INTL ETF	10,217	0	10,217
**D	IQ 50 PERCENT HEDGED FTSE EURO ETF	379	0	379
**D	AXA MPS FINANCIAL DAC	450,000	0	450,000
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI EMU HDG EQ ETF	2,527	0	2,527
**D	BLL AQUILA LIFE EUROPEAN EQUITY	333,695	0	333,695
**D	BNYMTD FTF FRANKLIN EUROPEAN OPP FD	5,634	0	5,634

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**D	VIRTUS MULTI STRATEGY TARGET RETURN FUND	1,262	0	1,262
**D	POWERSHARES PUREBETA FTSE DEVELOPED EX NORTHAMERICA PORTFOLIO	62	0	62
**D	THE CLEVELAND CLINIC FOUNDATION	39,719	0	39,719
**D	EATON VANCE MGMT INTL SMALL CAP	712	0	712
**D	LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL SECURITY LLC	320,242	0	320,242
**D	SLI EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	2,913,233	0	2,913,233
**D	SLI GBL SICAV CON EU EQ IN FD	61,656	0	61,656
**D	HP INC MASTER TRUST	4,452	0	4,452
**D	INVESCO FUNDS	36,187	0	36,187
**D	THE TEXAS A AND M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM	286,692	0	286,692
**D	VANGUARD INTL HIGH DIV YLD INDEX FD	48,983	0	48,983
**D	BLL DC EUROPEAN GROWTH FD AG PF	237,443	0	237,443
**D	BNYMTD BIEF CONT EUR INV	70,196	0	70,196
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EURO FD	1,275,517	0	1,275,517
**D	BGF EURO MKTS FD EURO EQUITY PF	4,926,484	0	4,926,484
**D	BGF EUROPEAN SPECIAL SITUATIONS FUND	2,034,771	0	2,034,771
**D	BGF CONT EURO FLEXIBLE FD EURO EQFD	5,629,560	0	5,629,560
**D	BNYMTD RAMAM WORLD RECOVERY FUND	100,740	0	100,740
**D	DEUTSCHE XTRK MSCI STH EUR HDG ETF	199	0	199
**D	BNYMTCIL FT EURO ALPHADEX UCITS ETF	200,051	0	200,051
**D	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND	45,737	0	45,737
**D	ALABAMA TRUST FUND	118,205	0	118,205
**D	ATFF AMERICAN CENTURY	53,433	0	53,433
**D	MSV JP MORGAN	48,163	0	48,163
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	10,799	0	10,799
**D	ALASKA PERMANENT FUND CORPORATION	96,905	0	96,905
**D	ENSIGN PEAK GRANDEUR PEAK INT	353,918	0	353,918
**D	MIN DEF PF OMAN AMUNDI EURSILV	35,335	0	35,335
**D	BNYMTD BLK EURO DYNAMIC FD	5,524,579	0	5,524,579
**D	PHC NT SMALL CAP	32,071	0	32,071
**D	BNYMTD RM GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND	28,810	0	28,810
**D	AMG CHICAGO EQUITY PARTNERS BALANCED FUND	900	0	900
**D	AMG TIMESSQUARE INTL SM CAP	1,816,100	0	1,816,100
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONTINENTAL EURO INC	1,888,403	0	1,888,403
**D	BLK GTR EU INV TST PL INV PF BNYMTD	795,858	0	795,858
**D	BNYMTD BLK CONT EUR EQ TRCK FD INV	257,660	0	257,660
**D	OPERATING ENGINEERS LOCAL 101 PENSION FUND	130,000	0	130,000
**D	BELL ATLANTIC MASTER TRUST	24,336	0	24,336
**D	VERIZON MASTER SAVINGS TRUST	86,033	0	86,033
**D	VOYA MULTI MANAGER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	49,626	0	49,626
**D	INDIANA PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM	20,228	0	20,228
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	500,000	0	500,000
**D	KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE TRUST FUND	200,000	0	200,000
**D	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF NEW MEXICO	1	0	1
**D	BOARD OF PENSIONS OF THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA	79,577	0	79,577

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS GROUP TRUST	288	0	288
**D	PRUDENTIAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO 2 PRUDENTIAL QMA INTL DEVELOPED MRKTS INDEX FUND	1,116	0	1,116
**D	FGT FRK INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FD	2,500,000	0	2,500,000
6254	CAGLIA MARIA	0	0	0
DE*	UNICREDIT S.P.A.	215,066,403	0	215,066,403
6467	LOIZZI GERMANA	3	3	0
6482	GHIBAUDI LEOPOLDO	9,000	9,000	0
6515	CERASUOLO STEFANO	16,017	16,017	0
RA	FULVIO FAVARO (DELEGATO DI COMPUTERSHARE SPA RAPPR DESIGNATO EX ART,135 UNDECIES TUF)	1,726,930	0	1,726,930
6689	CEI GIOVANNI FRANCESCO	6,371	6,371	0
6946	CLERICI CAMILLA	0	0	0
**D	CANDRIAM EQUITIES B SA	82,054	0	82,054
**D	JAMES W DERRICK	10,950	0	10,950
**D	MICHIGAN CATHOLIC CONFERENCE MASTER PENSION TRUST	77,215	0	77,215
**D	BOLLMAKERS LODGE 154 RETIREMENT PLA N	5,210	0	5,210
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC.OVE RS EAS SERIES	760,510	0	760,510
**D	BRIDGE BUILDER INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	1,107,600	0	1,107,600
**D	MIAMI DADE COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION	4,135	0	4,135
**D	PNC BANK NA 2HOPKINS PLAZA LOWE R B 6	13,315	0	13,315
**D	FIRST STATE TRUST COMPANY FORMU LTRIPLE BENEFICIARIES	470	0	470
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER ADVISORS INC	221,640	0	221,640
**D	DANIEL P COWAN	320	0	320
**D	ANTHONY K. KESMAN TRUSTEE	685	0	685
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC,-BLEND ED ASSET MODERATE SERIES	2,050	0	2,050
**D	SUSAN M. SNYDER	315	0	315
**D	WILLIAM J. BLEIL	515	0	515
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC INTERNATIONAL SERIES	104,410	0	104,410
**D	ALFRED F. KRAUSE	155	0	155
**D	MICHAEL HOTARY	220	0	220
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER FUND INC PRO BLEND MODERATE TERM SERIES	8,830	0	8,830
**D	LISA FRIEDLANDER	1,610	0	1,610
**D **D	ALFRED AND KATHRYNE KRAUSE	125	0	125
**D	MARTIN J. FARRELL	1,475	0	1,475
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK INTERNATIONAL	1,116,664	0	1,116,664
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL OPPORTUNI	441,441	0	441,441 127,298
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL REACH	127,298 138,740	0	138,740
**D	GRANDEUR PEAK GLOBAL STALWARTS		0	
**D	ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN FUND DYNAMIC RWC FUNDS	2,328 179,029	0	2,328 179,029
**D	AMUNDI SGR SPA / AZIONARIO EUROPA	157,793	0	157,793
**D			0	
**D	ELEMENTS INTERNATIONAL SMALL BLACKROCK EUROFUND	15,540 243,856	0	15,540 243,856
**D	UBS EUROPEAN SMALL CAP	72,456	0	72,456
**D	CIPAV ALOIS	69,622	0	69,622
**D	SOGECAP ACTIONS SMALL CAP	995,455	0	995,455
עיייי	DOGECUE MOTIONS OFFINE CAP	990,400	U	222,433

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own Shareholders by

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	COLISEE IFC	164,400	0	164,400
**D	SG ACTIONS EUROPE MID CAP	196,930	0	196,930
**D	LYXOR EURO STOXX 300	35,146	0	35,146
**D	LYXOR INDEX FUND LYXOR STOXX	46,396	0	46,396
**D	MUL LYXOR ITALIA EQUITY	11,300	0	11,300
**D	LYXOR MSCI EMU SMALL CAP UE	9,168	0	9,168
**D	MU LUX LYXOR EURO STOXX	467,280	0	467,280
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II PIONEER	139,167	0	139,167
**D	AMUNDI SF EURO EQ MARKET PLUS	39,904	0	39,904
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS II-EURO POTENTIAL	2,411,802	0	2,411,802
**D	SEDEC FINANCE	9,399	0	9,399
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROLAND SMALL	1,245,007	0	1,245,007
**D	AMUNDI FUNDS EQUITY EUROPE SMALL	738,767	0	738,767
**D	PRIVILEDGE - JP MORGAN PAN EUROPEAN	7,596	0	7,596
**D	LO FUNDS - CONTINENTAL EUROPE SMALL	850,000	0	850,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD FUND EQUITY	761,900	0	761,900
**D	ROPS EURO P	104,561	0	104,561
**D	I.2.C. ACTIONS	480,000	0	480,000
**D	ECUREUIL RETRAITE EURO ACTIONS 4	310,000	0	310,000
**D	ROPS-SMART INDEX EURO	86,154	0	86,154
**D	LCF PHARMA INTERNATIONAL	64,940	0	64,940
**D	FCP GROUPAMA PHARMA DIVERSIFIE	83,492	0	83,492
**D	CONTI GESTION	58,500	0	58,500
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD ASSET	176,100	0	176,100
**D	NEUFLIZE VIE OPPORTUNITES	55,000	0	55,000
**D	ASSURDIX	44,516	0	44,516
**D	CPR SILVER AGE	2,079,075	0	2,079,075
**D	AMUNDI ETF FTSE ITALIA PIR UCITS	9,332	0	9,332
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO	4,395,166	0	4,395,166
**D	GROUPAMA AVENIR EURO GROUPAMA AVENIR ALL CAP EURO	133,000	0	133,000
**D	GROUPAMA EUROPE STOCK	5,522	0	5,522
**D	SEEYOND EQUITY FACTOR INVESTING	9,402	0	9,402
**D	BEST BUSINESS MODELS	1,086,000	0	1,086,000
**D	MONDIAL VALOR	1,628	0	1,628
**D	VENDOME SELECTION EUROPE	134,000	0	134,000
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS FINANCE	33,349	0	33,349
**D	TUTELAIRE ACTIONS	18,800	0	18,800
**D			0	
**D	LBPAM ACTIONS EURO	319,567	0	319,567 356,514
**D	AA - FORTIS ACTIONS PETIT CAP	356,514	0	
_	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EURO	275,560		275,560
**D **D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EUROPE MIDCAP	142,000	0	142,000
**D	EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD EQUITY EUROPE	185,280	0	185,280
**D	UNION INVESTMENT LUXEMBOURG SA	83,150		83,150
_	MAN GLG TOPAZ LIMITED MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	30,078	0	30,078
**D	MAN NUMERIC ALTERNATIVE RISK PREMIA EQUITY SIZE	1,178,900	0	1,178,900
	D 12			

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	AHL DESERTWOOD FUND LIMITED C/O CITCO TRUSTEES (CAYMAN) LIMITED	20,977	On Own Denair	20,977
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT (SWITZERLAND) AG,	83,980	0	83,980
**D	CONNOR CLARK & LUNN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD	500	0	500
**D	UBS (LUX) EQUITY SICAV	303,561	0	303,561
**D		•	0	•
**D	UBS FUND MANAGEMENT(LUXEMBOURG) SA	209,534	0	209,534
_	MLC INVESTMENTS, MLC LIMITED	28,628	0	28,628
**D **D	UBS FUND MGT (CH) AG CH0516/UBSCHIF2-EGSCPII	123,224	0	123,224
**D	CH0526 - UBS (CH) INSTITUTIONAL FUND - EQUITIES GLOBAL SMALL CAP PASSIVE II	15,606	0	15,606
_	NORGES BANK	95,217	U	95,217
**D	AEGON CUSTODY B,V	490,891	0	490,891
**D	AHL DIRECTIONAL EQUITIES MASTER LIMITED	8,177	0	8,177
**D	AHL GENESIS 2 LIMITED C/O MAPLES CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED	16,854	0	16,854
**D	AHL GENESIS LIMITED	9,922	0	9,922
**D	ATLAS QUANTITATIVE TRADING FUND LTD	52,640	0	52,640
**D	BHC MOMENTUM MASTER FUND LP C/O WALKERS CORPORATE LIMITED	7,025	0	7,025
**D	BIENVILLE ARGENTINA OPPORTUNITIES FUND 2,0 LP C/O PHS CORPORATE SERVICES INC	1,923	0	1,923
**D	CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL PLC AS TRUSTEE CITIBANK INT.PLC	1,791,744	0	1,791,744
**D	CITITRUST LIMITED AS TRUSTEE OF BLACKROCK PREMIER FUNDS-BLACKROCK WORLD EQUITY INDEX FUND	326	0	326
**D	IRISH LIFE ASSURANCE,	157,144	0	157,144
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS III INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	395,504	0	395,504
**D	JOHN HANCOCK VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH STOCK TRUST	67,802	0	67,802
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL	89,988	0	89,988
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL ASSURANCE PENSIONS MANAGEMENT LIMITED	1,451,479	0	1,451,479
**D	LEGAL AND GENERAL COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	8,597	0	8,597
**D	SLIC ER EX UK SM CM FD XESC	273,095	0	273,095
**D	SLIC II - STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENTS	269,600	0	269,600
**D	STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED,	3,805,490	0	3,805,490
**D	STANDARD LIFE INVESTMENT COMPANY GLOBAL SMALLER	2,994,221	0	2,994,221
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX	1,432,414	0	1,432,414
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX) EUROPEAN SMALLER COMPANIES	3,685,963	0	3,685,963
**D	THREADNEEDLE (LUX)- TLUX PAN EURO SMALLER COMPANIES	2,424,170	0	2,424,170
**D	THREADNEEDLE INVESTMENT FUNDS ICVC	1,025,326	0	1,025,326
**D	TRANSAMERICA AIM INTERNATIONAL GROW	59,402	0	59,402
**D	ELEMENT CAPITAL MASTER FUND LIMITED C/O ELEMENT CAP MGMT LLC	35,943	0	35,943
**D	MAN QUALIFYING INVESTOR FUNDS PLC-MAN GLG ELS MASTER QIF C/O GLG PARTNERS LP	664	0	664
**D	MAN MULTI-STRATEGY MASTER FUND C/O MAN SOLUTION LIMITED	49	0	49
**D	GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	8,535,765	0	8,535,765
**D	INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	6,355,685	0	6,355,685
**D	TEACHERS` RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	254,638	0	254,638
**D	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST COMPANY	1,225	0	1,225
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND	4,500,000	0	4,500,000
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN FUND II	121,900	0	121,900
**D	FEDERATED KAUFMANN SMALL CAP FUND	1,550,930	0	1,550,930
**D	FIDELITY ADVISOR SER VIII:FIDELITY ADVISOR DIVERSIFIED INTL FD	158,100	0	158,100
**D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND	20,583	0	20,583
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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

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**D	LAUDUS INTERNATIONAL MARKETMASTERS FUND	381,095	0	381,095
**D	SCHWAB INTERNATIONAL EQUITY ETF	426,629	0	426,629
**D	SCHWAB FUNDAMENTAL INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANY ETF	92,362	0	92,362
**D	JOHN HANCOCK FUNDS II TECHNICAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	48,610	0	48,610
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	119,912	0	119,912
**D	WELLINGTON INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND (CANADA)	14,711	0	14,711
**D	MANNING AND NAPIER	599,715	0	599,715
**D	MFS HERITAGE TRUST COMPANY COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT TRUST	122,205	0	122,205
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS GMBH FOR ALLIANZGI-FONDS GHS	104,163	0	104,163
**D	INSTITUTIONAL RETIREMENT TRUST	2,402,531	0	2,402,531
**D	AMERICAN BUREAU OF SHIPPING	68	0	68
**D	TR + CUS SERVICES BK LTD,AS TRU FOR FISHER GLBL SMALL CAP EQFD	187,364	0	187,364
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC ASSET ALL. INC. STRAT ALL CONS F	5,174	0	5,174
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL. INC, STRAT ALL MODERATE F	23,279	0	23,279
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY STRAT ASSET ALL, INC, STRATEGIC ALL AGGR F	24,162	0	24,162
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC. INTL OPPORTUNITIES	646,378	0	646,378
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS INC - NT INT SM MID CAP F	396,082	0	396,082
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY WORLD MUTUAL FUNDS. INC GLO SMALL CAP FD	15,254	0	15,254
**D	AMERICAN CENTURY RETIREMENT DATE TRUST	191,974	0	191,974
**D	ANIMA FUNDS PLC	114,985	0	114,985
**D	STATE OF ALASKA RETIREMENT AND BENEFITS PLANS	17,051	0	17,051
**D	SIEFORE XXI BANORTE CONS. SOC ANON DE CAPITAL VARIABLE	536,261	0	536,261
**D	THE CAPTIVE INVESTORS FUND	65,500	0	65,500
**D	CAREFIRST. INC. RETIREMENT PLAN TRUST	105,000	0	105,000
**D	PACE ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES INVESTMENTS	4,074	0	4,074
**D	UBS (US) GROUP TRUST	14,800	0	14,800
**D	UAW RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS TRUST	69,119	0	69,119
**D	SCPMG KEOGH PLAN	7,577	0	7,577
**D	CALVERT WORLD VALUES F INC - CALVERT INT OPPORTUNITIES FUND	115,510	0	115,510
**D	CALVERT RESP INX SRS. INCCLVRT DVD MRKTS EX-U.S. RSP INX FD	2,736	0	2,736
**D	XTRACKER (IE) PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	8,483	0	8,483
**D	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	54,394	0	54,394
**D	MICROSOFT CORPORATION SAVINGS PLUS 401(K) PLAN	269,031	0	269,031
**D	VALIC COMPANY I - ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	2,893	0	2,893
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS PLC	42,407	0	42,407
**D	PARAMETRIC INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	8,950	0	8,950
**D	EATON VANCE INTERNATIONAL SMALL-CAP FUND	21,857	0	21,857
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQUITY TRUST	30,000	0	30,000
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE ETF	3,280	0	3,280
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE ITALY ETF	12,735	0	12,735
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST-FRANKL LIBERTY INT OPPORTUN ETF	10,759	0	10,759
**D	FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE EX U.K. INDEX ETF	7,203	0	7,203
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON ETF TRUST - FRANKLIN FTSE EUROPE HEDGED ETF	195	0	195
**D	TAX - MANAGED INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO	4,241	0	4,241
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL SMALL AND MID CAP VALUE TRUST	53,000	0	53,000

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	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	THE GABELLI GLOBAL RISING INCOME AND DIVIDEND FUND	27,000	0	27,000
**D	ALLIANZ ACTIONS EURO PME-ETI	85,200	0	85,200
**D	GUARDIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH VIP FUND	121,981	0	121,981
**D	GAM STAR FUND P,L,C,	4,296,530	0	4,296,530
**D	E,SUN COMM BANK LTD IN ITS CAP AMC OF NOM EUR MID SM CAP GR F	20,498	0	20,498
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES HLS FUND	418,556	0	418,556
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	91,340	0	91,340
**D	THE HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	1,045,383	0	1,045,383
**D	HARTFORD INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	199,550	0	199,550
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES INTERNATIONAL FUND	1,037,559	0	1,037,559
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	401,687	0	401,687
**D	AMERICAN FUNDS INSURANCE SERIES GLOBAL BALANCED FUND	125,000	0	125,000
**D	TCW INTERNATIONAL SMALL CAP FUND	14,583	0	14,583
**D	MAINSTAY EPOCH CAPITAL GROWTH FUND	90,977	0	90,977
**D	GMO ALPHA ONLY FUND	7,063	0	7,063
**D	JNL/INVESCO INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,208,132	0	1,208,132
**D	ANCHOR SERIES TRUST SA WELLINGTON MULTI-ASSET INCOME PTF	9,932	0	9,932
**D	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	63,108	0	63,108
**D	INVESCO V.I. INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND	1,550,078	0	1,550,078
**D	INVESCO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND	713,793	0	713,793
**D	INVESCO EUROPEAN GROWTH FUND	1,752,275	0	1,752,275
**D	KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	123,900	0	123,900
**D	KP INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	25,442	0	25,442
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND THRIFT PLAN	19,330	0	19,330
**D	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SAVINGS PLAN	4,020	0	4,020
**D	MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEM	16,942	0	16,942
**D	MERCER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	46,112	0	46,112
**D	MGI FUNDS PLC	81,766	0	81,766
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	48,544	0	48,544
**D	GTAA PANTHER FUND L,P	2,713	0	2,713
**D	MERCER QIF CCF	919,578	0	919,578
**D	LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TRUST	28,742	0	28,742
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	54,958	0	54,958
**D	STATE OF MONTANA BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	206,077	0	206,077
**D	STATE OF NEW JERSEY COMMON PENSION FUND D	208,513	0	208,513
**D	NEW YORK STATE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN	70,716	0	70,716
**D	FISHER GLOBAL SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND	8,926	0	8,926
**D	CITY OF NEW YORK GROUP TRUST	405,302	0	405,302
**D	PIMCO EQUITY SERIES:PIMCO RAFI DYNAMIC MULTI-FACTOR INT EQ ETF	955	0	955
**D	GTAA PINEBRIDGE LP	16,238	0	16,238
**D	FIDELITY INTERNATIONAL HIGH OUALITY INDEX ETF	1,983	0	1,983
**D	PRINCIPAL EXCHANGE-TRADED FDS-PRINC INT MULTI-FACTOR INDEX ETF	1,422	0	1,422
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR OP- FONDS WFF	5,761	0	5,761
**D	WELLINGTON GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EX-JAPAN FUND	31,704	0	31,704
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	31,910	0	31,910

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own 10 Shareholders by behalf: proxy:

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**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	18,536	0	18,536
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	3,536	0	3,536
**D	THRIVENT MODERATE ALLOCATION FUND	5,760	0	5,760
**D	THRIVENT MODERATELY AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	11,202	0	11,202
**D	THRIVENT AGGRESSIVE ALLOCATION FUND	3,182	0	3,182
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS FUND	16,349	0	16,349
**D	THRIVENT BALANCED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	18,166	0	18,166
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK FUND	200,666	0	200,666
**D	THRIVENT LARGE CAP STOCK PORTFOLIO	117,391	0	117,391
**D	THRIVENT CORE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	311,296	0	311,296
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS FUND	22,113	0	22,113
**D	THRIVENT DIVERSIFIED INCOME PLUS PORTFOLIO	16,969	0	16,969
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	34,098	0	34,098
**D	RUSSELL INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS, LLC-RUSSELL INTL EQUITY FUND	44,190	0	44,190
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS EQUITY FUND	15,947	0	15,947
**D	BANK OF KOREA	153,715	0	153,715
**D	SCOTIA BALANCED OPPORTUNITIES FUND	20,300	0	20,300
**D	FRANKLIN TEMPLETON COLL INV TR-SIERRA FRANKLIN EAFE PLUS EQ TR	450,000	0	450,000
**D	STATE STREET IRELAND UNIT TRUST	2,002	0	2,002
**D	SSGA SPDR ETFS EUROPE II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	31,323	0	31,323
**D	SUNSUPER SUPERANNUATION FUND	42,483	0	42,483
**D	CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	653,509	0	653,509
**D	DELTASHARES S+P INTERNATIONAL MANAGED RISK ETF	6,388	0	6,388
**D	CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	4,281,945	0	4,281,945
**D	TJ-NONQUALIFIED, LLC	95,450	0	95,450
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	605,765	0	605,765
**D	TENNESSEE CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT SYSTEM	377,175	0	377,175
**D	TJ-QUALIFIED, LLC	92,230	0	92,230
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL FUNDS	22,413	0	22,413
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DEAM-FONDS BPT	53,915	0	53,915
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (CANADA)	3,125,000	0	3,125,000
**D	CAPITAL GROUP GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (CANADA)	320,000	0	320,000
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE ALL CAP INDEX ETF	6,023	0	6,023
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED ALL CAP EX NORTH AMERICA INDEX ETF	13,703	0	13,703
**D	VANGUARD DEVEL ALL-CAP EX NORTH AMERICA EQT IND POOLED FUND	1,110	0	1,110
**D	VANGUARD GLOBAL MOMENTUM FACTOR ETF	2,468	0	2,468
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVEL EX NTH AMER HIGH DIVIDEND YIELD INDEX ETF	397	0	397
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS II COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	30,305	0	30,305
**D	VANGUARD INVESTMENTS COMMON CONTRACTUAL FUND	45,597	0	45,597
**D	VANGUARD FTSE DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF	1,123	0	1,123
**D	INVESCO INSTITUTIONAL TRUST INTERNATIONAL GROWTH EQUITY FUND	61,213	0	61,213
**D	VALIC COMPANY II INTERNATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FUND	113,558	0	113,558
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR COM NATIONAL ASS MULT COLLECT INV F TRUST	103,805	0	103,805
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COM GLB OPPORT PTF	56,583	0	56,583
**D	THE WELLINGTON TR CO NAT ASS MULT COLLECTIVE INV F TRUST II	211,827	0	211,827

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own Shareholders by

proxy:

behalf:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	WELLS FARGO BK DECL OF TR EST INV FUNDS FOR EMPLOYEE BEN TR	69,371	0	69,371
**D	WELLS FARGO MASTER TRUST-WELLS FRGO FACTR ENHANCED INT PRTFLIO	25,603	0	25,603
**D	WILMINGTON TRUST, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION	40,000	0	40,000
**D	WISDOMTREE ISSUER PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	1,316	0	1,316
**D	WELLINGTON HEDGED ALPHA OPPORTUNITIES FUND, L,P,	19,268	0	19,268
**D	WASHINGTON STATE INVESTMENT BOARD	130,583	0	130,583
**D	WISDOMTREE DYNAMIC CURRENCY HEDGED INTRNL EOUITY FUND	10,104	0	10,104
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL HIGH DIVIDEND FUND	9,129	0	9,129
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	45,279	0	45,279
**D	WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL MIDCAP DIVIDEND FUND	45,653	0	45,653
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE QUALITY DIVIDEND GROWTH FUND	12,262	0	12,262
**D	WISDOMTREE EUROPE HEDGED SMALLCAP EQUITY FUND	115,478	0	115,478
**D	PRUDENTIAL RETIREMENT INSURANCE & ANNUITY COMPANY	98,478	0	98,478
**D	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT FUNDS (IRELAND) PLC	2,081	0	2,081
**D	SSGA RUSSELL FD GL EX-US INDEX NONLENDING QP COMMON TRUST FUND	2,491	0	2,491
**D	SS BK AND TRUST COMPANY INV FUNDS FOR TAXEXEMPT RETIREMENT PL	769,893	0	769,893
**D	MSCI EAFE PROV SCREENED INDEX NON - LENDING COMMON TR FUND	4,797	0	4,797
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND	135,751	0	135,751
**D	VANGUARD TOTAL WORLD STOCK INDEX FUND VANGUARD DEVELOPED MARKETS INDEX FUND	2,363,012	0	2,363,012
**D	DEUTSCHE AM MULTI ASSET PIR FUND	143,592	0	143,592
**D	DB X-TRACKERS	368,937	0	368,937
**D	DWS INVESTMENT S.A. FOR ARERO - DER WELTFONDS	6,961	0	6,961
**D	GAM MULTISTOCK	124,207	0	124,207
**D	UBS ETF	117,004	0	117,004
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROPE DYNAMIC	80,000	0	80,000
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS EUROVESTA	592,232	0	592,232
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DYNAMIC EUROPE BALANCE	25,660	0	25,660
**D		•	0	,
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROZONE EQUITY	95,975	0	95,975
**D	DWS INVESTMENT GMBH FOR DWS QI EUROPEAN EQUITY	49,392	0	49,392
	ISHARES MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP ETF	1,705,145	0	1,705,145
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE SMALL-CAP ETF	84,262	U	84,262
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE ETF	1,586,923	0	1,586,923
**D **D	ISHARES CORE MSCI TOTAL INTERNATIONAL STOCK ETF	249,390	0	249,390
_	ISHARES CORE MSCI INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS ETF	55,393	ŭ	55,393
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EAFE IMI INDEX ETF	41,832	0	41,832
**D	ISHARES MSCI EUROPE IMI INDEX ETF	8,959	0	8,959
**D	ISHARES CORE MSCI EUROPE ETF	161,327	0	161,327
**D	CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	827	0	827
**D	IBM 401K PLUS PLAN	86,186	0	86,186
**D	RUSSELL TRUST CO COMMINGLED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUNDS TRUST	166,595	0	166,595
**D	COLLEGE RETIREMENT EQUITIES FUND	330,638	0	330,638
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT COMPANY - RUSSELL INTERN DEVELOPED MKT F	268,260	0	268,260
**D	RUSSELL INVESTMENT FUNDS INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPED MARKETS FUND	53,187	0	53,187
**D	SPDR S&P WORLD (EX-US) ETF	95,286	0	95,286
**D	MULTI-STYLE, MULTI-MANAGER FUNDS PLC	26,733	0	26,733

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) 10 Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MSCI EAFE SMALL CAP PROV INDEX SEC COMMON TR F	147,607	0	147,607
**D	ISHARES PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	300,518	0	300,518
**D	ISHARES II PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	147,636	0	147,636
**D	ISHARES VII PLC	625,686	0	625,686
**D	ISHARES III PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	49,356	0	49,356
**D	ISHARES I INVESTK MIT TGV F ISHS ST, EUROPE600 BS UCITS ETF DE	222,120	0	222,120
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHS EURO STOXX BANKS 30-15 UCITS ETF (DE)	1,198,085	0	1,198,085
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES EURO STOXX UCITS ETF (DE)	127,177	0	127,177
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE MID 200 UCITS ETF(DE)	97,652	0	97,652
**D	BLACKROCK AM DE FOR ISHARES STOXX EUROPE 600 UCITS ETF (DE)	273,368	0	273,368
**D	BLACKROCK AM SCH AG OBO BIFS WORLD EX SW SMALL CAP EQ INDEX F	1,807	0	1,807
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND LLC	5,252	0	5,252
**D	MANAGED PENSION FUNDS LIMITED	165,416	0	165,416
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF CONOCOPHILLIPS PENSION PLAN	6,888	0	6,888
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS CHILD TRUST FUND	11,150	0	11,150
**D	FAMILY INVESTMENTS GLOBAL ICVC FAMILY BALANCED INT FUND	9,961	0	9,961
**D	HSBC AS TRUSTEE FOR SSGA EUROPE EX UK EQUITY TRACKER FUND	347,373	0	347,373
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS 1994 PENSION SCHEME	10,969	0	10,969
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF ELECTRONIC DATA SYSTEMS LTD RETIREMENT PLAN	33,251	0	33,251
**D	STICHTING PHILIPS PENSIOENFONDS	56,707	0	56,707
**D	VANGUARD INV FDS ICVC-VANG FTSE DEV WOR LD EX - UK EOT IND FD	72,671	0	72,671
**D	VANGUARD INV F ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE DEV EUROPE EX-UK EO INDEX F	134,143	0	134,143
**D	VANGUARD INV FUNDS ICVC-VANGUARD FTSE GLOB ALL CAP IND FUND	1,213	0	1,213
**D	SPDR S+P WORLD EX AUSTRALIA FUND	1,907	0	1,213
**D	PINEBRIDGE GLOBAL DYNAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	20,446	0	20,446
**D	PANAGORA DYNAMIC GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	24,029	0	24,029
**D	CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD	175,900	0	175,900
**D	THE TRUSTEES OF BP PENSION FUND	280,946	0	280,946
**D	BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE	12,240	0	12,240
**D	TRUST FOR THE PENSION PLAN OF THE CHUBB CORPORATION	135,795	0	135,795
**D	DUPONT AND RELATED COMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN MASTER TR	45,732	0	45,732
**D	MORGAN STANLEY DEFINED CONTRIBUTION MASTER TRUST	45,732	0	45,732
**D	WHEELS COMMON INVESTMENT FUND	4,261	0	4,261
**D	UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA 1974 PENSION TRUST	49,146	0	49,146
**D	STATE OF UTAH, SCHOOL AND INSTITUTIONAL TRUST FUNDS	7,141	0	7,141
**D	THE CURATORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI	40,552	0	40,552
**D	BEAT DRUGS FUND ASSOCIATION	752	0	752
**D			0	
**D	DFI LP EQUITY (PASSIVE)	1,693	0	1,693
**D	NTGI-QM COMMON DAILY ALL COUNWD EX-US INV MKT INDEX F NONLEND	10,336	0	10,336
_	STATES OF GUERNSEY SUPERANNUATION FUND	5,051	· ·	5,051
**D **D	INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND STAFF RETIREMENT PLAN	369,111	0	369,111
_	FIDELITY ADVISOR SERIES VIII FIDELITY ADVISOR OVERSEAS FUND	217,100	•	217,100
**D	FIDELITY INVESTMENT TRUST FIDELITY DIVERSIFIED INTERNATIONAL K6 FUND	223,845	0	223,845
**D	FISHER INVESTMENTS GLOBAL SMALL CAP UNIT TRUST FUND	104,377	0	104,377
**D	BLUE SKY GROUP	100,000	0	100,000

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People:

Shareholders by **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

**D NEW ZEALAND SUPERANNUATION FUND 26,728 **D RIVER AND MERCANTILE GLOBAL HIGH ALPHA FUND 15,316 0 15,316 **D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS 28,446 **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST 15,170 0 15,170 **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION 25,840 0 25,840 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 16,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051 **D LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 191,724 0 191,724
**D PYRAMIS GROUP TRUST FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS 28,446 0 28,446 **D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST 15,170 0 15,170 **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION 25,840 0 25,840 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 38,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 </td
**D FORD MOTOR COMPANY DEFINED BENEFIT MASTER TRUST 15,170 0 15,170 **D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION 25,840 0 25,840 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 38,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D THE HEALTH FOUNDATION 25,840 0 25,840 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 37,833 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051
**D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, INTER EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 5,169 0 5,169 **D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS, INC, - GLOBAL EQUITY RESEARCH PORTFOLIO 2,542 0 2,542 **D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D STATE OF IDAHO ENDOWMENT FUND INVESTMENT BOARD 18,758 0 18,758 **D THE TRUSTEES OF THE LEVERHULME TRUST 79,500 0 79,500 **D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST 416,265 0 416,265 **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
**D NORTHERN TRUST GLOBAL INVESTMENTS COLLECTIVE FUNDS TRUST **D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **D SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
**D NATIONAL RAILROAD RETIREMENT INVESTMENT TRUST 368,110 0 368,110 **D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D SUTTER HEALTH MASTER RETIREMENT TRUST 388,300 0 388,300 **D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND OF THE CITY OF DALLAS 37,833 0 37,833 **D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
**D GENERAL PENSION AND SOCIAL SECURITY AUTHORITY 60,671 0 60,671 **D LOS ANGELES CITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 41,051 0 41,051
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**D MONTGOMERY COUNTY CONSOLIDATED RET HEALTH BENEFITS TR 81,100 0 81,100
**D MIDWEST OPERATING ENGINEERS PENSION TRUST FUND 700,000 0 700,000
**D UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS 63,829 0 63,829
**D FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED PENSION TRUST 1,181 0 1,181
**D IWA - FOREST INDUSTRY PENSION PLAN 135,500 0 135,500
**D TORONTO TRANSIT COMMISSON PENSION FUND SOCIETY 369,637 0 369,637
**D THE TRUSTEES OF ZURICH FINANCIAL SERVICES UK PENSION SCHEME 665,609 0 665,609
**D THE TRUSTEES OF CHEVRON UK PENSION PLAN 2,761 0 2,761
**D PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO 2,761 0 2,761 **D PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO 161,116 0 161,116
**D COLONIAL FIRST STATE INVESTMENT FUND 50 13,187 0 13,187
**D MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES` ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO 9,866 0 9,866
**D LEGAL & GENERAL GLOBAL EQUITY INDEX FUND 1,487 0 1,487 **D LEGAL & GENERAL EUROPEAN INDEX TRUST 241,442 0 241,442
**D LEGAL & GENERAL INTERNATIONAL INDEX TRUST 241,442 0 241,442
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**D HARDING LOEVNER FUNDS PLC **D SSGA GROSS ROLL UP UNIT TRUST 14,274 0 14,274 0 14,274
**D LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV 14,274 0 14,274 **D LEGAL & GENERAL ICAV 669 0 669
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**D VERDIPAPIRFONDET KLP AKSJEGLOBAL SMALL CAP INDEKS I 60,413 0 60,413
**D STICHTING BEDRIJFST VOOR HET BEROEPSVERVOER OVER DE WEG 2,719 0 2,719
**D UNIVEST 100 0 100
**D RENAISSANCE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PRIVATE POOL 9,193 0 9,193
**D THE GREAT-WEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY 40,001 0 40,001
**D LONDON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 319,462 0 319,462
**D MACKENZIE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY INDEX ETF 160 0 160

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DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People: **D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) 10 Shareholders by Shareholders on own behalf: proxy:

RESULTS OF VOTING

Subject: Authorization of purchase and disposal of treasury shares, in order to implement the 2019 Incentive System IN FAVOUR

	Surname	Tot. Votes	On own behalf	Proxy
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUR INDEX ETF	1,638	0	1,638
**D	MACKENZIE MAX DIVERSIFICATION ALL WORLD DEVELOPED IND ETF	1,796	0	1,796
**D	ONTARIO PENSION BOARD	216,750	0	216,750
**D	CC & L INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND	10,300	0	10,300
**D	CC&L Q GROUP GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	6,600	0	6,600
**D	EPOCH GLOBAL EQUITY FUND	407,820	0	407,820
**D	EPOCH EUROPEAN EQUITY FUND	29,342	0	29,342
**D	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOL	409,668	0	409,668
**D	IMPERIAL OVERSEAS EQUITY POOL	21,821	0	21,821
**D	CIBC INTERNATIONAL SMALL COMPANIES FUND	30,407	0	30,407
**D	ALLIANZ GLOBAL INVESTORS FUND	741,352	0	741,352
**D	AXA WORLD FUNDS	12,362,539	0	12,362,539
**D	BLACKROCK STRATEGIC FUNDS	139,170	0	139,170
**D	INDEXIQ	37,382	0	37,382
**D	MFS MERIDIAN FUNDS	639,019	0	639,019
**D	KIEGER FUND I	19,599	0	19,599
6967	PRANDINI GIULIANO	6,500	6,500	0
6968	RODINO` DEMETRIO	2	2	0
6984	AMADEI STEFANO	2,000	2,000	0
7602	DE TOMASI PAOLA	6,000	6,000	0
7790	TIMUS ANDREEA	5	5	0

Total votes 492,518,752 99.366723 Percentage of voters % Percentage of share capital % 80.884834

Page 20 DE* proxy to the natural person above mentioned with the badge number Shareholders: 741 People:

**D proxy to natural person above mentioned with the badge number (voting at the specific "assisted voting stations) Shareholders on own Shareholders by behalf: proxy:



ECB-CONFIDENTIAL

Finecobank S.p.A. Piazza Durante, 11 20131 Milan ITALY

(hereinafter the 'Supervised Entity')

Notified via: UniCredit S.p.A.

cc: Banca d'Italia

ECB-SSM-2019-ITUNI-12

Frankfurt am Main, 25 March 2019

Decision regarding the reduction of own funds without replacement

Dear Sir or Madam,

I am writing to notify you that I have decided by means of delegation to grant the Supervised Entity permission to reduce its own funds on an individual basis in the amount of maximum EUR 1 million through the repurchase of up to 179,534 treasury shares (hereinafter the 'Instrument'), classified as Common Equity Tier 1 instruments, for employee remuneration purposes.

This Decision is adopted pursuant to Article 4(1)(d) and Article 9(1) of Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013¹, Article 4 of Decision (EU) 2017/933 of the European Central Bank (ECB/2016/40)², Article 5(3) of Decision (EU) 2018/546 of the European Central Bank (ECB/2018/10)³ and Decision (EU) 2018/547 of the European Central Bank (ECB/2018/11)⁴, in conjunction with Article 77 and

¹ Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 of 15 October 2013 conferring specific tasks on the European Central Bank concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions (OJ L 287, 29.10.2013, p. 63).

² Decision (EU) 2017/933 of the European Central Bank of 16 November 2016 on a general framework for delegating decision-making powers for legal instruments related to supervisory tasks (ECB/2016/40) (OJ L 141, 1.6.2017, p. 14).

³ Decision (EU) 2018/546 of the European Central Bank of 15 March 2018 on delegation of the power to adopt own funds decisions (ECB/2018/10) (OJ L 90, 6.4.2018, p. 105).

⁴ Decision (EU) 2018/547 of the European Central Bank of 27 March 2018 nominating heads of work units to adopt delegated own funds decisions (ECB/2018/11) (OJ L 90, 6.4.2018, p. 110).

Article 78(1)(b) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵ and Section 2 of Chapter IV of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 241/2014⁶.

This Decision is based on the application the Supervised Entity submitted to the ECB on 31 January 2019 and any other relevant information as set out below.

1. Facts on which the decision is based

- 1.1 On 31 January 2019, by replacing a previous application of 10 January 2019, the Supervised Entity submitted to the ECB an application for permission to reduce its own funds through the repurchase of the Instruments in the amount of maximum EUR 1 million for employee remuneration purposes. The Instrument forms part of the Supervised Entity's Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital.
- 1.2 The Supervised Entity's application may be summarised as follows.
- 1.3.1 Rationale for the proposed reduction of own funds

The proposed permission would enable the Board of Directors of the Supervised Entity to carry out repeated and subsequent transactions to buy treasury shares on a revolving basis, up to the maximum amount authorized. Thus, the Supervised Entity would acquire, by repurchasing them on the market, the treasury shares needed to support its program "2019 Incentive System for Personal Financial Advisors (PFA)" through the assignment of those shares to the beneficiary employees.

1.3.2 Impact of the proposed reduction of own funds on the Supervised Entity's compliance with regulatory requirements

The proposed reduction would only have a temporary impact, i.e. as of the point in time of the repurchase until that of the assignment of the shares to the employees, of -4 basis points of the Supervised Entity's capital ratios. This also means that in a three-year forward looking perspective, the CET1 ratio and a Total Capital ratio would stand well above the minimum requirements.

1.3.3 Impact on the Supervised Entity's profitability

The proposed reduction will have no impact on the Supervised Entity's profitability.

1.3.4 Impact on the Supervised Entity's risk coverage

Considering the low impact of this buyback it will not affect the Supervised Entity's risk coverage. Even in a stressed scenario, the Supervised Entity's own funds will stand above the minimum requirements.

⁵ Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 1).

⁶ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 241/2014 of 7 January 2014 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards for Own Funds requirements for institutions (OJ L 74, 14.3.2014, p. 8).

2. Assessment

- 2.1 Based on the facts summarised in Section 1 and applying the approach set out in point 6 of Chapter 2 of Section II of the ECB Guide on options and discretions available in Union law⁷, the ECB has determined that the application meets the conditions for reducing own funds set out in Article 78(1)(b) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013.
- 2.2 In particular, the Supervised Entity has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the ECB that, following the reduction requested in the application, its own funds on an individual basis will exceed the requirements laid down in Article 92(1) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 and the combined buffer requirement as defined in point (6) of Article 128 of Directive 2013/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸ by the margin that the ECB considers necessary in accordance with Article 104(3) of Directive 2013/36/EU.
- 2.3 Pursuant to Article 29(4) of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 241/2014, the Supervised Entity shall deduct the amount of the Instruments that it is permitted to repurchase from the corresponding element of its own funds for the time the Instruments are held by the Supervised Entity. The deduction is no longer required where the expenses related to the remuneration of employees are already included in own funds as a result of an interim or year-end financial report.

3. General

- 3.1 The ECB has taken this decision on the basis of the facts provided and statements made by the Supervised Entity. If any of those facts or statements were incorrect or incomplete, or no longer reflect the state of affairs described, this could constitute sufficient grounds to revoke in full or in part this Decision.
- 3.2 If the Supervised Entity ceases to comply with any requirement or obligation set out in this Decision, or if the applicable law changes, and without prejudice to any other cases set out in the applicable law providing for revocation, the ECB will consider revoking this Decision in full or in part.
- 3.3 This Decision takes effect on the day of its notification to the Supervised Entity.

4. Administrative and judicial review

4.1 A review of this Decision by the ECB's Administrative Board of Review may be requested under the conditions and within the time limits set out in Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 and Decision ECB/2014/16 of the European Central Bank⁹. A request for a review should be sent preferably by electronic mail to ABoR@ecb.europa.eu, or by post to:

⁷ The consolidated version of the Guide as published in November 2016 is available at: https://www.bankingsupervision.europa.eu/ecb/pub/pdf/ond_guide_consolidated.en.pdf.

Directive 2013/36/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on access to the activity of credit institutions and the prudential supervision of credit institutions and investment firms, amending Directive 2002/87/EC and repealing Directives 2006/48/EC and 2006/49/EC (OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 338).

⁹ Decision ECB/2014/16 of the European Central Bank of 14 April 2014 concerning the establishment of an Administrative Board of Review and its Operating Rules (OJ L 175, 14.6.2014, p. 47).

The Secretary of the Administrative Board of Review

European Central Bank

Sonnemannstrasse 22

60314 Frankfurt am Main

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4.2 This Decision may be challenged before the *Court of Justice of the European Union* under the conditions and within the time limits provided for in Article 263 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

Yours sincerely,

Stefan WALTER

Director General of

Directorate General Microprudential Supervision I

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